

COMPILER DESIGN LAB

(Subject Code: 18CSC304J)

B.TECH III Year / VI Semester

NAME:-

REG. No.:-



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE ENGINEERING

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING&TECHNOLOGY SRM INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE& TECHNOLOGY,

Delhi NCR CAMPUS, MODINAGAR

SIKRI KALAN, DELHI MEERUT ROAD, DIST. – GHAZIABAD - 201204 www.srmup.in

Even Semester (Jan-June 2023)

BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Registration No:-

v	d to be the bonafide record o mester 3 rd year B.TECH deg	•	INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE
v	HNOLOGY, DELHI-NCR (
Science year 20 2	& Engineering, in Compi	ler Design Labora	tory during the academic
Lab In o (Mr. Pramo	_		Head of the department (Dr. R. P. Mahapatra
	d for end semester examinat ENCE & TECHNOLOGY, DI		
Internal	Examiner-I		Internal Examiner-II

INDEX

Exp. No.	Title of Experiment	Page No.	Date of Experiment	Date of Completion of Experiment	Teacher's Signature
1	Implementation of Lexical Analyzer	4-6			
2	Regular Expression to NFA	7-9			
3	RE to NFA to DFA	10-10			
4	Computation of FIRST in a grammar	11-14			
5	Computation of FOLLOW in a grammar.	15-17			
6	Computation of Predictive Parsing	18-20			
7	Computation of Shift Reduce Parsing	21-26			
8	Program for finding the leading and trailing.	27-31			
9	Implementation of 3-Address Code using Quadruple	32-33			
10	Intermediate Code Generation	34-37			
11	Intermediate code generation - Postfix expression	38-40			
12	Intermediate code generation - Prefix Expression	41-43			
13	Construction of DAG	44-45			
14	Recursive Descent Parsing	46-47			
15	Implement a Loader	48-50			
16	Implement Macro Processor	51-55			

Implementation of Lexical Analyzer

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ to implement a lexical analyzer.

Algorithm:

- 1. Start
- 2. Get the input expression from the user.
- 3. Store the keywords and operators.
- 4. Perform analysis of the tokens based on the ASCII values.

5.

```
ASCII Range
97-122
Keyword else identifier
48-57
Constant else operator
Greater than 12
Symbol
```

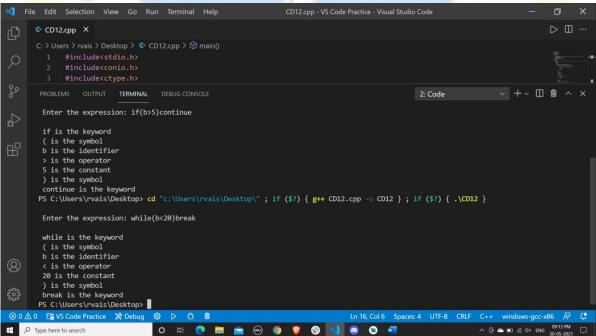
- 6. Print the token types.
- 7. Stop

Program (lexi.c):

```
/* Lexical Analyzer */
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
      char
key[11][10]={"for","while","do","then","else","break","switch","case","if","co
ntinue"};
      char oper[13]={'+','-','*','/','%','&','<','>','=',';',':','!'};
      char a[20],b[20],c[20];
      int i,j,l,m,k,flag;
      printf("\n Enter the expression: ");
      gets(a);
      i=0;
      while(a[i])
             flag=0;
             j=0;
```

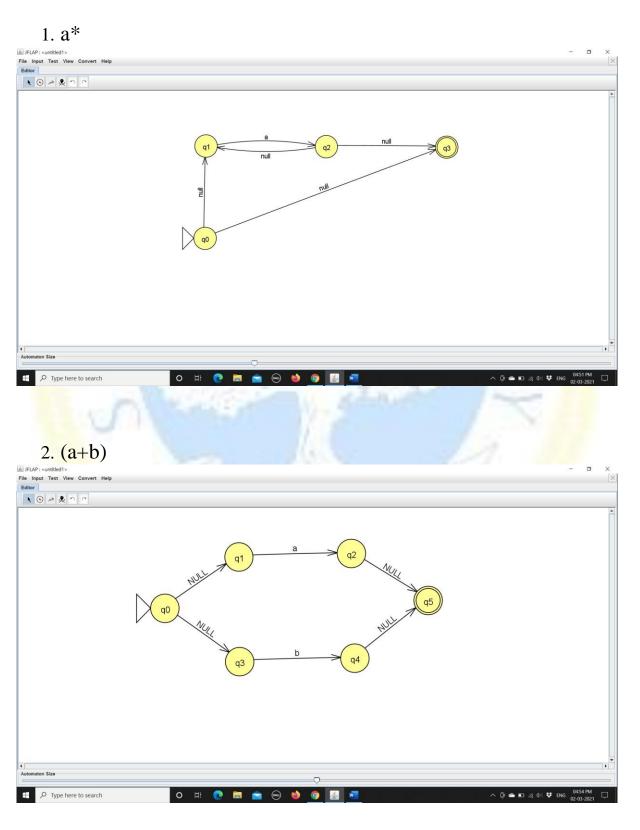
```
1=0;
b[0]='\setminus 0';
if((toascii(a[i]>=97))&&(toascii(a[i]<=122)))
      if((toascii(a[i+1]>=97))&&(toascii(a[i+1]<=122)))
             while((toascii(a[i]>=97))&&(toascii(a[i]<=122)))
                    b[j]=a[i];
                    j++; i++;
             b[j]='\setminus 0';
      else
             b[j]=a[i];
             i++;
             b[j+1]='\setminus 0';
      for(k=0;k<=9;k++)
             if(strcmp(b,key[k])==0)
                    flag=1;
                     break;
      if(flag==1)
             printf("\n %s is the keyword",b);
      else
             printf("\n %s is the identifier",b);
else if((toascii(a[i]>=48))&&(toascii(a[i]<=57)))
      if((toascii(a[i+1]>=48))&&(toascii(a[i+1]<=57)))
             while((toascii(a[i]>=48))&&(toascii(a[i]<=57)))
                    c[1]=a[i];
                    1++; i++;
      else
```

