LAB 4

```
akshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % minikube start

minikube v1.33.1 on Darwin 14.5 (arm64)
Using the docker driver based on existing profile

$ Starting "minikube" primary control-plane node in "minikube" cluster

Pulling base image v2.0 at contained for "minikube" ...

Preparing Kubernetes v1.30.6 on Docker 26.11...

Verifying Kubernetes components...

• Using image docker.io/kubernetesul/dashboard:v2.7.0

• Using image docker.io/kubernetesul/metrics-scrapervil.0.8

Some dashboard features require the metrics-server addn. To enable all features please run:

minikube addons: default-storageclass, storage-provisioner, dashboard

$ Doneik kubectl is now configured to use "minikube" cluster and "default" namespace by default

### Ashboard features require the metrics-server

Enabled addons: default-storageclass, storage-provisioner, dashboard

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### Ashboard features require the metrics-server addn.

### Enabled addons: default-storageclass, storageclass, storagecla
```

```
apiVersion: VI
kinds PersistentVolumeClaim
name: ethereum—pvcL
spec:
- ReadWriteOnce
resources:
- ReadWriteOnce
resources:
- ReadWriteOnce
resources:
res
```

```
kind: ReplicaSet
metadata:
name: ethereum-frontend1
spec:
replicaS: 2
selector:
matchizels:
matchizels:
thereum-frontend
template:
metadata:
labels:
app: ethereum-frontend
spec:
replicase: app: ethereum-frontend
spec:
- canci frontend
- image: my-frontend-image: latest
ports:
- containerPort: 88

EOF

replicaset.apps/ethereum-frontend1 created
akshatsrivastavagAkshats-Air label % # Service for Ethereum Nodes
kubectl create -f - <EOF
appl/Persion: v1
kind; Service
- mame: ethereum-service1
spec:
spec
```

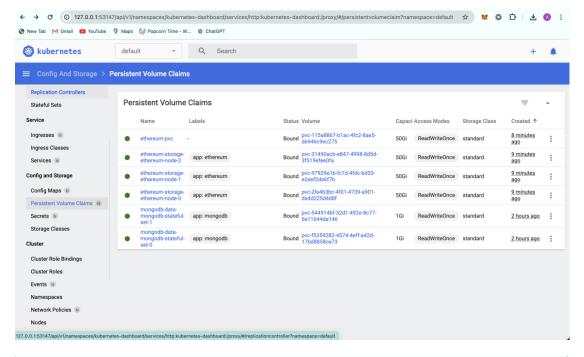
```
e akshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % kubectl create -f - <EOF
apiVersion: autoscaling/v2
kind: MorizontalPoduNoscaler
metadata:
spec:
spec:
spec:
apiVersion: appsy/1
kind: ReplicaSet
name: ethereum-frontend
amakeplicas: 10
metrics:
- type: Resource
resource:
name: cpu
type: Utilization
averageUtilization: 50
EOF
horizontalpodautoscaler.autoscaling/frontend-hpa1 created
- akshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % kubectl create secret generic ethereum-secret —from-literal=private-key=cbase64-encoded-private-key>
zsh: parse error near '\n'
- akshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % kubectl create secret generic ethereum-secret —from-literal=private-key=cbase64-encoded-private-key>
zsh: parse error near '\n'
- akshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % kubectl create secret generic ethereum-secret —from-literal=private-key=cbase64-encoded-private-key>
zsh: parse error near '\n'
- akshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % kubectl create secret generic ethereum-secret —from-literal=private-key=bXktc2VjcmV@LXByaXZhdGUta2V5
error: failed to create secret secrets "ethereum-secret" already exists
- akshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % kubectl create secret generic ethereum-secret1 —from-literal=private-key=bXktc2VjcmV@LXByaXZhdGUta2V5
- secret2/ethereum-secret1 created
- sekshatsrivastava@Akshats-Air Lab4 % kubectl create secret generic ethereum-secret1 —from-literal=private-key=bXktc2VjcmV@LXByaXZhdGUta2V5
- secret2/ethereum-secret1 created
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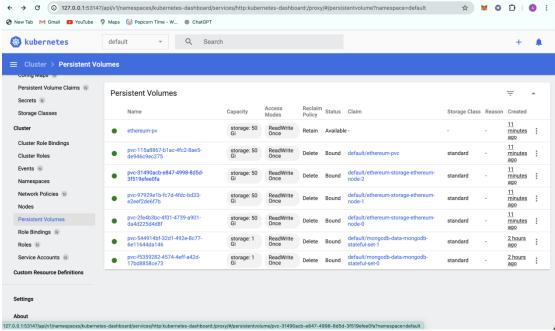
```
kubectl create -f - <EOF
apiVersion: rbac.authorization.k8s.io/v1
kind: RoleBinding
metadata:
name: ethereum-olebinding1
subjects:
- kind: User
name: ethereum-user
apiGroup: rbac.authorization.k8s.io
zsh: command not found: #
role.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ethereum-rolel created
rolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/ethereum-rolebinding1 created
akshatsrivastava@kAshsts-Air Lab4 * minkube dashboard

