




# Node.js

# Main Features



- 
- Runs in a single process, without creating a new thread for every request.
  - Runs on V8 JavaScript engine, the core of Google Chrome, outside of the browser.
  - Provides a set of asynchronous I/O primitives in its standard library that prevent JavaScript code from blocking.
  - Instead of blocking the thread and wasting CPU cycles waiting, Node.js will resume the operations when the response comes back.

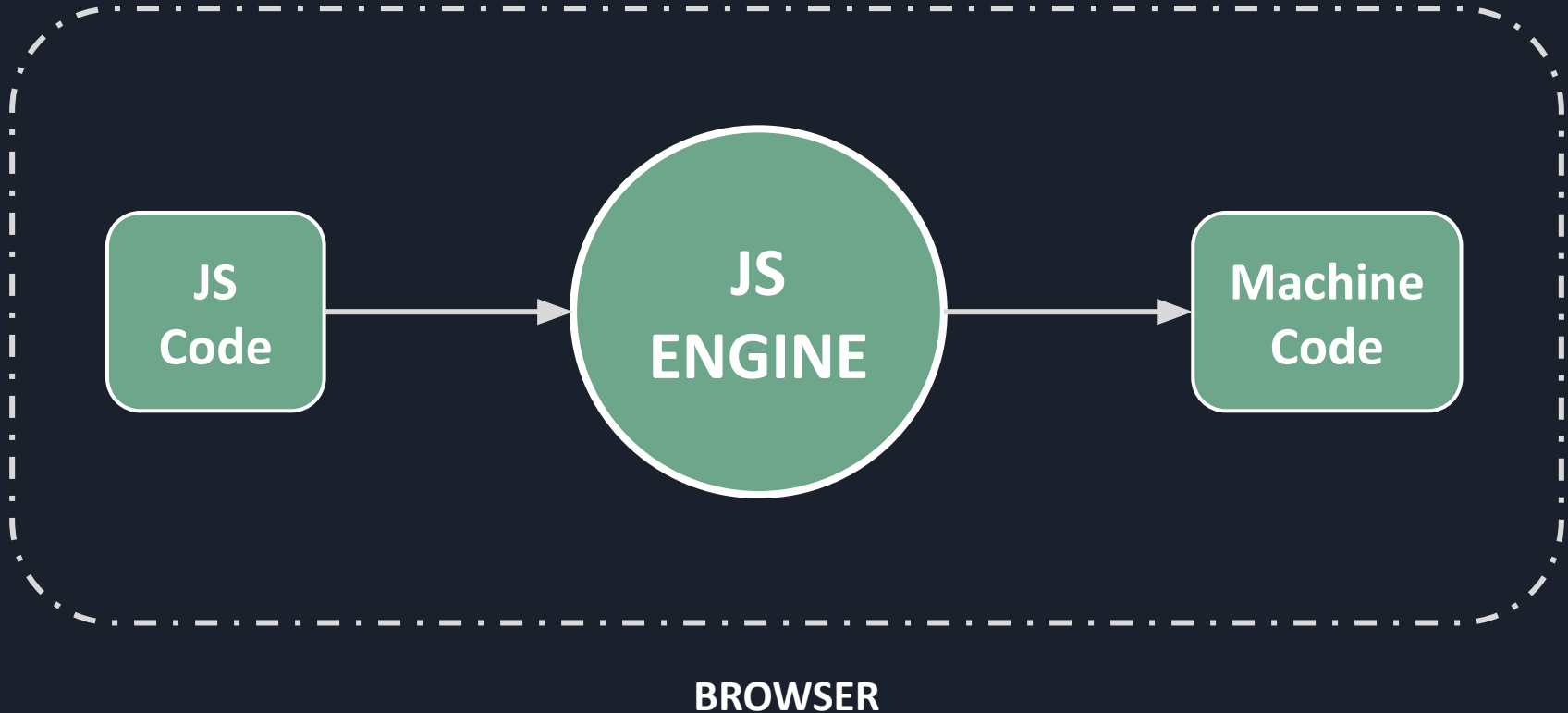


# Node.js



A **runtime environment** for  
executing JavaScript code

# What is a runtime environment?





Chakra



SpiderMonkey



v8

**CHROME**



**Node.exe**

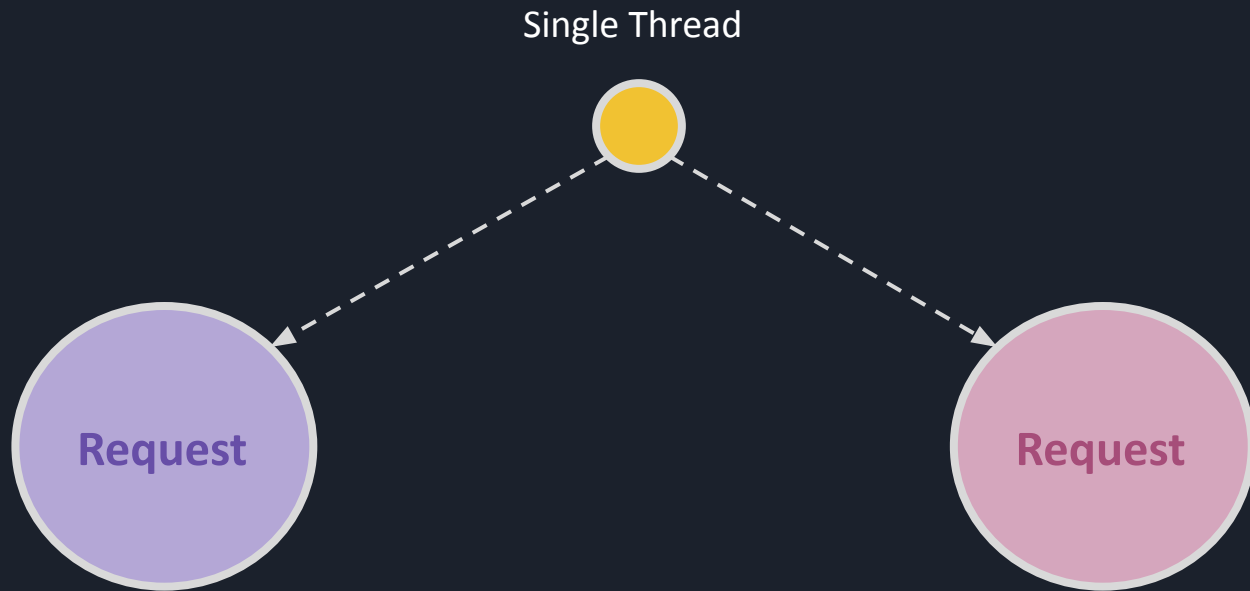


# How Node.js Works?



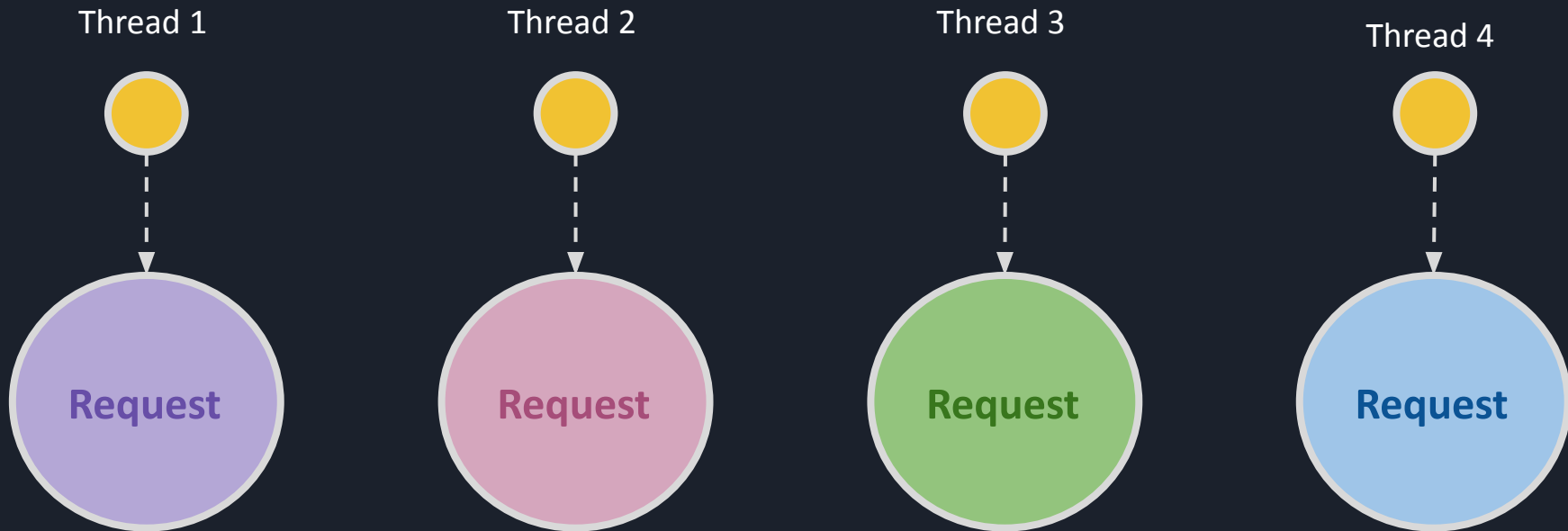


# Non-blocking ASYNCHRONOUS

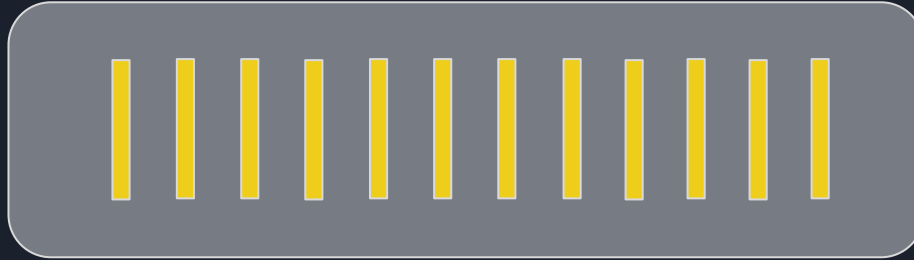


# Blocking

## SYNCHRONOUS



# SERVER



All threads are busy!!!

