# Monitoring a z/OS Liberty server using JMX and REST clients



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#### **Using Java Management Extensions with Liberty**

Monitoring and/or obtaining information about the current settings and general health of a Liberty server running on z/OS can easily be done by enabling Java Management Extensions (JMX) in the server. Once JMX is enabled, JMX clients can invoke the server's Java Virtual Machine (JVM) management beans (MBeans) of the Liberty server to obtain important Java related information in real time. The MBeans available in a Liberty will vary based which features are or not installed as well as the presence of certain configuration elements.

For details on Liberty's support for remote JMX clients, see *Connecting to Liberty using JMX* at URL https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/was-

<u>liberty/zos?topic=SS7K4U\_liberty/com.ibm.websphere.wlp.doc/ae/twlp\_admin\_jmx.htm</u>. And for a list of Liberty provided MBeans, see URL <a href="https://www.ibm.com/docs/sk/was-liberty/base?topic=liberty-list-provided-mbeans">https://www.ibm.com/docs/sk/was-liberty-list-provided-mbeans</a>.

In this document I describe the steps I followed to enable JMX and Mbean access in my Liberty servers. With the server properly configured, the server's MBeans can be invoked from JMX clients like JConsole\* and REST clients like Postman, cURL, and the IBM API Explorer. The document also provide examples of using these clients to monitor a Liberty server running on z/OS.

https://docs.oracle.com/javase/8/docs/technotes/guides/troubleshoot/tooldescr009.html

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<sup>\*</sup>Please note that most Java Developers Kit (JDK) or Java Runtime Environment (JRE) instances include a Java application known as the Java Console(JConsole). JConsole is a Java GUI client which can be used to manage and monitor local and remote JVMs. For more details on JConsole, see URL

#### **Liberty Server Considerations**

This section describes the details of the configuration changes made and security resources defined to enable both JMX and REST access to a Liberty server endpoint.

#### Enable required Liberty features

Liberty features monitor-1.0 and restConnector-2.0 are required to enable JMX clients like JConsole and REST clients like Postman and cURL to access a Liberty Server. I ensured these features were configured in a *featureManager*/> section of my server XML and then I ensure that they had been enabled in the target server.

Note: Liberty servers on z/OS also require the use of TLS for REST client access. It is my opinion that that enabling TLS connection and other required security features is easier done using SAF security.

```
<!-- Enable features -->
<featureManager>
  <feature>appSecurity-2.0</feature>*
  <feature>zosSecurity-1.0</feature>*
  <feature>transportSecurity-1.0</feature>*
  <feature>apiDiscovery-1.0</feature>*
  <feature>monitor-1.0</feature>
  <feature>restConnector-2.0</feature>
</featureManager>
```

The *monitor-1.0* adds standard monitoring MBeans as well as MXBeans, the latter provide monitoring for specific runtime components. For more information about the *monitor-1.0* feature including the MXBeans added by this feature, see URL https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/was-liberty/zos?topic=environment-monitoring-monitor-10.

The restConnector-2.0 feature adds remote REST client access to a set of administrative APIs over HTTP. For more information about the restConnector-2.0 feature, see URL

https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/was-liberty/zos?topic=features-admin-rest-connector-20.

<sup>\*</sup>I always automatically add these features when enabling SAF and TLS security.

Define and provide access to the require SAF resources

Access to Liberty MBeans and REST administrative APIs is controlled by access to SAF EJBRole resources, see URL <a href="https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/was-liberty/zos?topic=liberty-mapping-management-roles-zos">https://www.ibm.com/docs/en/was-liberty/zos?topic=liberty-mapping-management-roles-zos</a> for more information.

Below are examples of the commands I used to define and permit access to the *Administrator* and *Reader* EJBRoles.

```
RDEFINE EJBROLE BBGZDFLT.com.ibm.ws.management.security.resource.Administrator OWNER(SYS1)UACC(NONE)
RDEFINE EJBROLE BBGZDFLT.com.ibm.ws.management.security.resource.Reader OWNER(SYS1) UACC(NONE)
PERMIT BBGZDFLT.com.ibm.ws.management.security.resource.Administrator CLASS(EJBROLE) ID(ADMNUSRS) ACCESS(READ)
PERMIT BBGZDFLT.com.ibm.ws.management.security.resource.Reader CLASS(EJBROLE) ID(OTHUSRS) ACCESS(READ)
SETR RACLIST(EJBROLE) REFRESH
```

Using the above RACF resources, members of group *ADMNUSRS* will have full access to the JMX resources and MBeans (REST GET, POST, PUT and DELETE). Members of group *OTHUSRS* have limited access to the MBeans (REST GET only). For example, members of the OTHUSRS group will not be able to initiate a garbage collection or access MBeans or change attributes.

Note: the value for *BBGZDFLT* used in the commands was derived from the value of the *profilePrefix* attribute used in the *<safCredentials/>* configuration element.

<safCredentials unauthenticatedUser="WSGUEST"
 suppressAuthFailureMessages="false" profilePrefix="BBGZDFLT" />

#### Export the server's Certificate Authority chain

Connecting to a z/OS Liberty server to access its MBeans and REST APIs requires the use of TLS. When TLS is required, the client must be prepared to handle the TLS handshake information sent from the server. The Liberty server will send a message to client after a connection request with public details based its server certificate. Completing the TLS handshake on the client requires access to the CA chain used to sign the personal certificate that is being used by the server endpoint during the handshake. This section describes what is required on the z/OS side

• Locate in the server's XML configuration the *<sslDefault/>* configuration element and use it information to locate the *<keyStore>* element that identifies the trust store key ring used for inbound TLS connections. This will be the *keyStore* identified by the *trustStoreRef* attribute in the SSL repertoire identify by the *sslRef* attribute in the

```
<sslDefault sslRef="DefaultSSLSettings" />
<ssl id="DefaultSSLSettings"
   keyStoreRef="CellDefaultKeyStore"
   trustStoreRef="CellDefaultKeyStore" />
<keyStore id="CellDefaultKeyStore"
   location="safkeyring:///Liberty.KeyRing"
   password="password" type="JCERACFKS"
   fileBased="false" readOnly="true" />
```

<sslDefault/> configuration element.

Next, identify the Certificate Authority (CA) chain used to sign the server's personal certificate by displaying the contents of the key ring using a RACDCERT LISTRING command:

racdcert id(libserv) listring(Liberty.KeyRing)

```
Digital ring information for user LIBSERV:

Ring:

>Liberty.KeyRing<
Certificate Label Name
Cert Owner
Liberty Client Cert
Liberty CA

CERTAUTH
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```

• Export or extract the Certificate Authority (CA) chain used to sign the server's personal certificate by using a RACDCERT EXPORT command to export the public portion of the CA certificate chain to a MVS dataset.

RACDCERT CERTAUTH EXPORT(LABEL('Liberty CA')) DSN('USER1.LIBCA.PEM')

This command should be repeated if there are intermediate CA certificates in the CA chain in the keying.

#### Identify the JMX service endpoint

Obtain and record the service endpoint to be used with JConsole by starting in the server's configuration directory, \$WLP\_USER\_DIR/servers/myServer/ and then go into the logs/state subdirectory, e.g., \$WLP\_USER\_DIR/servers/myServer/logs/state/. Browse the file com.ibm.ws.jmx.rest.address and record the contents of this file for use for the JConsole server's endpoint. This endpoint will be required to configure the JMX client with the connection URL for the Liberty server.

service:jmx:rest://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST



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#### Configuring the Java Console (JConsole) GUI

Locate an instance of the JConsole executable on the client. The JConsole GUI is started by invoking a *jconsole.exe* executable. If Java has been installed on the client, then this executable is already installed. The jconsole.exe executable can be located the *bin* directory of any Java Developers Kit (JDK) or Java Runtime Environment (JRE) instance that has been installed on a client.

• I used the command *dir jconsole\** /s in a DOS command prompt in the client's root directory to search for the directories containing a *jconsole.exe* file. I had several copies on my client, and, in my case, I chose to use the version shipped with IBM Explorer, e.g., C:\Program Files\IBM\zOS Explorer\jdk\bin.

