$$A \in \mathbb{R}^{3\times3\times2}$$
,  $a_{ijk} = i-j+k$ 

$$k=0$$
 Aijo i  $\begin{cases} 0 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \end{cases}$ 

Thorpa! 
$$A(r) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ -2 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A(3) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(6) reach 
$$A_{(2)} = 2$$
 ( $A_{(1)_3} = 2A_{(1)_4} - A_{(1)_1}$ )  
reach  $A_{(2)} = 2$  ( $A_{(2)_3} = 2A_{(2)_2} - A_{(2)_1}$ )

(C) Havingeres operarous resucce pay sepure

1) 
$$U_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} / \sqrt{2}$$

$$U_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} - (-\sqrt{12} \cdot 2) \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \sqrt{12} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 0 & 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

2) Augusturces, 
$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 7/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 0 & 1/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

3) 
$$W = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

При законательстве существований разножений Таккера в сиугае оригопори. бирисов зопартванось  $uu \circ o = [A; u^{T}, V^{T}, w^{T}]$ 

Marga, empasseprenso enegyrongee! Que UTAO (WTE) VT) = = uTAO(W@V)

$$W \otimes V = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 0 & 7/\sqrt{3} \\ -1/\sqrt{2} & 7/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} V & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} & 0 & -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{3} & 1/\sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}, \ A_0 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} V & O \\ O & V \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{3} & 1/\sqrt{3} \\ 0 & V \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} & -\sqrt{2} \\ \sqrt{3} & 0 & -\sqrt{3} & 2\sqrt{3} & \sqrt{3} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} V & 0 \\ 0 & V \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\sqrt{6} & 0 & -\sqrt{6} \\ 0 & 0 & \sqrt{6} & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

3uanum, 
$$C \in \mathbb{R}^{2r2r2}$$
;  $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\sqrt{6} \\ \sqrt{6} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\sqrt{6} \\ \sqrt{6} & 3 \end{bmatrix}$   
 $C[1,1,0]$   $C[1,1,1]$ .

Mongreure paynomenne Marnepe A=[a; 4, V, w] ueruerue de do la concercium parizaciei:

20 = 20uk (Ao) = 2 Q E/R 20×21×22

$$21 = 20 \text{ cek}(A_1) = 2$$

Зарашие 2

A = UTU\* - pagnoncemente Mypa Mœuve payeonceure Mypa pur B=ADI + IOX l'energe!

B = ABI + I BA = ( B uu \*) + (uu \* BA) =

= (uTu\* &uu\*) + (uu\* & uTu\*) = (uT & 4)(u\* &us) +

+ (u@uT)(u\* @u\*) = (u@u)(T@I)(u\* @u\*) +

+ (UBU)(IBT)(U\*&U\*) = (UBU)(TBI+IBT)(U\*BU\*)

Josepher B = (UØ4)(TØI+ IØT)(U\* ØU^) = = (UOU)(TOI+IOT)(UOU)\* - payuone-e querapuers sepxuerpeyz

ACRUMA, more

(a) Moragaro, ruo A monero upubecr, r R ge 2. mu² - \frac{2}{3} u^3 + O(mu)

 $f = \frac{\alpha}{11 \, \alpha 112} \, O(u) \, \text{ouepaigneil}$ 

2)  $V_1 = \frac{e - f/|a||_2 e_1}{e_1}$ O(us) ouepargue 11 a - j 11 all 2 e 1 ll 2

3) Thumemsees nampury Yourexongepe

A - (QV1) (V1 A)

(1) 2Vi; u ouepargues

(2) Va A: 2mu-u onepoegue (1xu) (mxu)