Thread 1



Request

Thread 2

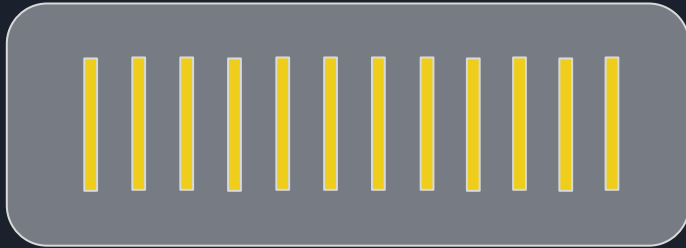


Request

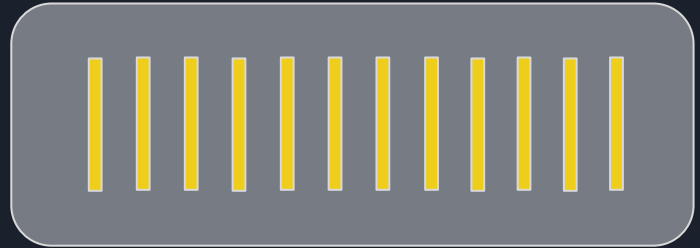
WAIT

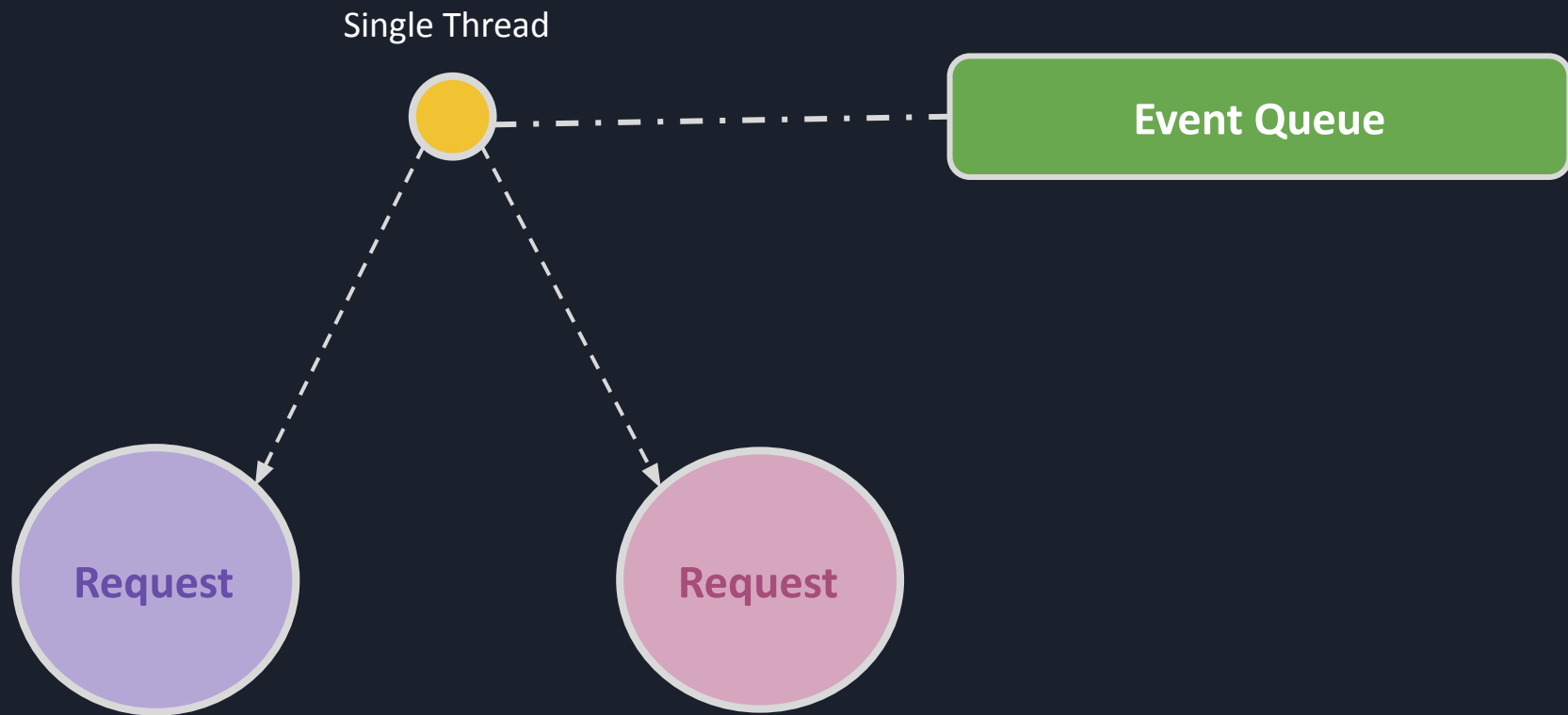
Request

**SERVER**



**SERVER**







# Drawback of Node.js

Node should not be used for CPU-intensive applications like video-encoding or image manipulation service because in such applications there are a lot of calculations that need to be done by the CPU and a very few operations that touch file system or the network.

Thus, node is ideal for building data intensive and real time applications.

# Installing Node





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Node.js® is a JavaScript runtime built on [Chrome's V8 JavaScript engine](#).

## Download for Windows (x64)

**16.15.0 LTS**

Recommended For Most Users

**18.1.0 Current**

Latest Features

[Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#)   [Other Downloads](#) | [Changelog](#) | [API Docs](#)

Or have a look at the [Long Term Support \(LTS\) schedule](#)

URL - <https://nodejs.org/en/>



# Terminal

```
PS C:\Users\Mysense> node --version  
v17.1.0  
PS C:\Users\Mysense>
```

EXPLORER

...

JS app.js X

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

1 function sayHello(name) {

2 | console.log("Hello " + name);

3 }

4

5 sayHello("Deepshikha");

OPEN EDITORS

X JS app.js NodeJS

UNTITLED (WORKSPACE)

