IBM z/OS Connect (OpenAPI 2.0)

Developing IMS/TM API Requesters Applications



IBM Z
Wildfire Team –
Washington System Center

Table of Contents

| Overview | 4 |
|--------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| IMS TM RESTful API Requester to a VSAM API Provider | 4 |
| Generate the API requester artifacts from a Swagger document | |
| Review the application programs | |
| Compile and link-edit the application programs | |
| Test the API requester application programs | |

Important: At URL https://ibm.ent.box.com/v/WSC-APIRequester there is a file named OpenAPI2 developing API Requesters CopyPaste.txt. This file contains commands and other text used in this workshop. Locate that file and open it. Download this file and use the copy-and-paste function (Ctrl-C and Ctrl-V) to enter commands or text. It will save time and help avoid typo errors. As a reminder text that appears in this file will be highlighted in yellow.

Note: Connectivity from the remote Desktop to this site is not always available. In this case, access this URL and download the file to your local Desktop and then copy the file from the local Desktop to the remote Desktop.

General Exercise Information and Guidelines

- ✓ The Windows artifacts for this exercise are in directory $c: \z \arrive{c: \z \x \x$
- ✓ This exercise requires using RACF user *USER1* and the RACF password for this user is *USER1*.
- ✓ This exercise primarily uses data sets *USER1.ZCEE.CNTL* and *USER.ZCEE.SOURCE*.
- ✓ Please note that there may be minor differences between the screen shots in this exercise versus what you see when performing this exercise. These differences should not impact the completion of this exercise.
- ✓ Text in **bold** and highlighted in **yellow** in this document should be available for copying and pasting in a file named *OpenAPI2* developing *API Requesters CopyPaste* file.
- ✓ Any time you have any questions about the use of IBM z/OS Explorer, 3270 screens, features or tools do not hesitate to ask the instructor for assistance.
- ✓ For information regarding the use of the Personal Communication 3270 emulator, see the *Personal Communications Tips PDF in the exercise folder*.

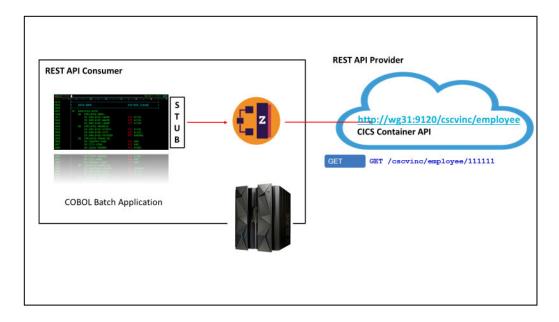
Important: The REST API provider applications used in this exercise access a CICS application. The target API used in this exercise was developed using instructions provided in another exercise in this workshop. The target API could have just as easily have been anywhere in the cloud on any remote system so long as the Swagger document for the target API was available.

Overview

These exercises demonstrate the steps required to enable COBOL programs to invoke RESTful APIs. There are The API provider accesses a CICS program. Although this API is hosted in z/OS Connect server, these same steps could be followed to access APIs hosted anywhere in the cloud.

The process starts with the Swagger document that describes the API which the COBOL program will invoke. The Swagger document is used by the z/OS Connect build toolkit to (1) generate the COBOL copy books included in the COBOL program to invoke the API (2) as well as an API requester archive file (ARA) which is deployed to a z/OS Connect server.

The diagram shows this process at a high level. The copy books generated by the z/OS Connect build toolkit will be integrated into a COBOL program to provide (1) the COBOL representation of the request and response messages and to identity (2) the HTTP method to be used in the RESTful request. The API requester archive file will be deployed to a z/OS Connect server and used to convert (1) the COBOL request and response messages to JSON messages and to invoke (2) the outbound RESTful request and wait for the response.



In this exercise, IMS TM programs will be compiled and executed in an IMS MPR environment. The only differences between CICS and MVS Batch and IMS is the configuration required for connecting to the z/OS Connect server. Consult the z/OS Connect Knowledge Center for information how this is done for CICS versus MVS Batch and IMS.

IMS TM RESTful API Requester to a VSAM API Provider

In this section an API requester will be developed and tested where the target API accesses a VSAM data set. The IMS MPP programs will invoke the API to insert (POST), retrieve (GET), update (PUT) and delete (DELETE) VSAM records.

Generate the API requester artifacts from a Swagger document

The first step is to use the API's Swagger document from the API to generate the artifacts required for the COBOL API client application and the API requester archive file. The Swagger document was obtained from the server where the API is hosted. All the files mention in this section are in directory *c:/z/apiRequester/ims* on your workstation.

The z/OS Connect build toolkit (ZCONBT) is a Java application shipped with z/OS Connect as a zip file and can be installed on a workstation or in OMVS. Anywhere a Java runtime is available. In this exercise the build toolkit will on Windows.

_1. Begin by reviewing the API's Swagger document for the VSAM API provider. This document identifies the types of HTTP methods supported as well as the path of each HTTP method. It also the contents each method's request JSON message and the response JSON message field contents and field types. This is the blueprint for invoking the API.

```
"swagger" : "2.0",
"info" : {
  "description" : ""
  "version" : "2.0.0",
"title" : "filea"
},
"host" : "localhost:8080",
"basePath" : "/employee",
"schemes" : [ "https", "http" ],
"consumes" : [ "application/json" ],
"produces" : [ "application/json" ],
"paths" : {
  "/file/{employee}" : {
    "get" : {
      "tags" : [ "filea" ],
      "operationId" : "getCscvincSelectService",
      "parameters" : [ {
        "name" : "Authorization",
        "in" : "header",
        "required" : false,
        "type" : "string"
      }, {
        "name" : "employee",
        "in" : "path",
        "required" : true,
        "type" : "string",
        "maxLength" : 6
```