```
C:\>dir jconsole* /s
Volume in drive C is Windows
Volume Serial Number is DA1F-5D24
Directory of C:\Program Files\IBM\Developer for zOS\jdk\bin
          04:48 PM 23,912 jconsole.exe
1 File(s) 23,912 bytes
08/24/2023 04:48 PM
Directory of C:\Program Files\IBM\zOS Explorer\jdk\bin
           07:57 AM 23,912 jconsole.exe
1 File(s) 23,912 bytes
05/19/2023 07:57 AM
Directory of
C:\Users\948478897\.p2\pool\plugins\org.eclipse.justj.openjdk.hotspot.jre.full.win3
2.x86 64 17.0.10.v20240120-1143\jre\bin
01/20/2024 12:28 PM
                              23,944 jconsole.exe
             1 File(s)
                              23,944 bytes
Directory of C:\Users\948478897\.vscode\extensions\redhat.java-1.30.0-win32-
x64\jre\17.0.10-win32-x86 64\bin
04/30/2024 02:48 PM
                              23,944 jconsole.exe
              1 File(s)
                               23,944 bytes
```

#### Create a JConsole command file

• Create a command file in a directory that was listed in the PATH environment variable. The command file should have the contents below (all on one line).

```
C:\Progra~1\IBM\zOS_Explorer\jdk\bin\jconsole
-J-Djava.class.path=c:\z\jconsole\jconsole.jar;c:\z\jconsole\tools.jar;
c:\z\jconsole\restConnector.jar
-J-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStore=C:\z\jconsole\jconsole.jks
-J-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStorePassword=changeit
-J-Djavax.net.ssl.trustStoreType=jceks
```

• The *java.class.path* directive added the required Java Archive files to the Java CLASSPATH. Remember that connecting or accessing a z/OS Liberty server from Jconsole requires the use of TLS. The *javax.net.ssl*... directives identify the local attributes required to complete a TLS handshake with the z/OS Liberty server, e.g., a local file to be used for a trust store, the trust store's password, and the trust store's type.

#### Completing the configuration of the client's environment

• Download the required JAR files from OMVS directories below and placed them on a local drive on the client, e.g., /z/jconsole.

```
/usr/lpp/java/J8.0_64/lib/jconsole.jar
/usr/lpp/java/J8.0_64/lib/tools.jar
/usr/lpp/IBM/zosconnect/v3r0/wlp/clients/restConnector.jar
```

The location of the last JAR file assume that z/OS Connect is installed. If it is not, an instance of the *restConnector.jar* can be found in your OMVS or USS directory by enter this command in the root directory in an OMVS shell. *find* . *-name restConnector.jar* 

```
JOHNSON:/:> find . -name restConnector.jar
./usr/lpp/liberty_zos/21.0.09/clients/restConnector.jar
./usr/lpp/liberty_zos/22.0.0.3/clients/restConnector.jar
./usr/lpp/cicsts/cicsts54/wlp/clients/restConnector.jar
./usr/lpp/cicsts/cicsts61/wlp/clients/restConnector.jar
./usr/lpp/mqm/V9R2M5/web/clients/restConnector.jar
./usr/lpp/mqm/V9R3M0/web/clients/restConnector.jar
./usr/lpp/IBM/zosconnect/v3r0/wlp/clients/restConnector.jar
```

## Configuring TLS support

• To complete the client's TLS setup, create a local trust store which will contain the public Certificate Authority (CA) certificates used to sign the certificate being sent by the server during the handshake.

Download the exported CA chain dataset(s) to the client, for example case using FTP.

```
C:\z>ftp wg31
Connected to wg31.washington.ibm.com.
220-FTP 20:17:47 on 2024-05-09.
220 Connection will close if idle for more than 200 minutes.
501 command OPTS aborted -- no options supported for UTF8
User (wg31.washington.ibm.com:(none)): user1
331 Send password please.
Password:
230 USER1 is logged on. Working directory is "USER1.".
ftp> mget certauth.pem
200 Representation type is Ascii NonPrint
mget CERTAUTH.PEM? y
200 Port request OK.
125 Sending data set USER1.CERTAUTH.PEM
250 Transfer completed successfully.
ftp: 1236 bytes received in 0.00Seconds 1236000.00Kbytes/sec.
```



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#### Create a local trust store

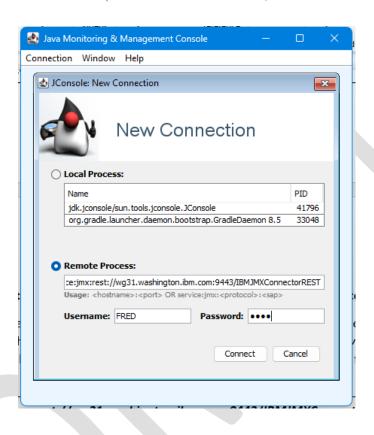
Create the local JSE trust store that will be used with JConsole using the Java keytool command.

keytool -import -v -trustcacerts -alias "Liberty CA" -file CERTAUTH.PEM -keystore myTest.jks