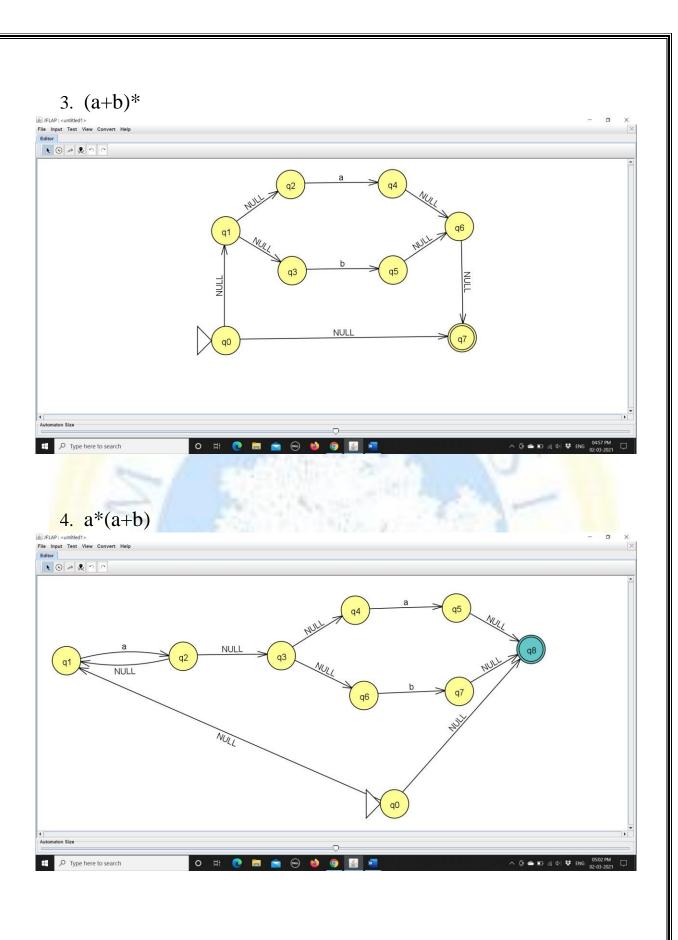
```
{
                           c[1]=a[i];
                           i++;l++;
                    c[1]='\setminus 0';
                    printf("\n %s is the constant",c);
              }//second ifelse
             else
                    for(m=0;m<13;m++)
                           if(a[i]==oper[m])
                                  printf("\n %c is the operator",a[i]);
                                   break;
                    if(m>=13)
                           printf("\n %c is the symbol",a[i]);
                    i++;
              }//last else
       } //while
      return 0;
OUTPUT:
     G CD12.cpp X
```



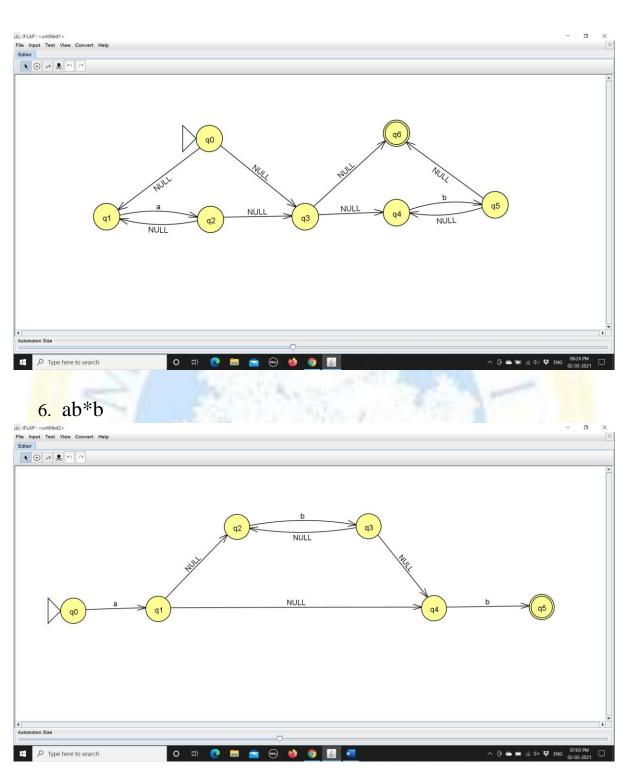
Regular Expression to NFA

Aim: To convert the given Regular expression to NFA by using JFLAP.





5. a*b*



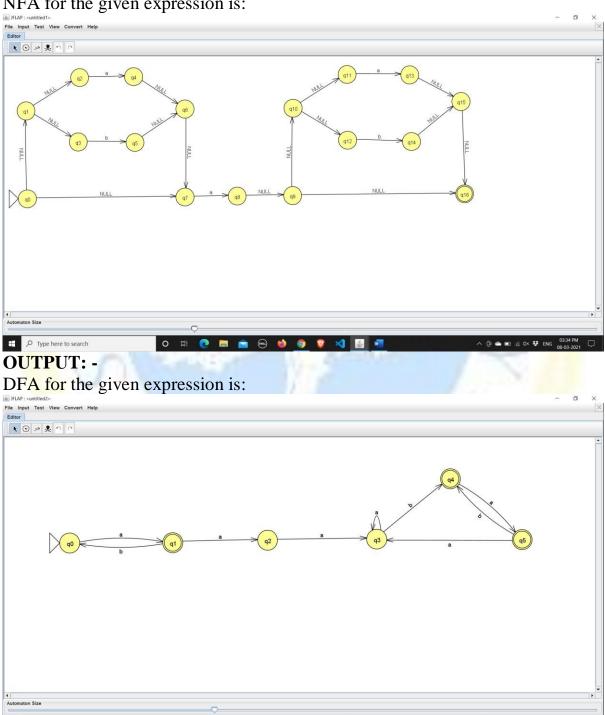
Result: We converted the given Regular expression to NFA.

Regular Expression to NFA to DFA

Aim: To convert the given Regular expression to DFA by using JFLAP.

Ques: (a+b) *a(a+b) *

NFA for the given expression is:



Result: We converted the given Regular expression to DFA.

O # 🕐 🗎 🕋 😔 🐸 🌀 🦁 🔰 🔢 🚾

Computation of FIRST in a grammar

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ to find the FIRST set for a given set of production rule of a grammar.

Algorithm:

Procedure First

- 1. Input the number of production N.
- 2. Input all the production rule *PArray*
- 3. Repeat steps a, b, c until process all input production rule i.e. *PArray*[N]
 - a. If $X_i \neq X_{i+1}$ then
 - i. Print Result array of X_i which contain $FIRST(X_i)$
 - b. If first element of X_i of *PArray* is Terminal or ε Then
 - i. Add Result = Result U first element
 - c. If first element of X_i of *PArray* is Non-Terminal Then
 - i. searchFirst(i, PArray, N)
- 4. End Loop
- 5. If N (last production) then
 - a. Print Result array of X_i which contain $FIRST(X_i)$
- 6. End

Procedure searchFirst(i, PArray, N)

- 1. Repeat steps Loop j=i+1 to N
 - a. If first element of X_j of *PArray* is Non-Terminal Then
 - i. searchFirst(j, of PArray, N)
 - b. If first element of X_j of *PArray* is Terminal or ε Then
 - i. Add Result = Result U first element
 - ii. Flag=0
- 2. End Loop
- 3. If Flag = 0 Then
 - a. Print Result array of X_j which contain FIRST(X_j)
- 4. End

Program:

#include<iostream>

#include<conio.h>

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

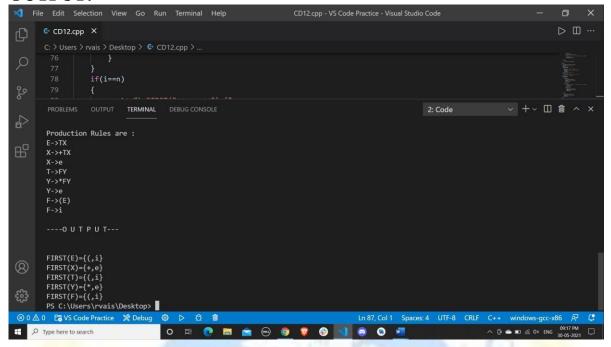
#include<ctype.h>

using namespace std;

```
void searchFirst(int n, int i, char pl[], char r[], char result[], int k)
       int j,flag;
       for(j=i+1;j< n;j++)
              if(r[i]==pl[j])
                      if(isupper(r[j]))
                             searchFirst(n,j,pl,r,result,k);
                      if(islower(r[j]) || r[j]== '+' || r[j]=='*' || r[j]==')' || r[j]=='(')
                             result[k++]=r[j];
                             result[k++]=','; flag=0;
       if(flag==0)
              for(j=0;j< k-1;j++)cout << result[j];
int main()
char pr[10][10],pl[10],r[10],prev,result[10];
       int i,n,k,j;
       cout<<"\nHow many production rule : ";</pre>
       cin>>n;
       if(n==0) exit(0);
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
              cout<<"\nInput left part of production rules : ";
              cin>>pl[i];
              cout<<"\nInput right part of production rules : ";</pre>
              cin>>pr[i];
              r[i]=pr[i][0];
       cout<<"\nProduction Rules are : \n";</pre>
       for(i=0;i< n;i++)
              cout <<\!\!pl[i]<<\!"->"<\!\!pr[i]<<"\backslash n";//<<";"<\!\!r[i]<<"\backslash n";
```

```
cout << "\n----O U T P U T---\n\n";
      prev=pl[0];k=0;
      for(i=0;i< n;i++)
             if(prev!=pl[i])
                   cout<<"\nFIRST("<<prev<<")={";
                   for(j=0;j< k-1;j++)cout << result[j];
                   cout<<"}";
                   k=0;prev=pl[i];
                   //cout<<"\n3";
             if(prev==pl[i])
                   if(islower(r[i]) || r[i]== '+' || r[i]=='*' || r[i]==')' || r[i]=='(')
                          result[k++]=r[i];
                          result[k++]=',';
                   if(isupper(r[i]))
                          cout<<"\nFIRST("<<pre>rev<<")={";
                          searchFirst(n,i,pl,r,result,k);
                          cout<<"}";
                          k=0;prev=pl[i+1];
      if(i==n)
             cout<<"\nFIRST("<<prev<<")={";</pre>
             for(j=0;j< k-1;j++)cout << result[j];
             cout<<"}";
             k=0;prev=pl[i];
return 0;
```

OUTPUT: -



Computation of FOLLOW in a grammar

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ to find a FOLLOW set from a given set of production rule.

Algorithm:

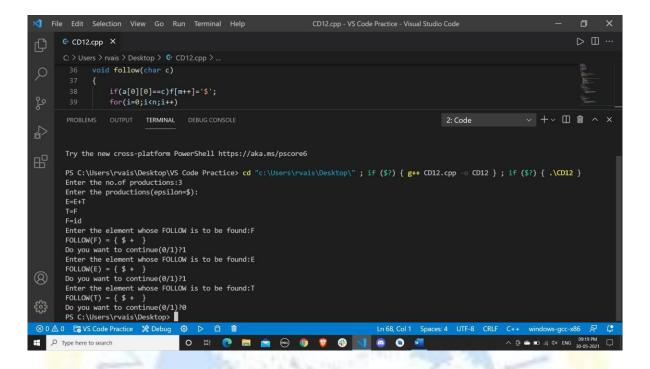
- 1. Declare the variables.
- 2. Enter the production rules for the grammar.
- 3. Calculate the FOLLOW set for each element call the user defined function follow().
- 4. If $x \rightarrow aBb$
 - a. If x is start symbol then $FOLLOW(x) = \{\$\}$.
 - b. If b is NULL then FOLLOW(B)=FOLLOW(x).
 - c. If b is not NULL then FOLLOW(B)=FIRST(b). END.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
using namespace std;
int n,m=0,p,i=0,j=0;
char a[10][10],f[10];
void follow(char c);
void first(char c);
int main()
  int i,z;
  char c,ch;
  printf("Enter the no.of productions:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  printf("Enter the productions(epsilon=$):\n");
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
  scanf("%s%c",a[i],&ch);
  do
    m=0;
    printf("Enter the element whose FOLLOW is to be found:");
```