NodeJS

> .vscode

> File System Module

> HTTP Module

> NodeJS-Official Site

> URL Module

JS app.js

JS parse-url.js

tbsecom

> .github

wp-content

> mu-plugins

plugins

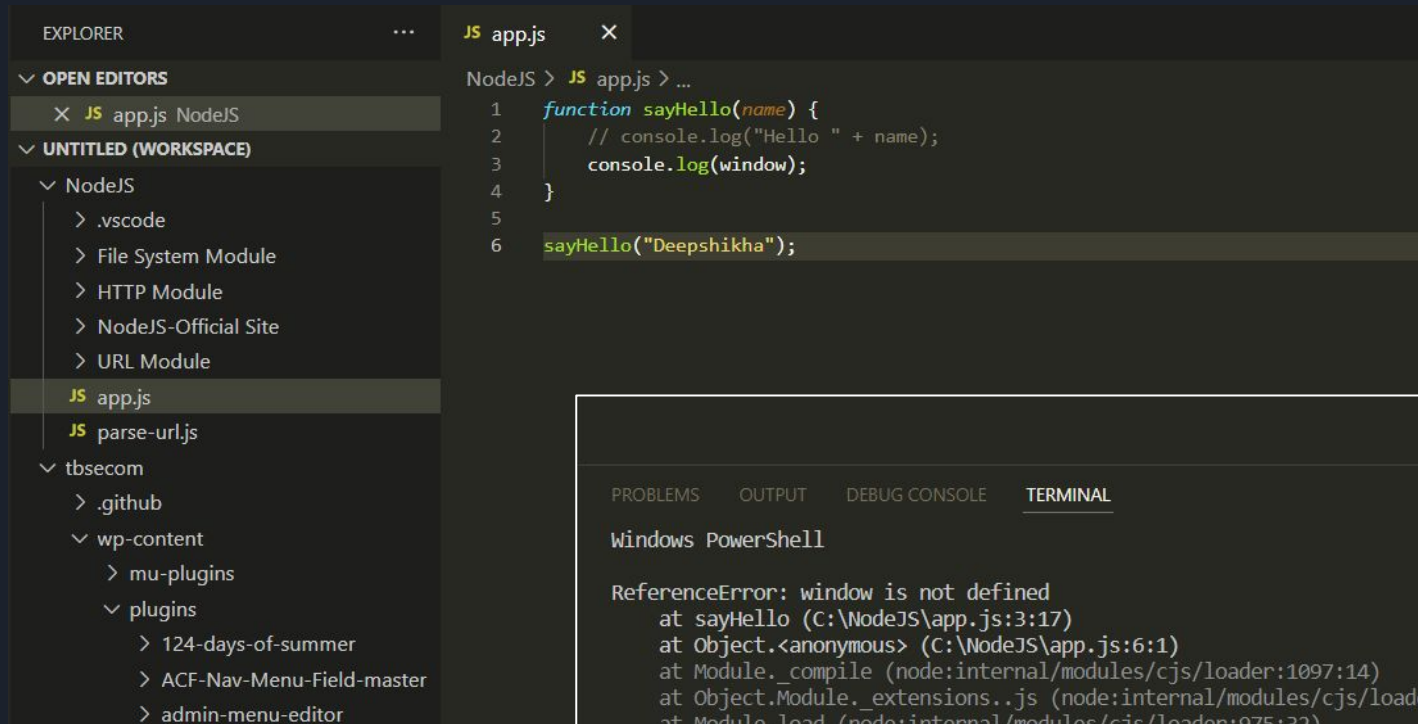
> 124-days-of-summer

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell  
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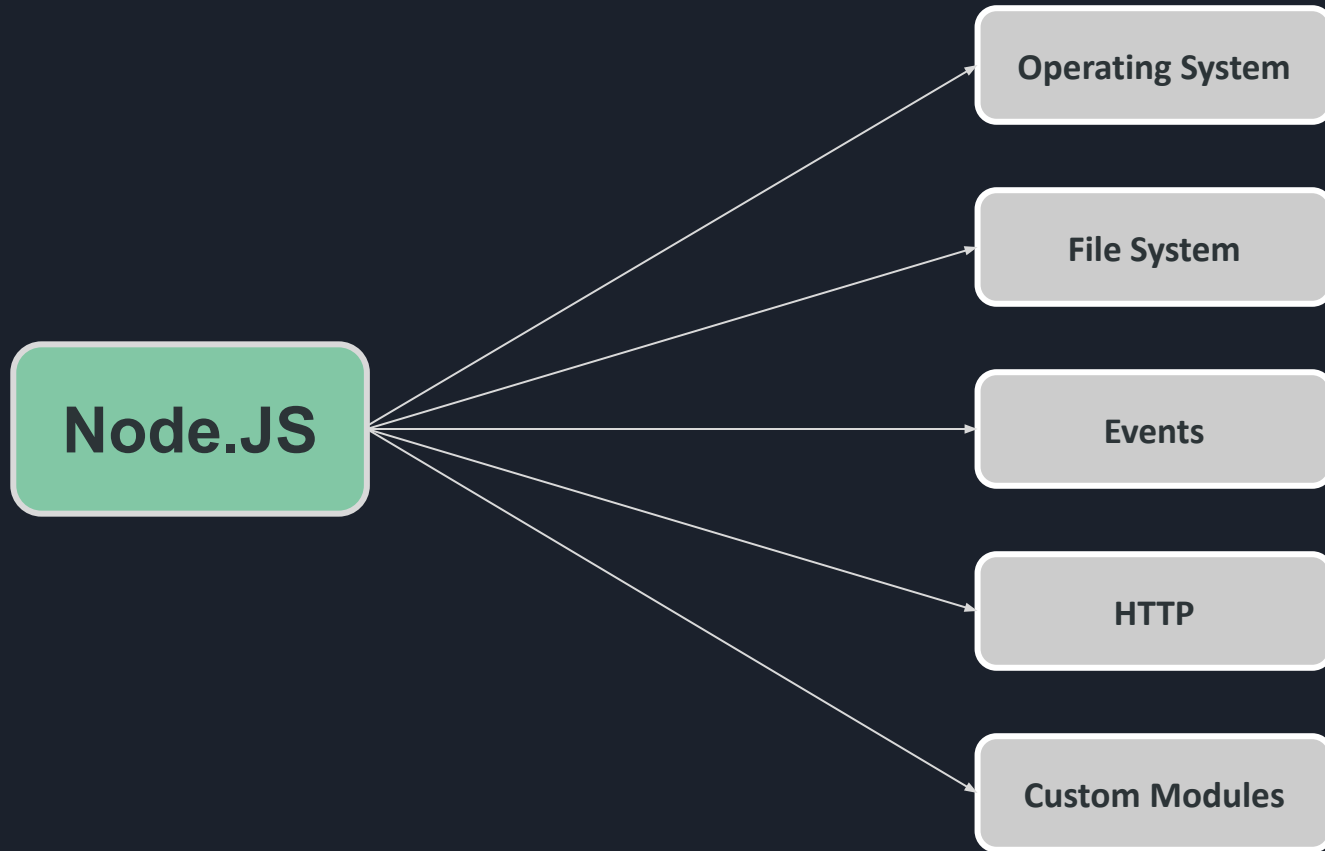
Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! <https://aka.ms/PSWindows>

PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js  
Hello Deepshikha  
PS C:\NodeJS>



# Node Module System





Module 1



Module 2



Module 3



**MODULE**

**app.js**



EXPLORER

...

JS app.js X

NodeJS > JS app.js

1 console.log(module);

OPEN EDITORS

X JS app.js NodeJS

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NodeJS

> .vscode

> File System Module

> HTTP Module

> NodeJS-Official Site

> URL Module

JS app.js

JS parse-url.js

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```
Node.js v17.1.0
PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js
Module {
  id: '.',
  path: 'C:\\NodeJS',
  exports: {},
  filename: 'C:\\NodeJS\\app.js',
  loaded: false,
  children: [],
  paths: [ 'C:\\NodeJS\\node_modules', 'C:\\node_modules' ]
}
PS C:\NodeJS> 
```



# Creating a Module



EXPLORER

...

JS app.js

JS logger.js

X

OPEN EDITORS

JS app.js NodeJS

X JS logger.js NodeJS

UNTITLED (WORKSPACE)

NodeJS

.vscode

File System Module

HTTP Module

NodeJS-Official Site

URL Module

JS app.js

JS logger.js

JS parse-url.js

tbsecom

NodeJS > JS logger.js > ...  
1 var url = "http://mylogger.io/log";  
2  
3 function log(message) {  
4 // Send an HTTP request  
5 console.log(message);  
6 }  
7  
8 module.exports.log = log;  
9 module.exports.endPoint = url;

PROBLEMS

OUTPUT

DEBUG CONSOLE

TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell  
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Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! <https://aka.ms/PSWindows>  
  
PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js  
{ log: [Function: log], endPoint: 'http://mylogger.io/log' }  
PS C:\NodeJS>

EXPLORER

...

JS app.js X JS logger.js

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

1 var logger = require("../logger");

2

3 logger.log("Hello Deepshikha");

OPEN EDITORS

X JS app.js NodeJS

JS logger.js NodeJS

UNTITLED (WORKSPACE)

NodeJS

> .vscode

> File System Module

> HTTP Module

> NodeJS-Official Site

> URL Module

JS app.js

JS loader.is

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell

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PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

{ log: [Function: log], endPoint: 'http://mylogger.io/log' }

PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

Hello Deepshikha

PS C:\NodeJS>

# Using `const` instead of `var`

```
NodeJS > JS app.js > ...  
1  var logger = require("./logger");  
2  
3  logger = 1;  
4  logger.log("Hello Deepshikha");
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! <https://aka.ms/PSWindows>

PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

C:\NodeJS\app.js:4

logger.log("Hello Deepshikha");

^

TypeError: logger.log is not a function

at Object.<anonymous> (C:\NodeJS\app.js:4:8)

at Module.\_compile (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:1097:14)

at Object.Module.\_extensions..js (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:1149:10)

at Module.load (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:975:32)

at Function.Module.load (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:822:12)

at Function.executeUserEntryPoint [as runMain] (node:internal/modules/run\_main:81:12)

at node:internal/main/run\_main\_module:17:47

Node.js v17.1.0

PS C:\NodeJS>

...

JS app.js

✕

JS logger.js

NodeJS &gt; JS app.js &gt; ...

```
1  const logger = require("./logger");
2
3  logger = 1;
4  logger.log("Hello Deepshikha");
```

PROBLEMS

OUTPUT

DEBUG CONSOLE

TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell

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PS C:\NodeJS&gt; node app.js

C:\NodeJS\app.js:3

```
logger = 1;
      ^
```

TypeError: Assignment to constant variable.

at Object.&lt;anonymous&gt; (C:\NodeJS\app.js:3:8)

at Module.\_compile (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:1097:14)

at Object.Module.\_extensions..js (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:1149:10)

at Module.load (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:975:32)

at Function.Module.\_load (node:internal/modules/cjs/loader:822:12)

at Function.executeUserEntryPoint [as runMain] (node:internal/modules/run\_main:81:12)

at node:internal/main/run\_main\_module:17:47

Node.js v17.1.0

PS C:\NodeJS&gt;

# Module Wrapper Function



JS app.js

JS logger.js 1 X

NodeJS > JS logger.js > ...

```
1  var a =;  
2  var url = "http://mylogger.io/log";  
3  
4  function log(message) {  
5      // Send an HTTP request  
6      console.log(message);  
7  }  
8  
9  module.exports.log = log;  
10 module.exports.endPoint = url;
```

```
first-app $  
first-app $node app.js  
/Users/moshfeghhamedani/Desktop/node-course/first-app/logger.js:1  
(function (exports, require, module, __filename, __dirname) { var x =;  
                                                                    ^
```

```
SyntaxError: Unexpected token ;  
    at createScript (vm.js:80:10)  
    at Object.runInThisContext (vm.js:139:10)  
    at Module._compile (module.js:599:28)  
    at Object.Module._extensions..js (module.js:646:10)  
    at Module.load (module.js:554:32)  
    at tryModuleLoad (module.js:497:12)  
    at Function.Module._load (module.js:489:3)  
    at Module.require (module.js:579:17)  
    at require (internal/module.js:11:18)
```

# In-Built Modules





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## Docs

[ES6 and beyond](#)[v16.15.0 API](#) LTS[v18.1.0 API](#)[Guides](#)[Dependencies](#)