```
Enter keystore password: changeit
Re-enter new password: changeit
Owner: CN=CA for Liberty, OU=LIBERTY
Issuer: CN=CA for Liberty, OU=LIBERTY
Serial number: 0
Valid from: Tue Mar 05 23:00:00 EST 2024 until: Tue Dec 31 22:59:59 EST 2024
Certificate fingerprints:
        SHA1: 23:DB:1B:2B:61:E9:14:9D:40:2A:65:39:1E:E0:B4:27:EB:3A:15:99
        SHA256:
CE:BC:52:C3:95:C7:EE:15:CA:15:A7:6E:82:4D:38:34:80:E1:03:A9:50:3D:E2:20:E2:41:18:58:12:C9:
E7:41
Signature algorithm name: SHA256withRSA
Subject Public Key Algorithm: 2048-bit RSA key
Version: 3
Extensions:
#1: ObjectId: 2.16.840.1.113730.1.13 Criticality=false
0030: 46 29
#2: ObjectId: 2.5.29.19 Criticality=true
BasicConstraints:[
 CA:true
 PathLen:2147483647
#3: ObjectId: 2.5.29.15 Criticality=true
KeyUsage [
 Key_CertSign
 Crl_Sign
#4: ObjectId: 2.5.29.14 Criticality=false
SubjectKeyIdentifier [
KeyIdentifier [
0000: 98 34 67 0E 58 B8 D4 C6 15 16 39 53 E3 05 E6 6F .4g.X....9S...o
0010: 60 1F 97 77
                                                      ` . . W
Trust this certificate? [no]: yes
Certificate was added to keystore
[Storing myTest.jks]
```

### Using the JConsole

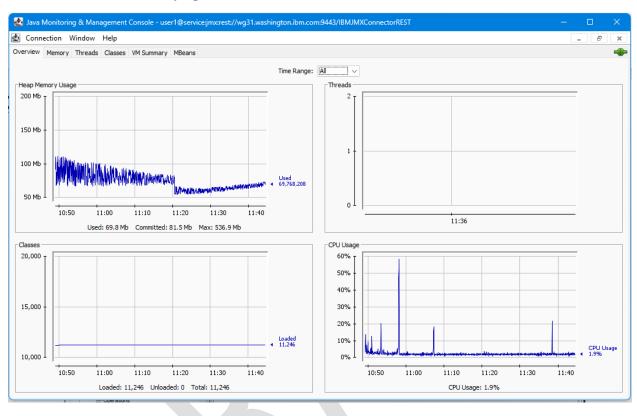
Invoked the command file created earlier to start the JConsole GUI and entered the service endpoint value obtained above for the *Remote Process* endpoint on the *JConsole: New Connection* window and enter an identity and password of a user who has READ access to the one of the EJBRole resources (Administrator or Reader).



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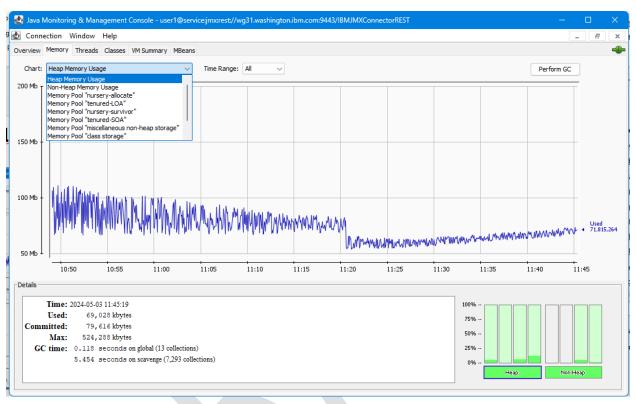
#### Exploring the information available in the JConsole tabs

• The initial screen contain graphs for *Heap Memory Usage*, *Threads*, *Classes*, and *CPU Usage* which will be continuously updated.



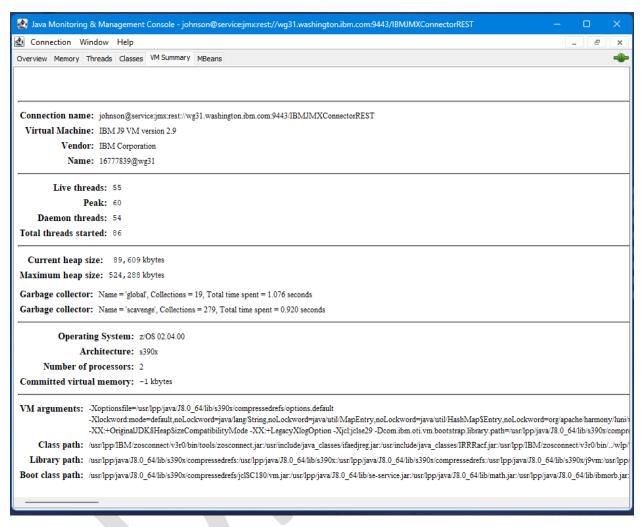
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• Go to the *Memory* tab and use the pull-down arrow to select *Heap Memory Usage*. Note the details will be displayed at the bottom of the pane. The details at the bottom will change when switching between the various memory options. Go back to *Heap Memory Usage* and press the *Perform GC* button and note how the heap memory usage changes in both the chart and details pane.



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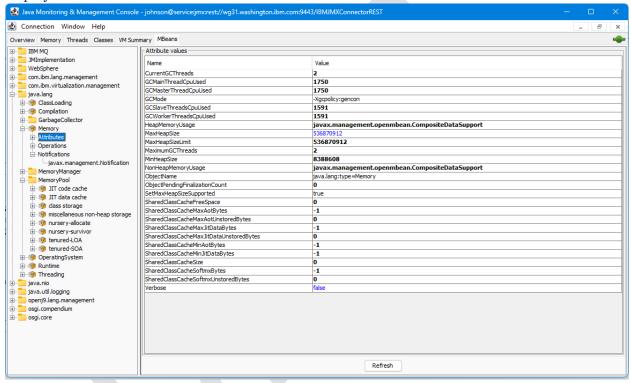
• Go to the *VM Summary* tab and review the information available on this window. Information regarding number of thread history, the current and maximum heaps size, details regarding garbage collections and details about the operating system and number of processors will be displayed.



#### Explore the Liberty server's available MBeans

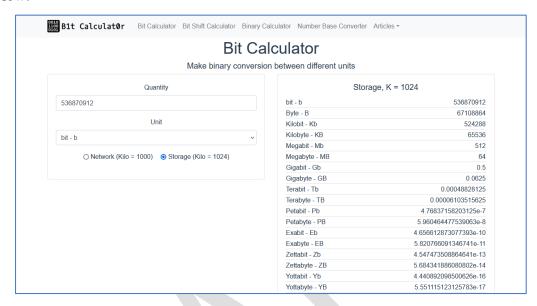
The *MBeans* tab will display the JMX message beans available in this server. The list of MBeans is built when the JConsole client connects to the Liberty server. The list of MBeans will vary based on the configuration of the server. Most of the MBeans are provided as part of the base Java platform or as part of the enhancements added by IBM Java. The MBeans provided by Liberty are in the WebSphere folder.

• In general, selecting an MBeans's *Attributes* property displays the current values associated with that MBean. For example, selecting the attributes for the *java.lang:type=Memory* Mbean displays these attribute values:



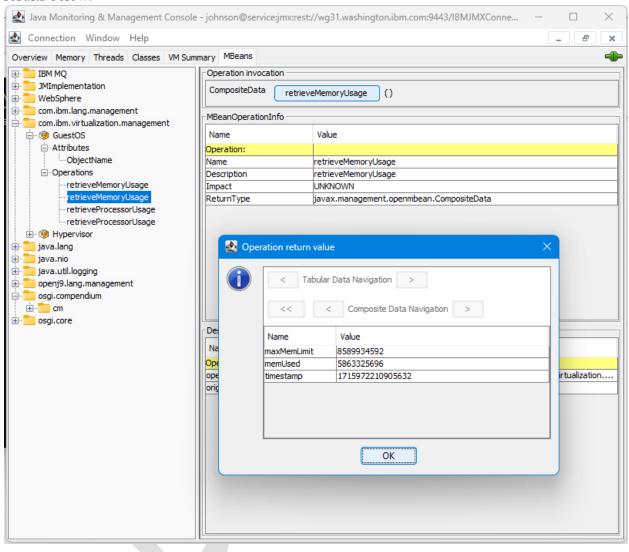
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• Note: the units of the values displayed on screens like the one above for *MaxHeapSize* are in bits. These numbers can be converted using online tools like the one available at URL <a href="https://bit-calculator.com/bit-calculator">https://bit-calculator.com/bit-calculator</a>. For example, the value for 536870912 bits can be converted as shown below:



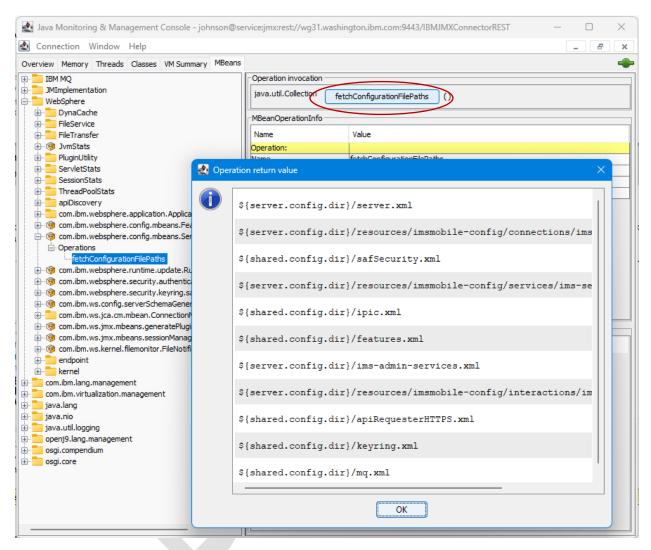
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• Expanding an MBean's *Operations* displays a list of functions that MBean can perform. For example, selecting the *operations* for MBean *com.ibm.virtualization.management*, *GuestOS* displays these operations. Selecting operations *retrieveMemoryUsage* and clicking on *retrieveMemoryUsage* beside *CompositeData* on the *Operation invocation* page retrieves the results below:



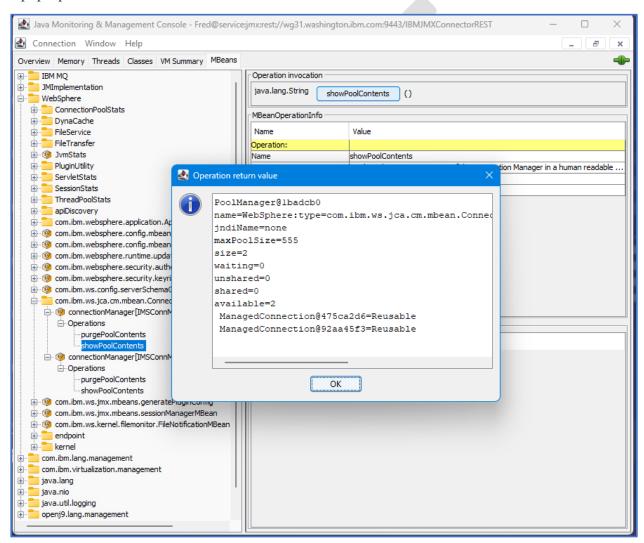
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• Go to the *MBeans* tab and expand the *WebSphere* folder and then expand the *com.ibm.websphere.config.MBeans.ServerXMLConfigurationMBean* MBean. Expand *Operations* and then select operation *fetchConfigurationFilePaths*. On the *Operation invocation* pane, click operation area containing the string *fetchConfigurationFilePaths* beside *java.util.Collection*. This will invoke this MBean and display the results in a pop-up window as shown below:



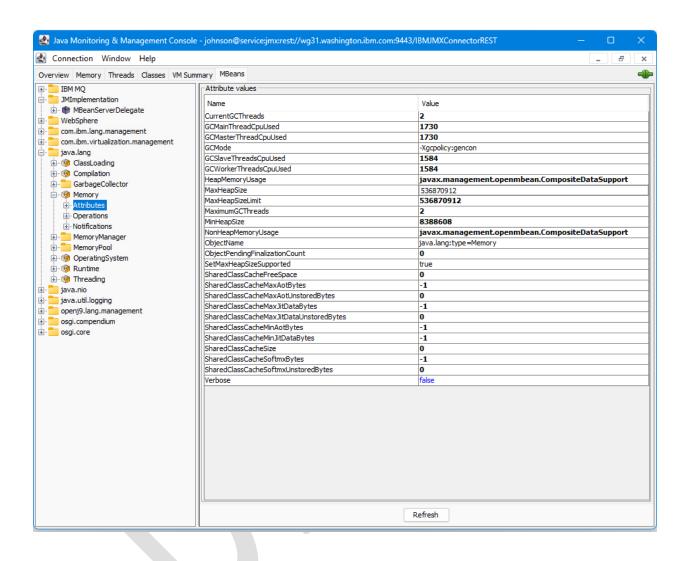
This displays the files used to configure the server.

• Expand the WebSphere folder and then expand the com.ibm.ws.jca.cm.MBean.ConnectionManagerMBean MBean. Note that this MBean will only appear if there is one or more connection managers configured in the server XML. Expand a connection manager configuration, e.g., connectionManager[IMSConnMgr1] and then then expand the Operations under that connection manager. There will be two operations available for a specific connection manger, purgePoolContents and showPoolContents. Select showPoolContents. On the Operation invocation pane, click the area containing the string showPoolContents beside java.util.String This will invoke this MBean and display the results in a pop-up window as shown below:



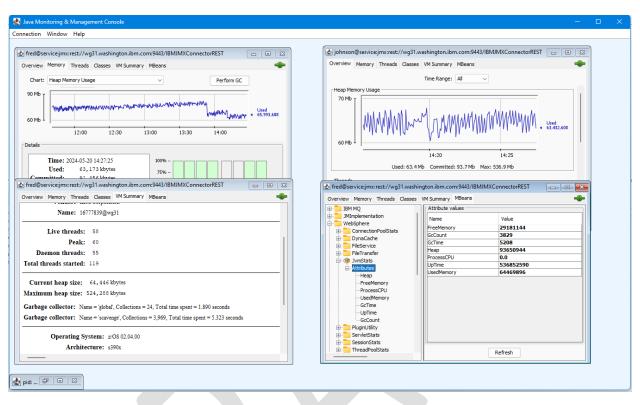
This is showing you real time status of the connection pool.

• On the *MBeans* tab, expand the *java.lang* folder and then expand the *Memory* MBean. Select *Attributes* and this will display the current values of memory related properties, i.e. *GCMode*, *MaxHeapSize*, *MaxHeapSize Limit*, and *MinHeapSize*.



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• Note that multiple connections can be established to the same Liberty server on z/OS from one instance of the JConsole GUI. This gives one the ability to monitor and manage multiple areas at the same time.

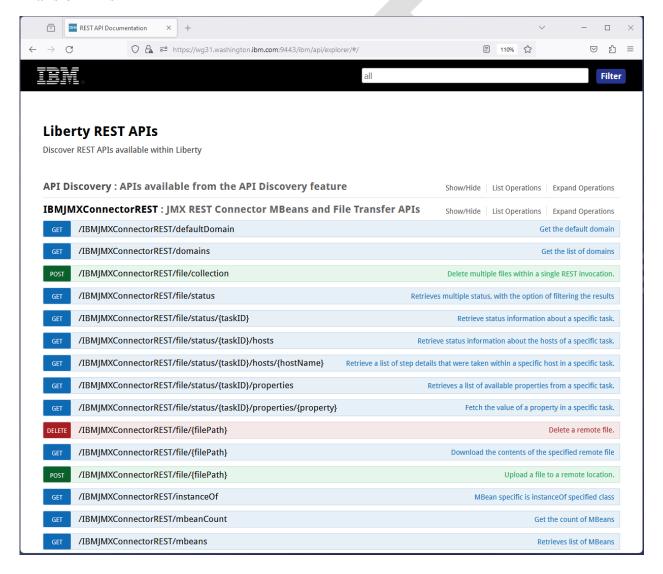


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### Using the IBM API Explorer to access MBeans using REST

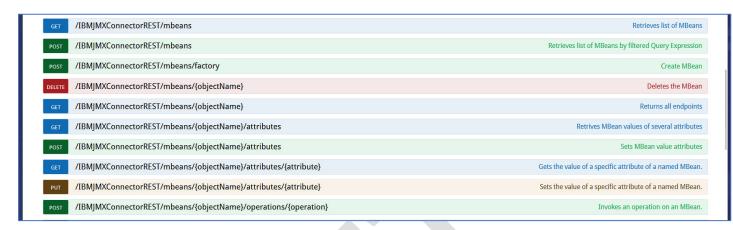
Now access the Liberty MBeans from a REST client. Once such client is the *IBM API Explorer* which was added to the Liberty server by adding feature *apiDiscovery-1.0*. THis enabled REST access to my server from a web browser.

• Begin by accessing the server's *IBM API Explorer* web page by using URL, e.g., <a href="https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/ibm/api/explorer">https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/ibm/api/explorer</a>. Use the *List Operation* option to list the operations in **IBMJMXConnectorREST:JMX REST Connector MBeans and File Transfer APIs**.



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When using IBM API Explorer focus on these selections.



As you see there are REST APIs provide for obtaining a list of MBeans (GET). REST APIs for getting(GET) and setting(POST) an MBean's attributes. And a REST API for invoking (POST) and MBean's operation. The other REST APIs are interesting but beyond scope of the document.

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• I needed to display a list of the available MBeans. Select the *GET* method beside /*IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans* to expose the interface as shown below. Note that you could have display a specific MBean by entering the MBean's object name or class name. But now we want to display them all so leave both fields empty.

/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans			Retrieves	s list of MBeans
Implementation Notes Retrieve a list of MBeans that match the specified ObjectName and	ClassName			
Response Class (Status 200)				
successful operation				
Model Example Value				
[				
"objectName": "string",				
"className": "string",				
"URL": "string" }				
1				
Response Content Type application/json >				
Parameters				
			Parameter	
Parameter	Value	Description	Туре	Data Type
objectName		Name of the	query	string
		MBean object		
className		Name of the	query	string
		class		
com.ibm.websphere.jmx.connector.rest.routing.hostName		Host name for	header	string
		the server level		301118
		routing		
com.ibm.websphere.jmx.connector.rest.routing.serverName		Server name	header	string
		for the server		0
		level routing		
com.ibm.websphere.jmx.connector.rest.routing.serverUserDir	Г	Server user	header	string
		directory for		-
		the server level routing		
		0		
Try it out! Hide Response				

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• Pressing the **Try it out!** button will invoke this MBean and display the results in the *Response Body* section.

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#### Accessing MBean ConnectionManagerMBean

• Now invoke the Mbean that provided access to the connection pool for connection pool *IMSConnMgr2*. So, in the *Response Body* area, search for all occurrences of the string *IMSConnMgr2*. The search found details of a ConnectionManagerMBean for this pool, see below. This provides the details(*objectName*, *className*, and *URL* (*URIPath*)) for this MBean. The MBean's *objectName* is needed to be able to invoke this MBean from the *IBM API Explorer*. The value for the URL(*URIPath*) will be useful when accessing this MBean from a REST client.

