PIZZA SALES ANALYSIS USING SQL











DISCRIPTION

- This project analyzes pizza sales data using SQL.
- Dataset contains multiple tables: orders, order_details, pizzas, pizza_types.
- The objective is to gain business insights from raw data.
- SQL queries were written at three levels: Basic, Intermediate, and Advanced.
- Helps understand customer behavior, sales trends, and revenue distribution.

CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.





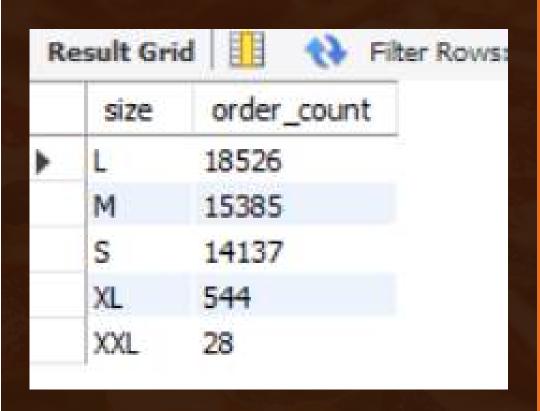
IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.





IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.

```
SELECT
    quantity, COUNT(order_details_id)
FROM
    order_details
GROUP BY quantity;
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
        JOIN
    order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```





LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
     BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

	name	quantity
>	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371

JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY ORDERED

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC;
```



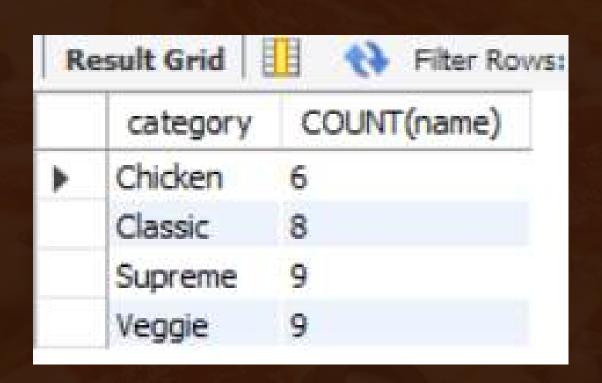
DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.

```
SELECT
   HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
   orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

	hour	order_count
>	11	1231
	12	2520
	13	2455
	14	1472
	15	1468
	16	1920
	17	2336
	18	2399
	19	2009
	20	1642
	21	1198
	22	663
	23	28
	10	8
	9	1

JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.

```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

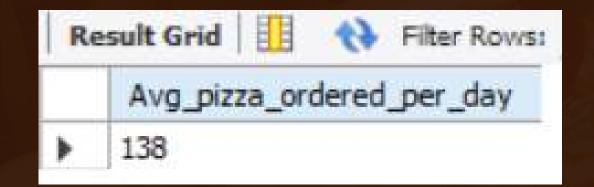




GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS Avg_pizza_ordered_per_day
FROM

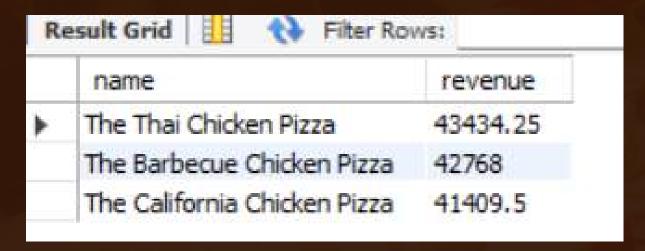
    (SELECT
          orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
          orders
          JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
          GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```





DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
   pizza_types
        JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
        JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```





CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.

```
SELECT pizza_types.category,
       ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) /
            (SELECT ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price), 2)
             FROM order details
             JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
            ) * 100, 2) AS revenue
FROM order_details
JOIN pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
JOIN pizza_types ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

Result Grid		# 64 E	
	category	revenue	
>	Classic	26.91	
	Supreme	25.46	
	Chicken	23,96	
	Veggie	23.68	

ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
SELECT order_date,
SUM(revenue) OVER(ORDER BY order_date) AS cum_revenue
FROM
(SELECT orders.order_date,
SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM order_details JOIN pizzas
ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
JOIN orders
ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS sales;
```

	order_date	cum_revenue
Þ	2015-01-01	2713.85000000000004
	2015-01-02	5445.75
	2015-01-03	8108.15
	2015-01-04	9863.6
	2015-01-05	11929.55
	2015-01-06	14358.5
	2015-01-07	16560.7
	2015-01-08	19399.05
	2015-01-09	21526.4
	2015-01-10	23990.350000000002
	2015-01-11	25862.65
	2015-01-12	27781.7
	2015-01-13	29831.300000000003
	2015-01-14	32358.700000000004
	2015-01-15	34343.500000000001
	2015-01-16	36937.65000000001
	2015-01-17	39001.75000000001

DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.

```
SELECT name, revenue FROM
(SELECT category, name, revenue,
RANK() OVER (PARTITION BY category ORDER BY revenue DESC) AS rn
FROM
(SELECT pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
SUM((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM pizza_types JOIN pizzas
ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
JOIN order_details
ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) AS a) AS b
WHERE rn <= 3;
```

	name	revenue
١	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5
	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75
	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25
	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75
	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5
	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265,70000000065
	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75
	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5

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THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION

October 02, 2025