## **Cloud Computing & AWS**

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Let's embark on a journey into the world of cloud computing and AWS, making it as clear and enjoyable as a sunny day at the beach.

Imagine the Cloud as an invisible friend you can always count on. You can't see it, but it's there whenever you need it. In the realm of computing, it's like a magical universe where you can store your data, software, and even entire computers, all without cluttering up your own device.

These vast cloud spaces, capable of storing mountains of data and resources for millions, are managed by super-powered computers owned by giants like Google, Microsoft, and Amazon. Think of it as renting a storage unit for your stuff, only way cooler!

Now, let's dive deeper into the Cloud:

- \*\*1. Public Cloud\*\*: Picture it as renting a space in a massive computer warehouse. Lots of people share this space, and you only pay for what you use, just like paying rent. It's like co-living for data and applications. AWS, Google Cloud Platform (GCP), and Microsoft Azure are some popular examples.
- \*\*2. Private Cloud\*\*: Imagine having your very own secret computer with the most secure locks. You stash all your data there, and it's exclusively yours to use. It's like having a top-secret playground for all your computer needs.
- \*\*3. Hybrid Cloud\*\*: This one's like having the best of both worlds. It's a mix of the public and private clouds. Think of it as having a rented space for big parties and a private room for your most valuable treasures. You can even scale up the rented space when the party gets wild. Hybrid clouds give you flexibility and control.

So, in a nutshell, the Cloud is like a special place where you can run programs, store data, and access it all from anywhere on Earth, thanks to the wonderful world of the internet. It's like having a superhero sidekick for all your digital adventures!

## \*\*Types of Cloud Services\*\*:

- 1. \*\*laaS Infrastructure as a Service\*\*: Think of this as the foundation of your cloud world. It provides virtualized computing resources for various processes. Imagine building a house with pre-made bricks. AWS, GCP, and Azure offer fantastic laaS options.
- 2. \*\*PaaS Platform as a Service\*\*: This is like getting a readymade platform in the cloud where you can develop and deploy applications. It's like having a chef's kitchen for cooking up software. PaaS is perfect for developers looking to create and serve their apps effortlessly.
- 3. \*\*SaaS Software as a Service\*\*: It's like ordering your favorite food online. SaaS delivers software over the internet. You don't need to install anything; you just use it. Think of Google Drive, where you store photos, documents, and videos securely in the cloud.

Now, let's shine a light on the term "Virtual Machines":

A virtual machine is like a computer that's not physically there but can be accessed through the internet, often residing in the cloud. These virtual machines are sometimes called "instances" in tech lingo. They're complete computer systems in a virtual form, including the operating system, CPU, memory, and network interface.

Inside this virtual world, we have two important terms: \*\*nodes\*\* and \*\*host servers\*\*.

Nodes are individual instances of operating systems and software, while the host server, which can be a physical machine too, is the boss that controls everything. It governs how data, software, and programs are deployed to nodes or instances. Physical servers are like the powerful engines with CPU, RAM, and network resources.

Now, let's introduce you to the magic behind virtualization:

\*\*Virtualization\*\* is the process of creating, managing, and terminating virtual machines. It's like playing with a digital puppet show. This magic is possible thanks to the \*\*Hypervisor\*\*.

So, what is a Hypervisor, you ask?

A Hypervisor is the software layer that sits between the virtual machine and the host server. It's like the director of the puppet show, making sure each puppet (VM) gets enough CPU, RAM, and other computing resources without stepping on each other's toes. This ensures security and stability in the cloud.

There are two types of Hypervisors:

1. \*\*Type 1 Hypervisor (Bare Metal)\*\*: This one runs directly on the hardware without needing a separate operating system. It's like a conductor directing the orchestra without any intermediaries. VMWare vSphere is a famous example.

2. \*\*Type 2 Hypervisor (Hosted)\*\*: Imagine it as a conductor working with an orchestra that already has an orchestra pit (the existing operating system). It runs on top of an existing OS and creates virtual machines as processes within that OS. Virtual Box Oracle is a great example of this type.

So, in this cloud journey, you've learned about various cloud services, virtual machines, and the magical Hypervisor that makes it all possible. It's like discovering a new world where you're the wizard controlling your digital kingdom!

Let's dive even deeper into the AWS cloud platform, where we'll introduce you to some essential tools and services that make cloud computing a breeze:

- 1. \*\*EC2 Instances\*\*: Think of this as your personal cloud computer store. AWS provides EC2 services that allow you to create virtual machines tailored to your needs. It's like customizing your computer to your liking.
- 2. \*\*S3 Bucket (Amazon Simple Storage Service)\*\*: Imagine this as your digital treasure chest. It's a storage service where you can keep your data safe and easily retrieve it when needed. People use it for data backup, archiving, and even web hosting. It's like your own secure data vault.
- 3. \*\*IAM (Identity and Access Management)\*\*: This is like the bouncer at the door of your cloud club. IAM helps manage roles and permissions, allowing you to grant specific access to users and services. It's your security service for the AWS cloud, ensuring only the right people get in.
- 4. \*\*RDS (Relational Database Service)\*\*: Think of this as a library for your data. RDS provides a database warehouse for

managing both relational and non-relational data, making it easy to query and access your information.

- 5. \*\*AWS Athena\*\*: This is your data detective. Athena is a serverless data query tool that lets you interrogate your data using SQL syntax. It's like having a search engine for your data.
- 6. \*\*AWS Lambda\*\*: Meet your automation buddy. Lambda acts like a helpful robot, performing tasks automatically based on your commands and triggers. It's your personal assistant in the cloud.
- 7. \*\*Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)\*\*: Imagine this as your own private corner in the cloud. VPC provides a secure, isolated space within AWS, where you can build your network and control your security settings.
- 8. \*\*Route 53\*\*: Think of this as your digital address book. Route 53 is like a signpost on the internet that helps people find your website by translating human-friendly domain names into IP addresses.
- 9. \*\*Auto Scaling\*\*: It's like having an adaptable workforce. Auto Scaling is the process of adjusting the number of instances

(virtual machines) based on demand, ensuring your system can handle traffic efficiently and cost-effectively. AWS automatically scales the number of EC2 instances to meet your needs.

- 10. \*\*Load Balancers\*\*: Picture this as traffic control for your website. AWS Load Balancers distribute incoming web traffic across multiple EC2 instances, ensuring faster response times and scalability. It's like having multiple checkout lanes to keep things moving smoothly.
- 11. \*\*Containers\*\*: These are like magic boxes for your applications. Containers are lightweight, portable packages that include all the software your application needs to run consistently across different environments. It's like shipping your app in a neatly wrapped package.
- 12. \*\*Subnetting Networking\*\*: Think of IP addresses as phone numbers for devices and networks. Subnetting helps organize these addresses into groups. For example, Subnet Group 1 (SN1) might include IP addresses from IPv4 to IPv9, while Subnet Group 2 (SN2) could have addresses from IPv12 to IPv20. It's like creating address books for different groups of devices.

With these tools and services, AWS makes cloud computing as easy and versatile as building with LEGO blocks, allowing you to create, manage, and secure your digital world effortlessly.