```
Response Body

"objectName": "WebSphere:name=com.ibm.websphere.config.mbeans.FeatureListMBeanImpl",
    "className": "com.ibm.ws.config.featuregen.internal.FeatureListMBeanImpl",
    "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3Dcom.ibm.websphere.config.mbeans.FeatureListMBean"
},

{
    "objectName": "WebSphere:type=com.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean,name=connectionManager[IMSConnMgr2]",
    "className": "com.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean",
    "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DconnectionManager%5BIMSConnMgr2%5D%2Ctype%3Dcom.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean"
},

{
    "objectName": "WebSphere:feature=apiDiscovery,name=APIDiscovery",
    "className": "com.ibm.ws.rest.api.discovery.internal.mbean.APIDiscovery",
    "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Afeature%3DapiDiscovery%2Cname%3DAPIDiscovery"
},

{
    "objectName": "osgi.core:type=framework.yersion=1.7,framework=org.eclipse.osgi,uuid=63a83d8a-56db-4a3b-832a-80a2bce38eb5",
    "className": "org.apache.aries.jmx.framework.Framework",
    "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/osgi.core%3Aframework%3Dorg.eclipse.osgi%2Ctype%3Dframework%2Cuuid%3D63a83d8a-56db-4a3b-832a-80a2bce38eb5%2Cvc},
    ",
    "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/osgi.core%3Aframework%3Dorg.eclipse.osgi%2Ctype%3Dframework%2Cuuid%3D63a83d8a-56db-4a3b-832a-80a2bce38eb5%2Cvc},
    ",
    "
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```

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• Next obtain details about this MBean, e.g., operations, attributes, etc. locate the GET method for Mbean /IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/{objectName} to expose this Mbean's interface. Enter the objectName for the IMSConnMgr2 connection pool MBean, WebSphere:type=com.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean,name=connectionManager[IMSConnMgr2].

Response Content Type application/json >				
Parameters				
Parameter	Value	Description	Parameter Type	Data Type
objectName	WebSphere:type=com.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean	Name of the MBean object	path	string
com.ibm.websphere.jmx.connector.rest.routing.hostName		Host name for the server level routing	header	string
com.ibm.websphere.jmx.connector.rest.routing.serverName		Server name for the server level routing	header	string
com.ibm.websphere.jmx.connector.rest.routing.serverUserDir		Server user directory for the server level routing	header	string
Try it out! Hide Response				

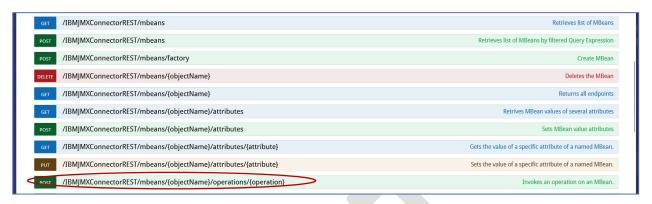
• Pressing the **Try it Out** button provided the results below in the *Response Body*. Scrolling down, locate the *showPoolContents* operation, as well as the URL (URIPath) for use when accessing this operation from a REST client.

```
Response Body

| Table | Part | Part
```

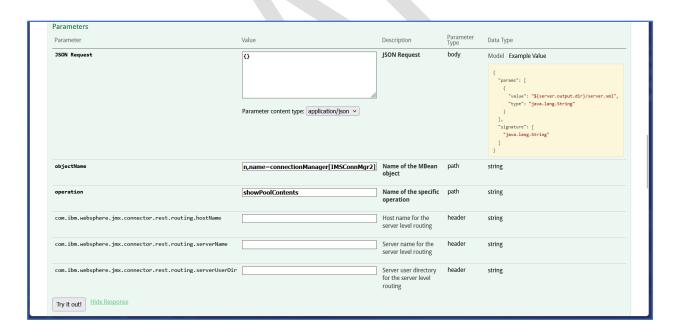
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To invoke an operation of an MBean requires the use of a POST to URI path for MBean /IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/{objectName}/operations/{operations}



• Locate the POST method for this Mbean and exposed this Mbean's interface. Entere the MBean's object name,

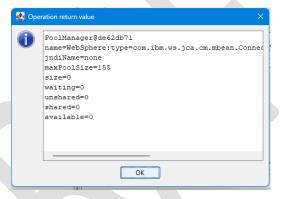
WebSphere:type=com.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean,name=connectionManager[IMSConnMgr2], along with the name of the operations, showPoolContents, in the areas beside objectName and operations respectively. Since this was a POST request, a simple JSON message consisting of a beginning and ending braces, \( \extit{B} \), is required in the JSON Request area.