## About documentation

There are several types of documentation available on this website:

- API reference documentation
- ES6 features
- Guides

## API reference documentation

The [API reference documentation](#) provides detailed information about a function or object in Node.js. This documentation indicates what arguments a method accepts, the return value of that method, and what errors may be related to that method. It also indicates

URL - <https://nodejs.org/en/docs/>

## Node.js

About this  
documentation

Usage and example

Assertion testing

Asynchronous context  
tracking

Async hooks

Buffer

C++ addons

C/C++ addons with  
Node-API

C++ embedder API

Child processes

Cluster

Command-line options

Console

Corepack

Crypto

Debugger

# Node.js v16.15.0 documentation

➤ Other versions | ➤ Options

- About this documentation
- Usage and example

- 
- Assertion testing
  - Asynchronous context tracking
  - Async hooks
  - Buffer
  - C++ addons
  - C/C++ addons with Node-API
  - C++ embedder API
  - Child processes
  - Cluster
  - Command-line options
  - Console
  - Corepack
  - Crypto
  - Debugger
  - Deprecated APIs
  - Diagnostics Channel
  - DNS

URL - <https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v16.x/docs/api/>

# Path Module

Source Code: [lib/path.js](#)

The `path` module provides utilities for working with file and directory paths. It can be accessed using:

```
const path = require('path');
```

## ▼ Table of contents

### ■ Path

- Windows vs. POSIX
- `path.basename(path[, ext])`
- `path.delimiter`
- `path.dirname(path)`
- `path.extname(path)`
- `path.format(pathObject)`
- `path.isAbsolute(path)`
- `path.join([...paths])`
- `path.normalize(path)`
- `path.parse(path)`
- `path.posix`
- `path.relative(from, to)`
- `path.resolve([...paths])`

URL - <https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v16.x/docs/api/path.html>

EXPLORER

...

▼ OPEN EDITORS

✕ JS app.js NodeJS

JS logger.js NodeJS 1

▼ UNTITLED (WORKSPACE)

▼ NodeJS ●

> .vscode

> File System Module

> HTTP Module

> NodeJS-Official Site

> URL Module

JS app.js

JS app.js ✕ JS logger.js 1

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

1 const path = require("path");

2

3 var pathObj = path.parse(\_\_filename);

4

5 console.log(pathObj);

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell

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PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

{

root: 'C:\\',

dir: 'C:\\NodeJS',

base: 'app.js',

ext: '.js',

name: 'app'

}

PS C:\NodeJS>

# OS Module

Source Code: [lib/os.js](#)

The `os` module provides operating system-related utility methods and properties. It can be accessed using:

```
const os = require('os');
```

## ▼ Table of contents

### ▪ OS

- `os.EOL`
- `os.arch()`
- `os.constants`
- `os.cpu()`
- `os.devNull`
- `os.endianness()`
- `os.freemem()`
- `os.getPriority([pid])`
- `os.homedir()`
- `os.hostname()`
- `os.loadavg()`
- `os.networkInterfaces()`

URL - <https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v16.x/docs/api/os.html>

EXPLORER

...

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JS app.js NodeJS

JS logger.js NodeJS 1

UNTITLED (WORKSPACE)

NodeJS

> .vscode

> File System Module

> HTTP Module

> NodeJS-Official Site

> URL Module

JS app.js

JS logger.js 1

JS parse-url.js

JS app.js X JS logger.js 1

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

1 const os = require("os");

2

3 var totalMemory = os.totalmem();

4 var freeMemory = os.freemem();

5

6 console.log(`Total Memory: \${totalMemory}`);

7 console.log(`Free Memory: \${freeMemory}`);

PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell

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PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

Total Memory: 8379490304

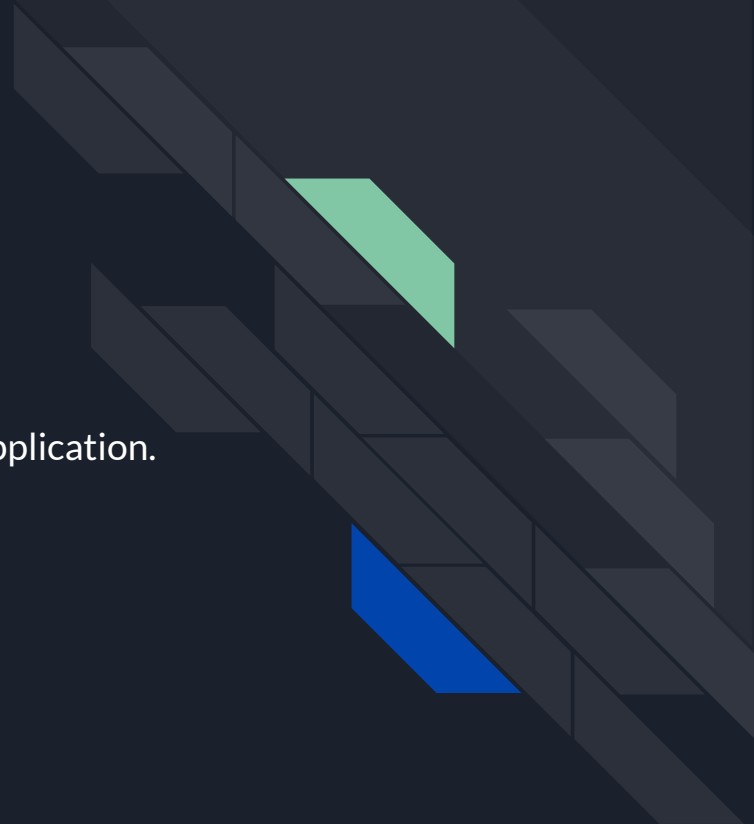
Free Memory: 710230016

PS C:\NodeJS>



# Events Module

Event is basically a signal that something has happened in our application.



## ▼ Table of contents

### ▪ Events

- Passing arguments and `this` to listeners
- Asynchronous vs. synchronous
- Handling events only once
- Error events
- Capture rejections of promises
- Class: `EventEmitter`
  - Event: `'newListener'`
  - Event: `'removeListener'`
  - `emitter.addListener(eventName, listener)`
  - `emitter.emit(eventName[, ...args])`
  - `emitter.eventNames()`
  - `emitter.getMaxListeners()`
  - `emitter.listenerCount(eventName)`
  - `emitter.listeners(eventName)`
  - `emitter.off(eventName, listener)`
  - `emitter.on(eventName, listener)`

URL -

<https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v16.x/docs/api/events.html>

## HTTP

This is a web server that listens to 8080 port. Everytime a request is received on this port, the HTTP class raises an event.

Event: New Request



Our job here is to respond to the event, which basically involves reading that request and returning the right response.

JS app.js

JS read-file.js

JS logger.js 1

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

```
1  const EventEmitter = require("events");
2  const emitter = new EventEmitter();
3
4  emitter.emit("messageLogged");
```

PROBLEMS

1

OUTPUT

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PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

PS C:\NodeJS>

JS app.js

X

JS read-file.js

JS logger.js 1

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

```
1  const EventEmitter = require("events");
2  const emitter = new EventEmitter();
3
4  // Register a listener
5  // emitter.addListener
6  emitter.on('messageLogged', function () {
7      console.log("Listener called");
8  })
9
10 // Raise an event
11 emitter.emit("messageLogged");
```

PROBLEMS

1

OUTPUT

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PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

Listener called

PS C:\NodeJS> █

# HTTP Module

Source Code: [lib/http.js](#)

To use the HTTP server and client one must `require('http')`.

The HTTP interfaces in Node.js are designed to support many features of the protocol which have been traditionally difficult to use. In particular, large, possibly chunk-encoded, messages. The interface is careful to never buffer entire requests or responses, so the user is able to stream data.

## ▼ Table of contents

### ▪ HTTP

#### ▪ Class: `http.Agent`

- `new Agent([options])`
- `agent.createConnection(options[, callback])`
- `agent.keepSocketAlive(socket)`
- `agent.reuseSocket(socket, request)`
- `agent.destroy()`
- `agent.freeSockets`
- `agent.getName([options])`
- `agent.maxFreeSockets`
- `agent.maxSockets`
- `agent.maxTotalSockets`
- `agent.requests`
- `agent.sockets`

#### ▪ Class: `http.ClientRequest`

- Event: `'abort'` **deprecated**
- Event: `'connect'`
- Event: `'continue'`

URL - <https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v16.x/docs/api/http.html>

```
JS app.js X JS read-file.js JS logger.js 1
NodeJS > JS app.js > ...
1  const http = require("http");
2
3  const server = http.createServer();
4
5  server.on('connection', function () {
6      console.log("New Connection");
7  })
8
9  server.listen(3000);
10
11 console.log("Listening to port 3000...");
```

```
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PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js
Listening to port 3000...
█
```

After heading over to <http://localhost:3000> on the browser:

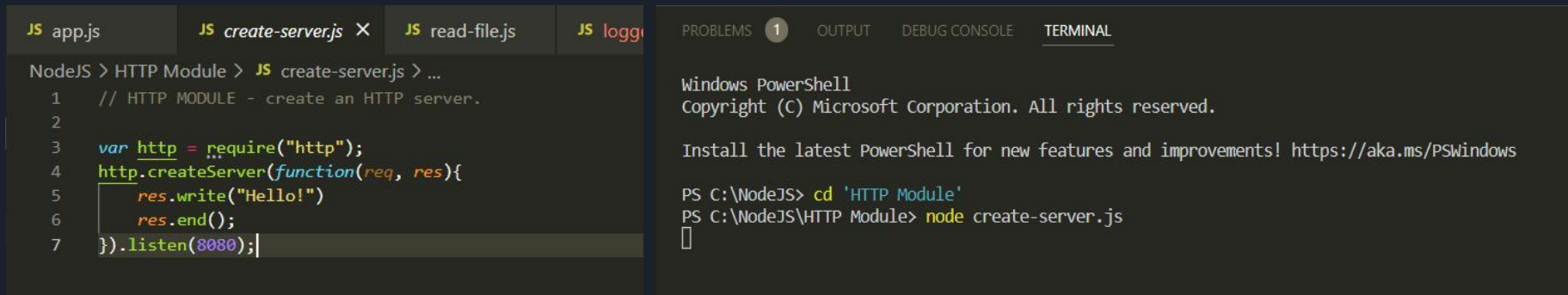
```
PROBLEMS 1 OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL
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PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js
Listening to port 3000...
New Connection
```



# Creating a Server



The image shows a Visual Studio Code editor window with a dark theme. The editor has four tabs: 'app.js', 'create-server.js' (active), 'read-file.js', and 'logger.js'. The 'create-server.js' tab contains the following JavaScript code:

```
NodeJS > HTTP Module > JS create-server.js > ...
1 // HTTP MODULE - create an HTTP server.
2
3 var http = require("http");
4 http.createServer(function(req, res){
5     res.write("Hello!");
6     res.end();
7 }).listen(8080);
```

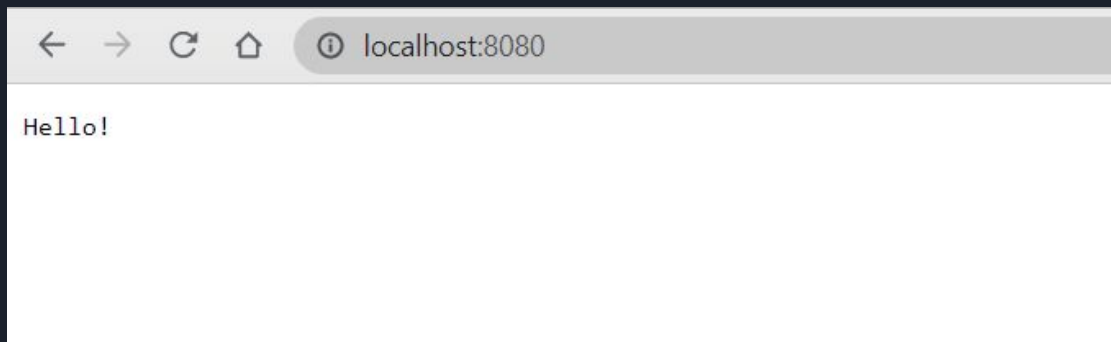
To the right of the editor is a terminal window. The terminal has tabs for 'PROBLEMS' (1 error), 'OUTPUT', 'DEBUG CONSOLE', and 'TERMINAL' (selected). The terminal output is as follows:

```
Windows PowerShell
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PS C:\NodeJS> cd 'HTTP Module'
PS C:\NodeJS\HTTP Module> node create-server.js
[]
```

After heading over to <http://localhost:8080> on the browser:



# Adding an HTTP header

JS app.js

JS http-header.js X

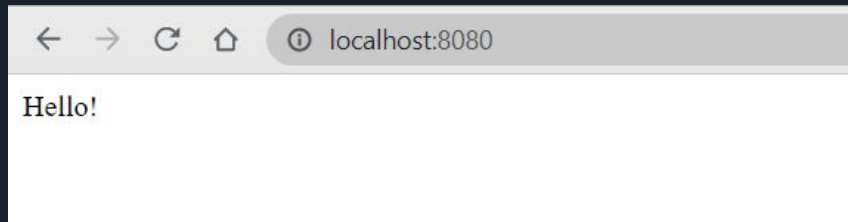
JS read-file.js

JS logger.js 1

NodeJS > HTTP Module > JS http-header.js > ...

```
1 // HTTP MODULE - add an HTTP header.
2
3 var http = require("http");
4 http.createServer(function(req, res){
5     res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'})
6     res.write("Hello!")
7     res.end();
8 }).listen(8080);
```

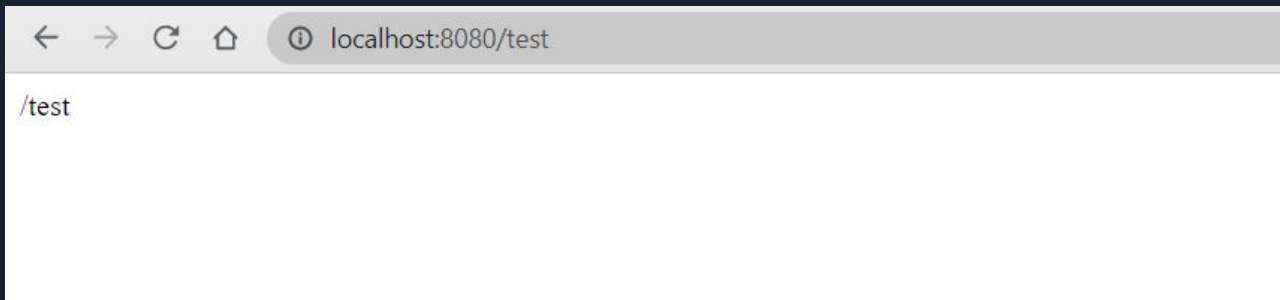
After heading over to <http://localhost:8080> on the browser:



# Reading query string

```
JS app.js JS http-header.js JS read-file.js JS logger.js 1 JS read-query-string.js X
NodeJS > HTTP Module > JS read-query-string.js > http.createServer() callback
1 // HTTP MODULE - Read the Query String.
2
3 var http = require("http");
4 http.createServer(function(req, res){
5     res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'})
6     res.write(res.url)
7     res.end();
8 }).listen(8080);
```

After heading over to <http://localhost:8080> on the browser:

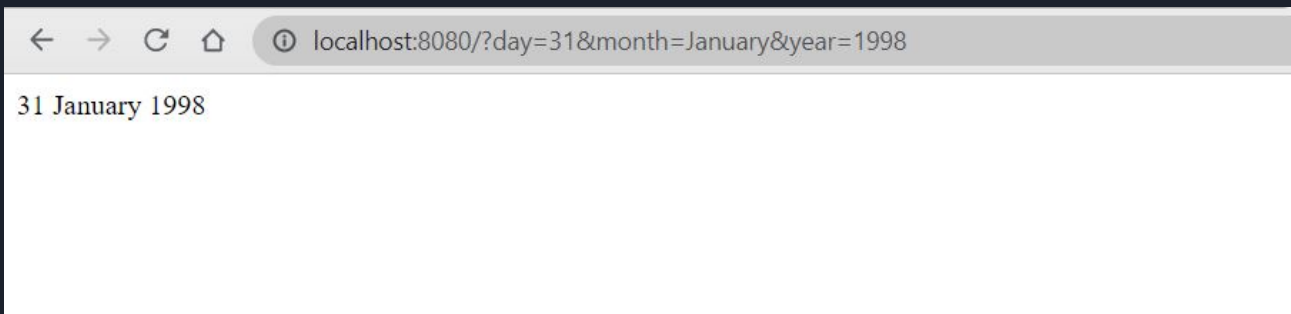


# Splitting the query string

```
JS app.js    JS http-header.js    JS read-file.js    JS logger.js 1    JS read-query-string.js    JS split-query-string.js X

NodeJS > HTTP Module > JS split-query-string.js > ...
1  // HTTP MODULE - Split the Query String.
2
3  var http = require("http");
4  var url = require("url");
5  http.createServer(function(req, res){
6      res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'})
7      var params = url.parse(req.url, true).query;
8      var txt = params.day + " " + params.month + " " + params.year;
9      res.end(txt)
10 }).listen(8080);
```

After heading over to <http://localhost:8080/?day=31&month=January&year=1998> on the browser:



# File System Module

Source Code: [lib/fs.js](#)

The `fs` module enables interacting with the file system in a way modeled on standard POSIX functions.

## ▼ Table of contents

### ▪ File system

- Promise example
- Callback example
- Synchronous example
- Promises API

#### ▪ Class: `FileHandle`

- Event: `'close'`
- `filehandle.appendFile(data[, options])`
- `filehandle.chmod(mode)`
- `filehandle.chown(uid, gid)`
- `filehandle.close()`
- `filehandle.createReadStream([options])`
- `filehandle.createWriteStream([options])`
- `filehandle.datasync()`
- `filehandle.fd`
- `filehandle.read(buffer, offset, length, position)`
- `filehandle.read([options])`
- `filehandle.readFile(options)`
- `filehandle.readv(buffers[, position])`
- `filehandle.stat([options])`

URL - <https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v16.x/docs/api/os.html>

EXPLORER

...

