# GC02 Team 7 Project Report MINAP Mobile Application

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# 1 Background

## 1.1 MINAP/NICOR

The Myocardial Ischaemia National Audit Project (MINAP) investigates the management of heart attacks. Participating hospitals and ambulance services are provided with a record of their quality of management. These records are then compared to national and international clinical standards. The National Institute of Cardiovascular Outcomes Research (NICOR) is a partnership of clinicians, IT experts, analysts, academics and managers. Its mission is to "provide information to improve heart disease patients' quality of care and outcomes". Using different audits, MINAP being one of them, NICOR aims to provide the NHS, government and regulatory bodies real world data to be used in patient care <sup>12</sup>.

## 1.2 Web Application

Participating hospitals are requested to enter all patients with suspected heart attack into MINAP's central database system. Data are collected by nurses and other clinical audit staff and entered in a dedicated web application. This web application collects all patient data, from demographics to diagnosis and release information. As it stands, the web application contains a 130 field dataset that is updated every two years (latest revision, June 2013); it is currently only available to the web browser Internet Explorer versions 9 or below. The data is then validated against a set of rules which include, but are not limited to, value range checks, date range checks, data type checks and encryption rules. Once completed, records are stored on MINAP's Domino server<sup>3</sup>.

### 1.3 Client

The project's primary point of contact is Lucia Gavalova, Project Manager for the MINAP project, who we will refer to as the 'client' throughout this document (unless stated otherwise). Sue Manuel, MINAP's web app developer has also been a key stakeholder throughout the course of this project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>MINAP Reports

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>NICOR Website

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>IBM Domino is used for enterprise collaboration, and is used primarily for its Lotus Notes capabilities in this instance

# 2 Requirements

The following requirements have been formulated from a series of client meetings and e-mail communication, available in brief under Client Communication.

### 2.1 Overview

Patient data record creation is currently restricted to when the nurses and other clinical audit staff are sitting in front of a computer. This would often be quite some time after a patient has been identified as being eligible for being entered into the MINAP dataset. A reduced-function mobile solution of the current web app was proposed by our client as a means of starting a patient record in MINAP's data set, allowing for prospective data collection. Completion of the record is expected to be done later on using the web app (using a full sized keyboard and screen).

### 2.2 Use Cases

The system's use case we are concerned with for our app can be modelled by the following table. Although the user-facing view of the system is fairly simple, most of the application logic lies in the interdependency and validation checks of the values entered by the user.

A nurse or clinical audit staff wants to create a record
She first needs to login to the server with her credentials
She then selects an option to create a new record
She then is brought to a page to enter in her initial diagnosis
If she doesn't understand a field, she can click on a button for help
She then enters the patient details into a data input field
If the data entered is invalid, a pop-up will appear,
prompting her for correction
She can then navigate through each page using 'next' buttons,
or through a navigation map
Throughout this process, she will save the data to the server by
clicking a save button
Once complete, she logs out of the system

### 2.3 Functional Requirements

### 2.3.1 User Authentication and Security

As with the web application, the user must login to the central server prior to using the mobile app for data input. For security purposes, the user authentication details should not be held on the device beyond the initial authentication phase (or instead, use tokens), and all sensitive data retrieved from the server and created on the device should be destroyed at the end of a user session.

#### 2.3.2 Data Collection

In order to create a patient record, the app needs to provide the user with forms for data entry. Depending on the data fields, certain format restrictions are imposed, for example: date and time related fields are in the dd/mm/yy hh:mm format; combo boxes; and numeric only data fields. Data fields should be divided into sections (pages) based on the current web app structure for familiarity. Data entered in by the user should be stored locally for the duration of the session, and ideally sent to a server once validated<sup>4</sup>.

#### 2.3.3 Data Validation

Validation currently occurs on the web app automatically at the point of exiting a data input object, page, or on saving. All 130 fields within the dataset must pass at least one validation rule. Certain fields will then either trigger additional validation rules involving other fields, default values to other fields, and/or open new sections of data collection to be filled out. Our app should follow this behaviour (with a subset of data) to ensure data integrity.

#### 2.3.4 Data Submission

Once all mandatory data is entered and all validations rules have been passed, the user will be able to store the local record to a SQLite database. Due to time constraints, the team was unable to test calls to a web service of our own design as agreed with the client (20/11/13 Meeting). However, the SQLite database should prove to be flexible if used in future implementations as it is self-contained and follows the dataset's specifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>See Data Submission

### 2.3.5 Mobile Usability

Since the app will be running on smart phones (our target platform), factors such as the screen size, touch navigation, and use of an on-screen keyboard have to be taken into account during the user interface design phase. Certain features in the current web app (e.g. navigation and data submission) are not intuitive and need to be rethought for mobile use, but should still retain the familiarity of the existing interface.

# 2.4 Architectural Requirements

The core purpose of our mobile application is to provide proof of concept for a solution what would offer a starting point for record creation. To that end, we came to a mutual agreement with the client that the original dataset be reduced from 130 fields. In exchange for reducing the volume of data, certain architectural requirements were requested so as to create a framework for future work to build upon (e.g. porting the application to other platforms).

#### 2.4.1 Web Services

Although we have reached an agreement that we will not actually need to touch the live Domino Server, there are certain functions that our application will have to implement to ensure future compatibility with MINAP's technology stack (IBM Lotus Notes on Domino Server 8.5.3). Processes such as how data will be retrieved from the server and authentication processes should be modelled into the system as stubs that can be easily implemented at a later stage in the development of the app. Further research into the topic of communication with the server from other services was also deemed useful, since the client was unable to give a clear answer as to how this could be done.

# 3 Target Mobile Platform

### THIS SECTION IS TO BE REWRITTEN

Our client has been unsure about the preferred target platform of the audience of our mobile app. To help better inform this decision, we have designed a user device survey which the client has agreed to running over the period of a few months, with a suggested completion date within 3 weeks of rolling out. The primary purpose of pushing out this survey is to better inform decisions of what secondary platforms should be supported to increase mobile app uptake by hospital staff. Despite this, due to the short time-frame imposed on us by GC01, we have mutually agreed to target Android mobile phones as the primary platform. More details regarding the device survey can be found in the Appendix.

THIS SECTION IS TO BE REWRITTEN

# 4 User Interface

As part of ensuring our understanding of the requirements were in line with the client's expectations, we sketched out a preliminary user interface (UI) and presented our ideas to our client. The order in which each page was presented is indicated by red arrows. A summary of the key points relating to UI during our conversation are included below.

### 4.1 Initial User Interface Feedback

Client response:

- happy with proposal of similar design to web app
- current (web app) record search criteria is non-specifiable (simple text match); this behaviour is sufficient for the mobile app
- request for an application tutorial for "non-techie" users
- navigation menu: a simplified version of the map could be used for mobile
- an 'auto-save' feature would be useful ("like Microsoft Word") in case of battery loss, device breakage, or more pressing matters to attend to (i.e. emergency)

### 4.1.1 Commentary and Response

We have accepted the feedback from the client as being in line with our initial requirements. However, the request for an auto-save feature in the app would violate the privacy requirements of having volatile local data. A way to mitigate this would be to save the record to a 'draft' database when auto-saving (i.e. "sub-mitting" a record without performing validation-on-send), but is a low-priority feature at this point.

#### 4.1.2 UI Tweaking

After taking these comments on board, we have more formally modelled the user's flow of use through the app, mapping each UI element to Java's graphical implementation classes. It is worth noting that the UI is still in its initial stages, pending further adaptation for mobile use.

# 5 Software Design

### 5.1 Systems Design

### 5.2 Designing for Android

### 5.3 Data Model & Validation

In order to capture the functional requirements previously explained, three major steps were to be completed for the inner workings of the mobile application.

### 5.3.1 Designing the patient singleton

The Patient class would, in essence, capture the entirety of the dataset for this project. For security reasons, the team agreed with the client (5/12/13 Meeting) that the application should not hold more than one record per session. As such, the patient class was deemed fit to be designed as a Singleton. A call to a Patient object will return either an existent instance of the class or create one if such instance does not exist. Furthermore, the clone method of the Patient class has been overridden to throw a CloneNotSupported exception in order prevent stray clones from being created. All fields from the dataset are then declared as part of the patient class.

### 5.3.2 Designing and implementing field classes and the Value superclass

As previously mentioned, all fields must pass at least one validation rule before entering long term storage, either to the local database or MINAP's server. Although some fields shared similar validation rules, such as date fields needing a certain display format, the usage of a super class was minimized due to the volatility of the dataset itself. Due to this, our superclass, Value, only encapsulates variables that the team decided may not change as frequently as others; namely the field number within the dataset and the description of said field. These two values are used as tooltips on both the existing web application as well as our GUI. All field classes have been designed to be independent of each other.

Each class contains its own data validation rules. The MINAP dataset and sanity checks files provided by the client proved essential in deciding what data types to use for each field. Length check validations were handled by declaring a private short variable that would hold said length value. Date and time check validations were slightly trickier as they required the use of Date methods as well as

importing the SimpleDateFormat library to better implement comparisons. Alphanumeric checks would need to be compared against regular expressions.

The getter methods would take an appropriate typed value as a parameter and return boolean true if said parameter passed the field's validation rules. An if statement was the most appropriate structure to check a parameter's value. Strings would need to clear regular expressions; Dates, Integers and Doubles have ranges they must fall within; to capture the drop down list or radio button behavior seen in the web application, classes with switch statements were implemented that both checked the selection for validity and set the fields "Long Code" variable to the appropriate value.

Setter methods, for reasons that will become clearer in the next session, would return the data necessary as a String in the needed display format.

#### 5.3.3 Designing and implementing the DB

The SQLite database used in this project uses no third party libraries. It was clear that the less dependencies present in our code, the easier it may be to fully implement the dataset and network capabilities further down the road. As this approach was chosen, the implementation of the database was more time consuming than expected. The final result, however, was well worth it.

The database itself consists of only one table, one record long. The DBAdapter class starts by declaring the field names to be used, each logical "page" declaration finished by declaring an array of strings that can hold all column names to a particular page. The concatenateArrays method can then declare a larger array that will hold all columns that were previously declared, this method can and indeed is, then be used when a SELECT \* statement needs to be used on the database. The database is then created by assigning it a name and a tag that will be used when updating the schema. After assigning the table a name, a String is declared that holds the SQL statement to create the database.

