Customization Security when accessing an IMS Transactions



Wildfire Team – Washington System Center

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Important: On the desktop there is a file named *Security CopyPaste.txt*. This file contains commands and other text used in this workshop. Locate that file and open it. Use the copy-and-paste function (**Ctrl-C** and **Ctrl-V**) to enter commands or text. It will save time and help avoid typo errors. As a reminder text that appears in this file will be highlighted in yellow.

General Exercise Information and Guidelines

- ✓ This exercise requires the completion of the *zCEE Basic Configuration* and *zCEE Basic Security Configurations* exercises before it can be performed.
- ✓ This exercise requires using z/OS user identities *FRED* and *USER1*. The password for these users will be provided by the lab instructions.
- ✓ There are examples of server.xml scattered through this exercise. Your server.xml may differ depending on which exercises have been previously performed. Be sure the red lines in these examples are either added or already present.
- ✓ The acronyms RACF (resource access control facility) and SAF (system authorization facility) are used in this exercise. RACF is the IBM security manager product whereas SAF is a generic term for any security manager product, e.g. ACF2 or Top Secret or RACF. An attempt has been to use SAF when referring to information appropriate for any SAF product and to use RACF when referring to specific RACF commands or examples.
- ✓ Any time you have any questions about the use of IBM z/OS Explorer, 3270 screens, features or tools, do not hesitate to ask the instructor for assistance.
- ✓ Text in **bold** and highlighted in **yellow** in this document should be available for copying and pasting in a file named *Security CopyPaste* file on the desktop.
- ✓ Please note that there may be minor differences between the screen shots in this exercise versus what you see when performing this exercise. These differences should not impact the completion of this exercise.

Overview

This exercise demonstrates the steps required to enable security between a z/OS Connect EE (zCEE) server and IMS.

In part one of the exercise the use of RACF pass tickets will be configured. RACF pass tickets can be used to pass the z/OS Connect authenticated RACF identity to IMS Connect and this identity will subsequently be used for IMS authorization checks.

In part two of the exercise, TLS support will be added by configuring AT-TLS policies. The presence of these policies will act as a surrogate for handing the server role on behalf of IMS Connect and a surrogate for the z/OS Connect server as client.

Enabling RACF Pass Tickets

When sending request from an z/OS Connect server to IMS, the identity used for IMS authorization checks will be by default, the identity configured in the basic authentication element of the IMS connection factory. This identity is associated with the server and not the z/OS Connect authenticated identity under which the request is running.

To provide identity assertion of the authenticated identity the use of RACF Pass Tickets is required. When RACF Pass Tickets are enabled, the zCEE server will obtain a pass ticket from RACF and send this ticket (token) along with the request to IMS Connect. When the request arrives at the IMS Connect the pass ticket will be validated with RACF and the z/OS Connect authenticated identity will be extracted and use for subsequent IMS authorization checks.

Define RACF resources required for IMS Pass Tickets.

Begin by define the RACF resources required for IMS pass tickets.

____1. Begin by submit the job in member *IMSPTKT* in data set *USER1.ZCEE30.CNTL*.

```
ADDGROUP ZCEEIMS

CONNECT LIBSERV GROUP(ZCEEIMS)

SETROPTS CLASSACT(PTKTDATA) RACLIST(PTKTDATA)
SETROPTS GENERIC(PTKTDATA)

RDEFINE PTKTDATA IMSAPPL SSIGNON(KEYMASK(123456789ABCDEF0)) +
APPLDATA('NO REPLAY PROTECTION')

RDEFINE PTKTDATA IRRPTAUTH.IMSAPPL.* UACC(NONE)
PERMIT IRRPTAUTH.IMSAPPL.* ID(ZCEEIMS) CLASS(PTKTDATA) ACC(UPDATE)

SETROPTS RACLIST(PTKTDATA) REFRESH
```

These commands define the required *PTKTDATA* resource *IMSAPPL*.

Tech-Tip: The value *IMSAPPL* was derived from the IMS Connect *APPL* attribute for the DATASTORE configuration entry, see sample below:

HWS=(ID=IMS15HWS,XIBAREA=100,RACF=Y,RRS=Y)
TCPIP=(HOSTNAME=TCPIP,PORTID=(4000,LOCAL),RACFID=JOHNSON,TIMEOUT=5000)
DATASTORE=(GROUP=OTMAGRP,ID=IVP1,MEMBER=HWSMEM,DRU=HWSYDRU0,
TMEMBER=OTMAMEM,APPL=IMSAPPL)
ODACCESS=(ODBMAUTOCONN=Y,IMSPLEX=(MEMBER=IMS15HWS,TMEMBER=PLEX1),
DRDAPORT=(ID=5555,PORTTMOT=6000),ODBMTMOT=6000,APPL=IMSAPPL)

The value for the key mask was an arbitrary 16 hexadecimal string. If multiple RACF databases are involved this value must be the same for all.

Test with a default identity using RACF Pass Tickets

First let's explore invoking an IMS API and observing the security behavior when the connection factory default identity is used to generate a pass ticket.

____1. First some server.xml housekeeping is required. Edit the *server.xml* configuration file for the *myServer* server, e.g. /var/zosconnect/servers/myServer/server.xml and add an include for file *shared.xml* (if it is not already present) see below:

<include location="\${server.config.dir}/includes/shared.xml"/>

```
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/safSecurity.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/ipic.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/keyringMutual.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/groupAccess.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/shared.xml"/>
```

This will install some predefined services and APIs in the server.

2. Before saving the *server.xml* file, add the *imsmobile* feature to the *featureManager* section of the *server.xml*.

```
<featureManager>
  <feature>zosconnect:zosConnect-2.0</feature>
  <feature>zosconnect:zosConnectCommands-1.0</feature>
  <feature>imsmobile:imsmobile-2.0</feature>
</featureManager>
```

__3. Stop and restart the server with MVS commands *P BAQSTRT* and *S BAQSTRT*.

Tech-Tip: MVS and JES2 commands can be entered from SDSF by enter a / (slash) on the command line followed by the command itself (e.g. /D T). The command results can be found in the system log. If a command is especially long, then simply entering a / (slash) to display *a* SDSF – System Command Extension panel where a command can span multiple lines. When an MVS command must be entered, the instructions in these exercises will indicate that the command is an MVS command and you may enter the command at the prompt by using the / (slash) prefix or using the SDSF – System Command Extension panel.

Restarting the server with the imsmobile feature enabled will create a new directory structure in the server's *resources* directory with the name *imsmobile-configuration*. The connection and interaction configuration elements in this directory structure now need to be configured.

__4. Edit file *ims-connections.xml* in /var/zosconnect/servers/myServer/resources/imsmobile-config/connections and ensure the attribute values shown below are modified to these values:

With this configuration, a pass ticket will be generated for identity FRED for all request to IMS TM.

5. Next, edit file *ims-interactions.xml* in /var/zosconnect/servers/myServer/resources/imsmobile-config/interactions and ensure the attributes red as shown below are modified to these values:

```
<server>
<imsmobile_interaction comment="" commitMode="1" id="IMSINTER"
imsConnectCodepage="Cp1047" imsConnectTimeout="30000"
imsDatastoreName="IVP1" interactionTimeout="-1" ltermOverrideName=""
syncLevel="0"/>
</server>
```

- ___6. Refresh the configuration with MVS command **F BAQSTRT, REFRESH, CONFIG**
- ____7. Open a DOS command prompt and go to directory c:/z/admin.

8. Enter the cURL command below:

curl -X get --cacert certauth.pem --cert fred.p12:secret --cert-type P12 https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/phonebook/contacts/LAST3

```
c:\z\admin>curl -X get --cacert certauth.pem --cert fred.p12:secret --cert-type P12
https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/phonebook/contacts/LAST3
{"phonebookResponse":{"lastName":"LAST3","firstName":"FIRST3","zipCode":"D03\/R03","ex
tension":"8-111-3333","message":"ENTRY WAS DISPLAYED"}}
```

__9. Enter the cURL command below specifying user1's personal certificate.

curl -X get --cacert certauth.pem --cert user1.p12:secret --cert-type P12 https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/phonebook/contacts/LAST3

You should see the same results because the requests to IMS Connect are using the basic authentication as configured in the connection factory in *imsconnections.xml* (see below).

__10. To confirm that FRED is being used (not USER1), locate the outstanding reply for IMS Connect in the SDSF log and respond with *VIEWHWS*, as in ##*VIEWHWS* (where ## is the reply number). You should see a request for transaction *IVTNO* with the *USERID* of *FRED*

```
HWSC0001I
           PORT=4000
                        STATUS=ACTIVE
                                        KEEPAV=0 NUMSOC=2
EDIT=
             TIMEOUT=0
             CLIENTID USERID TRANCODE DATASTORE STATUS
                                                            SECOND
HWSC0001I
                    APSB-TOKEN
CLNTPORT IP-ADDRESS
HWSC0001I GMPGM7ZE FRED IVTNO
                                       IVP1
                                                RECV
                                                                30
1146 192.168.017.201
HWSC0001I TOTAL CLIENTS=1 RECV=1 READ=0 CONN=0 XMIT=0 OTHER=0
```

Test with identity propagation enabled using RACF Pass Tickets

Next remove the *userName* attribute from the connection. Now request to IMS TM will use the authentication identity of the current user when generating a pass ticket.

___1. Edit file *ims-connections.xml* in /var/zosconnect/servers/myServer/resources/imsmobile-config/connections and remove the *userName* attribute:

_2. Refresh the server's configuration using the MVS command FBAQSTRT, REFRESH, CONFIG

Tech-Tip: A refresh should be sufficient, but a complete restart of the server might be better. The TCPIP connects linger for a while and restart of the server will break these connections and provide distinct results between tests.

3. Enter the cURL command below:

curl -X get --cacert certauth.pem --cert user1.p12:secret --cert-type P12 https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/phonebook/contacts/LAST3

```
c:\z\admin>curl -X get --cacert certauth.pem --cert user1.p12:secret --cert-type P12
https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/phonebook/contacts/LAST3
{"phonebookResponse":{"lastName":"LAST3","firstName":"FIRST3","zipCode":"D03\/R03","extension":"8-111-3333","message":"ENTRY WAS DISPLAYED"}}
```

You should see the same results.

