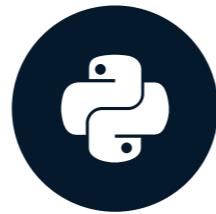


Intro to AWS and Boto3

INTRODUCTION TO AWS BOTO IN PYTHON



Maksim Pecherskiy

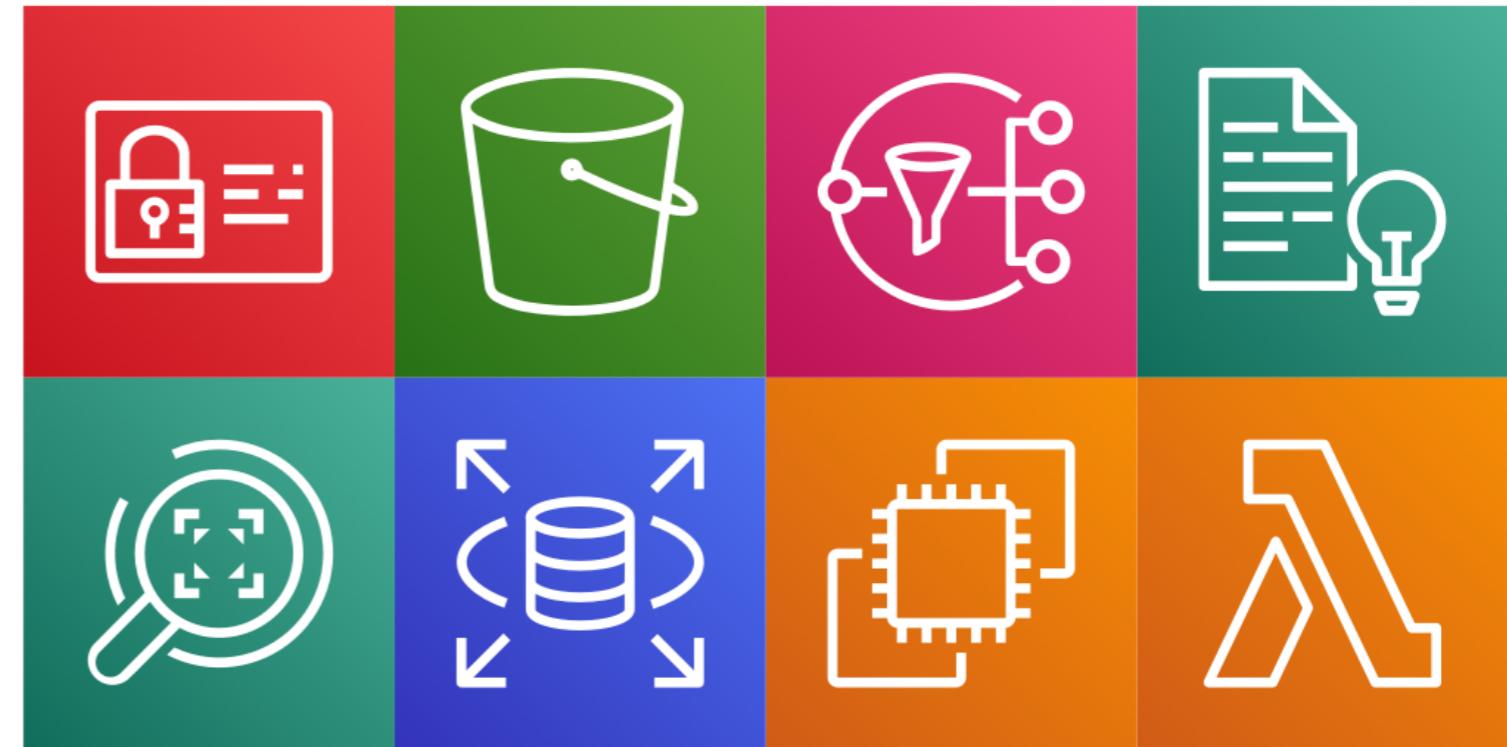
Data Engineer

What is Amazon Web Services?

Our Home



Our Data Project



What is Boto3?

```
import boto3
```

```
s3 = boto3.client('s3',  
                  region_name='us-east-1',  
                  aws_access_key_id=AWS_KEY_ID,  
                  aws_secret_access_key=AWS_SECRET)
```

```
response = s3.list_buckets()
```

AWS console

AWS Management Console

AWS services

Find Services
You can enter names, keywords or acronyms.

Example: Relational Database Service, database, RDS

▼ Recently visited services

AWS Cost Explorer Systems Manager AWS Cloud Map
 Billing EC2

▶ All services

Build a solution
Get started with simple wizards and automated workflows.

