

Cross-Layer Resource Allocation with elastic service scaling in Cloud Radio access network

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Assumption

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$$\mu_i, c_i > \lambda_i$$

$$\varphi_i(\mu_i) \geq 0, \forall \mu_i$$

$\varphi_i(\mu_i)$ is a convex and increasing function of μ_i

- μ_i service rate
- c_i transmission rate
- λ_i arrival rate
- $\varphi_i \mu_i = k_i \mu_i^{a_i}$
- $k_i > 0$
- $a_i > 1$



Minimizing system power consumption in C-RAN, which consists of three components:

- Power consumption in BBU pool
- Power consumption in fibre links
- Power consumption in RRHs



Delay

$$d_i = \frac{1}{\mu_i - \lambda_i} + \frac{1}{c_i - \lambda_i}$$

- d_i total delay
- μ_i service rate
- λ_i arrival rate
- c_i transmission rate



Received signal at UE i

$$\hat{x}_i = \sum_{j \in \mathcal{A}} h_{ij}^H w_{ij} x_i + \sum_{k \neq i} \sum_{j \in \mathcal{A}} h_{ij}^H w_{kj} x_k + \delta_i$$

- \mathcal{A} set of active RRHs
- x_i data symbol for i th user
- $w_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}^k$ transmit beamformer for UE i from RRH j
- $h_{ij}^H \in \mathbb{C}^k$ channel from RRH j to UE i
- $\delta_i \sim \mathcal{CN}(0, \sigma_i)$ additive white Gaussian noise(AWGN) at UE i
- $i \in \mathcal{N}$
- $j \in \mathcal{A}$



Signal-to-Interference-plus-Noise-Ratio(SINR) at UE i

$$\text{SINR}_i(\mathcal{A}) = \frac{\left| \sum_{j \in \mathcal{A}} h_{ij}^H w_{ij} \right|^2}{\sigma_i^2 + \sum_{k \neq i} \left| \sum_{j \in \mathcal{A}} h_{ij}^H w_{kj} \right|^2}$$

- σ_i
- \mathcal{A} set of active RRHs
- $w_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}^k$ transmit beamformer for UE i from RRH j
- $h_{ij}^H \in \mathbb{C}^k$ channel from RRH j to UE i
- $i \in \mathcal{N}$
- $j \in \mathcal{A}$



The achievable rate c_i of UE i should satisfy

$$c_i \leq B_i \log(1 + \text{SINR}_i(\mathcal{A}))$$

- B_i bandwidth for UE i
- SINR Signal-to-Interference-plus-Noise-Ratio
- \mathcal{A} set of active RRHs



Transmitting Power

Each RRH j has maximum transmitting power constraint

$$\sum_{i=1}^N w_{ij}^H w_{ij} = \sum_{i=1}^N \|w_{ij}\|^2 \leq E_j$$

- $w_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}^k$ transmit beamformer for UE i from RRH j
- $i \in \mathcal{N}$
- $j \in \mathcal{L}$



Optimization Problem

$$\min_{\mu_i, c_i, w_{ij}, \mathcal{A}} \sum_i^N \varphi_i(\mu_i) + |\mathcal{A}| P_f + \frac{1}{\eta} \sum_{i=1}^N \sum_{j \in \mathcal{A}} w_{ij}^H w_{ij}$$

subject to

$$\frac{1}{\mu_i - \lambda_i} + \frac{1}{c_i - \lambda_i} \leq \tau_i$$

$$\lambda_i < \mu_i, \lambda_i < c_i$$

$$c_i i \leq B_i \log(1 + \text{SINR}_i(\mathcal{A}))$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N w_{ij}^H w_{ij} \leq E_i, \quad \forall i \in \mathcal{N}, \quad \forall j \in \mathcal{L}$$

- $\varphi_i(\mu_i)$ VM i 's power consumption
- μ_i VM i 's computation capacity/service rate/processing rate
- P_f power consumption active fibre links
- $\eta \in (0, 1)$ inefficiency coefficient amplifier in RRH
- \mathcal{A} set of active RRHs
- $w_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}^k$ transmit beamformer for UE i from RRH j
- $i \in \mathcal{N}$
- $j \in \mathcal{A}$



Quasi Weighted Sum-Rate Maximization Problem



Quasi Weighted Sum-Rate Maximization Problem

QWSRM

$$\min_{c_i, w_{ij}} \sum_{i=1}^N -\varepsilon_i c_i$$

subject to,

$$c_i \leq B_i \log(1 + \text{SINR}_i(\mathcal{A})), \quad \forall i \in \mathcal{N}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^N w_{ij}^H w_{ij} \leq E_j, \quad \forall j \in \mathcal{A}$$

- ε_i an arbitrary nonnegative weight
- c_i transmission rate
- B_i bandwidth for UE i
- \mathcal{A} set of active RRHs
- E_j maximum power on a link
- $w_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}^k$ transmit beamformer for UE i from RRH j



Generalization of WSRM

$$\min_{\mathbf{c}, w_{ij}} f(\mathbf{c})$$

subject to,

$$\sum_{i=1}^N w_{ij}^H w_{ij} \leq E_i, \quad \forall j \in \mathcal{A}$$

Where the objective function $f(\mathbf{c})$, for $0 \leq \mathbf{c} \leq \bar{\mathbf{c}}$ has the following properties:

- $f(\mathbf{c})$ is a function only of \mathbf{c} , and
- $f(\mathbf{c}) < \infty$ is continuously differentiable, and
- $f(\mathbf{c})$ is convex in the feasible region
- $\mathbf{c} = [c_1, \dots, c_N]^T$
- $w_{ij} \in \mathbb{C}^k$ transmit beamformer for UE i from RRH j
- c_i transmission rate
- E_j maximum power on a link
- \mathcal{A} set of active RRHs



BnB algorithm for QWSRM problem

Input: Q_{init} , \mathcal{A} , and $\{(c)\}$.

Initialize: Obtain c_i by solving $\frac{\delta f(c)}{\delta c_i} = 0$, for $i \in \mathcal{N}$. Set $k = 1, \mathcal{B} = Q_{init}, u_1 = \gamma_{ub}(Q_{init})$ and $l_1 = \gamma_{lb}(Q_{init})$.

Check the feasibility of problem (17) with given

if feasible then

$c_0 = \tilde{c}$;

else

while $u_k - l_k > \epsilon$ **do**

Branching:

- Set $Q_k = Q$, where Q satisfies $\gamma_{lb}(Q) = l_k$.
- Split Q into Q_I and Q_{II} , along one of its longest edges.
- Update $\mathcal{B}_{k+1} = (\mathcal{B}_k \setminus \{Q_k\}) \cup (Q_I, Q_{II})$.

Bounding:

- Update $u_{k+1} = \min_{Q \in \mathcal{B}_{k+1}} \{\gamma_{ub}(Q)\}$
- Update $l_{k+1} = \min_{Q \in \mathcal{B}_{k+1}} \{\gamma_{lb}(Q)\}$

end while

Set $c_0 = c_{min}$;

end if

Output: c_0 .

Thank You