Tech-Tip: Instructions for installing the z/OS Connect build toolkit can be found at URL https://www.ibm.com/support/knowledgecenter/en/SS4SVW 3.0.0/com.ibm.zosconnect.doc/installing/bt install.html

| _2. Next review the input parameters that will be passed to the z/OS Connect build toolkit in a properties file. | This |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| file is <i>filea.properties</i> see its below: | |

apiDescriptionFile=./swagger.json ¹ dataStructuresLocation=./syslib ² apiInfoFileLocation=./syslib ³ logFileDirectory=./logs ⁴ language=COBOL ⁵ connectionRef=fileaAPI ⁶ requesterPrefix=ims ⁷

- 1. Identifies the Swagger document that describes the API
- 2. Provides the directory where the generated COBOL copybooks representing the request and response messages will be written.
- 3. Provides the directory where the generated COBOL copybook with invocation details of the API will be written.
- 4. Provides the directory where a log file will be written.
- 5. Identifies the target language.
- 6. Identifies the corresponding *zosconnect_endpointConnection* element define in the z/OS Connect server's server.xml file.
- 7. Provides a 3-character prefix to be used for all generated copybooks

| 3 | View | fila | filaa | hat | which | contains | thic | one 1 | ina |
|-----|------|------|-------|-----|-------|----------|------|-------|-----|
| .ാ. | view | me | mea | Dat | wnich | comains | LIHS | one | me. |

c:\z\zconbt\bin\zconbt.bat -p=./filea.properties -f=./filea.ara

This is batch command file that when executed invokes the z/OS Connect build toolkit (zconbt). The -p switch identifies the input properties file and the -f switch identifies the name of the generate API requester archive file. The API requester archive (ARA) file will be deployed and made available to the z/OS Connect server in directory .../resources/zosconnect/apiRequsters.

- __4. On the workstation desktop, locate the *Command Prompt* icon and double click on it to open a DOS session that will allow commands to be entered.
- _5. Use the change directory command (cd) to change to directory C:\z\api\Requester\ims e.g.

cd c:\z\apiRequester\ims

6. Enter command *filea* in the DOS command prompt window and you should see output like the below:

```
BAQB0000I: z/OS Connect Enterprise Edition Build Toolkit Version 1.2 (20200408-1120).
BAQB0008I: Creating API requester archive from configuration file ./filea.properties.
BAQB0040I: The generated API requester is automatically named filea 2.0.0 based on the title filea
and version 2.0.0 of the API to be called.
DFHPI9586W A reserved word "address" has been detected in the input document, it has been changed
to "Xaddress".
DFHPI9586W A reserved word "date" has been detected in the input document, it has been changed to
BAQB0016I: Successfully processed operation (operationId: getCscvincSelectService, relativePath:
/file/{employee}, method: GET).
BAQB0015I: Start processing operation (operationId: putCscvincUpdateService, relativePath:
/file/{employee}, method: PUT).
DFHPI9586W A reserved word "address" has been detected in the input document, it has been changed
to "Xaddress".
DFHPI9586W A reserved word "date" has been detected in the input document, it has been changed to
"Xdate".
BAQB0016I: Successfully processed operation (operationId: putCscvincUpdateService, relativePath:
/file/{employee}, method: PUT).
BAQB0015I: Start processing operation (operationId: deleteCscvincDeleteService, relativePath:
/file/{employee}, method: DELETE).
BAQB0016I: Successfully processed operation (operationId: deleteCscvincDeleteService, relativePath:
/file/{employee}, method: DELETE).
BAQB0015I: Start processing operation (operationId: postCscvincInsertService, relativePath:
/insert, method: POST).
DFHPI9586W A reserved word "address" has been detected in the input document, it has been changed
to "Xaddress".
DFHPI9586W A reserved word "date" has been detected in the input document, it has been changed to
"Xdate".
BAQB0016I: Successfully processed operation (operationId: postCscvincInsertService, relativePath:
/insert, method: POST).
Total 4 operation(s) (success: 4, ignored: 0) defined in api description file: ./swagger.json
----- Successfully processed operation(s) -----
operationId: getCscvincSelectService, basePath: /employee, relativePath: /file/{employee}, method:
- request data structure : IMS00Q01
- response data structure : IMS00P01
- api info file
                         : IMS00I01
operationId: putCscvincUpdateService, basePath: /employee, relativePath: /file/{employee}, method:
- request data structure : IMS01Q01
- response data structure : IMS01P01
- api info file
                          TMS01T01
operationId: deleteCscvincDeleteService, basePath: /employee, relativePath: /file/{employee},
method: DELETE
- request data structure : IMS02Q01
- response data structure : IMS02P01
- api info file
                         : IMS02I01
operationId: postCscvincInsertService, basePath: /employee, relativePath: /insert, method: POST
- request data structure : IMS03Q01
- response data structure : IMS03P01
- api info file
                         : IMS03I01
BAQB0009I: Successfully created API requester archive file ./filea.ara.
```

Note that each HTTP method defined in the Swagger document will cause the generation of up to three copy books. One for the request message(Q01), one for the response message(P01) and one for the API details(I01). The copy book names are based on the *requesterPrefix* property (e.g. *csc*) and use an ascending sequence number sequence to differentiate between methods. Also note that there may be fewer than three copy books generated. For example, if there is no response message or no request message for a specific method a copy book may not be generated.

Important Note: The COBOL programs used in this exercise include these generated copy books with the names as generated above, e.g. the GET COBOL program includes CSC01 prefixed copy books. Occasionally (probably after applying service) the sequence of the methods will change causing the corresponding sequence number of the copy book to also change. Review the sequence of the processing of the methods and change the COBOL applications so they include the correct copy book. Otherwise the compilation of the COBOL program may fail with errors or unexpected results may be observed.

