

Q2. Word2Vec

a) Derive the gradients of sigmoid f .

$$\nabla \sigma(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-x}} \right) \quad \begin{array}{l} \rightarrow u \\ \rightarrow v. \end{array}$$

using quotient rule.

$$= \frac{(1+e^{-x})(0) - e^{-x}(-1)}{(1+e^{-x})^2}$$

$$= \frac{e^{-x}}{(1+e^{-x})^2}$$

$$\therefore \sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-x}}$$

$$\boxed{\therefore \nabla \sigma(x) = (\sigma(x))^2 \cdot e^{-x}.}$$

$$b) \quad \hat{y} = \frac{e^{v_0^T v_c}}{\sum_{\omega=1}^W e^{v_{\omega}^T v_c}} \quad \left. \vphantom{\frac{e^{v_0^T v_c}}{\sum_{\omega=1}^W e^{v_{\omega}^T v_c}}} \right\} \text{softmax function}$$

$$J = - \sum_i y_i \log(\hat{y}_i)$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}_0}{\partial v_c} = u_0 \hat{y}_0 - \sum_{\omega=1}^W v_{\omega} \hat{y}_{\omega} \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = - \sum_i \frac{y_i}{\hat{y}_i} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_i}{\partial v_c} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

Substitute eqⁿ (1) in eqⁿ (2)

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = - \sum_i y_i \left(u_i - \sum_{\omega=1}^W v_{\omega} \hat{y}_{\omega} \right)$$

c) Derivative of softmax w.r.t v

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}_w}{\partial v_w} = -v_c \hat{y}_0 \quad \text{if } w=0$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}_w}{\partial v_w} = v_c \hat{y}_w \quad \text{if } w \neq 0$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}_w}{\partial v_0} = -v_c \hat{y}_w \quad \text{if } w \neq 0$$

derivative of cross entropy:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = - \sum_i \frac{y_i}{\hat{y}_i} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_i}{\partial v_c}$$

Substitute softmax derivative in above eqⁿ.

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_w} = - \sum_i y_i (v_c \hat{y}_i)$$

d) derivative of sampling loss

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = -\sigma(-v_0^T v_c) v_0 + \sum_{k=1}^K \sigma(v_k^T v_c) v_k$$

derivative w.r.t v_w :

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_w} = \begin{cases} -\sigma(-v_0^T v_c) v_c & \text{if } w=0 \\ \sigma(v_w^T v_c) & \text{if } w \in \{1, \dots, K\} \end{cases}$$

e) Gradient w.r.t v_c .

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial v_c} \left(\sum_{-m \leq j < m, j \neq 0} f(\omega_{c+j}, v_c) \right) = \sum_{-m \leq j < m, j \neq 0} \frac{\partial f(\omega_{c+j}, v_c)}{\partial v_c}$$

from part d, we know that:

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial v_c} = -\sigma(-v_0^T v_c) v_0 + \sum_{k=1}^K \sigma(v_k^T v_c) v_k$$

Gradient w.r.t v_k .

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial v_k} \left(\sum_{-m \leq j < m, j \neq 0} f(\omega_{c+j}, v_c) \right) = \sum_{-m \leq j < m, j \neq 0} \frac{\partial f(\omega_{c+j}, v_c)}{\partial v_k}$$

from previous parts:

$$\frac{\partial f(\omega, v_c)}{\partial v_w} = - \sum_i y_i (v_c \hat{y}_i) \quad \text{if } w=0$$