

Docker

Why should I care ?

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GDG DevFest " 17



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Agenda

1 Foundations

- History
- Containers
- Takeaways

2 Docker 101

- Current Trends
- Survival Skills
- Basic Skills



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Lets turn the dial back ...

It started on 1979

Finally we did realize it :

- Bill Joy creates **chroot** in 1979.
- **VMware** joins in on 1998. (HW Virt)
- Solaris **Jails** in 2000. (OS Virt)
- Solaris **Zones** in 2004. (Refinement of Jails)
- Google in 2007 **Process Containers (cgroups)**
- **LXC** was introduced in 2008
- dotCloud Open Sourced **Docker** in 2013.



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What is a Container ?

A boundary box

Solution to the problem of how to **get software to run reliably when moved** from one computing environment to another.



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A boundary box

Solution to the problem of how to **get software to run reliably when moved** from one computing environment to another.

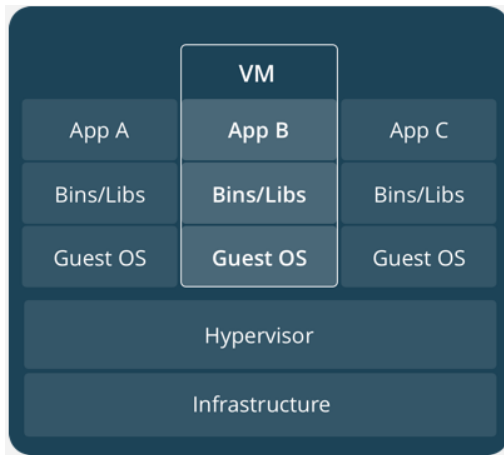
But wait!
VM's also do the same...



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A typical VM

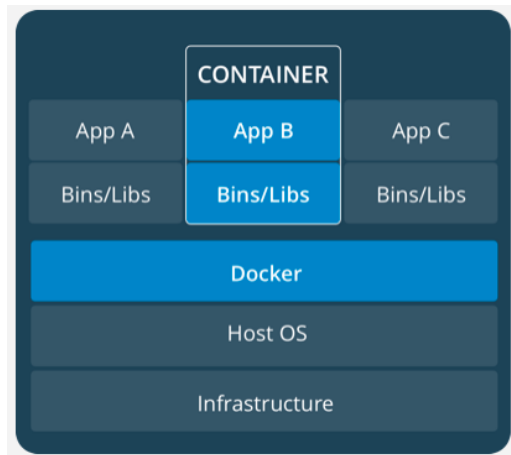
Very High overhead



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A typical Container I

Very Low overhead



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A typical Container II

How's it done ?

- **namespaces**: Wraps a global system resource in an abstraction.
- **cgroups**: Limits, accounts for, and isolates the resource usage.

These are just pointers, so that you can look them up. Can't say much due to the time constraint.



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Advantages & Disadvantages

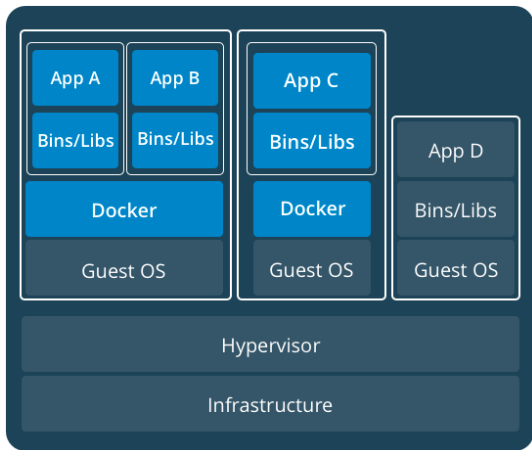
Lets draw a line

- **Size:** VM's come with a lot of baggage (OS)
 - **Start-up Time:** A container uses your host OS, so starts almost instantly.
 - **Micro-Services:** Split the app in to modules.
-
- **Can't** run a mix of OS's.
 - **Can't** work on the Kernel Level*.