_7. Now explore a sample snippet of the copy book for the request message of a PUT method. Use *Notepad* to open file c:\z\apiRequester\ims\syslib\IMS01Q01. Scroll down until you see something like the code below.

```
06 ReqPathParameters.
 09 employee-length
                                         PIC S9999 COMP-5 SYNC.
  09 employee
                                         PIC X(6).
06 RegBody.
   09 cscvincUpdateServiceOp-num
                                         PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
   09 cscvincUpdateServiceOperatio.
   12 cscvincContainer.
       15 request2-num
                                           PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
       15 request.
         18 filea2-num
                                           PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
         18 filea.
           21 name-num
                                          PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
           21 name.
24 name2-length
           21 name.
                                          PIC S9999 COMP-5 SYNC.
           24 name2
21 Xaddress-num
                                          PIC X(20).
                                         PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
           21 Xaddress.
           24 Xaddress2-length PIC S9999 COMP-5 SYNC.
24 Xaddress2 PIC X(20).
21 phoneNumber-num PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC
           21 phoneNumber-num
                                          PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
           21 phoneNumber.
           24 phoneNumber2-length PIC S9999 COMP-5 SYNC.
24 phoneNumber2 PIC X(8).
           21 Xdate-num
                                         PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
           21 Xdate.
           24 Xdate2-length PIC S9999 COMP-5 SYNC.
           24 Xdate2
                                          PIC X(8).
           21 amount-num
                                          PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC.
           21 amount.
           24 amount2-length
                                         PIC S9999 COMP-5 SYNC.
            24 amount2
                                           PIC X(8)
```

Note that each variable has an associated length (e.g. *name2-length*). The length of a variable is required since there is no delimiter between the variables in storage. The runtime needs to know the size of a variable at execution time so the request and response messages can be properly converted to and from JSON name/value pairs.

For this API, the Swagger document included an additional variable for the number of occurrences of a variable, (e.g. *name-num*). In this exercise we will set the number of each variable to one.

Tech-Tip: This additional variable was included for this API because the target program is a CICS container enabled program and a CICS channel can have multiple occurrences of the same container. The z/OS Connect API requester support needs to know number of each variable is being sent (and returned). This behavior is not unique to CICS.

The corresponding response message (c:|z| apiRequester\ims\syslib\IMS01P01\) will have a similar layout.

8. The corresponding API information copy book (*c*:\z\apiRequester\ims\\syslib\IMS01101) has contents providing the API name and the path to be used for the method:

```
03 BAQ-APINAME
                              PIC X(255)
   VALUE 'filea 2.0.0'.
03 BAQ-APINAME-LEN
                              PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC
  VALUE 11.
03 BAQ-APIPATH
                              PIC X(255)
  VALUE '%2Femployee%2Ffile%2F%7Bemployee%7D'.
03 BAQ-APIPATH-LEN
                             PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC
   VALUE 35.
03 BAQ-APIMETHOD
                              PIC X(255)
   VALUE 'PUT'.
                              PIC S9(9) COMP-5 SYNC
03 BAQ-APIMETHOD-LEN
   VALUE 3.
```

Deploy the API Requester Archive file to the z/OS Connect server

Next make the API requester archive file available to the z/OS Connect server.

The API requester archive (ARA) file needs to be deployed to the API requester directory. In this case the target directory is /var/ats/zosconnect/servers/zceeapir/resources/zosconnect/apiRequesters.

- _1. Open a DOS command session and change to directory c:\z\apiRequester\ims, e.g cd c:\z\apiRequester\ims
- __2. Use the z/OS Connect RESTful administrative interface to deploy the ARA files by using the cURL command embedded in command file *deploy*. Invoke this command file to deploy the filea API archive file.

```
c:\z\apiRequester\ims>curl -X POST --user Fred:fredpwd --data-binary @filea
c.ara --header "Content-Type: application/zip" --insecure https://wg31.washingt
on.ibm.com:9483/zosConnect/apiRequesters
{"name":"filea_2.0.0", "version":"1.0.0", "description":"", "status":"Started", "apiRe
questerUrl":"https:\/\/wg31.washington.ibm.com:9483\/zosConnect\/apiRequeste
rs\/filea_2.0.0", "connection":"fileaAPI"}
```

Tech-Tip: If a REST client tool like cURL or Postman was not available then ARA file could have been deployed using FTP to upload the file in binary mode to the *apiRequesters* directory.

Tech-Tip: If an ARA needs to be redeployed, the cURL command with a PUT method can be used to stop the API requester

curl -X PUT --user Fred:fredpwd --insecure

https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9483/zosConnect/apiRequesters/filea_2.0.0?status=stopped And the cURL command with a DELETE method can be used to delete the API requester.

curl -X DELETE --user Fred:fredpwd --insecure

https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9483/zosConnect/apiRequesters/filea_2.0.0 otherwise the redeployment of the ARA file will fail.

3. The z/OS Connect server has the configuration below already included.

```
<server description="API Requester">
    <!-- Enable features -->
    <featureManager>
        <feature>zosconnect:apiRequester-1.0</feature>
        </featureManager>

<zosconnect_endpointConnection id="fileaAPI"
        host="http://wg31.washington.ibm.com"
        port="9120"
        basicAuthRef="myBasicAuth"
        connectionTimeout="10s"
        receiveTimeout="20s" />

<zosconnect_authData id="myBasicAuth"
        user="Fred"
        password="fredpwd" />

</server>
```

- 1. Identifies the system which hosts the target API as well as any security information and time out parameters. Note that the ID of this element matches the value *connectionRef* property used when the ARA was generated by the z/OS Connect build toolkit.
- 2. The target server uses basic authentication, so we are simply provided a user identity and password. The password can be encrypted in the server.xml file or TLS used for security.

Tech-Tip: The *endpointConnection* element specifies the host and port of the target API provider. This z/OS Connect server performs the conversion of the COBOL data structure to JSON and then acts as a JSON REST client to the target API provider. Which for this example, is the same z/OS Connect server. The REST client loops back to itself when invoking the API. This would rarely happen in a real-world environment. This is why this host and port is also used by the API requester client in its environment variables.

