

Seat	
No.	

Set P

S.E. (Civil) (Part – I) (CBCS) Examination, 2018 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND DRAWING (New)

Day and Date: Tuesday, 11-12-2018 Max. Marks: 70

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

- Instructions: 1) Q. No. 1 is compulsory. It should be solved in first 30 minutes in Answer Book Page No. 3. Each question carries one mark.
 - 2) Answer MCQ/Objective type questions on Page No. 3 only. Don't forget to mention, Q.P. Set (P/Q/R/S) on Top of Page.
 - 3) Figure to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
 - 4) Assume suitable data **wherever** necessary and mention it **clearly**.

MCQ/Objective Type Questions

Duration: 30 Minutes Marks: 14

- 1. State whether following statement is correct or incorrect. (1×14=14)
 - 1) If depth of footing is less than or equal to width of footing then it is called as shallow foundation.
 - 2) Style is part of door frame.
 - 3) Landing width is equal to flight width of staircase.
 - 4) In case of roofs water flows from valley to ridge.
 - 5) Lintel is provided to carry load of wall above opening provided in wall.
 - 6) Extrados is inner curve of an arch.
 - 7) In two pipe system separate soil pipe (S.P.) and waste pipe (W.P.) are provided.
 - 8) Purpose to providing traps in drainage system to avoid entry foul gases in building.



- 9) Plastering is the process of covering rough surfaces of wall, column and ceiling etc.
- 10) The term pointing is applied to the finishing of mortar joints in masonry.
- 11) Driers are used to accelerate the process of drying in painting.
- 12) As per IS: 3362-1965 in living rooms and bedrooms minimum of three air change per hour should be provided.
- 13) Flooring of terrazzo, mosaic tiles and marble gives good appearance.
- 14) Varnish is applied on wood surfaces.



Seat	
No.	

Day and Date: Tuesday, 11-12-2018 Marks: 56

Time: 10.00 a.m. to 2.00 p.m.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

- 2) Section I to be written in answer book.
- 3) Section II to be drawn on half imperial drawing sheet. Use both sides of the sheet.
- 4) Figure to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) **Assume** suitable data **wherever** necessary and mention it **clearly**.
- 6) Retain **all** projection/construction lines on drawing sheet.

SECTION - I

2. Attempt any seven questions :

- a) Write down about functional requirements of building as whole.
- b) Enlist various types of bonds in brick masonry. Explain with neat sketch any two bonds.
- c) Differentiate between stone masonry and brick masonry.
- d) Discuss requirement of good stair with neat sketch.
- e) Enlist the types of doors. Explain any one type of door in detail with sketch.
- f) Draw a detailed labelled diagram of arch and explain components of arch.
- g) Explain in brief various systems of mechanical ventilation.
- h) What are the causes of breaking of water seal in the traps?
- i) Explain in brief the objective of plastering and pointing.
- j) Explain various defects in painting.

3. A) Draw to scale of 1:10, detailed section, front elevation and sectional elevation for framed T.W. Double leaf door full paneled. Use following data (All dimensions are in mm)

14

- a) Clear opening = 1000×2100
- b) Wood section for frame = 100×75
- c) Wood section for styles and rails = 100×40
- d) Panel 20 mm thick plywood
- e) Show various fixtures at proper location.

OR

Draw to the scale of 1:10 elevation and plan of alternate course of L shaped one brick and one and half brick thick wall in English bond also draw the isometric view of the masonry.

B) Design and draw to scale 1 : 30, plan and vertical section for quarter turn RCC stair for residential building. Use following data : 14

1) Storey height = 3100 mm

- 2) Width of flight = 1000 mm
- 3) Railing 50 mm thick RCC pardi
- 4) Reinforcement details not expected
- 5) Write step by step calculation on sheet with pencil only.

OR

Draw to scale 1: 20 cross section of a RCC slab floor with ceramic tile flooring laid on cement mortar bed with cement float. Use following data and dimension.