```
scanf("%c",&c);
     follow(c);
    printf("FOLLOW(%c) = \{ ",c);
    for(i=0;i<m;i++)
     printf("%c ",f[i]);
    printf(" \n');
    printf("Do you want to continue(0/1)?");
     scanf("%d%c",&z,&ch);
  while(z==1);
void follow(char c)
  if(a[0][0]==c)f[m++]='$';
  for(i=0;i< n;i++)
     for(j=2;j < strlen(a[i]);j++)
       if(a[i][j]==c)
          if(a[i][j+1]!='\0')first(a[i][j+1]);
          if(a[i][j+1]=='\0'\&\&c!=a[i][0])
          follow(a[i][0]);
void first(char c)
  int k;
  if(!(isupper(c)))f[m++]=c;
  for(k=0;k< n;k++)
    if(a[k][0]==c)
       if(a[k][2]=='\$') follow(a[i][0]);
       else if(islower(a[k][2]))f[m++]=a[k][2];
       else first(a[k][2]);
```

OUTPUT: -



Computation of Predictive Parsing

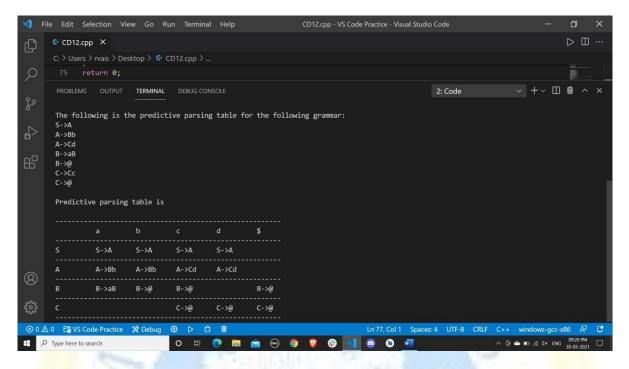
Aim: Write a program in c for construction of predictive parser table.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
char prol[7][10] ={"S","A","A","B","B","C","C"};
char pror [7][10] ={"A","Bb","Cd","aB","@","Cc","@"};
char prod [7][10] = {"S->A", "A->Bb", "A->Cd", "B->aB", "B->@", "C->Cc", "C-
>@"}; char
first [7][10] = {\text{"abcd","ab","cd","a@","@","c@","@"}}; char
follow [7][10] = {"$", "$", "$", "a$", "b$", "c$", "d$"};
char table [5][6][10];
int numr (char c)
switch(c)
case 'S': return 0;
case 'A': return 1;
case 'B': return 2;
case 'C': return 3:
case 'a': return 0;
case 'b': return 1;
case 'c': return 2;
case 'd': return 3;
case '$': return 4;
return (2);
int main ()
int i,j,k;
for (i=0; i<5; i++)
for (j=0; j<6; j++)
strcpy(table[i][j]," ");
printf ("\nThe following is the predictive parsing table for the following
grammar:\n");
for (i=0; i<7; i++)
```

```
printf ("%s\n",prod[i]);
printf ("\nPredictive parsing table is\n");
fflush (stdin);
for (i=0; i<7; i++)
k=strlen(first[i]);
for (j=0; j<10; j++)
if(first[i][j] !='@')
strcpy(table[numr(prol[i][0])+1][numr(first[i][j])+1],prod[i]);
for(i=0;i<7;i++)
      if(strlen(pror[i])==1)
             if(pror[i][0]=='@')
                    k=strlen(follow[i]);
                    for(j=0;j<k;j++)
             strcpy(table[numr(prol[i][0])+1][numr(follow[i][i])+1],prod[i]);
strcpy(table[0][0]," ");
strcpy(table[0][1],"a");
strcpy(table[0][2],"b");
strcpy(table[0][3],"c");
strcpy(table[0][4],"d");
strcpy(table[0][5],"$");
strcpy(table[1][0], "S");
strcpy(table[2][0],"A");
strcpy(table[3][0],"B");
strcpy(table[4][0],"C");
                                                            <u>\</u>n");
printf("\n_
for(i=0;i<5;i++)
for(j=0;j<6;j++)
printf("%-10s",table[i][j]);
if(j==5)
printf("\n_
                                                            \n'');
return 0;
```

OUTPUT:



Computation of Shift Reduce Parsing

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ to implement the shift reduce parsing.

Algorithm:

- 1. Start the Process.
- 2. Symbols from the input are shifted onto stack until a handle appears on top of the stack.
- 3. The Symbols that are the handle on top of the stack are then replaces by the left-hand side of the production (reduced).
- 4. If this result in another handle on top of the stack, then another reduction is done, otherwise we go back to shifting.
- 5. This combination of shifting input symbols onto the stack and reducing productions when handles appear on the top of the stack continues until all of the input is consumed and the goal symbol is the only thing on the stack the input is then accepted.
- 6. If we reach the end of the input and cannot reduce the stack to the goal symbol, the input is rejected.
- 7. Stop the process.

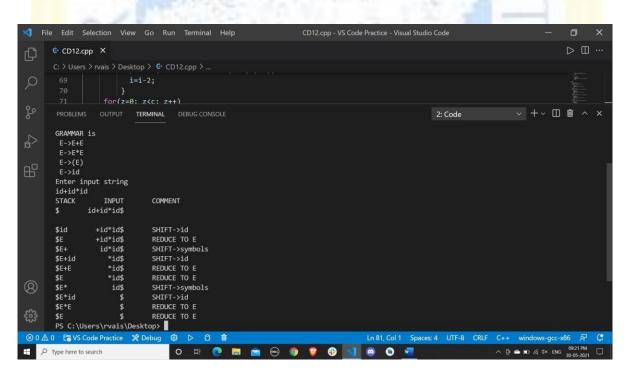
Program (srp.cpp):

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int k=0,z=0,i=0,j=0,c=0;
char a[16],ac[20],stk[15],act[10];
void check();
int main()
   puts("GRAMMAR is \ \ \ E->E+E \ \ E->E*E \ \ E->(E) \ \ E->id");
   puts("Enter input string ");
   gets(a);
   c=strlen(a);
   strcpy(act, "SHIFT->");
   puts("STACK \t INPUT \tCOMMENT");
   //puts("$
              \t");
   //puts(a);
   printf("$
              t\% s\n'',a);
```

```
for(k=0,i=0; j< c; k++,i++,j++)
     if(a[j]=='i' && a[j+1]=='d')
         stk[i]=a[j];
         stk[i+1]=a[j+1];
         stk[i+2]='\0';
         a[j]=' ';
         a[j+1]=' ';
         //printf("$
                     t\%s^n'',a);
        printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%sid",stk,a,act);
         check();
     else
         stk[i]=a[j];
         stk[i+1]='\0';
         a[i]=' ';
         printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%ssymbols",stk,a,act);
         check();
void check()
   strcpy(ac,"REDUCE TO E");
   for(z=0; z<c; z++)
    if(stk[z]=='i' && stk[z+1]=='d')
       stk[z]='E';
       stk[z+1]='\0';
       printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%s",stk,a,ac);
       j++;
   for(z=0; z<c; z++)
   if(stk[z]=='E' \&\& stk[z+1]=='+' \&\& stk[z+2]=='E')
       stk[z]='E';
       stk[z+1]='\0';
       stk[z+2]='\0';
       printf("\n\$\% s\t\% s\$\t\% s",stk,a,ac);
       i=i-2;
```

```
for(z=0; z<c; z++)
  if(stk[z]=='E' && stk[z+1]=='*' && stk[z+2]=='E')
  {
    stk[z]='E';
    stk[z+1]='\0';
    stk[z+1]='\0';
    printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%s",stk,a,ac);
    i=i-2;
  }
  for(z=0; z<c; z++)
  if(stk[z]=='(' && stk[z+1]=='E' && stk[z+2]==')')
    {
    stk[z]='E';
    stk[z+1]='\0';
    stk[z+1]='\0';
    printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t%s",stk,a,ac);
    i=i-2;
  }
}</pre>
```

OUTPUT:



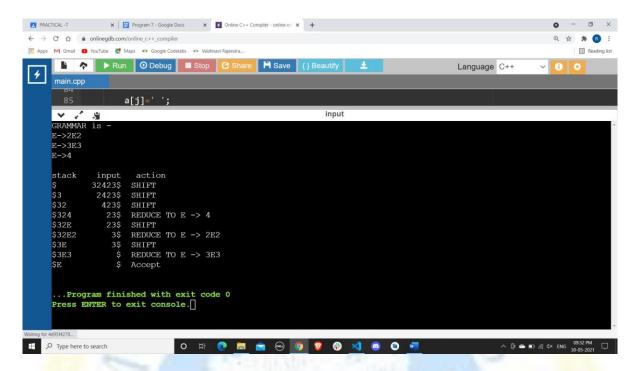
Code for another Grammar: -

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>