Move the COBOL copy books to an MVS data set.

Next make the generated COBOL copy books available for including into the COBOL program.

1. Open a DOS command prompt and use the change directory command to go to directory

The generated COBOL copy books need to be available in an MVS data set which is included in the compiler SYSLIB concatenation sequence. In the data set is *USER1.ZCEE*. *SOURCE*. Use a DOS command prompt session and the commands below to move the copy books file to this data set. Authenticate as user USER1 using the password USER1.

| C:\z\apiRequester\ims\syslib, e.g., cd \z\apiRequester\ims\syslib |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2. Start a file transfer session for the IMS00I01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS00I01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 3. Start a file transfer session for the IMS00Q01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS00Q01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 4. Start a file transfer session for the IMS00P01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS00P01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 5. Start a file transfer session for the IMS01I01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS01I01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 6. Start a file transfer session for the IMS01Q01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS01Q01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 7. Start a file transfer session for the IMS01P01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS01P01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 8. Start a file transfer session for the IMS02I01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS02I01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 9. Start a file transfer session for the IMS02Q01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS02Q01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |
| 10. Start a file transfer session for the IMS02P01 copybook with the WG31 host using the <i>curl</i> command, e.g., |
| curl -T IMS02P01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.comuser user1:user1use-ascii |

- __11. Start a file transfer session for the IMS03I01 copybook with the WG31 host using the *curl* command, e.g., curl -T IMS03I01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --use-ascii
- _12. Start a file transfer session for the IMS03Q01 copybook with the WG31 host using the *curl* command, e.g., curl -T IMS03Q01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --use-ascii
- 13. Start a file transfer session for the IMS03P01 copybook with the WG31 host using the *curl* command, e.g.,

curl -T IMS03P01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --use-ascii

The command window should look something like.

```
C:\z\apiRequester\ims\syslib>curl -T IMS00I01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --
use-ascii
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
  % Total
                                             Time
                                                    Time
                                                             Time
                                                                  Current
                              Dload Upload
                                             Total
                                                    Spent
                                                            Left Speed
     549
                 0 100
                          549
100
                                 0
                                     1230 --:--: 1230
C:\z\apiRequester\ims\syslib>curl -T IMS00Q01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --
use-ascii
 % Total
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                             Time
                                                    Time
                                                            Time
                                                                  Current.
                              Dload Upload
                                             Total
                                                    Spent
                                                            Left Speed
100 1143
                 0 100 1143
                                      2394 --:--: 2401
C:\z\apiRequester\ims\syslib>curl -T IMS00P01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --
use-ascii
 % Total
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                             Time
                                                    Time
                                                            Time
                                                                  Current
                                             Total
                              Dload Upload
                                                    Spent
                                                            Left Speed
100 14590
                 0 100 14590
                                  0 24615 --:--: -- 24603
C:\z\apiRequester\ims\syslib>curl -T IMS01I01 ftp://wg31.washington.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --
use-ascii
 % Total
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                             Time
                                                    Time
                                                             Time
                                                                  Current
                              Dload Upload
                                             Total
                                                   Spent
                                                            Left Speed
100
                 0 100
                          549
                                     1055 --:--: 1057
C:\z\apiRequester\ims\syslib>curl -T IMS01Q01 ftp://wq31.washinqton.ibm.com --user user1:user1 --
use-ascii
 % Total
            % Received % Xferd Average Speed
                                             Time
                                                    Time
                                                            Time Current
                              Dload Upload
                                           Total Spent
                                                            Left Speed
100 10092
           0 0 100 10092
                                0 22033 --:--:- --:-- 22083
```

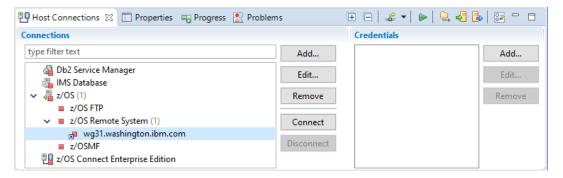
_14. The 12 MVS data sets created by the invoking the curl command need to be copied or moved into the partitioned data set *USER1.ZCEE*. *SOURCE* with member names that match the original data set names

Review the application programs

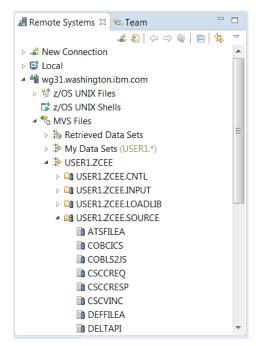
Now that the copy books have been generated and are available in a data set the next step is compile and link edit the application programs. The source for the application programs is in USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE. Member CSCVDLTI invokes the DELETE method, member CSCVGETI invokes the GET method, CSCVPSTI invokes the POST method and CSCVPUTI invokes the PUT method.

Tech-Tip: Data set USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE can be accessed either by using the IBM z/OS Explorer or by using the Personal Communication icon on the desktop and logging on to TSO and use ISPF option 3.4 to access this data set. If you have any questions about either method, ask the instructor.

_1. Back in the IBM z/OS Explorer session switch to the *Remote System Explorer* perspective and select wg31.washington.ibm.com under z/OS Remote System and use the **Connect** button to connect to the remote system explorer daemon running on z/OS.



_2. Expand the USER1.ZCEE filter and select data set *USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE* in the *Remote System view* and double click to display a list of its members.



Tech-Tip: Data set USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE can be accessed either by using the IBM z/OS Explorer or by using the Personal Communication icon on the desktop and logging on to TSO and use ISPF option 3.4 to access this data set. If you have any questions about either method, ask the instructor.

_3. Begin by reviewing the application programs CSCVGETI. Open member *CSCVGETI* in *USER1.ZCEE*. *SOURCE* and review its contents by selecting the member and right- mouse button clicking and selecting the *Open* option. Scroll down until you see these lines of code.

