IBM z/OS Connect (OpenAPI 2.0)

Developing RESTful APIs for a CICS COMMAREA program



Table of Contents

Overview	
Connect the IBM z/OS Explorer to the z/OS Connect Server	
z/OS Connect APIs and a CICS COMMAREA program	
Create the services	
Export and deploy the Service Archive files	
Create the API Project	21
Compose the API with a CICS COMMAREA application	
Deploy the API to a z/OS Connect Server	
Test the API	34
Optional	43

Important: On the desktop there is a file named *Developing APIs CopyPaste.txt*. This file contains commands and other text used in this workshop. Locate that file and open it. Use the copy-and-paste function (**Ctrl-C** and **Ctrl-V**) to enter commands or text. It will save time and help avoid typo errors. As a reminder text that appears in this file will be highlighted in yellow.

Overview

Important – You do not need any skills with CICS to perform this exercise. Even if CICS is not relevant to your current plans performing this exercise will give additional experience using the Toolkit to develop services and APIs.

The objective of these exercises is to gain experience with working with z/OS Connect and the API Toolkit. These two products allow the exposure of z/OS resources to JSON clients. For information about scheduling this workshop in your area contact your IBM representative.

If you have completed another of the developing OpenAPI2 exercises for this workshop you can start with section *z/OS Connect APIs and a CICS COMMAREA program* on page 7.

General Exercise Information and Guidelines

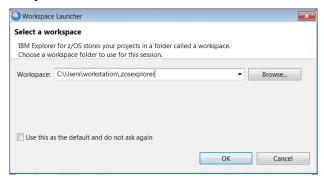
- ✓ This exercise requires using z/OS user identity *USER1*. The RACF password for this user is USER1.
- ✓ Any time you have any questions about the use of IBM z/OS Explorer, 3270 screens, features or tools do not hesitate to ask the instructor for assistance.
- ✓ Text in **bold** and highlighted in **yellow** in this document should be available for copying and pasting in a file named *OpenAPI2* developing *APIs CopyPaste* file on the desktop.
- ✓ For information regarding the use of the Personal Communication 3270 emulator, see the *Personal Communications Tips* PDF in the exercise folder.

Connect the IBM z/OS Explorer to the z/OS Connect Server

Begin by establishing a connection to your z/OS Connect server from IBM z/OS Explorer. If you have performed one of the other exercises in this series of exercises this step may not be required.

Tech-Tip: Windows desktop tools can be opened either by double clicking the icon or by selecting the icon and right mouse button clicking and then selecting the *Open* option.

- 1. On the workstation desktop, locate the z/OS Explorer icon and double click on it to open the Explorer.
- 2. You will be prompted for a workspace:

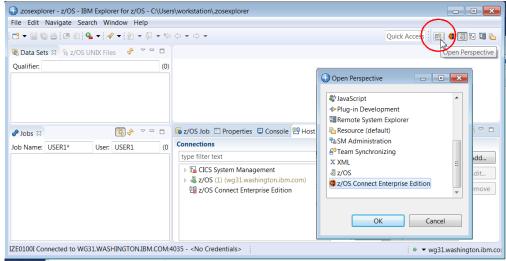


Take the default value by clicking **OK**.

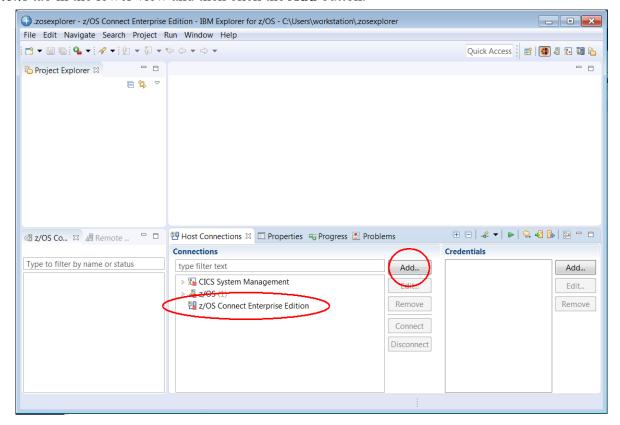
_3. The Explorer should open in the *z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition* perspective. Verify this by looking in the upper left corner. You should see:



- N.B. If a *Welcome* screen is displayed then click the white X beside *Welcome* to close this view.
- _4. If the current perspective is not *z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition*, select the *Open Perspective* icon on the top right side to display the list of available perspectives, see below. Select **z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition** and click the **OK** button to switch to this perspective.



5. To add a connection to the z/OS Connect Server select *z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition* connection in the *Host connections* tab in the lower view and then click the **Add** button.



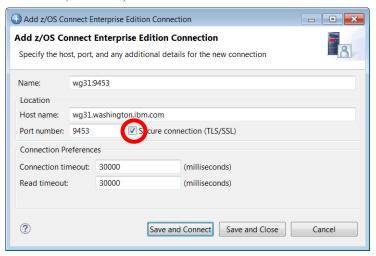
Tech-Tip: Eclipse based development tools like z/OS Explorer; provide a graphical interface consisting of multiple views within a single window.

A view is an area in the window dedicated to providing a specific tool or function. For example, in the window above, *Host Connections* and *Project Explorer* are views that use different areas of the window for displaying information. At bottom on the right there is a single area for displaying the contents of four views stacked together (commonly called a *stacked views*), *z/OS Host Connections*, *Properties*, *Progress* and *Problems*. In a stacked view, the contents of each view can be displayed by clicking on the view tab (the name of the view).

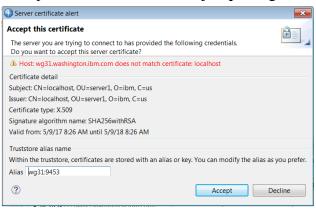
At any time, a specific view can be enlarged to fill the entire window by double clicking in the view's title bar. Double clicking in the view's title bar will be restored the original arrangement. If a z/OS Explorer view is closed or otherwise disappears, the original arrangement can be restored by selecting Windows \rightarrow Reset Perspective in the window's tool bar.

Eclipse based tools also can display multiple views based on the current role of the user. In this context, a window is known as a perspective. The contents (or views) of a perspective are based on the role the user, i.e., developer or administrator.

_6. In the pop-up list displayed select z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition and on the Add z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition Connection screen enter wg31.washington.ibm.com for the Host name, 9453 for the Port Number, check the box for Secure connection (TLS/SSL) and then click the Save and Connect button.



- __7. On the *z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition User ID* required screen create new credentials for a *User ID* of *Fred* and a *Password or Passphrase* of *fredpwd* (case matters). Remember the server is configured to use basic security. If SAF security had been enabled, then a valid RACF User ID and password will have to be used instead. Click **OK** to continue.
- _8. Click the **Accept** button on the *Server certificate alert Accept this certificate* screen. You may be presented with another prompt for a userid and password, enter *Fred* and *fredpwd* again.



