Chronic lymphocytic leukemia (CLL3950

Leukemia Sample Tanner Harris

Date of Birth 1988-04-26

Sex

Female

Physician

Dr. Kimberly Lee

Institution

Austin and Sons

Tumor specimen: source Leukemia CollectedDate 2023-11-07 ReceivedDate 2023-11-07 TumorPercentage 39%

Normal specimen: source Blood CollectedDate 2023-11-09 ReceivedDate 2023-11-10

GENOMIC VARIANTS

Somatic - Potentially Actionable variant allele fraction FBXW7 c.1394G>A p.R465H Missensevariant(exon2)-GOF 25.84% c.2T>G p.M1R Spliceregionvariant-LOF B₂M 7.14% NOTCH1 c.7398 7399insGG p.S2467Pfs*7 Frameshift-LOF 15.36% PHF6 c.3113A>G p.R225X Nonsense-LOF 13.59% **Somatic - Biologically Relevant PTEN** c.389G>T p.R130L Missensevariant(exon2)-GOF 2.92%

Germline - Pathogenic

NCSTN

No Germline - Pathogenic variants were found in the limited set of genes on which we report.

c.3113A>G p.R130L Nonsense-LOF

Pertinent Negatives

SDHD SF3B1 PRKCA

IMMUNOTHERAPY MARKERS

Tumor Mutational Burden

Microsatellite Instability Status

15 m/Mb 77%

Stable Equivocal High

FDA-APPROVED THERAPIES, Current Diagnosis

KRAS G12C **Sotorasib** NCCN, Consensus, Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Inhibitors MSK OncoKB, Level 1

KRASp.G12C G12C-GOF

FDA-APPROVED THERAPIES, Other Indications

KRAS G12C **Sotorasib** NCCN, Consensus, Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer Inhibitors MSK OncoKB, Level 1

KRASp.G12C G12C-GOF

14.44%

ADDITIONAL INDICATORS

Ulliavoiable Flouliosi	rable Progno	sis
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NCCN, Consensus, Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer KRASp.G12C Gain-of-function

CLINICAL TRIALS

A Study of VS-6766 v. VS-6766 + Defactinib in Recurrent G12V, Other KRAS and BRAF Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer

Phase 2 City, state - x mi KRAS mutation

A Phase 1/2 Study of MRTX849 in Patients With Cancer Having a KRAS G12C Mutation KRYSTAL-1

Phase 1/2 City, state - x mi KRAS mutation STK11 mutation

First-in-human Study of DRP-104 (Sirpiglenastat) as Single Agent and in Combination With Atezolizumab in Patients With Advanced Solid Tumors. (NCT04471415)

Phase 1/2 City, state - x mi NFE2L2 mutation STK11 mutation

VARIANTS OF UNKNOWN SIGNIFICANCE

Somatic	Mutation effect	Variant allele fraction
IKZF1	c.3113A>G p.N159Y Frameshift-GOF NM_001011645	6.53%
JAK2	c.2047A>G p.G996R Stopgain-LOF NM_001011645	9.92%
FGFR4	c.1162G>A p.G388R Nonsense-GOF NM_001011645	11.06% 💻
PHF6	c.3113A>G p.R225X Frameshift-GOF NM_001011645	3.28%
CCND3	c.766_776del11 p.R256fs*64 Frameshift-LOF NM_001011645	3.82%
PTEN	c.389G>C p.R130P Missensevariant(exon2)-GOF NM_001011645	7.65% -
PIK3CA	c.1634A>T p.E545V Frameshift-GOF NM_001011645	3.3%
FOXL2	c.402C>G p.C134W Frameshift-GOF NM_001011645	4.96%
PIK3CA	c.3139C>T p.E545K Spliceregionvariant-LOF NM_001011645	8.81%

LOW COVERAGE REGIONS

BRAF

KRAS

SOMATIC VARIANT DETAILS - POTENTIALLY ACTIONABLE

FBXW7

c.1394G>A p.R465H Missensevariant(exon2)-GOF

VAF: 25.84%

ARID2 encodes a protein that is a subunit of the SWI/SNF chromatin remodeling complex SWI/SNF-B or PBAF. This complex functions in ligand-dependent transcriptional activation. Loss of function mutations and copy number loss of ARID2 are associated with cancer progression.

B2M

c.2T>G p.M1R Spliceregionvariant-LOF

VAF: 7.14% =

FAT1 encodes a transmembrane protein involved in tumor suppressor signaling. FAT1 protein can regulate transcriptional activity by sequestering beta-catenin, thereby preventing it from entering the nucleus. Loss of function mutations and copy number loss of FAT1 are associated with cancer progression.

NOTCH1

c.7398_7399insGG p.S2467Pfs*7 Frameshift-LOF

VAF: 15.36%

ARID2 encodes a protein that is a subunit of the SWI/SNF chromatin remodeling complex SWI/SNF-B or PBAF. This complex functions in ligand-dependent transcriptional activation. Loss of function mutations and copy number loss of ARID2 are associated with cancer progression.

PHF6

c.3113A>G p.R225X Nonsense-LOF

VAF: 13.59%

PTEN encodes a phosphatase that acts as a tumor suppressor by negatively regulating the PI3K-AKT-mTOR pathway. Loss of function mutations, copy number loss, and underexpression of PTEN are associated with cancer progression.

SOMATIC VARIANT DETAILS - BIOLOGICALLY RELEVANT

PTEN

c.389G>T p.R130L Missensevariant(exon2)-GOF

VAF: 2.92% •

PTEN encodes a phosphatase that acts as a tumor suppressor by negatively regulating the PI3K-AKT-mTOR pathway. Loss of function mutations, copy number loss, and underexpression of PTEN are associated with cancer progression.

NCSTN

c.3113A>G p.R130L Nonsense-LOF

VAF: 14.44%

FAT1 encodes a transmembrane protein involved in tumor suppressor signaling. FAT1 protein can regulate transcriptional activity by sequestering beta-catenin, thereby preventing it from entering the nucleus. Loss of function mutations and copy number loss of FAT1 are associated with cancer progression.

CLINICAL HISTORY

Diagnosed on

2023-11-06