EXPERIMENT NO: 1

STACK IMPLEMENTATION USING ARRAY

AIM:

To develop a c program to implement a stack using array.

DATA STRUCTURE:

Arrays

ALGORITHM:

Global variables: Stack S[50], top=-1

Main function:

- 1. Start
- 2. Read the size of stack as n
- 3. Display the operation to be performed
 - 1. PUSH 2.POP
- 3.DISPLAY 4.EXIT
- 4. Read the choice of operation as ch
- 5. If ch=1 call function PUSH()
- 6. If ch=2
 - 1. call function POP() and store the return in item
 - 2. Display the item deleted as item
- 7. If ch=3, call function DISPLAY()
- 8. If ch=4 then exit from program
- 9. Stop

PUSH(size n)

- 1. Start
- 2. If top=n=1
- 3. Display stack overflow: Insertion not possible
- 4. Exit
- 5. Else
- 6. Read the elements to be inserted as item
- 7. top=top+1
- 8. S[top]=item
- 9. End if
- 10. Return

POP()

- 1. Start
- 2. If top= -1
- 3. Display stack empty: Deletion not possible
- 4. Exit
- 5. Else
- 6. item=s[top]
- 7. top= top-1
- 8. End if
- 9. Return item

Function Display()

1. Start

- 2. If top= -1
- 3. print "stack empty"
- 4. Exit
- 5. Else
- 6. i=top
- 7. while(i>=0)
- 8. print s[i]
- 9. i=i+1
- 10. End while
- 11. End if
- 12. Return

```
PROGRAM:
/* array implementation of stack*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int S[50], top=-1;
void push();
void pop();
void display();
main()
{
       int n,ch;
       printf("\n Enter the size of stack:");
       scanf("%d",&n);
       do
       {
             Printf("\n\t MENU");
             Printf("\n\t 1.PUSH\n\t 2.POP\n\t 3.DISPLAY\n\t 4.EXIT\n");
             Printf("Enter the choice:");
             Scanf("%d", &ch);
             Switch (ch)
                   Case 1:
                        Push(n);
```

```
break;
                 case 2:
                       pop();
                       break;
                 case 3:
                       display();
                       break;
                 case 4:
                       break;
                     default;
                 printf("\n\t invalid choice:");
           }
     } while (ch!==4);
}
Void push(int n)
     int item;
     if (top==n-1)
           Printf("\n stack is overflow: insertion not possible");
      }
     else
      {
           printf("\n Enter the element to be inserted:");
```

```
Scanf("%d",&item);
           top=top+1;
           S[top]=item;
     }
     return;
}
Void pop()
{
     int item;
     if(top==-1)
     {
           Printf("stack empty: deletion not possible");
     }
     else
     {
           item=s[top];
           top=top-1;
           printf("deleted item is %d",item);
     }
}
void display()
     int i;
     if(top==-1)
```

```
{
           Printf("stack empty");
     }
     else
     {
           i=top;
           while(i>=0)
                Printf("%d",[i]);
                i=i-1;
           }
     }
     return;
}
OUTPUT:
Enter the size of stack:10
     MENU
     1.PUSH
     2.POP
     3.DISPLAY
     4.EXIT
```

Enter the choice:1	
Enter the element to be inserted:4	
MENU	
1.PUSH	
2.POP	
3.DISPLAY	
4.EXIT	
Enter the choice:2	
Deleted item is 4	
MENU	
1.PUSH	
2.POP	
3.DISPLAY	
4.EXIT	
Enter the choice:3	
Stack empty	
MENU	
1.PUSH	
2.POP	
3.DISPLAY	
4.EXIT	
Enter the choice:2	
Stack empty:deletion not possible	
MENU	

1.PUSH		
2.POP		
3.DISPLAY		
4.EXIT		
Enter the choice:4		
RESULT:		
The program is ex	ecuted successfully and output is verified.	