```
int z = 0, i = 0, j = 0, c = 0;
char a[16], ac[20], stk[15], act[10];
void check()
     strcpy(ac,"REDUCE TO E -> ");
  for(z = 0; z < c; z++)
         if(stk[z] == '4')
       printf("%s4", ac);
       stk[z] = 'E';
       stk[z+1] = '\0';
       printf("\n$\% s\t\% s\t", stk, a);
  for(z = 0; z < c - 2; z++)
     if(stk[z] == '2' \&\& stk[z + 1] == 'E' \&\&
                     stk[z + 2] == '2')
       printf("%s2E2", ac);
       stk[z] = 'E';
       stk[z + 1] = '0';
       stk[z + 2] = '\0';
       printf("\n$%s\t%s$\t", stk, a);
       i = i - 2;
  for(z=0; z<c-2; z++)
     if(stk[z] == '3' \&\& stk[z + 1] == 'E' \&\&
                     stk[z + 2] == '3')
        printf("%s3E3", ac);
       stk[z]='E';
```

```
stk[z + 1] = '\0';
        stk[z + 1] = '0';
       printf("\n$% s\t", stk, a);
       i = i - 2;
  return; //return to main
int main()
  printf("GRAMMAR is -\nE->2E2 \nE->3E3 \nE->4\n");
  strcpy(a,"32423");
  c=strlen(a);
  strcpy(act,"SHIFT");
  printf("\nstack \t input \t action");
  printf("\n\$\t\%s\$\t", a);
  for(i = 0; j < c; i++, j++)
     printf("%s", act);
     stk[i] = a[j];
     stk[i+1] = '\0';
     a[j]=' ';
     printf("n$%s\t%s$\t", stk, a);
     check();
  check();
     if(stk[0] == 'E' \&\& stk[1] == '\0')
     printf("Accept\n");
  else //else reject
     printf("Reject\n");
}
```

OUTPUT:



Computation of leading and trailing.

Aim: Write a program for finding the leading and trailing.

Program:

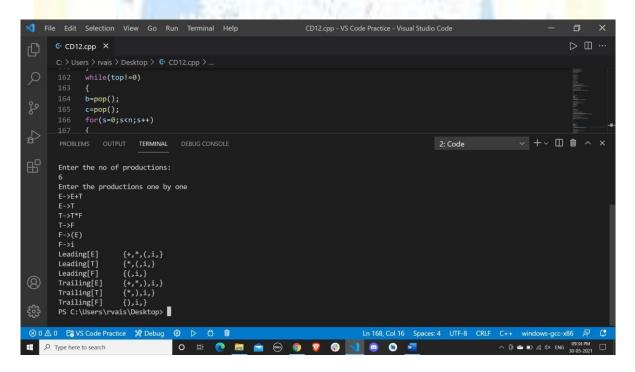
```
#include<iostream>
#include<string.h>
using namespace std;
int nt,t,top=0;
char s[50],NT[10],T[10],st[50],l[10][10],tr[50][50];
int searchnt(char a)
      int count=-1,i;
      for(i=0;i<nt;i++)
             if(NT[i]==a)
             return i;
return count;
int searchter(char a)
      int count=-1,i;
      for(i=0;i<t;i++)
             if(T[i]==a)
             return i;
return count;
void push(char a)
      s[top]=a;
      top++;
char pop()
      top--;
      return s[top];
```

```
void installl(int a,int b)
      if(l[a][b]=='f')
             1[a][b]='t';
             push(T[b]);
             push(NT[a]);
void installt(int a,int b)
      if(tr[a][b]=='f')
             tr[a][b]='t';
             push(T[b]);
             push(NT[a]);
int main()
      int i,s,k,j,n;
      char pr[30][30],b,c;
      cout<<"Enter the no of productions:\n";</pre>
       cin>>n;
      cout<<"Enter the productions one by one\n";</pre>
      for(i=0;i<n;i++)
       cin>>pr[i];
      nt=0;
       t=0;
      for(i=0;i< n;i++)
             if((searchnt(pr[i][0]))==-1)
             NT[nt++]=pr[i][0];
      for(i=0;i< n;i++)
             for(j=3;j<strlen(pr[i]);j++)
                    if(searchnt(pr[i][j])==-1)
                           if(searchter(pr[i][j])==-1)
```

```
T[t++]=pr[i][j];
             }
for(i=0;i<nt;i++)
      for(j=0;j< t;j++)
             l[i][j]='f';
for(i=0;i<nt;i++)
      for(j=0;j< t;j++)
      tr[i][j]='f';
for(i=0;i<nt;i++)
      for(j=0;j<n;j++)
             if(NT[(searchnt(pr[j][0]))]==NT[i])
                    if(searchter(pr[j][3])!=-1)
                    installl(searchnt(pr[j][0]),searchter(pr[j][3]));
                    else
                          for(k=3;k<strlen(pr[j]);k++)
                                 if(searchnt(pr[j][k])==-1)
                           installl(searchnt(pr[j][0]),searchter(pr[j][k]));
                           break;
while(top!=0)
      b=pop();
      c=pop();
      for(s=0;s<n;s++)
```

```
if(pr[s][3]==b)
      installl(searchnt(pr[s][0]),searchter(c));
for(i=0;i<nt;i++)
      cout<<"Leading["<<NT[i]<<"]"<<"\t{";
      for(j=0;j< t;j++)
             if(l[i][j]=='t')
             cout<<<u>T[j]<<","</u>;
      cout<<"}\n";
top=0;
for(i=0;i<nt;i++)
      for(j=0;j< n;j++)
             if(NT[searchnt(pr[j][0])]==NT[i])
                    if(searchter(pr[j][strlen(pr[j])-1])!=-1)
                    installt(searchnt(pr[j][0]),searchter(pr[j][strlen(pr[j])-1]));
                    else
                           for(k=(strlen(pr[j])-1);k>=3;k--)
                                 if(searchnt(pr[j][k])==-1)
                                 installt(searchnt(pr[j][0]),searchter(pr[j][k]));
                                  break;
while(top!=0)
      b=pop();
      c=pop();
```

OUTPUT:



Result: The Program Executed successfully.

Implementation of 3-Address Code using Quadruple

Aim: Write a program to implement 3-Address Code using Quadruple.

Program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int main()
  char line[20];
  int s[20];
  int t=1;
  int i=0;
  printf("Enter String ");
  gets(line);
  for(i=0;i<20;i++)
  s[i]=0;
  printf("op\ta1\ta2\tres\n");
  for(i=2; line[i]!='\0'; i++)
     if(line[i]=='/' || line[i]=='*')
       printf("\n");
        if(s[i]==0)
          if(s[i+1]==0)
             printf(":=\t\%c\t\t\%d\n",line[i+1],t);
             s[i+1]=t++;
          printf("%c\t",line[i]);
          (s[i-1]==0)?printf("%c\t",line[i-1]):printf("t%d\t",s[i-1]);
          printf("t%d \t t%d",s[i+1],t);
          s[i-1]=s[i+1]=t++;
          s[i]=1;
  for(i=2; line[i]!='\0'; i++)
```

```
if(line[i]=='+' || line[i]=='-')
     printf("\n");
     if(s[i]==0)
       if(s[i+1]==0)
          printf(":=\t\%c\t\t t\%d\n",line[i+1]);
          s[i+1]=t++;
       printf("%c\t",line[i]);
        (s[i-1]==0)?printf("%c\t",line[i-1]):printf("t%d\t",s[i-1]);
       printf("t%d \t t%d",s[i+1],t);
       s[i-1]=s[i+1]=t++;
        s[i]=1;
printf("\n:=\tt\%d\t\t\%c",t-1,line[0]);
return 0;
                   O H 🙋 🛅 💼 😡 👏 🗿 🦁 🔰 🤀 💻
```