These lines of code copy into the source the required z/OS Connect copy book (BAQRINFO) and the copy books generated by the z/OS Connect build tool kit. If when you generated the copy book earlier in the exercise and the sequence number used for the GET method was not 00, e.g. the IMSC00 prefix, then you need to change the COBOL source to match sequence generated when you invoke the ZCONBT tool.

4. Scroll down further until you find this code which provides the contents of the request message.

The *GET* method only requires one variable and it is provided as a path parameter, e.g. /employee/{numb}.

5. Scroll down further and you will the call to the z/OS Connect API requester stub module.

```
* Call the communication stub

* Call the subsystem-supplied stub code to send

* API request to zCEE

CALL COMM-STUB-PGM-NAME USING

BY REFERENCE GET-INFO-OPER1

BY REFERENCE BAQ-REQUEST-INFO

BY REFERENCE BAQ-REQUEST-PTR

BY REFERENCE BAQ-REQUEST-LEN

BY REFERENCE BAQ-RESPONSE-INFO

BY REFERENCE BAQ-RESPONSE-INFO

BY REFERENCE BAQ-RESPONSE-PTR

BY REFERENCE BAQ-RESPONSE-PTR

BY REFERENCE BAQ-RESPONSE-LEN.

* The BAQ-RETURN-CODE field in 'BAQRINFO' indicates whether this

* API call is successful.
```

Note that the parameters are being passed by reference. This means that the z/OS Connect API requester stub will have direct access to the program storage for both accessing data and making changes (i.e. the response message).

_6. Scroll down further and you will see the code where the application displays the results in the response message.

```
IF BAQ-SUCCESS THEN

MOVE name2 of GET-RESPONSE TO NAME of OUT-BUFFER

MOVE Xaddress2 of GET-RESPONSE TO ADDRX of OUT-BUFFER

MOVE phoneNumber2 of GET-RESPONSE TO PHONE of OUT-BUFFER

MOVE Xdate2 of GET-RESPONSE TO DATEX of OUT-BUFFER

MOVE amount2 of GET-RESPONSE TO AMOUNT of OUT-BUFFER

MOVE USERID2 of GET-RESPONSE TO USERID of OUT-BUFFER
```

Close member *CSCVGETI* and open member *CSCVPSTI*. The code for this program is very similar to the code for *GETAPI* with the exception that all variables are provided in a JSON request message. Scroll down and find the code below.

In this case the number of occurrences of a property must be provided and the property value moved to the request copy book.

_7. Explore members *CSCVDLTI* and *CSCVPUTI* and their corresponding copy books to see the code which is common (variable housekeeping, calls to the z/OS Connect stub, etc.) regardless of the method being invoked.

Compile and link-edit the application programs

The applications programs now are ready to be compiled and link edited.

1. Submit the job in member **CSCVIMS** in data set *USER1.ZCEE.CNTL*.

```
//USER1S JOB (ACCOUNT), USER1, NOTIFY=&SYSUID, REGION=OM,
// CLASS=A, MSGCLASS=H, MSGLEVEL= (1, 1)
//COMPILE EXEC IGYWCL, LNGPRFX=SYS1.ECOBOL, PARM.COBOL='NODYNAM'
//COBOL.SYSIN DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE(CSCVGETI)
//COBOL.SYSLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE
              DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ZCEE30.SBAQCOB
//LKED.SYSLMOD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=JOHNSON.ZCEE.SDFHLOAD(CSCVGETI)
//RESLIB DD DSN=DFSF10.SDFSRESL,DISP=SHR
//SYSIN
         DD *
 INCLUDE RESLIB (DFSLI000)
NAME CSCVGETI(R)
//COMPILE EXEC IGYWCL, LNGPRFX=SYS1.ECOBOL, PARM.COBOL='NODYNAM'
//COBOL.SYSIN DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE(CSCVDLTI)
//COBOL.SYSLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE
              DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ZCEE30.SBAQCOB
//LKED.SYSLMOD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=JOHNSON.ZCEE.SDFHLOAD(CSCVDLTI)
//RESLIB DD DSN=DFSF10.SDFSRESL,DISP=SHR
//SYSIN DD *
 INCLUDE RESLIB (DFSLI000)
NAME CSCVDLTI(R)
//COMPILE EXEC IGYWCL, LNGPRFX=SYS1.ECOBOL, PARM.COBOL='NODYNAM'
//COBOL.SYSIN DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE(CSCVPSTI)
//COBOL.SYSLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE
               DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ZCEE30.SBAQCOB
//LKED.SYSLMOD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=JOHNSON.ZCEE.SDFHLOAD(CSCVPSTI)
//RESLIB DD DSN=DFSF10.SDFSRESL, DISP=SHR
//SYSIN DD *
 INCLUDE RESLIB (DFSLI000)
 NAME CSCVPSTI(R)
//COMPILE EXEC IGYWCL,LNGPRFX=SYS1.ECOBOL,PARM.COBOL='NODYNAM'
//COBOL.SYSIN DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE(CSCVPUTI)
//COBOL.SYSLIB DD DISP=SHR, DSN=USER1.ZCEE.SOURCE
              DD DISP=SHR, DSN=ZCEE30.SBAQCOB
//LKED.SYSLMOD DD DISP=SHR, DSN=JOHNSON.ZCEE.SDFHLOAD(CSCVPUTI)
//RESLIB DD DSN=DFSF10.SDFSRESL,DISP=SHR
//SYSIN DD *
INCLUDE RESLIB (DFSLI000)
NAME CSCVPUTI(R)
```

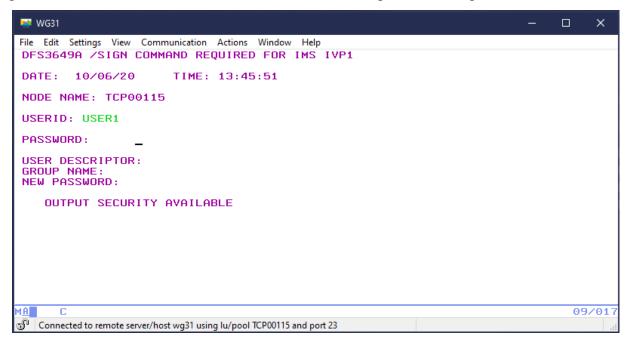
Note that the CALL statement in each of this program uses a variable for the program name z/OS Connect stub program (BAQCSTUB). This means that this program will by dynamically linked at execution. The load module library containing BAQSCTUB (ZCEE30.SBAQLIB) must be available in the STEPLIB concatenation sequence when the program is executed.

