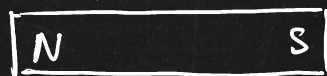


Permanent Magnetic
Electric Magnetic

Magnetic Field

$$\vec{F} = q \vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

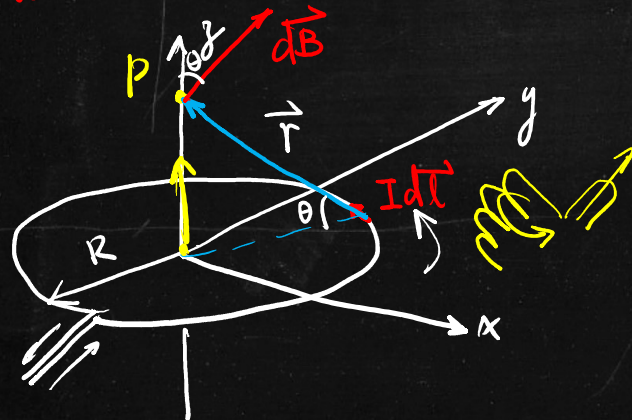


point magnetic charge 磁荷



elementary current 电流元 $i d\vec{l}$

Bio-Savart Law



$$dB = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \cdot \frac{i d\vec{l} \times \vec{r}}{r^3} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{i d\vec{l} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$$

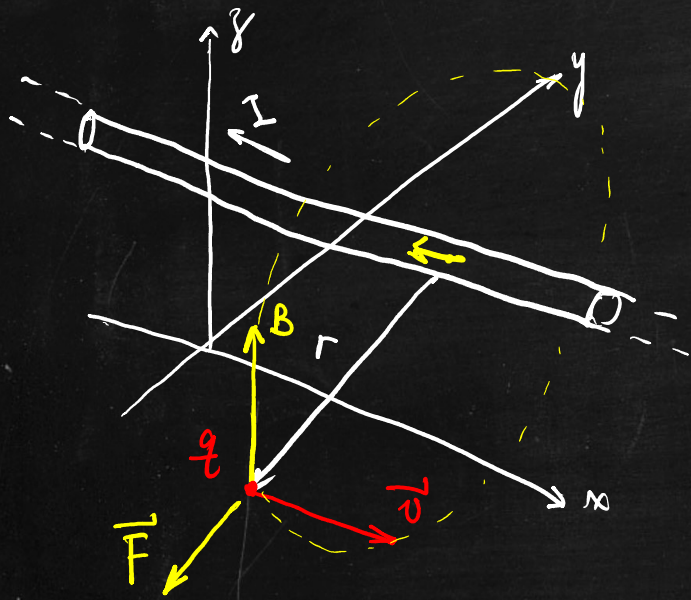
$$dB_{\theta} = dB \cdot \cos\theta = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{I dl}{r^2} \frac{R}{r} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{IR dl}{r^3}$$

$$B_{\theta} = \int \left[\frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{IR}{r^3} \right] dl = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{IR}{r^3} \cdot 2\pi R = \frac{\mu_0 IR^2}{2r^3}$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0 IR^2}{2(R^2 + z^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} \quad z=0 \quad B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R}$$

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{E} + q\vec{v} \times \vec{B} \quad \text{Lorentz Force}$$

time, space $\vec{F}, \vec{E}, \vec{v}, \vec{B}$



$$\vec{F} = -\hat{y} \cdot \frac{Iq \cdot v}{2\pi\epsilon_0 r c^2}$$

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B} = qvB (\hat{x} \times \hat{z})$$

$$\vec{v} = v \hat{x}$$

$$\vec{B} = B \hat{z}$$

$$= -\hat{y} \cdot qvB$$

$$B = \frac{I}{2\pi\epsilon_0 r c^2} \quad (\text{Tesla})$$

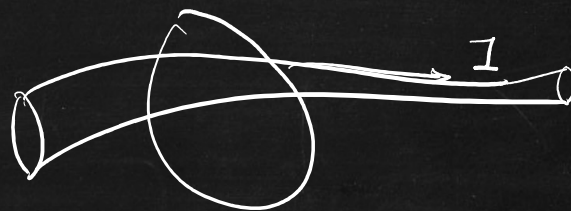
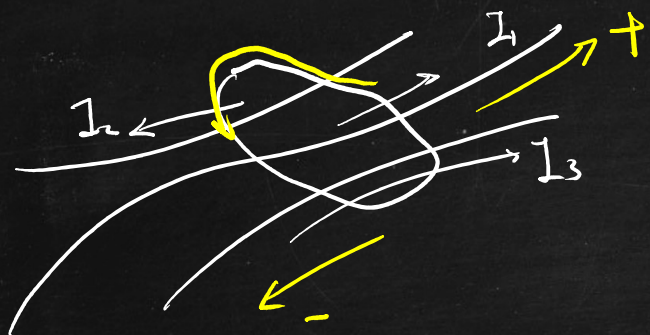
$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r} \hat{z}$$

$$c^2 = \frac{1}{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}$$

$$c = \sqrt{\frac{1}{\mu_0 \epsilon_0}}$$

Ampere's Law: $\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 I_{\text{net}}$





