Data modeling and table properties

DATA MODELING IN POWER BI

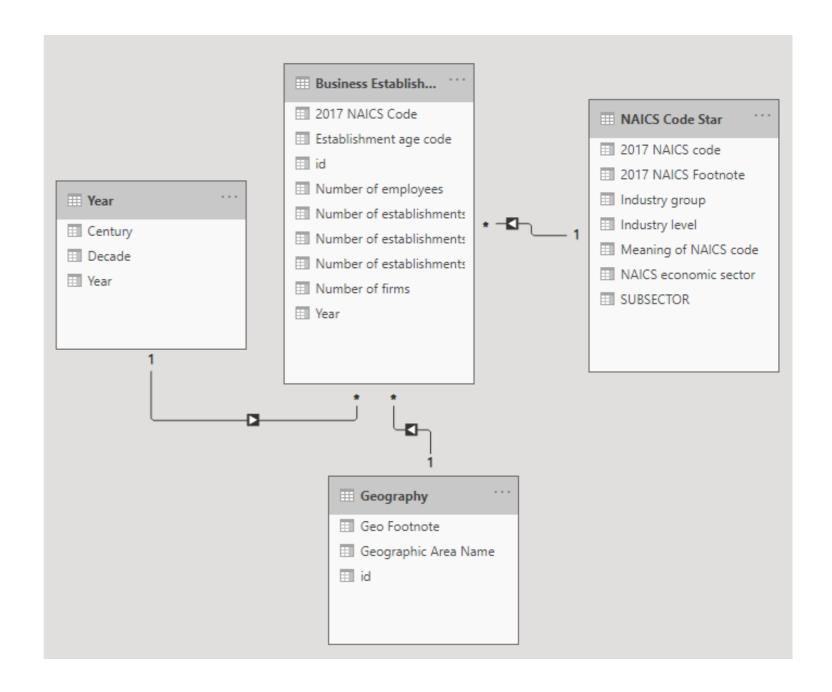


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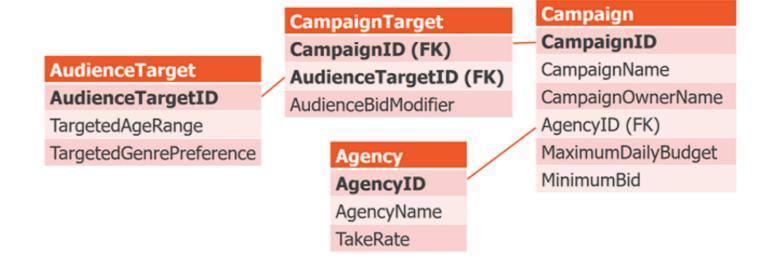
What is a data model?

- Conceptual view of data elements
- Typically a visual representation
- Data models include:
 - Tables
 - Columns
 - Relationships between tables
 - Data types
 - Keys



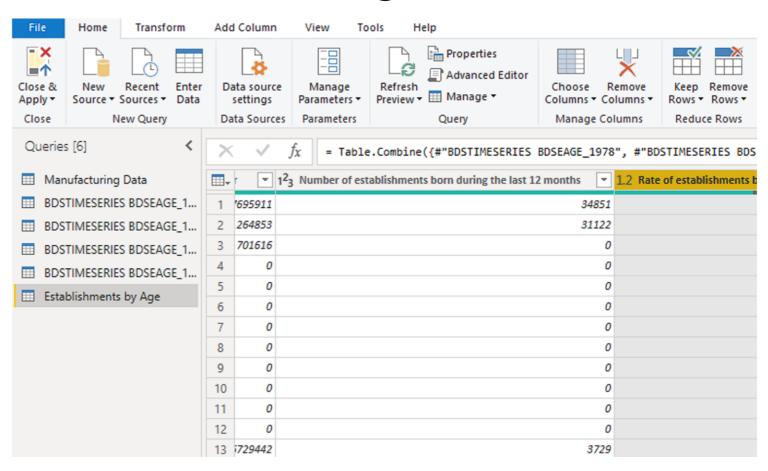
Data modeling

- The process of creating a data model
- Why model data?
 - \circ Data \neq perfect
 - Reshape data for analysis
 - Compress data usage
 - Easier to understand model



Data modeling in Power BI & Power Query

- Power Query is the data preparation tool of different Microsoft products, including Power Bl
- Main goals:
 - Manage queries
 - Data modeling
- Data modeling: 80% in Power Query, 20% in Power BI



