

Lesson 02 Demo 02

Writing Basic Queries in PromQL

Objective: To query and analyze monitoring data using Prometheus Query Language (PromQL) for effective monitoring of system performance and health

Tools required: Linux operating system

Prerequisites: Refer to Demo 01 of Lesson 02 for configuring Node Exporter

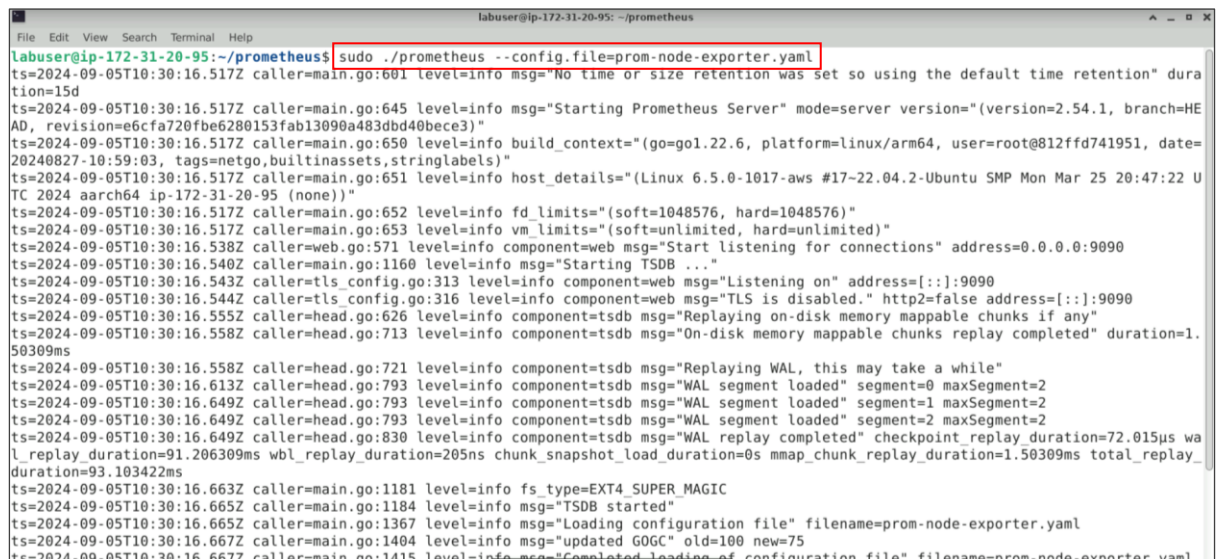
Steps to be followed:

1. Query to retrieve a single metric
2. Filter by label
3. Aggregate data with the sum() function
4. Query data using an arithmetic operation
5. Calculate a metric using the rate() function

Step 1: Query to retrieve a single metric

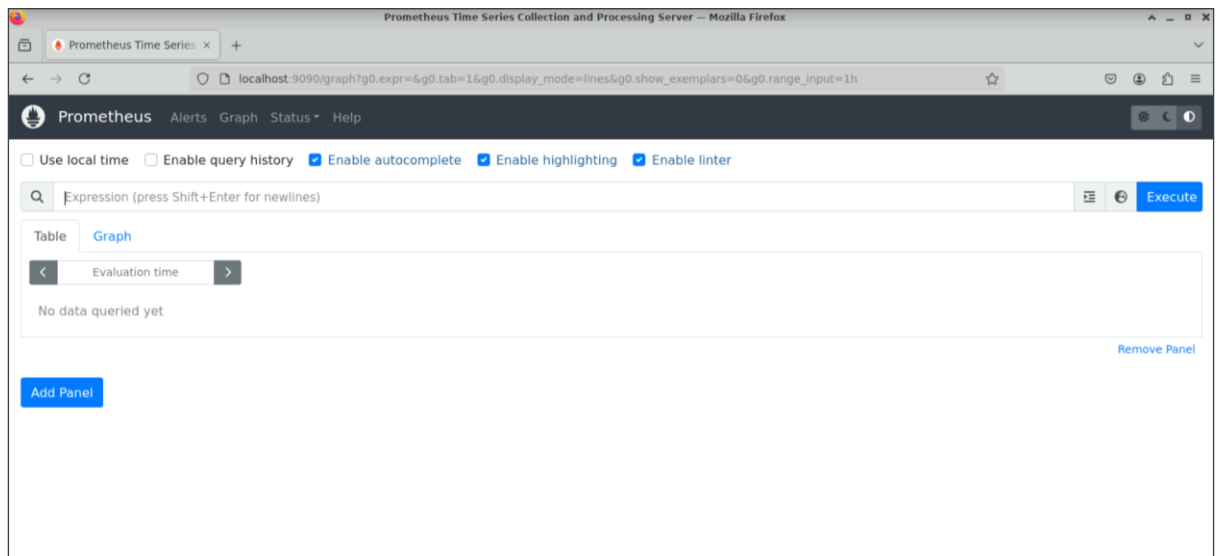
1.1 Navigate to the terminal and run the following command to start the Prometheus server:

sudo ./prometheus --config.file=prom-node-exporter.yaml

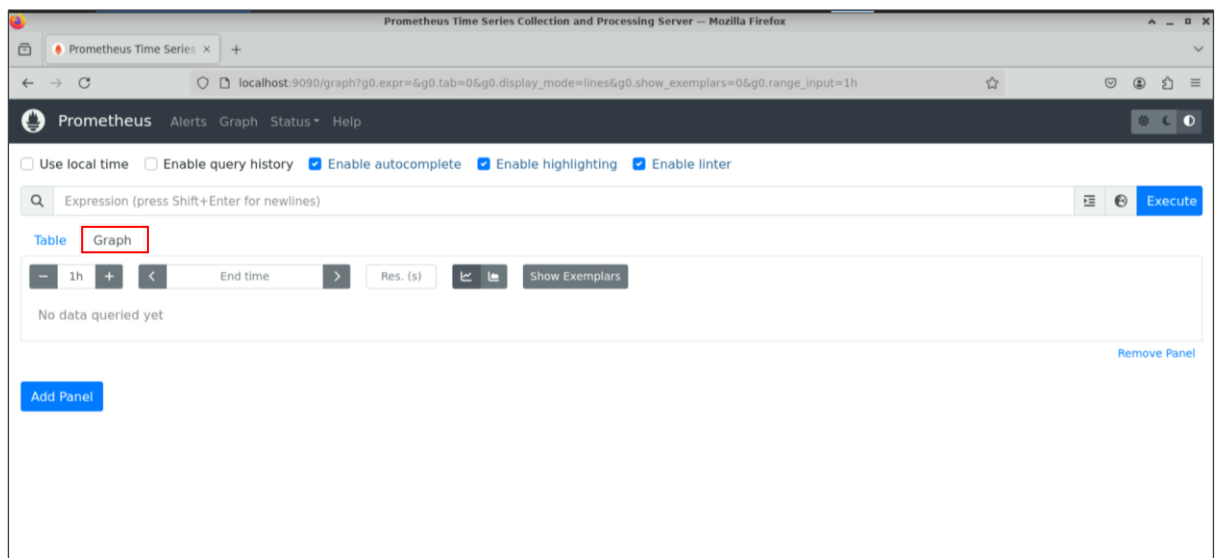
A terminal window titled 'labuser@ip-172-31-20-95: ~/prometheus' showing the output of the command 'sudo ./prometheus --config.file=prom-node-exporter.yaml'. The command is highlighted with a red box. The terminal displays a series of log messages from the Prometheus server, including information about the version (2.54.1), build context, and the start of various components like the web server, TSDB, and WAL. The logs are timestamped and include caller information. The terminal window has a standard Linux desktop environment background with a file manager icon in the top left corner.

```
labuser@ip-172-31-20-95: ~/prometheus
labuser@ip-172-31-20-95:~/prometheus$ sudo ./prometheus --config.file=prom-node-exporter.yaml
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.517Z caller=main.go:601 level=info msg="No time or size retention was set so using the default time retention" duration=15d
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.517Z caller=main.go:645 level=info msg="Starting Prometheus Server" mode=server version="(version=2.54.1, branch=HEAD, revision=e6cfa720f6e280153fab13090a483dbd40bece3)"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.517Z caller=main.go:650 level=info build_context="(go=go1.22.6, platform=linux/arm64, user=root@812ffd741951, date=20240827-10:59:03, tags=netgo,builtinassets,stringlabels)"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.517Z caller=main.go:651 level=info host_details="(Linux 6.5.0-1017-aws #17-22.04.2-Ubuntu SMP Mon Mar 25 20:47:22 UTC 2024 aarch64 ip-172-31-20-95 (none))"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.517Z caller=main.go:652 level=info fd_limits="(soft=1048576, hard=1048576)"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.517Z caller=main.go:653 level=info vm_limits="(soft=unlimited, hard=unlimited)"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.538Z caller=web.go:571 level=info component=web msg="Start listening for connections" address=0.0.0.0:9090
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.540Z caller=main.go:1160 level=info msg="Starting TSDB ..."
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.543Z caller=tsdb_config.go:313 level=info component=web msg="Listening on" address=[::]:9090
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.544Z caller=tsdb_config.go:316 level=info component=web msg="TLS is disabled." http2=false address=[::]:9090
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.555Z caller=head.go:626 level=info component=tsdb msg="Replaying on-disk memory mappable chunks if any"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.558Z caller=head.go:713 level=info component=tsdb msg="On-disk memory mappable chunks replay completed" duration=1.50309ms
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.558Z caller=head.go:721 level=info component=tsdb msg="Replaying WAL, this may take a while"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.613Z caller=head.go:793 level=info component=tsdb msg="WAL segment loaded" segment=0 maxSegment=2
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.649Z caller=head.go:793 level=info component=tsdb msg="WAL segment loaded" segment=1 maxSegment=2
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.649Z caller=head.go:793 level=info component=tsdb msg="WAL segment loaded" segment=2 maxSegment=2
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.649Z caller=head.go:830 level=info component=tsdb msg="WAL replay completed" checkpoint_replay_duration=72.015µs wal_replay_duration=91.206309ms wbl_replay_duration=205ns chunk_snapshot_load_duration=0s mmap_chunk_replay_duration=1.50309ms total_replay_duration=93.103422ms
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.663Z caller=main.go:1181 level=info fs_type=EXT4_SUPER_MAGIC
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.665Z caller=main.go:1184 level=info msg="TSDB started"
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.665Z caller=main.go:1367 level=info msg="Loading configuration file" filename=prom-node-exporter.yaml
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.667Z caller=main.go:1404 level=info msg="updated GOGC" old=100 new=75
ts=2024-09-05T10:30:16.667Z caller=main.go:1415 level=info msg="Completed loading of configuration file" filename=prom-node-exporter.yaml
```

