

→ Programming :-

It is a set of instructions that are given to machine to perform Specific Task
 (OR)

It is a process of giving step by step instructions to a computer so it can perform a Task.

→ Programming language:-

To give instruction to machine, we use programming language to perform the given task.
 (OR)

It is a way to talk to a computer using special words and rules so it can understand what you want it to do.

ex:- print ("Akshaya")

↳ It is an instruction to tell computer to display the name/word Akshaya on the screen.

→ Different levels of programming :-

① Low Level / Binary Programming :-

* Also known as Machine level language

* Language of Computer

* Written in 0's and 1's (Binary)

* Very fast but hard for human to understand

* ex:- 10110001

* In simple words, It's a machine friendly, Human unfriendly.

→ ANSI [American national standard institute of Information]

② Assembly level programming [Low level] :-

* Low level programming language which uses short, readable words instead of 0's and 1's.

- * The short words are called mneomonic
ex:- MOV, ADD, JMP, SUB
 - * Closer to hardware & allows you to control the computer's CPU directly.
 - * It needs an Assembler to mneomonic to machine code (long int) since computer understands only Binary.
Assembler - It is a software that converts Assembly language (MOV, ADD, SUB) into machine language (long int).
 - * Used in embedded system, robotics, device drivers etc.,
- (3) High-level programming :-
- * Language which is easy to understand, read and write for humans.
 - * Looks like simple english.
 - * Works on different computers (portable).
 - * Needs a translator like Compiler or interpreter to convert it into machine code.
Interpreter - Reads your code & executes line by line.
Compiler - First translates everything before execution.
* Better for large applications like Instagram, Twitter.

→ PYTHON [HISTORY] :-

- * Developer of python - Guido van Rossum
- * The Guido wanted language that is
 - easy to read
 - Simple to write
 - powerful and fun to use
- * He named it "python" after a comedy show called "Monty Python's Flying Circus".

- * Released first version of python 0.9.0 in Feb 20 1991.
- * Second Version ie python 2.0 in Oct 16 2000.
- * Third version / current version ie python 3.0 in Dec 3 2008.
- * Python became popular because it is
 - Beginner friendly
 - short and clean
 - used in apps, automation, data science, AI ... , web

→ PYTHON [3.14] :-

- * Python is High-level, interpreted, object-oriented, and dynamically typed programming language that is easy to read and simple to use.
- * Python is free, open-source, and used in many fields like web development, data science, AI and more.
- * Python is interpreted
 - Code run line by line
 - Makes debugging easy
 - No need to compile the whole program.
- * Python is Object-oriented
 - Supports concepts like classes, objects, inheritance,
 - Helps to build clean and reusable code.
- * Python is dynamically typed
 - don't need to declare variable type
 - automatically decides the type at run-time.

→ Features of Python :-

- * Easy to learn and read :- looks like simple English, so beginners understand it quickly.

- * Interpreted language
- * Object-Oriented
- * Dynamically Typed
- * High-Level Language
- * Cross-platform :- Works on Windows, Mac, Linux
- * Large Standard Library :- Has many inbuilt modules for math, file handling, networking, dates, data handling and more.
- * Huge Community Support :- Millions of developers. Tutorials, libraries and solutions available.
- * Extensible & Embedded :- You can combine python with C, C++, Java also embed python in other application.
- * Used everywhere like AI/ML, Data science, web development, Automation, Cybersecurity, Game development, IoT, scripting.

→ Advantages of python:-

- * Very easy to learn
- * Interpreted language
- * Object-oriented
- * Dynamically Typed
- * Large Standard Library
- * Cross-platform
- * Huge Community Support
- * Used everywhere/ Highly versatile

→ Disadvantages of python:-

- * Slower than some languages - because it's interpreted and high-level (not suitable for speed critical app)

- * Not great for Mobile app development - Android (or) iOS apps are usually built with other languages (Java/Kotlin/Swift)
- * Higher Memory usage - Not suitable for low memory systems like small embedded devices
- * Runtime errors possible - Since dynamic, some errors only appear during execution.
- * Not best for Game development - Games which need high performance often use C++ instead.