

## Tasks

- Derive a linearized state space model of a two-dimensional overhead gantry crane.
- Create a function to evaluate the state space model for given parameters.

## Framework provided:

<b>myCraneODE.m</b>	Template for submission
<b>SSmodelParams.mat</b>	Physical parameters for the linear model
<b>ODE_derivation_start.mn</b>	MuPad (Matlab Symbolic Toolbox) script
<b>UsefulCode.m</b>	Some simple code that will prove useful now and in the future
<b>Params_Simscape.mat</b>	Physical parameters for nonlinear Simulink model
<b>SimscapeCrane_StepInput.slx</b>	Step response of the Simulink model

## Approach

- Read and understand the derivation of the Euler-Lagrange equations for the pendulum on a cart system provided in the MuPad notebook **ODE\_derivation\_start.mn**
- Use the MuPad notebook (or otherwise) to derive the matrices  $(A, B, C, D)$  of the linearized continuous-time state-space representation. In other words, if the nonlinear system is in the form

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}x = \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ \dot{X} \\ Y \\ \dot{Y} \\ \theta \\ \dot{\theta} \\ \psi \\ \dot{\psi} \end{bmatrix} = F(x, u)$$

then linearize about the equilibrium  $(x, u) = (0, 0)$ , i.e. where  $F(0, 0) = 0$ , so that

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}x \approx Ax + Bu.$$

Here  $u := [u_x \ u_y]'$  is the input vector, where  $u_x$  and  $u_y$  are the signals to the motors for the  $X$  and  $Y$  directions, respectively.

We will assume full state measurements with no direct term, i.e. the measurement vector is given by  $y = Cx + Du = x$ .

Please try not to confuse the notation for the state vector  $x$  and measurements  $y$  with the notation for the displacements  $X$  and  $Y$  in the horizontal  $X$  and  $Y$  directions.  $\theta$  and  $\psi$  are the angles from the vertical in the  $X$  and  $Y$  directions, respectively.

*Hint:* In order to successfully derive  $A$  and  $B$  for a linearization about zero, you might find it useful to recall that  $\sin(\varepsilon) \approx \varepsilon$  and  $\cos(\varepsilon) \approx 1$  for  $\varepsilon \approx 0$ . You might also want to revise material on Jacobian linearization, which is based on Taylor series expansions.

- Use the template **myCraneODE.m** to write a function that evaluates the matrices of the continuous-time or discrete-time model of a gantry crane for given parameters. See the template for the function protocol and conventions.
- You should also do the following, as it will help with the final assignment:
  - Familiarize yourself with **usefulCode.m**. See if you can plot step responses for your linear gantry crane model.
  - Load the parameters from **Params\_StepInput.mat**, set the simulation time **T** and sample period **Ts** and run the Simulink model **SimscapeCrane\_StepInput.slx**. Observe the animation in the Mechanics Explorer. Observe the outputs using the Simulink Data Inspector. Familiarize yourself with the Simulink environment.
  - Use **lsim** plot the system behaviour of your linear gantry crane model when the input is  $\sin(t)$  or similar.

## Submission

filename	Description.
<b>myCraneODE.m</b>	Evaluates continuous-time or discrete-time model matrices for given parameters

Details of submission: Edit or upload the Matlab template for the above file into Cody Coursework. You should have received an email invitation to join the Cody Coursework page; if not, please check that you are registered on Blackboard for the course and email me so that we can enrol you.