All of the database logic is held from the declaration of the DatabaseHelper class down. Methods to open and close the database are followed by methods that insert information to a set page, updating information in said pages. Special attention must be given to the insertPatient method as it represents the Patient Info page on the UI and is the only way to actually insert one more record onto the database. The DBAdapter class ends with the implementation of a method that will, due to the restriction of one record per session, destroy all data; and a method that will select all data from the record.

The columns on our patient table have all been set to be Text. This decision facilitates writing from the field classes getter methods without having to worry about server format compatibility. This decision, as well as the decision to only hold one record, can be easily expanded and corrected if necessary.

# 6 Application Limitations

While this application does fulfil our client's requests, it is far from a finished product that could be implemented in the workplace. In order to provide a complete solution, our application would need to implement all missing fields from the dataset. These fields would then need to be reflected on the UI. However, the most obvious limitation of our solution is, without a doubt, the lack of network connectivity.

Our main priority during the second half of this project was to produce something tangible. To have something that our client could hold in her hands and, not to put it lightly, play with. To that end, and with her consent, networking research was put on the back burner in favour of delivering a functioning application.

Still the need for a further study onto the networking technologies used at MI-NAP was necessary. If not for our project, for future hands to grapple with.

# 7 Future Plans

# 7.1 Use of XML/Portable Data Files

The application rules are currently defined by a series of data fields stored across two excel spreadsheets. From what we understand (20/11/13 Meeting), these rules are implemented in client-side Javascript for the current web app. Ideally, these rules would need to be stored in a standard machine-readable format which can be easily translated to validation code in any programming language.

# 8 Project Management

8.0.1 Work Packages

 $01 \ 02 \ 03 \ 04 \ 05 \ 06 \ 07 \ 08 \ 09 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16 \ 17 \ 18 \ 19 \ 20 \ 21 \ 22 \ 23 \ 24 \ 25 \ 26 \ 27 \ 28 \ 29 \ 30$  $01 \ 02 \ 03 \ 04 \ 05 \ 06 \ 07 \ 08 \ 09 \ 10 \ 11 \ 12 \ 13 \ 14 \ 15 \ 16 \ 17 \ 18 \ 19 \ 20 \ 21 \ 22 \ 23 \ 24 \ 25 \ 26 \ 27 \ 28 \ 29 \ 30 \ 31$ November 2013 December Requirements Gathering GC01 Milestone 1 InitialDevelopment 8.0.2 Gantt Chart

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			0	

### 9 Teamwork

### 9.1 Team Roles

Team roles were assigned based on the recommended list provided in the GC01 document requirements.

Name	Primary Role	Secondary Role
Marco <b>David</b> Corrales	Secondary Team Lead	Primary Developer
		Background Researcher
		UI Designer
Amer Kamil Zainal	Primary Team Lead	Technology Researcher
		Software Tester
		Systems Designer & Analyst
		Documentation Lead
Ke Wei	Client Main Contact	Secondary Developer
		Data Designer
		Device & Deployment Tester

### 9.2 Teamwork Commentary

#### 9.2.1 Team Workflow

Trello<sup>5</sup> has been used extensively by the team for information organisation. Agendas for the next meeting are decided at the end of each meeting, with unfinished items of the day deferred; ensuring that each agenda is a summary of what was achieved at each meeting. To supplement this, any details (e.g. comments, photos, resources) related to the meeting are included in a separate section with a corresponding date.

To further consolidate our memory of team progress, our primary developer has been updating a blog (http://akz08.github.io/minap-mobile/) summarising our meeting outcomes. Due to the public nature of blogs, we have ensured to omit any client identifying information to avoid any potential privacy problems. The blog should however be understandable upon reading the entirety of this report.

For code sharing, we currently use a private GitHub repository which is worked on by all members of the team. GitHub's repository wiki functionality is used for collaboration of more long-form documentation (e.g. writing this report) and structured ordering of resources.

To avoid having to check both services frequently, we also use FlowDock to easily track changes on both GitHub and Trello.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Information disclosed on Trello are private to the team

# 9.2.2 Task Assignment

Team members typically select the work packages outlined at the end of each meeting, but assignment of tasks tend to gravitate towards the team roles previously tabulated.

### 9.2.3 Meetings

The team typically meets every workday to complete work together. Some team members pick up work to be done on their own time to help meeting productivity.

# A Data Dictionary

# A.1 Patient Class

AdminStatus	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>adminStatus</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's admission status
- statusLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with adminStatus
+ < <constructor>&gt; AdminStatus()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setAdminStatus</u> (admStatus : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getAdminStatus() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with adminStatus
	variable

AdmissionAfterNSTEMI	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialDiagnosis	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
$- \underline{\text{admissionAfterSTEMI}}$ : Boolean = false	Holds a boolean value, re-
	veals items on UI
+ < <constructor>&gt; AdmissionAfterNSTEMI()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setAdmissionAfterSTEMI(admASTEMI : Boolean) : Boolean	Sets, then returns admis-
	sionAfterSTEMI
+ getAdmissionAfterSTEMI() : String	Returns a String value of
	admissionAfterSTEMI

AdmissionDate	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo	
< <iimport:>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value;</iimport:>	
< <import:>&gt; java.text.ParseException;</import:>	
< <iimport:>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat;</iimport:>	
< <import:>&gt; java.util.Date;</import:>	
- <u>adminDate</u> : String	Holds Date String, formatted as needed
- <u>adminTime</u> : String	Holds Time String, formatted as needed
- <u>adminDateTime</u> : String	Combines both previous variables
- <u>now</u> : Date = new Date()	Holds the current date, used for validation
<u>sd</u> : SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy")	Holds the String format desired for adminDate
$\underline{st}: SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm")$	Holds the String format desired for adminTime
	Holds the String format for adminDateTime
+ < <constructor>&gt; AdmissionDate()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super- class values
+ <u>setDateTime()</u> : Boolean	Checks date and time validation, returns true if passed
+ <u>setADate</u> (aDate : Date) : Boolean	Checks the passed Date against date validation rules, returns true if passed
+ <u>setATime</u> (aTime : Date) : Boolean	Checks the passed Date against time validation rules, returns true if passed
+ getDateTime() : String	Returns adminDateTime variable
+ getADate() : String	Returns adminDate variable
$+ \underline{\text{getATime}}() : \text{String}$	Returns adminTime variable

AdmissionMethod	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>admissionMethod</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's admission method
- admissionLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with admissionMethod
+ < <constructor>&gt; AdmissionMethod()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setAdmissionMethod(admMethod : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getAdmissionMethod() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with admission-
	Method variable

AdmissionWard	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
$\ \ com.ucl.appteam 7. min apmobile. model. values. Demographics Admission$	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>admissionWard</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's admission ward
- wardLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with admissionWard
+ << constructor>> AdmissionWard()	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setAdmissionWard(admWard : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getAdmissionWard() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
$+ \underline{\text{getLongCode}}() : \underline{\text{String}}$	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with admissionWard
	variable

AdmittingConsultant	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
$\ \tilde{\ } com.ucl. appteam 7. min apmobile. model. values. Demographics Admission$	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- admittingConsultant : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's admitting consultant
- consulLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with admittingConsul-
	tant
+ < <constructor>&gt; AdmittingConsultant()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setAdmittingConsultant(admConsul : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getAdmittingConsultant() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
$+ \underline{\text{getLongCode}}() : \text{String}$	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with admittingCon-
	sultant variable

AngioDate	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.ParseException</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
sd: SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy")	Holds the String format de-
	sired for angioDate
<u>st</u> : SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm")	Holds the String format de-
	sired for angioTime
<u>sdt</u> : SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy	Holds the String format de-
HH:mm")	sired for angioDateTime
- angioDate : String	Holds the patient's angiog-
	raphy date
- angioTime : String	Holds the patient's angiog-
	raphy time
- angioDateTime : String	Holds the patient's angiog-
	raphy date and time
$-\underline{DATE\_FORMAT}: String = "01/01/2000"$	Lower bound for date range
	check
$- \underline{\text{now}} : \text{Date} = \text{new Date}()$	Holds current Date, used for
	range check
+ < <constructor>&gt; AngioDate()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
$+ \underline{\operatorname{setDateTime}}() : Boolean$	Returns true if both dates
	passed validation
+ setangioralDate(rDate : Date) : Boolean	Returns true if Date param-
	eter passes validation
+ setangioralTime(rTime : Date) : Boolean	Returns true if Time param-
	eter passes validation
$+ \underline{\text{getDateTime}}() : \text{String}$	Returns angioDateTime
	variable
$+ \underline{\text{getAngioDate}}() : \text{String}$	Returns angioDate variable
$+ \underline{\text{getAngioTime}}() : \text{String}$	Returns angioTime variable

AngioDelay	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- angioDelay : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's angiography delay
- angioDelayLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with angioDelay
+ < <constructor>&gt; AngioDelay()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setAngioDelay(aDelay : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getAngioDelay() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with angioDelay vari-
	able

AsthmaOrCOPD	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>asthmaCOPD</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's cerebrovascular dis-
	ease status
- asthmaCOPDLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with asthmaCOPD
+ < <constructor>&gt; AsthmaOrCOPD()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setAsthmaCOPD(cDisease : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getAsthmaCOPD() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
$+ \operatorname{getLongCode}() : \operatorname{String}$	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with asthmaCOPD
	variable

BMI	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Examinations	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>bmi</u> : Double	Holds the patient's BMI
+ < <constructor>&gt; BMI()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setBMI</u> (height : Double, weight : Double) : Boolean	Calculates BMI, returns
	true if parameter passes
	validation
+ getBMI() : String	Returns bmi as a formatted
	String

CerebrovascularDisease	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>cerebrovascularDisease</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's cerebrovascular dis-
	ease status
- cerebrovascularDiseaseLongCode : String	Holds the long code as-
	sociated with cerebrovascu-
	larDisease
+ < <constructor>&gt; CerebrovascularDisease()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
, and the second	class values
+ <u>setCerebrovascular</u> (cDisease : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getCerebrovascular() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with cerebrovascu-
	larDisease variable

ChronicRenalFailure	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>chronicRenalFailure</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's chronic renal failure
	status
- chronicRenalFailureLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with chronicRenalFail-
	ure
+ < <constructor>&gt; ChronicRenalFailure()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setRenalFailure</u> (cRenalFailure : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getRenalFailure() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with chronicRenal-
	Failure variable