OPEN EDITORS 1 UNSAVED

JS app.js NodeJS 1

JS logger.js NodeJS 1

UNTITLED (WORKSPACE)

NodeJS

> .vscode

> File System Module

> HTTP Module

> NodeJS-Official Site

> URL Module

JS app.js 1

JS logger.js 1

JS parse-url.js

tbsecom

> .github

> wp-content

> mu-plugins

> plugins

> 124-davs-of-summer

JS app.js 1

JS logger.js 1

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

1 const fs = require("fs");

2

3 fs.

access

accessSync

appendFile

appendFileSync

chmod

chmodSync

chown

chownSync

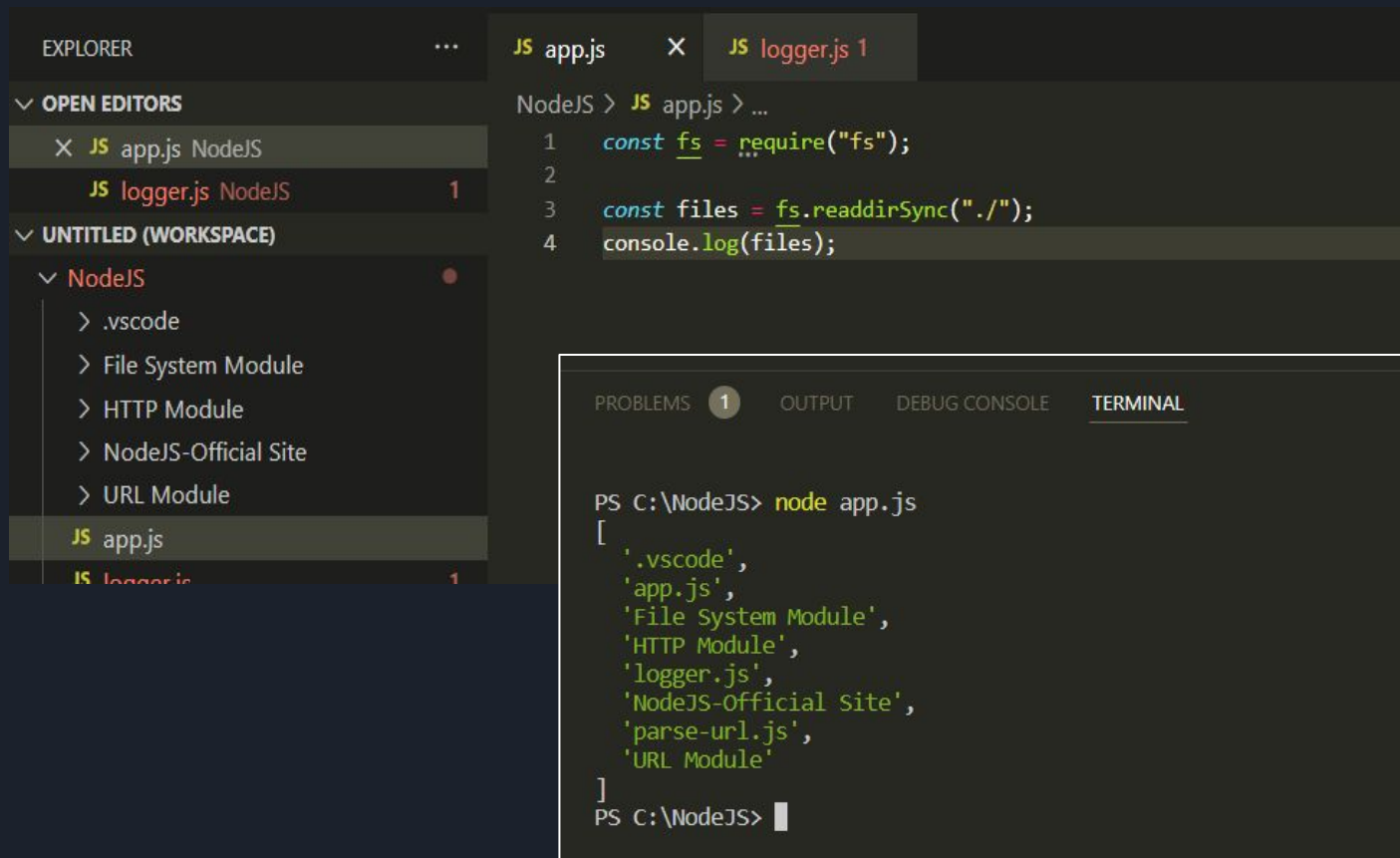
close

closeSync

{ } constants

copyFile

# Reading contents of a directory - sync



The image shows a VS Code interface with the Explorer sidebar on the left, the Editor in the center, and the Terminal at the bottom right. The Explorer sidebar shows the 'NodeJS' folder expanded, listing files like '.vscode', 'File System Module', 'HTTP Module', 'NodeJS-Official Site', 'URL Module', 'app.js', and 'logger.js'. The Editor shows two open files: 'app.js' and 'logger.js'. The 'logger.js' file is active, showing the following code:

```
NodeJS > JS app.js > ...  
1  const fs = require("fs");  
2  
3  const files = fs.readdirSync("./");  
4  console.log(files);
```

The Terminal at the bottom right shows the command `node app.js` being executed, resulting in the following output:

```
PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js  
[  
  '.vscode',  
  'app.js',  
  'File System Module',  
  'HTTP Module',  
  'logger.js',  
  'NodeJS-Official Site',  
  'parse-url.js',  
  'URL Module'  
]  
PS C:\NodeJS>
```



# Reading contents of a directory - async

JS app.js X

NodeJS > JS app.js > ...

```
1  const fs = require("fs");
2
3  // const files = fs.readdirSync("./");
4  // console.log(files);
5
6  fs.readdir("./", function (err, files) {
7    if (err) {
8      console.log('Error', err);
9    } else {
10     console.log('Result', files);
11    }
12  });
```

PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

Windows PowerShell

Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! <https://aka.ms/PSWindows>

PS C:\NodeJS> node app.js

Result [

```
'vscode',
'app.js',
'express-demo',
'File System Module',
'HTTP Module',
'logger.js',
'NodeJS-Official Site',
'parse-url.js',
'URL Module'
```

]

PS C:\NodeJS> █

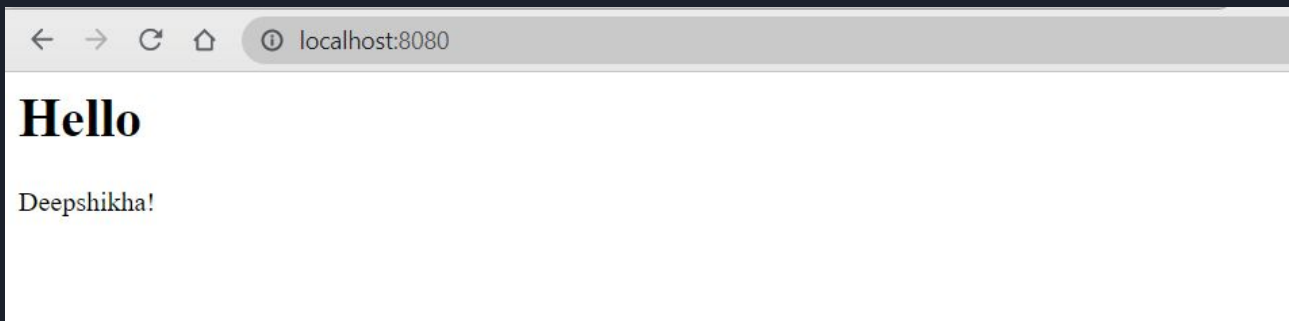
# Reading a file

```
JS app.js JS http-header.js JS read-file.js X test.html JS logger.js 1 JS read-query-string.js J
NodeJS > File System Module > JS read-file.js > ...
1 // FILE SYSTEM - Read contents of a file and display when someone tries to access the computer on port 8080.
2
3 var http = require("http");
4 var fs = require("fs");
5 http.createServer(function(req, res){
6   fs.readFile("test.html", function(err, data){
7     res.writeHead(200, {'Content-Type': 'text/html'});
8     res.write(data);
9     return res.end();
10  });
11 }).listen(8080);
```

test.html

```
NodeJS > File System Module > test.html >
1 <html>
2   <body>
3     <h1>Hello</h1>
4     <p>Deepshikha!</p>
5   </body>
6 </html>
```

After heading over to <http://localhost:8080> on the browser:



# Creating a file

NodeJS > File System Module > JS create-file.js > ...

```
1  /* The File System module has methods for creating new files:
2     - fs.appendFile()
3     - fs.open()
4     - fs.writeFile()
5  */
6
7  var fs = require('fs');
8
9  fs.appendFile('new_file_1.txt', 'Hello!', function(err){
10     if(err) throw err;
11     console.log('File is saved!');
12 });
13
14 // The fs.open() method takes a "flag" as the second argument, if the flag is "w" for "writing", the specified file is opened for writing.
15
16 fs.open('new_file_2.txt', 'w', function(err, file){
17     if(err) throw err;
18     console.log('Saved!');
19 });
20
21 fs.writeFile('new_file_3.txt', 'Hello content!', function(err){
22     if(err) throw err;
23     console.log('Saved!');
24 });
```

# Updating a file

NodeJS > File System Module > JS update-file.js > ...

```
1  /*
2  The File System module has methods for updating files:
3  |   - fs.appendFile(): appends content at the end of specified file.
4  |   - fs.writeFile(): replaces the content in the specified file.
5  */
6
7  var fs = require("fs");
8
9  fs.appendFile('new_file_1.txt', " This is the appended text using 'appendFile' method in 'fs' method.", function (err) {
10 |   if (err) throw err;
11 |   console.log('Updated but appended!');
12 | });
13
14  fs.writeFile('new_file_2.txt', "This is the replaced text using 'writeFile' method in 'fs' method.", function (err) {
15 |   if (err) throw err;
16 |   console.log('Updated but replaced!');
17 | });
```

# Rename a file

NodeJS > File System Module > JS rename-file.js > ...

```
1  // To rename a file with the File System module, use the fs.rename() method.
2
3  var fs = require("fs");
4
5  fs.rename('new_file_1.txt', 'new-file-1.txt', function(err){
6      if(err) throw err;
7      console.log("File Renamed!");
8  });
```

# Deleting a file

NodeJS > File System Module > JS delete-file.js > ...

```
1  // To delete a file with the File System module, use the fs.unlink() method.
2
3  var fs = require("fs");
4
5  fs.unlink("new_file_3.txt", function(err){
6      if(err) throw err;
7      console.log("File is deleted");
8  });
```



## Other common modules

- URL
- Events
- Nodemailer Module
- MySQL
- MongoDB



# Node.js NPM

- NPM is a package manager for Node.js packages, or modules if you like.
- [www.npmjs.com](http://www.npmjs.com) hosts thousands of free packages to download and use.
- The NPM program is installed on your computer when you install Node.js

## Download a Package -

Open the command line interface and tell NPM to download the package you want.