This job should complete with a zero-return code.

Tech Tip: To submit a job when using the IBM z/OS Explorer select the member and right mouse button click and select the *Submit* option. Or if the member is currently opened simply right mouse button click and select the *Submit* option. Click the **Locate Job** button on the *Job Confirmation* pop-up. This will display the job output in the *Retrieved Job* section under *JES* in the *Remote Systems* view. The job's output can be viewed right mouse button clicking and selecting the *Open* option.

Test the API requester application programs

- 1. In a new or existing 3270 session start a session with IMS by entering *IMS* on a new 3270 PCCOM session.
- 2. On sign on screen, enter *USER1* as the *USERID* and USER1's password and press **Enter** to continue.



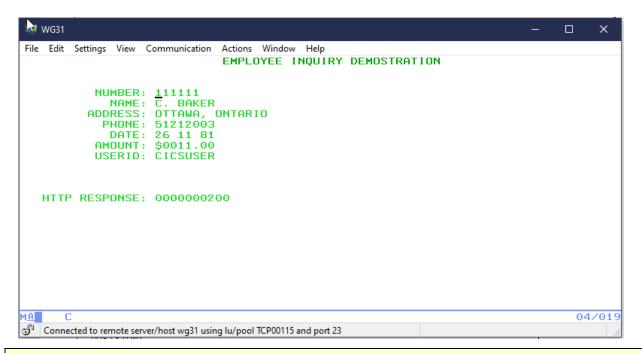
Tech Tip: The IMS message processing region used for the CSCVGET, CSCVPUT, CSCVPST and CSCVCDLT transactions was modified by adding the z/OS Connect target data set SBAQLIB to the STEPLIB concatenation sequence and a new DD statement for CEEOPTS was added, as shown below:

```
//CEEOPTS DD *
POSIX(ON),
ENVAR("BAQURI=wg31.washington.ibm.com",
"BAQPORT=9120")
```

_3. Clear the screen again and enter IMS transaction / FOR CSCVGET to display the EMPLOYEE INQUIRE DEMOSTATION MFS screen shown below.

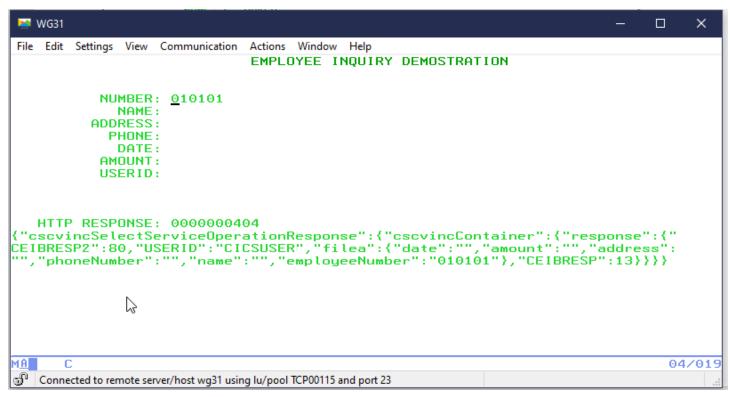


_4. Enter 111111 as the value for NUMBER and press ENTER. This should invoke the CSCVGET program and invoke the GET method of the target API. The results will be returned and display in the MFS screen as shown below.



Tech-Tip: An HTTP code of 200 indicates success. For an explanation of HTTP codes see URL https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_HTTP_status_codes

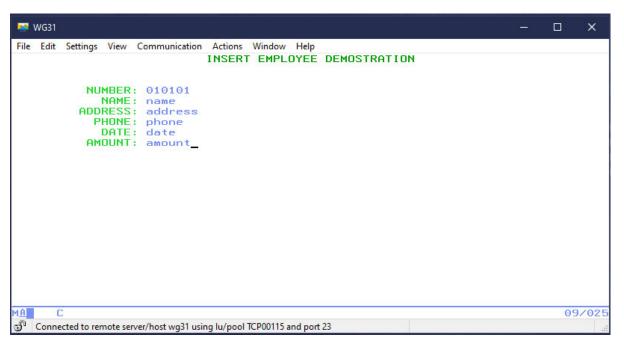
_5. Clear the screen again and enter IMS transaction / FOR CSCVGET to display the EMPLOYEE INQUIRE DEMOSTATION MFS screen again but this time enter a value of 010101 for NUMBER. Pressing Enter should return the results below. The API sets the HTTP response code to 404 if the requested record does not exist and the program CSCVGETI display the error response message on the MFS screen.