• Pressing the **Try it Out** button invoked this operation provided the results showing the connection pool status in the *Response Body* as shown below.



This is same information displayed by JConsole.



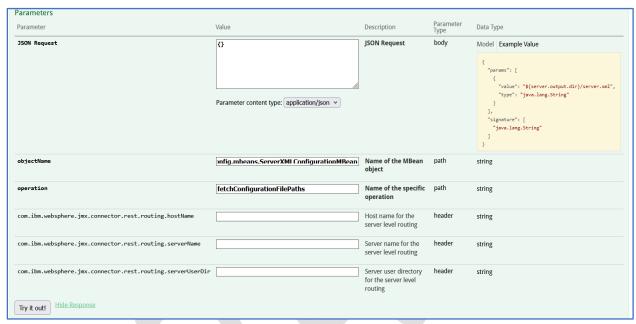
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#### Accessing MBean ServerXMLConfigurationMBean

Next, display the server XML configuration files. Use the same process as befor, that is starting with the list of MBeans, identifying the Mbean's *objectName* of

WebSphere:name=com.ibm.websphere.config.mbeans.ServerXMLConfigurationMBean and operation name of fetchConfigurationFilePath.

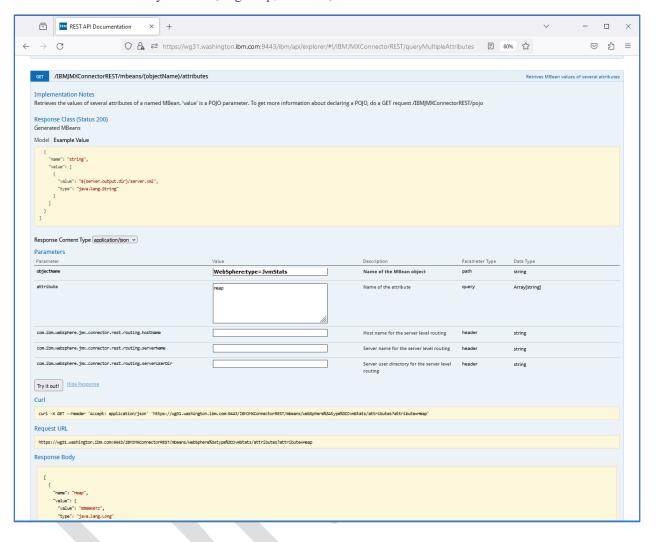
Note that invoking this MBean required the use of the POST method and the addition of a simple JSON message with a beginning and ending braces, {}.



#### With a response messge of:

```
Response Body
       "${server.config.dir}/server.xml",
       "${server.config.dir}/resources/imsmobile-config/connections/ims-connections.xml",
"${shared.config.dir}/safSecurity.xml",
        "${server.config.dir}/resources/imsmobile-config/services/ims-services.xml",
       \verb|"$\{shared.config.dir}/ipic.xml",\\
        "${shared.config.dir}/features.xml",
        "${server.config.dir}/ims-admin-services.xml",
        "${server.config.dir}/resources/imsmobile-config/interactions/ims-interactions.xml",
        "${shared.config.dir}/apiRequesterHTTPS.xml",
        "${shared.config.dir}/keyring.xml",
        "${shared.config.dir}/mq.xml"
        "${shared.config.dir}/web.xml'
      "type": {
         'className": "java.util.HashSet",
        "items": [
         "java.lang.String",
Response Code
```

• This same process, starting with the list of MBeans, identifying an Mbean's *objectName* and *attributes* can be used to the current value of key attributes, e.g. *heap*, *GcCount*, etc in the case of a *JvmStats* Mbean.

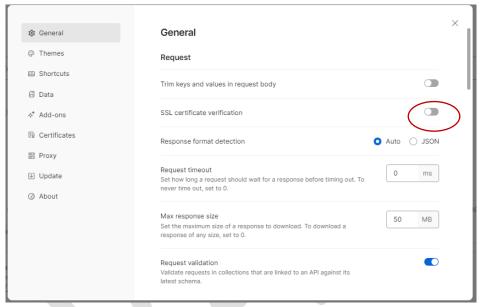


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### Using Postman to access MBeans using REST

Another useful tool for accessing the Liberty MBeans from a REST client is Postman.

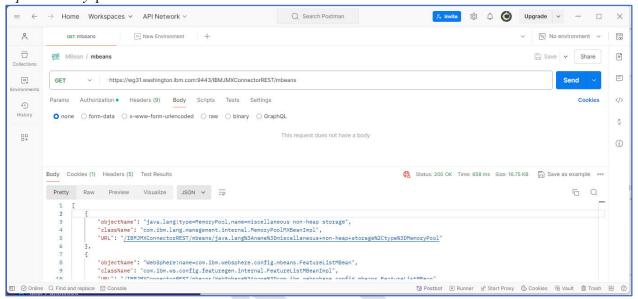
Some housekeeping is required before using Postman to access the Liberty MBeans. First, access the Postman *Settings* options using the sprocket on the toolbar and turned off *SSL certificate verification*. The same local key store used for JConsole could have been used but running with server verification is sufficient at this time.



• The next step is to provide some basic credentials. Select the *Authorization* tab and entered a valid *Username* and *Password*. This identity must have access to the RACF EJBRoles protecting the JMX and REST resources in the server.

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• Next select the *Body* tab and use the pull-down to select the **GET** method and enter this URL <a href="https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans">https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans</a>. Pressing the **Send** button invoked this MBean and returned a list of the MBeans available at the server in the *Response Body* pane.



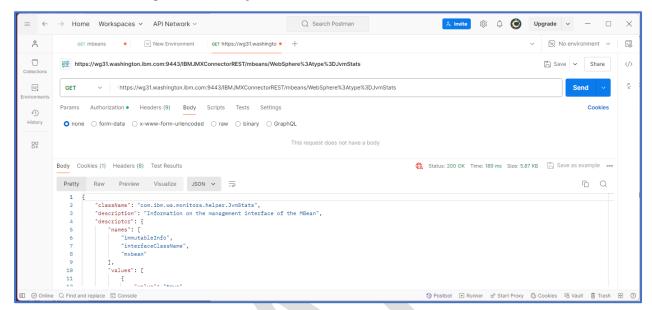
#### Accessing MBean JvmStats

• Use the search tool to locate the MBean in which we are interested, <u>JvmStats</u>.

```
Body Cookies (1) Headers (5) Test Results
                                                                                                                 Status: 200 OK Time: 1008 ms Size: 16.75 KB 🖺 Save as example 👓
                 Preview Visualize JSON ✓ 🚍
                                                                                                                                                                       6 Q
                "objectName": "java.util.logging:type=Logging",
                                                                                                                                           Aa <u>ab</u> * 1 of 3 ↑ ↓ = ×
                                                                                                                 jvms
                "className": "com.ibm.java.lang.management.internal.LoggingMXBeanImpl",
 119
                "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/java.util.logging%3Atype%3DLogging
 120
 121
 123
                "objectName": "WebSphere:type=JvmStats",
"className": "com.ibm.ws.monitors.helper.JvmStats",
  124
 125
                "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Atype%3DJvmStats"
 126
 127
  128
                "objectName": "java.lang:type=Memory",
```

• Simply click on the URL in the Response, e.g.,

"/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Atype%3DJvmStats" and this will open a new Postman window with the full URL already filled in. You may have to add the same credentials for this request, but then just click the **Send** button to invoke this new MBean.

