

## pcap-file.cc

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```
1  /* -*- Mode:C++; c-file-style:"gnu"; indent-tabs-mode:nil; -*- */
2  /*
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4   *
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16  * Foundation, Inc., 59 Temple Place, Suite 330, Boston, MA 02111-1307 USA
17  *
18  * Author: Craig Dowell (craigdo@ee.washington.edu)
19  */
20
21 #include <iostream>
22 #include <cstring>
23 #include "ns3/assert.h"
24 #include "ns3/packet.h"
25 #include "ns3/fatal-error.h"
26 #include "ns3/fatal-impl.h"
27 #include "ns3/header.h"
28 #include "ns3/buffer.h"
29 #include "pcap-file.h"
30 #include "ns3/log.h"
31 #include "ns3/build-profile.h"
32 //
33 // This file is used as part of the ns-3 test framework, so please refrain from
34 // adding any ns-3 specific constructs such as Packet to this file.
35 //
36
37 namespace ns3 {
38
39 NS_LOG_COMPONENT_DEFINE ("PcapFile");
40
41 const uint32_t MAGIC = 0xa1b2c3d4;
42 const uint32_t SWAPPED_MAGIC = 0xd4c3b2a1;
43 const uint32_t NS_MAGIC = 0xa1b23c4d;
44 const uint32_t NS_SWAPPED_MAGIC = 0x4d3cb2a1;
45 const uint16_t VERSION_MAJOR = 2;
46 const uint16_t VERSION_MINOR = 4;
47
48 PcapFile::PcapFile ()
49 : m_file (),
50   m_swapMode (false),
51   m_nanosecMode (false)
52 {
53   NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
54   FatalImpl::RegisterStream (&m_file);
55 }
56
57 PcapFile::~PcapFile ()
58 {
59   NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
60   FatalImpl::UnregisterStream (&m_file);
61   Close ();
62 }
63
64 bool
65 PcapFile::Fail (void) const
66 {
67   NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
68   return m_file.fail ();
69 }
70
71 bool
72 PcapFile::Eof (void) const
73 {
74   NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
75   return m_file.eof ();
76 }
77
78 void
79 PcapFile::Clear (void)
80 {
81   NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
82   m_file.clear ();
83 }
84
85
86
```

```

87 void
88 PcapFile::Close (void)
89 {
90     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
91     m_file.close ();
92 }
93
94 uint32_t
95 PcapFile::GetMagic (void)
96 {
97     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
98     return m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber;
99 }
100
101 uint16_t
102 PcapFile::GetVersionMajor (void)
103 {
104     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
105     return m_fileHeader.m_versionMajor;
106 }
107
108 uint16_t
109 PcapFile::GetVersionMinor (void)
110 {
111     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
112     return m_fileHeader.m_versionMinor;
113 }
114
115 int32_t
116 PcapFile::GetTimeZoneOffset (void)
117 {
118     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
119     return m_fileHeader.m_zone;
120 }
121
122 uint32_t
123 PcapFile::GetSigFigs (void)
124 {
125     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
126     return m_fileHeader.m_sigFigs;
127 }
128
129 uint32_t
130 PcapFile::GetSnapLen (void)
131 {
132     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
133     return m_fileHeader.m_snapLen;
134 }
135
136 uint32_t
137 PcapFile::GetDataLinkType (void)
138 {
139     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
140     return m_fileHeader.m_type;
141 }
142
143 bool
144 PcapFile::GetSwapMode (void)
145 {
146     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
147     return m_swapMode;
148 }
149
150 bool
151 PcapFile::IsNanoSecMode (void)
152 {
153     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
154     return m_nanosecMode;
155 }
156
157 uint8_t
158 PcapFile::Swap (uint8_t val)
159 {
160     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << static_cast<uint32_t> (val));
161     return val;
162 }
163
164 uint16_t
165 PcapFile::Swap (uint16_t val)
166 {
167     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << val);
168     return ((val >> 8) & 0x00ff) | ((val << 8) & 0xff00);
169 }
170
171 uint32_t
172 PcapFile::Swap (uint32_t val)
173 {
174     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << val);
175     return ((val >> 24) & 0x000000ff) | ((val >> 8) & 0x0000ff00) | ((val << 8) & 0x00ff0000)
176     | ((val << 24) & 0xff000000);