Launch a virtual machine
With EC2
2-3 minutes

Build a web app
With Elastic Beanstalk
6 minutes

Build using virtual servers
With Lightsail
1-2 minutes

Access resources on the go

Access the Management Console using the AWS Console Mobile App. [Learn more](#)

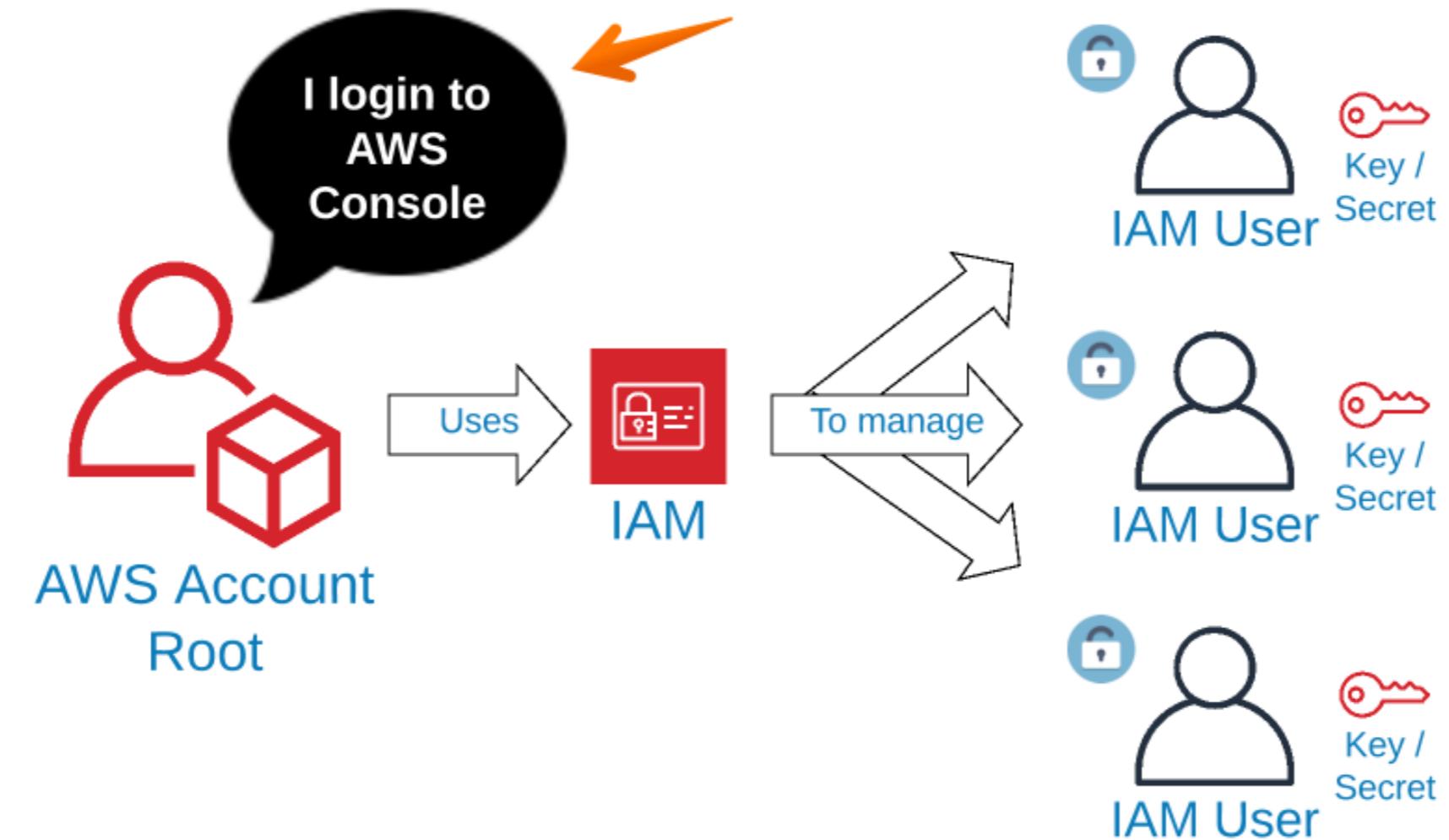
Explore AWS

Visit AWS around the world at a Summit
AWS Global Summits bring the cloud computing community together to connect, collaborate, and learn about AWS. [Learn more](#)