____11. To confirm the USER1 identity (user1.p12) is now being used for authorization, locate the outstanding reply for IMS Connect in the SDSF log again and respond with IMS Connect command *VIEWHWS*, as in ##VIEWHWS (where ## is the outstanding reply number for IMS Connect). You should see a request for transaction IVTNO with the USERID of USER1

HWSC0001I	PORT=4000	STATU	JS=ACTIVE	KEEPAV=	NUMSOC=	2
EDIT=	TIMEOUT=0					
HWSC0001I	CLIENTID	USERID	TRANCODE	DATASTORE	STATUS	SECOND
CLNTPORT IP-	-ADDRESS		APSB-TOKEN			
HWSC0001I	GMPGM7ZE	USER1	IVTNO	IVP1	RECV	10
1146 192.3	168.017.201					
HWSC0001I	TOTAL CLI	ENTS=1	RECV=1 REA	AD=0 CONN=0	O=TIMX C	OTHER=0

___12. Repeat the curl command but this time use Fred's certificate. (fred.p12). Locate the outstanding reply for IMS Connect in the SDSF log again and respond with IMS Connect command *VIEWHWS*, as in ##VIEWHWS (where ## is the outstanding reply number for IMS Connect). You should see a request for transaction *IVTNO* with the *USERID* of *FRED*

HWSC0001I	PORT=4000	STATU	JS=ACTIVE	KEEPAV=(NUMSOC=	2
EDIT=	TIMEOUT=0					
HWSC0001I	CLIENTID	USERID	TRANCODE	DATASTORE	STATUS	SECOND
CLNTPORT IP	-ADDRESS		APSB-TOKEN			
HWSC0001I	GMPGM7ZE	FRED	IVTNO	IVP1	RECV	30
1146 192.	168.017.201					
HWSC0001I	TOTAL CL	ENTS=1	RECV=1 REA	AD=0 CONN=0	O=TIMX C	OTHER=0

Summary

In this section a simple REST client (cURL) has been used to invoke and API which accesses IMS. Required RACF resources were defined and changes were made to the server.xml so RACF Pass Tickets would be used between the server and IMS Connect. Finally, the REST client was used to demonstrate that the identity associated with the client certificates (fred.p12 and user1.p12) were propagated to IMS Connect for authorization checks.

Configuring TLS security to an IMS Subsystem

Adding TLS support to the connection between the z/OS Connect server and IMS requires the creation of a key ring belonging to the identity under which the IMS Connect task is executing (look for message IEF695I in the IMS15HWS task's JES messages). This key ring contains the personal and the certificate authority certificates that will be used during TLS handshakes. The creation of the key ring and the connection of certificates to the key ring are done using the RACDCERT RACF commands.

Creating IMS SAF resources

First, we may have to do some housekeeping depending on which exercises have been previously performed.

- ____1. Browse data set *USER1.ZCEE30.CNTL*. You should see the members in that data set.
- ____2. Browse member **ZCEETLSC** (TLS client role). You should see the RACF commands below. Submit the job for execution if this this job has not been previously submitted in another exercise.

```
/* Create personal certificate for zCEE outbound client request */
racdcert id(libserv) gencert subjectsdn(cn('zCEE Client Cert') +
ou('ATS') o('IBM')) withlabel('zCEE Client Cert') signwith(certauth +
label('zCEE CA')) notafter(date(2022/12/31))
 /* Create zCEE outbound key ring and connect certificates */
racdcert id(libserv) addring(zCEE.KeyRing)
racdcert id(libserv) connect(ring(zCEE.KeyRing) +
          label('zCEE CA') certauth usage(certauth))
racdcert id(libserv) connect(ring(zCEE.KeyRing) +
          label('Liberty CA') certauth usage(certauth))
 /* Connect CA certificate to Liberty inbound key ring */
racdcert id(libserv) connect(ring(Liberty.KeyRing) +
          label('zCEE CA') certauth usage(certauth))
 /* Connect default personal certificlate */
racdcert id(libserv) connect(ring(zCEE.KeyRing) +
          label('zCEE Client Cert') default)
racdcert id(libserv) listring(zCEE.KeyRing)
racdcert id(libserv) list
setr raclist(digtcert digtring) refresh
connect libserv group(zceeusrs)
connect libserv group(gminvoke)
```

These commands

- Define a personal certificate for the zCEE server for use during outbound handshakes.
- Define a key ring to be used for outbound handshakes.
- Connect the zCEE server personal certificate to this key ring.
- Connect the certificate authority (CA) public certificate used to sign the zCEE server's outbound personal certificate to this key ring.
- Connect the certificate authority (CA) public certificate used to sign the API provider server's certificate to this key ring.
- Connects the certificate authority (CA) public certificate used to sign the zCEE server's outbound personal certificate to the API provider's key ring.
- User LIBSERV is given the required authority to access their key ring and certificate.
- The in-storage profile for digital certificates resources are refreshed.
- User LIBSERV is connected to the groups that provide access to this zCEE instance.

Below is visual representation of the key ring just created



___3. Next, browse member **IMSTLS**, you should see the RACF commands below. Submit the job for execution.

```
/* Create a CA certficate for IMS */
racdcert certauth gencert subjectsdn(cn('IMS CA') ou('ATS') +
ou('ATS') o('IBM')) withlabel('IMS CA') keyusaqe(certsiqn) +
notafter(date(2022/12/31))
 /* Create a server certficate for IMS client request */
racdcert id(IMSSTC) gencert subjectsdn(cn('wg31.washington.ibm.com') +
ou('ATS') o('IBM')) withlabel('IMSSTC') signwith(certauth +
label('IMS CA')) notafter(date(2021/12/31)
setr raclist(digtcert,digtnmap) refresh
 /* Create IMS key ring and connect CA and personal certificates */
racdcert id(IMSSTC) addring(IMS.KeyRing)
racdcert id(IMSSTC) connect(ring(IMS.KeyRing) +
          label('IMS CA') certauth usage(certauth))
racdcert id(IMSSTC) connect(ring(IMS.KeyRing) +
          label('zCEE CA') certauth usage(certauth))
racdcert id(libserv) connect(ring(zCEE.KeyRing) +
          label('IMS CA') certauth usage(certauth))
 /* Connect default personal certificiate */
racdcert id(IMSSTC) connect(ring(IMS.KeyRing) +
          label('IMSSTC') default
setropts raclist(digtring,digtnmap) refresh
```

These commands

- Define a certificate authority certificate used to sign IMS certificates used during TLS handshakes.
- Define a personal certificate for the IMS server for use during TLS handshakes.
- Define a key ring to be used for TLS handshakes.
- Connect the IMS server personal certificate to this key ring.
- Connect the certificate authority (CA) public certificate used to sign the IMS server's certificate to this key ring.
- Connect the certificate authority (CA) public certificate used to sign the zCEE server's outbound personal certificate to this key ring.
- The in-storage profile for digital certificates resources are refreshed.

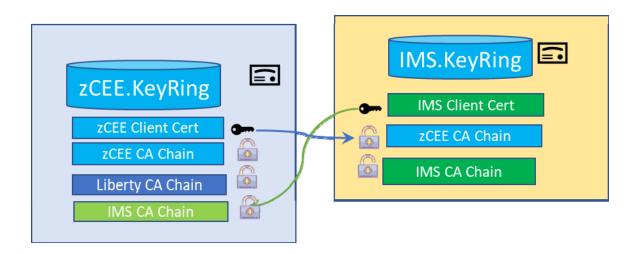
Below is visual representation of the key ring just created



The update made to the zCEE server's outbound keyring



And the handshakes will flow as shown below



____1. Edit the *server.xml* configuration file for the *myServer* server, found in directory /var/zosconnect/servers/myServer and change the include for file *keyringMutual.xml* to an include of file *keyringOutBoundMutual.xml*, see below:

<include location=''\${server.config.dir}/includes/keyringOutboundMutual.xml''/>

```
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/safSecurity.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/ipicIDProp.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/keyringOutboundMutual.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/groupAccess.xml"/>
<include location="${server.config.dir}/includes/shared.xml"/>
```

```
<!-- Enable features -->
<featureManager>
     <feature>transportSecurity-1.0</feature>
</featureManager>
<sslDefault sslRef="DefaultSSLSettings"</pre>
  outboundSSLRef="OutboundSSLSettings" />
<ssl id="DefaultSSLSettings"</pre>
  keyStoreRef="CellDefaultKeyStore"
  trustStoreRef="CellDefaultKeyStore"
  clientAuthenticationSupported="true"
  clientAuthentication="true"/>
<keyStore id="CellDefaultKeyStore"</pre>
   location="safkeyring://Keyring.LIBERTY"
  password="password" type="JCERACFKS"
  fileBased="false" readOnly="true" />
<ssl id="OutboundSSLSettings"
  keyStoreRef="OutboundKeyStore"
  trustStoreRef="OutboundKeyStore"/>
<keyStore id="OutboundKeyStore"</pre>
  location="safkeyring://zCEE.KeyRing"
  password="password" type="JCERACFKS"
  fileBased="false" readOnly="true" />
```

____2. Enter MVS commands *PBAQSRT and SBASSTRT* to refresh the zCEE server's runtime configuration.

Tech-Tip: Updates to keyrings could have been refreshed in the server by using this command:

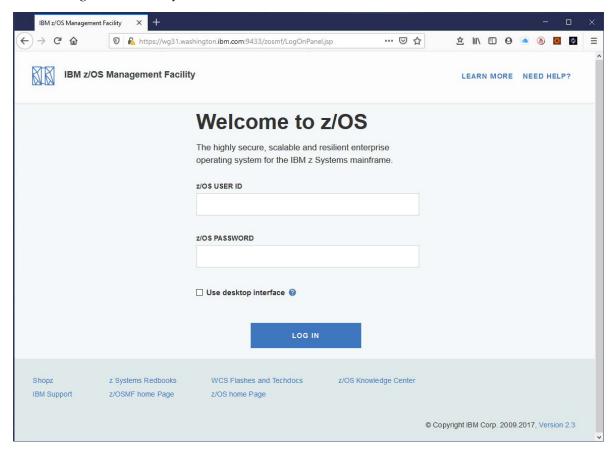
F BAQSTRT, REFRESH, KEYSTORE

This would have dynamically made the information about CICS CA certificate available in the zCEE runtime

Configure the AT-TLS policies

z/OSMF will be used in this section to configure the AT-TLS configuration for the desired inbound and outbound policies.