Result: The Program Executed successfully.

Intermediate Code Generation

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ to generate intermediate code from a given syntax tree statement.

Algorithm:

- 1. Start the process.
- 2. Input an expression EXP from user.
- 3. Process the expression from right hand side to left hand side.
- 4. FLAG:=0; TOP = -1;
- 5. IF EXP = '=' then
 - i. IF EXP(index -1) = 0 then
 - 1. PRINT EXP element from index to (index 1) and POP STACK[TOP]. Terminate

Else

i. PRINT Wrong Expression

[EndIF]

IF an operator is found and FLAG = 0 then

- i. TOP := TOP + 1
- ii. add to STACK[TOP].
- iii. FLAG:=1

Else

- i. pop twice the STACK and result add to the newID(identifier) and PRINT.
- ii. TOP:=TOP-2. Save newID to STACK[TOP]
- iii. FLAG:=0

[EndIF]

- 6. IF an operand is found then
 - i. TOP:=TOP+1
 - ii. move to STACK [TOP]
 - iii. IF TOP > 1 then
 - 1. pop twice the STACK and result add to the newID(identifier) and PRINT.
 - 2. TOP:=TOP-2. Save newID to STACK[TOP]
 - 3. FLAG:=0

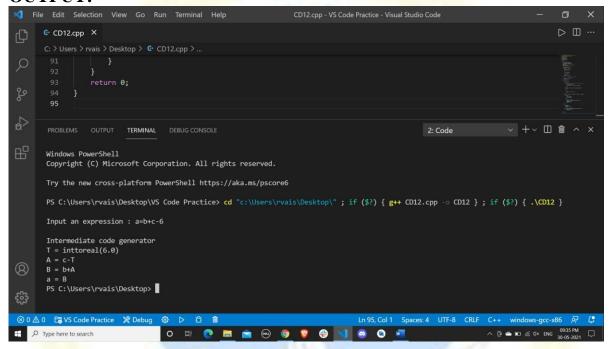
[End]

7. End the process

```
Program (icgen.cpp):
/* Intermediate Code Generator */
// Here consideration is any input expression
// only contain digits at the end
#include<iostream>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
using namespace std;
int main()
      char g,exp[20],stack[20];
      int m=0,i,top=-1,flag=0,len,j;
      cout<<"\nInput an expression : ";</pre>
      gets(exp);
      cout<<"\nIntermediate code generator\n";</pre>
      len=strlen(exp);
      //If expression contain digits
      if(isdigit(exp[len-1]))
             cout<<"T = inttoreal(";</pre>
             i=len-1;
             while(isdigit(exp[i]))
                    i--:
             for(j=i+1;j<len;j++)
                    cout<<exp[j];
             cout << ".0)\n";
             \exp[i+1]=T'; len=i+2;
      else
                //If expression having no digit
             cout << "T = " << exp[len-1] << " \n";
             \exp[len-1]='T';
      for(i=len-1;i>=0;i--)
```

```
if(exp[i]=='=')
      if((i-1)==0)
// If expression contains unary operator in RHS near = operator
            if(isalpha(stack[top]))
            cout<<exp[i-1]<<" "<<exp[i]<<" "<<stack[top];
            else
cout<<exp[i-1]<<" "<<exp[i]<<""<<stack[top]<<stack[top-1];
            break;
      else
            cout<<"\nWrong Expression !!!";</pre>
            break;
if(exp[i]=='+'||exp[i]=='*'||exp[i]=='*'||exp[i]=='\%')
      if(flag==0)
            flag=1;top=top+1;
            stack[top]=exp[i];
      else
            g=char('A'+m);m++;
            cout<<g<<" = "<<stack[top]<<stack[top-1]<<"\n";
            stack[top-1]=g;
            stack[top]=exp[i];
            flag=0;
else
      top=top+1;
      stack[top]=exp[i];
      if(top>1)
```

```
g=char('A' + m);m++;
cout<<g<<" = "<<stack[top]<<stack[top-1]<<stack[top-2]<<"\n";
top=top-2;
stack[top]=g;flag=0;
}
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```



Result: The Program Executed successfully

Intermediate code generation - Postfix expression

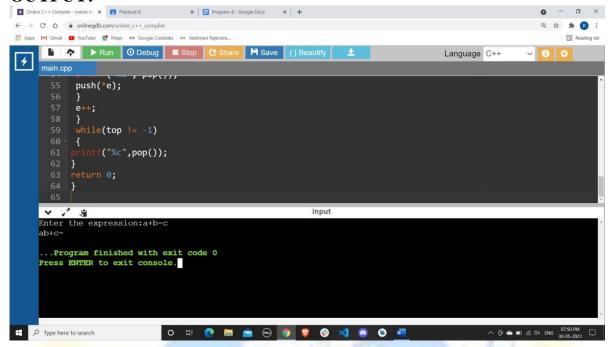
Aim: Write a program in C/C++ or Java to generate Intermediate Code (Postfix Expression) from given syntax tree.

Program:

return 2;

```
#include<string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
using namespace std;
char stack[20];
int top=-1;
void push(char x)
     stack[++top]=x;
char pop()
  if(top==-1)
  return -1;
  else
     return stack[top--];
//Check the priority of the operator.
int priority(char x)
  if(x == '(')
  return 0;
  if(x == '+' || x == '-')
  return 1;
  if(x == '*' || x == '/')
```