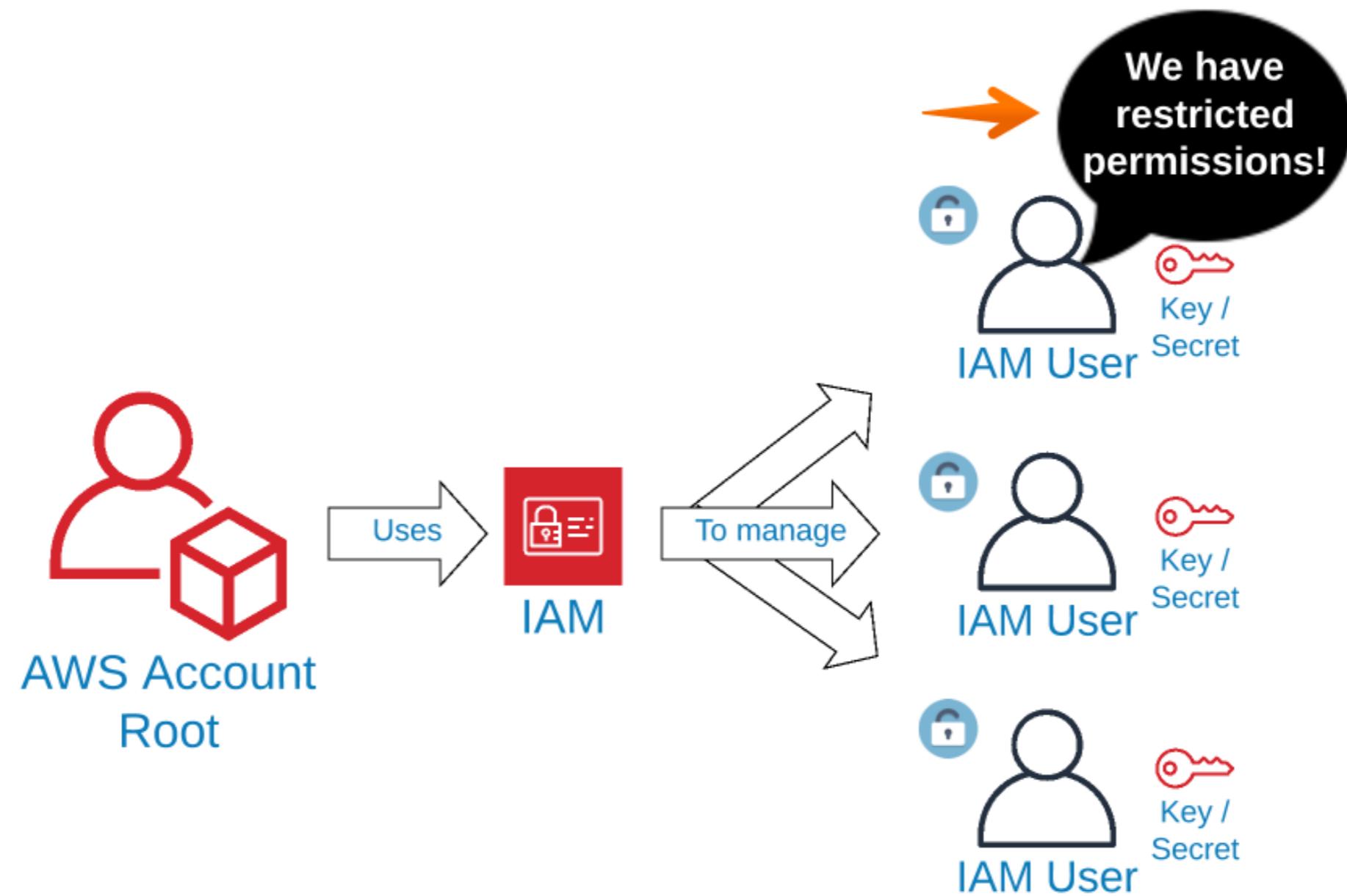
Amazon SageMaker
Machine learning for every developer and data scientist. [Learn more](#)

Amazon RDS
Set up, operate, and scale your relational database in the cloud. [Learn more](#)

Creating keys with IAM.



Creating keys with IAM



AWS Management Console

AWS services

Find Services

You can enter names, keywords or acronyms.

 Example: Relational Database Service, database, RDS

▼ Recently visited services



IAM

► All services

Build a solution

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Explore AWS

Amazon RDS

Set up, operate, and scale your relational database in the cloud. [Learn more](#)

Run Serverless Containers with AWS Fargate

AWS Fargate runs and scales your containers without having to manage servers or clusters. [Learn more](#)

Amazon SageMaker

Machine learning for every developer and data scientist. [Learn more](#)



Services ▾

Resource Groups ▾



Search IAM

Dashboard

Groups

Users

Roles

Policies

Identity providers

Account settings

Credential report

Encryption keys

Welcome to Identity and Access Management

IAM users sign-in link:

<https://320333787981.signin.aws.amazon.com/console>

| Customize

IAM Resources

Users: 2

Roles: 2

Groups: 0

Identity Providers: 0

[Customer Managed Policies: 0](#)

Security Status

2 out of 5 complete.

- Delete your root access keys
- Activate MFA on your root account
- Create individual IAM users
- Use groups to assign permissions
- Apply an IAM password policy



Services ▾

Resource Groups ▾



Search IAM

Add user

Delete user

Dashboard

Groups

Users

Roles

Policies

Identity providers

Account settings

Credential report

Find users by username or access key

User name ▾

 datacampDemoUser

Groups

None

 datacampUser1

None

Add user

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

Set user details

You can add multiple users at once with the same access type and permissions. [Learn more](#)

User name*

This field is required.

 [Add another user](#)

Select AWS access type

Select how these users will access AWS. Access keys and autogenerated passwords are provided in the last step. [Learn more](#)

Access type*

Programmatic access

Enables an **access key ID** and **secret access key** for the AWS API, CLI, SDK, and other development tools.

AWS Management Console access

Enables a **password** that allows users to sign-in to the AWS Management Console.

Add user

1

2

3

4

5

▼ Set permissions



Add user to group



Copy permissions from
existing user



Attach existing policies
directly 



Get started with groups

You haven't created any groups yet. Using groups is a best-practice way to manage users' permissions by job functions, AWS service access, or your custom permissions. Get started by creating a group. [Learn more](#)

Create group

▶ Set permissions boundary

User details

User name datacampDemoUser2

AWS access type Programmatic access - with an access key

Permissions boundary Permissions boundary is not set

Permissions summary

The following policies will be attached to the user shown above.