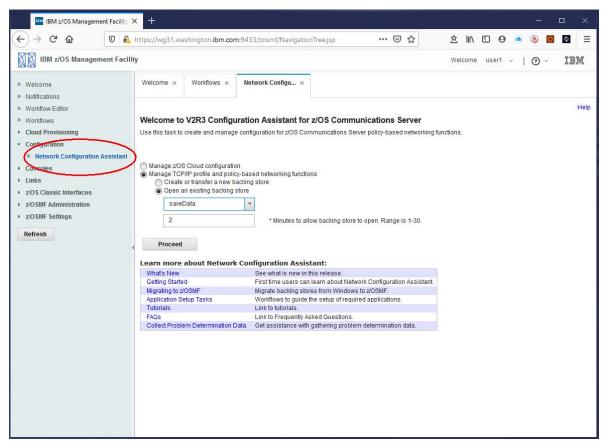
___1. In a Firefox browser enter URL https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9433/zosmf and you should see the IBM z/OS Management Facility window.



Note that some of the AT-TLS configuration steps described here may have been performed in another exercise.

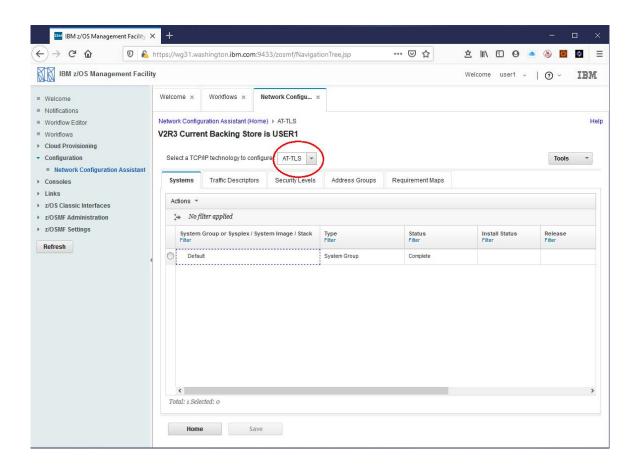
____2. Enter *USER1* as the *z/OS USER ID* and USER1's password and click the **LOG IN** button.

_____3. The *Welcome* screen should be displayed. On the left-hand side expand the *Configuration* tab to expose the *Network Configuration Assistance* option. Select this option to expose the *Network Configuration* tab.

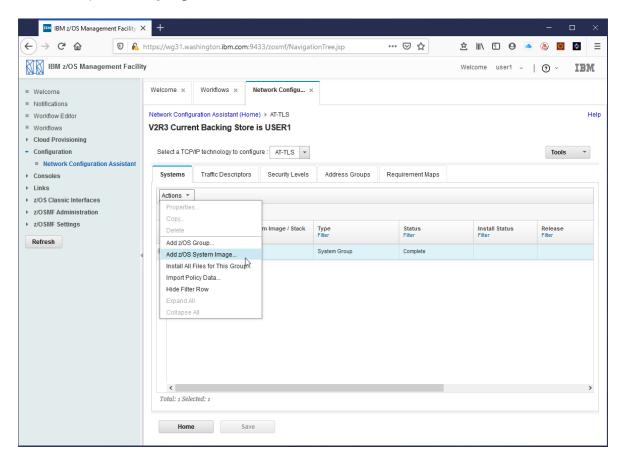


- ____4. Select the radio button beside *Create or transfer a new backing store* option and click the **Proceed** button.
- ____5. On the next screen select the radio button beside *Create a New Backing Store File* and enter *USER1* in the area beside *File Name*. Press the **OK** button and press the **OK** button on the Information pop-up.

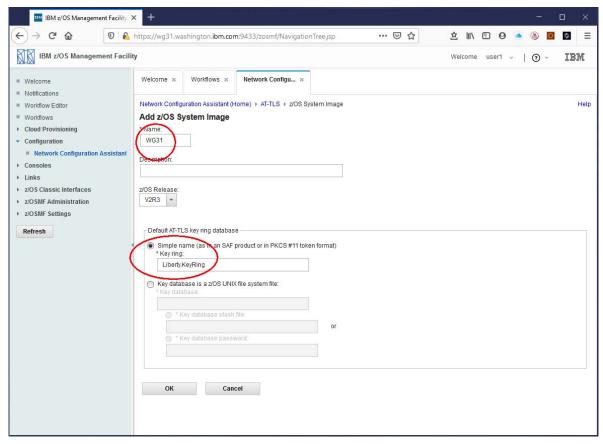
__6. On the *Network Configuration* tab use the pull-down arrow to select *AT-TLS* as the *TCP/IP technology to configure*.



__7. Select the radio button beside the *Default - System Group* and use the *Action* pull-down button to select *Add z/OS System Image* option.



_8. On the *Add z/OS System Image* window enter *WG31* for the image *Name* and check the radio button beside *Simple name* (as in an SAF product...) and enter *Liberty.KeyRing* as the default AT-TLS key ring name. Click **OK** to continue.

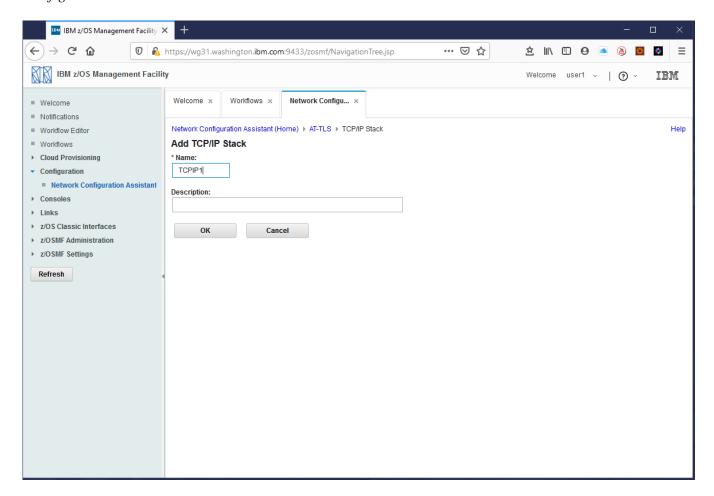


Tech Tip: The value for the key ring will be used if an explicit key ring is not provided for a policy.

We recommend establishing a naming convention for key rings with each SAF identity using the same key ring name in the same context. Using this name as an example you could create a unique key ring named *Liberty.KeyRing* for SAF identities USER1, USER2, FRED, etc. Each user's key ring would have the same name but a different set of connected certificates. One default key ring specified at the image level covers all users.

9. On the *Proceed to the Next Step?* pop-up click the **Proceed** button.

_10. The *Add TCP/IP Stack* screen should be displayed. Select this option to expose the *Network Configuration* tab. Enter *TCPIP1* as the name of the stack. Click **OK** to continue.



Tech-Tip: The value for the stack name was determine by the TCPIP Name display by entering the MVS command D TCPIP.

EZAOP501 TCPIP STATUS REPORT 007

COUNT TCPIP NAME VERSION STATUS

1 TCPIP1 CS V2R3 ACTIVE

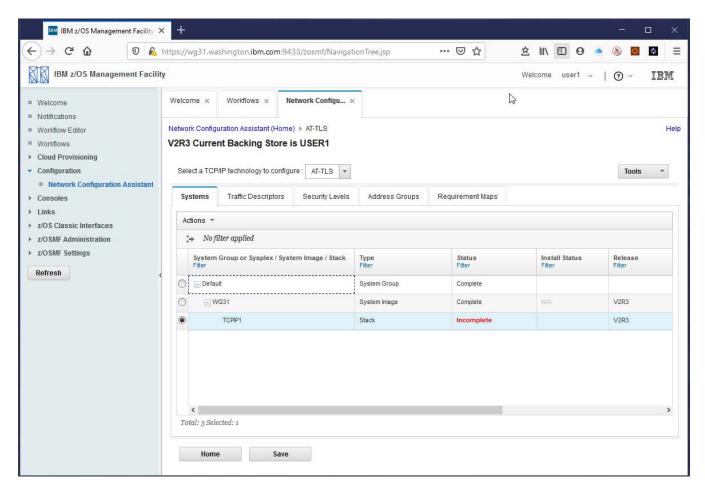
*** END TCPIP STATUS REPORT ***

EZAOP41I 'DISPLAY TCPIP' COMMAND COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY

___11. Before any TCP/IP stack rules can be added, *Traffic Descriptors*, *Address Groups* and *Requirement Maps* need to be defined. Click **Cancel** on the *Proceed to the Next Step*? displayed at this time.

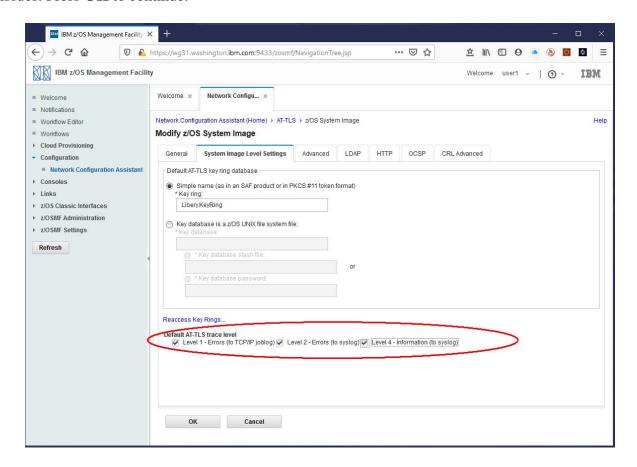


_12. This will display the window below:

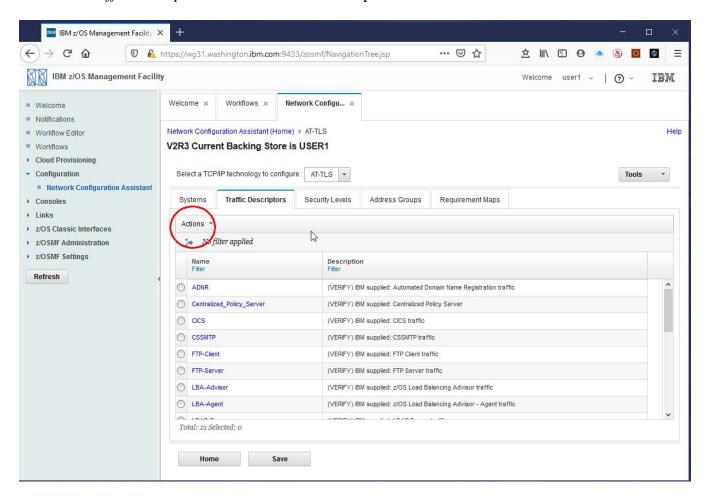


Tech Tip: The **Incomplete** warning will be addressed shortly.