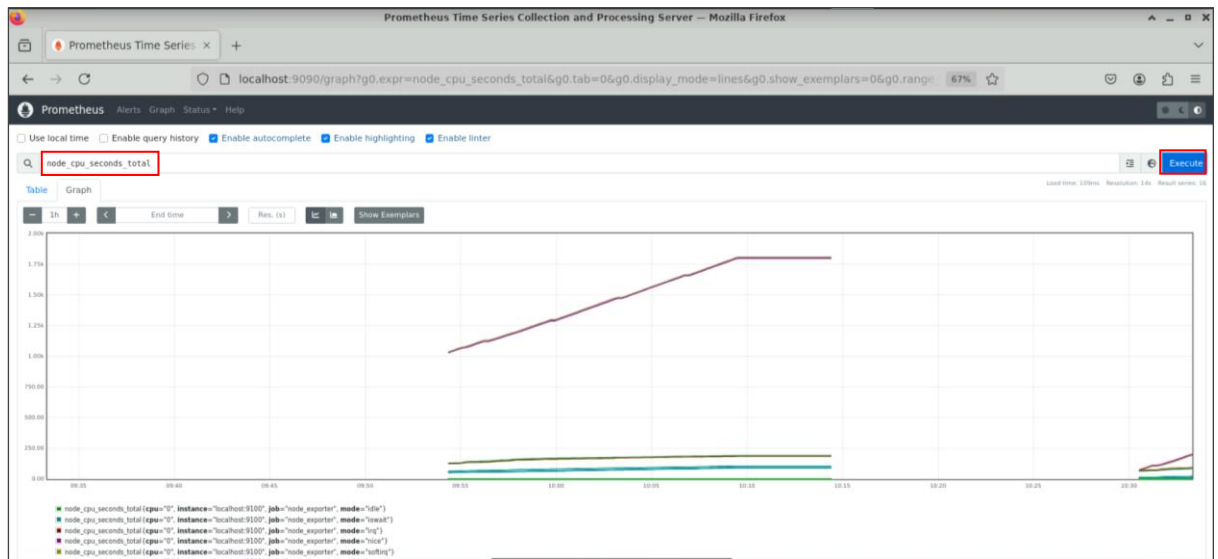
1.2 Navigate to the browser and enter the URL **http://localhost:9090/** or **http://<public-ip>:9090/** to access the Prometheus console