- _9. The status icon beside *wg31:9453* should now be a green circle with a lock. This shows that a secure connection has been established between the z/OS Explorer and the z/OS Connect server. A red box indicates that no connection exists.
 - A connection to the remote z/OS system was previously added. In the *Host Connection* view expand z/OS *Remote System* under z/OS and select wg31.washington.ibm.com. If the connection is not active the **Connect** button will be enabled. Click the **Connect** button and this will establish a session to the z/OS system. This step is required when submitting job for execution and viewing the output of these jobs later in this exercise

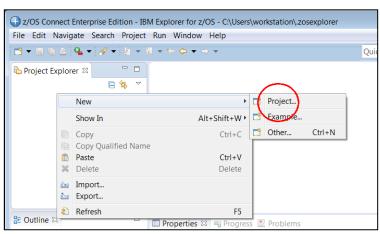
z/OS Connect APIs and a CICS COMMAREA program

Create the services

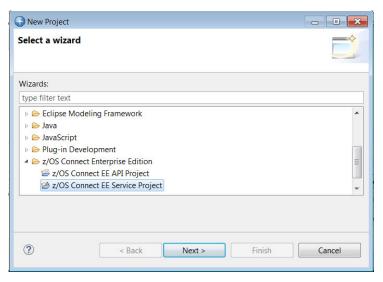
The CICS application that will be invoked by this service is CICS sample application DFH0XCMN. This program is provided with the CICS office supply sample application. DFH0XCMN is passed a COMMAREA which contains a request field. This field is used by DFH0XCMN to determine the next which of 3 functions of the sample application will be accessed. The three functions are (1) inquire on a single item in the catalog (INQS), (2) provide a list of items in the catalog starting with a specific item (INQC) or (3) place an order for an item (ORDR). The COMMAREA is based on a COPYBOOK which uses redefines the COMMAREA based on the type of request.

The next step is to create 3 services which correspond to these three functions provided by the sample program DFH0XCMN. These service names must match the service names specified in the server.xml file (see catalog.xml on page 31).

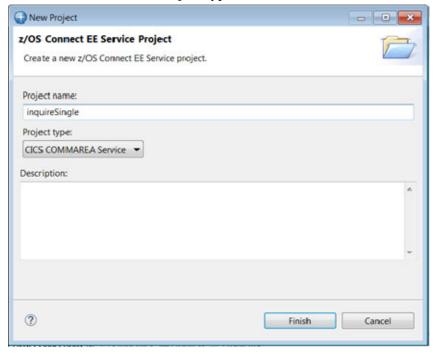
- ____1. In the z/OS Explorer session switch the perspective back to the *z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition* perspective.
- ____2. In the upper left, position your mouse anywhere in the *Project Explorer* view and right-mouse click, then select $New \rightarrow Project$:



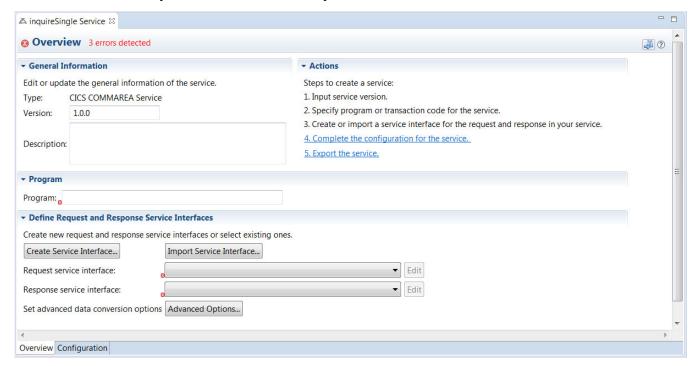
____3. In the *New Project* window, scroll down and open the *z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition* folder and select *z/OS Connect Service Project* and then click the **Next** button.



____4. On the new *New Project* window enter *inquireSingle* as the *Project name* and use the pull-down arrow to select *CICS COMMAREA Service* as the *Project type*. Click **Finish** to continue

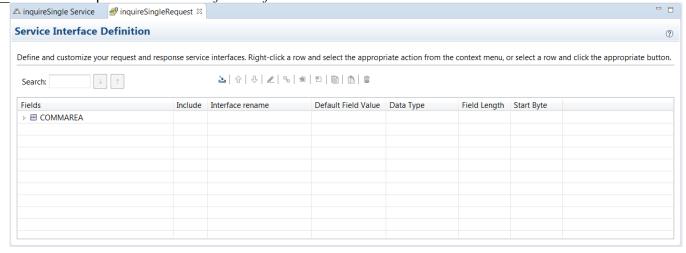


_____5. This will open the *Overview* window for the *inquireSingle Service*. For now disregard the message about the 3 errors detected, they will be addressed shortly.



Tech-Tip: If this view is closed it can be reopened by double clicking the *service.properties* file in the service project.

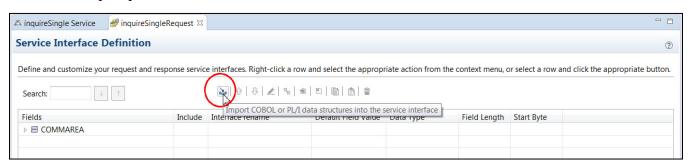
- ____6. Next enter the target CICS program name **DFH0XCMN** in the area beside *Program* (case is important).
- ____7. Click the **Create Service Interface** button to create the first service required by this API and enter a *Service interface name* of *inquireSingleRequest*. Click **OK** to continue.
 - 8. This will open a *Service Interface Definition* window.



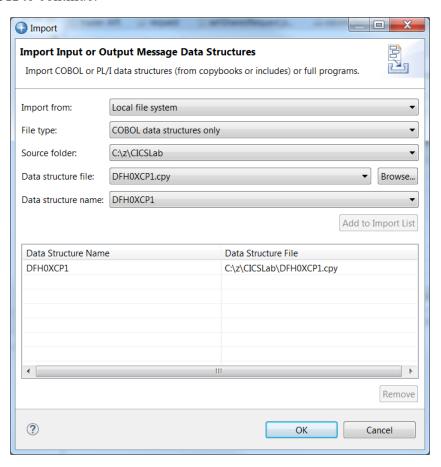
____9. The first step is to import the COBOL copy book that represents the COMMAREA when inquiring on a single item in the Catalog application. This copy book was downloaded from member DFH0XCP1 in the CICS SDFHSAMP target data set.

```
Catalogue COMMAREA structure
03 CA-REQUEST-ID PIC X(6).
03 CA-RETURN-CODE PIC 9(2).
                         PIC X(79).
03 CA-RESPONSE-MESSAGE
03 CA-REQUEST-SPECIFIC
                          PIC X(911).
Fields used in Inquire Catalog
03 CA-INQUIRE-REQUEST REDEFINES CA-REQUEST-SPECIFIC.
   05 CA-LIST-START-REF PIC 9(4).
   05 CA-LAST-ITEM-REF
                               PIC 9(4).
    05 CA-ITEM-COUNT
                               PIC 9(3).
    05 CA-INQUIRY-RESPONSE-DATA PIC X(900).
    05 CA-CAT-ITEM REDEFINES CA-INQUIRY-RESPONSE-DATA
                   OCCURS 15 TIMES.
       07 CA-ITEM-REF
                              PIC 9(4).
       07 CA-DESCRIPTION
                              PIC X(40).
       07 CA-DEPARTMENT
                              PIC 9(3).
       07 CA-COST
                              PIC X(6).
       07 IN-STOCK
                              PIC 9(4).
       07 ON-ORDER
                              PIC 9(3).
Fields used in Inquire Single
03 CA-INQUIRE-SINGLE REDEFINES CA-REQUEST-SPECIFIC.
    05 CA-ITEM-REF-REQ PIC 9(4).
   05 FILLER
                               PIC 9(4).
   05 FILLER
                               PIC 9(3).
    05 CA-SINGLE-ITEM.
       07 CA-SNGL-ITEM-REF PIC 9(4).
       07 CA-SNGL-DESCRIPTION PIC X(40).
       07 CA-SNGL-DEPARTMENT PIC 9(3).
                              PIC X(6).
       07 CA-SNGL-COST
       07 IN-SNGL-STOCK
                              PIC 9(4).
       07 ON-SNGL-ORDER
                             PIC 9(3).
    05 FILLER
                              PIC X(840).
Fields used in Place Order
03 CA-ORDER-REQUEST REDEFINES CA-REQUEST-SPECIFIC.
   05 CA-USERID PIC X(8).
05 CA-CHARGE-DEPT PIC X(8).
    05 CA-ITEM-REF-NUMBER
                             PIC 9(4).
    05 CA-QUANTITY-REQ
                               PIC 9(3).
    05 FILLER
                               PIC X(888).
```

____10. On the Service Interface Definition window there is a tool bar near the top. If you hover over an icon its function will be display as below. Click the Import COBOL or PL/I data structure into the service interface icon to start the import process.