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```

177
178 void
179 PcapFile::Swap (PcapFileHeader *from, PcapFileHeader *to)
180 {
181     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << from << to);
182     to->m_magicNumber = Swap (from->m_magicNumber);
183     to->m_versionMajor = Swap (from->m_versionMajor);
184     to->m_versionMinor = Swap (from->m_versionMinor);
185     to->m_zone = Swap (uint32_t (from->m_zone));
186     to->m_sigFigs = Swap (from->m_sigFigs);
187     to->m_snapLen = Swap (from->m_snapLen);
188     to->m_type = Swap (from->m_type);
189 }
190
191 void
192 PcapFile::Swap (PcapRecordHeader *from, PcapRecordHeader *to)
193 {
194     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << from << to);
195     to->m_tsSec = Swap (from->m_tsSec);
196     to->m_tsUsec = Swap (from->m_tsUsec);
197     to->m_inclLen = Swap (from->m_inclLen);
198     to->m_origLen = Swap (from->m_origLen);
199 }
200
201 void
202 PcapFile::WriteFileHeader (void)
203 {
204     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
205     //
206     // If we're initializing the file, we need to write the pcap file header
207     // at the start of the file.
208     //
209     m_file.seekp (0, std::ios::beg);
210
211     //
212     // We have the ability to write out the pcap file header in a foreign endian
213     // format, so we need a temp place to swap on the way out.
214     //
215     PcapFileHeader header;
216
217     //
218     // the pointer headerOut selects either the swapped or non-swapped version of
219     // the pcap file header.
220     //
221     PcapFileHeader *headerOut = 0;
222
223     if (m_swapMode == false)
224     {
225         headerOut = &m_fileHeader;
226     }
227     else
228     {
229         Swap (&m_fileHeader, &header);
230         headerOut = &header;
231     }
232
233     //
234     // Watch out for memory alignment differences between machines, so write
235     // them all individually.
236     //
237     m_file.write ((const char *)&headerOut->m_magicNumber, sizeof(headerOut->m_magicNumber));
238     m_file.write ((const char *)&headerOut->m_versionMajor, sizeof(headerOut->m_versionMajor));
239     m_file.write ((const char *)&headerOut->m_versionMinor, sizeof(headerOut->m_versionMinor));
240     m_file.write ((const char *)&headerOut->m_zone, sizeof(headerOut->m_zone));
241     m_file.write ((const char *)&headerOut->m_sigFigs, sizeof(headerOut->m_sigFigs));
242     m_file.write ((const char *)&headerOut->m_snapLen, sizeof(headerOut->m_snapLen));
243     m_file.write ((const char *)&headerOut->m_type, sizeof(headerOut->m_type));
244 }
245
246 void
247 PcapFile::ReadAndVerifyFileHeader (void)
248 {
249     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this);
250     //
251     // Pcap file header is always at the start of the file
252     //
253     m_file.seekg (0, std::ios::beg);
254
255     //
256     // Watch out for memory alignment differences between machines, so read
257     // them all individually.
258     //
259     m_file.read ((char *)&m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber, sizeof(m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber));
260     m_file.read ((char *)&m_fileHeader.m_versionMajor, sizeof(m_fileHeader.m_versionMajor));
261     m_file.read ((char *)&m_fileHeader.m_versionMinor, sizeof(m_fileHeader.m_versionMinor));
262     m_file.read ((char *)&m_fileHeader.m_zone, sizeof(m_fileHeader.m_zone));
263     m_file.read ((char *)&m_fileHeader.m_sigFigs, sizeof(m_fileHeader.m_sigFigs));
264     m_file.read ((char *)&m_fileHeader.m_snapLen, sizeof(m_fileHeader.m_snapLen));
265     m_file.read ((char *)&m_fileHeader.m_type, sizeof(m_fileHeader.m_type));
266
267     if (m_file.fail ())

