

MISSION SELECTION



एसएससी CGL/CHSL/CPO SERIES



MATHS

Trigonometry

(त्रिकीणिमिति)

Part-3

7:30 PM



Trigonometry त्रिकोणमिती





Ex: If $0^0 < A < 90^0$ and cos $A = \frac{4}{5}$, then find the value of cot A + cosec A.



Mahendra's

Ex: If the angle θ is in the first quadrant and tan θ = 3, then what is the value of (sin θ + cos θ).





Ex: If
$$\sec \theta = \frac{13}{5}$$
, then find the value of $\frac{2 \sin \theta - 3\cos \theta}{4 \sin \theta - 9\cos \theta}$



Ex: If θ is acute angle and $\cos\theta = \frac{15}{17}$, then find the value of $\cot(90^{\circ}-\theta)$.





Ex: Find the value of $(1-\sin^2\theta)(1+\tan^2\theta)$.





Ex: If $\sin\theta + \cos\theta = 1$, then find the value of $\sin\theta\cos\theta$.





Ex: If $\sin\theta$. $\cos\theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$, then the value of $\sin^4\theta + \cos^4\theta$ is:

Sol:





Ex: If
$$tan\beta = \frac{4}{3}$$
, then what is the value of $\frac{1 - sin\beta}{1 + sin\beta}$



Ex: If
$$\frac{\sin\alpha}{x} = \frac{\cos\alpha}{y}$$
, then what is the value of $\sin\alpha - \cos\alpha$



Ex: Find the value of $\sin 75^{\circ}$.





Ex: If $sec^2x + tan^2x = 7$ then find the value of x?





Ex: If $sin(\theta + 34^{\circ}) = cos \theta$ and $(\theta + 34^{\circ})$ is acute, then θ



Mahendra's

Ex: Find the value of $Sin 53^{\circ} cos 37^{\circ} + cos 53^{\circ} sin 37^{\circ}$



Mahendra's

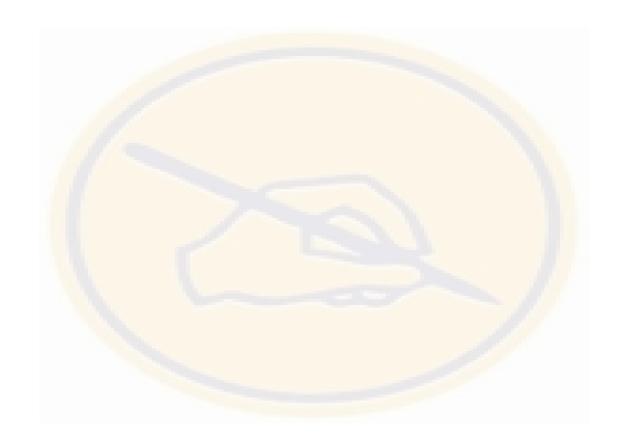
Ex: What is the value of $\sin^2 27^\circ + \sin^2 63^\circ + \frac{1}{\cos^2 27^\circ + \cos^2 63^\circ}$



Mahendra's

Ex:Find the value of $\cos (40^{\circ} - \theta) - \sin (50^{\circ} + \theta) + \frac{\cos^2 40^{\circ} + \cos^2 50^{\circ}}{\sin^2 40^{\circ} + \sin^2 50^{\circ}}$.

Sol:



Mahendra's

Ex: Find the value of $(1 + \sec 20^0 + \cot 70^0) (1 - \csc 20^0 + \tan 70^0)$.



Mahendra's



