

# Life & Motor Insurances Analysis

Aim :

The aim of this project is to know the performances of Life Insurance & Motor Insurances. And to determine and analyse sales and revenue of both Life Insurance & Motor Insurances.

```
In [1]: #Libraries

import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import numpy as np
```

In [2]: *#Import Excel File*

```
df = pd.read_excel("C:/Users/HP/Downloads/Life and Motor Dataset.xlsx")

df
```

Out[2]:

	S.No.	Policy Type	Insurer	Month	Year	PPT	E Nach	Payment Mode	Gender	State	Edu
0	1	Life	HDFC Life	January	2021	Annually	Yes	Credit Card	Male	Andhra Pradesh	Gr
1	2	Life	ICICI Lombard	February	2021	Annually	No	Debit Card	Female	Arunachal Pradesh	
2	3	Life	Max	February	2021	Annually	No	Net Banking	Female	Assam	
3	4	Motor	Bajaj	February	2021	Annually	NaN	Credit Card	Female	Bihar	Gr
4	5	Life	Tata AIA	February	2021	Annually	No	Debit Card	Female	Chhattisgarh	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
995	996	Life	SBI Life	April	2022	Monthly	No	Net Banking	Female	Manipur	
996	997	Life	HDFC Life	April	2022	Monthly	Yes	Credit Card	Female	Meghalaya	Gr
997	998	Life	ICICI Lombard	April	2022	Monthly	No	Debit Card	Female	Mizoram	
998	999	Life	Max	April	2022	Monthly	Yes	Net Banking	Male	Nagaland	
999	1000	Motor	Bajaj	April	2022	Monthly	NaN	Credit Card	Male	Odisha	Gr

1000 rows × 16 columns



In [3]: *#Shape of Table*

```
df.shape
```

Out[3]: (1000, 16)

In [4]: *#Rows & Columns*

```
print("Number of Rows : " , df.shape[0])
print("Number of Column : " , df.shape[1])
```

```
Number of Rows : 1000
Number of Column : 16
```

In [5]: *#Information of Table*

df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 16 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   S.No.                 1000 non-null  int64
1   Policy Type          1000 non-null  object
2   Insurer              1000 non-null  object
3   Month                1000 non-null  object
4   Year                 1000 non-null  int64
5   PPT                  1000 non-null  object
6   E Nach               501 non-null   object
7   Payment Mode         1000 non-null  object
8   Gender               1000 non-null  object
9   State                1000 non-null  object
10  Education             1000 non-null  object
11  Maritial Status      1000 non-null  object
12  Working Status       1000 non-null  object
13  Amount               1000 non-null  int64
14  Month Number         1000 non-null  int64
15  Date                 1000 non-null  datetime64[ns]
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), int64(4), object(11)
memory usage: 125.1+ KB
```

In [9]: *#Top*

df.head(5)

Out[9]:

	S.No.	Policy Type	Insurer	Month	Year	PPT	E Nach	Payment Mode	Gender	State	Educa
0	1	Life	HDFC Life	January	2021	Annually	Yes	Credit Card	Male	Andhra Pradesh	Grad
1	2	Life	ICICI Lombard	February	2021	Annually	No	Debit Card	Female	Arunachal Pradesh	
2	3	Life	Max	February	2021	Annually	No	Net Banking	Female	Assam	
3	4	Motor	Bajaj	February	2021	Annually	NaN	Credit Card	Female	Bihar	Grad
4	5	Life	Tata AIA	February	2021	Annually	No	Debit Card	Female	Chhattisgarh	

In [11]: *#Bottom*

df.tail(5)

Out[11]:

	S.No.	Policy Type	Insurer	Month	Year	PPT	E Nach	Payment Mode	Gender	State	Education
995	996	Life	SBI Life	April	2022	Monthly	No	Net Banking	Female	Manipur	I
996	997	Life	HDFC Life	April	2022	Monthly	Yes	Credit Card	Female	Meghalaya	Gradua
997	998	Life	ICICI Lombard	April	2022	Monthly	No	Debit Card	Female	Mizoram	F
998	999	Life	Max	April	2022	Monthly	Yes	Net Banking	Male	Nagaland	I
999	1000	Motor	Bajaj	April	2022	Monthly	NaN	Credit Card	Male	Odisha	Gradua

In [12]: *#Features Name*

```
column_name = df.columns
print(column_name)
```

```
Index(['S.No.', 'Policy Type', 'Insurer', 'Month', 'Year', 'PPT', 'E Nach',
      'Payment Mode', 'Gender', 'State', 'Education', 'Marital Status',
      'Working Status', 'Amount', 'Month Number', 'Date'],
      dtype='object')
```

In [13]: *#Describe*

df.describe()

Out[13]:

	S.No.	Year	Amount	Month Number	Date
count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000
mean	500.500000	2021.582000	6474.790000	7.218000	2022-02-05 17:36:57.600000256
min	1.000000	2021.000000	1000.000000	1.000000	2021-01-01 00:00:00
25%	250.750000	2021.000000	2000.000000	5.000000	2021-09-01 00:00:00
50%	500.500000	2022.000000	4700.000000	8.000000	2022-03-01 00:00:00
75%	750.250000	2022.000000	6500.000000	10.000000	2022-08-01 00:00:00
max	1000.000000	2022.000000	35000.000000	12.000000	2022-12-01 00:00:00
std	288.819436	0.493477	7258.309418	3.303542	NaN

## Policy Type :

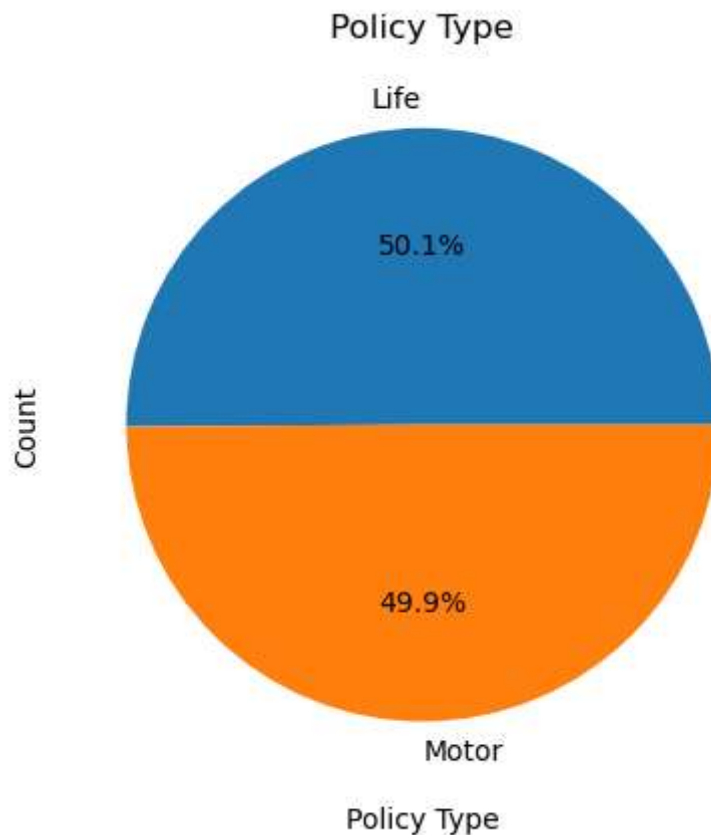
```
In [14]: print(df["Policy Type"].unique())
```

['Life' 'Motor']