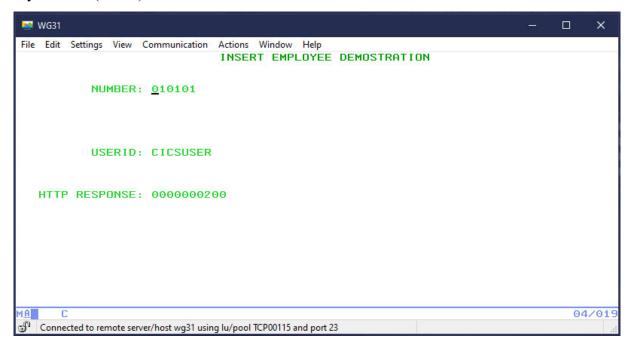
_6. Optional. For debugging purposes, the IMS programs display information as they execute. Use SDSF to access the IMSMSG task and look for the SYSOUT output. You should see something like the below.

```
20201007100220 IOPCB ModNAME: CSCVGET
20201007100220 IOPCB Userid: USER1
20201007100220 IN-LL: 020
20201007100220 IN-BUFFER:
                             CSCVGETI 111111
20201007100220 HTTP CODE: 0000000200
20201007100241 IOPCB ModNAME: CSCVGET
20201007100241 IOPCB Userid: USER1
20201007100241 IN-LL: 020
20201007100241 IN-BUFFER:
                             CSCVGETI 010101
20201007100241 Error code: 0000000404
20201007100241 Error msg: {"cscvincSelectServiceOperationResponse": {"cscvincContainer":
{"response": {"CEIBRESP2":80,"USERID": "CICSUSER", "filea": {"date": "", "amount": "", "address": "", "phon
eNumber":"","name":"","employeeNumber":"010101"},"CEIBRESP":13}}}
20201007100241 Error origin: API
20201007100241 HTTP CODE: 0000000404
```

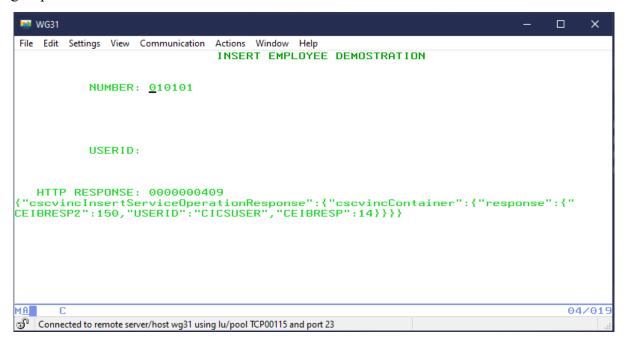
7. Clear the screen again and enter IMS transaction /FOR CSCVPST to display the INSERT EMPLOYEE DEMOSTATION MFS screen. Enter a value of 010101 for NUMBER and enter data for the other fields.



_8. Pressing **Enter** should return the results below. The HTTP response code of *200* indicates the record was successfully inserted (POST) into the VSAM file.

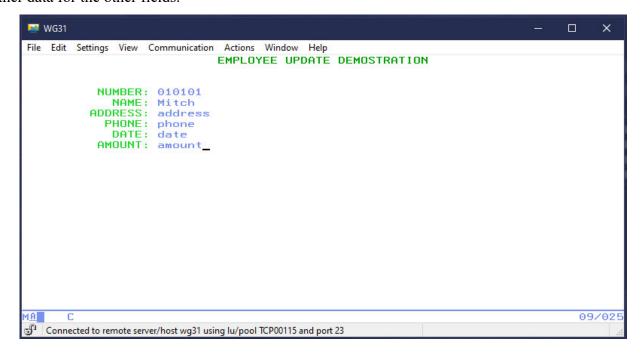


9. Repeating steps 6 and 7 with the same number should return these results.



The HTTP response of 409 (Conflict) indicates the record already exists and can be inserted again.

10. Clear the screen again and enter IMS transaction /FOR CSCVPUT to display the EMPLOYEE UPDATE DEMOSTATION MFS screen. Enter a value of 010101 for NUMBER and enter your name for the NAME field and other data for the other fields.



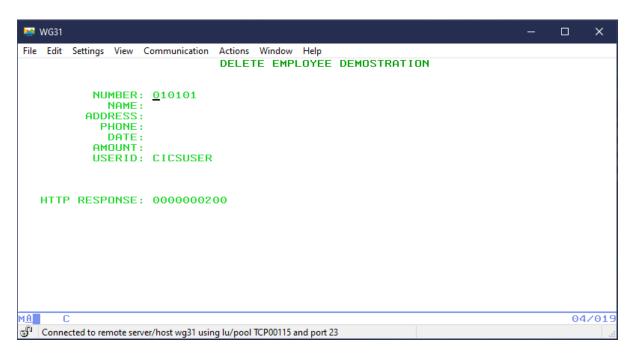
11. Pressing **Enter** should return the results below. The HTTP response code of 200 indicates the record was successfully updated (PUT) into the VSAM file.



12. Clear the screen again and enter IMS transaction /FOR CSCVGET to display the EMPLOYEE INQUIRE DEMOSTATION MFS screen. Enter a value of 010101 for NUMBER and press Enter. You should see that the record now displays your name.



13. Clear the screen again and enter IMS transaction /FOR CSCVDLT to display the DELETE EMPLOYEE DEMOSTATION MFS screen. Enter a value of 010101 for NUMBER and press Enter. You should see a HTTP response code of 200 to indicate the record was successfully deleted.



14. Clear the screen again and again enter IMS transaction /FOR CSCVDLT to display the DELETE EMPLOYEE DEMOSTATION MFS screen. Enter a value of 010101 for NUMBER and press Enter. You should see a HTTP response code of 404 to indicate the record was not found.

```
File Edit Settings View Communication Actions Window Help

DELETE EMPLOYEE DEMOSTRATION

NUMBER: 010101
NAME:
ADDRESS:
PHONE:
DATE:
AMOUNT:
USERID:

HTTP RESPONSE: 0000000404
{"cscvincDeleteServiceOperationResponse":{"cscvincContainer":{"response":{"CEIBRESP2":80, "USERID":"CICSUSER", "CEIBRESP":13}}}
```