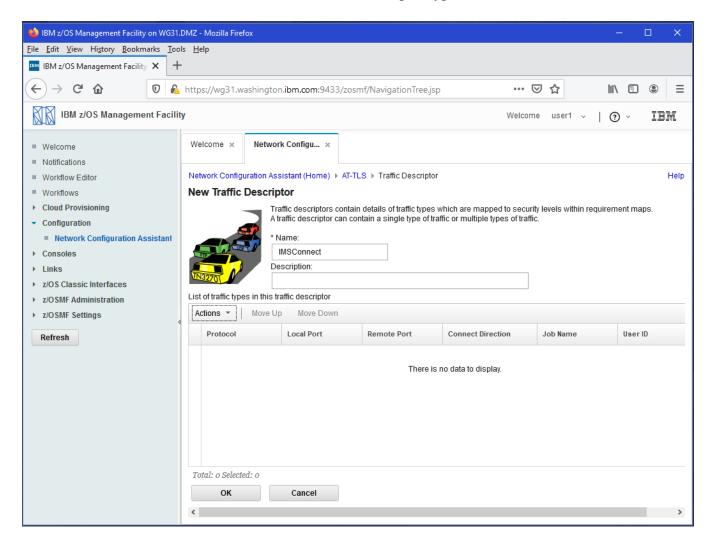
__13. Select the radio button beside *WG31* and use the *Actions* pull-down to select *Properties*. On the *Modify z/OS System Image* window select the *System Image Level Settings* tab and check all the trace level boxes as shown below. This is being done so we can confirm AT-TLS is being invoked and identify issues. Press **OK** to continue.



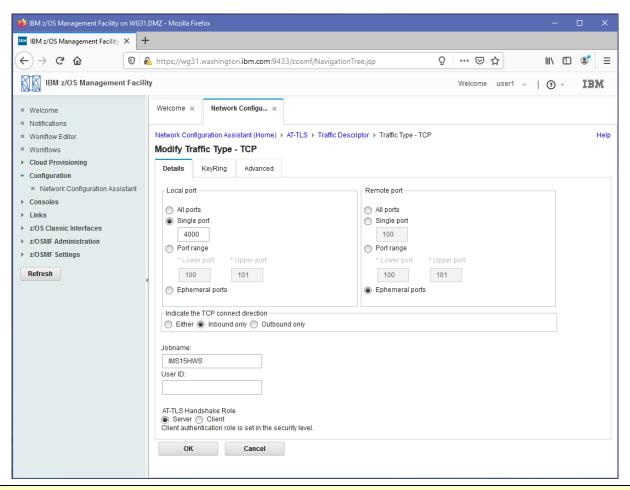
_14. Select the *Traffic Descriptors* tab and use the *Actions* pull-down to select *New*.



_15. On the *New Traffic Descriptor* window enter *IMSConnect* as the name and use the *Actions* pull-down and select *New* to start the definition of a new traffic descriptor type.



_16. On the *New Traffic Type – TCP* window select the radio button beside *Single ports* under *Local port* and enter *4000* as the port number. Select the radio button *All ports* under *Remote port*. Select the radio button beside *Inbound only* under *Indicate the TCP connection direction*. Enter *IMS15HWS* in the area under *Jobname* and finally select the radio button beside *Server* under *AT-TLS Handshake Role*. Next click on the *KeyRing* tab to continue.



Tech-Tip: This traffic definition is triggered when a client attempts to connect to port *5555*. Port *5555* was identified in the IMS Connect configuration.

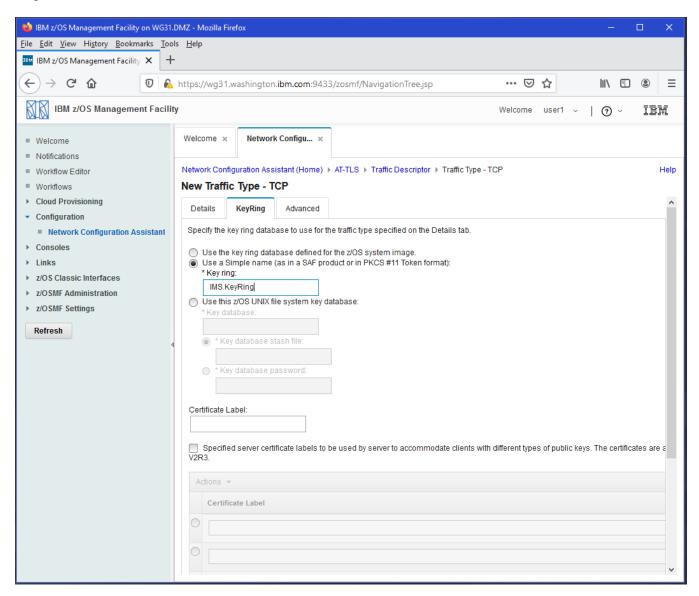
HWS=(ID=IMS15HWS,XIBAREA=100,RACF=Y,RRS=Y)

TCPIP=(HOSTNAME=TCPIP,PORTID=(**4000,**LOCAL),RACFID=JOHNSON,TIMEOUT=5000) DATASTORE=(GROUP=OTMAGRP,ID=IVP1,MEMBER=HWSMEM,DRU=HWSYDRU0, TMEMBER=OTMAMEM,APPL=IMSAPPL)

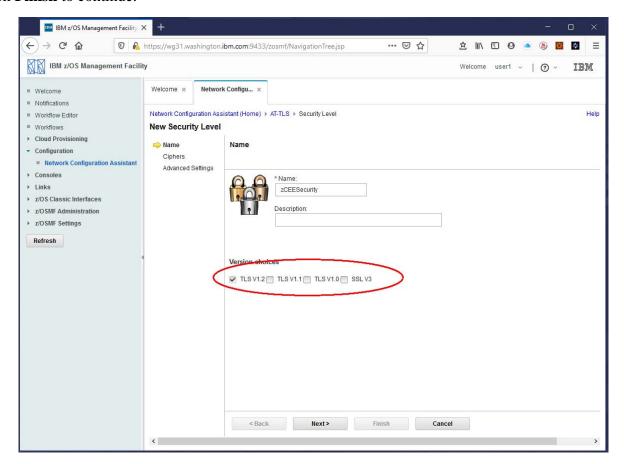
ODACCESS=(ODBMAUTOCONN=Y,IMSPLEX=(MEMBER=IMS15HWS,TMEMBER=PLEX1), DRDAPORT=(ID=5555,PORTTMOT=6000),ODBMTMOT=6000,APPL=IMSAPPL)

If all the defined conditions are met, AT-TLS will act as a surrogate for the server during a TLS handshake. Note the *KeyRing* tab can be used to specify the name of the key ring to be used for this handshake, e.g. IMS.KeyRing. Otherwise the default is to use the same key ring name defined for the z/OS System image, e.g. Liberty.KeyRing.

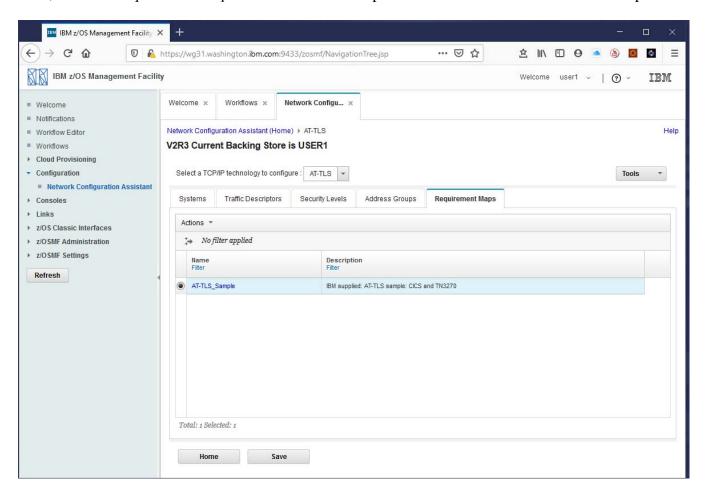
__17. On the *KeyRing* tab select the radio button beside *Use a Simple name* and enter *IMS.KeyRing* as the key ring name. Click **OK** twice to continue.



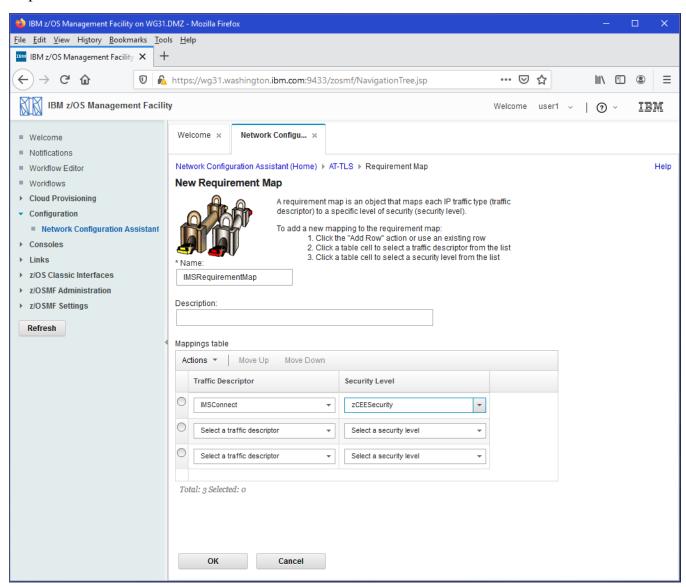
_18. Next, click the *Security Levels* tab and use the *Actions* pull-down button and to select the *New* option. On the *New Security Level* windows, enter *zCEESecurity* for the *Name* and check the box beside *TLS V1.2* and uncheck the other boxes. Click **Next** to display the *Cipher selection* options. Click **Next** to display the *Advanced Settings* options exploring as you like but there is no need to make any changes. Click **Finish** to continue.