1.3 Navigate to the **Graph** section

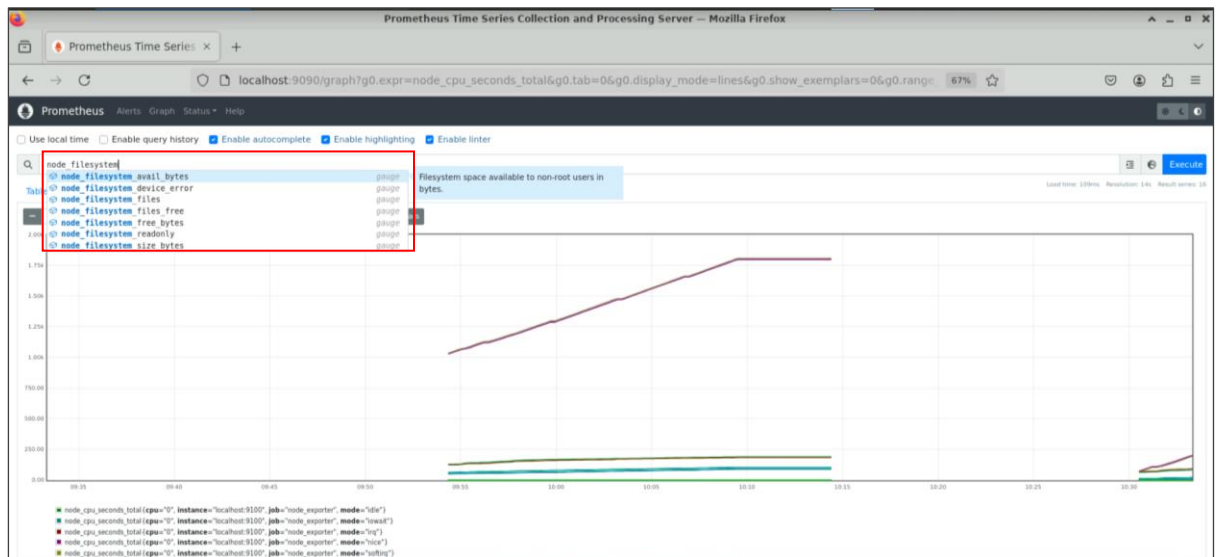


1.4 Enter the following query in the expression browser to retrieve a single metric, then click on **Execute**:
node_cpu_seconds_total