Type	Name
Managed policy	AmazonS3FullAccess
Managed policy	AmazonSNSFullAccess
Managed policy	AmazonRekognitionFullAccess
Managed policy	ComprehendFullAccess

Add user

- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5

Success

You successfully created the users shown below. You can view and download user security credentials. You can also email users instructions for signing in to the AWS Management Console. This is the last time these credentials will be available to download. However, you can create new credentials at any time.

Users with AWS Management Console access can sign-in at: <https://320333787981.signin.aws.amazon.com/console>

IAM User

	IAM User	Key	Secret
	User	Access key ID	Secret access key
▶	datacampDemoUser2	AKIAUVFLBWNGYT2JQ7MQ	***** Show

AWS services



AWS services



AWS services



AWS services



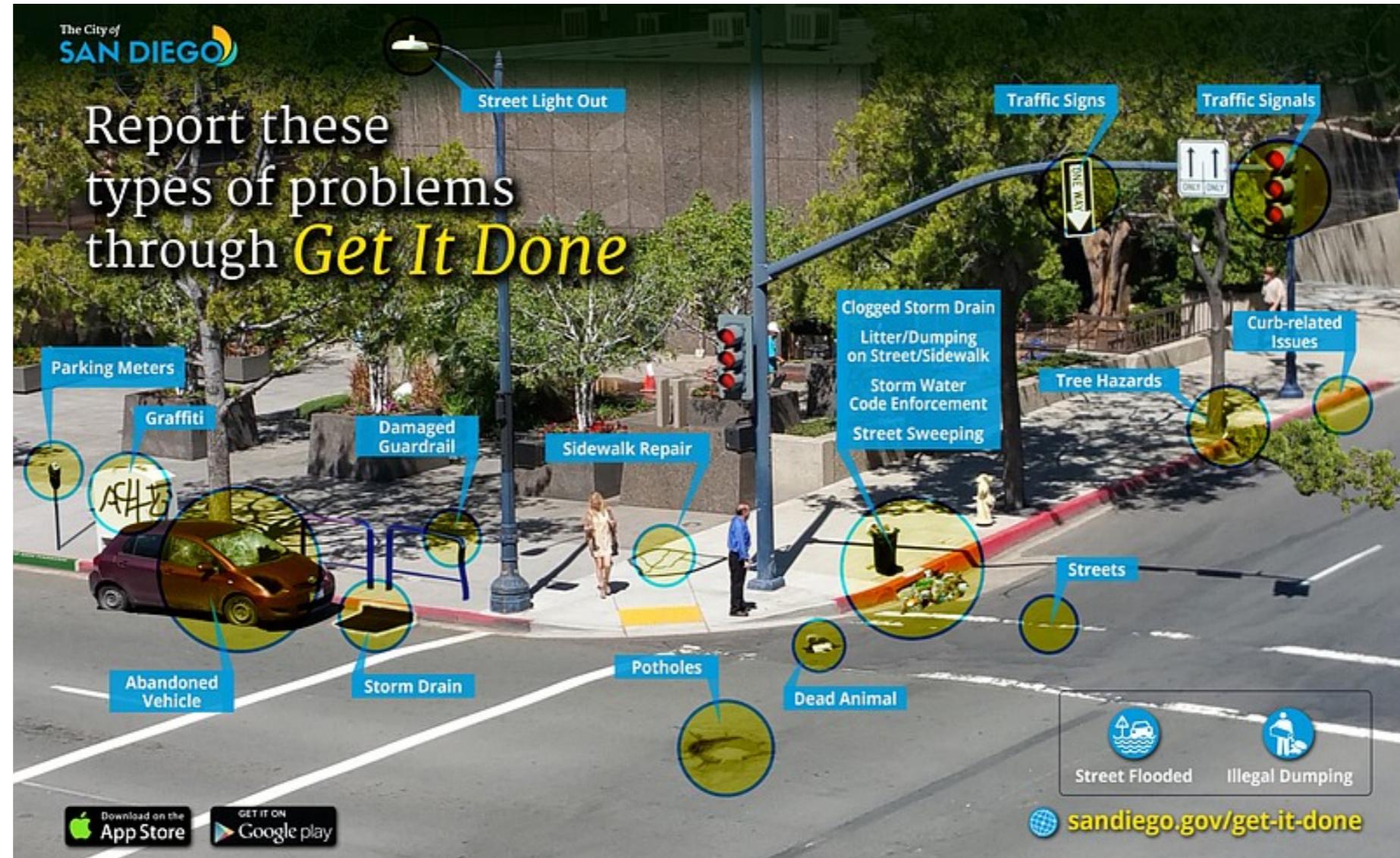
AWS services



Sam



GetItDone



¹ https://data.san diego.gov/datasets/get_it_done ² it ³ done ⁴ 311/

Summary

- AWS Services = Home Utilities
- IAM, S3, SNS, Comprehend and Rekognition
- AWS Key / Secret
- Connecting to S3 Using Boto

```
import boto3
s3 = boto3.client('s3',
                    region_name='us-east-1',
                    aws_access_key_id=AWS_KEY_ID,
                    aws_secret_access_key=AWS_SECRET)
```

```
response = s3.list_buckets()
```

Let's harness the cloud!