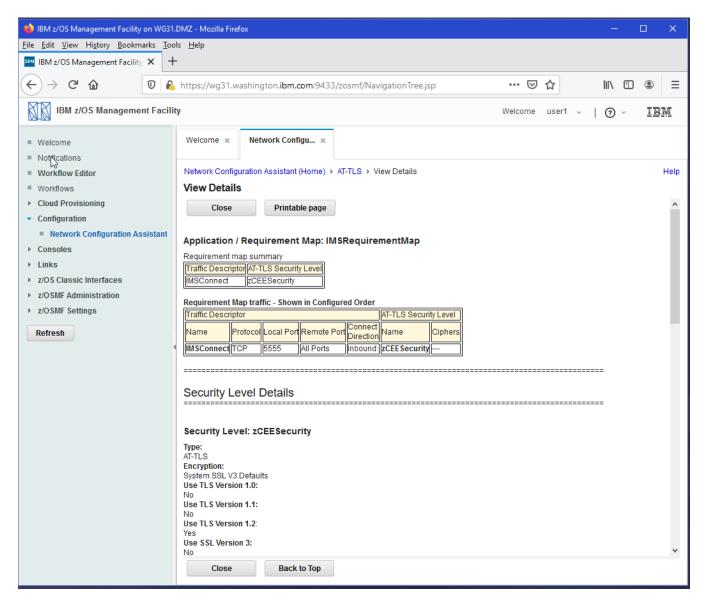
_19. Next, click the *Requirement Maps* tab. Use the *Actions* pull-down button and to select the *New* option.



_20. On the *New Requirement Map* window enter *IMSRequirementMap* as the *Name* and use the pull-down arrows to select *IMSConnect* as the *Traffic Descriptor* and *zCEESecurity* as the *Security Level* for this map. Click **OK** to continue.

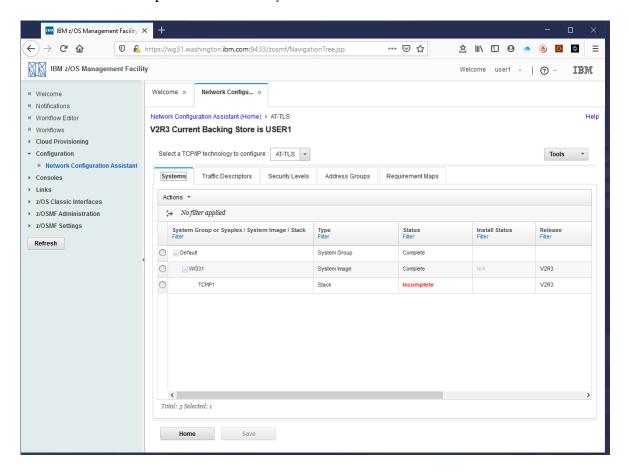


__21. Select the radio button beside *IMSRequirementMap*. Use the *Actions* pull-down to select the *View Details* options to display the window below. Review the details and click the **Close** button to continue.

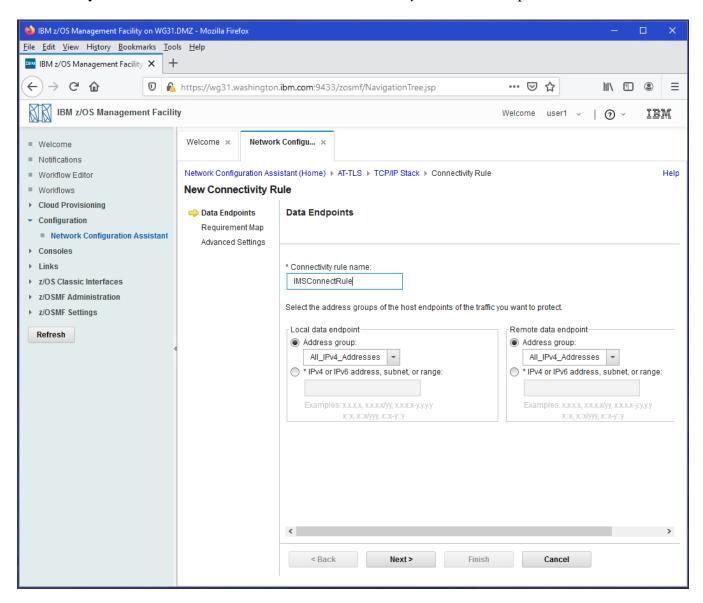


_22. Click the **Save** button to save the configuration.

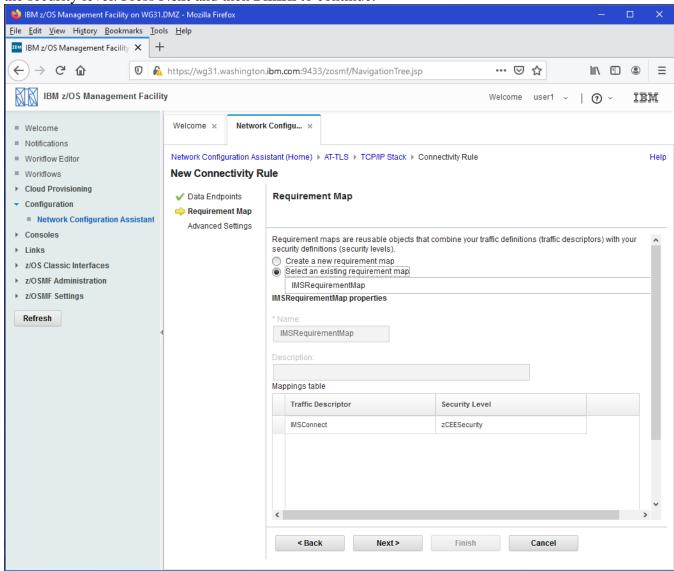
_23. When the save has complete click on the *Systems* tab to return to this window.



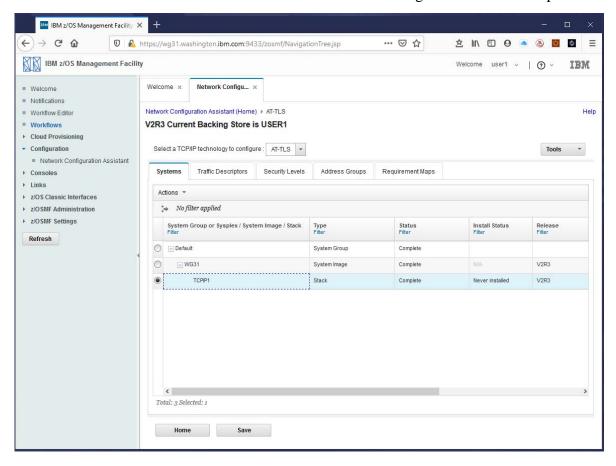
_24. Select the radio button beside *TCPIP1*. Use the *Actions* pull-down to select *Rules*. This is where these definitions will be tied together. Use the *Actions* pull-down again and select *New* to create a new connectivity rule. Enter *IMSConnectRule* for the *Connectivity rule name* and press **Next** to continue.



_25. On the *New Connectivity Rule – Requirement Map* window select the radio button beside *Select an existing requirement map* and use the pull-down to select *IMSRequirementMap*. This should automatically populate the mapping table with *IMSConnect* as the traffic descriptor and *zCEESecurity* as the security level. Press **Next** and then **Finish** to continue.

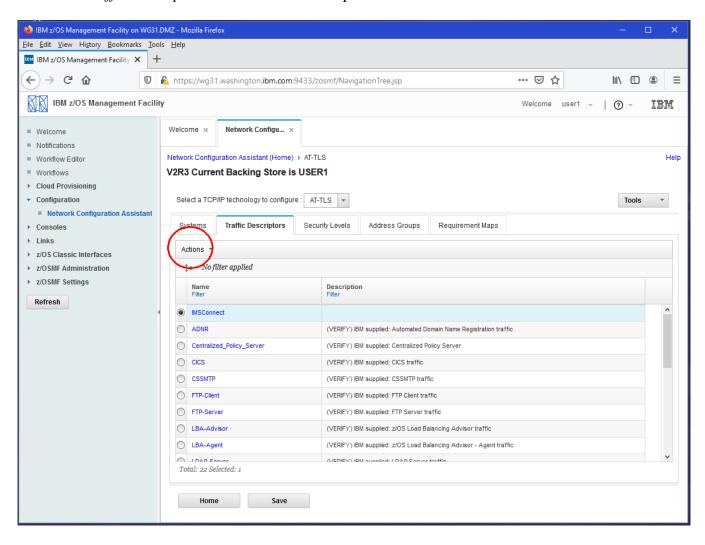


_26. Press **Close** to return to this window. Note that the status of the configuration is now complete.

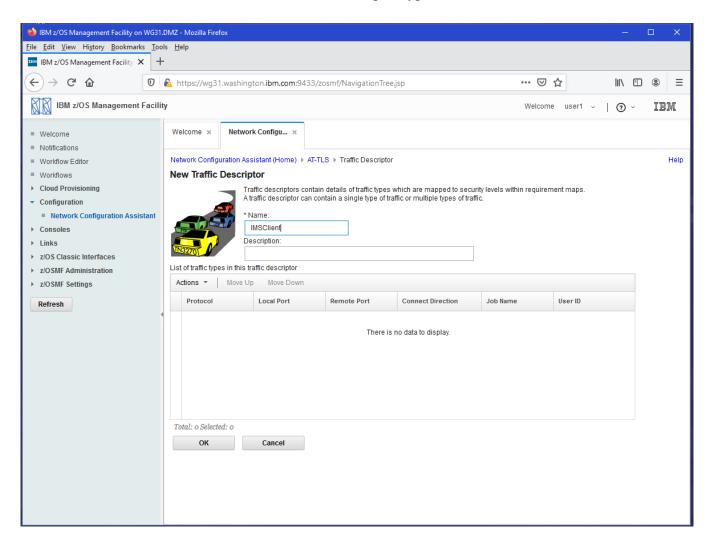


This completes the configuration of the inbound policy for the server side of the handshake. Now an outbound policy for the client side of the handshake needs to be configured

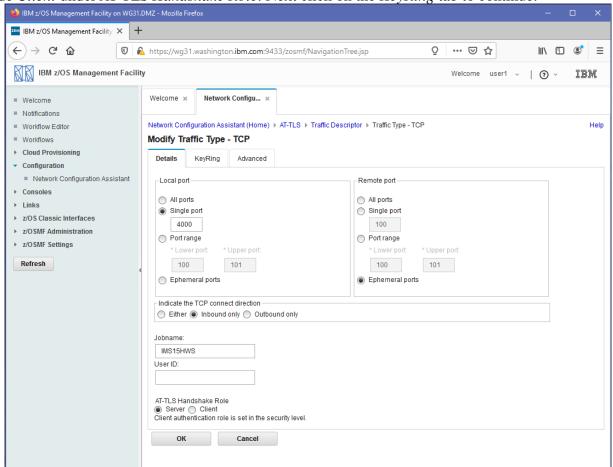
_27. Select the *Traffic Descriptors* tab. Use the *Actions* pull-down to select *New*.