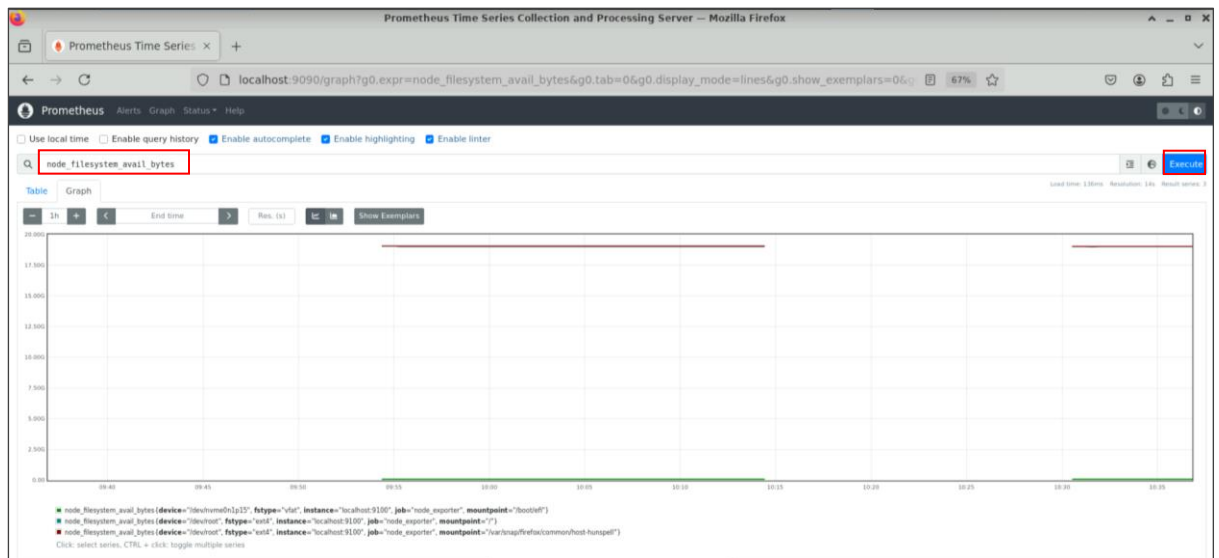
Step 2: Filter by label

2.1 Type **node_filesystem** in the expression browser

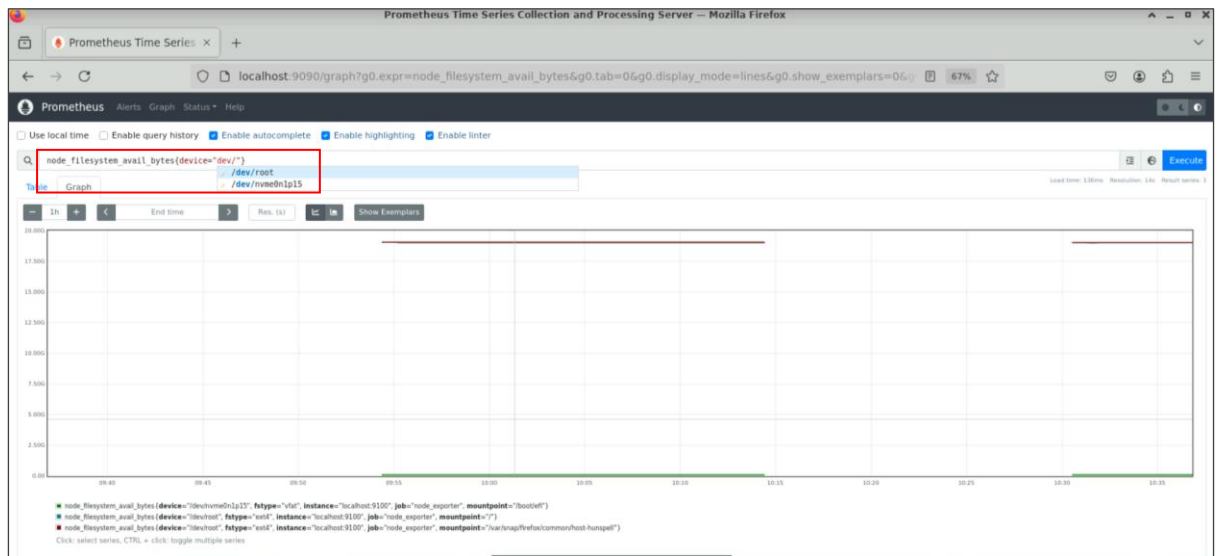


It will display a popup list.

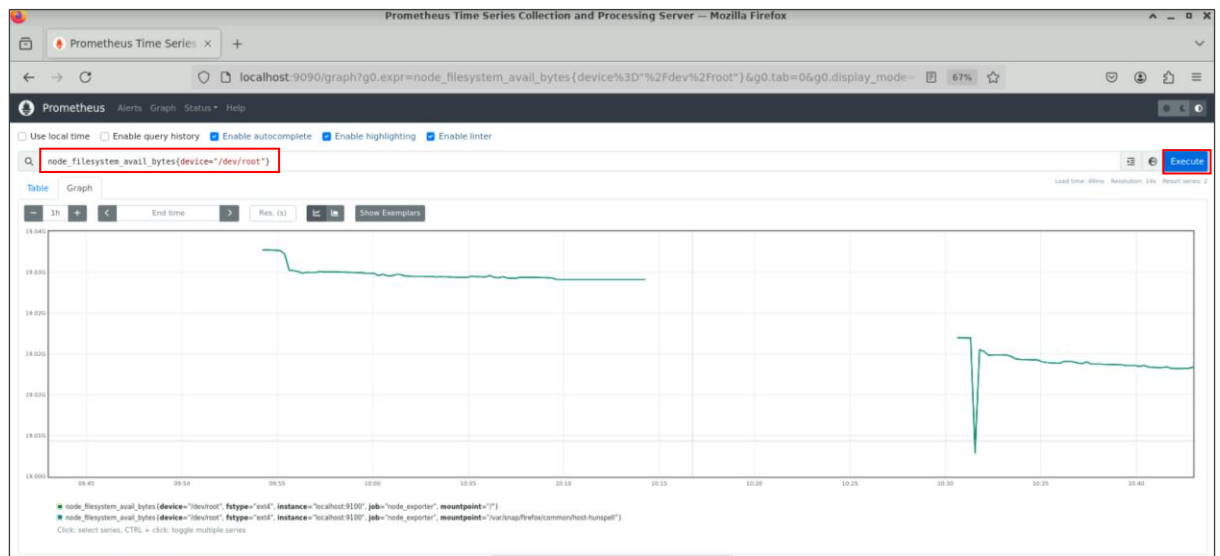
2.2 Select `node_filesystem_avail_bytes` and click **Execute**