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268     {
269         return;
270     }
271
272     //
273     // There are four possible magic numbers that can be there. Normal and byte
274     // swapped versions of the standard magic number, and normal and byte swapped
275     // versions of the magic number indicating nanosecond resolution timestamps.
276     //
277     if (m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber != MAGIC && m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber != SWAPPED_MAGIC &&
278         m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber != NS_MAGIC && m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber != NS_SWAPPED_MAGIC)
279     {
280         m_file.setstate (std::ios::failbit);
281     }
282
283     //
284     // If the magic number is swapped, then we can assume that everything else we read
285     // is swapped.
286     //
287     m_swapMode = (m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber == SWAPPED_MAGIC
288         || m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber == NS_SWAPPED_MAGIC) ? true : false;
289
290     if (m_swapMode)
291     {
292         Swap (&m_fileHeader, &m_fileHeader);
293     }
294
295     //
296     // Timestamps can either be microsecond or nanosecond
297     //
298     m_nanosecMode = ((m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber == NS_MAGIC) ||
299         (m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber == NS_SWAPPED_MAGIC)) ? true : false;
300
301     //
302     // We only deal with one version of the pcap file format.
303     //
304     if (m_fileHeader.m_versionMajor != VERSION_MAJOR || m_fileHeader.m_versionMinor != VERSION_MI
305     {
306         m_file.setstate (std::ios::failbit);
307     }
308
309     //
310     // A quick test of reasonableness for the time zone offset corresponding to
311     // a real place on the planet.
312     //
313     if (m_fileHeader.m_zone < -12 || m_fileHeader.m_zone > 12)
314     {
315         m_file.setstate (std::ios::failbit);
316     }
317
318     if (m_file.fail ())
319     {
320         m_file.close ();
321     }
322 }
323
324 void
325 PcapFile::Open (std::string const &filename, std::ios::openmode mode)
326 {
327     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << filename << mode);
328     NS_ASSERT ((mode & std::ios::app) == 0);
329     NS_ASSERT (!m_file.fail ());
330     //
331     // All pcap files are binary files, so we just do this automatically.
332     //
333     mode |= std::ios::binary;
334
335     m_filename=filename;
336     m_file.open (filename.c_str (), mode);
337     if (mode & std::ios::in)
338     {
339         // will set the fail bit if file header is invalid.
340         ReadAndVerifyFileHeader ();
341     }
342 }
343
344 void
345 PcapFile::Init (uint32_t dataLinkType, uint32_t snapLen, int32_t timeZoneCorrection, bool
346 swapMode, bool nanosecMode)
347 {
348     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << dataLinkType << snapLen << timeZoneCorrection << swapMode);
349
350     //
351     // Initialize the magic number and nanosecond mode flag
352     //
353     m_nanosecMode = nanosecMode;
354     if (nanosecMode)
355     {
356         m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber = NS_MAGIC;
357     }
358     else

