Install Java 11

sudo amazon-linux-extras install java-openjdk11 -y

Check java path

sudo update-alternatives --config java

*+ 1 java-11-openjdk.x86_64 (/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-11.0.9.11-0.amzn2.0.1.x86_64/bin/java)

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*+ 1 java-11-openjdk.x86_64 (/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-11.0.11.0.9-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64/bin/java)

Set environment variable

vim .bash_profile JAVA_HOME="/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-11.0.9.11-0.amzn2.0.1.x86_64/bin/java" source .bash_profile

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JAVA HOME="/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-11.0.11.0.9-1.amzn2.0.1.x86 64/bin/java"

Check if java is set properly echo \$JAVA HOME

Install postgres12

Add official PostgreSQL repository

sudo tee /etc/yum.repos.d/pgdg.repo<<EOF
[pgdg12]
name=PostgreSQL 12 for RHEL/CentOS 7 - x86_64
baseurl=https://download.postgresql.org/pub/repos/yum/12/redhat/rhel-7-x86_64
enabled=1
gpgcheck=0
EOF

Update your packages index file.

sudo yum makecache

Install postgres12

sudo yum install postgresql12 postgresql12-server -y

We need to initialize the database server for configuration files to be generated. This is done by calling the setup script.

sudo /usr/pgsql-12/bin/postgresql-12-setup initdb

To start and enable the service to start at OS boot, run the following command:

sudo systemctl enable --now postgresql-12

Expected output as below

Created symlink from /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/postgresql-12.service to /usr/lib/systemd/system/postgresql-12.service.

Check service status to confirm it is in running state.

sudo systemctl status postgresql-12

Login to postgres:

There is no default password for postgres so to create password Login using postgres user (the user that was automatically created when we installed postgres)

sudo cat /etc/passwd sudo su - postgres

psql

Expected output as below: psql (12.7)
Type "help" for help.

postgres=#

set password for postgres

ALTER USER postgres WITH PASSWORD 'postgres';

Expected output: ALTER ROLE

Without login change password (Optional)

psql -c "alter user postgres with password 'postgres'"

Expected output: ALTER ROLE

List database users.

\du;

Create a user (database user) for sonarqube create user sonarqube;

Expected output: CREATE ROLE

Verify user (database user) we created.

\du; Create Password for user sonarqube that we created in above step alter user sonarqube with password 'mypassword'; Expected output: ALTER ROLE set password without login to database (**Optional**) psql -c "alter user sonarqube with password 'mypassword'"; List current database Create database create database sonardb; Expected output: CREATE DATABASE Verify created database Give access for user sonarqube to access sonar database or add sonar user to superuser GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE sonardb TO sonarqube; Expected output: GRANT Verify access for user sonarqube on sonardb database Exit the database exit You will be landed on to the bash shell

psql postgres -U sonarqube

Note: psql: error: FATAL: Peer authentication failed for user "sonarqube"

The above error states that the peer authentication is failed which is due to login that is provided by postgres

sudo -i cd /var/lib/pgsql/12/data/

Backup and edit cp pg_hba.conf pg_hba.conf.bkp vi /var/lib/pgsql/12/data/pg_hba.conf Change method to trust Restart postgres to apply changes sudo systemctl restart postgresql-12 sudo systemctl restart postgresql-12.service sudo systemctl status postgresql-12 date (confirm restart time)

Exit

Check if we are able to login for user sonarqube psql postgres -U sonarqube Expected Output psql (12.7)
Type "help" for help.

postgres=>

exit

Installation & Configuration of SonarQube Server

Install sonarqube

add user sudo useradd sonar sudo passwd sonar su - sonar

download binary of sonar

wget https://binaries.sonarsource.com/Distribution/sonarqube/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237.zip unzip sonarqube-8.1.0.31237.zip

cd sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/bin/linux-x86-64/ ./sonar.sh console

Login

Ser Open browser enter public ip:9000 verify the installation from browser publicip:9000

Verify the database h2 database from the system

stop the server ./sonar.sh stop

./sonar.sh status

Take Backup of Configuration Files before editing:

Navigate to the config file take backup of config file cd /home/ec2-user/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/conf/ sudo cp sonar.properties sonar.properties.bkp sudo cp wrapper.conf wrapper.conf.bkp

Edit sonar.properties and add below parameters

vim sonar.properties

sonar.jdbc.username=sonarqube sonar.jdbc.password=mypassword sonar.jdbc.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost/sonardb

JAVA_HOME="/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-11.0.9.11-0.amzn2.0.1.x86_64/bin/java" source .bash profile