Columns and row management

Operation

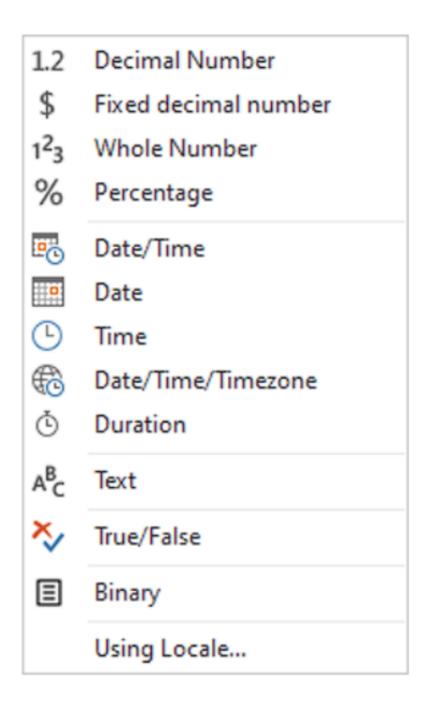
- Keep or remove specific columns
- Keep or remove specific rows
- Split a single column in multiple columns
- Summarize/group rows in a table by the contents of a column

Example

- Remove empty column
- Keep top row as header
- DD/MM/YYYY column split in DD, MM, YYYY columns
- Sum or median of all rows

Data types

- Choosing the right data type is essential:
 - Constrain data to a specific shape
 - Optimize storage
 - Enable specific functionality
- Power Query infers data type on first few hundred rows



Rounding

Power Query

- Actually changes the data, not just formatting
- Typically not the right answer

Round

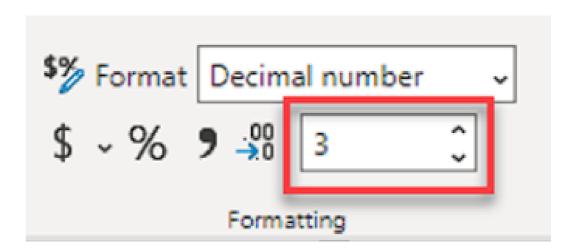
Specify how many decimal places to round to.

Decimal Places

2

Power BI

- Changes how the data appears, not how it's stored
- Generally a better answer than rounding in Power BI



The dataset

- United States Census Bureau survey data of manufacturers
- Summary statistics for manufacturing firms
- North American Industry Classification System (NAICS)





Let's practice!

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Load and transform data

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Shaping tables

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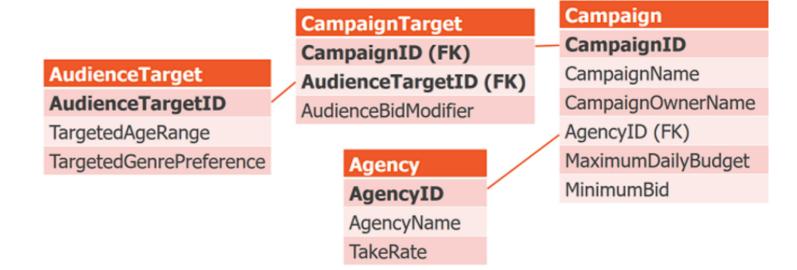


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Database normalization

- A set of logical rules and processes to follow for data modeling
- Organizing a database
- Goals of normalization
 - Remove redundant data
 - Achieve a design which is a good representation of the real world
- Tables are connected through relationships in Power Bl

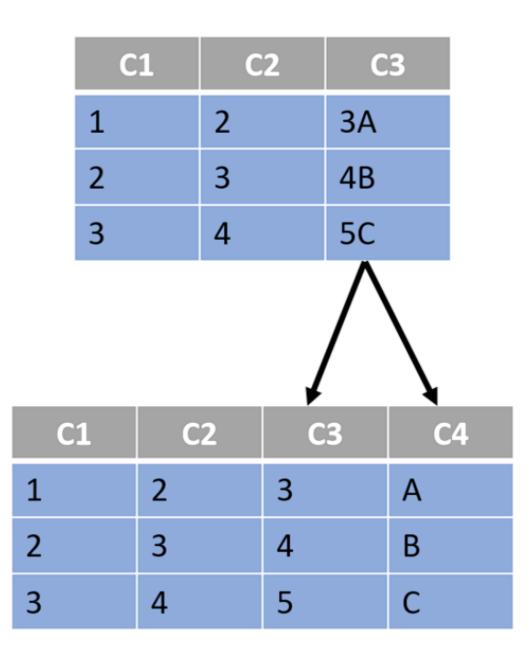


Data shaping in Power Query

- Power Query includes several data shaping operations to get closer to a normalized data model.
- Key techniques:
 - 1. Column splitting
 - 2. Column extraction
 - 3. Query appending
 - 4. Query merging
- There are additional techniques as well!

