

Lab Assignment 4

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1

1.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
int main()
{
    srand(time(NULL));
    printf("\n\n\n");
    unsigned long int a, i, _1 = 0, _2 = 0, _3 = 0, _4 = 0, _5 = 0, _6 = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < 600000; i++)
    {
        a = (rand() % 6) + 1;
        switch (a)
        {
            case 1:
                _1++;
                break;
            case 2:
                _2++;
                break;
            case 3:
                _3++;
                break;
            case 4:
                _4++;
                break;
            case 5:
                _5++;
                break;
            case 6:
                _6++;
                break;
            default:
                break;
        }
    }
    printf("\nNo. of times each number was counted: ");
    printf("\n 1: %ld", _1);
    printf("\n 2: %ld", _2);
    printf("\n 3: %ld", _3);
    printf("\n 4: %ld", _4);
    printf("\n 5: %ld", _5);
    printf("\n 6: %ld", _6);
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

1.2 Output

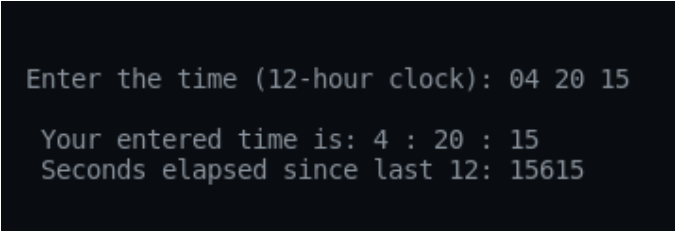
```
No. of times each number was counted:  
1: 100052  
2: 100231  
3: 99300  
4: 99874  
5: 100284  
6: 100259
```

2

2.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
int return_sec(int h, int m, int s)
{
    int sec;
    if (s > 60)
    {
        m = m + (s / 60);
        s = s % 60;
    }
    if (m > 60)
    {
        h = h + (m / 60);
        m = m % 60;
    }
    if (h > 12)
        h = h % 12;
    printf("\n Your entered time is: %d : %d : %d", h, m, s);
    sec = (h * 3600) + (m * 60) + s;
    return sec;
}
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    int h, m, s, sec;
    printf("Enter the time (12-hour clock): ");
    scanf("%d%d%d", &h, &m, &s);
    sec = return_sec(h, m, s);
    printf("\n Seconds elapsed since last 12: %d", sec);
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

2.2 Output

A screenshot of a terminal window with a dark background. It shows the output of the program when the input is 04 20 15. The output consists of three lines: the input prompt and values, the time in seconds, and the total seconds elapsed since the last 12 o'clock.

```
Enter the time (12-hour clock): 04 20 15
Your entered time is: 4 : 20 : 15
Seconds elapsed since last 12: 15615
```

3

3.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
int i = 1, a = 0, b = 1, c;
void fibanocci(int a, int b, int n)
{
    if (i == 1)
    {
        printf("%d %d ", a, b);
        i = 3;
    }
    else
    {
        c = a + b;
        printf("%d ", c);
        ++i;
        a = b;
        b = c;
    }
    if (i <= n)
        fibanocci(a, b, n);
}
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    fibanocci(a, b, 9);
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

3.2 Output



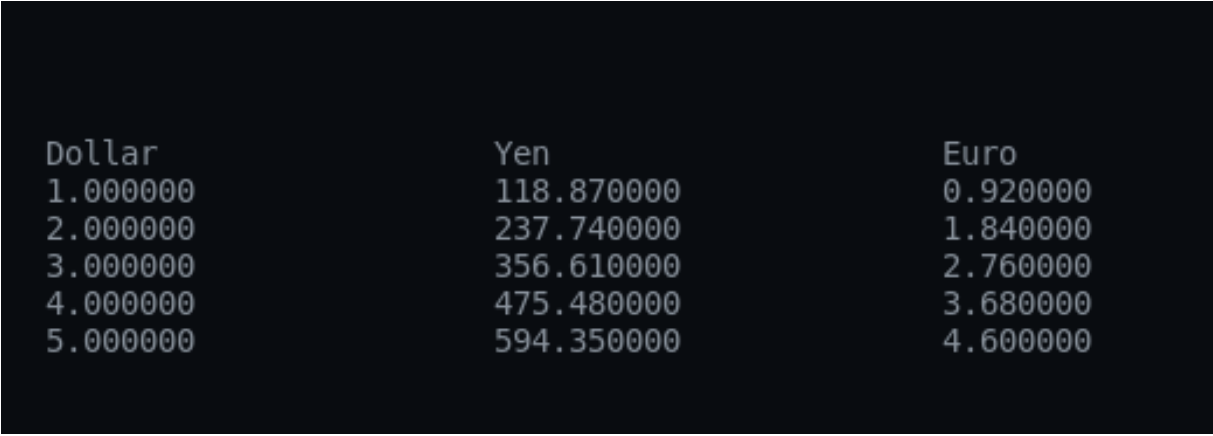
```
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21
```

