### **Assignment 2 Report**

## Does your program output any garbage? If yes, why?

Yes, the program prints garbage values/jumbled characters on to the terminal.

- 1. It looks like the output of producer and consumer are getting printed on the console simultaneously. This is because:
- 2. When the producer is executing the print statement, it puts the characters in the output buffer to print on console.
- 3. However, before it can do so, the context switch occurs and now the consumer process starts putting its character into the output buffer.
- 4. As a result, the console displays the jumbled characters from both producer and consumer process.

This could be fixed if there is a way to synchronize the two processes to use the output buffer atomically.

Example:

Fig 1.1: prodcons shell command output for count = 20

```
xsh $ prodcons 20
produced: 1
produced: 2
produced: 3
produced: 4
produced: 5
produced: 6
produced: 7
produced: 8
produced: 9
produced: 10
produced: 11
produced:xsh $ c12
prooduced:n 13
psroducedu: 14
dproduceed: 15
produc:ed: 16
produ1ced: 172
8 od uced: 1
   duced: c19
prooduced:n 20
sumed: 19
```

#### In Figure 1.1,

- 1. We can see that as producer produces value 12, the consumer process begins and starts putting its output in the console buffer. (Refer 2<sup>nd</sup> blue highlight in fig 1.1)
- 2. However, before the consumer process can completely print "consumer", a context switch occurs once "C" is printed on the console and the control is given back to the producer process.
- 3. The producer process then starts printing for produced value 13, however, like before, a context switch occurs once it outputs "pro" and a character "o" from the consumer process is printed on the console. (Refer 2<sup>nd</sup> blue highlight in fig 1.1)
- 4. Thus, we can see jumbled or garbage characters, whenever there is a context switch between the two processes using shared resources (console).
- Are all the produced values getting consumed? Check your program for a small count like 20.

No. All produced values are not consumed. Following are few observations for this issue-

- 1. First, the producer starts execution and by the time, consumer process is ready to execute, producer has already produced few values and assigned to n.
- 2. Now, when consumer consumes 'n', it will get the current value of n and all previous values are skipped.
- 3. When producer completes its execution for producing all values of 'n' until it reaches count, the consumer is still in middle of its execution.
- 4. Consumer executes print statement to print value stored in its output buffer.
- 5. Now, Consumer checks whether n has reached 'count', then, it stops its execution.
- 6. We note that few of the last produced values are missed by consumer for printing.

## Example:

In figure 1.1 above, we observe execution steps explained below -

- 1. Producer has produced values from 1 to 12.
- 2. Now, consumer starts its execution and starts printing from 12.It missed all previous values.

- 3. When producer has completed producing values, consumer is still executing its second statement to check whether 'n' has reached count.
- 4. Consumer again goes to print value of n which it gets as '19' since producer is continuously producing values.
- 5. And by the time, it reaches to compare n with count, n has already reached its maximum value 20. Hence, consumer stops it execution and misses few of last produced values.

# **Source Code Changes:**

}

```
prodcons.h
#include <xinu.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdio.h>
/*Global variable for producer consumer*/
extern int n; /*this is just declaration*/
/*function Prototype*/
void consumer(int count);
void producer(int count);
produce.c
#include <prodcons.h>
void producer(int count)
   //Code to produce values less than equal to count,
       int i;
       for(i = 1; i <= count; i++)
       {
              n = i;
              printf("produced: %d \n",n);
       }
```

```
consume.c
#include <prodcons.h>
void consumer(int count)
{
       while (1){
               printf("consumed: %d \n",n);
               if (n == count)
                      break;
               }
       }
}
xsh_prodcons.c
#include <prodcons.h>
#include <ctype.h>
               //Definition for global variable 'n'
/*Now global variable n will be on Heap so it is accessible all the processes i.e. consume
and produce*/
shellcmd xsh prodcons(int nargs, char *args[])
{
    //Argument verifications and validations
    int count = 2000;
                            //local varible to hold count
       int i = 0;
       /* Output info for '--help' argument */
       if (nargs == 2 && strncmp(args[1], "--help", 7) == 0)
               printf("Usage: %s\n\n", args[0]);
               printf("Description:\n");
               printf("\tProducer Consumer Example.\n");
               printf("Options (one per invocation):\n");
               printf("\t--help\tdisplay this help and exit\n");
               return 0;
```

```
}
       /* Check argument count */
       /* If argument count is greater than 2, then there are too many arguments*/
       if (nargs > 2)
               fprintf(stderr, "%s: too many arguments\n", args[0]);
              return 1;
       }
       /* If argument count is equal to 2, then assign args[1] to count variable */
       if (nargs == 2)
       {
              // Parse through the array of parameters and return 1 if there is a
character other than a number.
              for(i = 0; args[1][i] != '\0'; i++)
                      if (isdigit(args[1][i]) == 0)
                      {
                              fprintf(stderr, "%s: input parameter should be an
integer.\n", args[0]);
                              return 1;
                      }
               }
              // Else, it can be safely converted to a number.
              count = atoi(args[1]);
       }
   //create the process producer and consumer and put them in ready queue.
   //Look at the definitions of function create and resume in exinu/system folder for
reference.
```

```
resume( create(producer, 1024, 20, "producer", 3, count) );
resume( create(consumer, 1024, 20, "consumer", 3, count) );
}
```

## Contributions -

# Akshay Kamath (akkamath)

- Worked on question 1 (Does your program output any garbage values)
- Producer source code
- 'MakeFile' changes for including files in app folder
- Debugging the errors and fixing issues. Added error handling for non-numeric characters.

# Sameedha Bairagi (sbairagi)

- Worked on question 2 (Are all produced values getting consumed)
- Consumer source code
- Header files
- Debugging the errors and fixing issues