Donaueue japanne 4

1. Flocusacies, rever syster posser i-vil succurres l'une posser i en successore.

$$y_i = \frac{u}{j-1} e_{ij} \cdot x_j (1+\epsilon)^{u+2-j}$$

Tocrutaire uperery our or !

$$\frac{\|\hat{f}(x) - f(x)\|}{\|f(x)\|} = \frac{\|\sum_{j=1}^{n} a_{ij} x_{j} (1 + \varepsilon)^{n+2-j} - a_{ij} x_{j} \|}{\|f(x)\|} =$$

$$= \frac{\|\vec{\Sigma} \cdot \alpha_{ij} \cdot x_{j} \left((1+\epsilon)^{u+2-j} - i \right)\|}{\|f(x)\|} \leq \frac{\|\vec{\Sigma} \cdot \alpha_{ij} \cdot x_{j} \left((u+2-j)\epsilon + O(\epsilon)^{2} \right)\|}{\|f(x)\|} \leq$$

$$\leq \frac{\|f(x)\|}{\|f(x)\|} \leq \frac{\|f(x)\|}{\|f(x)\|} = \frac{\|(u+1)E + O(E^2)\| \cdot \|f(x)\|}{\|f(x)\|} = \frac{\|f(x)\|}{\|f(x)\|}$$

$$= (u+i) \mathcal{E}_{u} + O(\mathcal{E}_{u}^{2}) = O(\mathcal{E}_{u})$$

Hourseen offerrageo!

$$\sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_{ij} X_{j} (1+\varepsilon)^{n+2-j} = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \alpha_{ij} X_{j}$$

$$\frac{\|x - \hat{x}\|}{\|x\|} = \frac{\|x_j - x_j(1 + \epsilon)^{u+2-j}\|}{\|x\|} = \frac{\|x_j(1 - (1 + \epsilon)^{u+2-j}\|}{\|x_j\|} \le$$

$$\leq \frac{11 \times i((u+z-i)\varepsilon + o(\varepsilon^2))11}{11 \times i1} \leq \frac{11 \times i((u+1)\varepsilon + o(\varepsilon^2))11}{11 \times i1} =$$

$$= \left[(u+1) \mathcal{E} + \mathcal{O}(\mathcal{E}^2) \right] \frac{|| \times ||}{|| \times ||} = (u+1) \mathcal{E}_{\mathsf{M}}^+ \mathcal{O}(\mathcal{E}_{\mathsf{M}}^2) = \mathcal{O}(\mathcal{E}_{\mathsf{M}})$$

3 apanne 3

0-mos sup cond(f, x) = cond(A)

0-60: 1) Af(x)=x =) f(x)=A-1x

2) $coud(f,x) = \frac{\|df(x)\|}{\|f(x)\|} \|x\| = \frac{\|A^{-1}\|}{\|A\dot{x}\|} \cdot \|x\| = \frac{\|A^{-1}\|}{\|A\dot{x}\|} \cdot \|AA^{-1}x\| \le$

< \(\frac{|| A''||}{|| A'' x ||} \cdot || A || \cdot || A'' x || = || A'' || \cdot || A || = \could (A)

3) Dokameur, mus nepærenetos //Alla·//A'X//2 ///AA'X//2 momet offereroed & persenetos

1/A//2 = On (A)

Paceuro inpuerer U1 4 V1 - even. Denniopa, 1141/2=11/1/2=1

A V1 = G1 U1 => V1 = G1 A-141)

 $(x = u_1) =$ $||A||_2 \cdot ||A^{-1}u_1||_2 = G_1 \cdot ||V_1||_2 \cdot G_1 = ||V_1||_2 = ||V_1||_2 = 1$ = p- ao g octuraleres, quares

sup eoud (f,x) = coud (A)

3 aprenue 4

 $\frac{\|(A+E)^{T}-A^{T}\|}{\|A^{T}\|} = \frac{\|(I+A^{T}E)^{T}A^{T}-A^{T}\|}{\|A^{T}\|} = \frac{\|((I+A^{T}E)^{T}-I)A^{T}\|}{\|A^{T}\|} \leq \frac{\|(I+A^{T}E)^{T}-IA^{T}\|}{\|A^{T}\|} \leq \frac{\|(I+A^{T}E)^{T}-IA^{T}\|}{\|A^$

 $\leq \frac{\|(I+A^{-\prime}E)^{-\prime}-I\|\cdot\|A^{-\prime}\|}{\|A^{-\prime}\|} = \|(I+A^{-\prime}E)^{-\prime}-(I+A^{-\prime}E)^{-\prime}(I+A^{-\prime}E)\| = I$

= || (I+A'E)'(I-(I+A'E))|| = ||(I+A'E)'||.||A'||.||E|| =

< / w.k. 11 Ell < 1/All no cb- ay 11 (I-A) 11 = 1111 / =

3 apanue 5 | dy = Ay | dt = Ay | y(0) = yo $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ Banneture, mi A 2k+1 = A 4 & 2k = I y = e * + yo $e^{At} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(tA)^k}{k!} \Theta \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{t^{2k} \cdot I}{(2k)!} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{t^{2k+1} \cdot A}{(2k+1)!} =$ $= cht I + 84t \cdot A = \begin{bmatrix} e^{x} + e^{-x} & 0 & e^{x} - e^{-x} \\ 0 & 2e^{x} & 0 \\ e^{x} - e^{-x} & 0 & e^{x} + e^{-x} \end{bmatrix}, \frac{1}{2}$ $y(1) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{1} + e^{-1} & 0 & e^{1} - e^{-1} \\ 0 & 2e & 0 \\ e^{-e^{-1}} & 0 & e^{+} e^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} y_{1} \\ y_{2} \\ y_{3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} / 2$ $\begin{bmatrix}
e + e & 0 & e - e & 2 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
e - e & 0 & e + e & 0
\end{bmatrix} \rightarrow
\begin{bmatrix}
y_1 \\
y_2 \\
y_3
\end{bmatrix} =
\begin{bmatrix}
e + e \\
0
\end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} - (e + e)(e - e) = 0$ Our Beur! $y_0 = \begin{cases} \frac{e^2+1}{2e} \\ 0 \\ -\frac{e^2-1}{2e} \end{cases}$ 3 apaulle 6 A = [Q CT] = (Ruxu, Se (Ru-)x(u-1) $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{9}B & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} Q & C^{T} \\ B & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Q & C^{T} \\ 0 & Q - \frac{1}{9}BC^{T} \end{bmatrix}$

Let (A') = Let (BA) = Let (B). Let (A) = Let (A)

Trougreeur, rue oupepererrere u-yor ne njuliuras

(A marme, ne njuliures n bee marking numbers

n.k. B - manpiega scient. up-mi)

nebaponegeen. $\det(A'')>0$ ***

Occurações perayeirs, ruas det $(A'')_{k}>0$ *** k+1 $\det(A')_{k+1}=a\cdot\det(A'')_{k}$. (m.r. eers yrou uyues) $\det(A')_{k+1}=\det(A)_{k+1}$

=> det(A")k>0 4k @