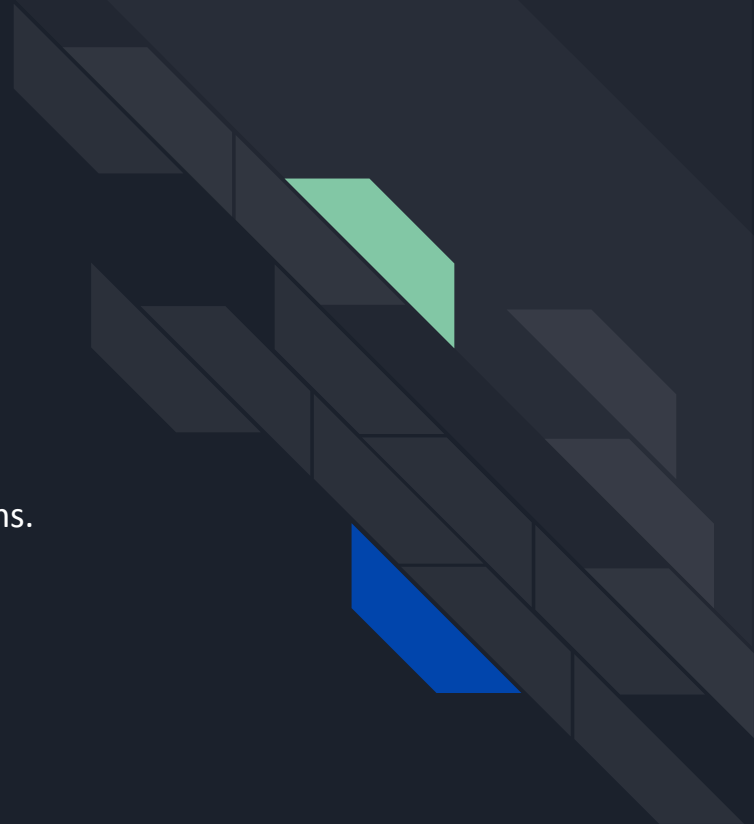
Download "upper-case":

```
C:\Users\Your Name>npm install upper-case
```

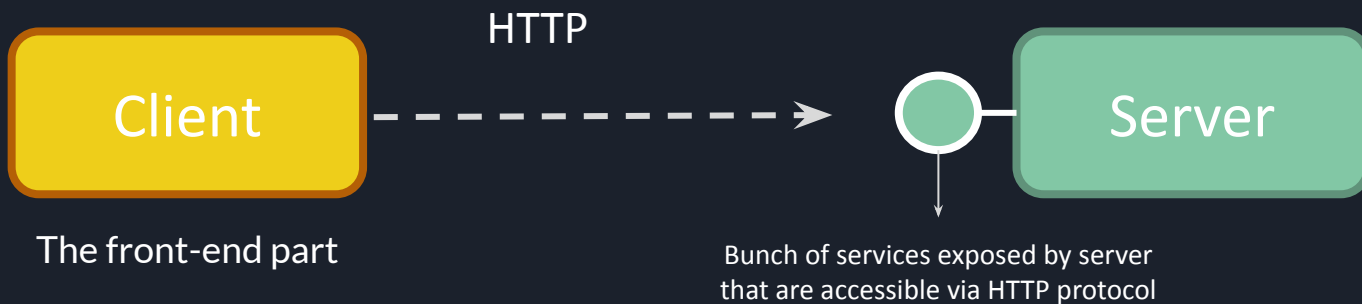


# Express

This is a fast and lightweight framework for building web applications.



# Web Applications



- The communication between client and server happens using the HTTP protocol.
- The client can directly call these services by sending HTTP requests.



# CRUD Operations

Create

Read

Update

Delete



Server



http://spotify.com/api/customers

The address can start from http or https. If you want to use a secure channel then use https.

Domain of the application

This is not compulsory, but this convention is usually followed to expose the restful services.

This refers to the collection of customers. In REST world, this part is called a **resource**.



# HTTP METHODS

**GET**

→ For getting data

**POST**

→ For creating data

**PUT**

→ For updating data

**DELETE**

→ For deleting data

# GET CUSTOMERS

Request

GET /api/customers

Indicates a list of customers

Response

```
[  
  { id: 1, name: 'abc' },  
  { id: 2, name: 'def' },  
  ..  
]
```

## GET A CUSTOMER

Request

GET /api/customers/1

Response

{ id: 1, name: 'abc' }

## CREATE A CUSTOMER

Request

POST /api/customers

{ name: 'abc' }

Response

{ id: 1, name: 'abc' }



## UPDATE A CUSTOMER

Request

PUT /api/customers/1

{ name: 'abc1' }

Response

{ id: 1, name: 'abc1' }

## DELETE A CUSTOMER

Request

DELETE /api/customers/1

Response

GET /api/customers

GET /api/customers/1

POST /api/customers

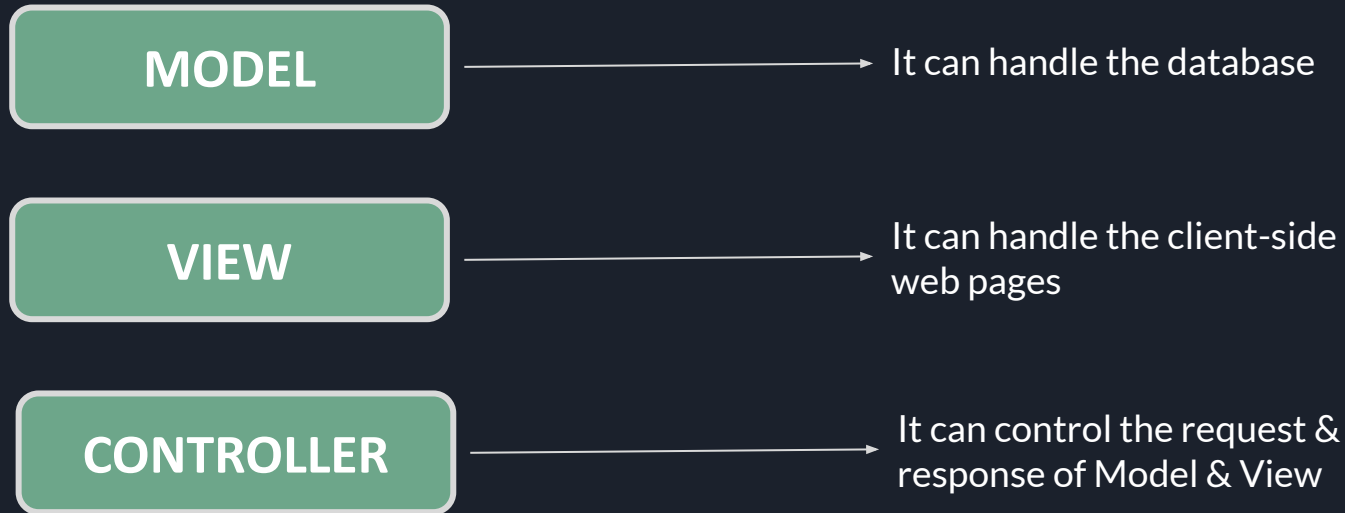
PUT /api/customers/1

DELETE /api/customers/1

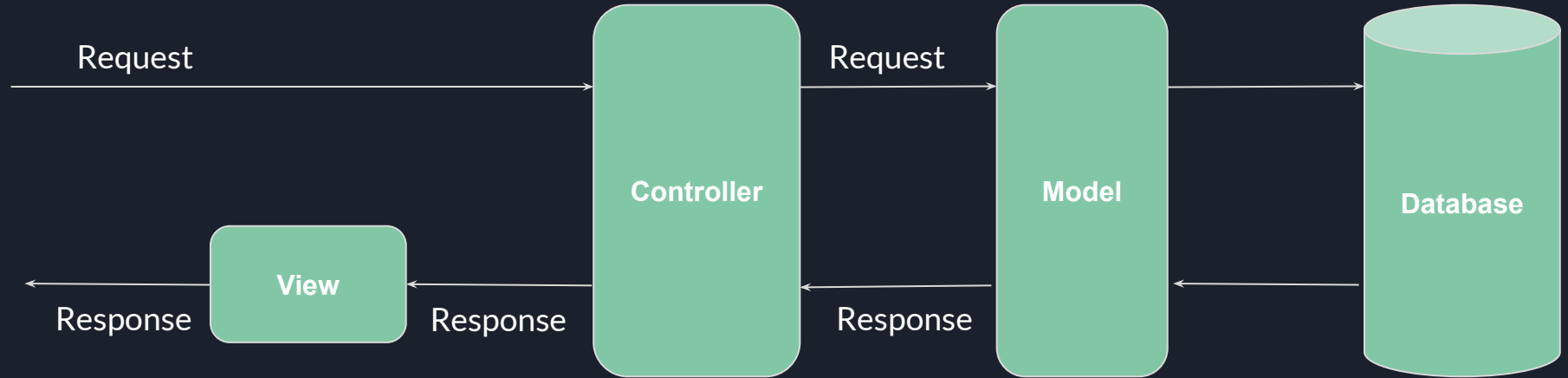
# MVC STRUCTURE



MVC is the most popular & useful structure for web application and it describes as -



