#### **Docker Commands**

#### Installation

- sudo apt update
- sudo apt install docker.io
- sudo service docker start
- sudo systemctl enable docker
- sudo systemctl status docker

#### **Docker Hub**

• docker pull img\_name: download an image from Docker Hub

# **Running Containers**

- docker run image-name/image-id: create a container from an image
- **docker run img\_name**: create a container
- docker run --detach/-d img\_name: pull, start, and create a container
- docker run -d --name cont\_name container\_id: create a container with a name

## **Listing Containers and Images**

- **docker ps**: show running containers
- **docker ps -a/--all**: show all containers (running and stopped)
- **docker container Is**: show all containers (running and stopped)
- **docker images**: show a list of images

## **Deleting Containers and Images**

- docker rmi img\_name: delete an image
- docker rmi \$(docker images -a) / docker image prune / docker rmi \$(docker image Is):
  remove all images
- docker stop container\_id: stop a container
- **docker rm container\_id**: delete a stopped container
- docker rm \$(docker ps -a / docker container ls -a) / docker container prune: delete all stopped containers

## **Working with Containers**

- docker exec -it container\_id /bin/bash: start working in a container
- docker inspect container\_id: show all information about a container
- docker run -d --name name nginx: create a container with a name
- docker history img id: show all layers of an image

## **Port Mapping**

- docker run -d -p80(ec2-port):80(container-port) img\_id: map a port for an existing image
- **docker run -d --name name -p80(ec2-port):(container-port) nginx**: create a container with port mapping

## **Creating Images**

- docker commit container\_id name: create an image from a container
- docker save > img\_name.tar: create a tar file of an image
- docker export container\_id > file\_name.tar: create a tar file of a container

#### **Volumes**

- docker run -d --name name -p80(ec2-port):(container-port) -v path of directory:project directory path in container img\_name: create a container with a volume
- docker volume create vol\_name: create a named volume

## **Environment Variables**

- docker run -d --name merabaladb1 -e MYSQL\_ROOT\_PASSWORD='Pass@123' MySQL: create a MySQL container with environment variables
- docker run -d --name sqlvol -v /home/ubuntu/sqlvol:/var/lib/mysql -e
  MYSQL\_ROOT\_PASSWORD='pass@123' -e MYSQL\_DATABASE="facebook" MySQL: create a
  MySQL container with a database name and mount with a bind volume

## **Linking Containers**

docker run -d --name wordpress -p80:80 -e WORDPRESS\_DB\_HOST=mydb -e
 WORDPRESS\_DB\_USER=root -e WORDPRESS\_DB\_PASSWORD=pass123 -e
 WORDPRESS\_DB\_NAME=db1 --link mydb:mysql wordpress: link a MySQL container to a WordPress container

### Dockerfile

## **Components of Dockerfile**

- FROM: use for base images or to pull an image (can be used multiple times)
- RUN: for installing software or running Linux commands (can be used multiple times)
- EXPOSE: to open a port number
- COPY: to copy files and directories from the host to the image
- **ENV**: to set environment variables
- CMD: specifies the command to run when a container is run from the image (can only be used once)
- **ENTRYPOINT**: specifies the command to run when a container is run from the image, but allows additional arguments to be passed in (can only be used once)

- ADD: copies files from the host to the image, downloads zip or tar files from a given link, and extracts them automatically
- ARG: defines a variable that is passed to the container while building the image
- **VOLUME**: creates a volume, sets a volume
- WORKDIR: sets the working directory
- MAINTAINER: sets the name and email of the author/user
- LABEL: adds metadata (data about data)
- **USER**: sets the user (root, ec2-user, docker, etc.)
- HEALTHCHECK: specifies the path for a health check or checks the health of a mentioned URL
- **SHELL**: specifies the shell to be used to run commands
- STOPSIGNAL: specifies the signal to be sent to the container to stop it gracefully
- **ONBUILD**: specifies the instruction to be used when the

#### **Docker Build**

- **docker build -f file\_name .**: run a file (if file name is different)
- docker build -t tag\_name -f file\_name . --> run file with tag
- docker system df --> for check container space

## **Docker Network**

- docker network is: show a list of networks
- docker network create name: create a network
- docker network inspect name: show all information about a network
- docker network rm name: delete a network
- docker run -d --name cont\_name --network network\_name image\_id: create a container in a network
- docker network connect network\_name cont\_name: add a container to a network
- docker network disconnect network\_name cont\_name: remove a container from a network

#### **Docker Compose**

- docker-compose up -d: run a compose file (if the file name is docker-compose.yml)
- docker-compose -f file\_name up -d: run a compose file with a different name
- docker-compose down: delete containers

## **Docker System**

• docker system df: check container space