CoronaryAngiography	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
<pre>&lt;<import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import></pre>	
- coronaryAngiography : Byte	Holds the short code for
	patient's coronary angiogra-
	phy
- coronaryAngiographyLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with coronaryAngiog-
	raphy
+ < <constructor>&gt; CoronaryAngiography()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setCoronaryAngiography(cAngiography : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getCoronaryAngiography() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with coronaryAn-
	giography variable

CoronaryIntervention	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- coronaryIntervention : Byte	Holds the short code for
	patient's coronary interven-
	tion
- coronaryInterventionLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with coronaryInterven-
	tion
+ < <constructor>&gt; CoronaryIntervention()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setCoronaryIntervention(cIntervention : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getCoronaryIntervention() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with coronaryInter-
	vention variable

DaycaseTransferDate	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.ParseException</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
sd: SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy")	Holds the String format de-
	sired for daycaseDate
- daycaseDate : String	Holds the patient's daycase
	transfer date
$-\underline{DATE\_FORMAT}: String = "01/01/2000"$	Lower bound for date range
	check
$-\underline{\text{now}}: \text{String} = \text{sd.format}(\text{new Date}())$	Holds current Date as a
	String, used for range check
+ < <constructor>&gt; DaycaseTransferDate()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setDaycaseDate(iDate: Date) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation
+ getDaycaseDate() : String	Returns daycaseDate vari-
	able

DBAdapter	Holds all SQLite logic
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model	-
< <import>&gt; java.util.Collections</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.List</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.ArrayList</import>	
< <import>&gt; android.content.ContentValues</import>	
< <import>&gt; android.content.Context</import>	
< <import>&gt; android.database.Cursor</import>	
< <import>&gt; android.database.SQLException</import>	
< <import>&gt; android.database.sqlite.SQLiteOpenHelper</import>	
< <iimport>&gt; android.database.sqlite.SQLiteDatabase</iimport>	
< <import>&gt; android.util.Log</import>	
$+ \underline{HOSPITAL\_IDENTIFIER}$ : String = "HospitalID"	Declares HospitalID as a
	column for a database's ta-
	ble
$+ \underline{RECORD\_NO}$ : String = "RecordNum"	Declares RecordNum
+ NHS-NUMBER: String = "NHSNumber"	Declares NHSNumber
$+ PATIENT\_SURNAME$ : String = "PatientSurname"	Declares PatientSurname
$+ PATIENT\_FORENAME$ : String = "PatientForename"	Declares PatientForename
$+ PATIENT\_DOB$ : String = "PatientDOB"	Declares PatientDOB
$+ \underline{ADMISSION\_DATE}$ : String = "AdminDate"	Declares AdminDate
$+ PATIENT\_INFO$ : String[] =	Compiles previous columns
$\{HOSPITAL\_IDENTIFIER, RECORD\_NO,$	for the Patient Info page
$NHS\_NUMBER, PATIENT\_SURNAME,$	
$PATIENT\_FORENAME, PATIENT\_DOB,$	
$ADMISSION\_DATE$	
$+ INITIAL_DIAGNOSIS$ : String = "InitialDiagosis"	Declares InitialDiagnosis
$+ \underline{ADMISSION\_AFTER\_NSTEMI}$ : String = "AdminStemi"	Declares AdminStemi
$+ \underline{HIGH\_RISK\_NSTEMI}$ : String = "HiRisknSTEMI"	Declares HiRisknSTEMI
$+ INTERVENTIONAL\_PROCEDURE$ : String = "Interventional-	Declares InterventionalPro-
Procedure"	cedure
$+ RETURN\_TO\_REFERRING\_HOSPITAL$ : String = "ReferHos-	Declares ReferHospiralRe-
pitalReturn"	turn
$+ INTERVENTIONAL\_CENTRE\_CODE\_ID$ : String = "Interven-	Declares InterventionCen-
tionCentreCode"	treCode

$+ DIAGNOSIS$ : String[] = $\{INITIAL\_DIAGNOSIS,$	Compiles previous columns
ADMISSION_AFTER_NSTEMI, HIGH_RISK_NSTEMI,	for Initial Diagnosis page
INTERVENTIONAL_PROCEDURE,	3 1 3
$RETURN\_TO\_REFERRING\_HOSPITAL,$	
$INTERVENTIONAL\_CENTRE\_CODE\_ID\}$	
$+ PATIENT\_GENDER$ : String = "Gender"	Declares Gender
$+ PATIENT\_ETHNICITY$ : String = "Ethnicity"	Declares Ethnicity
$+ \underline{ADMISSION\_METHOD}$ : String = "AdminMethod"	Declares AdminMethod
$+ \underline{ADMISSION\_WARD}$ : String = "AdminWard"	Declares AdminWard
$+ \underline{GP\_PCT\_CODE}$ : String = "GPCode"	Declares GPCode
$+ PATIENT\_POST\_CODE$ : String = "PostCode"	Declares PostCode
$+ ADMITTING\_CONSULTANT$ : String = "AdminConsul"	Declares AdminConsul
$+ ADMISSION\_STATUS$ : String = "AdminStatus"	Declares AdminStatus
$+ PLACE\_FIRST\_12\_LEAD\_ECG\_PERFORMED$ : String =	Declares FirstECG
"FirstECG"	
$+ NHS_VERIFICATION$ : String = "NHSVerif"	Declares NHSVerif
$+ REFERRAL\_HOSPITAL$ : String = "RefHospital"	Declares RefHospital
$+ \underline{ADMISSION}$ : String[] = { $PATIENT\_GENDER$ ,	Compiles previous columns
$PATIENT\_ETHNICITY, ADMISSION\_METHOD,$	for Demographics and Ad-
$ADMISSION\_WARD, GP\_PCT\_CODE, PATIENT\_POST\_CODE,$	mission page
$ADMITTING\_CONSULTANT, ADMISSION\_STATUS,$	
$PLACE\_FIRST\_12\_LEAD\_ECG\_PERFORMED,$	
$NHS\_VERIFICATION, REFERRAL\_HOSPITAL\}$	
$+ INITIAL\_REPERFUSION\_TREATMENT$ : String = "Initial-	Declares InitialReperfusion-
ReperfusionTreat"	Treat
$+ REPERFUSION\_NOT\_GIVEN$ : String = "ReperNotGiven"	Declares ReperNotGiven
$+ ECG\_DETERMINING\_TREATMENT$ : String = "ECGDeter-	Declares ECGDetermine-
mineTreat"	Treat
$+ ECG\_QRS\_COMPLEX\_DURATION : String =$	Declares
$"ECG\_QRSComplex"$	$ECG\_QRSComplex$
$+ STEMI\_LOCATION$ : String = "LocationSTEMI"	Declares LocationSTEMI
$+ INTERVENTIONAL\_CENTRE\_CODE$ : String = "ReperInter-	Declares ReperInterven-
ventionCentre"	tionCentre
$+ INFARCTION\_SITE$ : String = "InfarctionSite"	Declares InfarctionSite
$+  ext{REPERFUSION} :  ext{String[]} =$	Compiles previous columns
$\{INITIAL\_REPERFUSION\_TREATMENT,$	for Initial Reperfusion page
$REPERFUSION\_NOT\_GIVEN,$	
$ECG\_DETERMINING\_TREATMENT,$	
$ECG\_QRS\_COMPLEX\_DURATION, STEMI\_LOCATION,$	
$INTERVENTIONAL\_CENTRE\_CODE, INFARCTION\_SITE\}$	

$+ \underline{CORONARY\_ANGIO}$ : String = "CoronaryAngio"	Declares CoronaryAngio
$+ \frac{\overline{REFERRAL\_DATE}}{REFERRAL\_DATE}$ : String = "ReferralDate"	Declares ReferralDate
$+ \frac{\overline{ANGIO\_PERFORM\_DELAY}}{ANGIO\_PERFORM\_DELAY}$ : String = "AngioDelay"	Declares AngioDelay
$+ \frac{\overline{ANGIO\_DATE}}{\text{String}} : \text{String} = \text{"AngioDate"}$	Declares AngioDate
+ INTERVENTIONAL_CENTRE_CODE_AN : String = "An-	Declares AngioIntervention-
gioInterventionCentre"	Centre
$+ LOCAL\_INTERVENTION$ : String = "LocalIntervention"	Declares LocalIntervention
+ <u>CORONARY_INTERVENTION</u> : String = "CoronaryInterven-	Declares CoronaryInterven-
tion"	tion
$+ PATIENT\_RETURN$ : String = "ReturnExpected"	Declares ReturnExpected
$+ \underline{DAYCASE\_TRANSFER}$ : String = "DaycaseTransfer"	Declares DaycaseTransfer
$+ REFERRING_RETURN$ : String = "ReferringHospitalReturn"	Declares ReferringHospital-
	Return
$+ \underline{ANGIOGRAPHY}$ : String[] = {CORONARY_ANGIO},	Compiles previous columns
$REFERRAL\_DATE, ANGIO\_PERFORM\_DELAY,$	for Angiography page
$ANGIO\_DATE, INTERVENTIONAL\_CENTRE\_CODE\_AN,$	
$  LOCAL\_INTERVENTION, CORONARY\_INTERVENTION,  $	
$PATIENT\_RETURN, DAYCASE\_TRANSFER,$	
$REFERRING\_RETURN$	
$+ \underline{SYSTOLIC}$ : String = "SystolicBP"	Declares SystolicBP
$+ \underline{HEART\_RATE}$ : String = "HeartRate"	Declares HeartRate
$+ \underline{KILLIP\_CLASS}$ : String = "KillipClass"	Declares KillipClass
+ BMI : String = "BMI"	Declares BMI
$+ \underline{HEIGHT}$ : String = "Height"	Declares Height
+ WEIGHT: String = "Weight"	Declares Weight
$+ EXAMINATIONS : String[] = \{SYSTOLIC, HEART\_RATE,$	Compiles previous columns
$KILLIP\_CLASS, BMI, HEIGHT, WEIGHT\}$	for Examinations page
$+ PREVIOUS\_AMI$ : String = "PrevAMI"	Declares PrevAMI
$+ \underline{HYPERTENSION}$ : String = "Hypertension"	Declares Hypertension
+ CEREBROVASCULAR: String = "CerebroDisease"	Declares CerebroDisease
$+ PREVIOUS_PCI$ : String = "PrevPCI"	Declares PrevPCI
+ SMOKING: String = "Smoking"	Declares Smoking
$+ \underline{DIABETES}$ : String = "Diabetes"	Declares Diabetes
$+ PREVIOUS\_ANGINA$ : String = "PrevAngina"	Declares PrevAngina
$+ \underline{HYPERCHOLESTEROL}$ : String = "Hypercholesterol"	Declares Hypercholesterol
$+ \underline{ASTHMA\_COPD}$ : String = "AsthmaCOPD"	Declares AsthmaCOPD
$+ \underline{PREVIOUS\_CABG}$ : String = "PrevCABG"	Declares PrevCABG
$+ \underline{HEART\_FAILURE}$ : String = "HeartFailure"	Declares HeartFailure
$+ \underline{PV\_DISEASE}$ : String = "PeriphVascularDisease"	Declares PeriphVascu-
	larDisease