# STRUCTURE



# How to Install Express Application?

## 1. Install Express Generator

First of all, open the command terminator and go to `myproject` folder directory using the command –

```
D:\> cd myproject
```

After that, Install the Express generator using the following command line

```
D:\myproject> npm install -g express-generator
```

## 2. Install Express Application

Run the following command to install the express application.

```
npx express --view=ejs nodeapp
```

```
PS C:\NodeJS\express-demo> npx express --view=ejs nodeapp
```

```
create : nodeapp\  
create : nodeapp\public\  
create : nodeapp\public\javascripts\  
create : nodeapp\public\images\  
create : nodeapp\public\stylesheets\  
create : nodeapp\public\stylesheets\style.css  
create : nodeapp\routes\  
create : nodeapp\routes\index.js  
create : nodeapp\routes\users.js  
create : nodeapp\views\  
create : nodeapp\views\error.ejs
```

run the app:

```
> SET DEBUG=nodeapp:* & npm start
```

### 3. Install Dependencies

Go to the created root folder `myapp` by running the following command

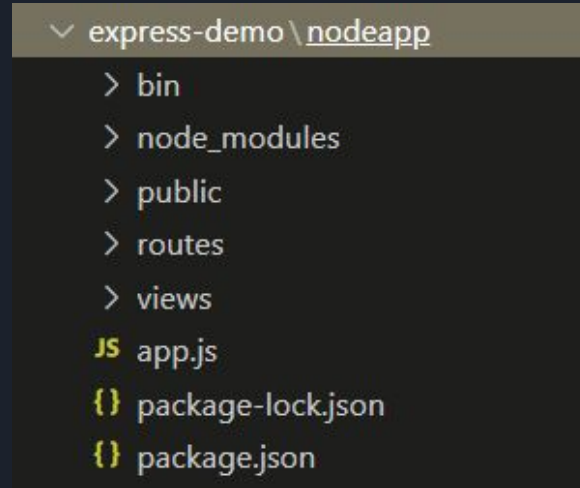
```
PS D:\myproject>cd nodeapp
```

Install dependencies using the following command

```
PS D:\myproject>nodeapp >npm install
```




# Basic folder structure of Express



The default basic structure only has the view folders, so we have to create Controllers and models folder into it.

# Folder Structure after adding controllers and models



```

▼ express-demo\nodeapp
  > bin
  ▼ controllers
    JS crud-controller.js
  ▼ models
    JS crud-models.js
  > node_modules
  > public
  ▼ routes
    JS crud-route.js
    JS index.js
    JS users.js
  ▼ views
    <> crud-operation.ejs
    <> error.ejs
    <> index.ejs
  JS app.js
  {} package-lock.json
  {} package.json

```

# Express - Model

- You can write the functionality & logics related to the database like insert, fetch, update, delete queries.
- It also takes the query request from the controller & sends the response back to the controller.

```
JS app.js JS crud-controller.js JS crud-models.js • JS crud-route.js <> crud-operation.ejs JS cre
NodeJS > express-demo > nodeapp > models > JS crud-models.js > [?] <unknown>
1  module.exports={
2      createCrud: function() {
3          data = "Form data was inserted";
4          return data;
5      },
6      fetchCrud: function() {
7          data = "data was fetched";
8          return data;
9      },
10     editCrud: function(editData) {
11         data = "Data is edited by id: "+editData;
12         return data;
13     },
14     updateCrud: function(updateId) {
15         data = "Data was updated by id: "+updateId;
16         return data;
17     },
18     deleteCrud: function(deleteId) {
19         data = "Data was deleted by id: "+deleteId;
20         return data;
21     }
22 }
```

# Express - View

- You can write HTML code for displaying a web page on the web browser.
- You can also send the data from the controller to view for displaying data dynamically.

```
NodeJS > express-demo > nodeapp > views > crud-operation.ejs > html
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html>
3   <head>
4     <title>CRUD Operation</title>
5     <link rel='stylesheet' href='/stylesheets/style.css' />
6     <style>
7       table, td, th {
8         border: 1px solid #ddd;
9         text-align: left;}
10    table {
11      border-collapse: collapse;
12      width: 50%;}
13    .table-data{
14      position: relative;
15      left:150px;
16      top:100px;}
17    th, td {
18      padding: 15px;}
19  </style>
20 </head>
```

```
21 <body>
22   <% if(typeof editData!='undefined'){ %>
23     <h1><%= editData %></h1>
24     <form method="POST" action="/crud/edit/<%=editId %>">
25       <input type="submit" value="Update Data">
26     </form>
27   <% } else{ %>
28     <h1>Crud Operation</h1>
29     <h3>This is View Page</h3>
30     <h4>Create Data</h4>
31     <form method="POST" action="/crud/create">
32       <input type="submit" value="Create Data">
33     </form>
34   <% } %>
35   <br><br> <br><br>
36   <table border="1" >
37     <tr>
38       <th><a href="/crud/form">Crud Form</a></th>
39       <th><a href="/crud/fetch">Fetch Data</a></th>
40       <th><a href="/crud/edit/5">Edit Data</a></th>
41       <th><a href="/crud/delete/5">Delete Data</a></th>
42     </tr>
43     </table>
44   </body>
45 </html>
```

# Express - Controller

- You can write the functionality & logic to develop dynamic web applications.
- It can also take the data request from the views & send it to the model and send the response back to the views.

```
JS app.js NodeJS JS crud-controller.js JS crud-models.js JS crud-route.js JS app.js ...nodeapp <> crud-operation.ejs JS http-header.js
NodeJS > express-demo > nodeapp > controllers > JS crud-controller.js > [⌘] <unknown>
1  var crudModel = require('../models/crud-models');
2  module.exports = [{
3    crudForm:function(req, res) {
4      res.render('crud-operation');
5    },
6    createCrud:function(req,res){
7      const createData = crudModel.createCrud();
8      res.send('<h1>'+createData+'</h1>');
9    },
10   fetchCrud:function(req,res){
11     const fetchData = crudModel.fetchCrud();
12     res.send('<h1>'+fetchData+'</h1>');
13   },
14   editCrud:function(req,res){
15     const editId = req.params.id;
16     const editData = crudModel.editCrud(editId);
17     res.render('crud-operation',{editData:editData,editId:editId});
18   },
19   UpdateCrud:function(req,res){
20     const updateId = req.params.id;
21     const updateData = crudModel.UpdateCrud(updateId);
22     res.send('<h1>'+updateData+'</h1>');
23   },
24   deleteCrud:function(req,res){
25     const deleteId = req.params.id;
26     const deleteData = crudModel.deleteCrud(deleteId);
27     res.send('<h1>'+deleteData+'</h1>');
28   }
29 ]
```

# Express – Route

In the route folder, you can create a custom route/link to execute the dynamic web pages.

```
NodeJS > express-demo > nodeapp > routes > JS crud-route.js > ...
1  var express = require('express');
2  var crudController=require('../controllers/crud-controller');
3  var router = express.Router();
4
5  // curd form route
6  router.get('/form', crudController.crudForm );
7
8  // create data route
9  router.post('/create', crudController.createCrud);
10
11 // display data route
12 router.get('/fetch', crudController.fetchCrud);
13
14 // edit data route
15 router.get('/edit/:id', crudController.editCrud);
16
17 // update data route
18 router.post('/edit/:id', crudController.UpdateCrud);
19
20 // delete data route
21 router.get('/delete/:id', crudController.deleteCrud);
22
23 module.exports = router;
```

# Crud Operation

This is View Page

Create Data

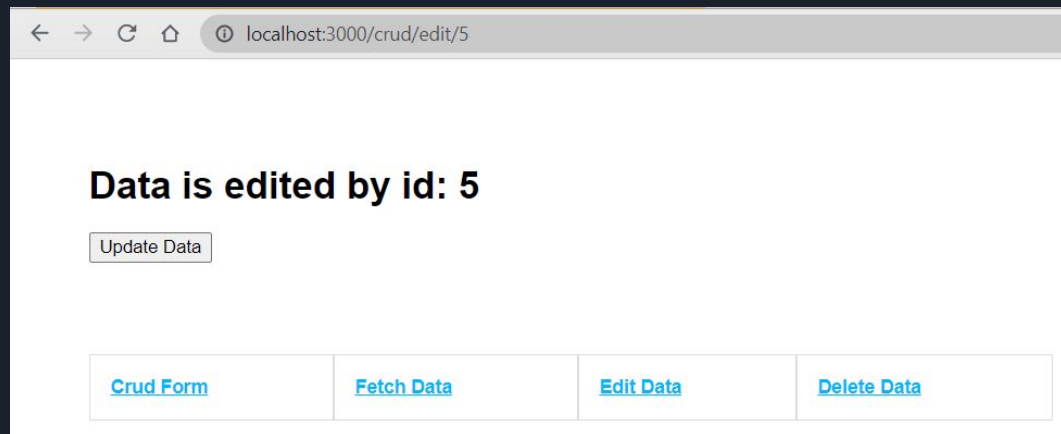
Create Data

[Crud Form](#)

[Fetch Data](#)

[Edit Data](#)

[Delete Data](#)





**THANK YOU.**