2.3 Filter by labels using the following query: `node_filesystem_avail_bytes{device="/dev/"}`

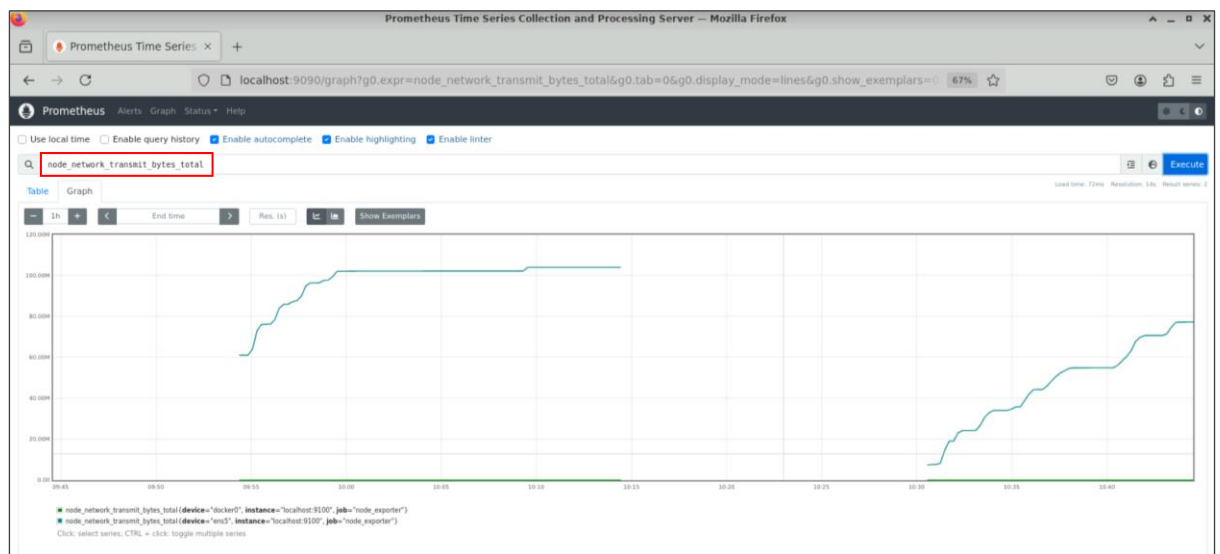


2.4 Select **/dev/root** and click on **Execute** to run the query

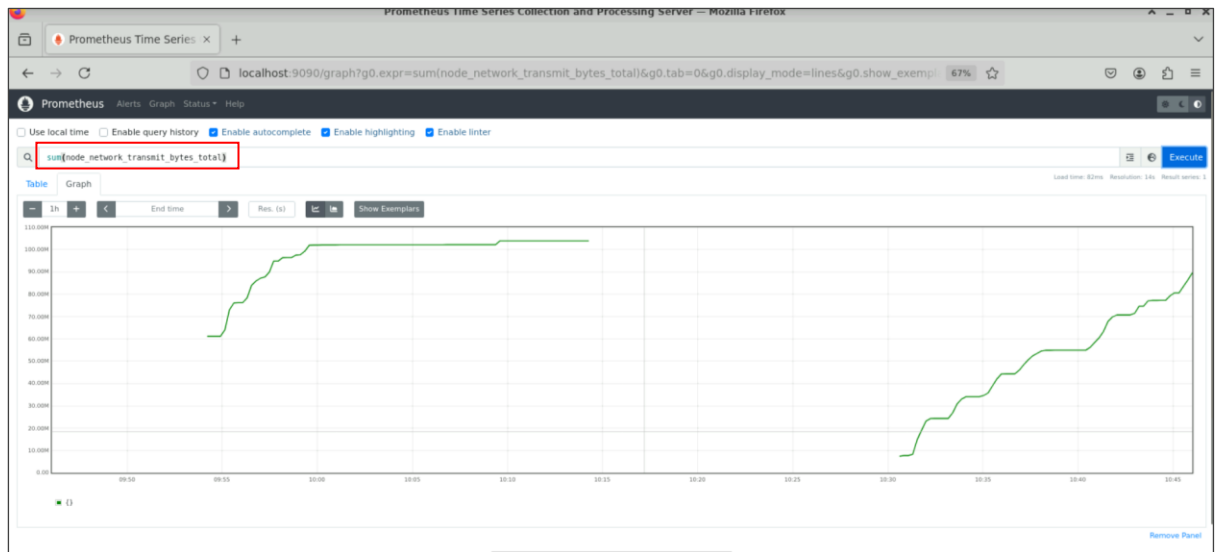


Step 3: Aggregate data with the sum() function

3.1 In the expression browser, enter the following query and execute it:
node_network_transmit_bytes_total