```
In [15]: df["Policy Type"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[15]: Policy Type
Life      501
Motor     499
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [16]: df["Policy Type"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%%")
plt.title("Policy Type")
plt.xlabel("Policy Type")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



**Insurer :**

In [18]:

```
print(df["Insurer"].unique())
```

```
['HDFC Life' 'ICICI Lombard' 'Max' 'Bajaj' 'Tata AIA' 'TATA AIG'  
 'Universal Sompo' 'National Insurance' 'HDFC ERGO' 'ICICI Prudential'  
 'SBI General' 'SBI Life']
```

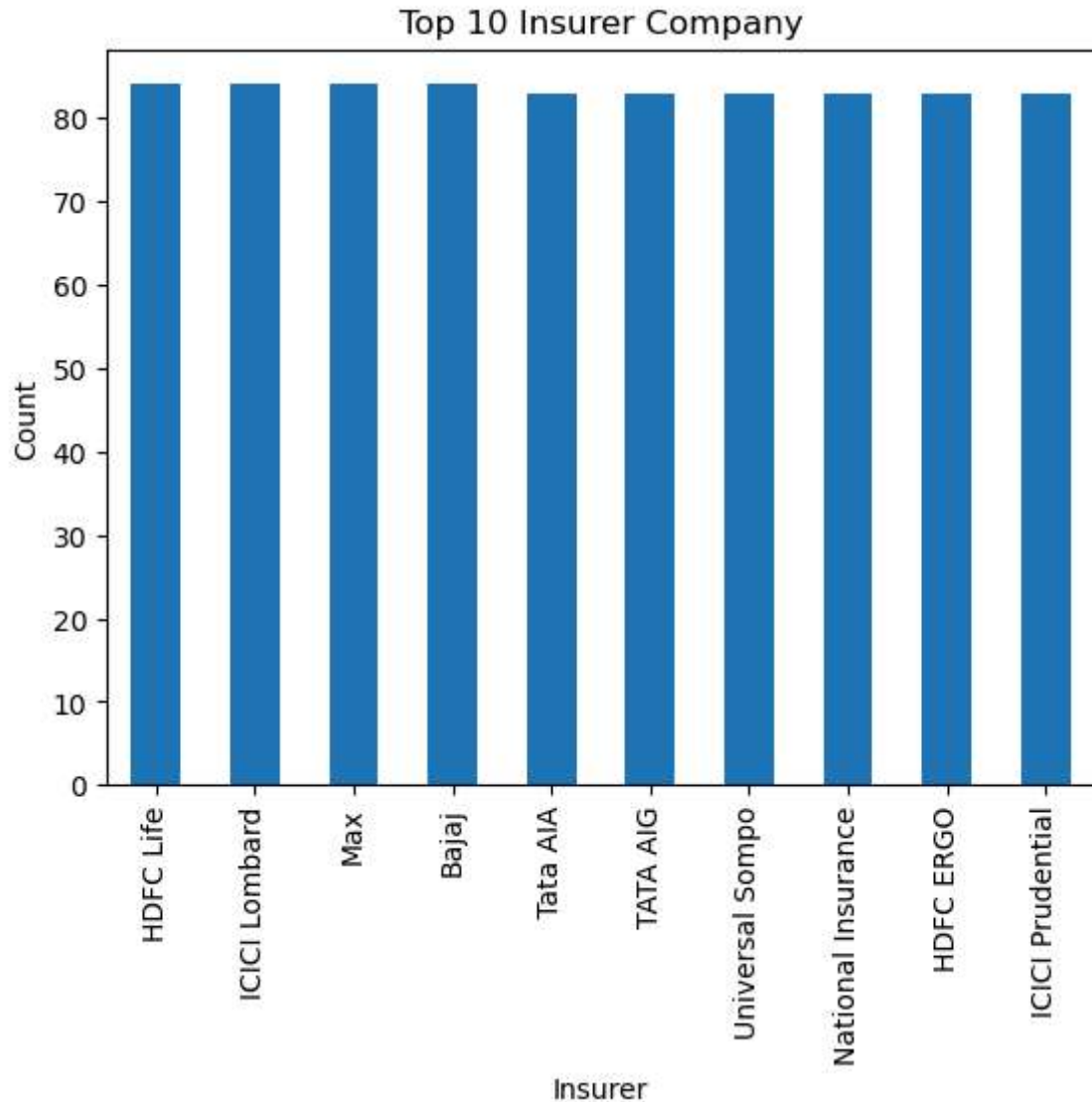
In [19]:

```
df["Insurer"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[19]: Insurer  
HDFC Life      84  
ICICI Lombard  84  
Max            84  
Bajaj          84  
Tata AIA       83  
TATA AIG       83  
Universal Sompo 83  
National Insurance 83  
HDFC ERGO      83  
ICICI Prudential 83  
SBI General     83  
SBI Life       83  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [20]:

```
df["Insurer"].value_counts().nlargest(10).plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Top 10 Insurer Company")
plt.xlabel("Insurer")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



## Month :

In [22]:

```
print(df["Month"].unique())
```

```
['January' 'February' 'March' 'April' 'May' 'June' 'July' 'August'
 'September' 'October' 'November' 'December']
```