$ \begin{array}{llll} + & FAMILYCHD : String = \text{``FamilyCHD''} \\ + & MEDICALHISTORY : String[] = \{PREVIOUS\_AMI, \\ NYPERTENSION, CEREBROV ASCULAR, PREVIOUS\_PCI, \\ SMOKING, DIABETES, PREVIOUS\_ANGINA, \\ HYPERCHOLESTEROL, ASTHMA COPD, PREVIOUS CABG, \\ HEART_FAILURE, PV_DISEASE, RENAL_FAILURE, \\ FAMILY CHD \} \\ + TAG : String = \text{``DBAdapter''} & Used when updating the Database's schema is changed in the Database is changed of the patient table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table of the SQL STATE of The Database itself its provides context for the session when needed used for helping SQL the Operations of the SQL SQL SQL SQL SQL SQL SQL SQL SQL SQL$	$+ RENAL_FAILURE$ : String = "RenalFailure"	Declares RenalFailure
+ MEDICAL HISTORY: String   = {PREVIOUS.AMI, HYPERTENSION, CEREBROV ASCULAR, PREVIOUS.PCI, SMOKING, DIABETES, PREVIOUS ANGINA, HYPERCHOLESTEROL, ASTHMA.COPD, PREVIOUS.CABG, HEART.FAILURE, PV_DISEASE, RENAL.FAILURE, FAMILY CHD} + TAG: String = "DBAdapter"   Used when updating the Database's schema   - DATABASE_NAME: String = "minap"   Names the Database   - TABLE NAME: String = "patient"   Names the patient table   - DATABASE_VERSION: Integer = 11   Must be increase when the schema is changed   - DATABASE_CREATE: String   Holds the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table   - Context: Context   Provides context for the session when needed   - DBHelper: DatabaseHelper   Used for helping SQLite operations   - < - - db: SQLiteDatabase   The Database itself   jextends   SQLiteOpen-Helper_i\(\bar{\bar{\bar{U}}}\) Inner class creates and/or updates the database   + < <override>&gt; not reacted (db: SQLiteDatabase): void   Creates the database   + &lt;<override>&gt; on Upgrade (db: SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion: Integer, newVersion: Integer): void   - concatenateArrays(page0: String  , page1: String  , page2: String  , concatenateArrays(page0: String  , page3: String  , page4: String  , page6: String  )   + &lt;<constructor>&gt; DBAdapter   Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database   - Returns the writable database   Returns the writable database   - Constructor&gt;&gt; DBAdapter   Returns the writable   - Constructor&gt;&gt; DBAdapter   Returns the writable   - Constructor&gt;&gt; DBADAPTEN   Retur</constructor></override></override>	_	Declares FamilyCHD
HYPERTENSION, CEREBROV ASCÜLAR, PREVIOUS_PCI, SMOKING, DIABETES, PREVIOUS_ANGINA, HYPERCHOLESTEROL, ASTIMA_COPD, PREVIOUS_CABG, HEART_FAILURE, PV_DISEASE, RENAL_FAILURE, FAMILY_CHD		Compiles previous columns
SMOKING, DIABETES, PREVIOUS_ANGINA, HYPERCHOLESTEROL, ASTHMA_COPD, PREVIOUS_CABG, HEART_FAILURE, PV_DISEASE, RENAL_FAILURE, FAMILY_CHD		
HYPERCHOLESTEROL, ASTHMA_COPD, PREVIOUS_CABG,   HEART_FAILURE, PV_DISEASE, RENAL_FAILURE,   FAMILY_CHD		<i>v</i> 1 0
$\begin{array}{llll} HEART FAILURE, PV DISEASE, RENAL FAILURE, FAMILY .CHD\} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$		
$FAMILY_{CHD} \\ + TAG: String = "DBAdapter" & Used when updating the Database's schema \\ - DATABASE_{NAME}: String = "minap" & Names the Database \\ - TABLE_{NAME}: String = "patient" & Names the patient table \\ - DATABASE_{NAME}: String = "patient" & Names the patient table \\ - DATABASE_{NAME}: String = "patient" & Must be increase when the schema is changed \\ - DATABASE_{NAME}: String & Holds the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table \\ - Context: Context & Provides context for the session when needed \\ - DBHelper: DatabaseHelper & Used for helping SQLite operations & The Database itself \\ - <- db: SQLiteDatabase & The Database itself & jiextends & SQLiteOpen-Helperii_{L} Inner_class, creates and/or updates the database & throws exception if unable to the database & throws exception if unable to concatenateArrays(page0: String[], page1: String[], page2: String[], page3: String[], page4: String[], page5: String[], page6: String[], page6: String[], page6: String[], page7: String[], page8: String[], page8: String[], page9: String[$		
- DATABASE_NAME : String = "minap" Names the Database - TABLE_NAME : String = "patient" Names the patient table - DATABASE_VERSION : Integer = 11 Must be increase when the schema is changed - DATABASE_CREATE : String Holds the SQL Statement that creates the Database and table - Context : Context Provides context for the session when needed - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper Used for helping SQLite operations - db : SQLiteDatabase The Database Helper() - <-<		
- DATABASE NAME : String = "minap" - TABLE NAME : String = "patient" - DATABASE VERSION : Integer = 11 - DATABASE VERSION : Integer = 11 - DATABASE CREATE : String - Context : Context - Context : Context - Context : Context - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper - Context : Context - Context : Context - Context : Context - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper - Context : Context - Context : Context - Context : Context - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper - Context : Context - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper - Context : Context -	$+ \underline{TAG}$ : String = "DBAdapter"	Used when updating the
- TABLE NAME: String = "patient"  - DATABASE VERSION: Integer = 11  - DATABASE CREATE: String  - DATABASE CREATE: String  - Context: Context  - Context: Context  - DBHelper: DatabaseHelper  - Used for helping SQLite operations  - db: SQLiteDatabase  - C - Class>> DatabaseHelper()  - C		Database's schema
- TABLE NAME: String = "patient"  - DATABASE VERSION: Integer = 11  - DATABASE CREATE: String  - DATABASE CREATE: String  - Context: Context  - Context: Context  - DBHelper: DatabaseHelper  - Used for helping SQLite operations  - db: SQLiteDatabase  - C - Class>> DatabaseHelper()  - C	- <u>DATABASE_NAME</u> : String = "minap"	Names the Database
schema is changed  - DATABASE_CREATE : String		Names the patient table
schema is changed  - DATABASE_CREATE : String	$-DATABASE\_VERSION$ : Integer = 11	Must be increase when the
- DATABASE_CREATE: String  - Context: Context  - Context: Context  - Context: Context  - DBHelper: DatabaseHelper  - Observations  - Observati		schema is changed
that creates the Database and table  - Context : Context  - Context : Context  - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper  - Used for helping SQLite operations  - db : SQLiteDatabase  - (class) DatabaseHelper()  - (class) DatabaseHelper()  - (class) DatabaseHelper()  - (class) DatabaseHelper()  - (concatende) SQLiteOpen-Helper;; Inner class, creates and/or updates the database  - (concatenateArrays(paged): SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion: Integer, newVersion: Integer): void  - (concatenateArrays(paged): String[], paged: String[], paged: String[], paged: String[]): String[]  - (concatenateArrays(paged): String[], paged: String[], paged: String[]): Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  - (constructor) DBAdapter(ctx: Context)  - (concatenate Arrays(paged): String[], paged: String[]): String[]  - (concatenate Arrays(paged): String[], paged: String[]): String[]  - (concatenate Arrays(paged): String[], paged: String[]): String[]  - (concatenate all page column arrays)	- <u>DATABASE_CREATE</u> : String	
- Context : Context  - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper  - Used for helping SQLite operations  - db : SQLiteDatabase  - < <class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()  - &lt;<class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()  - &lt;<class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()  - &lt;<class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()  - Concatenate Arrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[], page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[]  + &lt;<constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context)  - Concatenate Arrays the writable database  - Returns the writable database  Returns the writable database  - Returns the writable database</constructor></class></class></class></class>		that creates the Database
sion when needed  - DBHelper : DatabaseHelper  - db : SQLiteDatabase  - db : SQLiteDatabase  - < <class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()  - &lt;<class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()  - (lipertiling squite operations  - db : SQLiteDatabase  - (lipertiling squite operations  - (lipertiling squite operations</class></class>		and table
- DBHelper : DatabaseHelper - db : SQLiteDatabase - db : SQLiteDatabase - < <class>&gt; DatabaseHelper() - &lt;<class>&gt; DatabaseHelper() - (ijextends SQLiteOpen-Helper;; Inner class, creates and/or updates the database - (creates and/or updates the database) - (creates the database, throws exception if unable to - (concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[], page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[] - (concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[] - (concatenateArrays(page0 : String1), page6 : String1) : String1 - (concatenateArrays(page0 : String1), page6 : String1) : String1 - (concatenateArrays(page0 : String1), page6 : String1) : String1 - (concatenateArrays(page0 : String1), page6 : String1) : String1 - (concatenate all page column arrays - (concatenate all page column arrays</class></class>	- Context : Context	Provides context for the ses-
erations - db : SQLiteDatabase - < <class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()  - &lt;<class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()    ijextends   SQLiteOpen     Helperi; Inner   class     creates   and/or   updates   the     database     + &lt;<override>&gt; onCreate(db : SQLiteDatabase) : void   Creates   the   database     + &lt;<override>&gt; onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer,     newVersion : Integer) : void   Clears,   then   upgrades   the     database     - concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[],     page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) :     String[]     + &lt;<constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context)   Uses   DBHelper   to   create     and   operate   the   database     + open() : DBAdapter   Returns   the   writable     database  </constructor></override></override></class></class>		sion when needed
- db : SQLiteDatabase  - < <cl></cl>	- DBHelper : DatabaseHelper	Used for helping SQLite op-
- < <class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()    ijextends   SQLiteOpen     Helper;; Inner   class,     creates   and/or   updates   the     database     + &lt;&lt; override&gt;&gt; onCreate(db : SQLiteDatabase) : void   Creates   the   database,     throws   exception   if   unable     to     + &lt;&lt; override&gt;&gt; onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer,     newVersion : Integer) : void   clears,   then   upgrades   the     database     - concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[],     page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) :     String[]     + &lt;&lt; constructor&gt;&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context)   Uses   DBHelper   to   create     and   operate   the   database     + open() : DBAdapter   Returns   the   writable     database  </class>		erations
Helper;; Inner class, creates and/or updates the database  + << override>> onCreate(db : SQLiteDatabase) : void  Creates the database, throws exception if unable to  + << override>> onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer, newVersion : Integer) : void  - concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[], page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[]  + << constructor>> DBAdapter(ctx : Context)  Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  + open() : DBAdapter  Returns the writable database	- db : SQLiteDatabase	The Database itself
creates and/or updates the database  + < <override>&gt; onCreate(db : SQLiteDatabase) : void  Creates the database, throws exception if unable to  + &lt;<override>&gt; onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer, newVersion : Integer) : void  - concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[], page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[]  + &lt;<constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context)  Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  + open() : DBAdapter  Returns the writable database</constructor></override></override>	- < <class>&gt; DatabaseHelper()</class>	jjextends SQLiteOpen-
database+ << override>> onCreate(db : SQLiteDatabase) : voidCreates the database, throws exception if unable to+ << override>> onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer, newVersion : Integer) : voidClears, then upgrades the database- concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[], page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[]Concatenates all page column arrays+ << constructor>> DBAdapter(ctx : Context)Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database+ open() : DBAdapterReturns the writable database		Helper¿¿ Inner class,
+ << override>> onCreate(db : SQLiteDatabase) : void  + << override>> onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer, newVersion : Integer) : void  - concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[], page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[]  + << constructor>> DBAdapter(ctx : Context)  Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  + open() : DBAdapter  Returns the writable database		creates and/or updates the
throws exception if unable to  + << override>> onUpgrade(db: SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion: Integer, newVersion: Integer): void  - concatenateArrays(page0: String[], page1: String[], page2: String[], page3: String[], page4: String[], page5: String[], page6: String[]): String[]  + << constructor>> DBAdapter(ctx: Context)  Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  + open(): DBAdapter  Returns the writable database		database
to  + << override>> onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer, newVersion : Integer) : void  - concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[], Concatenates all page colpage3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : String[]  + << constructor>> DBAdapter(ctx : Context)  Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  + open() : DBAdapter  Returns the writable database	+ << override>> onCreate(db : SQLiteDatabase) : void	Creates the database,
+ << override>> onUpgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer, newVersion : Integer) : void		throws exception if unable
newVersion: Integer): void database  - concatenateArrays(page0: String[], page1: String[], page2: String[], page3: String[], page4: String[], page5: String[], page6: String[]): umn arrays  String[]  + < <constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx: Context)</constructor>		to
newVersion: Integer): void database  - concatenateArrays(page0: String[], page1: String[], page2: String[], page3: String[], page4: String[], page5: String[], page6: String[]): umn arrays  String[]  + < <constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx: Context)</constructor>	+ << override>> on Upgrade(db : SQLiteDatabase, oldVersion : Integer,	Clears, then upgrades the
page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : umn arrays  + < <constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context)  Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  + open() : DBAdapter  Returns the writable database</constructor>		database
page3 : String[], page4 : String[], page5 : String[], page6 : String[]) : umn arrays  + < <constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context)  Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database  + open() : DBAdapter  Returns the writable database</constructor>	- concatenateArrays(page0 : String[], page1 : String[], page2 : String[],	Concatenates all page col-
String[] + < <constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context) Uses DBHelper to create and operate the database + open() : DBAdapter Returns the writable database</constructor>		umn arrays
and operate the database + open(): DBAdapter Returns the writable database		-
+ open(): DBAdapter  Returns the writable database	+ < <constructor>&gt; DBAdapter(ctx : Context)</constructor>	Uses DBHelper to create
database		and operate the database
	+ open(): DBAdapter	Returns the writable
+ close(): void Closes the database		database
	+ close() : void	Closes the database