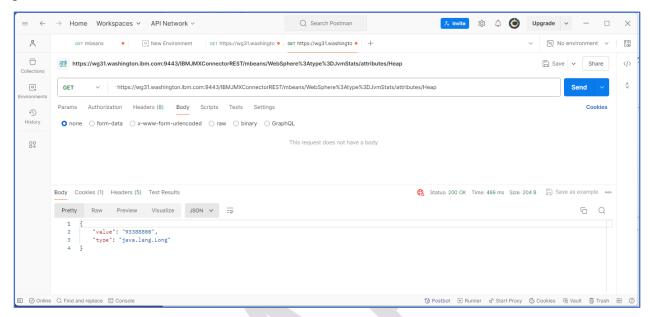


• Use the search tool again to search for a particular attribute, e.g. *heap*.

```
Body Cookies (1) Headers (8) Test Results
            Raw Preview Visualize JSON V =
                                                                                                                                                                                n a
 Pretty
                                                                                                                                                   Aa <u>ab</u> "* 1 of 3 ↑ ↓ = ×
   25
             "attributes": [
                      "name": "Heap",
"type": "long",
"description": "Heap",
   29
   30
31
                          "names": [
                              "originalType"
   33
   35
36
37
                           'values": [
                                  "value": null,
                                   "type": {
    "className": "javax.management.openmbean.SimpleType",
                                       "value": "rOBABXNyACVqYXZheC5tYW5hZ2VtZW50Lm9wZW5tYmVhbi5TaW1wbGVUeXBlHr9P+NxleCcCAAB4cgAjamF2YXgubWFuYWdlbWVudC5vcGVubWJlYW4uT3BlblR5cG
   41
   43
                                  "value": "long",
   45
                                  "type": "java.lang.String"
   47
                      "isIs": false.
   49
                      "isReadable": true,
"isWritable": false,
   51
                      'URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Atype%3DJvmStats/attributes/Heap
```

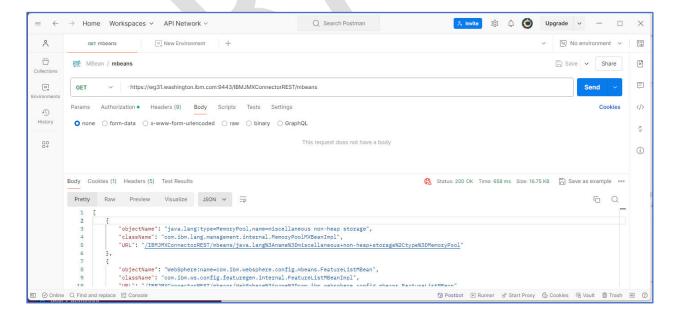
• Click on the URL, e.g.,

"/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Atype%3DJvmStats/attributes/Heap" and press the **Send** button on the new window to invoke this MBean.



Next let's explore display connection pool information.

• Go back to the Postman tab where display the list of MBeans by sending a **GET** to URL https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans.

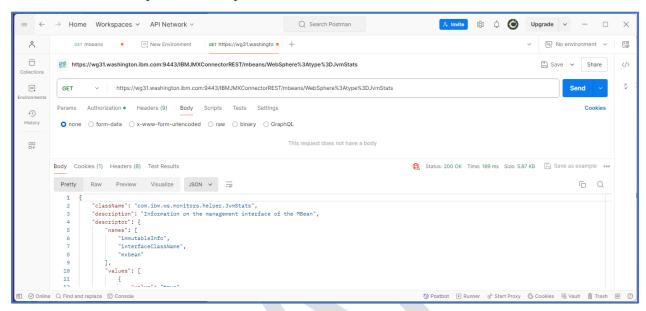


## Accessing MBean ConnectionManagerMBean

• Use the search tool to locate the connection pool in which we are interested, *IMSConnMgr2*.

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• Simply click on the URL in the *Response*, e.g., /IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DconnectionManager%5BIMSConnMgr2%5D%2Ctype%3Dcom.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean and this will open a new Postman window with the full URL already filled in. A new set of credentials may be needed for this request but then just click the **Send** button to invoke this new MBean.



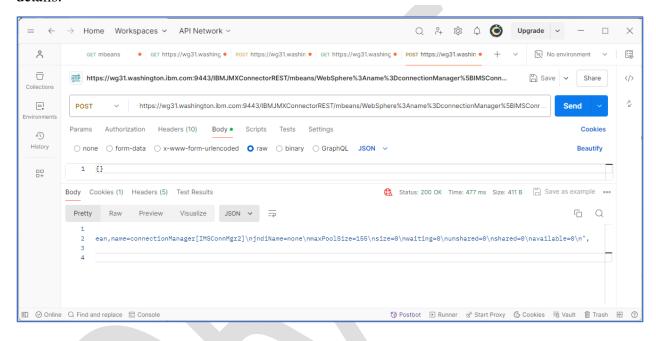
• Use the search tool again to search for a particular *operation*, e.g. *showPoolContents*.

```
Body Cookies (1) Headers (5) Test Results
                                                                                                        Status: 200 OK Time: 486 ms Size: 1.49 KB Save as example ...
                   Preview Visualize JSON ✓ =
 Pretty
                                                                                                                                                           6 Q
                                                                                                                                Aa <u>ab</u> •* 1 of 2 ↑ ↓ = ×
                   "name": "showPoolContents",
  36
   37
                    "description": "Displays the current contents of the Connection Manager in a human readable format.",
   38
                   "descriptor": {
                       "names": [],
                      "values": []
  41
                   "impact": "0",
"returnType": "java.lang.String",
  43
  45
                    "URL": "/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DconnectionManager%5BIMSConnMgr2%5D%2Ctype%3Dcom.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean不
  48
```

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• Click on the URL, e.g.,

/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DconnectionManager%5BIMSCon nMgr2%5D%2Ctype%3Dcom.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean/operations/sho wPoolContents and press the **Send** button on the new window to invoke this MBean. Invoking the MBean should failed with an HTTP 405 error, *method not allowed*. To address this, changed the method to **POST**. Since we are now using a **POST**, a request message must be added. Simply checked the radio *Body* in the Postman request message section and used the pull down to select *raw*. Entered a simple JSON message consisting of a beginning and ending braces, \(\beta\). Now pressing the **Send** button successfully accesses the MBean to display the connection pool details.



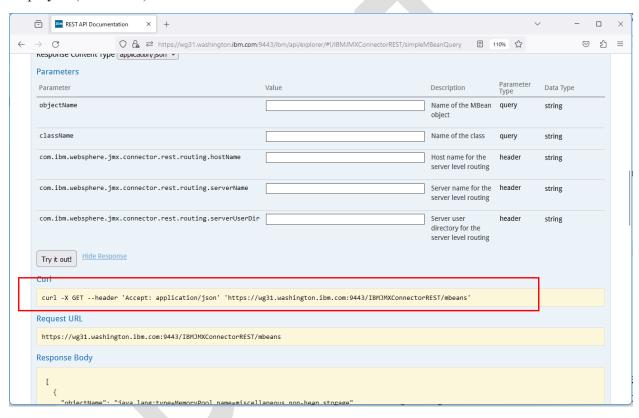
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#### Using cURL to access MBeans using REST

Accessing the MBeans form a REST client from a cURL (client URL) is another option. The best way to create the cURL command for accessing MBeans by using either the *IBM API Explorer* or *Postman* to invoke the MBean first. The advantage of using these tools first is once you are able to access an MBean with these tools, they will provide you with the syntax of cURL command to accomplish the same results.

