Figures for Chapter 4

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```
fig4.1 <-
function (){
    size10 <- list(fontsize=list(text=10, points=6))</pre>
    print(round(cor(nihills), 2))
    splom(nihills, par.settings=size10)
fig4.2 <-
function ()
    size10 <- list(fontsize=list(text=10, points=6))</pre>
    lognihills <- log(nihills[,1:4])</pre>
    names(lognihills) <- c("ldist", "lclim", "ltim", "ltimf")</pre>
    print(round(cor(lognihills), 2))
    vnam <- paste("log(", names(nihills)[1:4], ")", sep="")</pre>
    splom(lognihills, pscales=0, varnames=vnam, par.settings=size10)
}
fig4.3 <-
function (obj=lognigrad.lm, mfrow=c(1,2))
    opar <- par(mfrow=mfrow)</pre>
    termplot(obj, col.term="gray", partial=TRUE,
             col.res="black", smooth=panel.smooth)
    par(opar)
}
fig4.4 <-
function (obj=lognigrad.lm, mfrow=c(1,4)){
    opar <- par(mfrow=mfrow, pty="s",</pre>
                mgp=c(2.25,.5,0), mar=c(3.6,3.6,2.1,0.6))
    plot(obj, cex.lab=1.4)
    par(opar)
}
fig4.5 <-
function (obj=lognigrad.lm, mfrow=c(1,4), nsim=10){
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```
opar \leftarrow par(mfrow=mfrow, mgp=c(2.25,.5,0), pty="s",
                 mar=c(3.6,3.6, 2.1, 0.6))
    y <- simulate(obj, nsim=nsim)
    ## Look only at the first simulation
    lognisim1.lm \leftarrow lm(y[, 1] \sim ldist + lgradient, data=lognihills)
    plot(lognisim1.lm, cex.lab=1.4)
    par(opar)
    invisible(y)
}
fig4.6 <-
function (obj=lognihills.lm2)
    opar \leftarrow par(mfrow=c(1,4), mgp=c(2.25,.5,0), pty="s",
                 mar=c(3.6,3.6, 2.1, 0.6))
    plot(lognigrad.lm2, cex.lab=1.4)
    par(opar)
}
fig4.7 <-
function (obj=lognigrad.lm)
    ## The following generates a matrix of 23 rows (observations)
    ## by 1000 sets of simulated responses
    simlogniY <- simulate(obj, nsim=1000)</pre>
    \#\# Extract the QR decomposition of the model matrix
    qr <- obj$qr
    ## For each column of simlogniY, calculate regression coefficients
    bmat <- qr.coef(qr, simlogniY)</pre>
    bDF <- as.data.frame(t(bmat))</pre>
    names(bDF) <- c("Intercept", "coef_logdist", "coef_lgradient")</pre>
    gph <- densityplot(~Intercept+coef_logdist+coef_lgradient, data=bDF,</pre>
                        outer=TRUE, scales="free", plot.points=NA,
                        panel=function(x, ...){
                             panel.densityplot(x, ...)
                             ci \leftarrow quantile(x, c(.025, .975))
                             panel.abline(v=ci, col="gray")
                        }
                        )
    gph
}
fig4.8 <-
function (plotit=TRUE)
library(DAAG)
with(rice, interaction.plot(x.factor=fert,
```

```
trace.factor=variety,
                             ShootDryMass,
                              cex.lab=1.4))
}
fig4.9 <-
function (plotit=TRUE)
    ## Panel A
    gph <- xyplot(tempDiff ~ vapPress, groups=CO2level, data = leaftemp,</pre>
                   auto.key=list(columns=3), ylab="", aspect=1,
                   cex.main=0.75,
                   par.settings=simpleTheme(pch=c(2,1,6), lty=1:3))
    hat1 <- predict(lm(tempDiff ~ vapPress, data = leaftemp))</pre>
    gph1 <- gph+layer(panel.xyplot(x, hat1, type="l", col.line=1, ...))</pre>
    hat2 <- predict(lm(tempDiff ~ vapPress + CO2level, data = leaftemp))</pre>
    gph2 <- gph+layer(panel.xyplot(x, hat2, type="1", ...))</pre>
    ## Panel C
    hat3 <- predict(lm(tempDiff ~ vapPress * CO2level, data = leaftemp))
    gph3 <- gph+layer(panel.xyplot(x, hat3, type="1", ...))</pre>
    maintxt <- c(as.call(~ vapPress),</pre>
                 as.call(~ vapPress + CO2level),
                  as.call(~ vapPress*CO2level))
    gph1 <- update(gph1, main=deparse(maintxt[[1]]), ylab="tempDiff")</pre>
    gph2 <- update(gph2, main=deparse(maintxt[[2]]))</pre>
    gph3 <- update(gph3, main=deparse(maintxt[[3]]))</pre>
    if(plotit){
        print(gph1, position=c(0,0,.36,1))
        print(gph2, position=c(0.34,0,.68,1), newpage=FALSE)
        print(gph3, position=c(0.66,0,1,1), newpage=FALSE)
    invisible(list(gph1, gph2, gph3))
}
fig4.10 <-
function ()
    if(!exists('meuse'))stop("Dataset 'meuse' must be available")
    opar <- par(cex=1.25, mar=rep(1.5,4))
    if(!require(car))
        stop("Package 'car' must be installed")
    spm(~ lead+elev+dist+jitter(unclass(ffreq)) | soil,
        col=adjustcolor(rep("black",3), alpha.f=0.5),
        var.labels=c("lead", "elev", "dist", "jitter(ffreq)"),
        data=meuse, cex.labels=1.5, reg.line=NA)
```