INTRODUCTION TO AWS BOTO IN PYTHON

Diving into buckets

INTRODUCTION TO AWS BOTO IN PYTHON



Maksim Pecherskiy

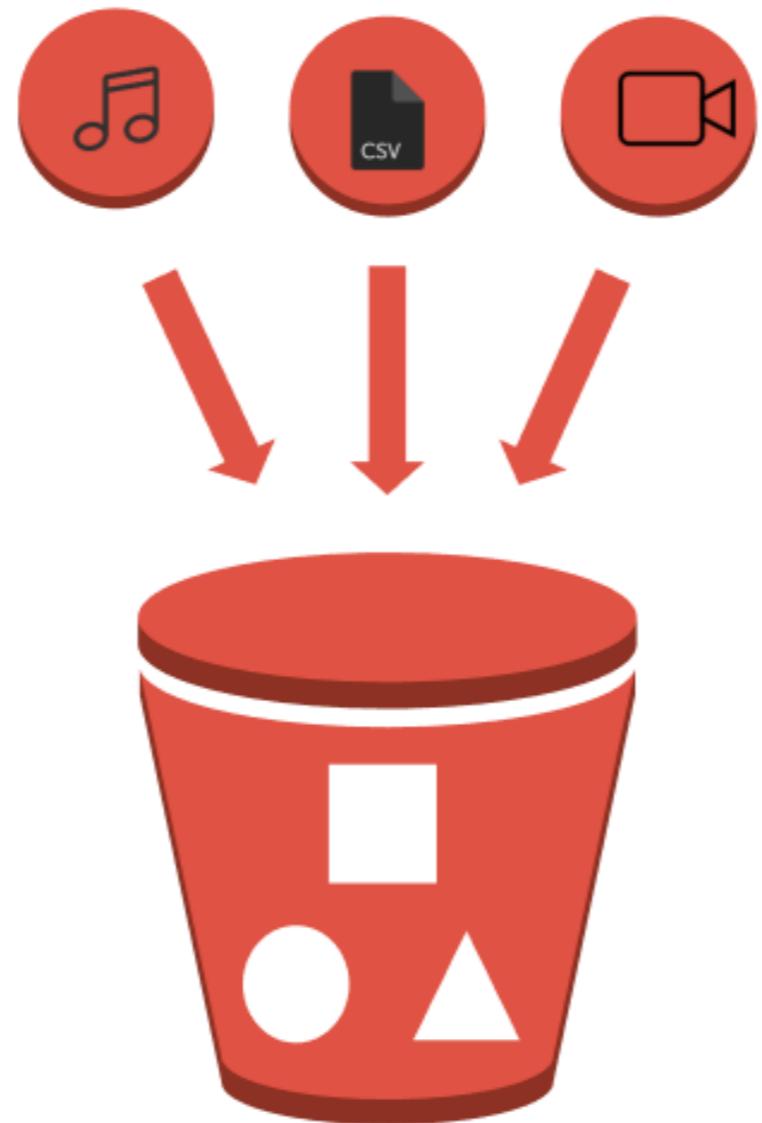
Data Engineer

S3 Components - Buckets

- Desktop folders
- Own permission policy
- Website storage
- Generate logs



S3 Components - Objects



What can we do with buckets?

- Create Bucket
- List Buckets
- Delete Bucket



Creating a Bucket

Create boto3 client

```
import boto3  
  
s3 = boto3.client('s3', region_name='us-east-1',  
                  aws_access_key_id=AWS_KEY_ID,  
                  aws_secret_access_key=AWS_SECRET)
```

Create bucket!

```
bucket = s3.create_bucket(Bucket='gid-requests')
```

Bang!



Our bucket in the console

S3 buckets

 Discover the console

<input type="text"/> Search for buckets				All access types			
+ Create bucket		Edit public access settings	Empty	Delete	6 Buckets	1 Regions	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Bucket name ▾	Access  ▾	Region ▾	Date created ▾			
<input type="checkbox"/>	 datacamp-gid-images	Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)	Feb 18, 2019 4:08:14 PM GMT-0800			
<input type="checkbox"/>	 datacamp-gid-images-positive-match	Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)	Feb 18, 2019 4:19:51 PM GMT-0800			
<input type="checkbox"/>	 datacamp-incoming	Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)	Feb 18, 2019 12:33:44 PM GMT-0800			
<input type="checkbox"/>	 datacamp-public	Public	US East (N. Virginia)	Feb 18, 2019 12:33:19 PM GMT-0800			
<input type="checkbox"/>	 dc-incoming	Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)	Feb 18, 2019 12:31:15 PM GMT-0800			
<input type="checkbox"/>	 gid-requests	Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)	Apr 9, 2019 10:05:15 PM GMT-0700			

Listing buckets

Create boto3 client

```
import boto3  
  
s3 = boto3.client('s3', region_name='us-east-1',  
                  aws_access_key_id=AWS_KEY_ID,  
                  aws_secret_access_key=AWS_SECRET)
```

List Buckets

```
bucket_response = s3.list_buckets()
```

Listing Buckets

Get Buckets Dictionary

```
buckets = bucket_response['Buckets']
print(buckets)
```

Listing Buckets

```
[{'Name': 'dc-incoming',
 'CreationDate': datetime.datetime(2019, 2, 18, 20, 31, 15, tzinfo=tzutc()),  
{'Name': 'gid-requests',
 'CreationDate': datetime.datetime(2019, 4, 10, 5, 5, 15, tzinfo=tzutc())}]
```

