

Introduction to R programming

Wrapping up

14th October 2020

[\(A more inspiring last lecture\)](#)

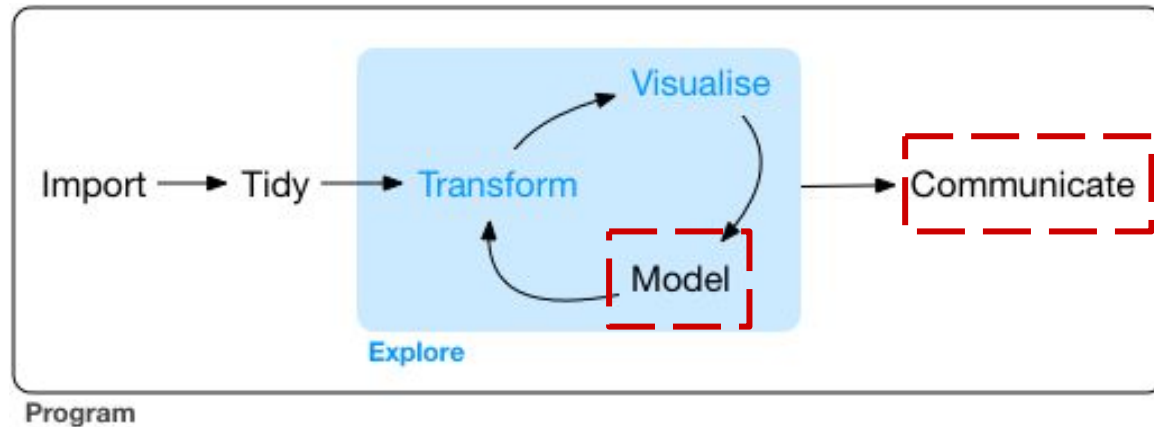
Next steps

From our side:

- Worksheet solutions (WS02 to WS04) and worksheet with typos fixed
- Final assignment (20% of total)
- Feedback form (for the whole course)

From your side:

- WS-04 submission
- Final assignment
- Continued learning



Source: Wickham & Grolemund (2017)

<https://r4ds.had.co.nz/>

tibble

Bind vectors to tibble (dataframe)

v1	a	b	c	d
v2	XX	XX	YY	YY
v3	1	2	3	4



v1	v2	v3
a	XX	1
b	XX	2
c	YY	3
d	YY	4

rbind

Bind rows having identical column structure

v1	v2	v3
a		
b		

v1	v2	v3
c		
d		



v1	v2	v3
a		
b		
c		
d		

cbind

Bind columns having identical numbers of rows

v1	v2	v3
a		
b		

v4	v5	v6
1		
2		



v1	v2	v3	v4	v5	v6
a			1		
b			2		

left_join & right_join

Match and join datasets

df1

v1	v2
a	1
b	2
c	2
d	1

df2

v1	v3
a	X
c	Y

left_join(df1, df2)

v1	v2	v3
a	1	X
b	2	NA
c	2	Y
d	1	NA

right_join(df1, df2)

v1	v2	v3
a	1	X
c	2	Y

mutate

Add new columns or recalculate existing columns

v1	v2	v3



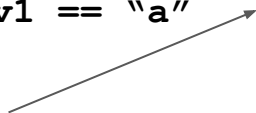
v1	v2	v3	v4

filter

Create subsets of rows

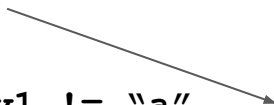
v1	v2	v3
a		
b		
c		
d		
a		

v1 == "a"



v1	v2	v3
a		
a		

v1 != "a"



v1	v2	v3
b		
c		
d		

select

Create subsets of columns

v1	v2	v3	v4	v5	v6

v1,v3,v5

v1	v3	v5

-v1,-v3,-v5

v2	v4	v6

rename

Modify column names

v1	v2	v3



v1	v4	v5

recode

Modify data elements

v1	v2	v3
a		
b		
c		
d		



v1	v2	v3
X		
Y		
c		
d		

group_by & summarise

Summarise data

v1	v2	v3
a		
a		
b		
b		

group_by (v3)

v1	v2	v3
a		
a		
b		
b		

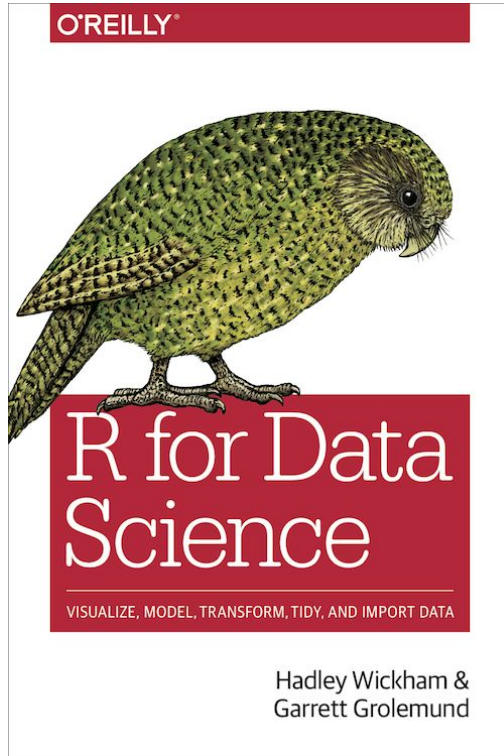
summarise (v2)

v2 (summary)

summarise (v2)