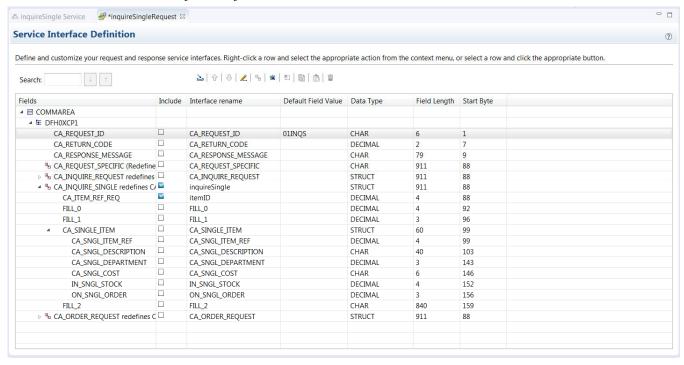


____11. This will open the *Import* window. On this window select *Local file system* as source of the import and *COBOL data structure only* as the *File type*. Press the **Browse** button and **Open** directory *C:\z\CICSLAB* and then select file *DFH0XCP1*.cpy and click **Open** to import this file into this project. Click the **Add to Import List** button and the click **OK** to continue.



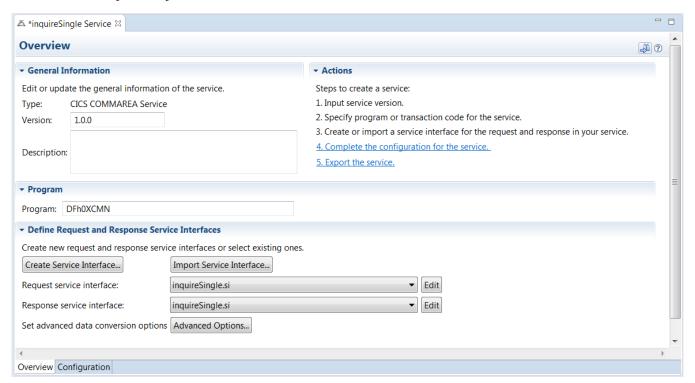
- ____12. When you expand *COMMAREA* you will see the COBOL 'variables' that have been imported into the service project. In this service we want to return a single item and the only fields that need to be exposed in the request message is the item number.
 - a. First uncheck the boxes under *Include* column so that only *CA_INQUIRE_SINGLE* and *CA_ITEM_REF_REQ* are checked. These are the fields that will be exposed to the requestor of this API.
 - b. Double click an entry in the *Interface rename* column to open it for editing. Rename interface fields *CA_INQUIRE_SINGLE* to *inquireSingle* and *CA_ITEM_REF_REQ* to *itemID*. Change interface field *CA_REQUEST_ID* by setting its default value to *01INQS*.

When finished the Service Interface Definition should look like the below:



N.B. the original interface names were derived from the COBOL source shown earlier.

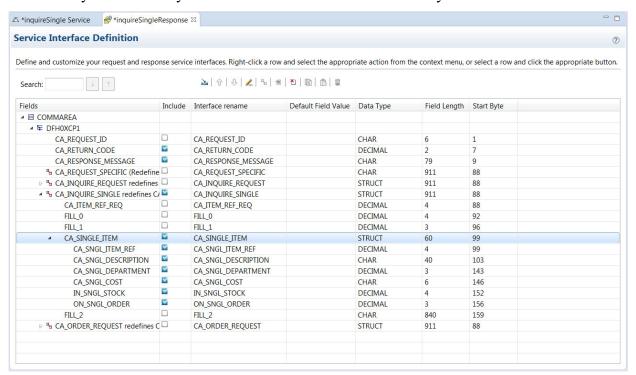
____13. Close the *Service Interface Definition* window by clicking on the white X in the tab being sure to save the changes. Note now that the *Request service interface* and the *Response service interface* areas have now been populated with *inquireSingleRequest.si*. Also note that you can use their respective **Edit** buttons to return to the *Service Interface Definition* window for each interface.



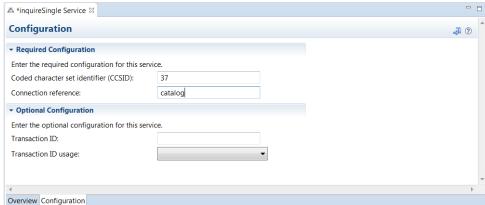
Tech-Tip: Note that even though the program uses a COMMAREA we can easily distinguish which fields are provided in a request and which fields will be in the response by providing different service interfaces. This is particularly useful when using containers.

____14. Repeat steps 6 through 10 to create a service interface for the *inquireSingle* service response message. Enter a service interface name of *inquireSingleResponse* rather than *inquireSingleRequest*.

____15. A different set of fields will be returned in the response. Uncheck the boxes under *Include* column so that only *CA_RETURN_CODE*, *CA_RESPONSE_MESSAGE*, *CA_INQUIRE_SINGLE* and *CA_SINGLE_ITEM* checked. These are fields that will be exposed to the requestor of this API in the response. You can rename these fields if you choose. If you do some of the later screen shots may be different.

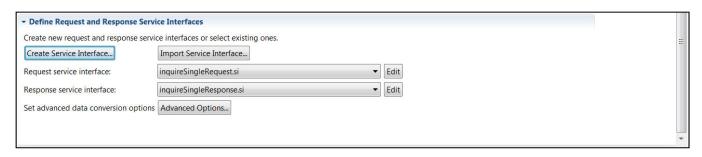


- 16. Close the Service Interface Definition window.
- 17. Set the Response service interface to inquireSingleResponse.si.
- ____18. Next, we need to identify a connection reference for which CICS region will be used. Click on the *Configuration* tab at the bottom of the *Overview* window to display the *Configuration* window. Enter *catalog* in the area beside *Connection reference*.

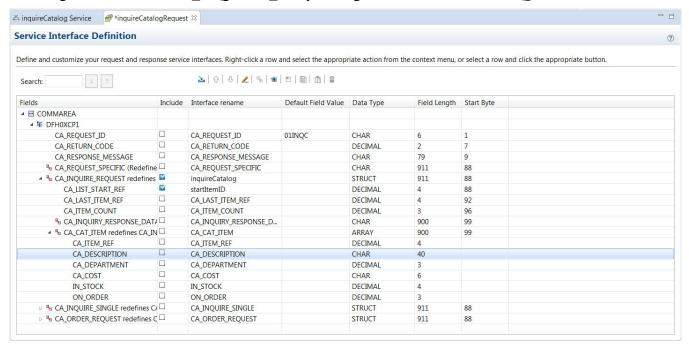


Tech-Tip: The *Connection reference* identifies the *cicsIpicConnection* element to be used to access a CICS region in the z/OS Connect configuration, see catalog.xml on page 31.