The available records are listed below:

| numb | name | addrx | Phone | datex | amount |
|--------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|-----------|
| 000100 | S. D. BORMAN | SURREY, ENGLAND | 32156778 | 26 11 81 | \$0100.11 |
| 000102 | J. T. CZAYKOWSI | WARWICK, ENGLAND | 98356183 | 26 11 81 | \$1111.11 |
| 000104 | M. B. DOMBEY | LONDON, ENGLAND | 12846293 | 26 11 81 | \$0999.99 |
| 000106 | A. I. HICKSON | CROYDON, ENGLAND | 19485673 | 26 11 81 | \$0087.71 |
| 000111 | ALAN TULIP | SARATOGA, CALIFORNIA | 46120753 | 01 02 74 | \$0111.11 |
| 000762 | SUSAN MALAIKA | SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA | 22312121 | 01 06 74 | \$0000.00 |
| 000983 | J. S. TILLING | WASHINGTON, DC | 34512120 | 21 04 75 | \$9999.99 |
| 001222 | D.J.VOWLES | BOBLINGEN, GERMANY | 70315551 | 10 04 73 | \$3349.99 |
| 001781 | TINA J YOUNG | SINDELFINGEN, GERMANY | 70319990 | 21 06 77 | \$0009.99 |
| 003210 | B.A. WALKER | NICE, FRANCE | 12345670 | 26 11 81 | \$3349.99 |
| 003214 | PHIL CONWAY | SUNNYVALE, CAL. | 34112120 | 00 06 73 | \$0009.99 |
| 003890 | BRIAN HARDER | NICE FRANCE | 00000000 | 28 05 74 | \$0009.99 |
| 004004 | JANET FOUCHE | DUBLIN, IRELAND | 71112121 | 02 11 73 | \$1259.99 |
| 004445 | DR. P. JOHNSON | SOUTH BEND, S.DAK. | 61212120 | 26 11 81 | \$0009.99 |
| 004878 | ADRIAN JONES | SUNNYVALE, CALIF. | 32212120 | 10 06 73 | \$5399.99 |
| 005005 | A. E. DALTON | SAN FRANCISCO, CA. | 00000001 | 01 08 73 | \$0009.99 |
| 005444 | ROS READER | SARATOGA, CALIF. | 67712120 | 20 10 74 | \$0809.99 |
| 005581 | PETE ROBBINS | BOSTON, MASS. | 41312120 | 11 04 74 | \$0259.99 |
| 006016 | SIR MICHAEL ROBERTS | NEW DELHI, INDIA | 70331211 | 21 05 74 | \$0009.88 |
| 006670 | IAN HALL | NEW YORK, N.Y. | 21212120 | 31 01 75 | \$3509.88 |
| 006968 | J.A.L. STAINFORTH | WARWICK, ENGLAND | 56713821 | 26 11 81 | \$0009.88 |
| 007007 | ANDREW WHARMBY | STUTTGART, GERMANY | 70311000 | 10 10 75 | \$5009.88 |
| 007248 | M. J. AYRES | REDWOOD CITY, CALF. | 33312121 | 11 10 75 | \$0009.88 |
| 007779 | MRS. A. STEWART | SAN JOSE, CALIF. | 41512120 | 03 01 75 | \$0009.88 |
| 009000 | P. E. HAVERCAN | WATERLOO, ONTARIO | 09876543 | 21 01 75 | \$9000.00 |
| 100000 | M. ADAMS | TORONTO, ONTARIO | 03415121 | 26 11 81 | \$0010.00 |
| 111111 | C. BAKER | OTTAWA, ONTARIO | 51212003 | 26 11 81 | \$0011.00 |
| 200000 | S. P. RUSSELL | GLASGOW, SCOTLAND | 63738290 | 26 11 81 | \$0020.00 |
| 222222 | DR E. GRIFFITHS | FRANKFURT, GERMANY | 20034151 | 26 11 81 | \$0022.00 |
| 300000 | V. J. HARRIS | NEW YORK, U.S. | 64739801 | 26 11 81 | \$0030.00 |
| 333333 | J.D. HENRY | CARDIFF, WALES | 78493020 | 26 11 81 | \$0033.00 |
| 400000 | C. HUNT | MILAN, ITALY | 25363738 | 26 11 81 | \$0040.00 |
| 44444 | D. JACOBS | CALGARY, ALBERTA | 77889820 | 26 11 81 | \$0044.00 |
| 500000 | P. KINGSLEY | MADRID, SPAIN | 44454640 | 26 11 81 | \$0000.00 |
| 555555 | S.J. LAZENBY | KINGSTON, N.Y. | 39944420 | 26 11 81 | \$0005.00 |
| 600000 | M.F. MASON | DUBLIN, IRELAND | 12398780 | 26 11 81 | \$0010.00 |
| 666666 | R. F. WALLER | LA HULPE, BRUSSELS | 42983840 | 26 11 81 | \$0016.00 |
| 700000 | M. BRANDON | DALLAS, TEXAS | 57984320 | 26 11 81 | \$0002.00 |
| 777777 | L.A. FARMER | WILLIAMSBURG, VIRG. | 91876131 | 26 11 81 | \$0027.00 |
| 800000 | P. LUPTON | WESTEND, LONDON | 24233389 | 26 11 81 | \$0030.00 |
| 888888 | P. MUNDY | NORTHAMPTON, ENG. | 23691639 | 26 11 81 | \$0038.00 |
| 900000 | D.S. RENSHAW | TAMPA, FLA. | 35668120 | 26 11 81 | \$0040.00 |
| 999999 | ANJI STEVENS | RALEIGH, N.Y. | 84591639 | 26 11 81 | \$0049.00 |

When finished with your testing, disconnect from IMS by entering IMS transaction /RCL

Summary

You have use the z/OS Connect build toolkit to generate an API requester archive file and the COBOL copy books that must be included in the COBOL application program when accessing the API requester archive file in a z/OS Connect server. The COBOL applications have been compiled and link-edited and the target API has been tested using various RESTful methods in an IMS/TM environment.