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JAVA_HOME="/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-11.0.11.0.9-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64/bin/java"

Edit wrapper.conf it is to help sonar locate the java path

cd /home/ec2-user/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/conf vim wrapper.conf wrapper.java.command=/usr/lib/jvm/java-11-openjdk-11.0.11.0.9-1.amzn2.0.1.x86_64/bin/java

Set the sudo sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=262144

max_map_count:

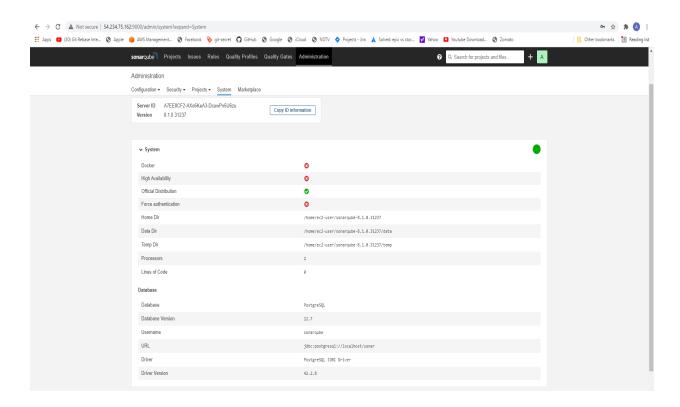
This file contains the maximum number of memory map areas a process may have. Memory map areas are used as a side-effect of calling malloc, directly by mmap and mprotect, and also when loading shared libraries.

While most applications need less than a thousand maps, certain programs, particularly malloc debuggers, may consume lots of them, e.g., up to one or two maps per allocation. The default value is 65536.

Recommended values to be set for sonar in linux sudo -i

sudo sysctl -w vm.max_map_count=524288 sudo sysctl -w fs.file-max=131072 sudo ulimit -n 131072 sudo ulimit -u 8192

Start the server and check cd /home/ec2-user/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/bin/linux-x86-64 ./sonar.sh console



Start the server cd /home/ec2-user/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/bin/linux-x86-64 ./sonar.sh console

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-24-114 linux-x86-64]\$./sonar.sh console

```
Running SonarQube...
wrapper | --> Wrapper Started as Console
wrapper | Launching a JVM...
jvm 1 | Wrapper (Version 3.2.3) http://wrapper.tanukisoftware.org
jvm 1 | Copyright 1999-2006 Tanuki Software, Inc. All Rights Reserved.
ivm 1
jvm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:19 INFO app[][o.s.a.AppFileSystem] Cleaning or creating temp
directory /home/ec2-user/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/temp
ivm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:19 INFO app[[[o.s.a.es.EsSettings]] Elasticsearch listening on
/127.0.0.1:9001
ivm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:19 INFO app[][o.s.a.ProcessLauncherImpl] Launch
process[[key='es', ipcIndex=1, logFilenamePrefix=es]] from
[/home/ec2-user/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/elasticsearch]:
/home/ec2-user/sonarqube-8.1.0.31237/elasticsearch/bin/elasticsearch
jvm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:19 INFO app[][o.s.a.SchedulerImpl] Waiting for Elasticsearch to be
up and running
jvm 1 | OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM warning: Option UseConcMarkSweepGC was deprecated
in version 9.0 and will likely be removed in a future release.
jvm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:20 INFO app[][o.e.p.PluginsService] no modules loaded
jvm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:20 INFO app[][o.e.p.PluginsService] loaded plugin
[org.elasticsearch.transport.Netty4Plugin]
jvm 1 | ERROR: [1] bootstrap checks failed
jvm 1 | [1]: max virtual memory areas vm.max map count [65530] is too low, increase to at
least [262144]
jvm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:27 WARN app[][o.s.a.p.AbstractManagedProcess] Process exited
with exit value [es]: 78
jvm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:27 INFO app[][o.s.a.SchedulerImpl] Process[es] is stopped
jvm 1 | 2021.06.24 08:03:27 INFO app[][o.s.a.SchedulerImpl] SonarQube is stopped
wrapper | <-- Wrapper Stopped
Try login with user to check if we are able to access postgres
psql postgres -U sonarqube
```

If not then try restarting the postgres server and try again login psql postgres -U sonarqube

######################################	
To reset password of postgres 12 in case we forget	
Backup and edit	
Edit /var/lib/pgsql/12/data/pg_hba.conf	
Change method to trust	
Restart postgres	
systemctl restart postgresql-12.service	
su -postgres	
Set new password	
postgres=#	
ALTER USER postgres WITH PASSWORD 'postgres';	
systemctl restart postgresql-12.service	