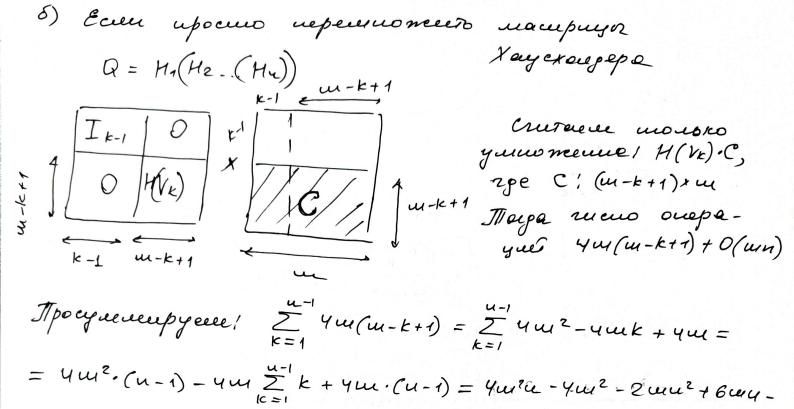
(3) (2V1) · (V1 A); m.u onepaequel (m×1) (1×n)

(4) A - (2V1)(V1 A): une onepargues

Uner! in + duce - in + went wer = | que + me-m

ч) Значем, создеть и применеть манерису Хонускойде-

pa H(V1) un nomere ja 4mm + O(m). Cuegyorquees gééciberen ma sypéres yunomento me recupersy  $H_2 = \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ H(V_2) \end{bmatrix}$ , see  $H(V_2)$  represent your  $H(V_2)$ \* manepuse paymepe (m-1) x (u-1), quant main nompedgenien 4(m-1)(n-1) + O(m) generale. Been maker pererone sysème n, mocymenspyens Bce! 4 2 (u-k)(u-k) + O(u) = 4 2 mu - k(u+u)+ k2+ O(u)=  $= 4 \left( u^{2}u - (n+u) \sum_{k=0}^{4} k + \sum_{k=0}^{4} k^{2} \right) + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} + u - (n+u) \cdot \frac{u^{2} + u}{u^{2} + u} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(u+1)(2u+1)} \right) + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} \cdot u - \frac{1}{2} \left[ u^{3} + u \cdot u^{2} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(u+1)(2u+1)} \right] + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} \cdot u - \frac{1}{2} \left[ u^{3} + u \cdot u^{2} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(u+1)(2u+1)} \right] + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} \cdot u - \frac{1}{2} \left[ u^{3} + u \cdot u^{2} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(u+1)(2u+1)(2u+1)} \right] + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} \cdot u - \frac{1}{2} \left[ u^{3} + u \cdot u^{2} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(u+1)(2u+1)(2u+1)} \right] + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} \cdot u - \frac{1}{2} \left[ u^{3} + u \cdot u^{2} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(u+1)(2u+1)(2u+1)(2u+1)} \right] + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} \cdot u - \frac{1}{2} \left[ u^{3} + u \cdot u^{2} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(u+1)(2u+1)(2u+1)(2u+1)(2u+1)} \right] + O(u) = 4 \left( n^{2} \cdot u - \frac{1}{2} \left[ u^{3} + u \cdot u^{2} + \frac{u^{2} + u}{u(2u+1)$ + n2 + une] + = [ 2u3 + 2u2 + u2 + n]) + 0(u) = = 4 ( n² m - \frac{1}{2} u^3 - \frac{1}{2} n² m + \frac{1}{3} u^3) + O(mu) = 2 n² m - \frac{2}{3} u^3 + O(mu)  $\delta) Q = [Q_1 Q_2] \begin{bmatrix} I \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{H_1 H_2 \dots H_n}_{Q} \begin{bmatrix} I \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$   $u \times u \qquad u \times u$ Unosa nonymes nampley Q, sygéres ynnoments crebe nampley  $\begin{bmatrix} I \\ O \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$  ne nampleya Layerougepe, namure c Hu T.k. manipulse  $H_K = \begin{bmatrix} I_{K-1} \\ H(V_{IC}) \end{bmatrix}$  - Shormer e едишники блоком, то чами потребуемся рестьno greno ne cer morero ne nampusy H(VIC) Marcol puep un ynce crutacie! 47 (m-k+1)(u-k+1) = = 4 Z (m-k)(u-k) = .. = 2 u2m - = 3+0(mu) 1



