



# Dynamic Pricing for Urban Parking Lots

## Capstone Project – Summer Analytics 2025

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**Host:** Consulting & Analytics Club × Pathway

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## Problem Statement

Urban parking spaces are limited and highly dynamic in terms of demand. Static pricing often leads to either overcrowding or underutilization. The objective is to create a real-time, intelligent pricing engine that adapts dynamically based on demand, competition, traffic conditions, and vehicle types using only [NumPy](#), [Pandas](#), and [Pathway](#).

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## Project Goals

- Simulate real-time pricing for 14 parking spaces using data streams
  - Create 3 pricing models of increasing complexity
  - Visualize results in real-time using Bokeh plots
  - Ensure smooth and explainable price adjustments
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## Models Implemented

### ♦ Model 1: Baseline Linear Pricing

#### Formula:

$$\text{Price}_{t+1} = 10 + \alpha \cdot \left( \frac{\text{Occupancy}}{\text{Capacity}} \right)$$

- Directly scales price with occupancy
- Simple and intuitive
- Acts as a benchmark

### ♦ Model 2: Demand-Based Pricing

### Demand Function:

$\text{Demand} = \alpha \cdot \left( \frac{\text{Occupancy}}{\text{Capacity}} \right) + \beta \cdot \text{QueueLength} - \gamma \cdot \text{Traffic} + \delta \cdot \text{SpecialDay} + \varepsilon \cdot \text{VehicleTypeWeight}$

### Price:

$\text{Price} = 10 \cdot (1 + \lambda \cdot \text{NormalizedDemand})$






- Captures real-world conditions like traffic, queues, and holidays
- Smooth bounded pricing (between \$5 and \$20)
- Vehicle-specific weighting

### ♦ Model 3: Competitive Pricing (Location-Based)

- Uses haversine distance to calculate proximity between lots
- Adjusts price based on average nearby prices within 1km
- Logic:
  - If nearby lots are cheaper → reduce price or reroute
  - If nearby lots are expensive → increase price

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## Technologies Used

-  Python
  -  Pandas, NumPy
  -  Pathway (Real-time stream processing)
  -  Bokeh (for visualizations)
  -  Jupyter / Google Colab (Development)
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## Data Pipeline (Using Pathway)


1. Load cleaned `parking_stream.csv`
  2. Stream it in real-time (1000 rows/sec)
  3. Process & enrich with timestamp, vehicle, and geo data
  4. Apply pricing models in separate flows
  5. Visualize each model's output with Bokeh
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## Visual Output

The final output includes:

- Daily average prices for each model
  - 3 interactive Bokeh plots (one per model)
  - Time-series price changes per day
  - Real-time responsiveness to input changes
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## Deliverables

- `dynamic_pricing_all_models.ipynb`: notebook with all 3 models
  - `parking_stream.csv`: processed dataset used for streaming
  - `README.md`: full documentation
  - `report.pdf`: (this file)
  - GitHub Repository:  Public and complete
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## Key Takeaways

- Dynamic pricing requires balancing fairness with profitability
- Location-aware strategies outperform static ones in real-time systems
- Real-time processing using **Pathway** allows smooth simulation of streaming scenarios

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## **Conclusion**

This project demonstrated how economic logic, real-time processing, and simple ML-inspired models can optimize parking systems at scale. The implemented system is modular, efficient, and can be extended to live city-level deployments.

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