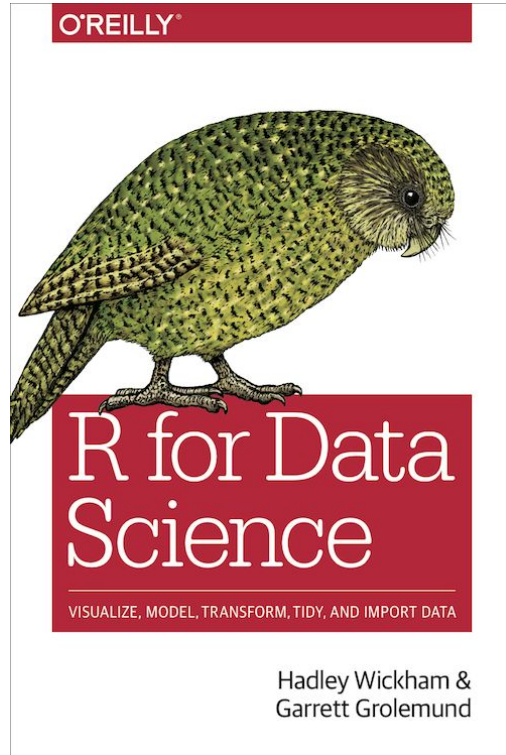
v2 (summary)

R for data science - Hadley Wickham and Garrett Grolemund



[Link](#)

R for data science - Hadley Wickham and Garrett Grolemund



Section / Chapter	Month 1	Month 2	Month 3
I. Explore (2,3,4,5,6)			
II. Wrangle (9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16)			
III. Program (17,18,19,20,21)			
V. Communicate (26,27,28,29)			

[Link](#)

Managing errors in R

Managing errors in R

1. Know your error - learn to pick up errors

```
>  
> Liverwort <- filter(edidiv taxonGroup == "Liverwort")  
Error: unexpected symbol in "Liverwort <- filter(edidiv taxonGroup"
```



Managing errors in R

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Error: unexpected symbol in "Liverwort <- filter(edidiv taxonGroup"
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2. Troubleshoot your error - get familiar with common errors and solutions to them

'could not find function' // 'cannot open the connection' // "subscript out of bounds"

Managing errors in R

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Error: unexpected symbol in "Liverwort <- filter(edidiv taxonGroup"
```



2. Troubleshoot your error - get familiar with common errors and solutions to them

`'could not find function'` // `'cannot open the connection'` // `"subscript out of bounds"`

3. Googling your errors*

- "An online search for the error message (along with "R" and the function or package name) is always a good start"*
- "For "how to ..." type queries, a search will often result in tutorials, and even Youtube videos as well"*
- R Help ?fn*
- Asking questions and reading other's questions - [stackoverflow](https://stackoverflow.com)*

Managing errors in R

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Error: unexpected symbol in "Liverwort <- filter(edidiv taxonGroup"
```



2. Troubleshoot your error - get familiar with common errors and solutions to them

```
'could not find function' // 'cannot open the connection' // "subscript out of bounds" //  
'Error: unexpected ')''
```

3. Googling your errors*

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4. Write neater code (indenting, comments, sections)

Source: Troubleshooting in R ([link1](#)) | How to avoid common mistakes in R ([link](#)) | Troubleshooting in R ([link2](#))



Learn R, in R.

swirl teaches you R programming and data science
interactively, at your own pace, and right in the R
console!

[Link](#)

Steps

1. `install.packages("swirl", dependencies = TRUE)`
2. `library(swirl)`

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There are several lesson plans available within Swirl ([link](#))

We recommend **R programming**, installed this way:

3. `swirl::install_course("R Programming")`

Steps

1. `install.packages("swirl", dependencies = TRUE)`
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We recommend **R programming**, installed this way:

3. `swirl::install_course("R Programming")`
4. `swirl()`

Swirl is interactive: you respond to prompts with number (just like calling a customer care service!) - correct answers take you forward

*Let's check out one lesson in the R programming course
(follow along if you can)*



Learn R, in R.

Thank you

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