19. Verify that the request and response service interfaces are set correctly. If not, set them as below.

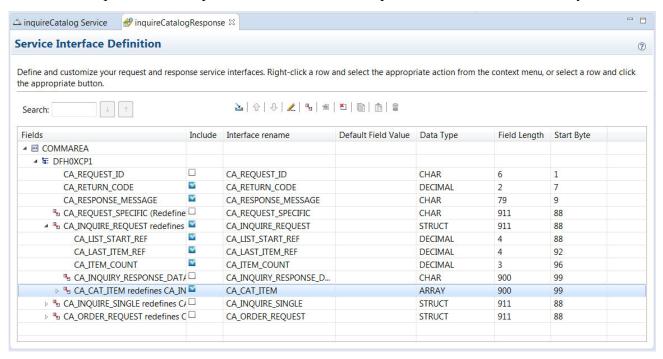


- 20. Save the *inquireSingle* service by closing all open tabs.
- 21. Repeat steps 1 through 5 to create the *inquireCatalog* service.
- ____22. Repeat steps 6 through 10 to create a service interface for *inquireCatalog* service request message. Enter a name of *inquireCatalogRequest*.
- 23. Expand the COMMAREA and perform the following steps for the *inquireCatalog* request:
- a. First uncheck the boxes under *Include* column so that only *CA_INQUIRE_REQUEST* and *CA_LIST_START_REF* are checked. These are the fields that will be exposed to the requestor of this API.
- b. Double click an entry in the *Interface rename* column to open it for editing. Rename interface fields *CA INQUIRE REQUEST* to *inquireCatalog* and *CA LIST START REF* to *startItemID*.
- c. Change interface field CA REQUEST ID by setting its default value to 01INQC.



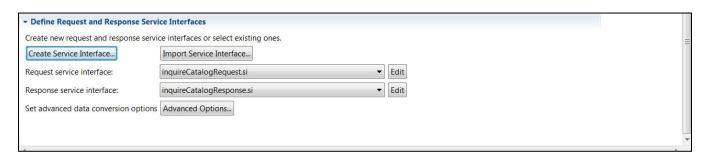
- 24. Close the Service Interface Definition window.
- ____25. Repeat steps 6 through 10 to create a service interface for the *inquireCatalog* response message with the *service interface name* of *inquireCatalogResponse*.

____26. A different set of fields will be returned in the response. Uncheck the boxes under *Include* column so that only *CA_RETURN_CODE*, *CA_RESPONSE_MESSAGE*, *CA_INQUIRE_REQUEST*, *CA_LIST_START_REF*, *CA_LAST_ITEM_REF*, *CA_ITEM_COUNT* and *CA_CAT_ITEM* are checked. These are fields that will be exposed to the requestor of this API in the response. Rename these fields if you choose.

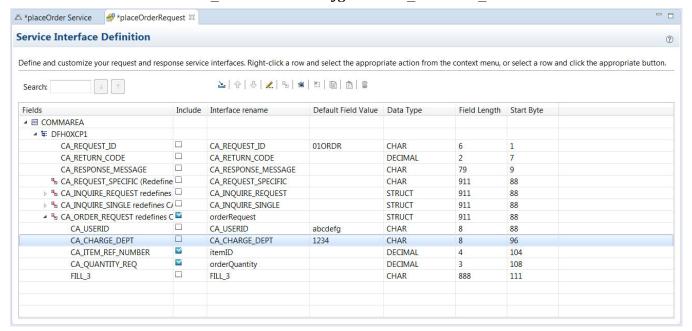


- 27. Close the Service Interface Definition window.
- 28. Set the Response service interface to inquireCatalogResponse.si.
- ____29. Identify the connection reference for which CICS region will be used for this service. Click on the Configuration tab at the bottom of the *Overview* window to display the *Configuration* window. Enter *catalog* in the area beside *Connection reference*.

30. Verify that the request and response service interfaces are set correctly, if not set them as below.

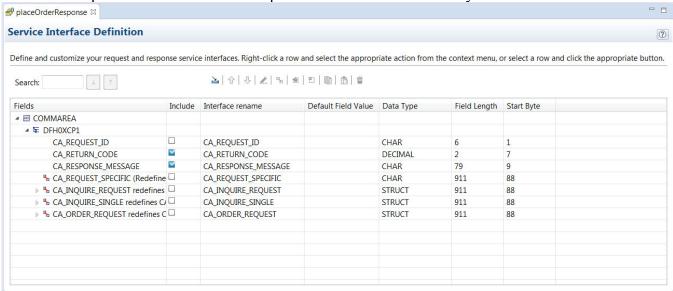


- ___31. Save the *inquireCatalog* service by closing all open tabs.
 - 32. Create a *placeOrder* service by repeating steps 1 through 5.
- 33. Repeat steps 6 through 10 to create service interface name placeOrderRequest
- 34. Expand the COMMAREA and perform the following steps for the placeOrderRequest:
- a. First uncheck the boxes under *Include* column so that only *CA ORDER REQUEST*,
- *CA_ITEM_REF_NUMBER* and *CA_QUANTITY_REQ* are checked. These are the fields that will be exposed to the requestor of this API.
- b. Double click an entry in the *Interface rename* column to open it for editing. Rename interface fields $CA_ORDER_REQUEST$ to orderRequest, $CA_ITEM_REF_NUMBER$ to itemID and $CQ_QUANTITY_REQ$ to orderQuantity.
- c. Change the default value of field CA REQUEST ID to a value of 010RDR.
- d. Set the default values for CA USERID to abcdefgh and CA CHARGE DEPT to 1234.

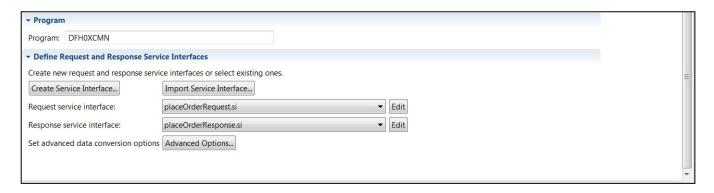


- 35. Close the *Service Interface Definition* window.
- ____36. Repeat steps 6 through 10 to a create service interface *placeOrderResponse* response message for the *placeOrder* service.

___37. A different set of fields will be returned in the response. Uncheck the boxes under *Include* column so that only *CA_RETURN_CODE* and *CA_RESPONSE_MESSAGE*, are checked. These are fields that will be exposed to the requestor of this API in the response. Rename these fields if you choose.



- __38. Set the Response service interface to placeOrderResponse.si.
- 39. Close the Service Interface Definition window.
- ___40. Identify the connection reference for which CICS region will be used for this service. Click on the Configuration tab at the bottom of the *Overview* window to display the *Configuration* window. Enter *catalog* in the area beside *Connection reference*.
- ___41. Verify the request and response services interfaces are set correctly, if not set them as below.



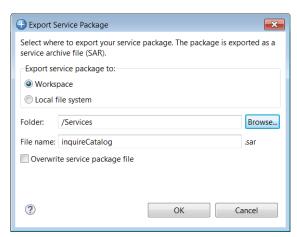
42. Save the *placeOrder* service either by closing all open tabs.

These three services now need to be made available for developing the API and for deployment to the z/OS Connect server.

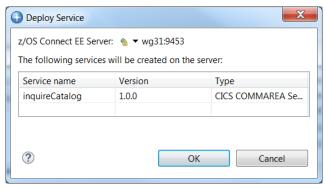
Export and deploy the Service Archive files

Before a service interface can be used it must be exported to create Service Archive (SAR) file and deployed as a SAR file to the server. The exported SAR is used in developing an API in the z/OS Connect Toolkit. This section describes the process for exporting and deploying SAR files.