4m2m + 0(mm2) = 0(m3)

```
3apanue 4
         1) Trokaneeu, rue B(x)=(xI+A*A)~A* 3 + a>0
       UTOSO suro norajaro, infresquerces eccus garagoiro
    nesorponegeenoco (aI+A*A). Tycus A=UZV*
                  aI+ (VZ*U*)(UZV*) = a. V V*+ VZeV* =
       = V(aI+Ze)V*
            det (aI+A*A) = det (V(aI+Z²)V*) = det (VV*). det(aI+Ze)
 u.k. \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_1^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_2^2} \alpha dt, \alpha I + \Sigma^2 = \int_{\alpha}^{\alpha + G_
                  =) det(aI+A*A)>0 @
2) Yourder jakeyanes, uno B(a) - At upy a - +0,
       nokameer, we //B(x)-A+//2-0 upy d-+0
         // (aI+A*A)-'A*-A+//2=//(V(aI+Z2)V*)~VZ*U*-VZ+U*//=
    = || V*(aI+Z²) Z*u*-VZ+u*||a= || V((aI+Z²) Z*-Z+)u*||a=
    = || (aI+z2)-12*-2+1/2 =
                                                              parcenoupeur org nampung & u newspèce
                                                                                                                                              cè empure cum. rucuo
          S = \left[\begin{array}{c} \alpha + G_1^2 \\ \alpha + G_2^2 \\ \alpha \end{array}\right]^{-1} \left[\begin{array}{c} G_1 \\ G_2 \\ 0 \end{array}\right] = \left[\begin{array}{c} 7/G_2 \\ 0 \end{array}\right]
                                  = \begin{bmatrix} G_{1}/\alpha + G_{1}^{2} & & & \\ & G_{2}/\alpha + G_{2}^{2} & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ 
                           = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha/\sigma_1(\alpha+\sigma_1)^2 \\ \frac{1}{\sigma_2(\alpha+\sigma_2)^2} \end{bmatrix}, \text{ Thouseum, runo} \\ \frac{1}{\sigma_k(\alpha+\sigma_k)^2} \end{bmatrix}
\to 0 \text{ upy } \alpha \to 0,
\text{guaruny, } B(\alpha) \to A^+ \text{ upu } a \to 0.
```

```
30 pourre 5
   (a) A = aat + C diag(a)
 Ax = a(a^{7}x) + c^{-2}(diap(a))x
C^{-2} = \left[F_{u}^{-1} diap(F_{u}c)F_{y}\right]^{-2} =
  = [Fu" diap (Fuc) "Fu]2 =
        O(u) = Fu dieng (Fuc) Fu · Fu dieng (Fuc) Fu =
                       = Fu (diag (Fuc)) = Fu
2 Fu'(diesp(Fuc))-2 Fu dicep(e)x
                    nongener Berenop wx1.
  3uacres, reno Fry moncen upony sopreso ge O(nlogu),
 и.к. это быствое пр-е Рурос, спове полученя
         bekenop nos1.
  (diag(Fuc))<sup>-2</sup> mone crumouenten ga O(ulopu) + O(u)
ymnome-e

-2

u F, '4 mome sa O(ulopa)

Fuc
4 Fu'y mome ja O(uloga)
(copennée up-e Pypse)
Umoro bard cero neceoèté O(ulopu)
 (δ). Theremoreum x∈ RP2, κακ νec(y), ye y∈RPxp.
 Morge Ax = Ix + (BBB)vec(y) = Ix + vec(ByBJ).
 Paceuroupuu BYBT: By OCP
                           (BY) BT 0(B3)
                          Pxp Pxp
Зистем, имогован споженосто - 0(p3) = 0(и3/2).
```