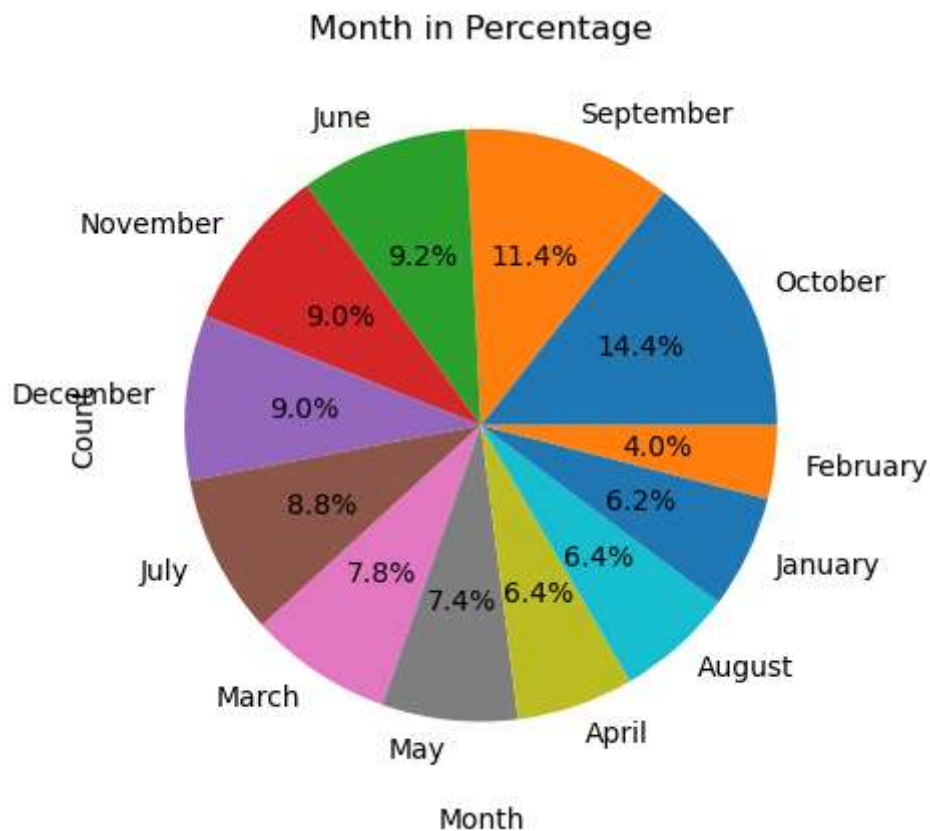
In [23]:

```
df["Month"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[23]: Month
October      144
September    114
June         92
November     90
December     90
July         88
March        78
May          74
April        64
August       64
January      62
February     40
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [41]:

```
df["Month"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%%")
plt.title("Month in Percentage")
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```





## Year :

In [26]:

```
print(df["Year"].unique())
```

```
[2021 2022]
```

In [27]:

```
df["Year"].value_counts()
```

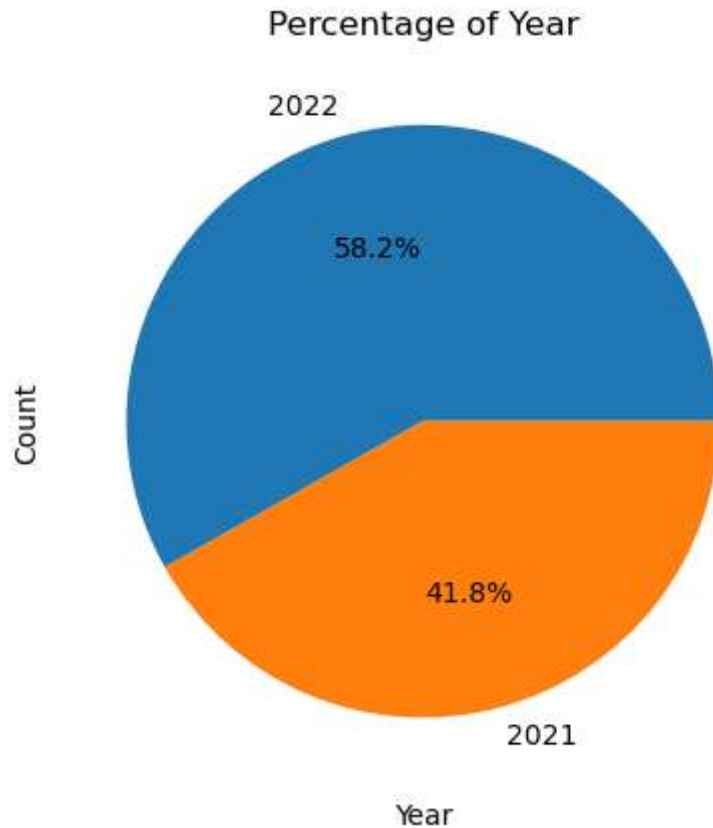
Out[27]:

Year	count
2022	582
2021	418

Name: count, dtype: int64

In [43]:

```
df["Year"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%%")  
plt.title("Percentage of Year")  
plt.xlabel("Year")  
plt.ylabel("Count")  
plt.show()
```



## Premium Paying Term (PPT) :

In [29]:

```
print(df["PPT"].unique())
```

```
['Annually' 'Quarterly' 'Half Yearly' 'Monthly']
```