```
}
int main()
  char exp[20];
  char *e , x;
  printf("Enter the expression:");
  scanf("%s",exp);
   e = exp;
while(*e != '\0')
  if(isalnum(*e))
  printf("%c",*e);
  else if(*e == '(')
  push(*e);
  else if(*e == ')' )
  while(( x =pop() ) != '(' )
  printf("%c:",x);
else
//check greater priority operator.
while(priority(stack[top]) >= priority(*e) )
printf("%c", pop());
push(*e);
e++;
while(top != -1)
      printf("%c",pop());
return 0;
```



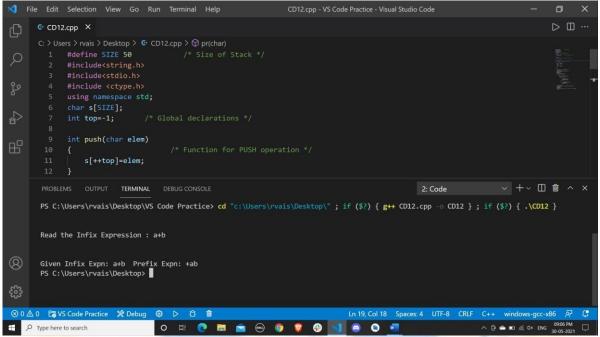
Result: The Program Executed successfully

Intermediate code generation - Prefix Expression

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ or Java to generate Intermediate Code (Prefix Expression) from given syntax tree.

```
#define SIZE 50
                        /* Size of Stack */
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
using namespace std;
char s[SIZE];
               /* Global declarations */
int top=-1;
push(char elem)
               /* Function for PUSH operation */
  s[++top]=elem;
char pop()
               /* Function for POP operation */
  return(s[top--]);
int pr(char elem)
           /* Function for precedence */
  switch(elem)
  case '#': return 0;
  case ')': return 1;
  case '+':
  case '-': return 2;
  case '*':
  case '/': return 3;
```

```
int main()
                 /* Main Program */
  char infx[50],prfx[50],ch,elem;
  int i=0,k=0;
  printf("\n\nRead the Infix Expression : ");
  scanf("%s",infx);
  push('#');
  strrev(infx);
  while( (ch=infx[i++]) != '\0')
     if( ch == ')') push(ch);
     else
       if(isalnum(ch)) prfx[k++]=ch;
       else
          if( ch == '(')
            while( s[top] != ')')
               prfx[k++]=pop();
            elem=pop(); /* Remove ) */
          else
               /* Operator */
            while(pr(s[top]) >= pr(ch))
               prfx[k++]=pop();
            push(ch);
  while(s[top]!= '#') /* Pop from stack till empty */
     prfx[k++]=pop();
                    /* Make prfx as valid string */
  prfx[k]='\0';
  strrev(prfx);
  strrev(infx);
  printf("\n\nGiven Infix Expn: %s Prefix Expn: %s\n",infx,prfx);
  return 0;
```

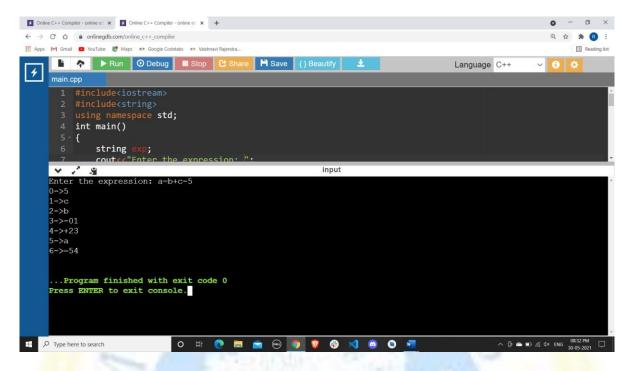


Result: The Program Executed successfully.

Construction of DAG

Aim: Write a c or c++ or java to Construct DAG for input expression.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<string>
using namespace std;
int main()
      string exp;
      cout<<"Enter the expression:-";
      cin>>exp;
      int j=0,k=0;
      char q;
      for(int i=exp.length()-1;i>1;i--)
            if(islower(exp[i]) \parallel (exp[i] > = 48 \&\& exp[i] < = 57))
                   cout<<j<<"->"<<exp[i]<<endl;
                   j++;
      for(int i=exp.length()-1;i>1;i--)
            if(!(islower(exp[i])|| (exp[i]>=48 \&\& exp[i]<=57)))
                   cout<<j<<"->"<<exp[i]<<k<<k+1<<endl;
                   j++;
                   k+=2;
      cout<<j<<"->"<<exp[0]<<endl;
      cout<<j<<"->"<<exp[1]<<j-1<<j-2<<endl;
      return 0;
```

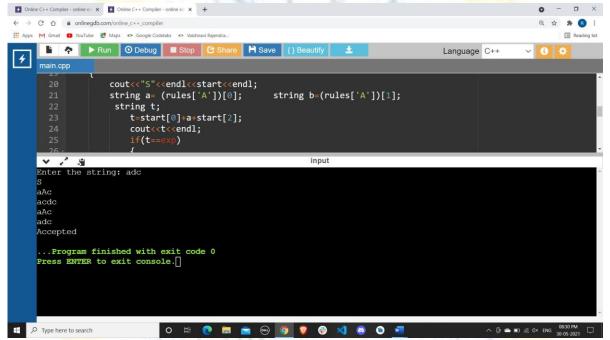


Result: The Program Executed successfully.

