

# ACOSH(3)

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ACOSH(3)   Linux Programmer's Manual   ACOSH(3)

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## NAME

acosh, acoshf, acoshl - inverse hyperbolic cosine function

## SYNOPSIS

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
double acosh(double x);
```

```
float acoshf(float x);
```

```
long double acoshl(long double x);
```

Link with -lm.

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature\_test\_macros(7)**):

**acosh()**:

```
_BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE || _XOPEN_SOURCE >= 500 ||  
_XOPEN_SOURCE && _XOPEN_SOURCE_EXTENDED || _ISOC99_SOURCE  
|| _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L;
```

or cc -std=c99

**acoshf()**, **acoshl()**:

```
_BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE || _XOPEN_SOURCE >= 600 ||  
_ISOC99_SOURCE || _POSIX_C_SOURCE >= 200112L;
```

or `cc -std=c99`

## DESCRIPTION

The **acosh**() function calculates the inverse hyperbolic cosine of  $\underline{x}$ ; that is the value whose hyperbolic cosine is  $\underline{x}$ .

## RETURN VALUE

On success, these functions return the inverse hyperbolic cosine of  $\underline{x}$ .

If  $\underline{x}$  is a NaN, a NaN is returned.

If  $\underline{x}$  is +1, +0 is returned.

If  $\underline{x}$  is positive infinity, positive infinity is returned.

If  $\underline{x}$  is less than 1, a domain error occurs, and the functions return a NaN.

## ERRORS

See **math\_error**(7) for information on how to determine whether an error has occurred when calling these functions.

The following errors can occur:

**Domain error:  $\underline{x}$  is less than 1** `errno` is set to **EDOM**. An invalid floating-point exception (**FE\_INVALID**) is raised.

## CONFORMING TO

C99, POSIX.1-2001. The variant returning double also conforms to SVr4, 4.3BSD, C89.

## SEE ALSO

**asinh**(3), **atanh**(3), **cacosh**(3), **cosh**(3), **sinh**(3), **tanh**(3)

## COLOPHON

This page is part of release 3.54 of the Linux man-pages project. A description of the project, and information about reporting bugs, can be found at <http://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/>.

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2010-09-20

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