Hybrid Approach

Best of both the worlds



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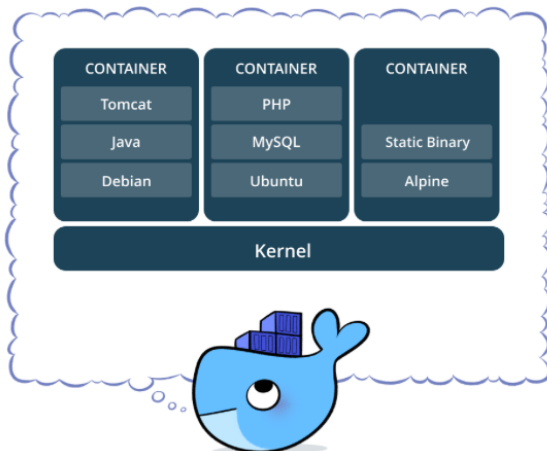
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Should I care ?

You need to decide

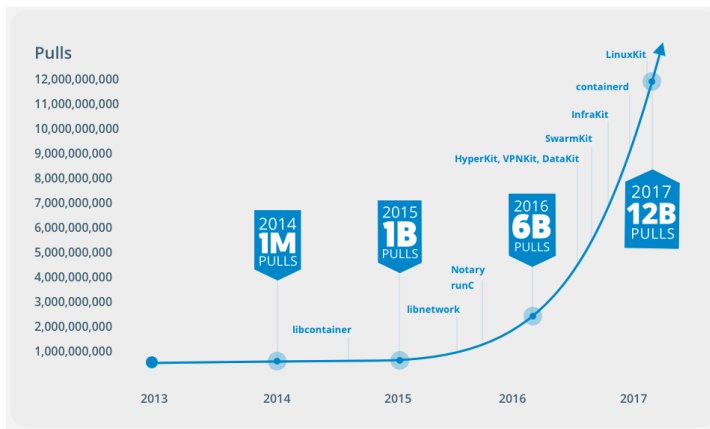


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Should I care ?

Obviously...

Docker will do the same to apt, what apt did to *.tar.gz



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Instantiate a Container

`docker container run`

`docker container run` [options] **image-name** command

– or –

`docker run` [options] **image-name** command

- `docker run hello-world`
- `docker run alpine ping -c 5 www.google.com`
- `docker run -d ubuntu sleep 600`
- `docker run -it ubuntu bash`



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View Containers

docker container ls

docker *container* **ls** [options]

– or –

docker **ps** [options]

-
- docker **ps**
 - docker **ps** -s
 - docker **ps** -a
 - docker **ps** -as



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Miscellaneous I

docker {stop, start, remove, pull}

- **Stop** a running container:
docker **stop** #ash
 - **Start** a stopped container:
docker **start** #ash
 - **Remove** a stopped container:
docker **rm** #ash
-
- **Pull** an Image from registry:
docker **pull** image-name
 - **Remove** a docker image:
docker **rmi** img-#ash



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Miscellaneous II

`docker {stats, exec, attach, logs, inspect}`

- Docker **stats** – I/O, MEM, CPU:

```
docker stats
```

- **Exec** in a running container:

```
docker exec -it #ash
```

- **Attach** to a detached container:

```
docker start #ash
```

- **Logs** for a container:

```
docker rm #ash
```

- **Inspect** a container:

```
docker inspect #ash
```



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- **Publishing Ports:**

```
docker run -it -p hPort:cPort img cmd
```

- **Sharing Files:**

```
docker run -it -v hPath:cPath img cmd
```

Creating Docker Images

docker commit & Dockerfile

- **Saving** container state:

```
docker commit #ash tag
```

- **Dockerfile:**

```
docker build -t tag /path/
```



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Dockerfile

Creating docker Images

```
FROM alpine:latest
```

```
LABEL maintainer "mfrw <falakreyaz@gmail.com>"
```

```
RUN apk --update add tor && adduser -D anon
```

```
COPY torrc /etc/tor/torrc
```

```
EXPOSE 9050 9051
```

```
USER anon
```

```
CMD [ "tor" ]
```



Summary

Let's wrap it up

- OS Level Virtualization.
- Docker Images.
- Docker pull/push
- Docker Containers.
- Dockerfile



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