

Q1. Show that $x = -3$ is a solution of $x^2 + 6x + 9 = 0$.Q2. Show that $x = -2$ is a solution of $3x^2 + 13x + 14 = 0$.Q3. If $x = 3$ is one root of the quadratic equation $x^2 - 2kx - 6 = 0$, then find the value of k.Ans. $k = \frac{1}{2}$ Q4. If $x = -2$ is one root of the quadratic equation $3x^2 + 5x + 2k = 0$, then find the value of k.Ans. $k = -1$ Q5. If $x = -5$ is one root of the quadratic equation $2x^2 + px - 15 = 0$, then find the value of p.Ans. $p = 7$ Q6. Find the value/s of k for which $x = 2$ is the solution of the equation $kx^2 + 2x - 3 = 0$.Ans. $k = -\frac{1}{4}$ Q7. Find the value/s of k for which $x = -\frac{1}{2}$ is the solution of the equation $3x^2 + 2kx - 3 = 0$ Ans. $k = -\frac{9}{4}$ Q8. Find the roots of the following : (i) $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 0$ (ii) $x^2 - 5x + 6 = 0$ (iii) $x^2 + 5x - 6 = 0$ (iv) $x^2 - 5x - 6 = 0$ Ans. (i) $-2, -3$ (ii) $2, 3$ (iii) $-6, 1$ (iv) $6, -1$

Q9. Solve the following quadratic equations by factorization :

(i) $x^2 + 6x + 5 = 0$	(ii) $9x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0$	(iii) $x^2 - 8x + 16 = 0$	(iv) $2x^2 - x + \frac{1}{8} = 0$
(v) $2x^2 + x - 6 = 0$	(vi) $x^2 - 3x - 10 = 0$	(vii) $100x^2 - 20x + 1 = 0$	

Ans. (i) $-5, -1$ (ii) $\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{1}{3}$ (iii) $4, 4$ (iv) $\frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{4}$ (v) $-2, \frac{3}{2}$ (vi) $-2, 5$ (vii) $\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{10}$ Q10. Solve for x : $\sqrt{3}x^2 + 10x + 7\sqrt{3} = 0$.Ans. $-\sqrt{3}, -\frac{7}{\sqrt{3}}$ Q11. Solve for x : $\sqrt{2}x^2 + 7x + 5\sqrt{2} = 0$.Ans. $\frac{-5\sqrt{2}}{2}, -\sqrt{2}$ Q12. Solve for x : $4\sqrt{3}x^2 + 5x - 2\sqrt{3} = 0$.Ans. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}, -\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$ Q13. Find the roots of the following : (i) $3x^2 - 2\sqrt{6}x + 2 = 0$ (ii) $2x^2 + 5\sqrt{3}x + 6 = 0$ (iii) $x^2 - 3\sqrt{5}x + 10 = 0$ Ans. (i) $\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}, \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$ (ii) $-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, -2\sqrt{3}$ (iii) $\sqrt{5}, 2\sqrt{5}$ Q14. If $x = 1$ is a common root of the equations $ax^2 + ax + 3 = 0$ and $x^2 + x + b = 0$ then find ab.

Ans. 3