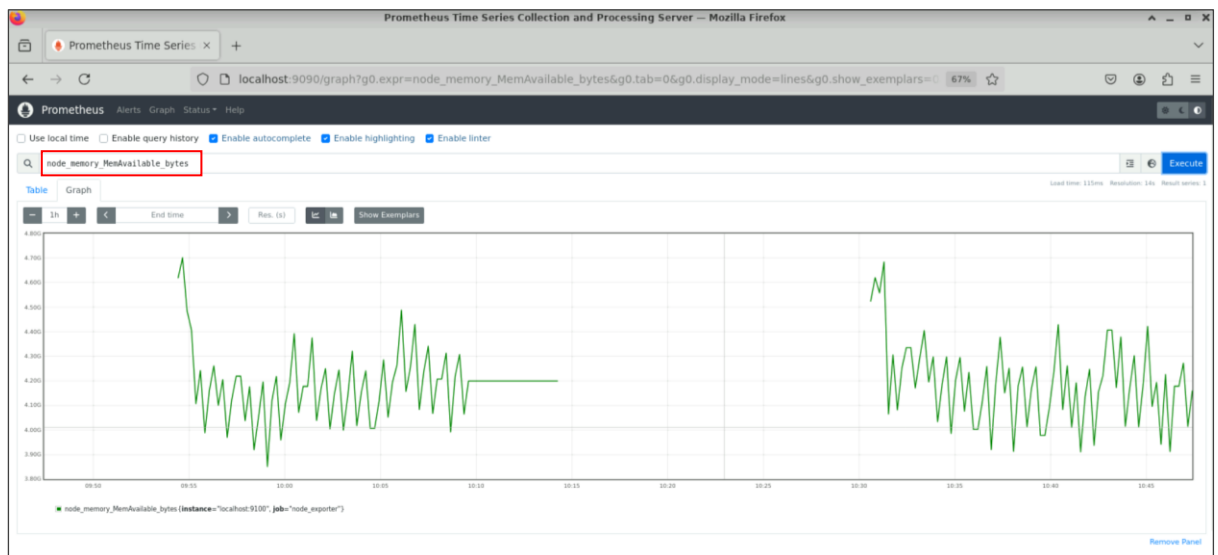


3.2 Use the following query to sum the total number of bytes transmitted over the network interface and view the graph:
sum(node_network_transmit_bytes_total)

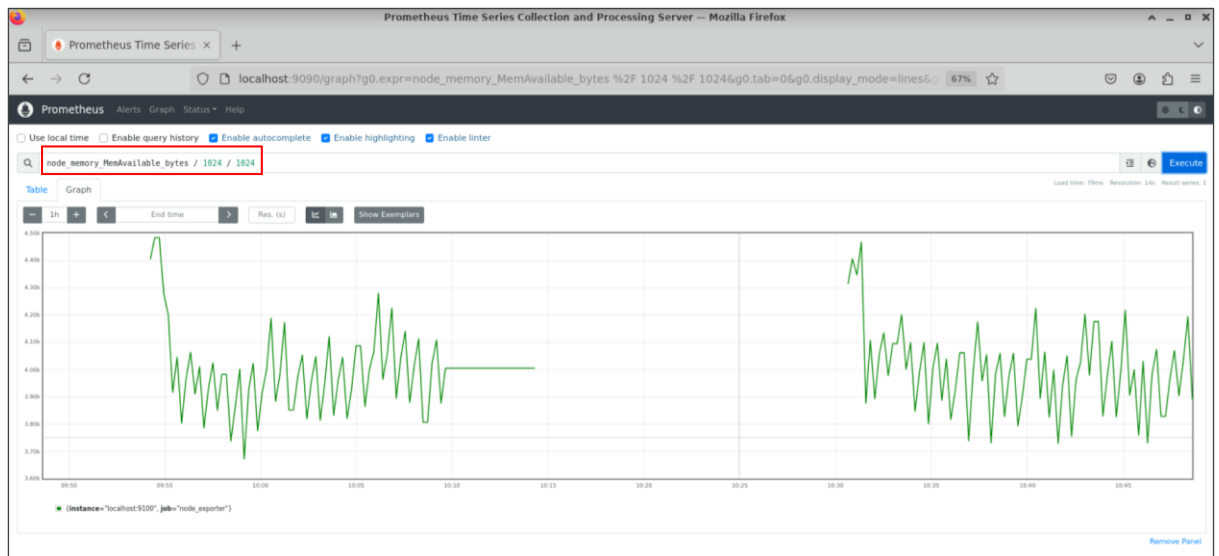


Step 4: Query data using an arithmetic operation

4.1 Enter the following query to display the amount of available memory on a node in bytes:
node_memory_MemAvailable_bytes

