



PortSwigger web academy Labs

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HTTP request smuggling

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Log out' and 'MY ACCOUNT'. The main navigation menu on the left lists various topics under 'Web Security Academy > Request smuggling > Lab'. The lab title is 'Lab: HTTP request smuggling, basic CL.TE vulnerability', marked as 'PRACTITIONER' and 'Solved'. The description states: 'This lab involves a front-end and back-end server, and the front-end server doesn't support chunked encoding. The front-end server rejects requests that aren't using the GET or POST method. To solve the lab, smuggle a request to the back-end server, so that the next request processed by the back-end server appears to use the method 'GPOST'.' A 'Note' section mentions that although the lab supports HTTP/2, the intended solution requires techniques only possible in HTTP/1. A 'Tip' section suggests manually fixing length fields in request smuggling attacks can be tricky and mentions the 'HTTP Request Smuggler Burp extension'.

WebSockets

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Log out' and 'MY ACCOUNT'. The main navigation menu on the left lists various topics under 'Web Security Academy > WebSockets > Lab'. The lab title is 'Lab: Manipulating WebSocket messages to exploit vulnerabilities', marked as 'APPRENTICE' and 'Solved'. The description states: 'This online shop has a live chat feature implemented using WebSockets. Chat messages that you submit are viewed by a support agent in real time. To solve the lab, use a WebSocket message to trigger an alert() popup in the support agent's browser.' Below the description, there is an 'ACCESS THE LAB' button and sections for 'Solution' and 'Community solutions'.

File upload vulnerabilities

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The browser address bar displays the URL: `https://portswigger.net/web-security/file-upload/lab-file-upload-remote-code-execution-via-web-shell-upload`. The page header includes the PortSwigger logo, a 'Log out' button, and a 'MY ACCOUNT' button. A navigation bar contains links for 'Products', 'Solutions', 'Research', 'Academy', and 'Support'. Below this, a secondary navigation bar lists 'Dashboard', 'Learning paths', 'Latest topics', 'All content', 'Hall of Fame', 'Get started', and 'Get certified'. The main content area is titled 'Web Security Academy > File upload vulnerabilities > Lab'. The lab title is 'Lab: Remote code execution via web shell upload', marked as 'APPRENTICE' and 'Solved'. The lab description states: 'This lab contains a vulnerable image upload function. It doesn't perform any validation on the files users upload before storing them on the server's filesystem. To solve the lab, upload a basic PHP web shell and use it to exfiltrate the contents of the file `/home/carlos/secret`. Submit this secret using the button provided in the lab banner. You can log in to your own account using the following credentials: `wiener:peter`'. An 'ACCESS THE LAB' button is visible. Below the description are sections for 'Solution' and 'Community solutions'.

Authentication vulnerabilities

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The browser address bar displays the URL: `https://portswigger.net/web-security/authentication/password-based/lab-username-enumeration-via-different-responses`. The page header includes the PortSwigger logo, a 'Log out' button, and a 'MY ACCOUNT' button. A navigation bar contains links for 'Products', 'Solutions', 'Research', 'Academy', and 'Support'. Below this, a secondary navigation bar lists 'Dashboard', 'Learning paths', 'Latest topics', 'All content', 'Hall of Fame', 'Get started', and 'Get certified'. The main content area is titled 'Web Security Academy > Authentication vulnerabilities > Password-based > Lab'. The lab title is 'Lab: Username enumeration via different responses', marked as 'APPRENTICE' and 'Solved'. The lab description states: 'This lab is vulnerable to username enumeration and password brute-force attacks. It has an account with a predictable username and password, which can be found in the following wordlists:'. A list of wordlists is provided: 'Candidate usernames' and 'Candidate passwords'. The lab instructions state: 'To solve the lab, enumerate a valid username, brute-force this user's password, then access their account page.' An 'ACCESS THE LAB' button is visible. Below the description are sections for 'Solution' and 'Community solutions'.

Information disclosure

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The browser address bar displays the URL: `https://portswigger.net/web-security/information-disclosure/exploiting/lab-infoleak-in-error-messages`. The page header includes the PortSwigger logo, a 'Log out' button, and a 'MY ACCOUNT' button. A navigation bar contains links for 'Products', 'Solutions', 'Research', 'Academy', and 'Support'. Below this, a secondary navigation bar lists 'Dashboard', 'Learning paths', 'Latest topics', 'All content', 'Hall of Fame', 'Get started', and 'Get certified'. The main content area is titled 'Web Security Academy > Information disclosure > Exploiting > Lab'. On the left, a blue sidebar menu lists various topics under 'Information disclosure', including 'What is information disclosure?', 'Examples', 'How do information disclosure vulnerabilities arise?', 'Impact', 'Testing for information disclosure', 'Common sources of information disclosure', 'Preventing', and 'View all information disclosure labs'. The main lab card is titled 'Lab: Information disclosure in error messages' and is marked as 'APPRENTICE' and 'Solved'. It contains a description: 'This lab's verbose error messages reveal that it is using a vulnerable version of a third-party framework. To solve the lab, obtain and submit the version number of this framework.' Below the description is an 'ACCESS THE LAB' button. At the bottom of the lab card, there are two expandable sections: 'Solution' and 'Community solutions'. A dark blue button with a lightning bolt icon and the text 'Find information disclosure' is located at the bottom right of the page.