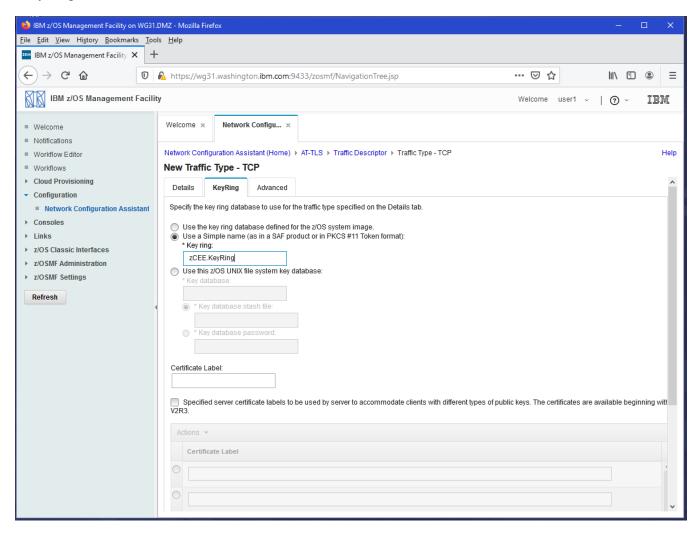
_28. On the *New Traffic Descriptor* window enter *IMSClient* as the name. Use the *Actions* pull-down and select *New* to start the definition of a new traffic descriptor type.



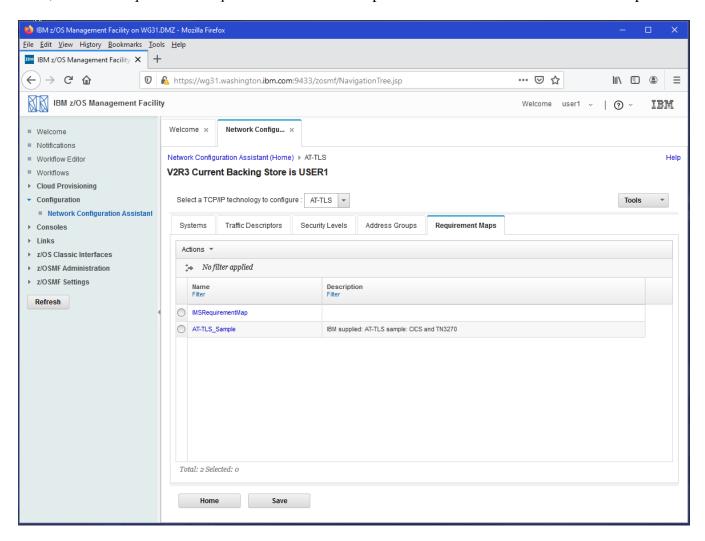
_29. On the *New Traffic Type – TCP* window, select the radio button beside *Ephemeral ports* under *Local port/*. Select the radio button *Single ports* under *Remote port* and enter **4000**. Select the radio button beside *Outbound only* under *Indicate the TCP connection direction*. Finally select the radio button beside *Client* under *AT-TLS Handshake Role*. Next click on the *KeyRing* tab to continue.



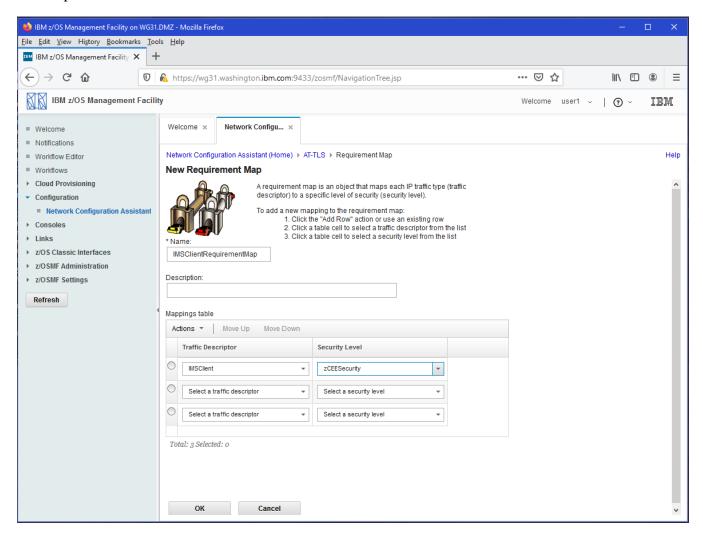
_30. On the *KeyRing* tab select the radio button beside *Use a Simple name* and enter *zCEE.KeyRing* as the key ring name. Click **OK** twice to continue.



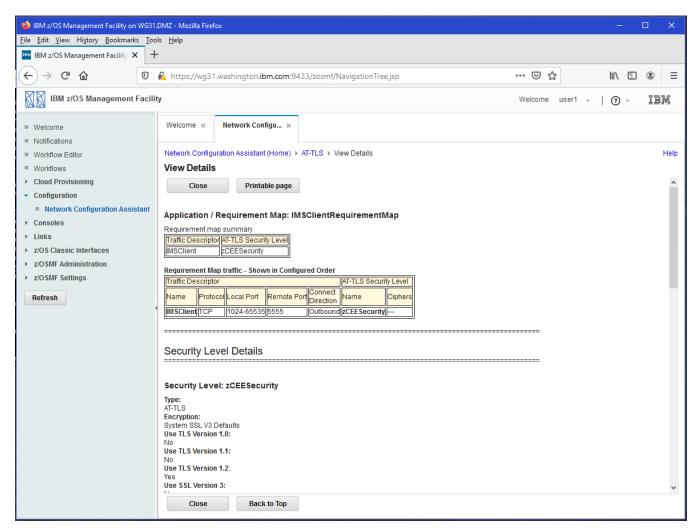
_31. Next, click the *Requirement Maps* tab. Use the *Actions* pull-down button and to select the *New* option.



_32. On the *New Requirement Map* window enter *IMSClientRequirementMap* as the *Name*. Use the pull-down arrows to select *IMSClient* as the *Traffic Descriptor* and *zCEESecurity* as the *Security Level* for this map. Click **OK** to continue.



__33. Select the radio button beside *IMSClientRequirementMap*, *U*se the *Actions* pull-down to select the *View Details* options to display the window below. Review the details and click the **Close** button to continue.

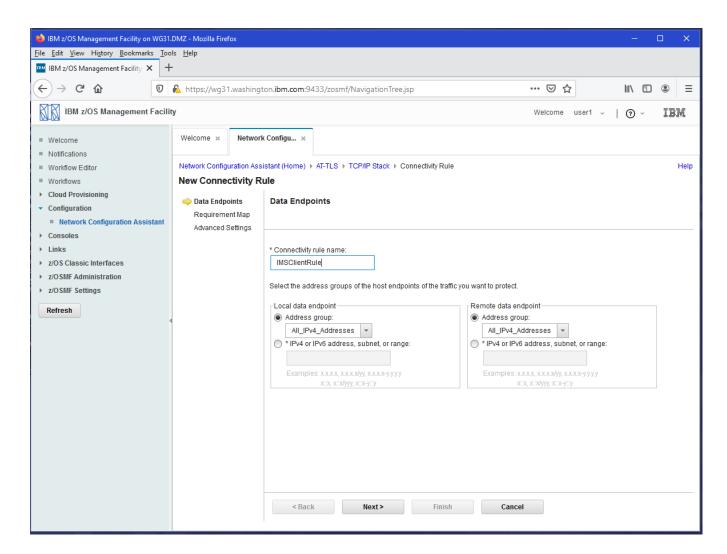


__34. Click the **Save** button to save the configuration.

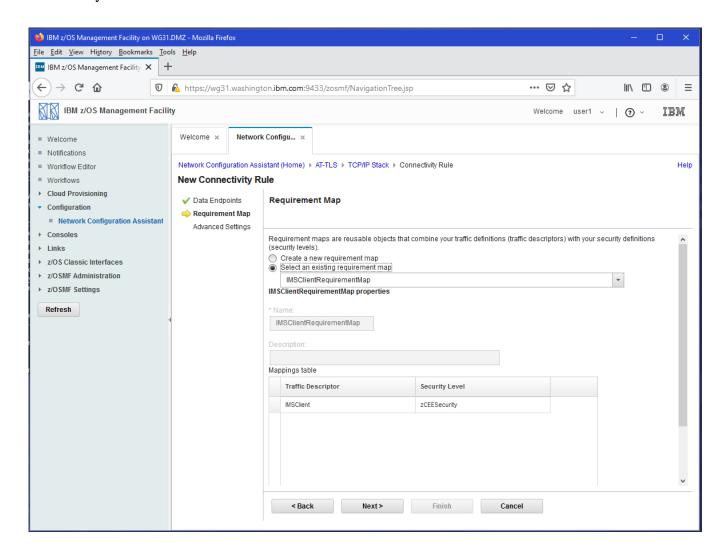
____35. When the save has complete click on the *Systems* tab to return to this window.

A connectivity rule for the IMS Client now needs to be added.

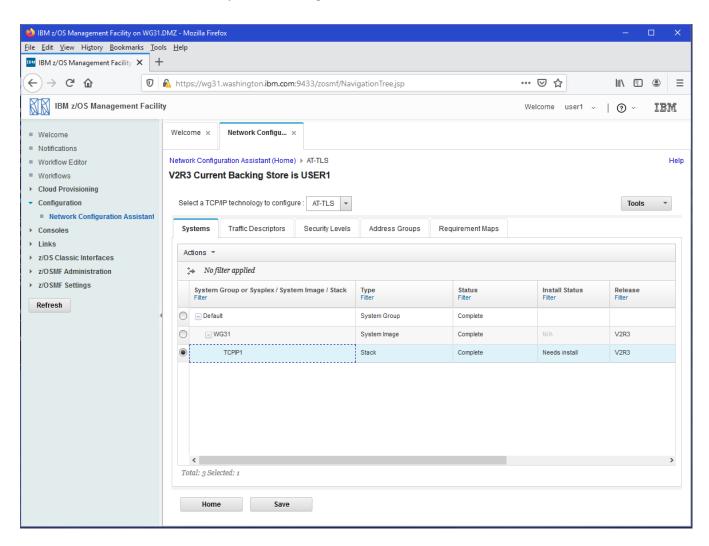
_36. Select the radio button beside *TCPIP1*. *Use* the *Actions* pull-down to select *Rules*. This is where these client definitions will be tied together. Use the *Actions* pull-down again and select *New* to create a new connectivity rule. Enter *IMSClientRule* for the *Connectivity rule name* and press **Next** to continue.



