



Brain-Computer Interfacing

- advanced signal analysis through techniques of artificial intelligence
- technology will have a direct connection to our very identity and personality.

ethically and morally challenging topic





Human-Technology relationship: Brain integration

post-phenomenological view on technology

- (human technology) → world [Ihde 1990]
- free relations, dealing responsibly with the mediating roles of technologies in our lives [Verbeek 2015]
- technology influences our character and behavior, it cannot be avoided



Anatomy alterations from technological interaction

amount of integration defines the applicability of a technology

- increased cortical potentials allotted to tactile receptors on the fingertips because of frequent smartphone use [Korte 2020]
- size of social network closely linked to anatomy alterations of structural MRI [Korte 2020]
- the more significant a technology is to our daily lives, the more it will change our general brain structure



Declaration of Helsinki

World Medical Association 2022

article 26:

"In medical research involving human subjects capable of giving informed consent, each potential subject must be adequately informed of [...] the anticipated benefits and potential risks of the study and the discomfort it may entail [...]"



Ruthless Reductionalism

complexity of the brain is a practical hindrance in the ability to inform of the effects of the BCI

- lack of basic understanding of cause and effect on social cognition
- "we can expect to find the molecular mechanisms of the broader social cognitive functions that must "plug into" these specific molecular mechanisms, despite these functions' typically distal, external initial causes" [Bickle 2008]
- researchers have the moral obligation to attempt to find the relationship between a neural intervention and a shift in social cognition





