

🔍 Low-Level Design (LLD) – Student Performance Tracker

Difficulty Level: Easy | **Total Marks:** 20

Standards Followed: 4 Functions | 4 Visible Test Cases

☐ Summary of Corrections (Based on SME Feedback)

- ☐ Used Pandas functions for groupby and filtering
 - ☐ Each function structured to run independently
 - ☐ Output types match test expectation
 - ☐ Included validation for scores
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☐ Concepts Tested

- ☐ CSV Loading using Pandas
 - ☐ Conditional Filtering
 - ☐ Aggregation and Grouping
 - ☐ Mean and Sorting Functions
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☐ Problem Statement

You are given a CSV file that records student marks across different subjects.
Your task is to analyze academic performance using Pandas.

☐ Operations

☐ 1. Load Student Data

- ☐ Loads the CSV file into a DataFrame.

☐ Function Prototype:

```
def load_student_data(file_path: str) -> pd.DataFrame:
```

- ☐ Input: "marks.csv"
- ☐ Output: DataFrame

☐ Implementation Flow:

- Use `pd.read_csv()` to read the CSV
 - Return the full DataFrame
-

☐ **2. Get Top Scorers**

- ☐ Return students with scores above 90 in any subject.

☐ Function Prototype:

```
def get_top_scorers(df: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
```

☐ Input: DataFrame

- ☐ Output: DataFrame filtered with at least one score > 90

☐ Implementation Flow:

- Check for each row if any subject score > 90
 - Return filtered DataFrame
-

☐ **3. Average Score per Subject**

- ☐ Calculate average marks for each subject.

☐ Function Prototype:

```
def average_scores(df: pd.DataFrame) -> dict:
```

☐ Input: DataFrame

- ☐ Output: Dictionary – {subject: average_score, ...}

☐ Implementation Flow:

- Use `df.mean()` on subject columns
 - Convert to dictionary and return
-

☐ **4. Top N Students by Total Score**

- ☐ Return top 3 students based on total marks.

☐ Function Prototype:

```
def top_students(df: pd.DataFrame) -> list:
```

- ❑ **Input:** DataFrame
- ❑ **Output:** List of tuples – [(student_name, total_score), ...]
- ❑ **Implementation Flow:**
 - Sum subject scores row-wise
 - Sort and get top 3
 - Return name and score in tuple

❑ Implementation Hints

```
# ❑ Implementation Hints for Student Performance Tracker
import pandas as pd

class StudentPerformanceTracker:

    def load_student_data(self, file_path: str) -> pd.DataFrame:
        pass # TODO

    def get_top_scorers(self, df: pd.DataFrame) -> pd.DataFrame:
        pass # TODO

    def average_scores(self, df: pd.DataFrame) -> dict:
        pass # TODO

    def top_students(self, df: pd.DataFrame) -> list:
        pass # TODO
```

❑ Test Cases & Marks Allocation

Test Case ID	Description	Associated Function	Marks
TC1	Load CSV correctly	load_student_data()	❑ 5
TC2	Get high-performing students	get_top_scorers()	❑ 5
TC3	Calculate subject-wise averages	average_scores()	❑ 5
TC4	List top 3 students by total score	top_students()	❑ 5
Total Marks		–	❑ 20

❑ Visible Test Cases

❑ TC1: Load Student CSV

python

Input: "marks.csv"

Expected Output: DataFrame with 5 columns and 10+ rows

☐ **TC2: Top Scorers Filter**

get_top_scorers(df)

Expected Output: Students with any subject > 90

☐ **TC3: Subject Averages**

average_scores(df)

Expected Output: {'Math': 78.5, 'Science': 82.2, 'English': 80.1}

☐ **TC4: Top 3 by Total Marks**

top_students(df)

Expected Output: [("Alice", 287), ("John", 275), ("Sara", 270)]