- _1. First 'export' them into another project in the z/OS Connect Toolkit. Select *File* on the tool bar and then on the pop up select New → Project. Expand the *General* folder and select *Project* to create a target project for exporting the Service Archive (SAR) files. Click Next to continue.
- 2. On the *New Project* window enter *Services* as the *Project name*. Click **Finish** to continue. This action will add a new project in the *Project Explorer* named *Services*.
- _3. Select the *inquireCatalog* service project and right mouse button click. On the pop-up selection select **z/OS**Connect → Export z/OS Connect Service Archive. On the *Export Services Package* window select the radio button beside *Workspace* and use the Browse button to select the *Services* folder. Click **OK** to continue.



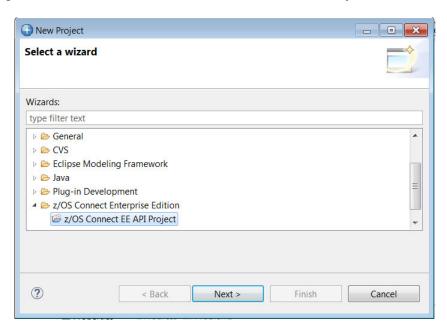
_4. Select the *inquireCatalog* service project again and right mouse button click again and on the pop-up selection select **z/OS Connect** → **Deploy Service** to **z/OS Connect Server**. On the *Deploy Service* window select the target server (wg31:9453) and click **OK** twice to continue.



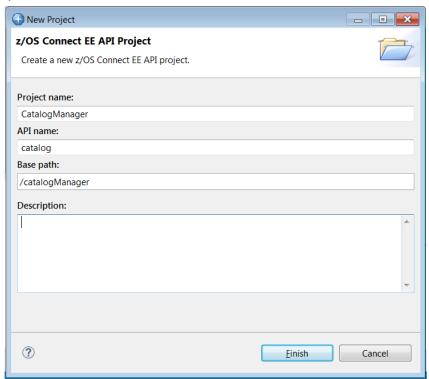
_5. Repeat these two steps to export the *inquireSingle* and *placeOrder* service project to the *Services* project folder and to deploy the services to the z/OS Connect server.

Create the API Project

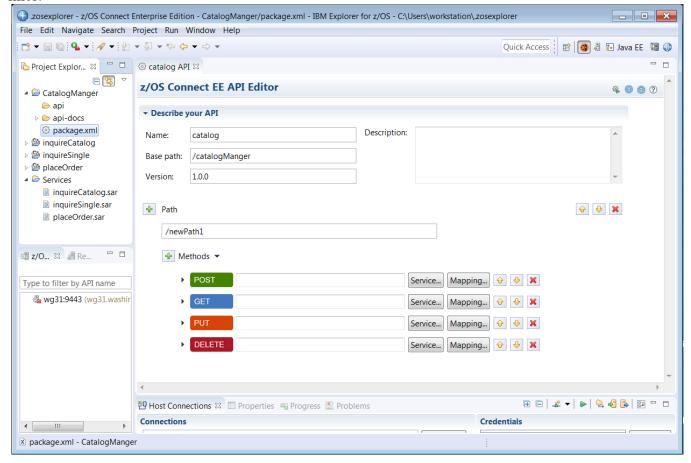
1. Back in the z/OS Connect tool kit create a new project. In the *New Project* window, scroll down and open the z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition folder and select z/OS Connect API Project and then click the **Next** button.



2. Enter *CatalogManager* for the *Project name*, *catalog* for the *API name* and */catalogManager* for the *Base path* value (case is important). Click **Finish** to continue.



3. You should now see something like below. The views may need to be adjusted by dragging the view boundary lines.



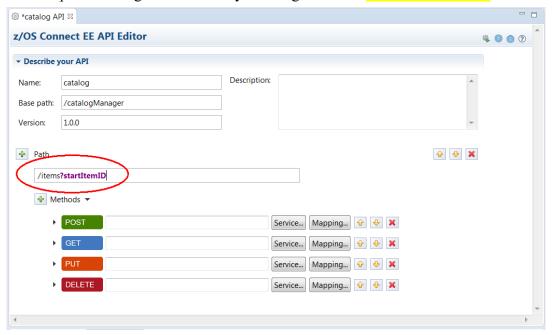
Tech-Tip: If the API Editor view is closed, it can be reopened by double clicking the *package.xml* file in the API project.

Summary

You created the basic framework for the API project in the API editor.

Compose the API with a CICS COMMAREA application

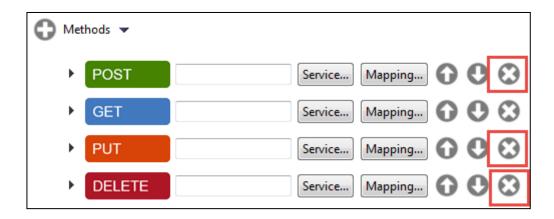
1. To compose the *inquireCatalog* service start by entering a *Path* of /items?startItemID.



Note: The /items path element is somewhat arbitrary but use this value so tasks later in the exercise will work unchanged.

The ?startItemID element tells the editor that value will be supplied as a path parameter in the URL.

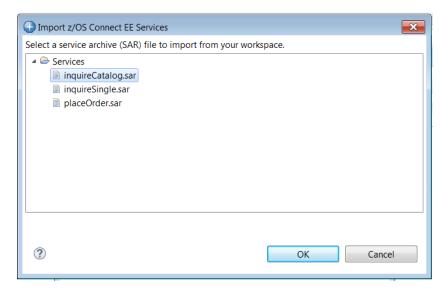
_2. For the *inquireCatalog* service the HTTP method will be **GET**, so we do not need the **POST**, **PUT** and **DELETE** methods. Remove them by clicking the *X* icon to the right of each:



That should leave you with only the GET method.



_3. Next import the service required for this method of this *Path*. Click on the **Service** button to the right of the **GET** method. On the Select a z/OS Connect Service window click the **Workspace** button and expand the Services folder on the next window. Select the inquireCatalog service from the list of service archive files and click **OK** three times



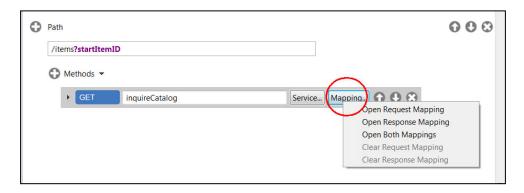
This will populate the field to the right of the method:



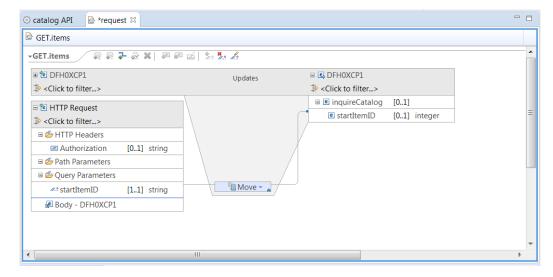
4. Save the changes so far by using the key sequence Ctrl-S.

Tech-Tip: If any change is made in any edit view an asterisk (*) will appear before the name of the artifact in the view tab, e.g. *package.xml. Changes can be saved at any time by using the **Ctrl-S** key sequence.

5. Next, click on the **Mapping** button, then select *Open Request Mapping*:



_6. Expand *inquireCatalog* on the right and next, on the left side hover select *startItemID* and without releasing create a connection between *startItemID* and field *startItemID* on the right hand side. The result is a line that maps the value of *startItemID* from the query parameter to the field *startItemID*. This means the value or contents of *startItemID* query parameter specified in a URL will be moved to the *startItemID* field.