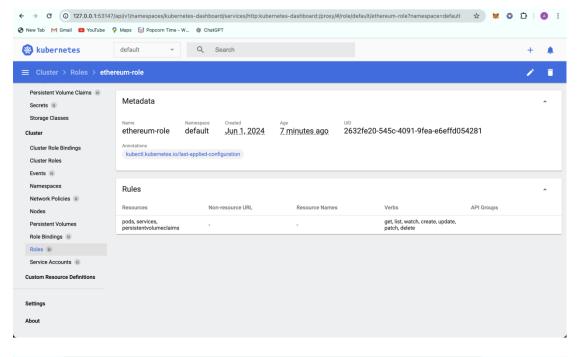
✔ Verifying dashboard health ...
✔ Launching proxy ...
✔ Verifying proxy health ...
✔ Opening http://127.0.0.1:49707/api/v1/namespaces/kubernetes-dashboard/services/http:kubernetes-dashboard:/proxy/ in your default browser...

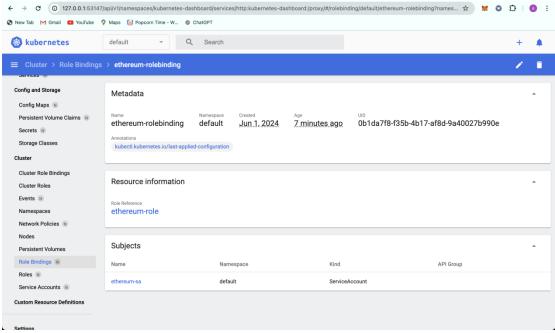
↑ Dening http://127.0.0.1:49707/api/v1/namespaces/kubernetes-dashboard/services/http:kubernetes-dashboard:/proxy/ in your default browser...
```

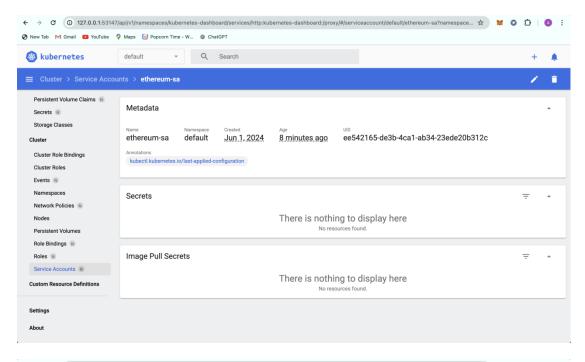
Minikube Dashboard

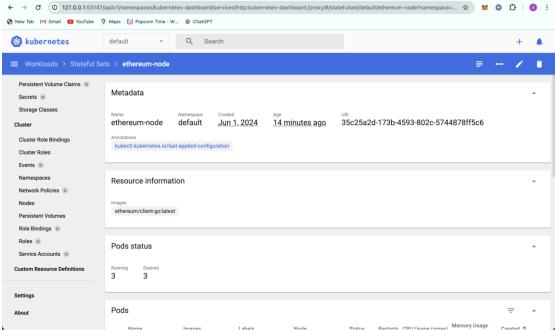


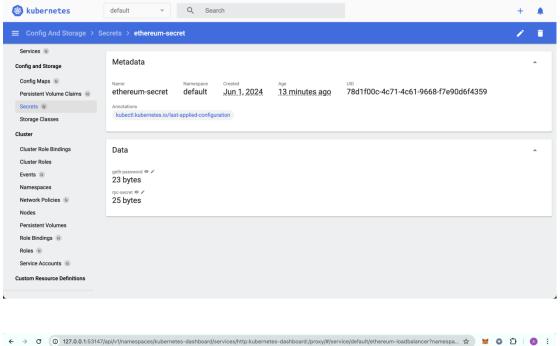


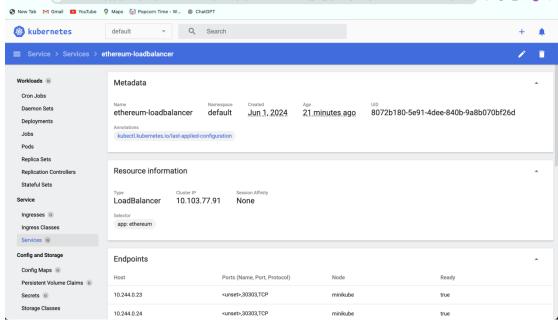












Design Rationals

 Ethereum nodes need persistent storage to maintain the blockchain state, making StatefulSets the appropriate choice. ReplicaSets can be used for auxiliary services if needed.

- Persistent storage is critical for maintaining blockchain data integrity.
 Using PV and PVC with StatefulSets ensures that each Ethereum node retains its data even if the pod is rescheduled.
- HPA ensures that the application can handle varying loads by scaling the number of pods. This is particularly useful for handling high transaction volumes. Cluster Autoscaler complements this by ensuring sufficient node capacity.
- Using a LoadBalancer service ensures efficient distribution of traffic among Ethereum nodes, improving availability and performance. The Ingress Controller facilitates managing access to different services under a single IP.
- Managing secrets securely is crucial for the security of the Ethereum network. Kubernetes Secrets allow for encrypted storage and controlled access.
- RBAC and Service Accounts enhance security by ensuring that each component and user has the necessary permissions without overprovisioning access.