- 1) RCC slab thickness = 150 mm
- 2) Cement mortar bed thickness = 30 mm
- 3) Cement float thickness = 02 mm
- 4) Ceramic tile thickness = 15 mm
- 5) Ceramic tile size in plan = 300×300 mm

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MCQ/Objective Type Questions

Duration: 30 Minutes Marks: 14

- State whether following statement is correct or incorrect. (1×14=14)
 - 1) Purpose to providing traps in drainage system to avoid entry foul gases in building.
 - 2) Plastering is the process of covering rough surfaces of wall, column and ceiling etc.
 - 3) The term pointing is applied to the finishing of mortar joints in masonry.
 - 4) Driers are used to accelerate the process of drying in painting.
 - 5) As per IS: 3362-1965 in living rooms and bedrooms minimum of three air change per hour should be provided.
 - 6) Flooring of terrazzo, mosaic tiles and marble gives good appearance.
 - 7) Varnish is applied on wood surfaces.
 - 8) If depth of footing is less than or equal to width of footing then it is called as shallow foundation.

P.T.O.



- 9) Style is part of door frame.
- 10) Landing width is equal to flight width of staircase.
- 11) In case of roofs water flows from valley to ridge.
- 12) Lintel is provided to carry load of wall above opening provided in wall.
- 13) Extrados is inner curve of an arch.
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SECTION - I

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- f) Draw a detailed labelled diagram of arch and explain components of arch.
- g) Explain in brief various systems of mechanical ventilation.
- h) What are the causes of breaking of water seal in the traps?
- i) Explain in brief the objective of plastering and pointing.
- j) Explain various defects in painting.

 A) Draw to scale of 1: 10, detailed section, front elevation and sectional elevation for framed T.W. Double leaf door full paneled. Use following data (All dimensions are in mm)

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- a) Clear opening = 1000×2100
- b) Wood section for frame = 100×75
- c) Wood section for styles and rails = 100×40
- d) Panel 20 mm thick plywood
- e) Show various fixtures at proper location.

OR

Draw to the scale of 1:10 elevation and plan of alternate course of L shaped one brick and one and half brick thick wall in English bond also draw the isometric view of the masonry.

- B) Design and draw to scale 1:30, plan and vertical section for quarter turn RCC stair for residential building. Use following data:
 - 1) Storey height = 3100 mm
 - 2) Width of flight = 1000 mm
 - 3) Railing 50 mm thick RCC pardi
 - 4) Reinforcement details not expected
 - 5) Write step by step calculation on sheet with pencil only.

OR

Draw to scale 1: 20 cross section of a RCC slab floor with ceramic tile flooring laid on cement mortar bed with cement float. Use following data and dimension.

- 1) RCC slab thickness = 150 mm
- 2) Cement mortar bed thickness = 30 mm
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- 4) Ceramic tile thickness = 15 mm
- 5) Ceramic tile size in plan = 300×300 mm

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MCQ/Objective Type Questions

Duration: 30 Minutes Marks: 14

- 1. State whether following statement is correct or incorrect. (1×14=14)
 - 1) Lintel is provided to carry load of wall above opening provided in wall.
 - 2) Extrados is inner curve of an arch.
 - 3) In two pipe system separate soil pipe (S.P.) and waste pipe (W.P.) are provided.
 - 4) Purpose to providing traps in drainage system to avoid entry foul gases in building.
 - 5) Plastering is the process of covering rough surfaces of wall, column and ceiling etc.
 - 6) The term pointing is applied to the finishing of mortar joints in masonry.
 - 7) Driers are used to accelerate the process of drying in painting.
 - 8) As per IS: 3362-1965 in living rooms and bedrooms minimum of three air change per hour should be provided.

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- 9) Flooring of terrazzo, mosaic tiles and marble gives good appearance.
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- e) Show various fixtures at proper location.

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B) Design and draw to scale 1 : 30, plan and vertical section for quarter turn RCC stair for residential building. Use following data : 14

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