Cross-site scripting(XSS)

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The browser address bar displays the URL: `https://portswigger.net/web-security/cross-site-scripting/reflected/lab-html-context-nothing-encoded`. The page header includes the PortSwigger logo, a 'Log out' button, and a 'MY ACCOUNT' button. A navigation bar contains links for 'Products', 'Solutions', 'Research', 'Academy', and 'Support'. Below this, a secondary navigation bar lists 'Dashboard', 'Learning paths', 'Latest topics', 'All content', 'Hall of Fame', 'Get started', and 'Get certified'. The main content area is titled 'Web Security Academy > Cross-site scripting > Reflected > Lab'. On the left, a blue sidebar menu lists various topics under 'Cross-site scripting', including 'What is XSS?', 'How does XSS work?', 'Impact of an attack', 'Proof of concept', 'Testing', 'Reflected XSS', 'Stored XSS', 'DOM-based XSS', 'XSS contexts', 'Exploiting XSS vulnerabilities', 'Dangling markup injection', 'Content security policy (CSP)', 'Preventing XSS attacks', 'Cheat sheet', and 'View all XSS labs'. The main lab card is titled 'Lab: Reflected XSS into HTML context with nothing encoded' and is marked as 'APPRENTICE' and 'Solved'. It contains a description: 'This lab contains a simple reflected cross-site scripting vulnerability in the search functionality. To solve the lab, perform a cross-site scripting attack that calls the `alert` function.' Below the description is an 'ACCESS THE LAB' button. At the bottom of the lab card, there are two expandable sections: 'Solution' and 'Community solutions'. A dark blue button with a lightning bolt icon and the text 'Find XSS' is located at the bottom right of the page.

OS command injection

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Log out' and 'MY ACCOUNT'. Below it, a secondary navigation bar lists 'Products', 'Solutions', 'Research', 'Academy', and 'Support'. The main content area is titled 'Web Security Academy > OS command injection > Lab'. The lab title is 'Lab: OS command injection, simple case', marked as 'APPRENTICE' and 'Solved'. The description states: 'This lab contains an OS command injection vulnerability in the product stock checker. The application executes a shell command containing user-supplied product and store IDs, and returns the raw output from the command in its response. To solve the lab, execute the `whoami` command to determine the name of the current user.' Below the description is an 'ACCESS THE LAB' button. At the bottom, there are expandable sections for 'Solution' and 'Community solutions'.

Server-side template injection

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Log out' and 'MY ACCOUNT'. Below it, a secondary navigation bar lists 'Products', 'Solutions', 'Research', 'Academy', and 'Support'. The main content area is titled 'Web Security Academy > Server-side template injection > Exploiting > Lab'. The lab title is 'Lab: Basic server-side template injection', marked as 'PRACTITIONER' and 'Solved'. The description states: 'This lab is vulnerable to server-side template injection due to the unsafe construction of an ERB template. To solve the lab, review the ERB documentation to find out how to execute arbitrary code, then delete the `morale.txt` file from Carlos's home directory.' Below the description is an 'ACCESS THE LAB' button. At the bottom, there are expandable sections for 'Solution' and 'Community solutions'.

Server-side request forgery(SSRF)

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface. The browser address bar displays `https://portswigger.net/web-security/ssrf/lab-basic-ssrf-against-localhost`. The page title is "Lab: Basic SSRF against the local server". The lab is categorized as "APPRENTICE" and is marked as "Solved". The description states: "This lab has a stock check feature which fetches data from an internal system. To solve the lab, change the stock check URL to access the admin interface at `http://localhost/admin` and delete the user `carlos`." Below the description is an "ACCESS THE LAB" button. At the bottom, there are expandable sections for "Solution" and "Community solutions". The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with links like "Back to all topics", "What is SSRF?", "Impact", "Common SSRF attacks", "Circumventing common SSRF defenses", "Blind SSRF vulnerabilities", "Finding hidden attack surface for SSRF", "URL validation bypass cheat sheet", and "View all SSRF labs".

Path traversal

The screenshot shows the PortSwigger Web Security Academy interface for a different lab. The browser address bar displays `https://portswigger.net/web-security/file-path-traversal/lab-simple`. The page title is "Lab: File path traversal, simple case". The lab is categorized as "APPRENTICE" and is marked as "Solved". The description states: "This lab contains a path traversal vulnerability in the display of product images. To solve the lab, retrieve the contents of the `/etc/passwd` file." Below the description is an "ACCESS THE LAB" button. At the bottom, there are expandable sections for "Solution" and "Community solutions". The left sidebar contains a navigation menu with links like "Back to all topics", "What is path traversal?", "Reading arbitrary files via path traversal", "Common obstacles", "Preventing", and "View all path traversal labs".