Deleting buckets

Create boto3 client

```
import boto3  
  
s3 = boto3.client('s3', region_name='us-east-1',  
                  aws_access_key_id=AWS_KEY_ID,  
                  aws_secret_access_key=AWS_SECRET)
```

Delete Bucket

```
response = s3.delete_bucket('gid-requests')
```

Bye Bye Bucket



Bye Bye Bucket

S3 buckets

 Discover the console

<input type="text"/> Search for buckets		All access types					
 Create bucket		 Edit public access settings	 Empty	 Delete	5 Buckets	1 Regions	
<input type="checkbox"/> Bucket name	▼	Access  ▼	Region	▼	Date created	▼	
<input type="checkbox"/>  datacamp-gid-images		Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)		Feb 18, 2019 4:08:14 PM GMT-0800		
<input type="checkbox"/>  datacamp-gid-images-positive-match		Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)		Feb 18, 2019 4:19:51 PM GMT-0800		
<input type="checkbox"/>  datacamp-incoming		Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)		Feb 18, 2019 12:33:44 PM GMT-0800		
<input type="checkbox"/>  datacamp-public		 Public	US East (N. Virginia)		Feb 18, 2019 12:33:19 PM GMT-0800		
<input type="checkbox"/>  dc-incoming		Objects can be public	US East (N. Virginia)		Feb 18, 2019 12:31:15 PM GMT-0800		

Other operations

Client

`class S3.Client`

A low-level client representing Amazon Simple Storage Service (S3):

```
import boto3

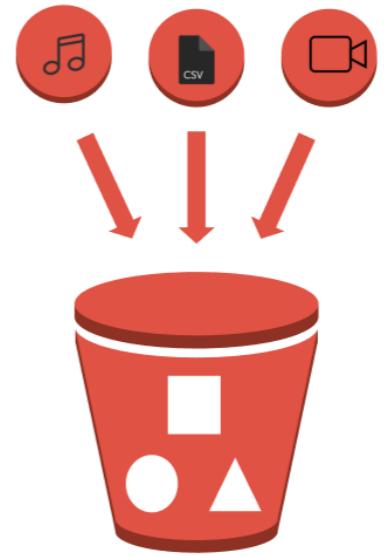
client = boto3.client('s3')
```

These are the available methods:

- `abort_multipart_upload()`
- `can_paginate()`
- `complete_multipart_upload()`
- `copy()`

Summary

```
s3.create_bucket(Bucket='buck')  
s3.list_buckets()  
s3.delete_bucket(Bucket='buck')
```

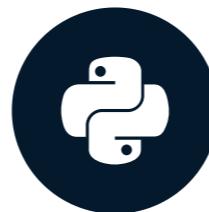


Let's practice!

INTRODUCTION TO AWS BOTO IN PYTHON

Uploading and retrieving files

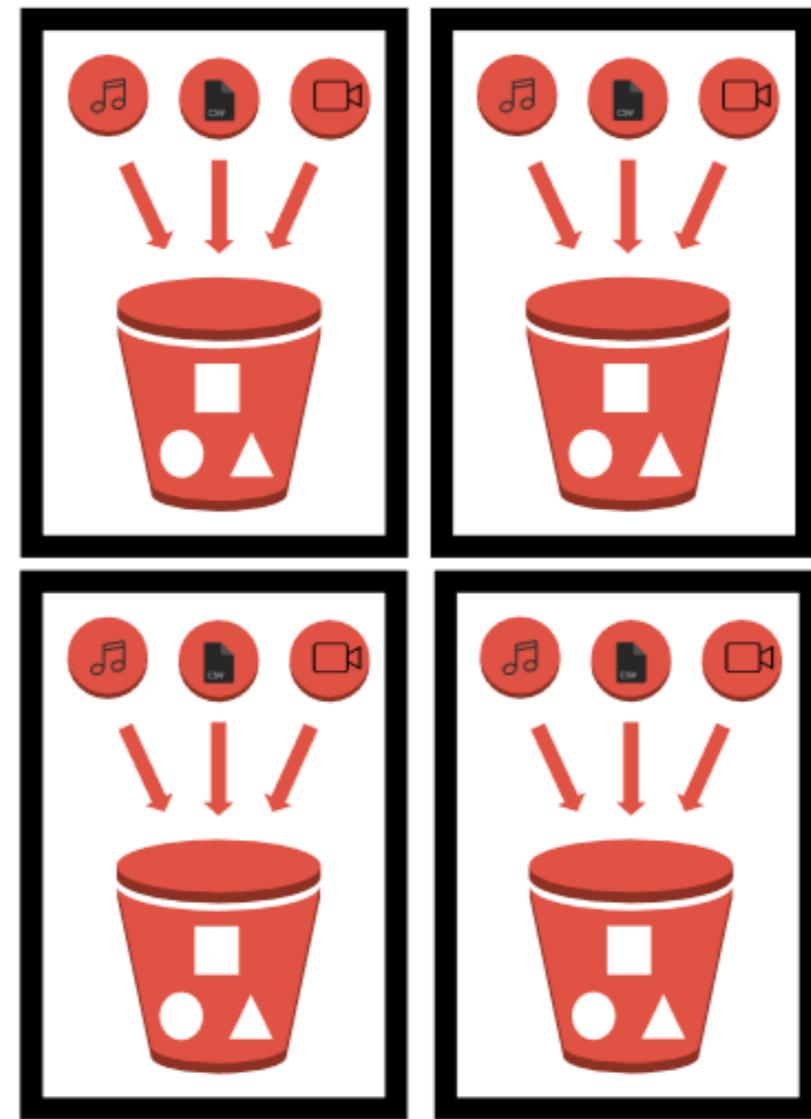
INTRODUCTION TO AWS BOTO IN PYTHON



Maksim Pecherskiy

Data engineer

Buckets and objects



A Bucket



- A bucket has a **name**
- **Name** is a string
- **Unique** name in all of S3.
- Contains **many** objects

