TRAFFIC DELAY PREDICTION OF ROAD ACCIDENTS IN TEXAS





Akshata Bhandiwad | Yash Tushar Chopada | Abeer Haruray

BUSINESS SCENARIO

12 million vehicles involved in crashes in US (2018)

\$242 billion
Estimated Economic cost
Of road accidents in 2010

\$28 billion
Congestion cost
Post road accidents

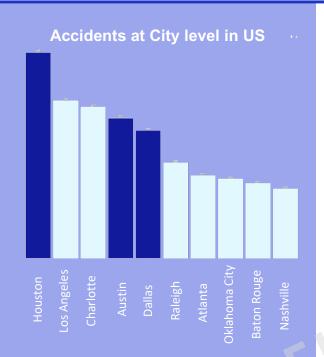
 Need to study the traffic delays as a function of roadway and weather characteristics at the accident spots.

Essential for a Transportation Management Center (TMC)
to analyze and predict the traffic delay level post accident to
efficiently manage their resources.

Help the state-licensed Emergency Medical Services
 (EMS) Dispatch centers to recognize the requirement of
 airlift to save the life.



DATA SET : US ACCIDENTS (kaggle.com)



Original data set: 3.5 million road accident records with 49 variables
describing city and state wise information, accident severity, time
when impact of accident on traffic was dismissed, GPS coordinates,
weather conditions, and nearby points of interest.

 Calculated fields: Traffic Duration (in min), Weekday/weekend, Time of day (STHR)

Texas
300k Observations
47 variables

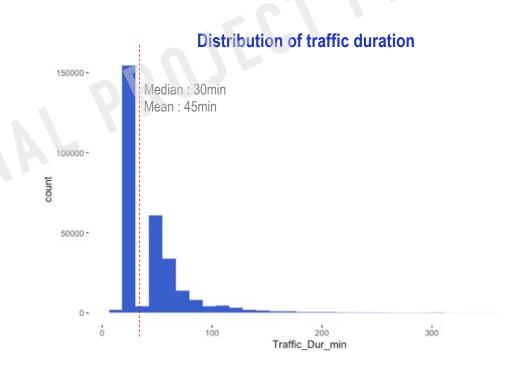
Data acknowledgements: Moosavi, Sobhan, Mohammad Hossein
 Samavatian, Srinivasan Parthasarathy, and Rajiv Ramnath. "A Countrywide Traffic Accident Dataset.", arXiv preprint arXiv:1906.05409 (2019).



TEXAS: TRAFFIC DELAY LEVEL

Binary Classification

Traffic duration <= 45min : 1 Traffic duration > 45min : 2 Discrepancy in traffic delay level categorization for duration of traffic accidents (in minutes) reported by different sources. Hence, there was a need to reclassify the traffic delay levels.



ALGORITHMS

- Input Variables considered, whose data will be available at the time an accident is reported at TMC
- Class of interest : Traffic Delay level 2 (High)

Algorithms	Sensitivity	Specificity	Accuracy
Binary logistic regression (probability threshold: 0.25)	0.76	0.60	64.5%
Discriminant Analysis (probability threshold : 0.25)	0.74	0.63	66.2%
Decision Tree	0.79	0.69	71.7%
K-Nearest Neighbors	0.72	0.96	89.7%
Random Forest	0.69	0.88	83.2%



KNN RESULTS

72.2 %

Sensitivity: proportion of delay level 2 that are correctly identified

96.7 %

Specificity: proportion of delay level 1 that are correctly identified

89.7 % Accuracy

Variables considered: Start_Lat, Start_Lng, Crossing, Give_Way, Junction, Railway, Roundabout, Station, Stop, Traffic_Signal', Day_Night, Precipitation, Pressure, Temperature, WindSpeed, Humidity, Weekend

Confusion Matrix and Statistics

Reference

Prediction 1 2 1 41180 4656 2 1415 12122

Accuracy: 0.8977

95% CI: (0.8953, 0.9002)

No Information Rate: 0.7174

P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 0.000000000000000022

Kappa: 0.7321

Mcnemar's Test P-Value : < 0.00000000000000022

Sensitivity: 0.7225

Specificity: 0.9668

Pos Pred Value : 0.8955

Neg Pred Value: 0.8984

Prevalence : 0.2826

Detection Rate: 0.2042

Detection Prevalence : 0.2280

Balanced Accuracy: 0.8446

'Positive' Class: 2