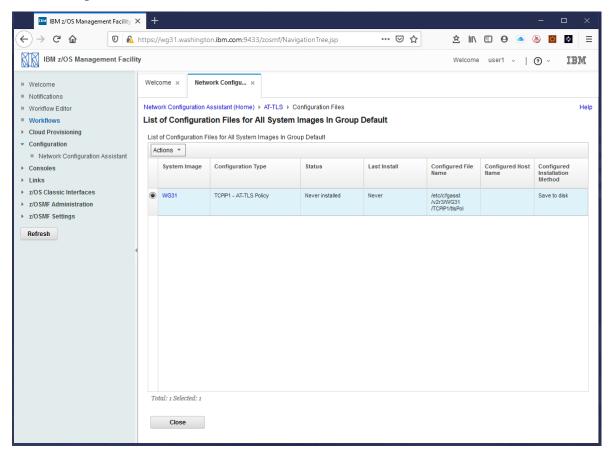
_37. On the *New Connectivity Rule – Requirement Map* window select the radio button beside *Select an existing requirement map*. Use the pull-down to select *IMSClientRequirementMap*. This should automatically populate the mapping table with *IMSClient* as the traffic descriptor and *zCEESecurity* as the security level. Press **Next** and then **Finish** to continue.



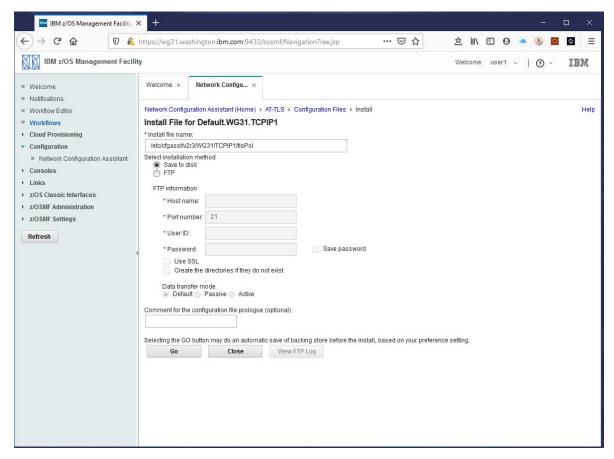
_38. Click **Close** to return the main screen. Select the radio button beside *TCPIP1* and use the *Actions* pull-down to select *Install All Files for This Group*.



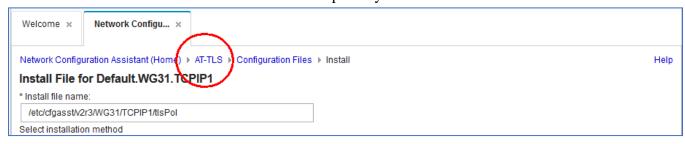
_39. On the List of Configuration Files for All Systems Images in Group Default window, select WG31 and use the Actions pull-down to select Install.



_40. On the *Install File for Default.WG31.TCPIP1* window click the **GO** button to continue.



- 41. Click **OK** twice to continue.
- 42. Next click on AT-TLS as shown below to return to the primary window.



43. The AT-TLS configuration has been completed and is installed. But it is not active yet.

Activating the AT-TLS configuration

The AT-TLS configuration has been saved in an OMVS file but has not been installed in an active policy agent task (e.g. PAGENT).

__1. This instance of the policy agent has been configured to use the SYSLOGD daemon task to log messages

```
//PAGENT EXEC PGM=PAGENT,REGION=0K,TIME=NOLIMIT,
// PARM='ENVAR("_CEE_ENVFILE_S=DD:STDENV")/ -1 SYSLOGD'
```

_____2. The SYSLOGD daemon has been configured to write all log messages to file /var/syslogd/syslogall.log (see the syslog.conf file in the /etc subdirectory).

____3. Use ISPF option 3.4 to access directory /var/syslogd and the v line command to view syslogall.log Go the bottom of the file and you will something like what is shown below:

```
₩G31
                Settings
                                            E<u>d</u>it_Settings <u>M</u>enu
                                                                                                                  Utilities
Columns 00063 00134
Command ==>
003388 YFT18I Using catalog '/usr/lib/nls/msg/C/ftpdmsg.cat' for FTP messages.
003389 Y2697I IBM FTP CS V2R3 19:44:07 on 03/23/20
003390 Y2640I Using dd:SYSFTPD=SYS1.TCPPARMS(FTPDATA) for local site configurat
003391 YFT47I dd:SYSFTPD=SYS1.TCPPARMS(FTPDATA) file, line 10: Ignoring keyword
003392 YFT47I dd:SYSFTPD=SYS1.TCPPARMS(FTPDATA) file, line 11: Ignoring keyword
003393 YFT47I dd:SYSFTPD=SYS1.TCPPARMS(FTPDATA) file, line 13: Ignoring keyword
003394 YFT47I dd:SYSFTPD=SYS1.TCPPARMS(FTPDATA) file, line 49: Ignoring keyword
003395 YFT47I dd:SYSFTPD=SYS1.TCPPARMS(FTPDATA) file, line 54: Ignoring keyword
003396 YFT21I Using catalog '/usr/lib/nls/msg/C/ftpdrply.cat' for FTP replies.
003397 YFT26I Using 7-bit conversion derived from 'IS08859-1' and 'IBM-1047' fo
003398 YFT32I Using the same translate tables for the control and data connecti
003399 YFT09I system information for WG31: z/Os version 2 release 3 (3906)
003400 pFixLevel: Fix level: NONEFND Data: EZBGECPR
003401 pFixLevel: Fix level: HIP6230 Data: EZBGTPDA EZAFTPDI EZAFTPBU EZAFTPBU EZAFTPBD
                                     /SYSTEM/var/syslogd/syslogall.log
                                                                                                                                                                                                 Columns 00063 00134
 003403
                      pFixLevel:
pFixLevel:
                                                                                                                                             EZAFTPDH
EZAFTPEJ
                                                                                                                                                                         EZAFTPDM EZAFTPEA
EZAFTPER EZAFTPET
                                                                                                                         Data:
 003404
                                                                        level:
                                                                                                                         Data:
                      pFixLevel:
pFixLevel:
                                                          Fix
                                                                                                                                             EZAFTPGV EZAFTPNX EZAFTPSD EZAITUTI
EZAFTPNY
 003405
                                                                        level: UI53145 Data:
 003406
                                                          Fix
                                                                        level: UI56159 Data:
level: UI57631 Data:
level: 24/ 24 Data:
                                                                                                                                             EZAFTPEP
EZAFTPF5
 003407
003408
                      pFixLevel:
Connected to remote server/host wg31 using lu/pool TCP00109 and port 23
```

- ____4. Start the policy agent task using MVS command S PAGENT
- 5. Exit the syslogall.log view session and reopen the file do a find for a subset of string **EZZ84311 PAGENT STARTING** and you should see these messages.

```
003414 0.0.0 port 22.
003415 main: EZZ8431I PAGENT STARTING
003416 main: Compiled on Sep 26 2016 at 18:37:59
003417 main: Use environment PAGENT_CONFIG_FILE = '/etc/pagent.conf'
003418 main: List all environment variables:
003419 main: EXPORT '_CEE_ENVFILE_S=DD:STDENV'
003420 main: EXPORT 'LIBPATH=/usr/lib:.'
003421 main: EXPORT 'PAGENT_CONFIG_FILE=/etc/pagent.conf'
003422 main: EXPORT 'PAGENT_LOG_FILE=SYSLOGD'
003423 main: EXPORT 'TZ=EST5EDT'
003424 main: EXPORT 'GSK_TRACE=0xFFFF'
003425 main: using code page 'IBM-1047'
003426 main: Using log level 511
```

____6. Do a find for the character string *TTLSRule*, e.g. *f TTLSRule* and you see multiple occurrences where the AT-TLS configuration elements added earlier are being processed.

```
profile: Processing Image TTLS config file: '/etc/cfgasst/v2r3/WG31/TCPI
Processing: 'TTLSRule
                                                                     IMSConnectRule~1'
                                                                     IMSClientRule~2'
Processing: 'TTLSRule
                                                                  gAct1'
Processing: 'TTLSGroupAction
Processing: 'TTLSGroupAction gacti'

Processing: 'TTLSEnvironmentAction eAct1~IMSConnect'

Processing: 'TTLSEnvironmentAction eAct2~IMSClient'

Processing: 'TTLSConnectionAction cAct1~IMSConnect'

Processing: 'TTLSConnectionAction cAct2~IMSClient'

Processing: 'TTLSConnectionAdvancedParms cAdv1~IMSConnect'

Processing: 'TTLSConnectionAdvancedParms cAdv2~IMSClient'

Processing: 'TTLSKevringParms kevR1'
Processing: 'TTLSKeyringParms
                                                                   keyR1'
Processing: 'TTLSKeyringParms
                                                                   keyR2'
Processing: 'IpAddrSet
                                                                    addr1'
Processing: 'PortRange
                                                                     portR1'
Processing: 'PortRange
                                                                     portR2'
profile: Finished processing Image TTLS config file
rocessing TTLS Group action 'gAct1'
rocessing TTLS Connection action 'cAct1~IMSConnect'
rocessing TTLS Connection action 'cAct2~IMSClient'
rocessing TTLS Environment action 'eAct1~IMSConnect'
rocessing TTLS Environment action 'eAct2~IMSClient'
cessing TTLS rule 'IMSClientRule~2'
cessing TTLS rule 'IMSConnectRule~1'
```

__7. Go the bottom of this file and you see these messages

```
EZD1579I PAGENT POLICIES ARE NOT ENABLED FOR TCPIP1: TTLS
EZZ8771I PAGENT CONFIG POLICY PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR TCPIP1: QOS
EZZ8771I PAGENT CONFIG POLICY PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR TCPIP1: TTLS
EZD1586I PAGENT HAS INSTALLED ALL LOCAL POLICIES FOR TCPIP1
Finished main config file update
```

Tech-Tip: If a policy or otherwise changed the new or updated policy can be installed with an MVS modify command, *F PAGENT, REFRESH*.

____8. The policy agent is active. The policies have been loaded but there is one remaining step. The TCPIP stack has not been modified to enable TTLS. On this image this has been configure this way so the ATTLS is disabled by default and must be explicitly enabled. This is done by an MVS *VARY* command,

V TCPIP,,OBEY,SYS1.TCPPARMS(TTLS)

Where the contents of SYS1.TCPPARMS(TTLS) is simply TCPCONFIG TTLS.