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```

358     {
359         m_fileHeader.m_magicNumber = MAGIC;
360     }
361
362     //
363     // Initialize remainder of the in-memory file header.
364     //
365     m_fileHeader.m_versionMajor = VERSION_MAJOR;
366     m_fileHeader.m_versionMinor = VERSION_MINOR;
367     m_fileHeader.m_zone = timeZoneCorrection;
368     m_fileHeader.m_sigFigs = 0;
369     m_fileHeader.m_snapLen = snapLen;
370     m_fileHeader.m_type = dataLinkType;
371
372     //
373     // We use pcap files for regression testing. We do byte-for-byte comparisons
374     // in those tests to determine pass or fail. If we allow big endian systems
375     // to write big endian headers, they will end up byte-swapped and the
376     // regression tests will fail. Until we get rid of the regression tests, we
377     // have to pick an endianness and stick with it. The precedent is little
378     // endian, so we set swap mode if required to pick little endian.
379     //
380     // We do want to allow a user or test suite to enable swapmode irrespective
381     // of what we decide here, so we allow setting swapmode from formal parameter
382     // as well.
383     //
384     // So, determine the endianness of the running system.
385     //
386     union {
387         uint32_t a;
388         uint8_t b[4];
389     } u;
390
391     u.a = 1;
392     bool bigEndian = u.b[3];
393
394     //
395     // And set swap mode if requested or we are on a big-endian system.
396     //
397     m_swapMode = swapMode | bigEndian;
398
399     WriteFileHeader ();
400 }
401
402 uint32_t
403 PcapFile::WritePacketHeader (uint32_t tsSec, uint32_t tsUsec, uint32_t totalLen)
404 {
405     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << tsSec << tsUsec << totalLen);
406     NS_ASSERT (m_file.good ());
407
408     uint32_t inclLen = totalLen > m_fileHeader.m_snapLen ? m_fileHeader.m_snapLen : totalLen;
409
410     PcapRecordHeader header;
411     header.m_tsSec = tsSec;
412     header.m_tsUsec = tsUsec;
413     header.m_inclLen = inclLen;
414     header.m_origLen = totalLen;
415
416     if (m_swapMode)
417     {
418         Swap (&header, &header);
419     }
420
421     //
422     // Watch out for memory alignment differences between machines, so write
423     // them all individually.
424     //
425     m_file.write ((const char *)&header.m_tsSec, sizeof(header.m_tsSec));
426     m_file.write ((const char *)&header.m_tsUsec, sizeof(header.m_tsUsec));
427     m_file.write ((const char *)&header.m_inclLen, sizeof(header.m_inclLen));
428     m_file.write ((const char *)&header.m_origLen, sizeof(header.m_origLen));
429     NS_BUILD_DEBUG(m_file.flush());
430     return inclLen;
431 }
432
433 void
434 PcapFile::Write (uint32_t tsSec, uint32_t tsUsec, uint8_t const * const data, uint32_t totalLen)
435 {
436     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << tsSec << tsUsec << &data << totalLen);
437     uint32_t inclLen = WritePacketHeader (tsSec, tsUsec, totalLen);
438     m_file.write ((const char *)data, inclLen);
439     NS_BUILD_DEBUG(m_file.flush());
440 }
441
442 void
443 PcapFile::Write (uint32_t tsSec, uint32_t tsUsec, Ptr<const Packet> p)
444 {
445     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << tsSec << tsUsec << p);
446     uint32_t inclLen = WritePacketHeader (tsSec, tsUsec, p->GetSize ());
447     p->CopyData (&m_file, inclLen);
448     NS_BUILD_DEBUG(m_file.flush());