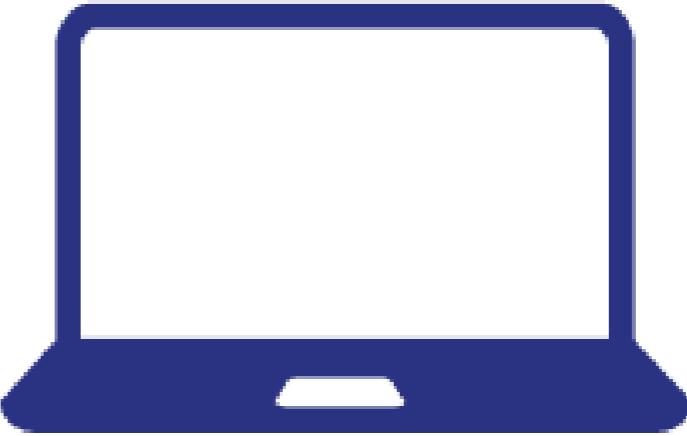
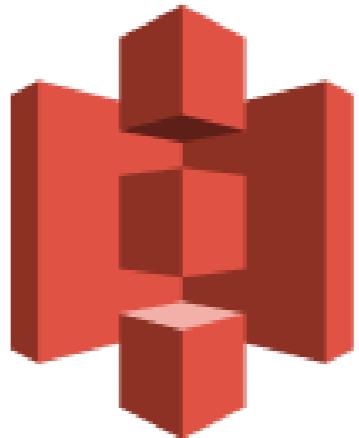
An Object



- An object has a **key**
- **Name** is full path from bucket root
- **Unique** key in the bucket
- Can only be in **one** parent bucket

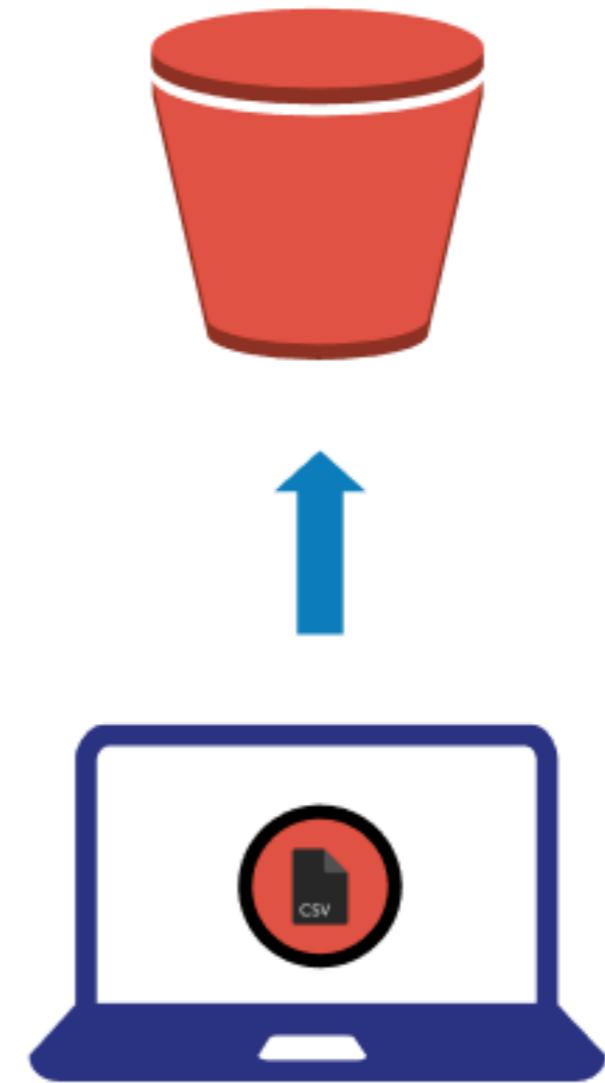
Creating the client

```
s3 = boto3.client(  
    's3',  
    region_name='us-east-1',  
    aws_access_key_id=AWS_KEY_ID,  
    aws_secret_access_key=AWS_SECRET  
)
```



Uploading files

```
s3.upload_file(  
    Filename='gid_requests_2019_01_01.csv',  
    Bucket='gid-requests',  
    Key='gid_requests_2019_01_01.csv')
```