```
par(opar)
}
fig4.11 <-
function ()
{
    if(!exists('meuse'))stop("Dataset 'meuse' must be available")
    if(!require(car))
        stop("Package 'car' must be installed")
    meuse$ffreq <- factor(meuse$ffreq)</pre>
    meuse$soil <- factor(meuse$soil)</pre>
    meuse.lm <- lm(log(lead) ~ elev + dist + ffreq + soil, data=meuse)</pre>
    opar \leftarrow par(mfrow=c(1,4), mar=c(3.1,3.1,2.6,0.6))
    termplot(meuse.lm, partial=TRUE, smooth=panel.smooth)
    par(opar)
}
fig4.12 <-
function (data=Electricity)
    if(!require(car))stop("Package 'car' must be installed")
    spm(Electricity, smooth=TRUE, reg.line=NA, cex.labels=1.5,
        col=adjustcolor(rep("black",3), alpha.f=0.5))
}
fig4.13 <-
function (data=log(Electricity[,1:2]), varlabs = c("log(cost)", "log(q)"))
    if(!require(car))stop("Package 'car' must be installed")
    spm(data, var.labels=varlabs, smooth=TRUE, reg.line=NA,
    col=adjustcolor(rep("black",3), alpha.f=0.5))
}
fig4.14 <-
function (obj=elec.lm, mfrow=c(2,4))
    opar \leftarrow par(mfrow=mfrow, mar=c(3.1,3.1,1.6,0.6), mgp=c(2,0.5,0))
    termplot(obj, partial=T, smooth=panel.smooth)
    par(opar)
}
fig4.15 <-
function (obj=elec2xx.lm, mfrow=c(1,4)){
    opar \leftarrow par(mfrow=mfrow, mgp=c(2.25,.5,0), pty="s",
                mar=c(3.6,3.6, 2.1, 0.6))
    plot(obj, cex.lab=1.4)
    par(opar)
}
```

```
fig4.16 <-
 function (){
     library(DAAG)
     library(splines)
     set.seed(37)
                    # Use to reproduce graph that is shown
     bsnVaryNvar(m=100, nvar=3:50, nvmax=3)
 }
 library(MASS)
 library(DAAG)
 library(lattice)
 fig4.1()
         dist climb time timef gradient
dist
         1.00 0.91 0.97 0.95
                                    0.03
climb
         0.91 1.00 0.97 0.96
                                    0.40
         0.97 0.97 1.00 1.00
                                    0.20
time
         0.95 0.96 1.00 1.00
                                   0.19
timef
gradient 0.03 0.40 0.20 0.19
                                   1.00
 fig4.2()
      ldist lclim ltim ltimf
ldist 1.00 0.78 0.95 0.93
lclim 0.78 1.00 0.92 0.92
      0.95 0.92 1.00 0.99
ltimf 0.93 0.92 0.99 1.00
 fig4.3()
 nihills[,"gradient"] <- with(nihills, climb/dist)</pre>
 lognihills <- log(nihills)</pre>
 names(lognihills) <- paste("1", names(nihills), sep="")</pre>
 lognigrad.lm <- lm(ltime ~ ldist + lgradient, data=lognihills)</pre>
 round(coef(lognigrad.lm),3)
(Intercept)
                  ldist
                          lgradient
     -4.961
                  1.147
                              0.466
 fig4.4()
 fig4.5()
 lognigrad.lm2 <- lm(ltime ~ poly(ldist, 2, raw=TRUE) + lgradient,</pre>
                 data=lognihills)
 fig4.6()
 fig4.7()
 fig4.8()
 fig4.9()
 if(!exists('meuse')){
```

```
if(!require(sp))stop("Need package 'sp', to obtain dataset 'meuse")
    data(meuse)
}
meuse$ffreq <- factor(meuse$ffreq)</pre>
meuse$soil <- factor(meuse$soil)</pre>
fig4.10()
fig4.11()
library(Ecdat)
data(Electricity)
fig4.12()
fig4.13()
\verb|elec.lm| <- lm(log(cost) ~^{\sim} log(q) + pl + sl + pk + sk + pf + sf, \ data = Electricity)|
fig4.14()
elec2xx.lm \leftarrow lm(log(cost) \sim log(q) * (pl + sl) + pf,
                   data = Electricity)
fig4.15()
fig4.16()
```