What you have done is reduce the request to a simple GET URI with a single query parameter:

http://<host>:<port>/catalogManager/items?startItemID=10

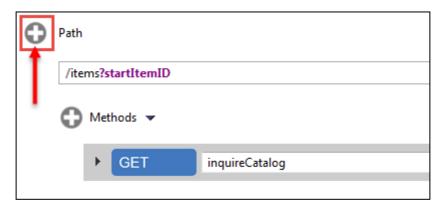
The query parameter provides the program the *starting* item number for the listing of items.

Those fields not needed on a request are hidden from the REST client's view. Those fields that have the same static value every time (*ca request id*) are assigned a value of 01INQC.

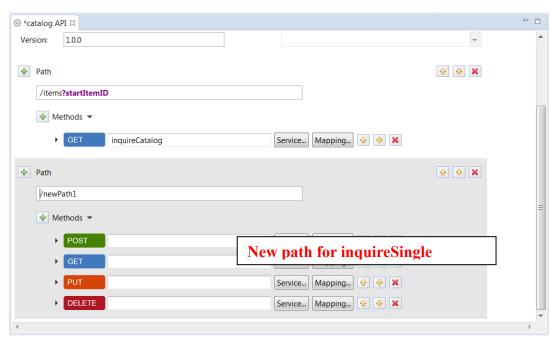
- 7. Save the changes using key sequence Ctrl-S.
- 8. Close the *request* mapping tab by clicking on the *white X* in the tab window.
- 9. No changes are required for the response mapping.

You're done with the *inquireCatalog* portion of the API. Next up is *inquireSingle*. The steps are very similar. You will find you get better at this the more you do it.

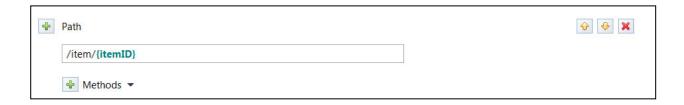
10. Click the plus icon to add another path to the API.



The result is:

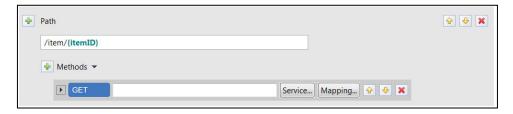


11. Enter a path value of of /item/{itemID}:



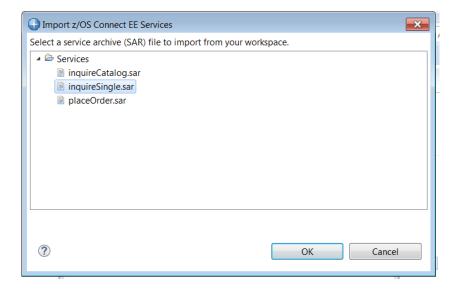
The string {itemID} is recognized by the editor as a path parameter.

12. Once again, the method we will use for this is **GET**, so we do not need **POST**, **PUT** or **DELETE**. Remove those by clicking the *X* to the right of each. The result should be:

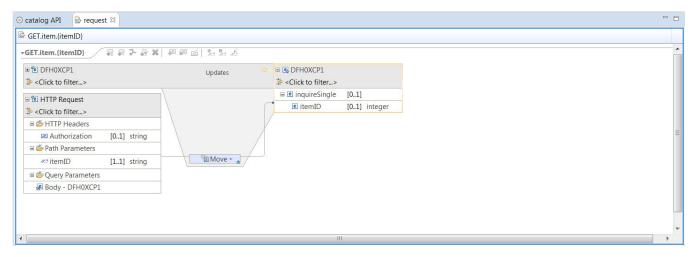


Tech-Tip: Additional *Paths* can be added by clicking the + icon beside *Path and additional Methods* can be added by clicking the + icon beside *Methods*.

13. Next import the service required for this method of this *Path*. Click on the **Service** button to the right of the **GET** method. On the Select a z/OS Connect Service window click the **Workspace** button and expand the Services folder on the next window. Select the *inquireSingle* service from the list of service archive files and click **OK** three times.



- 14. Save the changes by using the key sequence Ctrl-S.
- 15. Click on Mapping \rightarrow Open request mapping.
- _16. Expand *inquireSingle* by clicking on the little + sign to the left of the field. Select *itemID* on the left-hand side and drag it over to *itemID* on the right hand side to make a move connection so the value or contents of *itemID* are moved into *itemID* field.
- 17. The picture below is the final result. Inspect your mapping and make sure:



What you have done is reduce the request to a simple GET URI with a single path parameter:

http://<host>:<port>/catalogManager/item/10

The path parameter provides the program the item number for the listing of that item..

- 18. Save the changes using the key sequence Ctrl-S.
- 19. Close the *request* mapping tab.
- 20. No changes are required to the *response* mapping.

One more service to add – **orderItem**. The process is similar. The steps should be getting familiar to you by this time.

21. Add another path by clicking on the + circle:



22. In your new path field, provide a path value of */orders*:



_23. The HTTP method for this will be **POST**, so we can get ride of **GET**, **PUT** and **DELETE**. Remove those methods by clicking the **X**. You should then see:



- 24. Click on *Mapping* \rightarrow *Open request mapping* and review. No mappings are required so close the view.
- 25. Import the service required for this method of this *Path*. Click on the **Service** button to the right of the **GET** method. On the Select a z/OS Connect Service window click the **Workspace** button and expand the Services folder on the next window. Select the *placeOrder* service from the list of service archive files and click **OK** three times.
- 26. Save the changes by using the key sequence Ctrl-S.

Summary

You created the API, which consists of three paths and the request and response mapping associated with each. That API will now be deployed into a z/OS Connect server. The REST interfaces are now simpler than the earlier coarse-grained services. The services are still used, but by z/OS Connect server as it processes the higher-level API requests.

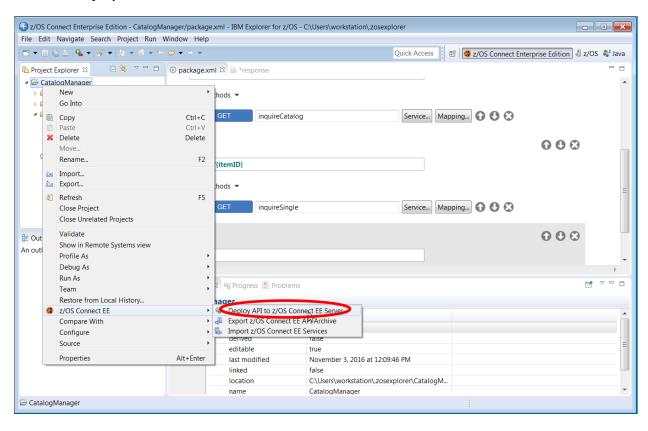
Deploy the API to a z/OS Connect Server

_1. The *catalog* API *and inquireCatalog, inquireSingle and placeOrder* services were defined by the inclusion of the *catalog.xml* file in the *server.xml*.

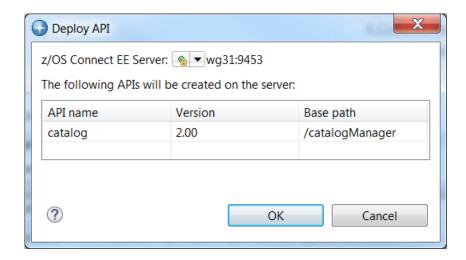
Figure 1 - catalog.xml

The *zosconnect_cicsIpicConnection* element provides the CICS IPIC information that will be used for communications with the CICS region,

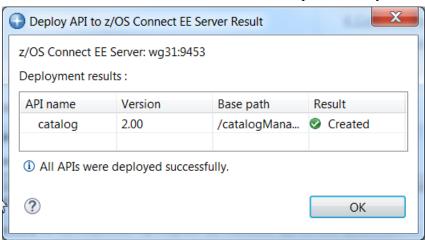
_2. In the *Project Explorer* view (upper left), right-mouse click on the *CatalogManager* folder, then select *z/OS Connect* → *Deploy API to z/OS Connect Server*.