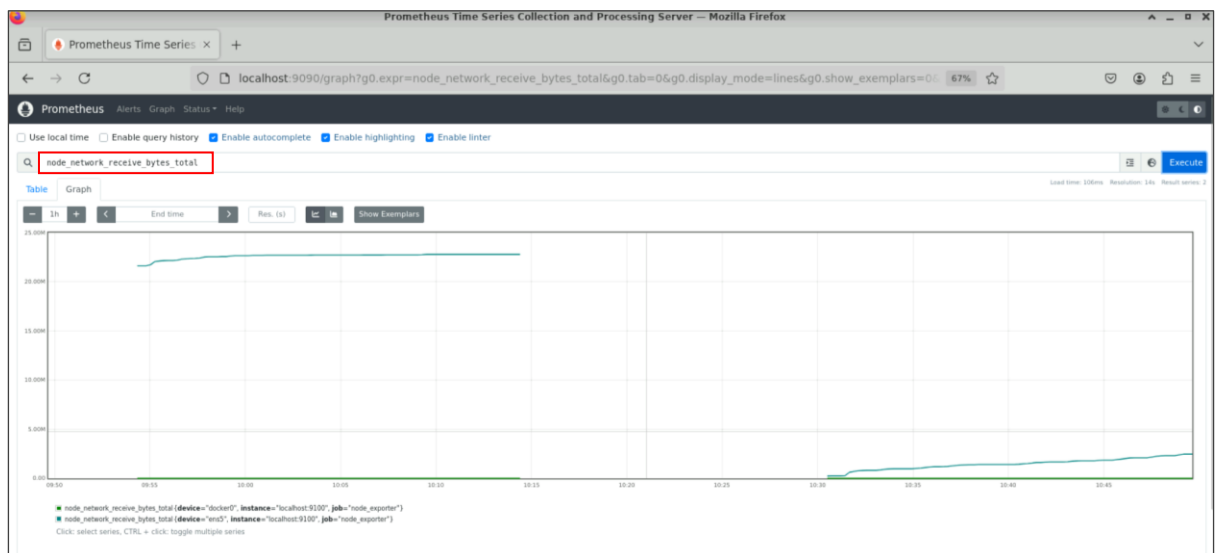


4.2 Divide the query executed in the previous step by **1024** twice to display it in megabytes using the following query:
node_memory_MemAvailable_bytes / 1024 / 1024

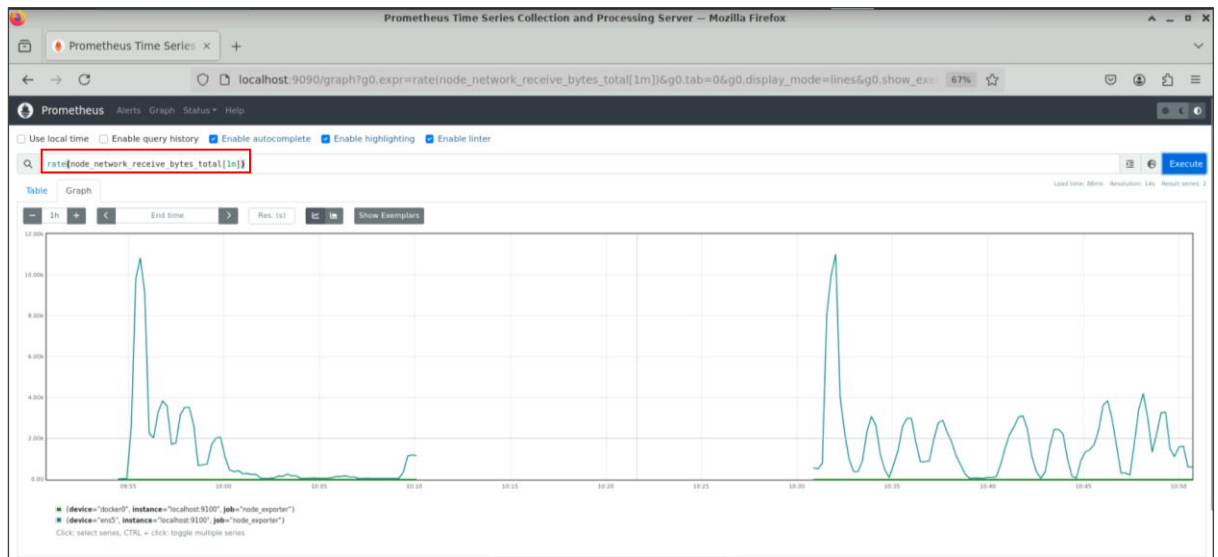


Step 5: Calculate a metric using the `rate()` function

5.1 Execute the following query in the expression browser to represent the total number of bytes received over the network interface since the system started:
node_network_receive_bytes_total



5.2 Enter the following query to calculate the average per-second rate of bytes received over the network interface in the last minute:
rate(node_network_receive_bytes_total[1m])



By following these steps, you have successfully queried and analyzed monitoring data using Prometheus Query Language to effectively monitor system performance and health.