Mastering Heap

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Question: What are the minimum and maximum number of elements in a heap of height h? Answer: Minimum : 2^h , Maximum: $2^{h+1} - 1$

1 Build Max-Heap

We need to know that in a heap data structure the leaves start from (len(A)/2 + 1). Because if you want to get the child of this leaf you would get 2*(len(A) / 2 + 1) = len(A) + 2, which is not possible. Even the last element of the array is the child of the array-index len(A)/2

We also need the procedure MAX-HEAPIFY(A, i)

2 Non recursive implementation of max-heapify

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In [63]: def max_heapify_non_rec(A, i):
    while i < (len(A) / 2):
        l = 2 * i + 1
        r = 2 * i + 2
        if l >= len(A):
            break
        if l < len(A) and A[l] >= A[i]:
            largest = l
        else:
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largest = i
                 if r < len(A) and A[r] >= A[largest]:
                     largest = r
                 if largest != i:
                     A[largest], A[i] = A[i], A[largest]
                     i = largest
In [66]: def build_max_heap(A):
             i = len(A) / 2 - 1
             while i >= 0:
                 max_heapify(A, i)
                 i = i - 1
             return A
In [67]: def build_max_heap_non_rec(A):
             i = len(A) / 2 - 1
             while i >= 0:
                 max_heapify_non_rec(A, i)
                 i = i - 1
             return A
In [68]: build_max_heap([1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 16, 7])
Out[68]: [16, 9, 7, 4, 2, 3, 1]
In [69]: build_max_heap_non_rec([1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 16, 7])
Out[69]: [16, 9, 7, 4, 2, 3, 1]
In [60]: def min_heapify(A, i):
             1 = 2*i + 1
             r = 2*i + 2
             if l >= len(A) and r >= len(A):
                 return
             if 1 < len(A) and A[1] <= A[i]:
                 smallest = 1
             else:
                 smallest = i
             if r < len(A) and A[r] <= A[smallest]:
                 smallest= r
             if smallest != i:
                 A[smallest], A[i] = A[i], A[smallest]
                 min_heapify(A, smallest)
In [61]: def build_min_heap(A):
             i = len(A) / 2
             while i >= 0:
                 min_heapify(A, i)
                 i = i - 1
             return A
```

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In [62]: build_min_heap([12, 3, 4, 5, 2, 1])
Out[62]: [1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 12]
   Build heap operation takes O(n)
   Heapsort
In [84]: def heapsort_descending(A):
             build_max_heap(A)
             i = len(A) - 1
             while i > 0:
                 B = A[:i+1]
                 B[1], B[i] = B[i], B[1]
                 i = i - 1
                 max_heapify(B, 1)
             print A
In [85]: def heapsort(A):
             build_min_heap(A)
             i = len(A) - 1
             while i > 0:
                 B = A[:i+1]
                 B[1], B[i] = B[i], B[1]
                 i = i - 1
                 min_heapify(B, 1)
             print A
In [86]: heapsort([12, 3, 4, 5, 2, 1])
[1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 12]
In [87]: heapsort_descending([12, 3, 4, 5, 2, 1])
[12, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

4 Priority Queue

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In []:
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