+ insertPatient(id : String, forename : String, surname : String, dob :	Returns true if parame-
String, nhs: String, hId: String, admDate: String): Boolean	ters have been inserted onto database's patient info section
+ updatePatientInfo(oldid : String, newid : String, forename : String,	Returns true if parame-
surname: String, dob: String, nhs: String, hId: String, admDate:	ters were used to update
String): Boolean	database's patient info sec-
	tion
+ getPatientInfo(id : String) : Cursor	Returns a cursor object con-
	taining the database's pa-
	tient info section where id =
	recordNumber
+ updateInitialDiagnosis(id : String, diagnosis : String, admission :	Returns true if parameters
String, nstemi : String, procedure : String, refer : String, code : String)	were used to update the
: Boolean	database's initial diagnosis
	section
+ getDiagnosis(id : String) : Cursor	Returns a cursor object con-
	taining the database's ini-
	tial diagnosis section where
	id = recordNumber
+ updateDemographics(id : String, gender : String, ethnicity : String,	Returns true if parame-
method: String, ward: String, gpcode: String, post: String, consultant	ters were used to update
: String, status : String, ecg, verif : String, refer : String) : Boolean	the database's Demograph-
	ics and Admission section
+ getDemographics(id : String) : Cursor	Returns a cursor object con-
	taining the database's de-
	mographics and admission
	section where id = record-
+ undeteInitialDeportugion(id . Ctwing treatment . Ctwing was affective	Number  Peturns true if perameters
+ updateInitialReperfusion(id : String, treatment : String, reperfusion : String, ecgtreat : String, ecgqrs : String, location : String, iccode :	Returns true if parameters were used to update the
String, ecgtreat: String, ecgqrs: String, location: String, location: String, location: String, location:	database's Initial Reperfu-
Suring, marchon . Suring) . Doolean	sion section
+ getReperfusion(id : String) : Cursor	Returns a cursor object
Sourceportubion (id. Suring). Curbor	containing the database's
	initial reperfusion section
	where $id = recordNumber$
+ updateAngiography(id : String, angio : String, drefer : String, adelay	Returns true if parame-
: String, adate : String, acode : String, inter : String, coronary : String,	ters were used to update
patret : String, daycase : String, refret : String) : Boolean	the database's Angiography
3) 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30, 30,	section
22	

+ getAngiography(id : String) : Cursor	Returns a cursor object con-
	taining the database's an-
	giography section where id
	= recordNumber
+ updateExaminations(id : String, systolic : String, heart : String, killip	Returns true if parame-
: String, bmi : String, height : String, weight : String) : Boolean	ters were used to update
	the database's Examina-
	tions section
+ getExaminations(id : String) : Cursor	Returns a cursor object con-
	taining the database's ex-
	aminations section where id
	= recordNumber
+ updateMedicalHistory(id : String, ami : String, tension : String,	Returns true if parameters
cerebro : String, pci : String, smoke : String, diabetes : String, angina	were used to update the
: String, choles : String, asthma : String, cabg : String, heart : String,	database's Medical History
vascular : String, renal : String, chd : String) : Boolean	section
+ getMedicalHistory(id : String) : Cursor	Returns a cursor object con-
	taining the database's med-
	ical history section where id
	$= \operatorname{recordNumber}$
+ deletePatient(id : String) : Boolean	Returns true if record where
	id = recordNum has been
	deleted
+ allPatients() : Cursor	Returns a cursor object con-
	taining all information on
	the database

Diabetes	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>diabetes</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's diabetes status
- diabetesLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with diabetes
+ < <constructor>&gt; Diabetes()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setDiabetes</u> (diabete : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getDiabetes() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with diabetes vari-
	able

DOB	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo	
< <iimport>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</iimport>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.ParseException</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
sd: SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy")	Holds the String format desired for dob
- <u>dob</u> : String	Holds the patient's date of birth
$- DATE\_FORMAT$ : String = "01/01/1900"	Lower bound for date range check
$-\underline{\text{twentyYrsAgo}}: String = "01/01/1994"$	Upper bound for date range check
+ < <constructor>&gt; DOB()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super- class values
+ <u>setDOB</u> (bDate : Date) : Boolean	Checks the passed Date against validation rules, returns true if passed
$+ \underline{\text{getDOB}}() : \text{String}$	Returns dob variable

EcgDetermineTreatment	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialReperfusion	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- ecgDetermineTreatment : Byte	Holds the short code for
	patient's ECG determining
	treatment
- ecgDetermineTreatmentLongCode : String	Holds the long code asso-
	ciated with ecgDetermine-
	Treatment
+ < <constructor>&gt; EcgDetermineTreatment()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setECGTreatment</u> (eDetermineTreatment : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getECGTreatment() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with ecgDetermine-
	Treatment variable

EcgQRSComplex	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialReperfusion	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- ecgQRSComplex : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's ECG / QRS Com-
	plex
- ecgQRSComplexLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with ecgQRSComplex
+ << constructor>> EcgQRSComplex()	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setECGQRSComplex(eQRSComplex : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getECGQRSComplex() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with ecgQRSCom-
	plex variable

FamilyCHD	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- familyCHD : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's family CHD status
- familyCHDLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with familyCHD
+ < <constructor>&gt; FamilyCHD()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setFamilyCHD(hFailure : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getFamilyCHD() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
$+ \operatorname{getLongCode}() : \operatorname{String}$	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with familyCHD
	variable

FirstECG	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>firstECG</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's first ECG instance
- ecgLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with firstECG
+ < <constructor>&gt; FirstECG()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
$+ \underline{\operatorname{setFirstECG}}(\operatorname{fECG} : \operatorname{Byte}) : \operatorname{Boolean}$	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getFirstECG() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with firstECG vari-
	able