4

4.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
double toYen(double us_dollar)
{
    return us_dollar * 118.87;
}
double toEuro(double us_dollar)
{
    return us_dollar * 0.92;
}
void chart(double dollar[5])
{
    printf("\n Dollar \t\t Yen \t\t\t Euro");
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
        printf("\n %lf \t\t %lf \t\t %lf", dollar[i], toYen(dollar[i]), toEuro(dollar[i]))
}
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    double dol[] = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5};
    chart(dol);
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

4.2 Output



Dollar	Yen	Euro
1.000000	118.870000	0.920000
2.000000	237.740000	1.840000
3.000000	356.610000	2.760000
4.000000	475.480000	3.680000
5.000000	594.350000	4.600000

5

5.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
int flip()
{
    int a = (rand() % 2);
    return a;
}
int main()
{
    srand(time(NULL));
    printf("\n\n\n");
    int a, i, h = 0, t = 0;
    for (i = 0; i < 100; i++)
    {
        a = flip();
        if (a == 0)
            printf(" Heads ");
        else if (a == 1)
            printf(" Tails ");
        switch (a)
        {
            case 0:
                t++;
                break;
            case 1:
                h++;
                break;
            default:
                break;
        }
    }
    printf("\n No. of times tails: %d", t);
    printf("\n No. of times heads: %d", h);
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

5.2 Output

```

Heads Heads Heads Heads Heads Tails Heads Tails Heads Heads Heads Tails Tails T
ails Heads Tails Heads Tails Heads Heads Heads Tails Heads Tails Heads Tails Hea
ds Tails Heads Tails Tails Heads Tails Heads Heads Heads Tails Heads Tails Tails
Heads Tails Tails Tails Heads Tails Heads Tails Heads Tails Tails Heads Heads
Tails Tails Tails Tails Tails Heads Tails Heads Heads Tails Heads Heads Tails He
ads Tails Tails Tails Tails Tails Tails Tails Heads Heads Tails Tails Tails Heads Tail
s Heads Tails Heads Heads Tails Tails Tails Heads Tails Heads Tails Tails Heads
Heads Tails Heads Tails Tails Tails Heads
No. of times tails: 47
No. of times heads: 53

```

6

6.1 Code

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    int a, num;
    char c, temp;
    start:
    num = (rand() % 1000) + 1;
    printf("\nI have a number between 1 and 1000");
    printf("\nCan you guess my number?");
    printf("\nPlease type your first guess: ");
    do
    {
        printf("\n a: ");
        scanf("%d", &a);
        if (a > num)
            printf("Too High. Try Again");
        else if (a < num)
            printf("Too Low. Try Again");
        else
            printf("Excellent! You guessed the number!");
    } while (a != num);
    scanf("%c", &temp);
    printf("\nWould you like to play again (y or n)?");
    scanf("%c", &c);
    if (c == 'y' || c == 'Y')
        goto start;
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}

```


6.2 Output

```
I have a number between 1 and 1000
Can you guess my number?
Please type your first guess:
  a: 200
Too Low. Try Again
  a: 400
Too High. Try Again
  a: 350
Too Low. Try Again
  a: 380
Too Low. Try Again
  a: 385
Too High. Try Again
  a: 384
Excellent! You guessed the number!
Would you like to play again (y or n)?n
```

7

7.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
double roundToInteger(double a)
{
    double b;
    b = (int)(a + 0.5);
    return b;
}
double roundToTenths(double a)
{
    double b;
    b = (int)((a + 5) / 10);
    b *= 10;
    return b;
}
double roundToHundreds(double a)
{
    double b;
    b = (int)((a + 50) / 100);
    b *= 100;
    return b;
}
double roundToThousands(double a)
{
    double b;
    b = (int)((a + 500) / 1000);
    b *= 1000;
    return b;
}
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    double x;
    printf("Enter a decimal number: ");
    scanf("%lf", &x);
    printf("\n Rounded off to nearest integer: %f", roundToInteger(x));
    printf("\n Rounded off to nearest tenths: %f", roundToTenths(x));
    printf("\n Rounded off to nearest hundreds: %f", roundToHundreds(x));
    printf("\n Rounded off to nearest thousands: %f", roundToThousands(x));
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

7.2 Output