Issue this command and you should see these messages in the console.

```
V TCPIP,,OBEY,SYS1.TCPPARMS(TTLS)

EZZ00601 PROCESSING COMMAND: VARY TCPIP,,OBEY,SYS1.TCPPARMS(TTLS)

EZZ03001 OPENED OBEYFILE FILE 'SYS1.TCPPARMS(TTLS)'

EZZ03091 PROFILE PROCESSING BEGINNING FOR 'SYS1.TCPPARMS(TTLS)'

EZZ03161 PROFILE PROCESSING COMPLETE FOR FILE 'SYS1.TCPPARMS(TTLS)'

EZZ00531 COMMAND VARY OBEY COMPLETED SUCCESSFULLY
```

Tech-Tip: AT-TLS can be also be disabled with a VARY command, *VTCPIP*, *OBEY*, *SYS1*. *TCPPARMS*(*NOTTLS*) where the contents of SYS1. TCPPARMS(NOTTLS) are

TCPCONFIG NOTTLS

__9. Stop and restart the server with MVS commands *P BAQSTRT* and *S BAQSTRT*.

Tech-Tip: The server must be stopped and restart because there is an active session between the zCEE server and IMS Connect. The policies are not trigger until the socket session is restarted.

Test the TLS connection from the zCEE Server to IMS

Now use the REST client to test the API with AT-TLS enabled.

1. Open a DOS command prompt and change to directory $c:/z/admin$.
2 Enter the cURL commands below:

c:\z\admin>curl -X get --cacert certauth.pem --cert user1.p12:secret --cert-type P12 https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9443/phonebook/contacts/LAST3

You should see the same results as before.

____3. View the *syslogd.log* file again and you should find the messages like the ones below. These messages are tracing the handshake between the outbound policy acting a client and the inbound policy acting as the server.

```
EZD1281I TTLS Map CONNID: 00000A35 LOCAL: 192.168.17.220..2693 REMOTE: 192.168.17.220..5555 JOBNAME: BAQSTRT USERID: LIBSERV TYPE: OutBound STATUS: Enabled RULE: IMSClientRule~2 ACTIONS: gAct1 eAct2~IMSClient cAc2~IMSClient

EZD1281I TTLS Map CONNID: 00000A36 LOCAL: 192.168.17.220..5555 REMOTE: 192.168.17.220..2693 JOBNAME: IMS15HWS USERID: IMSSTC TYPE: InBound STATUS: Enabled RULE: IMSConnectRule~1 ACTIONS: gAct1 eAct1~IMSConnect cAct1~IMSConnect

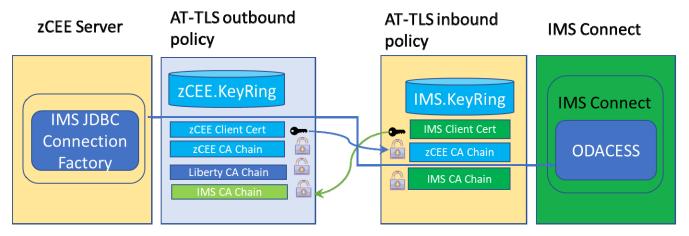
EZD1283I TTLS Event GRPID: 00000009 ENVID: 00000009 CONNID: 00000A36 R C: 0 Initial Handshake 000000501142EE90 0000005011429850 TLSV1.2 F0F0F3F5

EZD1283I TTLS Event GRPID: 00000009 ENVID: 00000008 CONNID: 00000A35 R C: 0 Initial Handshake 0000005011427EB0 0000005011422750 TLSV1.2 F0F 0F3F5
```

_4. Entering IMS Connect VIEWHWS command should show FRED and/or USER1 as the USERIDs.

HWSC0001I	PORT=4000	STATUS=ACTIVE		KEEPAV=0 NUMSOC=2		
EDIT=	TIMEOUT=0					
HWSC0001I	CLIENTID	USERID	TRANCODE	DATASTORE	STATUS	SECOND
CLNTPORT IP-		APSB-TOKEN				
HWSC0001I	GMP25URZ	FRED	IVTNO	IVP1	RECV	4

The diagram below shows the flow of the request from the z/OS Connect server to IMS Connect. The server and IMS Connect are unaware of the involvement of the AT-TLS the TLS handshake and the fact that the message is encrypted between the two endpoints.



_5. There is information in the AT-TLS Knowledge Center for describing AT-TLS return codes (see URL https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSLTBW_2.4.0/com.ibm.zos.v2r4.hald001/comtls.htm)
For example, if the return code had been 202 it would be caused by the explanation below.

The key ring cannot be opened because the user does not have permission. Check the following items:

- Look at message EZD1281 to verify the user ID being used for this connection and the TTLSEnvironmentAction statement that is mapped to this connection. If you are configuring by using the IBM Configuration Assistant for z/OS® Communications Server, you can specify the key ring on either the AT-TLS: Image Level Settings panel or on each Traffic Descriptor.
- Ensure that the correct key ring is specified

This simply means the user does not have the required access to either of the RACF FACILITY resources IRR.DIGTCERT.LIST and IRR.DIGTCERT.LISTING

If the return code had been 414 and explanation can be found in the z/OS Cryptographic Services System SSL Programming (SC14-7495-40) manual or at URL

https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/SSLTBW_2.4.0/com.ibm.zos.v2r4.gska100/sssl2msg1000885.htm

414 Certificate is not valid.

Explanation: Either the local certificate or the peer certificate is not valid.

User response: Ensure that a valid certificate is being sent by the communication partner. Collect a System SSL trace containing a dump of the incorrect certificate and then contact your service representative if the error persists.

This is probably caused because the certificate authority certificate used to sign a server or personal certificate is not connect to the key ring. Or not properly connected to the key ring.

___6. The JCL in member *PASEARCH* in data set *USER1.ZCEE30.CNTL* can be used to display AT-TLS policies. Submit this job and see a display of the contents of the policy agent's configuration file. Without the Configuration Assistant provided by z/OSMF this file would need to be maintained manually.

```
//BPXBATCH EXEC PGM=BPXBATCH, REGION=8M
//STDOUT DD PATH='/tmp/paStd.out',
    PATHOPTS=(OWRONLY,OCREAT),PATHMODE=SIRWXU
//
//STDERR DD PATH='/tmp/paStd.err',
//
            PATHOPTS=(OWRONLY,OCREAT),PATHMODE=SIRWXU
//STDPARM DD *
SH echo pasearch -t | su
//COPY
       EXEC PGM=IKJEFT01,DYNAMNBR=300
//SYSTSPRT DD SYSOUT=*
//PASTDOUT DD PATH='/tmp/paStd.out',PATHDISP=(DELETE,DELETE)
//PASTDERR DD PATH='/tmp/paStd.err',PATHDISP=(DELETE,DELETE)
//STDOUT DD SYSOUT=*, DCB=(LRECL=1000, RECFM=V)
//STDERR DD SYSOUT=*,DCB=(LRECL=1000,RECFM=V)
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSTSIN DD *
OCOPY INDD(PASTDERR) OUTDD(STDERR)
OCOPY INDD(PASTDOUT) OUTDD(STDOUT)
```

Optional

Disable the use of RACF Passtickets and retest using only TLS and see what difference this makes.

Summary

In this step you have created AT-TLS inbound and outbound policies which protect the IMS Connect ODBA port of 4000. These policies respectively act as client and server surrogates for the z/OS Connect server and IMS Connect.

Appendix - AT-TLS Policy Agent Configuration File

```
## AT-TLS Policy Agent Configuration file for:
   Image: WG31
##
##
     Stack: TCPIP1
## Created by the IBM Configuration Assistant for z/OS Communications Server
## Version 2 Release 3
## Backing Store = USER1
## Install History:
## 2020-05-28 19:38:49 : Save To Disk
## End of Network Configuration Assistant information
TTLSRule
                                 IMSConnectRule~1
 LocalAddrSetRef
                                 addr1
 RemoteAddrSetRef
                                addr1
 LocalPortRangeRef
                                portR1
 RemotePortRangeRef
                                portR2
 Johname
                                IMS15HWS
 Direction
                                Inbound
 Priority
 TTLSGroupActionRef
                               gAct1
 TTLSEnvironmentActionRef eAct1~IMSConnect
 TTLSConnectionActionRef
                                cAct1~IMSConnect
TTLSRule
                                 IMSClientRule~2
 LocalAddrSetRef
                                 addr1
 RemoteAddrSetRef
                                 addr1
 LocalPortRangeRef
                                portR2
 RemotePortRangeRef
                                portR1
 Direction
                                Out.bound
 Priority
                                254
 TTLSGroupActionRef
                                gAct1
                               eAct2~IMSClient
 TTLSEnvironmentActionRef
  TTLSConnectionActionRef
                               cAct2~IMSClient
TTLSGroupAction
                                gAct1
  TTLSEnabled
                                 On
  Trace
TTLSEnvironmentAction
                                 eAct1~IMSConnect
  HandshakeRole
                                 Server
 EnvironmentUserInstance
  TTLSKeyringParmsRef
                                 keyR1
```

```
TTLSEnvironmentAction
                                    eAct2~IMSClient
  HandshakeRole
                                    Client
  EnvironmentUserInstance
                                    0
  TTLSKeyringParmsRef
                                    keyR2
TTLSConnectionAction
                                    cAct1~IMSConnect
  HandshakeRole
                                    Server
  TTLSConnectionAdvancedParmsRef cAdv1~IMSConnect
  CtraceClearText
                                    Off
  Trace
TTLSConnectionAction
                                    cAct2~IMSClient
  HandshakeRole
                                    Client
  {\tt TTLSConnectionAdvancedParmsRef} \quad {\tt cAdv2{\tt \sim}IMSClient}
  CtraceClearText
                                    Off
  Trace
TTLSConnectionAdvancedParms
                                    cAdv1~IMSConnect
                                    Off
  SSLv3
  TLSv1
                                    Off
                                    Off
  TLSv1.1
  SecondaryMap
                                    Off
  TLSv1.2
TTLSConnectionAdvancedParms
                                    cAdv2~IMSClient
  SSLv3
                                    Off
                                    Off
  TLSv1
  TLSv1.1
                                    Off
  SecondaryMap
                                    Off
  TLSv1.2
                                    On
TTLSKeyringParms
                                    keyR1
  Keyring
                                    IMS.KeyRing
TTLSKeyringParms
                                    keyR2
  Keyring
                                    zCEE.KeyRing
IpAddrSet
                                    addr1
                                    0.0.0.0/0
  Prefix
PortRange
                                    portR1
                                    4000
  Port
PortRange
                                    portR2
{
  Port
                                    1024-65535
```