Gender	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- patientGender : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's gender
- genderLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with patientGender
+ < <constructor>&gt; Gender()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setPatientGender(gen : Byte) : Boolean</u>	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getPatientGender() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with patientGender
	variable

GPCode	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- gpCode : String	Holds the patient's GP code
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 6	Holds the maximum length
	for gpCode
+ < <constructor>&gt; GPCode()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setGPCode(pctCode : String) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getGPCode() : String	Returns gpCode

HeartFailure	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>heartFailure</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's heart failure status
- heartFailureLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with heartFailure
+ < <constructor>&gt; HeartFailure()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setHeartFailure</u> (hFailure : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getHeartFailure() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with heartFailure
	variable

HeartRate	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Examinations	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>heartRate</u> : Double	Holds the patient's heart
	rate
+ < <constructor>&gt; HeartRate()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
$+ \underline{\text{setHeartRate}}(\text{hRate} : \text{Double}) : \text{Boolean}$	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation
+ getHeartRate() : String	Returns heartRate

Height	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Examinations	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>height</u> : Double	Holds the patient's height
+ < <constructor>&gt; Height()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setHeight(h : Double) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation
+ getHeight() : String	Returns height

HiRisknSTEMI	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialDiagnosis	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>hiRisknSTEMI</u> : Byte	Holds the short code choice
	for High Risk nSTEMI
- nSTEMILongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with hiRisknSTEMI
+ < <constructor>&gt; HiRisknSTEMI()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setHiRisknSTEMI</u> (hiNSTEMI : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getHiRisknSTEMI() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String

HospitalIdentifier	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- hospitalID : String	Holds a three letter string
	for hospitalID
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 3	Holds the valid length for
	hospitalID
+ < <constructor>&gt; HospitalIdentifier()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setHospitalIdentifier(hospId : String) : Boolean	Checks the parameter
	against validation rules,
	returns true if passed
+ getHospitalIdentifier() : String	Returns hospitalID

Hypercholesterolaemia	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- hyperCholesterolaemia : Byte	Holds the short code for
	patient's hypercholestero-
	laemia status
- hyperCholesterolaemiaLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with hyperCholestero-
	laemia
+ < <constructor>&gt; Hypercholesterolaemia()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setHypercholesterol(hCholesterolaemia : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getHypercholesterol() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with hyperCholes-
	terolaemia variable

Hypertension	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- hyperTension : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's hypertension status
- hyperTensionLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with hyperTension
+ < <constructor>&gt; Hypertension()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setHypertension(hTension : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getHypertension(): String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with hyperTension
	variable

InitialDiagnosis	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialDiagnosis	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- initialDiagnosis : Byte	Holds the short code choice
	for Initial Diagnosis
- diagnosisLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with initialDiagnosis
+ < <constructor>&gt; InitialDiagnosis()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setInitialDiagnosis(iniDiagnosis : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getInitialDiagnosis() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getInitialLongCode() : String	Returns diagnosisLongCode

InitialReperfusion	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialReperfusion	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- initialReperfusion : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's initial reperfusion
- initialReperfusionLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with initial Reperfusion
+ < <constructor>&gt; InitialReperfusion()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setInitialReperfusion(iReperfusion : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getInitialReperfusion() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with initialReper-
	fusion variable

InfarctionSite	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialReperfusion	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>infarctionSite</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's infarction site
- infarctionSiteLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with infarctionSite
+ < <constructor>&gt; InfarctionSite()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setInfarctionSite(iSite : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getInfarctionSite() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with infarctionSite
	variable

InterventionalCentreCode	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialDiagnosis	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>interventionalID</u> : String	Holds the patient's Inter-
	ventional Centre Code
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 3	Holds the maximum length
	for interventionalID
+ < <constructor>&gt; InterventionalCentreCode()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setInterventionalCentre</u> (iCode : String) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getInterventionalCentre() : String	Returns interventionalID
Note: This class is used three times within the Patient singleton	

InterventionalProcedure	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialDiagnosis	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>interventionalProcedure</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for In-
	terventional Procedure
- procedureLongCode : String	Holds the long code asso-
	ciated with interventional-
	Procedure
+ < <constructor>&gt; InterventionalProcedure()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
$+$ $\underline{\text{setInterventionalProcedure}}$ (interHosProcedure : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getInterventionalProcedure() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String

KillipClass	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Examinations	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- killipClass : Byte	Holds the short code for
	patient's coronary angiogra-
	phy
- killipClassLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with killipClass
+ < <constructor>&gt; KillipClass()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setKillipClass(kClass : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getKillipClass() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with killipClass vari-
	able

LocationAtSTEMI	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialReperfusion	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>locationAtSTEMI</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's location at STEMI
- locationAtSTEMILongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with locationAtSTEMI
+ < <constructor>&gt; LocationAtSTEMI()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setSTEMILocation(lAtSTEMI : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getSTEMILocation() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with locationAt-
	STEMI variable

LocalInterventionDate	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.ParseException</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
<u>sd</u> : SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy")	Holds the String format de-
	sired for interventionDate
- <u>interventionDate</u> : String	Holds the patient's local in-
	tervention date
$-\underline{DATE\_FORMAT}: String = "01/01/2000"$	Lower bound for date range
	check
$-\underline{\text{now}}: \text{String} = \text{sd.format}(\text{new Date}())$	Holds current Date as a
	String, used for range check
+ < <constructor>&gt; LocalInterventionDate()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setInterventionDate(iDate: Date) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation
+ getInterventionDate() : String	Returns interventionDate
	variable

NHSNumber	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>nhsNumber</u> : String	Holds the patient's NHS
	number
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 10	Holds the maximum length
	for nhsNumber
+ < <constructor>&gt; NHSNumber()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ < <setnhsnum>&gt;(nhsNum : String) : Boolean</setnhsnum>	Checks the parameter
	against validation rules,
	returns true if passed
+ << getNHSNum >> (): String	Returns nhsNumber

NHSVerification	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>verification</u> : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's NHS verification
- verificationLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with verification
+ < <constructor>&gt; NHSVerification()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setVerification</u> (verif : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getVerification() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with verification vari-
	able

Patient	<<singleton $>>$
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model	
< <import>&gt;</import>	
com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo.*	
< <import>&gt;</import>	
com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialDiagnosis.*	
< <import>&gt;</import>	
com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission.*	
< <import>&gt;</import>	
com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialReperfusion.*	
< <import>&gt;</import>	
com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography.*	
< <import>&gt;</import>	
com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Examinations.*	
< <import>&gt;</import>	
com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory.*	
- <u>instance</u> : Patient	Controls the singleton be-
	havior of this class
+ HospitalIdentifier : HospitalIdentifier	Declares a HospitalIdenti-
	fier object to the singleton
+ RecordNumber : PatientCaseRecordNumber	Declares a PatientCaseRe-
	cordNumber object to the
	singleton
+ NHSNumber : NHSNumber	Declares a NHSNumber ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ Surname : PatientSurname	Declares a PatientSurname
	object to the singleton
+ Forename : PatientForename	Declares a PatientForename
	object to the singleton
+ DOB : DOB	Declares a DOB object to
	the singleton
+ AdmissionDate : AdmissionDate	Declares a AdmissionDate
	object to the singleton
+ InitialDiagnosis : InitialDiagnosis	Declares a InitialDiagnosis
	object to the singleton
+ AdmissionAfterNSTEMI : AdmissionAfterNSTEMI	Declares a Admission-
	AfterNSTEMI object to the
	singleton
+ HighRisknSTEMI : HiRisknSTEMI	Declares a HiRisknSTEMI
	object to the singleton

+ InterventionalProcedure : InterventionalProcedure	Declares a Interventional-
	Procedure object to the sin-
	gleton
+ ReferHospitalReturn : ReferHospitalReturn	Declares a ReferHospitalRe-
,	turn object to the singleton
+ InterventionalCentreCode : InterventionalCentreCode	Declares a Interventional-
	CentreCode object to the
	singleton
+ Gender : Gender	Declares a Gender object to
	the singleton
+ Ethnicity: PatientEthnicity	Declares a PatientEthnicity
	object to the singleton
+ AdmissionMethod : AdmissionMethod	Declares a Admission-
	Method object to the
	singleton
+ AdmissionWard : AdmissionWard	Declares a AdmissionWard
	object to the singleton
+ GPCode : GPCode	Declares a GPCode object
	to the singleton
+ PostCode : PatientPostcode	Declares a PatientPostcode
	object to the singleton
+ AdmitConsul : AdmittingConsultant	Declares a AdmittingCon-
	sultant object to the single-
	ton
+ AdminStatus : AdminStatus	Declares a AdminStatus ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ FirstECG : FirstECG	Declares a FirstECG object
	to the singleton
+ NHSVerification : NHSVerification	Declares a NHSVerification
	object to the singleton
+ ReferralHospital : ReferralHospital	Declares a ReferralHospital
	object to the singleton
+ InitialReperfusion : InitialReperfusion	Declares a InitialReperfu-
	sion object to the singleton
+ ReperfusionNotGiven : ReperfusionNotGiven	Declares a ReperfusionNot-
	Given object to the single-
	ton
+ ECGTreatment : EcgDetermineTreatment	Declares a EcgDetermine-
	Treatment object to the sin-
	gleton