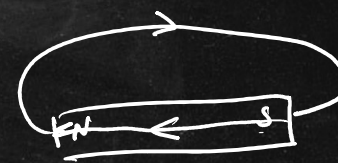
Current Density \vec{J} $\vec{J}(x, y, z)$

$$I = \int_s \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{a}$$



$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \mu_0 \int \vec{J} \cdot d\vec{a}$$

$$\text{div } \vec{A} = \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} \quad \text{curl } \vec{A} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}$$



Stoke's Theorem

$$\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{l} = \int (\text{curl } \vec{B}) \cdot d\vec{a}$$

旋度

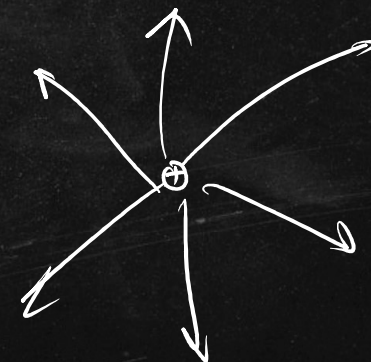
$$\text{curl } \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$

$$\text{div } \vec{B} = 0$$

$$\text{curl } \vec{E} = 0$$

$$\underline{\text{div } \vec{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}}$$

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{q_{\text{net}}}{\epsilon_0}$$

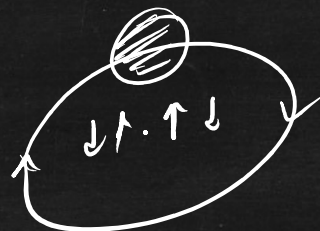
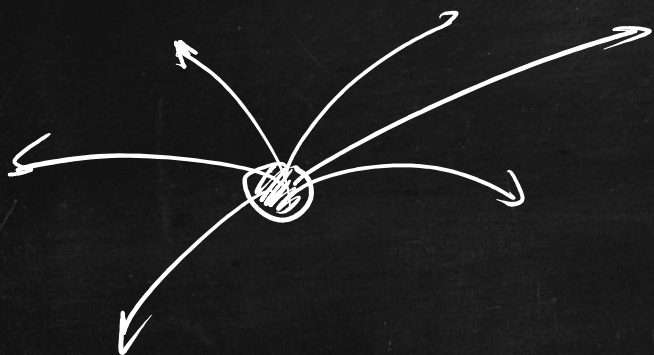


$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{B} = 0$$



$$\vec{E} = -\vec{\nabla} V$$

$$\vec{B} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}$$

vector potential 磁矢势

$$\text{div } \vec{B} = 0 \quad \text{div } (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) = \text{div } (\text{curl } \vec{A}) = 0$$

$$\text{curl } (\text{curl } \vec{B}) = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \times (\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}) = \mu_0 \vec{J}$$

$$\vec{B} = \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{A}$$

$$B_x \hat{x} + B_y \hat{y} + B_z \hat{z} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \vec{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \vec{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \vec{k} \right) \times (A_x \vec{i} + A_y \vec{j} + A_z \vec{k})$$

$$B_z = \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y} \quad , \quad B_y = \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial x} \quad \underline{\vec{\nabla} \times \vec{B} = \mu_0 \vec{J}}$$

$$\left(\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial z} \right) \vec{i} + (\quad) \vec{j} + (\quad) \vec{k} = \mu_0 (J_x \vec{i} + J_y \vec{j} + J_z \vec{k})$$

$$\frac{\partial B_z}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial B_y}{\partial z} = J_x \mu_0 \quad \underline{\underline{\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial A_z}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial z} \right) - \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial x} \right) = \mu_0 J_x}}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial A_z}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial A_z}{\partial y} \right) \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left(\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial z} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$-\frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial y^2} - \frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial z^2} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z} \right) = \mu_0 J_x$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$-\frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial y^2} - \frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial z^2} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z} \right) = \mu_0 J_x$$

$$-\frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial y^2} - \frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial z^2} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z} \right) = \mu_0 J_x$$

$$\text{div } \vec{A} = 0$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{A} = \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \vec{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \vec{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \vec{k} \right) \cdot (A_x \vec{i} + A_y \vec{j} + A_z \vec{k})$$

$$= \frac{\partial A_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial A_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial A_z}{\partial z} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 A_x}{\partial z^2} = -\mu_0 J_x$$

$$\vec{E} = -\vec{\nabla} V$$

$$-\vec{E} = \vec{\nabla} V = \frac{\partial V}{\partial x} \vec{i} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial y} \vec{j} + \frac{\partial V}{\partial z} \vec{k}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial y^2} + \frac{\partial^2 V}{\partial z^2} = -\frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$\vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0} \quad \vec{\nabla} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \vec{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \vec{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \vec{k}$$