In [30]:

```
df["PPT"].value_counts()
```

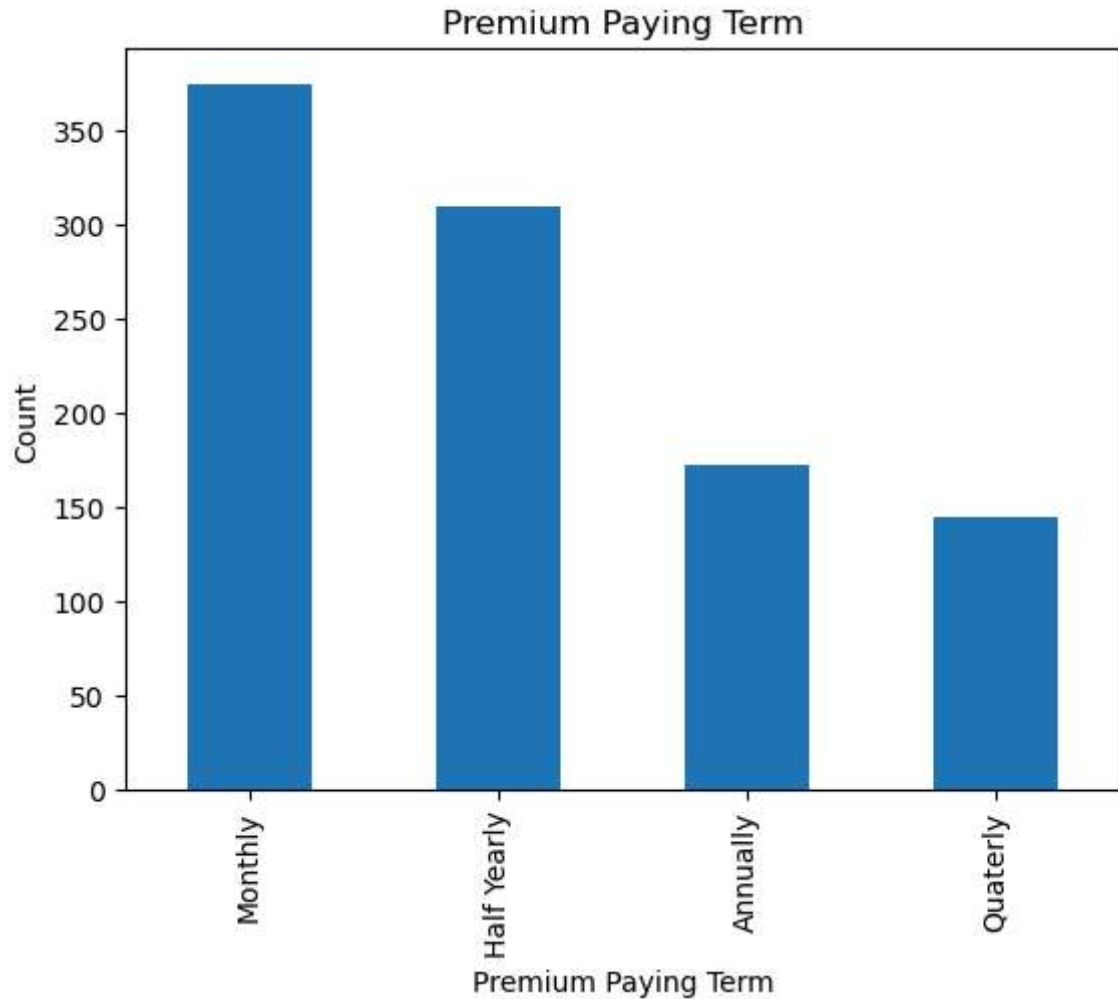
Out[30]:

PPT	
Monthly	374
Half Yearly	309
Annually	172
Quarterly	145

Name: count, dtype: int64

In [33]:

```
df["PPT"].value_counts().nlargest(10).plot(kind="bar")  
plt.title("Premium Paying Term")  
plt.xlabel("Premium Paying Term")  
plt.ylabel("Count")  
plt.show()
```



## E Nach :

In [34]:

```
print(df["E Nach"].unique())
```

```
['Yes' 'No' nan]
```

In [35]:

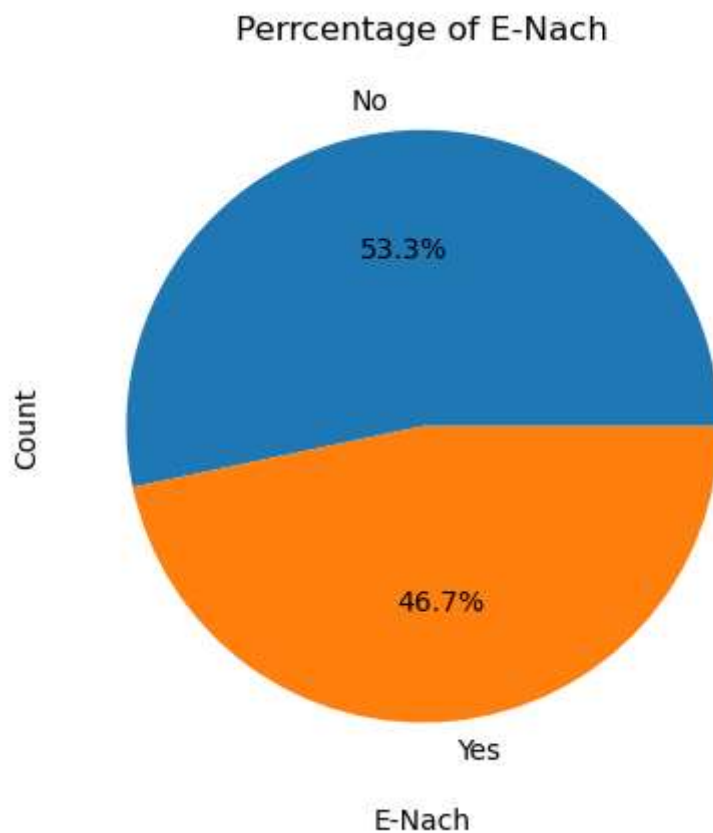
```
df["E Nach"].value_counts()
```

Out[35]:

```
E Nach  
No      267  
Yes     234  
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [40]:

```
df["E Nach"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%")  
plt.title("Perrcentage of E-Nach")  
plt.xlabel("E-Nach")  
plt.ylabel("Count")  
plt.show()
```



## Payment Mode :

In [44]:

```
print(df["Payment Mode"].unique())
```

```
['Credit Card' 'Debit Card' 'Net Banking']
```

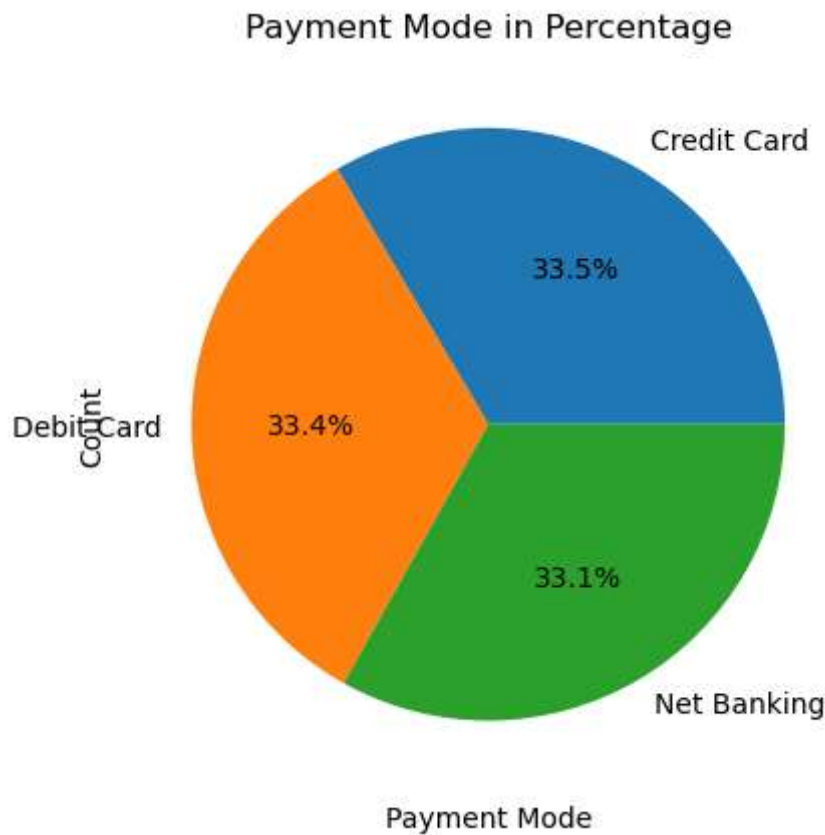
In [45]:

```
df["Payment Mode"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[45]: Payment Mode
Credit Card      335
Debit Card       334
Net Banking      331
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [46]:

```
df["Payment Mode"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%%")
plt.title("Payment Mode in Percentage")
plt.xlabel("Payment Mode")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



## Gender :

In [47]:

```
print(df["Gender"].unique())
```

```
['Male' 'Female']
```

In [50]:

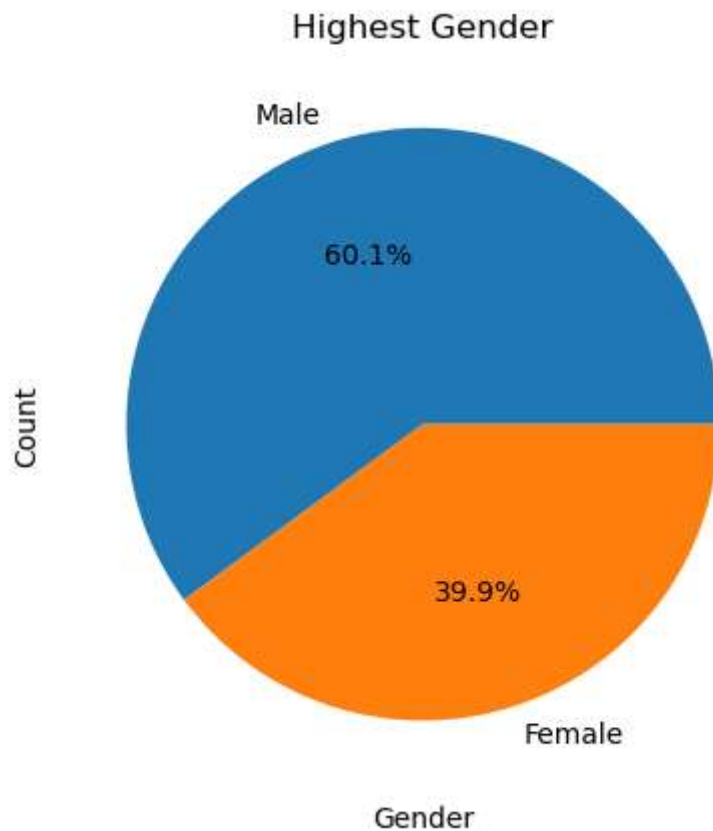
```
df["Gender"].value_counts()
```

Out[50]:

```
Gender
Male      601
Female    399
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [56]:

```
df["Gender"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%%")
plt.title("Highest Gender")
plt.xlabel("Gender")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



**State :**

In [53]:

```
print(df["State"].unique())
```

```
['Andhra Pradesh' 'Arunachal Pradesh' 'Assam' 'Bihar' 'Chhattisgarh' 'Goa'
 'Gujarat' 'Haryana' 'Himachal Pradesh' 'Jharkhand' 'Karnataka' 'Kerala'
 'Madhya Pradesh' 'Maharashtra' 'Manipur' 'Meghalaya' 'Mizoram' 'Nagaland'
 'Odisha' 'Punjab' 'Rajasthan' 'Sikkim' 'Tamil Nadu' 'Telangana' 'Tripura'
 'Uttar Pradesh' 'Uttarakhand' 'West Bengal' 'Andaman and Nicobar'
 'Chandigarh' 'Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu' 'Delhi']
```

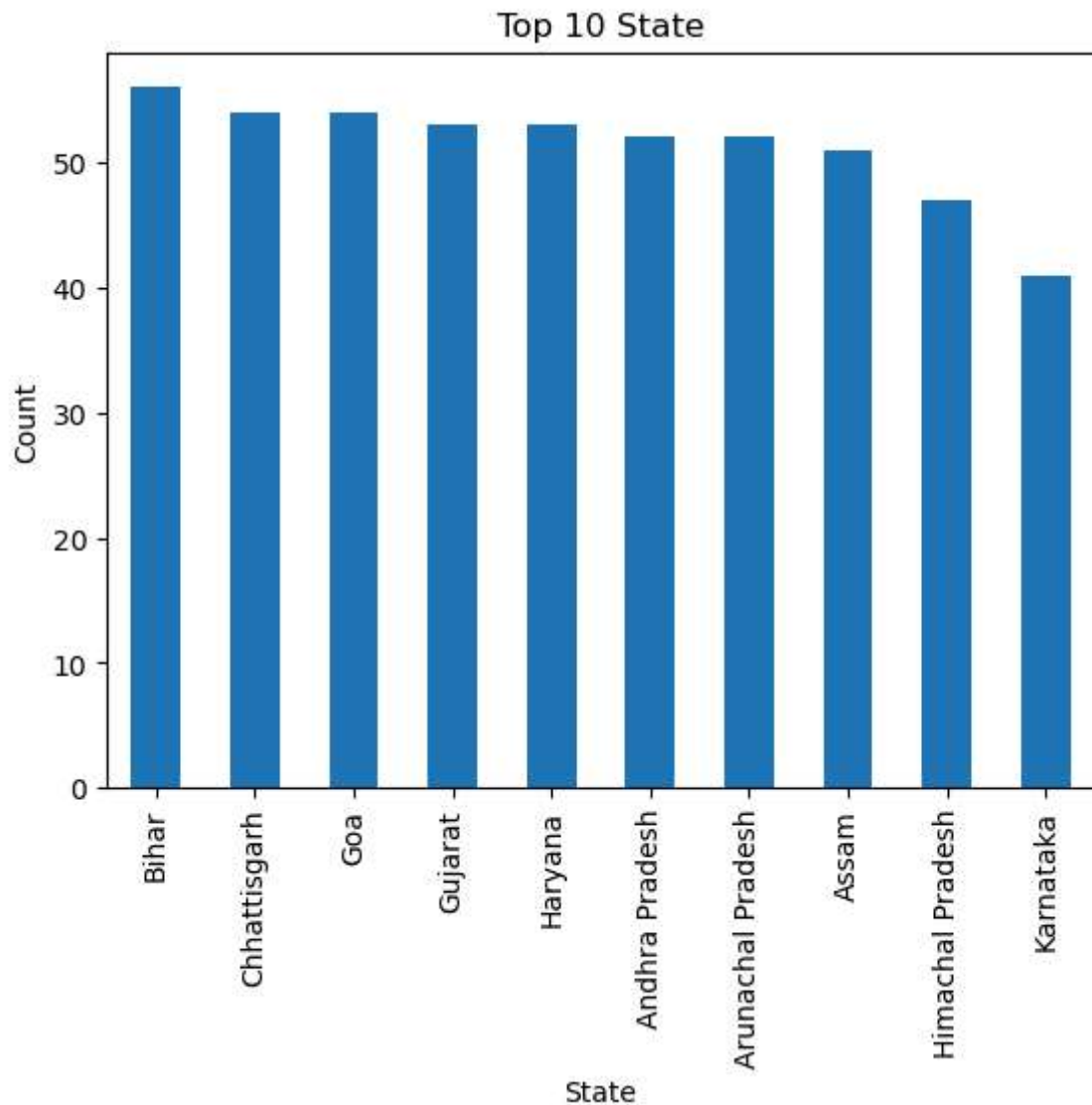
In [54]:

```
df["State"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[54]: State
Bihar                    56
Chhattisgarh            54
Goa                      54
Gujarat                  53
Haryana                  53
Andhra Pradesh           52
Arunachal Pradesh        52
Assam                    51
Himachal Pradesh         47
Karnataka                 41
Kerala                   41
Jharkhand                 39
Madhya Pradesh           34
Maharashtra              31
Manipur                  31
Meghalaya                31
Rajasthan                29
Mizoram                  29
Nagaland                 29
Odisha                   27
Punjab                   26
Tamil Nadu               13
Telangana                 13
Tripura                  13
Uttar Pradesh            13
Uttarakhand              13
West Bengal              13
Andaman and Nicobar      13
Chandigarh               13
Dadra and Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu 13
Delhi                    12
Sikkim                   11
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [55]:

```
df["State"].value_counts().nlargest(10).plot(kind="bar")  
plt.title("Top 10 State")  
plt.xlabel("State")  
plt.ylabel("Count")  
plt.show()
```



## Education :

In [58]:

```
print(df["Education"].unique())
```

```
['Graduate' 'PG' 'Dr.']
```



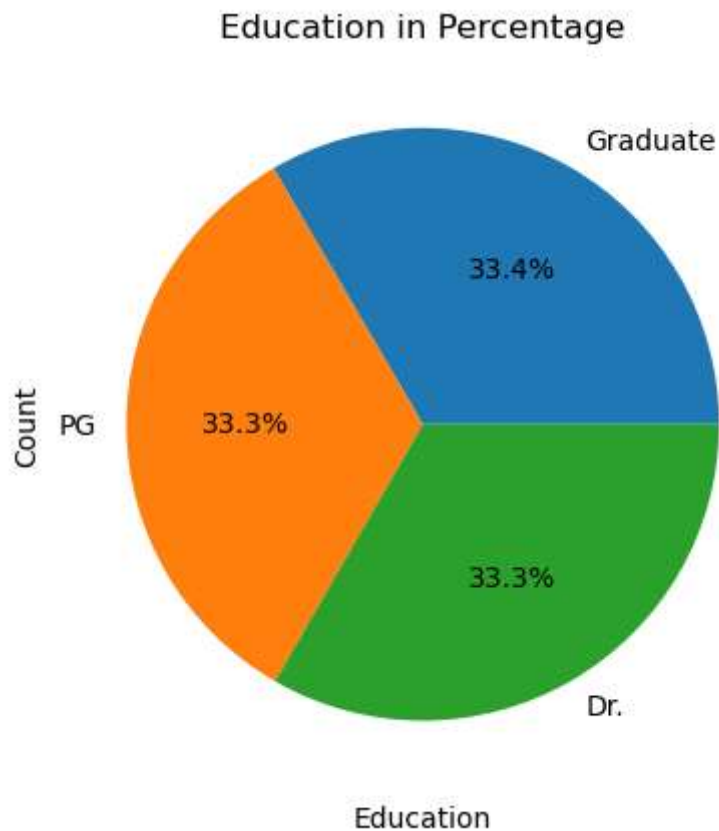
In [59]:

```
df["Education"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[59]: Education
Graduate      334
PG             333
Dr.           333
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [60]:

```
df["Education"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%%")
plt.title("Education in Percentage")
plt.xlabel("Education")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



## Marital Status :

In [61]:

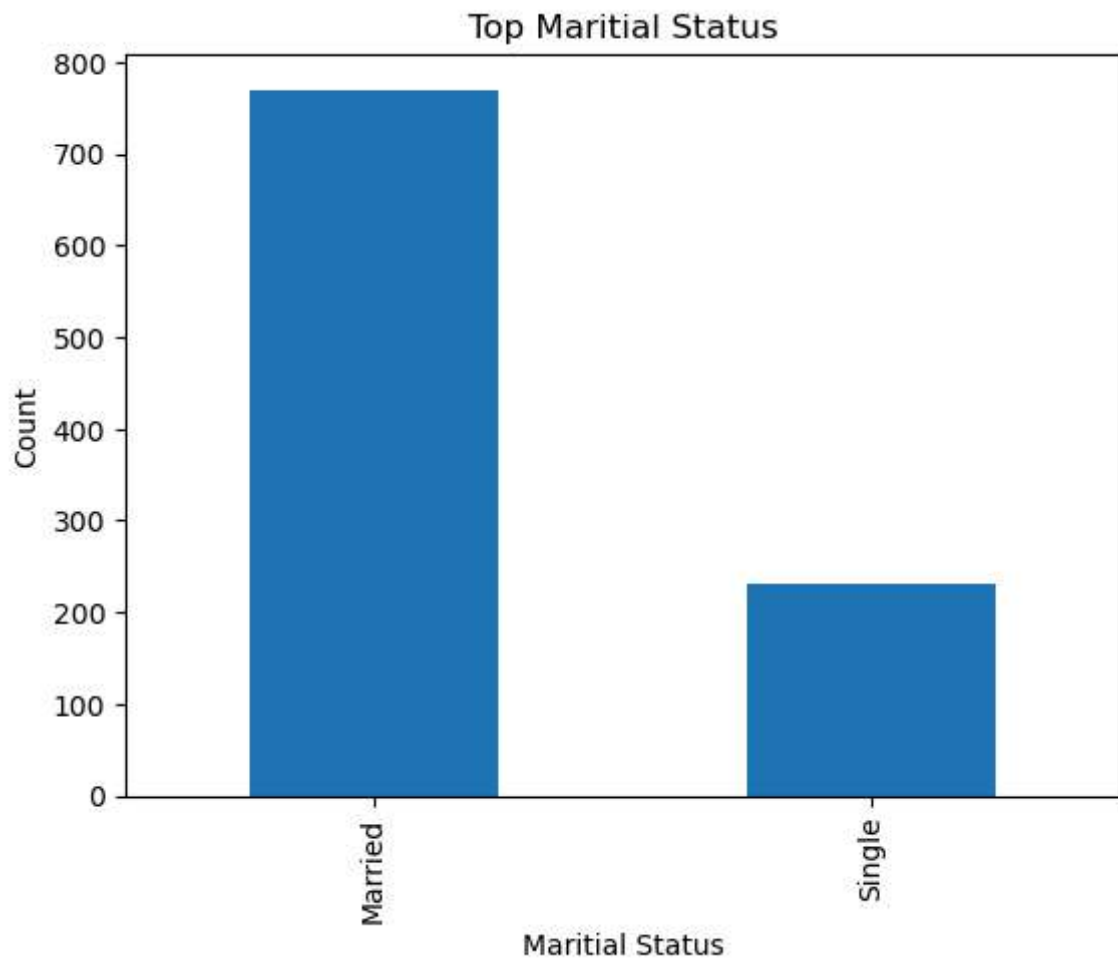
```
print(df["Marital Status"].unique())
```

```
['Married' 'Single']
```

```
In [62]: df["Marital Status"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[62]: Marital Status
Married    770
Single     230
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [63]: df["Marital Status"].value_counts().plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Top Marital Status")
plt.xlabel("Marital Status")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



## Working Status :

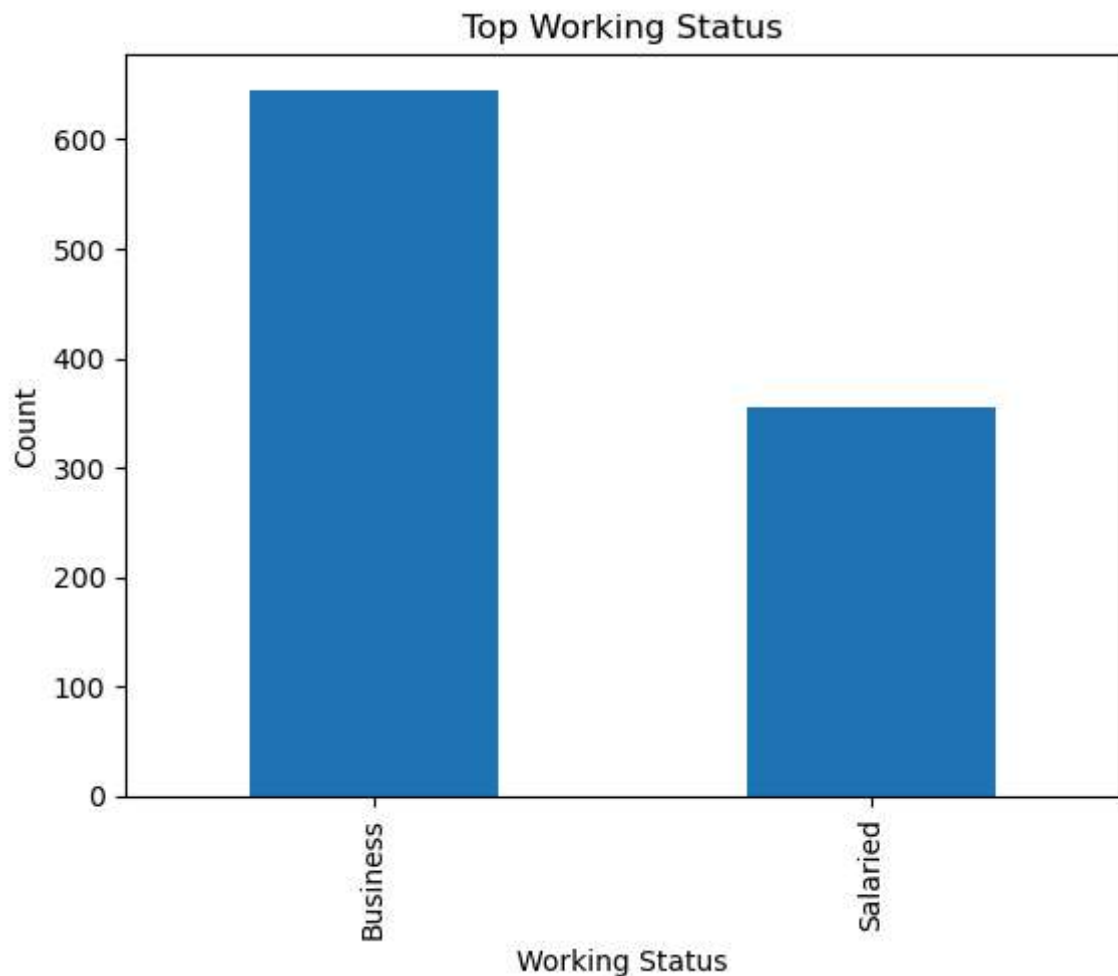
```
In [64]: print(df["Working Status"].unique())
```

['Business' 'Salaried']

```
In [65]: df["Working Status"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[65]: Working Status
Business    645
Salaried    355
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
In [66]: df["Working Status"].value_counts().plot(kind="bar")
plt.title("Top Working Status")
plt.xlabel("Working Status")
plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()
```



## Month Number :