_3. Since z/OS Explorer is connected to only one z/OS Connect server there is only one choice (wg31:9453). If z/OS Explorer had multiple host connections to z/OS Connect servers then the pull down arrow would allow a selection to which server to deploy. Click **OK** on this screen to continue.



_4. The API artifacts will be transferred to z/OS and copied into the /var/zosconnect/servers/zceesrv1/resources/zosconnect/apis directory.



Summary

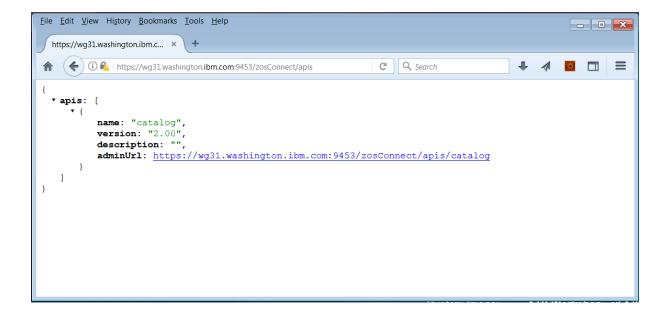
The API was contained in the AAR file, which you uploaded to z/OS and deployed. The update of the server.xml told z/OS Connect about the presence of the API.

Test the API

Important: The Swagger UI in the API Toolkit has been configured to use an external browser. This simplifies the management of digital certificates.

____1. Next enter URL https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9453/zosConnect/apis in the Firefox browser and you should see the window below. The catalog API now shows as being available.\

Tech Tip: You may be challenged by Firefox because the digital certificate used by the Liberty z/OS server is self-signed Click the **Add Exception** button to continue. If the **Add Exception** button is not displayed click the **Advanced** button. Then click on the **Confirm Security Exception** button. Next you may see a prompt you for a userid and password. If you do see the prompt, enter the username *Fred* and password **fredpwd** (case matters) and click **OK**. Remember we are using basic security and this is the user identity and password defined in the server.xml file.



Tech Tip: It is very important to access the z/OS Connect server from a browser prior to any testing using the Swagger UI. Accessing a z/OS Connect URL from a browser starts an SSL handshake between the browser and the server. If this handshake has not performed prior to performing any test the test will fail with no message in the browser and no explanation. Ensuring this handshake has been performed is why you may be directed to access a z/OS Connect URL prior to using the Swagger UI during this exercise.

2. If you click on *adminUrl* URL the window below should be displayed:

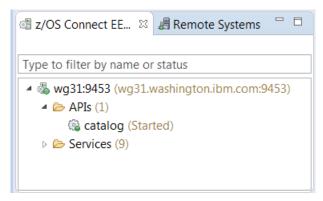
```
<u>File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help</u>
                                                                                                   - - X
 https://wg31.washington.ibm.c... × +
                                                               C Q Search
                                                                                                 + https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9453/zosConnect/apis/catalog
   name: "catalog",
   version: "2.00".
   description: ""
   status: "Started",
   apiUrl: https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9453/catalogManager,
  ▼ documentation: {
      swagger: https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9453/catalogManager/api-docs
  ▼ services: [
     ▼ {
          name: "placeOrder",
          uri: https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9453/zosConnect/services/placeOrder
          name: "inquireSingle",
          uri: https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9453/zosConnect/services/inquireSingle
          name: "inquireCatalog",
          uri: https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9453/zosConnect/services/inquireCatalog
```

3. Next click on the swagger URL and you should see the Swagger document associated with this API.

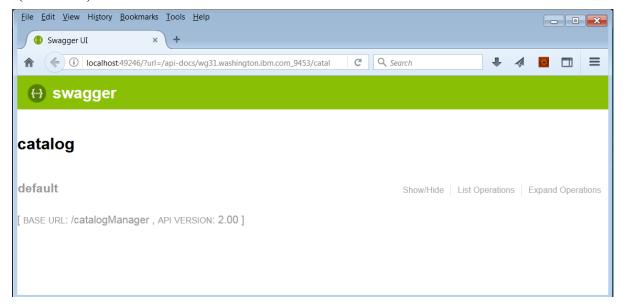
```
_ D X
File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help
  https://wg31.washington.ibm.c... × \ +
                                             C Q Search
                                                                                         A
 https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:39443/catalc
                                                                        ☆自
                                                                                                               \equiv
   swagger: "2.0",
  ▼ info: {
       description: "",
       version: "1.0.0",
       title: "catalog"
   basePath: "/catalogManager",
  ▼ schemes: [
       "https",
       "http"
   ٦.
  ▼ consumes: [
       "application/json"
  ▼ produces: [
       "application/json"
  ▼ paths: {
      "/item/{itemID}": {
        ▼ get: {
             operationId. "detInduireSindle"
```

Explore this Swagger document and you will see the results of the request and response mapping performed earlier. This Swagger document can be used by a developer or other tooling to develop REST clients for this specific API.

____4. In the lower left-hand side of the *z/OS Connect Explorer* perspective there is a view entitled *z/OS Connect Servers*. Expand *wg31:9453* and then expand the *APIs* folder. You should see a list of APIs installed in the server.

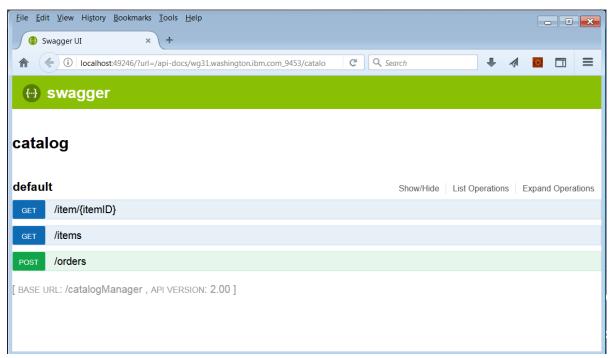


_____5. Right mouse button click on *catalog* and select *Open in Swagger UI*. Click **OK** if an informational prompt about certificates appears (see Tech Tip for explanation). This will open a new view showing a *Swagger* test client (see below).



Tech Tip: Swagger UI will not try to automatically download the self-signed certificate from the z/OS Connect server. The server's self-signed certificate must be install using other means. In this exercise, the self-signed certificate was installed earlier when displaying the APIs or services installed in the z/OS Connect server. Note that this must be done for every server that will be accessed using the Swagger UI.

__6. Click on *List Operations* option in this view and this will display a list of available HTTP methods in this API.



___7. Select the method for selecting a single item from the catalog by item number table by clicking on the *GET* box. This action will expand this method in this view and provides a Swagger UI test client (you may have to use the slider bar and adjust the perspective to see the entire client).



_8. Enter 10 in the box beside itemID and Basic RnJIZDpmcmVkcHdk in the area beside Authorization and press the Try it out! button. You may see a Security Alert pop-up warning about the self-signed certificate being used by the z/OS Connect server. Click Yes on this pop-up.

Tech Tip: Since the z/OS Connect server require security the Swagger UI must include the authorization string in the Request Header. The format of this authorization string is the type of authorization (e.g. *Basic*) and the base 64 encoded string for *Fred:fredpwd*, *e.g RnJlZDpmcmVkcHdk*, see URL https://www.base64encode.org. and/or the *z/OS Connect Getting Started Guide*, TechDoc WP102724. Be sure there are no extra spaces at the end of the string.