Recursive Descent Parsing

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ or Java to implement Recursive Descent Parsing.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<map>
#include<vector>
using namespace std;
int main()
      int flag = 0;
      map<char,vector<string> >rules;
      string exp,test;
      rules['S'].push_back("aAc");
      rules['A'].push_back("cd");
      rules['A'].push_back("d");
      cout<<"Enter the string: ";
      cin>>exp;
      string start="aAc";
      if(start[0]!=exp[0])
             cout<<"Not Accepted";</pre>
      else
             cout<<"S"<<endl<<start<<endl;
             string a= (rules['A'])[0];
                                             string b=(rules['A'])[1];
             string t;
                   t=start[0]+a+start[2];
                   cout<<t<<endl;
                   if(t==exp)
                          flag = 1;
                          cout << "Accepted";
                   else
                          cout<<start<<endl:
                    t=start[0]+b+start[2];
                   cout<<t<endl;
```



Result: The Program Executed successfully

Implement a Loader

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ to implement a loader.

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
char input[10], label[10], ch1, ch2;
int addr, w=0, start, ptaddr, l, length=0, end, count=0, k, taddr, address, i=0;
FILE *fp1,*fp2;
void check();
void main()
{ clrscr();
fp1=fopen("INPUT.dat","r");
fp2=fopen("OUTPUT.dat","w");
 fscanf(fp1,"%s",input);
 printf("\n\n\t\t\tABSOLUTE LOADER\n");
 fprintf(fp2,"\n----\n");
 fprintf(fp2,"MEMORY ADDRESS\t\t\tCONTENTS");
 fprintf(fp2,"\n----\n");
 while(strcmp(input, "E")!=0)
 if(strcmp(input,"H")==0)
  fscanf(fp1,"%s %x %x %s",label,&start,&end,input);
  address=start;
 else if(strcmp(input,"T")==0)
  l=length;
  ptaddr=addr;
  fscanf(fp1,"%x %x %s",&taddr,&length,input);
  addr=taddr;
  if(w==0)
  ptaddr=address;
  w=1;
  for(k=0;k<(taddr-(ptaddr+1));k++)
```

```
address=address+1;
 fprintf(fp2,"xx");
 count++;
 if(count==4)
  fprintf(fp2," ");
  i++;
  if(i==4)
  fprintf(fp2, "\n\x\t\t", address);
  i=0;
  count=0;
 if(taddr==start)
 fprintf(fp2, "\n\x\t\t", taddr);
 fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[0],input[1]);
 check();
 fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[2],input[3]);
 check();
 fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[4],input[5]);
 check();
 fscanf(fp1,"%s",input);
else
 fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[0],input[1]);
 check();
 fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[2],input[3]);
 check();
 fprintf(fp2,"%c%c",input[4],input[5]);
 check();
 fscanf(fp1,"%s",input);
fprintf(fp2,"\n----\n");
fcloseall();
printf("\n The contents of output file:\n");
fp2=fopen("OUTPUT.DAT","r");
ch2=fgetc(fp2);
while(ch2!=EOF)
printf("%c",ch2);
```

```
fcloseall();
 getch();
void check()
 count++;
 address++;
 taddr=taddr+1;
 if(count==4)
 fprintf(fp2," ");
 i++;
 if(i==4)
  fprintf(fp2, "\n\x\t\t", taddr);
  i=0:
 count=0;
INPUT FILE:
INPUT.DAT
H COPY 001000 00107A
T 001000 1E 141033 482039 001036 281030 301015 482061 3C1003 00102A
0C1039 00102D
```

T 00101E 15 0C1036 482061 081033 4C0000 454F46 000003 000000

T 001047 1E 041030 001030 E0205D 30203F D8205D 281030 302057 549039 2C205E 38203F

T 001077 1C 101036 4C0000 000000 001000 041030 E02079 302064 509039 DC2079 2C1036

E 001000

ch2=fgetc(fp2);

OUTPUT:



Implement a Macro Processor

Aim: Write a program in C/C++ to implement a macro processor.

```
#include<studio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<string.h>
FILE *f1, *f2, *f3, *f4, *f5;
void main()
char lb1[20],opc[20],opr[20],mname[20],arg[20],check[20];char
ch,dlb1[20],dopc[20],dopr[20];
int c;
clrscr();
f1=fopen("MACIN.DAT","r");
rewind(f1);
f2=fopen("NAMETAB.DAT","r");
rewind(f2);
f3=fopen("DEFTAB.DAT","r");
f4=fopen("EXPAND.DAT","w");
f5=fopen("ARGTAB.DAT","w");
while(!feof(f1))
11:
fscanf(f1,"%s %s %s",lbl,opc,opr);
if(strcmp(opc,mname)==0)
c=1:
if(strcmp(opc,"MACRO")==0)
while(strcmp(opc,"MEND")!=0)
fscanf(f1,"%s%s%s",lbl,opc,opr);
continue;
goto 11;
rewind(f2);
rewind(f3);
fscanf(f2,"%s",mname);
if(strcmp(opc,mname)==0)
```

```
fprintf(f5," %s",opr);
rewind(f5);
while(!feof(f3))
fscanf(f3,"%s%s%s",dlbl,dopc,dopr);
if(strcmp(dopc,"MEND")!=0)
if(strcmp(dopc,"MACRO")==0)
continue;
if(strcmp(dopr,"=X'?1"")==0)
strcpy(dopr,"=X'F1"");
if(strcmp(dopr,"?2,X")==0)
strcpy(dopr,"BUFFER,X");
if(strcmp(dopr,"?3")==0)
strcpy(dopr,"LENGTH");
if(c==1)
fprintf(f4," %s\t%s\t%s\n",lbl,opc,opr);
c=0;
fprintf(f4," %s\t%s\t%s\n",dlbl,dopc,dopr);
goto 11;
fprintf(f4," %s\t%s\t%s\n",lbl,opc,opr);
fcloseall();
printf("\n INPUT\n\n Macro Program before expanded \n");
printf(" -----\n"):
f1=fopen("MACIN.DAT","r");
ch=fgetc(f1);
while(ch!=EOF)
printf("%c",ch);
ch=fgetc(f1);
printf("\n Definition Table \n");
printf(" -----\n");
f2=fopen("DEFTAB.DAT","r");
ch=fgetc(f2);
```

```
while(ch!=EOF)
printf("%c",ch);
ch=fgetc(f2);
printf("\n Name Table \n");
printf(" -----\n");
f3=fopen("NAMETAB.DAT","r");
ch=fgetc(f3);
while(ch!=EOF)
printf("%c",ch);
ch=fgetc(f3);
getch();
clrscr();
printf("\n\n OUTPUT\n\n Macro Program after expanded \n");
printf(" -----\n\n");
f4=fopen("EXPAND.DAT","r");
ch=fgetc(f4);
while(ch!=EOF)
printf("%c",ch);
ch=fgetc(f4);
printf("\n Argument Table \n");
printf(" -----\n\n");
f5=fopen("ARGTAB.DAT","r");
ch=fgetc(f5);
while(ch!=EOF)
printf("%c",ch);
ch=fgetc(f5);
fcloseall();
getch();
INPUT FILE:
MACIN.DAT
COPY START
                NULL
RDBUFF
         MACRO INDEV, BUFADR, RECLTH
NULL CLEAR X
NULL CLEAR
```

```
NULL CLEAR S
NULL +LDT #4096
NULL TD =X'&INDEV'
NULL JEQ *-3
NULL RD =X'&INDEV'
NULL COMPR A,S
NULL JEQ *+11
NULL STCH BUFADR,X
NULL TIXR T
NULL JLT *-19
NULL STX RECLTH
NULL MEND NULL
FIRST STL RETADR
CLOOP RDBUFF F1,BUFFER,LENGTH
NULL LDA LENGTH
NULL COMP #0
NULL JEQ ENDFIL
EOF BYTE C'EOF'
THREE WORD 3
RETADR RESW 1
LENGTH RESW 1
BUFFER RESB 4096
NULL END FIRST
DEFTAB.DAT
COPY START NULL
RDBUFF MACRO &INDEV,&BUFADR,&RECLTH
NULL CLEAR X
NULL CLEAR A
NULL CLEAR S
NULL +LDT #4096
NULL TD =X'?1'
NULL JEQ *-3
NULL RD =X'?1'
NULL COMPR A,S
NULL JEQ *+11
NULL STCH ?2,X
NULL
     TIXR T
NULL JLT *-19
NULL STX ?3
NULL MEND NULL
```

NAMETAB.DAT

RDBUFF

