Merge Sort

- divide and conquer

- recursion

```
#include<stdio.h>
void merge sort(int *arr, int low, int high);
void merge(int *arr, int low, int mid, int high);
int main()
{
     int n;
     scanf("%d",&n);
     int a[n];
     for(int i=0; i< n; i++)
     {
          scanf("%d",&a[i]);
     }
     merge sort(a,0,n-1);
     for(int i=0; i < n; i++)
          printf("%d ",a[i]);
     }
void merge_sort(int *arr, int low, int high)
 int mid = (high + low) / 2;
 if(low >= high)
    return;
 merge_sort(arr, low, mid);
 merge_sort(arr, mid+1, high);
 merge(arr,low,mid,high);
void merge(int *arr, int low, int mid, int high)
  int i,j,k,temp[high - low + 1];
  i = low;
  j = mid+1;
  k = 0;
  while((i \le mid) && (j \le high))
```

 $if(arr[i] \le arr[j])$

```
temp[k] = arr[i];
    i++;
}
else
{
    temp[k] = arr[j];
    j++;
}
k++;
}

for(/*value of i will be same as of above*/; i <= mid; i++,k++)
{
    temp[k] = arr[i];
}
for(/*value of j will be same as of above*/; j <= high; j++,k++)
{
    temp[k] = arr[j];
}
for(k=0; k<=(high-low); k++)
{
    arr[low+k] = temp[k];
}</pre>
```