$+ ECG\_QRSComplex : EcgQRSComplex$	Declares a EcgQRSCom-
	plex object to the singleton
+ LocationSTEMI : LocationAtSTEMI	Declares a LocationAt-
	STEMI object to the
	singleton
+ ReperfusionCentreCode : InterventionalCentreCode	Declares a second Interven-
	tionalCentreCode object to
	the singleton
+ InfarctionSite : InfarctionSite	Declares a InfarctionSite
	object to the singleton
+ CoronaryAngiography : CoronaryAngiography	Declares a Coronary Angiog-
	raphy object to the single-
	ton
+ ReferralDate : ReferralDate	Declares a ReferralDate ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ AngioDelay : AngioDelay	Declares a AngioDelay ob-
Tinglobolay . Tinglobolay	ject to the singleton
+ AngioDate : AngioDate	Declares a AngioDate ob-
TingloDate: TingloDate	ject to the singleton
+ AngioCentreCode : InterventionalCentreCode	Declares a third Interven-
Anglocchirecode. Interventional centrecode	tionalCentreCode object to
	the singleton
+ InterventionDate : LocalInterventionDate	Declares a LocalInterven-
+ InterventionDate: LocalinterventionDate	
	tionDate object to the sin-
L Cananaw Intervention . Cananaw Intervention	gleton  Declared a Commentation
+ CoronaryIntervention : CoronaryIntervention	Declares a CoronaryInter-
	vention object to the single-
	ton
+ ReturnExpected : ReturnExpected	Declares a ReturnExpected
	object to the singleton
+ DaycaseTransfer : DaycaseTransferDate	Declares a DaycaseTransfer-
	Date object to the singleton
+ ReferReturnDate : ReferHospitalReturnDate	Declares a ReferHospitalRe-
	turnDate object to the sin-
	gleton
+ Systolic : SystolicBP	Declares a SystolicBP ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ HeartRate : HeartRate	Declares a HeartRate object
	to the singleton

+ Killip: KillipClass	Declares a KillipClass ob-
. 11 1 1 11 1	ject to the singleton
+ Height : Height	Declares a Height object to
TYPE IN THE TYPE IN	the singleton
+ Weight : Weight	Declares a Weight object to
	the singleton
+ BMI : BMI	Declares a BMI object to
	the singleton
+ PreviousAMI : PreviousAMI	Declares a PreviousAMI ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ Hypertension : Hypertension	Declares a Hypertension ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ Cerebrovascular : Cerebrovascular Disease	Declares a Cerebrovascu-
	larDisease object to the sin-
	gleton
+ PreviousPCI : PreviousPCI	Declares a PreviousPCI ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ Smoking : SmokingStatus	Declares a SmokingStatus
	object to the singleton
+ Diabetes : Diabetes	Declares a Diabetes object
	to the singleton
+ PreviousAngina : PreviousAngina	Declares a PreviousAngina
	object to the singleton
+ HyperCholesterol : Hypercholesterolaemia	Declares a Hypercholestero-
	laemia object to the single-
	ton
+ AsthmaCOPD : AsthmaOrCOPD	Declares a AsthmaOr-
	COPD object to the
	singleton
+ PreviousCABG : PreviousCABG	Declares a PreviousCABG
	object to the singleton
+ HeartFailure : HeartFailure	Declares a HeartFailure ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ PeripheralVascular : PeripheralVascularDisease	Declares a PreipheralVascu-
, I stiplied ( document ) i stiplied ( document ) isomore	larDisease object to the sin-
	gleton
+ RenalFailure : ChronicRenalFailure	Declares a ChronicRenal-
Tenaranure . Omomerchananure	Failure object to the single-
	ton

+ FamilyCHD : FamilyCHD	Declares a FamilyCHD ob-
	ject to the singleton
+ get() : Patient	Returns the instance vari-
	able, or creates one if it does
	not exist
- < <constructor>&gt; Patient()</constructor>	Private constructor, re-
	stricts creation of Patient
	objects to this class only
# < <override>&gt; clone() : Object</override>	Forbids a clone() method
	call. Completes the single-
	ton declaration

PatientCaseRecordNumber	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>caseNumber</u> : String	Hold the patient's Case
	Number
- <u>oldCase</u> : String = caseNumber	Holds a copy of a pa-
	tient's previous record num-
	ber, used when updating
	Database
$- VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 10	Holds the maximum length
	for caseNumber
+ < <constructor>&gt; PatientCaseRecordNumber()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ < <setcasenumber>&gt;(cNumber : String) : Boolean</setcasenumber>	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ << getCaseNumber>>()	Returns caseNumber
+ << getOldCase>>()	Returns oldCase

PatientEthnicity	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- ethnicity : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's Ethnicity
- ethnicLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with ethnicity
+ < <constructor>&gt; PatientEthnicity()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setEthnicity(ethnic : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getEthnicity() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with ethnicity vari-
	able

PatientForename	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>forename</u> : String	Holds the patient's fore-
	name
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 35	Holds the maximum length
	for forename
+ < <constructor>&gt; PatientForename()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setForename</u> (fName : String) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getForename() : String	Returns forename variable

PatientPostcode	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- postCode : String	Holds the patient's Post-
	code
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 8	Holds the maximum length
	for postCode
+ < <constructor>&gt; PatientPostcode()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
$+ \underline{\operatorname{setPostcode}}(\operatorname{rId} : \operatorname{String}) : \operatorname{Boolean}$	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getPostcode() : String	Returns postCode

PatientSurname	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.PatientInfo	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>surname</u> : String	Holds the patient's surname
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 35	Holds the maximum length
	for surname
+ < <constructor>&gt; PatientSurname()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setSurname</u> (sName : String) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getSurname() : String	Returns surname variable

PeripheralVascularDisease	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- peripheralVascularDisease : Byte	Holds the short code for
	patient's peripheral vascu-
	lar disease
- peripheralVascularDiseaseLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with peripheralVascu-
	larDisease
+ < <constructor>&gt; PeripheralVascularDisease()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setPeripheralVascularDisease(pVascularDisease : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getPeripheralVascularDisease() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with peripheralVas-
	cularDisease variable

PreviousAMI	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- previousAMI : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's previous AMI status
- previousAMILongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with previousAMI
+ < <constructor>&gt; PreviousAMI()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
$+ \underline{\operatorname{setPreviousAMI}}(\operatorname{pAMI} : \operatorname{Byte}) : \operatorname{Boolean}$	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getPreviousAMI() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with previousAMI
	variable

PreviousAngina	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- previousAngina : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's previous angina sta-
	tus
- previousAnginaLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with previousAngina
+ < <constructor>&gt; PreviousAngina()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setPreviousAngina(pAngina : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getPreviousAngina() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with previousAngina
	variable

PreviousCABG	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- previousCABG : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's previous CABG sta-
	tus
- previousCABGLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with previousCABG
+ < <constructor>&gt; PreviousCABG()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
$+ \underline{\operatorname{setPreviousCABG}}(\operatorname{pCABG} : \operatorname{Byte}) : \operatorname{Boolean}$	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getPreviousCABG() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with previousCABG
	variable

PreviousPCI	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- previousPCI : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's previous PCI status
- previousPCILongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with previousPCI
+ < <constructor>&gt; PreviousPCI()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setPreviousPCI(pPCI</u> : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getPreviousPCI() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with previousPCI
	variable

ReferHospitalReturn	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialDiagnosis	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.ParseException</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
- <u>rDate</u> : String	Holds the Date for return
	from Referring Hospital
$- \underline{\text{now}} : \text{Date} = \text{new Date}()$	Holds the current date used
	for validation
<u>sd</u> SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy")	Holds the string format de-
	sired for rDate
+ < <constructor>&gt; ReferHospitalReturn()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setRDate(bDate : Date) : Boolean	Returns true if paramenter
	passes validation rules
+ getRDate() : String	Returns rDate

ReferHospitalReturnDate	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.ParseException</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
<u>sd</u> : SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy")	Holds the String format de-
	sired for returnDate
- <u>returnDate</u> : String	Holds the patient's date of
	return to referral hospital
$- DATE\_FORMAT$ : String = "01/01/2000"	Lower bound for date range
	check
$-\underline{\text{now}}: \text{String} = \text{sd.format}(\text{new Date}())$	Holds current Date as a
	String, used for range check
+ < <constructor>&gt; ReferHospitalReturnDate()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setReturnDate</u> (rhrDate: Date) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation
+ getReturnDate() : String	Returns returnDate vari-
	able

ReferralDate	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.ParseException</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.text.SimpleDateFormat</import>	
< <import>&gt; java.util.Date</import>	
$\underline{sd}: Simple Date Format = new Simple Date Format ("dd/mm/yyyy")$	Holds the String format desired for referDate
<u>st</u> : SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("HH:mm")	Holds the String format desired for referTime
$\underline{\operatorname{sdt}}$ : SimpleDateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("dd/mm/yyyy	Holds the String format de-
HH:mm")	sired for referDateTime
- <u>referDate</u> : String	Holds the patient's referral
	date
$- \underline{DATE\_FORMAT} : String = "01/01/2000"$	Lower bound for date range
	check
$- \underline{\text{now}} : \text{Date} = \text{new Date}()$	Holds current Date, used for
	range check
+ < <constructor>&gt; ReferralDate()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
$+ \underline{\text{setDateTime}}() : Boolean$	Returns true if both dates
	passed validation
$+ \underline{\text{setReferralDate}}(\text{rDate} : \text{Date}) : \text{Boolean}$	Returns true if Date param-
	eter passes validation
$+ \underline{\text{setReferralTime}}(\text{rTime} : \text{Date}) : \text{Boolean}$	Returns true if Time param-
	eter passes validation
$+ \underline{\text{getDateTime}}() : \text{String}$	Returns referDateTime
	variable
$+ \underline{\text{getReferralDate}}() : \text{String}$	Returns referDate variable
+ getReferralTime() : String	Returns referTime variable

ReferralHospital	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.DemographicsAdmission	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- <u>referralId</u> : String	Holds the patient's Refer-
	ralHospital
$+ VAL\_LENGTH$ : Short = 3	Holds the maximum length
	for referralId
+ < <constructor>&gt; ReferralHospital()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ <u>setReferralIdentifier</u> (rId : String) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getReferralIdentifier() : String	Returns referralID

ReperfusionNotGiven	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.InitialReperfusion	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- reperfusionNotGiven : Byte	Holds the short code for
	reason reperfusion was not
	given
- <u>rNotGivenLongCode</u> : String	Holds the long code asso-
	ciated with reperfusionNot-
	Given
+ < <constructor>&gt; ReperfusionNotGiven()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setReperfusionNotGiven(rNotGiven : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getReperfusionNotGiven() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code as-
	sociated with Reperfusion-
	NotGiven variable

ReturnExpected	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Angiography	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- returnExpected : Boolean = false	Holds a boolean value, re-
	veals items on UI
+ < <constructor>&gt; ReturnExpected()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setReturnExpected(admASTEMI : Boolean) : Boolean	Sets, then returns returnEx-
	pected
+ getReturnExpected() : String	Returns a String value of re-
	turnExpected