```
In [67]: print(df["Month Number"].unique())
```

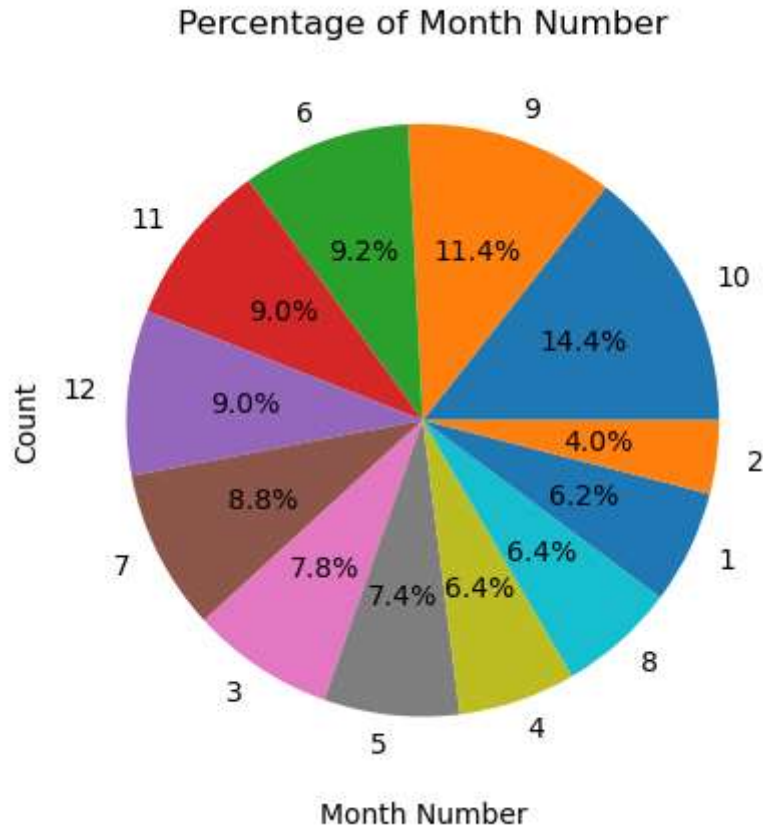
```
[ 1  2  3  4  5  6  7  8  9 10 11 12]
```

```
In [68]: df["Month Number"].value_counts()
```

```
Out[68]: Month Number
10      144
9       114
6        92
11       90
12       90
7        88
3        78
5        74
4        64
8        64
1        62
2        40
Name: count, dtype: int64
```

In [71]:

```
df["Month Number"].value_counts().plot(kind="pie", autopct="%1.1f%%")  
plt.title("Percentage of Month Number")  
plt.xlabel("Month Number")  
plt.ylabel("Count")  
plt.show()
```



**Amount :**

In [70]:

```
Amount = df.groupby("Amount")  
Amount.size()
```

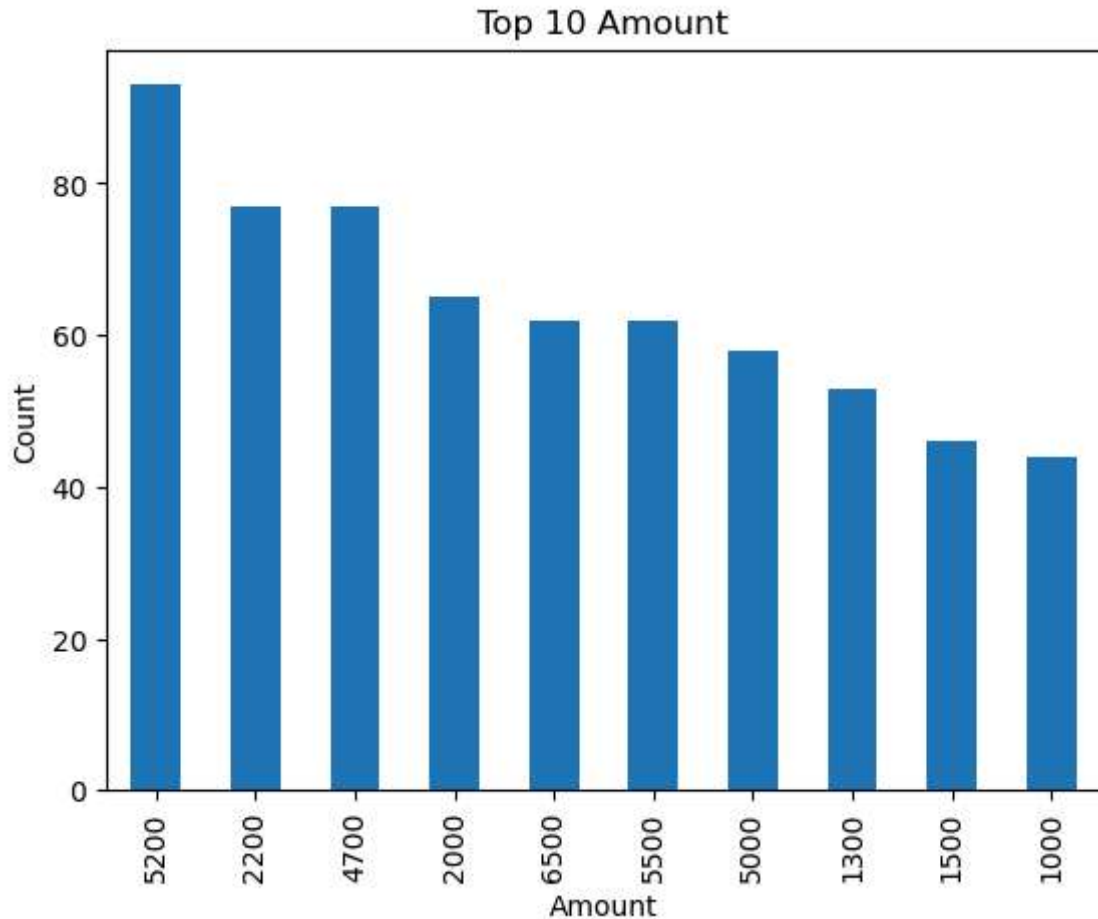
Out[70]: Amount

1000	44
1100	6
1200	39
1250	8
1300	53
1340	1
1400	10
1450	1
1500	46
1600	9
1700	10
1900	22
2000	65
2100	2
2200	77
2400	26
4500	21
4700	77
5000	58
5200	93
5500	62
6000	4
6200	4
6300	4
6400	4
6500	62
7000	4
7300	4
10000	8
11000	15
11500	2
12000	8
12500	4
13000	5
13500	1
14000	11
15000	10
16000	20
18000	6
20000	19
21000	1
21400	1
22000	15
24000	13
25000	9
27000	1
28000	6
29000	5
29800	1
30000	3
31000	1
32000	9
35000	10

dtype: int64

In [72]:

```
df["Amount"].value_counts().nlargest(10).plot(kind="bar")  
plt.title("Top 10 Amount")  
plt.xlabel("Amount")  
plt.ylabel("Count")  
plt.show()
```



## Conclusion :

From this project we conclude that Life Insurances sales is higher which is 50.1% and Motor Insurances sales is 49.9%. From this HDFC Life is made the Highest sales in Life Insurances category and Bajaj is made Highest sales in Motor Insurances category. The Highest sales were in 2022 which is 58.2%. Most of the money was paid monthly by people. There were less people who had done E-nach which is 53.3%. In this, all the payment modes are almost in the same percentage. Most insurances was taken by male which is 60.1% and female taken 39.9% insurances. In this, all the education are almost in same percentage. Most of the insurances was taken by married people and bussineesman.