_9. Scroll down the view and you should see the *Response Body* which contains the results of the GET method (see below). Note that the request field removed from the interface in an earlier steps is not present.

```
Response Body

{
    "CA_RESPONSE_MESSAGE": "RETURNED ITEM: REF =0010",
    "CA_INQUIRE_SINGLE": {
        "CA_SINGLE_ITEM": {
            "CA_SNIGL_ITEM_REF": 10,
            "CA_SNIGL_DESCRIPTION": "Ball Pens Black 24pk",
            "CA_SNIGL_OFFACTION": "8002.98",
            "ON_SNIGL_STOCK": 135,
            "CA_SNIGL_COST": "002.98",
            "ON_SNIGL_ORDER": 0
            }
        }
    }
    *CA_RETURN_CODE": 0
}

Response Code
```

____10. Repeat this process with other items and observe the results. For example using a value of *30* would return.

```
Response Body

{
    "DFH0XCP4": {
        "CA_RESPONSE_MESSAGE": "RETURNED ITEM: REF =0030",
        "CA_INQUIRE_SINGLE": {
        "CA_SINGLE_ITEM": {
            "CA_SNGL_ITEM_REF": 30,
            "CA_SNGL_DESCRIPTION": "Ball Pens Red 24pk",
            "CA_SNGL_DEPARTMENT": 10,
            "IN_SNGL_STOCK": 105,
            "CA_SNGL_COST": "002.90",
            "ON_SNGL_OCOST": "002.90",
            "ON_SNGL_ORDER": 0
            }
        },
        "CA_RETURN_CODE": 0
    }
}
```

The available catalog items are listed below.

Item#	Description	Dept	Cost	In Stock	On Order
0010	Ball Pens Black 24pk	010	002.90	0135	000
0020	Ball Pens Blue 24pk	010	002.90	0006	050
0030	Ball Pens Red 24pk	010	002.90	0106	000
0040	Ball Pens Green 24pk	010	002.90	0080	000
0050	Pencil with eraser 12pk	010	001.78	0083	000
0060	Highlighters Assorted 5pk	010	003.89	0013	040
0070	Laser Paper 28-lb 108 Bright 500/ream	010	007.44	0102	020
0080	Laser Paper 28-lb 108 Bright 2500/case	010	033.54	0025	000
0090	Blue Laser Paper 20lb 500/ream	010	005.35	0022	000
0100	Green Laser Paper 20lb 500/ream	010	005.35	0003	020
0110	IBM Network Printer 24 - Toner cart	010	169.56	0012	000
0120	Standard Diary: Week to view 8 1/4x5 3/4	010	025.99	0007	000
0130	Wall Planner: Erasable 36x24	010	018.85	0003	000
0140	70 Sheet Hard Back wire bound notepad	010	005.89	0084	000
0150	Sticky Notes 3x3 Assorted Colors 5pk	010	005.35	0036	045
0160	Sticky Notes 3x3 Assorted Colors 10pk	010	009.75	0067	030
0170	Sticky Notes 3x6 Assorted Colors 5pk	010	007.55	0064	030
0180	Highlighters Yellow 5pk	010	003.49	0088	010
0190	Highlighters Blue 5pk	010	003.49	0076	020
0200	12 inch clear rule 5pk	010	002.12	0014	010
0210	Clear sticky tape 5pk	010	004.27	0073	000

____11. Collapse the Swagger UI test area for the **GET** single item method for the clicking on the blue *GET* box beside /item/{itemID}.

____12. Click on the blue *GET* box beside /items to access the **GET** method to open its Swagger Test user interface for the inquire catalog service (e.g. inquireCatalog) and scroll down to the Response Content Type area.

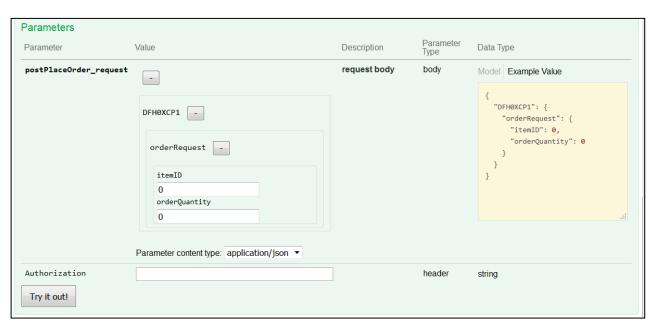
Response Content Type application/json ▼								
Parameters								
Parameter	Value	Description	Parameter Type	Data Type				
startItemID	(required)		query	string				
Authorization			header	string				
Try it out!								

____13. Enter 40 in the box beside startItemID and Basic RnJlZDpmcmVkcHdk in the area beside Authorization and press the Try it out! button. Scroll down and you should see the following information in the Response Body.

```
Response Body
     "DFH0XCP3": {
      "CA_RESPONSE_MESSAGE": "+15 ITEMS RETURNED",
       "CA_INQUIRE_REQUEST": {
         "CA_LAST_ITEM_REF": 180,
         "CA_CAT_ITEM": [
             "ON_ORDER": 0,
             "CA_ITEM_REF": 40,
             "CA_COST": "002.90",
             "IN_STOCK": 80,
             "CA_DESCRIPTION": "Ball Pens Green 24pk",
             "CA_DEPARTMENT": 10
             "ON_ORDER": 0,
             "CA_ITEM_REF": 50,
             "CA COST": "001.78",
             "IN_STOCK": 83,
             "CA DESCRIPTION", "Bancil with appear 13ple"
```

Try a few other values for *startItemID* and compare the resultse.

____14. Click on the green POST box to access the **POST** method to open its Swagger Test user interface for the place order service (e.g. *placeOrder*) and scroll down to the *Response Content Type* area.



15. Enter 40 in the area below *itemID* and 1 in the area under *orderQuantity* and **Basic**RnJIZDpmcmVkcHdk in the area beside Authorization and press the Try it out! button

Scroll down and you should see the following information in the *Response Body*.

```
Response Body

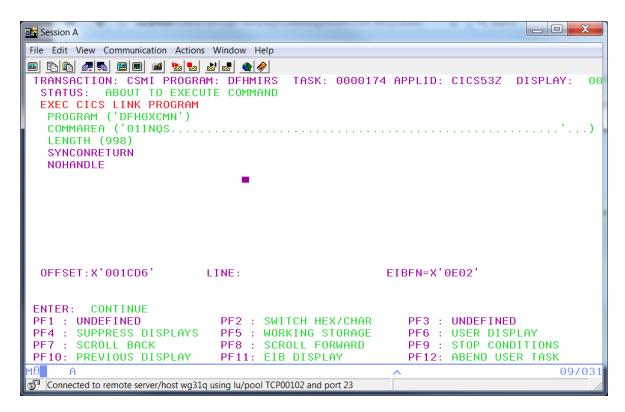
{
    "DFH0XCP5": {
        "returnCode": 0,
        "responseMessage": "ORDER SUCCESSFULLY PLACED"
      }
}
```

Summary

You have verified the API. The API layer operates above the service layer you defined and tested earlier. The API layer provides a further level of abstraction and allows a more flexible use of HTTP verbs, and better mapping of data via the API editor function.

Optional

Start a 3270 session with CICS and enter CICS transaction *CEDX CSMI*. When you repeat of any of the above test you should be able to trace the flow of the request through CICS.



Summary

You have verified the API. The API layer operates above the service layer you defined. The API layer provides a further level of abstraction and allows a more flexible use of HTTP verbs, and better mapping of data via the API editor function.