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```

449 }
450
451 void
452 PcapFile::Write (uint32_t tsSec, uint32_t tsUsec, const Header &header, Ptr<const Packet> p)
453 {
454     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << tsSec << tsUsec << &header << p);
455     uint32_t headerSize = header.GetSize ();
456     uint32_t totalSize = headerSize + p->GetSize ();
457     uint32_t inclLen = WritePacketHeader (tsSec, tsUsec, totalSize);
458
459     Buffer headerBuffer;
460     headerBuffer.AddAtStart (headerSize);
461     header.Serialize (headerBuffer.Begin ());
462     uint32_t toCopy = std::min (headerSize, inclLen);
463     headerBuffer.CopyData (&m_file, toCopy);
464     inclLen -= toCopy;
465     p->CopyData (&m_file, inclLen);
466 }
467
468 void
469 PcapFile::Read (
470     uint8_t * const data,
471     uint32_t maxBytes,
472     uint32_t &tsSec,
473     uint32_t &tsUsec,
474     uint32_t &inclLen,
475     uint32_t &origLen,
476     uint32_t &readLen)
477 {
478     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (this << &data << maxBytes << tsSec << tsUsec << inclLen << origLen << readLen
479     NS_ASSERT (m_file.good ());
480
481     PcapRecordHeader header;
482
483     //
484     // Watch out for memory alignment differences between machines, so read
485     // them all individually.
486     //
487     m_file.read ((char *)&header.m_tsSec, sizeof(header.m_tsSec));
488     m_file.read ((char *)&header.m_tsUsec, sizeof(header.m_tsUsec));
489     m_file.read ((char *)&header.m_inclLen, sizeof(header.m_inclLen));
490     m_file.read ((char *)&header.m_origLen, sizeof(header.m_origLen));
491
492     if (m_file.fail ())
493     {
494         return;
495     }
496
497     if (m_swapMode)
498     {
499         Swap (&header, &header);
500     }
501
502     tsSec = header.m_tsSec;
503     tsUsec = header.m_tsUsec;
504     inclLen = header.m_inclLen;
505     origLen = header.m_origLen;
506
507     //
508     // We don't always want to force the client to keep a maximum length buffer
509     // around so we allow her to specify a minimum number of bytes to read.
510     // Usually 64 bytes is enough information to print all of the headers, so
511     // it isn't typically necessary to read all thousand bytes of an echo packet,
512     // for example, to figure out what is going on.
513     //
514     readLen = maxBytes < header.m_inclLen ? maxBytes : header.m_inclLen;
515     m_file.read ((char *)data, readLen);
516
517     //
518     // To keep the file pointer pointed in the right place, however, we always
519     // need to account for the entire packet as stored originally.
520     //
521     if (readLen < header.m_inclLen)
522     {
523         m_file.seekg (header.m_inclLen - readLen, std::ios::cur);
524     }
525 }
526
527 bool
528 PcapFile::Diff (std::string const &f1, std::string const &f2,
529     uint32_t &sec, uint32_t &usec, uint32_t &packets,
530     uint32_t &snapLen)
531 {
532     NS_LOG_FUNCTION (f1 << f2 << sec << usec << snapLen);
533     PcapFile pcap1, pcap2;
534     pcap1.Open (f1, std::ios::in);
535     pcap2.Open (f2, std::ios::in);
536     bool bad = pcap1.Fail () || pcap2.Fail ();
537     if (bad)
538     {
539         return true;
540     }
541 }

```

```

540     }
541
542     uint8_t *data1 = new uint8_t [snapLen] ();
543     uint8_t *data2 = new uint8_t [snapLen] ();
544     uint32_t tsSec1 = 0;
545     uint32_t tsSec2 = 0;
546     uint32_t tsUsec1 = 0;
547     uint32_t tsUsec2 = 0;
548     uint32_t inclLen1 = 0;
549     uint32_t inclLen2 = 0;
550     uint32_t origLen1 = 0;
551     uint32_t origLen2 = 0;
552     uint32_t readLen1 = 0;
553     uint32_t readLen2 = 0;
554     bool diff = false;
555
556     while (!pcap1.Eof () && !pcap2.Eof ())
557     {
558         pcap1.Read (data1, snapLen, tsSec1, tsUsec1, inclLen1, origLen1, readLen1);
559         pcap2.Read (data2, snapLen, tsSec2, tsUsec2, inclLen2, origLen2, readLen2);
560
561         bool same = pcap1.Fail () == pcap2.Fail ();
562         if (!same)
563         {
564             diff = true;
565             break;
566         }
567         if (pcap1.Eof ())
568         {
569             break;
570         }
571
572         ++packets;
573
574         if (tsSec1 != tsSec2 || tsUsec1 != tsUsec2)
575         {
576             diff = true; // Next packet timestamps do not match
577             break;
578         }
579
580         if (readLen1 != readLen2)
581         {
582             diff = true; // Packet lengths do not match
583             break;
584         }
585
586         if (std::memcmp (data1, data2, readLen1) != 0)
587         {
588             diff = true; // Packet data do not match
589             break;
590         }
591     }
592     sec = tsSec1;
593     usec = tsUsec1;
594
595     bad = pcap1.Fail () || pcap2.Fail ();
596     bool eof = pcap1.Eof () && pcap2.Eof ();
597     if (bad && !eof)
598     {
599         diff = true;
600     }
601
602     delete[] data1;
603     delete[] data2;
604
605     return diff;
606 }
607
608 } // namespace ns3

```