Text Correlation with EMOJI

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Introduction

Problem statement

There are 2 parts to the problem statement of the project:

- Given a set of tweets, classify the tweets according to the emojis.
- 2. Given a sentence, check the sentiment analysis and insert appropriate emojis in sentence.

First Step: Preparing Dataset

Datasets Used

We used 3 different datasets in order to obtain accurate results.

- Scrapped twitter data and prepared an annotated dataset.
- 2. A pre-annotated dataset with relatively larger range of emojis (around 500K tweets). (Link)
- 3. A clean dataset with proper emoji annotations for sentences. (Link)

Problems: The need for multiple datasets?

- Preprocessing of data.
- 2. Manual annotations for scraped data (first).
- The first 2 datasets resulted required manual cleaning, resulted in a dirty dictionary/ bag of words.
- 4. The third dataset was relatively efficient and clean but was not scalable.

Emojis Analysed

Table of emojis, corresponding labels and the sentiment they portray.

| code | emoji | label |
|-----------------|---------|-------|
| :heart: | - | 0 |
| :baseball: | 0 | 1 |
| :smile: | <u></u> | 2 |
| :disappointed: | 69 | 3 |
| :fork_and_knife | - 11 | 4 |

```
red heart
              _smiling_face_with_hearteyes_
              face_with_tears_of_joy_
              two hearts
              fire
              smiling face with smiling eyes
              _smiling_face_with_sunglasses_
              sparkles
              blue heart
              face blowing a kiss
              _camera
              United States
              sun
              purple heart
              winking face
              hundred points
16
              beaming face with smiling eyes
              Christmas tree
18
              _camera_with_flash_
19
       winking face with tongue
```

Tweet Classification Based on Emojis

Approach

- 1. Preprocessing
- 2. Tokenization
- 3. Bag of words
- 4. Feature Vector Generation
- 5. Model Implementation
- 6. Training and Validation
- 7. Testing Models

Models Implemented

- 1. Decision Tree
- 2. Linear SVM Classifier
- 3. Logistic Regression Classifier
- 4. LSTM Classifier

Results

| MODEL | ACCURACY |
|--------------------------------|----------|
| Decision Tree | 20.7% |
| Linear SVM Classifier | 22% |
| Logistic Regression Classifier | 26.7% |
| LSTM Classifier | 38% |

EMOJI PREDICTION FOR A SENTENCE USING SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

Approach

- One-Hot Vector Creation
- Loading word embedding vectors
- 3. Model Creation
- 4. Training and Validation
- 5. Testing

Models Implemented

- 1. Iterative Model (non-neural net model)
- 2. LSTM Model

Results

• Iterative Model

Training Accuracy : 0.9587301587301588

o Test Accuracy: 0.8071428571428571

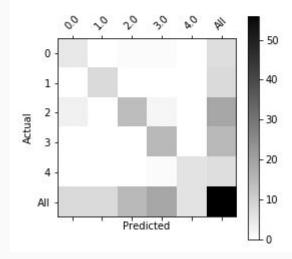
• LSTM Model

• Training Accuracy : 0.98 (approx)

Test Accuracy : 0.8171428571428571

Results for Iterative Model





References

The following research papers have been used:

- 1. Emoji Prediction in Tweets (Alison P. Ribeiro, N´adia F. F. da Silva)
- 2. <u>Multimodal Emoji Prediction</u> (Francesco Barbieri, Miguel Ballesteros, Francesco Ronzano, Horacio Saggion)

Questions?

THANK YOU:))