S22 2D Arrays Assignment

- 1. Which of the choices below is the appropriate Java statement that declares and allocates a twodimensional array of primitive integers with four rows and five columns? (5 pt)
 - a. int array[4][5];
 - b. int array[5][4];
 - c. int array[][] = new int[4][5];
 - d. int array[][] = new int[5][4];
 - e. None of the above
- 2. Although we use the term "multidimensional arrays, a multidimensional array is really an array of ______. (5 pt)
 - a. fields
 - b. integers
 - c. arrays
 - d. loops
- 3. Which of the Java code samples below processes a two-dimensional array? (5 pt)

```
int table[][];
    table = new int[5][5];
    int row;
    int column;
    for(row = 0; row < table.length; row++)</pre>
       System.out.println("Row: " + row + " Column: " + column);
       }
      }
   int table[][];
b.
    table = new int[5][5];
    int row;
    int column;
    for(row = column; row 10; row++)
     for(column = row; column < row = 10; column++);</pre>
       }
      }
    int table[][];
C.
    table = new int[5][5];
    int row;
    int column;
    for (row = 0; row 10; row++)
      System.out.println("Row: " + row + " Column: " + column);
    int table[][];
    table = new int[5][5];
    int row;
    int column;
    for(row = 0; row < table.length; row++) {</pre>
      for(column = 0; column < table[row].length; column++) {</pre>
       System.out.println("Row: " + row + " Column: " + column);
```

Section 22 2D Arrays Assignment

- 4. Which of the choices below is the appropriate Java statement(s) that declares and allocates a two-dimensional character array with three rows and five columns? (5 pt)
 - a. char[][] matrix = [3, 5];
 - b. matrix = new char[3, 5];
 - c. int matrix = new char[3][5];
 - d. char[][] matrix;
 - matrix = new char[3][5];
 - e. None of the above
- 5. Given: int[][] values = new int[4][5]
 Using the statement above, write a nested loop to set values as follows: (5 pts)

```
[0]
            [1]
                   [2]
                         [3]
                               [4]
                                        for (int row = 0; row<values.length; row++){
[0]
       1
              2
                                 5
                    3
                                           for (int col = 0; col<values[0].length;col++){
              2
                                 5
[1]
                                             values[row][col] = col+1;
              2
                    3
                                 5
[2]
              2
                                 5
[3]
                                        }
```

6. Given: int[][] values = new int[4][5]
Using the statement above, write a nested loop to <u>set values</u> as follows: (5 pts)

```
[0]
            [1]
                   [2]
                         [3]
                               [4]
                                         for (int row = 0; row<values.length; row++){
[0]
       0
              1
                    2
                          3
                                           for (int col = 0; col<values[0].length;col++){
              2
                    3
                          4
                                 5
       1
[1]
[2]
       2
              3
                    4
                          5
                                 6
                                              values[row][col] = col+row;
                    5
[3]
       3
                                 7
```

7. Given: int[][] matrix = new int[5][5]
Using the statement above, write a nested loop to <u>set</u> matrix as follows: (5 pts)

```
[0]
            [1]
                   [2]
                         [3]
                               [4]
                                          for (int row = 0; row<values.length; row++){
[0]
       1
              0
                    0
                          0
                                 0
       0
              2
                    0
                          0
[1]
                                             for (int col = 0; col<values[0].length;col++){
[2]
       0
              0
                    3
                          0
                                               if (row==col){
       0
              0
                    0
                          4
                                 0
[3]
                                                 values[row][col] = col+1;
       0
              0
                    0
                          0
                                 5
[4]
                                               } else{
                                                 values[row][col] = 0;
```