```
Enter a decimal number: 7549.24
```

```
Rounded off to nearest integer: 7549.000000
```

```
Rounded off to nearest tenths: 7550.000000
```

```
Rounded off to nearest hundereds: 7500.000000
```

```
Rounded off to nearest thousands: 8000.000000
```

8

8.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
void swap(int *x, int *y, int *z)
{
    int t;
    t = *x;
    *x = *z;
    *z = *y;
    *y = t;
}
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    int a = 1, b = 2, c = 3, t;
    printf("\n Before swapping: ");
    printf("\n a: %d b: %d c: %d", a, b, c);
    swap(&a, &b, &c);
    printf("\n After swapping: ");
    printf("\n a: %d b: %d c: %d", a, b, c);
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

8.2 Output

```
Before swapping:  
a: 1 b: 2 c: 3  
After swapping:  
a: 3 b: 1 c: 2
```

9

9.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
float distance(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2)
{
    return sqrt((pow((x2 - x1), 2)) + (pow((y2 - y1), 2)));
}
float area(float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, float x3, float y3)
{
    float a, b, c, s;
    a = distance(x1, y1, x2, y2);
    b = distance(x2, y2, x3, y3);
    c = distance(x3, y3, x1, y1);
    s = (a + b + c) / 2;
    return sqrt(s * (s - a) * (s - b) * (s - c));
}
int check(float x, float y, float x1, float y1, float x2, float y2, float x3, float y3)
{
    float area_PAB = area(x, y, x1, y1, x2, y2);
    float area_PBC = area(x, y, x2, y2, x3, y3);
    float area_PCA = area(x, y, x3, y3, x1, y1);
    float tot = area_PAB + area_PBC + area_PCA;
    float area_ABC = area(x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3);
    if ((int)tot == (int)(area_ABC))
        return 1;
    else
        return 0;
}
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    float x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3, x, y;
    printf("Enter the coordiantes of triangle: \n");
    printf(" x1: ");
    scanf("%f", &x1);
    printf(" y1: ");
    scanf("%f", &y1);
    printf(" x2: ");
    scanf("%f", &x2);
    printf(" y2: ");
    scanf("%f", &y2);
    printf(" x3: ");
    scanf("%f", &x3);
    printf(" y3: ");
    scanf("%f", &y3);
    printf("Enter the coordinates of point to be checked: \n");
    printf(" x: ");
```

```

scanf("%f", &x);
printf(" y: ");
scanf("%f", &y);
if (check(x, y, x1, y1, x2, y2, x3, y3))
    printf("Yes P lies inside triangle ABC");
else
    printf("No P does not lies inside triangle ABC");
printf("\n\n\n");
return 0;
}

```

9.2 Output

```

Enter the coordiantes of triangle:
x1: 0
y1: 0
x2: 0
y2: 3
x3: 4
y3: 0
Enter the coordinates of point to be checked:
x: 1
y: 1
Yes P lies inside triangle ABC

```

10

10.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
void design_rect(int l, int b)
{
    int i, j;
    for (i = 1; i <= b; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= l; ++j)
        {
            if (i == 1 || i == b)
                printf("*");
            else
            {
                if (j == 1 || j == l)
                    printf("!");
                else
                    printf(" ");
            }
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    design_rect(8, 5);
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

10.2 Output



11

11.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "fact.h"
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    printf("Facorial of 5 is %d", factorial(5));
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

11.2 Output



Facorial of 5 is 120

12

12.1 Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int factorial(int n)
{
    if (n == 1 || n == 0)
        return 1;
    else
        return n * factorial(n - 1);
}
double series(int n)
{
    double s = 0;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        s += pow(i, i) / factorial(i);
    }
    return s;
}
int main()
{
    printf("\n\n\n");
    printf("The answer to the required series is: %lf", series(3));
    printf("\n\n\n");
    return 0;
}
```

12.2 Output

The answer to the required series is: 7.500000