#### Building cURL commands from IBM API Explorer

Note that when the *IBM API Explorer* provides the results, the "almost" equivalent cURL is also displayed (see below).



I said almost because there are some cURL parameters that must be added and the use of single quotes have to be replaced by double quotes. Using the above example, the curl command would need to be changed

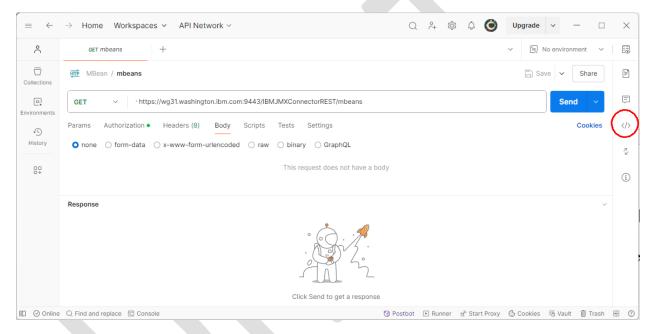
```
From:
curl -X GET --header 'Accept: application/json'
'https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans'
To:
curl -X GET --cacert CERTAUTH.PEM --user USER1:USER1 --header "Accept: application/json"
https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans
```

Where --cacert identifies a local trust store and -user provides basic authentication credentials. cURL has the option of providing -insecure as an alternative to providing a local truststore. With -insecure provided, the SSL handshake completes without verifying the server's certificate information.

**Note** in the above command, the certificate authority certificate file, CERTAUTH.PEM, is the same file used to configure TLS for the JConsole GUI client.

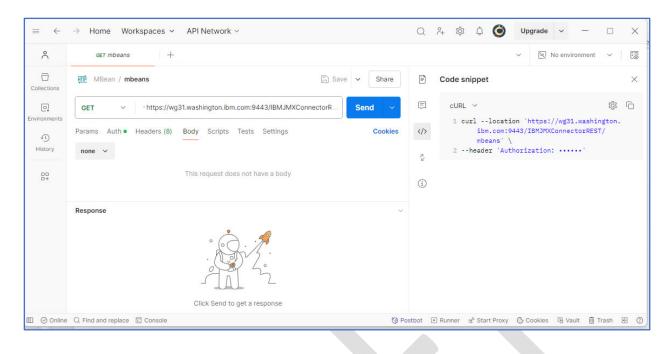
#### Building cURL commands from Postman

With Postman you can monitor the equivalent cURL command by pressing the </> icon on the side tab.



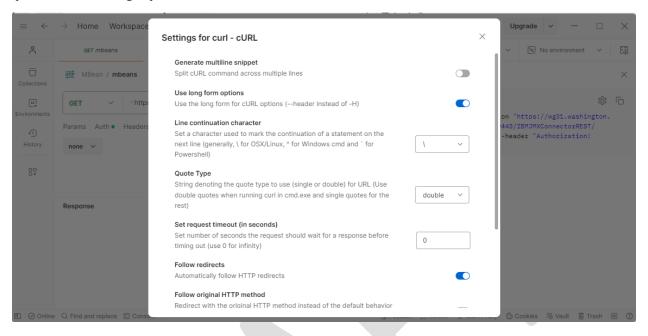
Select this option will display the equivalent cURL command. I selected the sprocket in this pane in order to customize the cURL command to way needed for a DOS command prompt.

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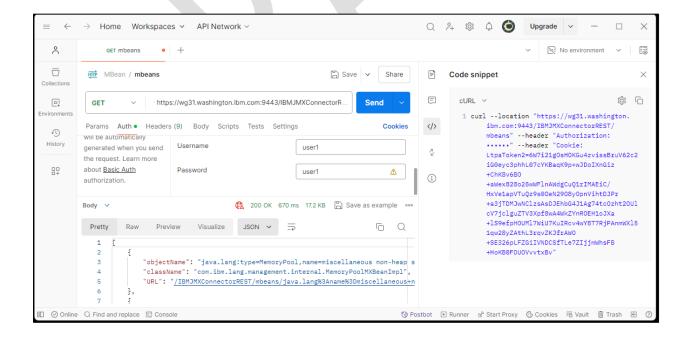


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I changed the cURL settings so that *Generate multiline snippet* was turned off and the *Quote Type* would use double quotes rather than single quotes.



Now the cURL command in the Code snippet pane can be copied and used externally from Postman with a couple of exceptions. The *-header* for *Authorization* and the *-header* for *Cookie* should be remove before of after the cURL command is copied.



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Below are some examples of using these techniques to build various cURL command and their results when invoked.

C:\z\jconsole>curl --cacert CERTAUTH.PEM --user USER1:USER1

https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DDefault+Executor%2Ctype%3DThreadPoolStats/attributes

[{"name":"PoolSize","value":{"value":"20","type":"java.lang.Integer"}},{"name":"ActiveThreads","value ":{"value":"1","type":"java.lang.Integer"}},{"name":"PoolName","value":{"value":"Default Executor","type":"java.lang.String"}}]

C:\z\jconsole>curl --cacert CERTAUTH.PEM --user USER1:USER1

https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DDefault+Executor%2Ctype%3DThreadPoolStats/attributes/PoolName

{"value":"Default Executor","type":"java.lang.String"}

C:\z\jconsole>curl --cacert CERTAUTH.PEM --user USER1:USER1

https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DDefault+Executor%2Ctype%3DThreadPoolStats/attributes/PoolSize

{"value":"20","type":"java.lang.Integer"}

C:\z\jconsole>curl --cacert CERTAUTH.PEM --user USER1:USER1

https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DDefault+Executor%2Ctype%3DThreadPoolStats/attributes/ActiveThreads

{"value":"1","type":"java.lang.Integer"}

C:\z\jconsole>curl -X POST --cacert CERTAUTH.PEM --user USER1:USER1 -d "{}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --header "Accept: application/json"

https://wg31.washington.ibm.com: 9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Aname%3DconnectionManager%5BIMSConnMgr2%5D%2Ctype%3Dcom.ibm.ws.jca.cm.mbean.ConnectionManagerMBean/operations/showPoolContents

C:\z\iconsole>curl --location

"https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/IBMJMXConnectorREST/mbeans/WebSphere%3Atype%3DJvmStats/attributes" --insecure --user USER1:user1

[{"name":"Heap","value":{"value":"139067392","type":"java.lang.Long"}},{"name":"FreeMemory","value":{"value":"37360080","type":"java.lang.Long"}},{"name":"ProcessCPU","value":{"value":"1.0","type": "java.lang.Double"}},{"name":"UsedMemory","value":{"value":"101707312","type":"java.lang.Long"}},{"name":"GcTime","value":{"value":"java.lang.Long"}},{"name":"UpTime","value":{"value":"93425998","type":"java.lang.Long"}},{"name":"GcCount","value":{"value":"347","type":"java.lang.Long"}}]