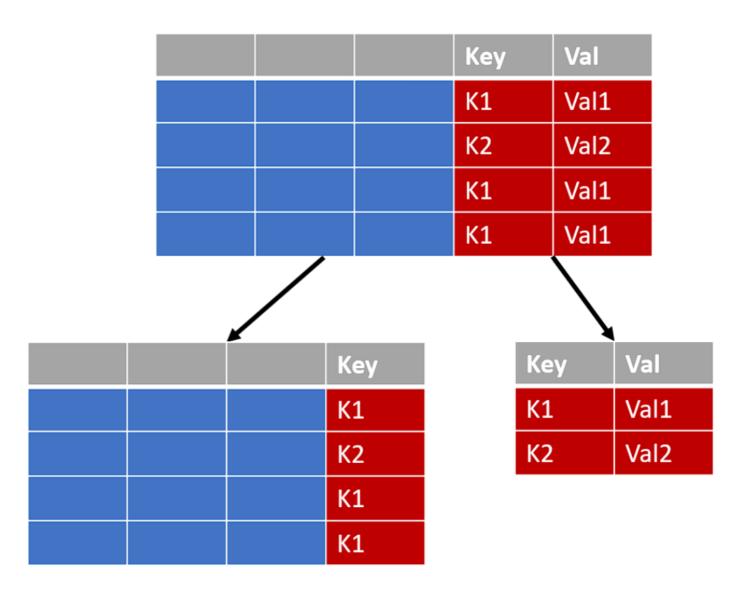
1. Column splitting

- Break out one column into multiple columns
- Split criteria
 - Delimiter
 - Number of characters
 - Position in string
 - Lower vs. upper casing
 - Digit vs. non-digit



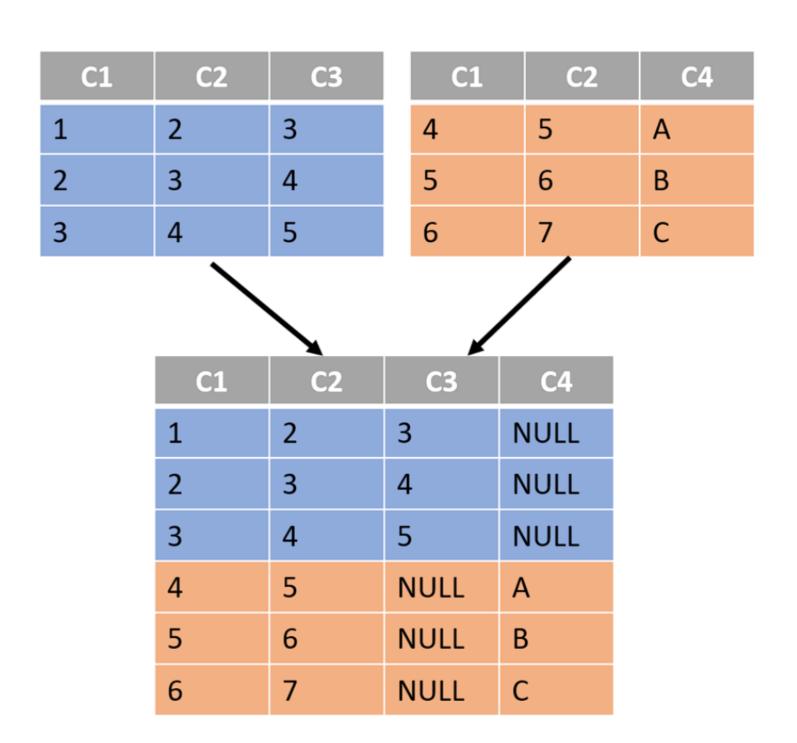
2. Column extraction

- Take columns from one table and break them out into another table
- Keep a key on the original table to know which values fit together
- Result: keep distinct rows, shrinking total data model size and reducing redundancy



3. Query appending

- Combine contents of two or more tables into a single table
- Match rows based on column names, adding NULL for missing columns
- Equivalent to a UNION ALL statement in SQL



4. Query merging

- Join together two existing tables based on values from one or more columns¹
- Types of joins:
 - Inner join
 - Left outer join
 - Right outer join
 - Full outer join

| ColA | ColB | ColC | Key |
|------|------|------|-----|
| | | | K1 |
| | | | K2 |
| | | | K1 |
| | | | K4 |

| Key | Val |
|-----|------|
| K1 | Val1 |
| K2 | Val2 |
| К3 | Val3 |

| Inner Join | | | |
|------------|-----|------|--|
| ColAColC | Key | Val | |
| | K1 | Val1 | |
| | K2 | Val2 | |
| | K1 | Val1 | |

| (Left) Outer Join | | |
|-------------------|-----|------|
| ColAColC | Key | Val |
| | K1 | Val1 |
| | К2 | Val2 |
| | K1 | Val1 |
| | K4 | null |

(Loft) Outer Join

| ran oater som | | | |
|---------------|-----|------|--|
| ColAColC | Key | Val | |
| | K1 | Val1 | |
| | K2 | Val2 | |
| | K1 | Val1 | |
| | K4 | null | |
| null | К3 | Val3 | |

Full Outer Join

¹ This won't be covered in the exercises; check other DataCamp courses on joining tables for more detail



Let's practice!

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Merging and appending queries

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Let's practice!

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