SmokingStatus	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.MedicalHistory	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- smokingStatus : Byte	Holds the short code for pa-
	tient's smoking status
- smokingStatusLongCode : String	Holds the long code associ-
	ated with smokingStatus
+ < <constructor>&gt; SmokingStatus()</constructor>	Sets the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setSmokingStatus(sStatus : Byte) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation rules
+ getSmokingStatus() : String	Returns the selected short
	code and corresponding
	long code as a String
+ getLongCode() : String	Returns the long code asso-
	ciated with smokingStatus
	variable

SystolicBP	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Examinations	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- systolicBP : Double	Holds the patient's systolic
	blood pressure
+ < <constructor>&gt; SystolicBP()</constructor>	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setSystolicBP(sBP : Double) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation
+ getSystolicBP() : String	Returns systolicBP

Value	<<superclass $>>$
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model	
- id : String	Will contain the dataset
	field value for each field
	class
- notes : String	Will contain the field de-
	scription for each class
- notesTitle : String	Will hold the title for
	tooltips used in the UI
- isValid : Boolean	To be used in future net-
	working endeavors
- isComplete : Boolean	To be used in future net-
	working endeavors
+ << constructor>> Value (id : String, notes : String)	Called and populated from
	field class declarations
+ < <constructor>&gt; Value (id : String, notes : String, notesTitle :</constructor>	Called and populated from
String)	field class declarations
+ isValidated(): Boolean	Getter method for isValid
	variable
+ isCompleted(): Boolean	Getter method for isCom-
	plete variable
$+ \operatorname{getId}() : \operatorname{String}$	Getter method for id vari-
	able
+ getNotes() : String	Getter method for notes
	variable
+ getNotesTitle() : String	Getter method for notesTi-
	tle variable

Weight	< <extends value="">&gt;</extends>
~com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.values.Examinations	
< <import>&gt; com.ucl.appteam7.minapmobile.model.Value</import>	
- weight : Double	Holds the patient's weight
+ << constructor>> Weight()	Set the appropriate super-
	class values
+ setWeight(w : Double) : Boolean	Returns true if parameter
	passes validation
+ getWeight() : String	Returns weight

## **B** Client Communication

Our first contact with the client was on Monday 28th October, with a short meeting outlining the aims of the MINAP project the following day. We have had 3 meetings with the client and other members of MINAP/NICOR so far. All meetings have been recorded (audio) with the consent of those present. A brief summary of the people present and key talking points are outlined below.

## B.1 Project Introduction & Requirements (1/11/13)

### B.1.1 Meeting Agenda

To get a clear understanding of the project requirements, and to hammer down a realistic project specification that can be delivered within 3 months.

### **B.1.2** People Present

App Team 7, Lucia Gavalova (Project Manager), Fabian D'Souza (Server Admin), Owen Nicholas, "Tech-guy"

#### B.1.3 Discussion

- 1. Feasibility of creating a mobile app from the current web app
  - (a) Tech-guy suggests that it is likely that XPages (open-source javascript framework used for business solutions) is the only way of creating an app
  - (b) Tech-guy has no idea if the Domino server housing the MINAP data can be accessed via mobile, though suggests XPages as a starting point
- 2. Fabian called in to hopefully get better ideas on how to implement a mobile solution working with the current technology stack
  - (a) Recommends looking at using IBM Lotus Notes (client software to Domino server) as an intermediary for the app
  - (b) Suggests that Java could theoretically be used by including a notes.jar file which allows the development of a Lotus Notes plug-in
  - (c) Promises to send relevant links that may help with finding a solution
- 3. Owen and tech-guy suggests that the validation of 130 values of the MINAP dataset will definitely take more than 3 months.

#### B.1.4 Outcomes

We were thoroughly confused after the meeting with regards to the Domino Server. Fabian did send the e-mail but it only served to confuse even further. We however decided to spend some time researching on the possible ways to communicate with this legacy technology. Lucia provided us with documents containing the full set of data values and validations rules for us to understand. We also provided details to gain access to MINAPs development server to have access to the current web application - this was only processed 2 weeks later.

## B.2 UI Feedback (15/11/13)

### B.2.1 Meeting Agenda

To obtain client feedback on our preliminary UI, clarify confusions about the MI-NAP dataset, validation, and use. The target platform needed to be locked down.

#### B.2.2 People Present

App Team 7, Lucia Gavalova

#### B.2.3 Discussion

- 1. Marco David Corrales presented the UI sketches to Lucia
  - (a) Lucia is happy with the proposal of a design similar to the current web app
  - (b) Mentions that the search functionality can just mirror the simple search in the current web app
  - (c) Requests that a tutorial for non-techie users
  - (d) David notes down minor comments on UI sketches
- 2. Team requests a simplified version of the navigation map (and by extension, the 130 value dataset)
  - (a) Lucia informs us of her initial motivation for a MINAP mobile app
    - i. Mobile app serves as a starting point for medical staff to create a record for patients eligible to be monitored through MINAP when visiting non-cardiac wards
    - ii. This helps alleviate the current problem of having positively skewed outcomes as the current patients being recorded are in specialist wards, and more likely to receive treatment when needed

- (b) The mobile app could therefore exist with just a subset of the functionality of the existing web app
- 3. Lucia requests an auto-save feature like Microsoft Word to allow sessions to be resumed later within the same day
- 4. Amer Kamil Zainal requests if a survey could be designed to get a solid feel of the target audiences primary mobile operating system
  - (a) Lucia agrees Kamil promises to design survey

#### **B.2.4** Outcomes

We managed to come to a mutual agreement that the mobile app could serve its main purpose by implementing only a subset of the total MINAP dataset. Lucia promised to send a document detailing the exact values that would need to be included to fulfil this requirement - the document was received some time after the next meeting. A flow diagram of the survey was completed and handed over to Lucia at the next meeting.

## B.3 Developer Session (20/11/13)

### B.3.1 Meeting Agenda

To understand how the current web app works and how it interacts with the Domino Server; to hand over the device survey flow chart for critique and deployment on SurveyMonkey.

#### B.3.2 People Present

App Team 7, Lucia Gavalova, Sue Manuel (Developer), Fabian D'Souza

#### B.3.3 Discussion

- 1. Sue informs that the web app is made in Javascript, running on top of a Lotus Notes form (in turn, running on the Domino Server)
- 2. The Javascript methods use the Lotus Notes interface to retrieve data from the database
- 3. Sue mistakenly tells that validation of values is all server-side a major setback if correct

- 4. Fabian called in to verify server-side validation claims validation is client-side
- 5. Team request to have a copy of client-side validation code to cross-check with the data validation documents given
- 6. Discussion with Fabian regarding connecting to Domino Server
  - (a) Team confirms research on how to communicate with Domino Server is correct
    - i. The Domino Server allows the creation of a web service (consumer and provider)
    - ii. This would make the server be compatible with any application that can consume a web service
  - (b) Fabian however insists that making our app communicate with a Domino Server is not a key priority, and that spinning off another web server (e.g. Apache + Microsoft SQL Server) with a similar web service capabilities will satisfy the requirements
- 7. Device survey flow diagram presented and accepted as is by Lucia

### B.3.4 Outcomes

The team is now confident in delivering an application with the scaled-down specifications (fewer than 130 validations and Domino Server compatibility not being a priority). A link to the SurveyMonkey device survey was sent to the team, pending approval (by the team). However, due to the reduction of requirements occurring so close to the first report milestone (24/11/13), the team was unable to fully capture this more manageable system in Java.

## **B.4** Device Survey

Draft proposal: To determine how many target medical personnel own smartphones (or considering purchase in the near future), and would use it in a work setting. + find out specific OS and screen sizes via requesting visit of a site on their mobile (loaded with Google Analytics).

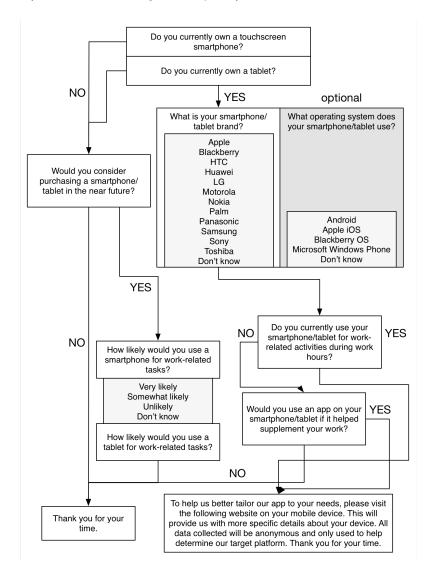


Figure 1: Initial survey flow

It was decided through client feedback that the survey flow logic could be replaced with a simple one-page linear survey due to the straightforward nature of the questions. The contents of the final survey are below.

# ${\bf Final~Survey} {\bf Monkey~Survey}$

	(a) Smartphone only
	(b) Tablet only
	(c) Smartphone and tablet
	(d) Neither
2. V	Vould you consider purchasing a smartphone/tablet in the near future
	(a) Yes
	(b) No
3. V	What is your smartphone/tablet brand?
	(a) Apple
	(b) Blackberry
	(c) HTC
	(d) Huawei
	(e) LG
	(f) Motorola
	(g) Nokia
	(h) Palm
	(i) Panasonic
	(j) Samsung
	(k) Sony
	(l) Toshiba
(	m) Other (please specify)
4. V	What operating system does your smartphone/tablet use (if known)?
	(a) Android
	(b) Apple iOS
	(c) Blackberry OS

 $1.\ \,$  Do you currently own a touch screen smartphone or a tablet?

(d) Microsoft Windows Phone

	(e)	Other (please specify)
5.		ou currently use your smartphone/tablet for work-related activities durwork hours?
	. ,	Yes No
6.		ld you use an app on your smartphone/tablet if it helped supplement work?
	( )	Yes No
7.	How	likely would you be to use a smartphone for work-related tasks?
	(b) (c)	Very likely Somewhat likely Unlikely Don't know
8.	How	likely would you be to use a tablet for work-related tasks?
	(b) (c)	Very likely Somewhat likely Unlikely Don't know
9.	webs us w anor	nelp us better tailor our app to your needs, please visit the following site on your mobile device http://goo.gl/KEevis. This will provide with more specific details about your device. All data collected will be hymous and only used to help determine our target platform. Please feel to add any comments.

C Internal Meetings and Documentation