```
Inversions:
                                                        Input: { 7, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 }
   Input: { 1, 4, 7, 5, 2, 3 }
                                    (4, 2)
                                    (4, 3)
                                                        Output: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 }
                                   (7, 5)
   Output: { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 }
                                   (7, 2)
                                   (7, 3)
                                   (5, 2)
                                                          Insertion Sort --
                                   (5, 3)
  Insertion Sort --
                                                          Initial: 7 5 4 3 2 1
  Initial: 1 4 7 5 2 3
                                                          Pass 1: 5 7 4 3 2 1 5<7
  Pass 1: 1 4 7 5 2 3
                              4>1
                                                          Pass 2: 4 5 7 3 2 1 4<7, 4<5
  Pass 2: 1 4 7 5 2 3
                              7>4
  Pass 3: 1 4 5 7 2 3
                                                          Pass 3: 3 4 5 7 | 2 1 3<7, 3<5, 3<4
                              5<7, 5>4
                                                          Pass 4: 2 3 4 5 7 | 1
  Pass 4: 1 2 4 5 7 3
                             2<7, 2<5, 2<4, 2>1
                                                          Pass 5: 1 2 3 4 5 7
  Pass 5: 1 2 3 4 5 7
                             3<7, 3<5, 3<4, 3>2
  Pass 4: j=3, j=2, j=1, j=0
                                                     InsertionSortOptimized( int[] A, int n )
  Elements at indices (j+1) to (i-1) to be shifted
                                                      Input: An array A containing n \ge 1 integers
                                                      Output: The sorted version of the array A
  1 4 5 7 2 3
  1 4 5 <u>7</u> 3
1 4 <u>5</u> 7 3
                  tmp <- 2
                                                    for i = 1 to (n-1)
                  tmp <- 2
                  tmp <- 2
  1 4573
                                                        inversions = 0
  124573
                                                        for j = 0 to (n-1)
                                                            if A[i] > A[i+1]
InsertionSort( int[] A, int n )
                                                                 inversions <- inversions + 1
 Input: An array A containing n \ge 1 integers
                                                         if inversions == 0:
 Output: The sorted version of the array A
                                                            break
for i = 1 to (n-1)
                                                         i < -i - 1
                                                         while A[i] < A[j]
   j < -i - 1
                                                              i < -i - 1
                                 { 4, 1, ... }
   while A[i] < A[j]
                                                              if i < 0
         i < -i - 1
                                                                  break
         if j < 0
                                                        tmp <- A[i]
             break
                                                        // shift all elements > A[i] by 1 position
   tmp <- A[i]
                                                        k = i - 1
   // shift all elements > A[i] by 1 position
                                                        while k \ge j+1
   k = i - 1
   while k \ge j+1
                                                              A[k+1] <- A[k]
                                                              k < -k - 1
         A[k+1] <- A[k]
         k < -k - 1
                                                        // insert A[i] in position (j+1)
                                                        A[j+1] \leftarrow tmp
   // insert A[i] in position (j+1)
                                                     }
   A[j+1] \leftarrow tmp
                                                     return A
return A
               Worst case complexity = O(n^2)
                                                      Worst case complexity = O(n^2)
               Best case complexity = O(n)
                                                      Best case complexity = O(n)
```

{