Uploading files

The screenshot shows the AWS S3 console interface for the 'gid-requests' bucket. The top navigation bar includes the AWS logo, 'Services' dropdown, 'Resource Groups' dropdown, and a star icon. The breadcrumb navigation shows 'Amazon S3 > gid-requests'. Below the navigation is a tab bar with four options: 'Overview' (white), 'Properties' (dark blue, selected), 'Permissions' (dark blue), and 'Management' (dark blue). A search bar contains the placeholder text 'Type a prefix and press Enter to search. Press ESC to clear.' Below the search bar are four buttons: 'Upload' (blue), '+ Create folder' (blue), 'Download' (light gray), and 'Actions' (blue). The main content area displays a table of files. The columns are 'Name' (with a dropdown arrow) and 'Last modified' (with a dropdown arrow). One file, 'gid_requests_2019_01_01.csv', is highlighted with an orange border. The file details show a checkbox, a download icon, the name 'gid_requests_2019_01_01.csv', and the last modified date 'Apr 18, 2019 1:17:24 PM GMT-0700'.

Name	Last modified
gid_requests_2019_01_01.csv	Apr 18, 2019 1:17:24 PM GMT-0700

Uploading more objects

Amazon S3 > gid-requests

Overview Properties Permissions

Type a prefix and press Enter to search. Press ESC to clear.

Upload Create folder Download Actions

<input type="checkbox"/> Name ▾
<input type="checkbox"/> gid_requests_2018_12_30.csv
<input type="checkbox"/> gid_requests_2018_12_31.csv
<input type="checkbox"/> gid_requests_2019_01_01.csv
<input type="checkbox"/> gid_requests_2019_01_02.csv
<input type="checkbox"/> gid_requests_2019_01_03.csv

Listing objects in a bucket

```
response = s3.list_objects(  
    Bucket='gid-requests',  
    MaxKeys=2,  
    Prefix='gid_requests_2019_')  
  
print(response)
```



Listing objects in a bucket

```
'Contents': [{'Key': 'gid_requests_2018_12_30.csv',     'LastModified': datetime.datetime(2019, 4, 18, 21, 38, 30, tzinfo=tzutc()),  
    'ETag': '"2ffc551dccadb18aba921c2d88501325"',  
    'Size': 57137,  
    'StorageClass': 'STANDARD',  
    'Owner': {'DisplayName': 'maksim+aws-demos',  
              'ID': '12346cf1b2f0e923b64d624ce166bb570c6dae4a2a905b419916bd365ea5a596'}},  
    {'Key': 'gid_requests_2018_12_31.csv',  
     'LastModified': datetime.datetime(2019, 4, 18, 21, 38, 27, tzinfo=tzutc()),  
     'ETag': '"2ffc551dccadb18aba921c2d88501325"}]
```

Listing objects in a bucket

```
'Contents': [{'Key': 'gid_requests_2018_12_30.csv',  
    'LastModified': datetime.datetime(2019, 4, 18, 21, 38, 30, tzinfo=tzutc()),  
    'ETag': '"2ffc551dccadb18aba921c2d88501325"',  
    'Size': 57137,  
    'StorageClass': 'STANDARD',  
    'Owner': {'DisplayName': 'maksim+aws-demos',  
              'ID': '12346cf1b2f0e923b64d624ce166bb570c6dae4a2a905b419916bd365ea5a596'}},  
    {''Key': 'gid_requests_2018_12_31.csv',  
     'LastModified': datetime.datetime(2019, 4, 18, 21, 38, 27, tzinfo=tzutc()),  
     'ETag': '"2ffc551dccadb18aba921c2d88501325"'},  
    {
```

Listing objects in a bucket

Getting object metadata

```
response = s3.head_object(  
    Bucket='gid-requests',  
    Key='gid_requests_2018_12_30.csv')  
  
print(response)
```



Getting object metadata

```
{'ResponseMetadata': {'RequestId': '27FB1088203DD28E',
                      'HostId': '',
                      'HTTPStatusCode': 200,
                      'RetryAttempts': 0},
 'AcceptRanges': 'bytes',
 'LastModified': datetime.datetime(2019, 4, 18, 21, 38, 30, tzinfo=tzutc()),
 'ContentLength': 57137,
 'ETag': '"2ffc551dccadb18aba921c2d88501325"',
 'ContentType': 'binary/octet-stream',
 'Metadata': {}}
```

Downloading files

```
s3.download_file(  
    Filename='gid_requests_downed.csv',  
    Bucket='gid-requests',  
    Key='gid_requests_2018_12_30.csv')
```



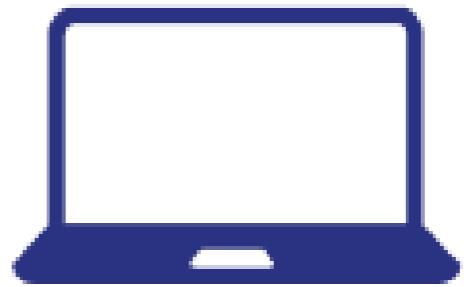
Deleting objects

```
s3.delete_object(  
    Bucket='gid-requests',  
    Key='gid_requests_2018_12_30.csv')
```



Summary

- Buckets are like folders
- Objects are like files
- `boto3.client()`
- `s3.upload_file()`
- `s3.list_objects()`
- `s3.head_object()`
- `s3.download_file()`
- `s3.delete_object()`



Let's make some objects!

INTRODUCTION TO AWS BOTO IN PYTHON