

❓ PySpark-Based Low-Level Design (LLD): Temperature Converter System

❑ **Difficulty Level: Easy | Total Marks: 10**

Standards Followed: 4 Functions | 3 Visible Test Cases | 2 Hidden Test Cases

❑ Concepts Tested

- ❑ Loading lists into Spark DataFrames
 - ❑ Column transformation using expressions
 - ❑ Aggregation functions (e.g. `avg`)
 - ❑ Conditional logic with `when / otherwise`
 - ❑ Class-based method organization
-

❑ Problem Statement

Design a PySpark-based system to manage Celsius temperatures, supporting operations like:

- Loading a list of temperatures
 - Converting to Fahrenheit
 - Calculating average temperature
 - Categorizing as "Cold", "Moderate", or "Hot"
-

❑ Operations

1. Load Temperatures

Function Prototype:

```
def load_temperatures(self, temp_list: list) -> DataFrame:
```

- ❑ Input: List of float/int values (e.g., `[10, 20, 30]`)

- ☐ Output: Spark DataFrame with column `celsius`
-

2. Convert to Fahrenheit

Function Prototype:

```
def convert_to_fahrenheit(self, df: DataFrame) -> DataFrame:
```

- ☐ Input: DataFrame with `celsius`
 - ☐ Output: DataFrame with new column `fahrenheit`
-

3. Calculate Average Temperature

Function Prototype:

```
def calculate_average(self, df: DataFrame) -> float:
```

- ☐ Input: DataFrame with `celsius`
 - ☐ Output: Float value (average of column)
-

4. Categorize Temperatures

Function Prototype:

```
def categorize_temperatures(self, df: DataFrame) -> DataFrame:
```

- ☐ Input: DataFrame with `celsius`
 - ☐ Output: DataFrame with column `category` (values: "Cold", "Moderate", "Hot")
-

☐ Implementation Code (`solution.py`)

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession, DataFrame
from pyspark.sql.functions import col, when, round, avg
```

```

class TemperatureConverter:
    def __init__(self, spark: SparkSession):
        self.spark = spark

    def load_temperatures(self, temp_list: list) -> DataFrame:
        """
        Convert a list of numbers into a DataFrame with column 'celsius'.
        Hint: Use self.spark.createDataFrame(...)
        """
        pass # TODO

    def convert_to_fahrenheit(self, df: DataFrame) -> DataFrame:
        """
        Add a 'fahrenheit' column using formula (celsius * 9/5) + 32.
        Hint: Use withColumn and round()
        """
        pass # TODO

    def calculate_average(self, df: DataFrame) -> float:
        """
        Compute average of celsius column.
        Hint: Use df.agg(...) and .first()[0]
        """
        pass # TODO

    def categorize_temperatures(self, df: DataFrame) -> DataFrame:
        """
        Add a column 'category' based on value of celsius.
        Hint: Use when().otherwise() for categorization
        """
        pass # TODO

```

☐ Test Case Table

Test Case ID	Description	Function(s)	Marks
TC1	Load temperatures	load_temperatures()	2
TC2	Convert to Fahrenheit	convert_to_fahrenheit()	2
TC3	Calculate average	calculate_average()	2
HTC1	Categorize edge values	categorize_temperatures()	2
HTC2	Handle only cold temperatures	load_temperatures() + categorize_temperatures()	2
Total			10

☐ Visible Test Case Examples

□ TC1 – Load Temperatures

Input:

```
df = converter.load_temperatures([10, 20, 30])
df.show()
```

Output:

```
diff
```

```
+-----+
|celsius|
+-----+
|   10.0|
|   20.0|
|   30.0|
+-----+
```

□ TC2 – Convert to Fahrenheit

Input:

```
df = converter.convert_to_fahrenheit(df)
df.show()
```

Output:

```
diff
```

```
+-----+-----+
|celsius|fahrenheit|
+-----+-----+
|   10.0|        50.0|
|   20.0|        68.0|
|   30.0|        86.0|
+-----+-----+
```

□ TC3 – Average

Input:

```
converter.calculate_average(df)
```

Output:

20.0