CS245: Databases SQL

Vijaya saradhi

Department of Computer Science and Engineering Indian Institute of Technology Guwahati

Primary key vs temporal key

Example Schema

- eid and pcn stand for primary key
- Only in the absence of timed attributes
- start_date and end_date are included in the relation
- No employee can have a particular position twice at the same time.
- eid, pcn, start_date, end_date not a primary key

eid	pcn	start_date	end_date
123	900225	01-Jan-1996	01-June-1996
123	900225	01-Apr-1996	01-Oct-1996

Primary key vs temporal key

```
CREATE TABLE Incumbents ( eid INT, pcn INT, start_date date,
        end_date date,
        CHECK(
                NOT EXISTS (
                         SELECT
                        FROM
                                 Incumbents as I1
                        WHERE
                                 1 <
                         (SELECT COUNT(eid)
                         FROM
                                 Incumbents as I2
                         WHERE I1 . eid = 12 . eid
                         AND
                                 I1.pcn = I2.pcn
                         AND
                                 I1.start_date < I2.end_date
                         AND
                                 I2.start_date < I1.end_date)
                AND NOT EXISTS (
                         SELECT *
                        FROM
                                 Incumbents AS I1
                                 I1.eid is null OR I1.pcn is null
                        WHERE
```

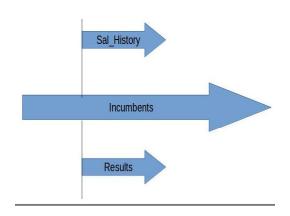
Example queries involving time

Query involving time

Provide the salary and position history of all employees

Salary history is in Sal_History table.

Position is in Incumbents table.

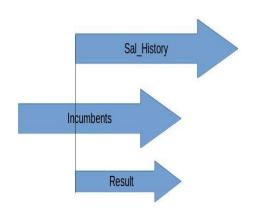


SELECT eid, amount, pcn, SH.start_date, SH.end_date

FROM Sal-History AS SH
JOIN Incumbents AS I
ON SH.eid = I.eid

WHERE I.start_date <= SH.start_date

AND SH.end_date <= I.end_date

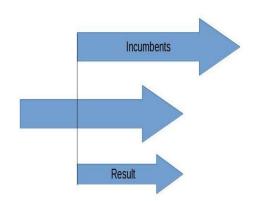


SELECT eid, amount, pcn, SH.start_date, I.end_date

FROM Sal-History AS SH
JOIN Incumbents AS I
ON SH.eid = I.eid

WHERE SH.start_date >= I.start_date

AND I.end_date <= SH.end_date AND SH.start_date <= I.end_date



SELECT eid, amount, pcn, I.start_date, SH.end_date

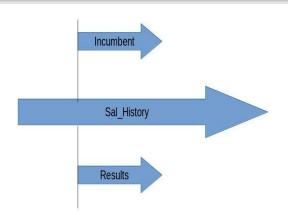
FROM Sal_History AS SH

JOIN Incumbents AS I

ON SH. eid = I. eid

WHERE I.start_date > SH.start_date

AND SH and date <- I and date



SELECT eid, amount, pcn, I.start_date, I.end_date

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FROM Sal_History AS SH

JOIN Incumbents **AS** I

ON SH. eid = I. eid

WHERE I.start_date > SH.start_date

AND I and date <- SH and date

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Full query

JOIN

ON

Incumbents AS I

SH.eid = I.eid

```
Provide the salary and position history of all employees
SELECT
        eid, amount, pcn, SH.start_date, SH.end_date
FROM
        Sal_History AS SH
JOIN
        Incumbents AS I
ON
        SH.eid = I.eid
        I.start_date <= SH.start_date
WHERE
AND
        SH.end_date \le I.end_date
    UNION
SELECT
        eid, amount, pcn, SH.start_date, I.end_date
FROM
        Sal_History AS SH
JOIN
        Incumbents AS I
ON
        SH.eid = I.eid
        SH.start_date >= I.start_date
WHERE
AND
        I.end_date <= SH.end_date
AND
        SH.start_date <= I.end_date
    UNION
SELECT
        eid, amount, pcn, I.start_date, SH.end_date
FROM
        Sal_History AS SH
JOIN
        Incumbents AS I
ON
        SH.eid = I.eid
WHERE
        I.start_date > SH.start_date
        SH.end_date <= I.end_date
AND
AND
        I.start_date < SH.end_date
    UNION
SELECT
        eid, amount, pcn, I.start_date, I.end_date
FROM
        Sal_History AS SH
```