# **Changelog Documentation**

Project Details			
Client	Retail Company		
Project	Retail Company Sales Performance Analysis		
Start Data	2023-10-26		
End Date	2023-11-25		
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Portfolio			

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# Metadata

Field	Туре	Description
Consumer ID	Text	Unique identifier for each customer.
Order ID	Text	Unique identifier for each order, where the first part is the Consumer
		ID and the second is a unique alphabetic char.
Month	Text	The month when the order was placed.
Year	Text	The year when the order was placed.
Total order value	Number	The total value of the order before any discounts are applied.
Discount	Number	The amount of discount applied to the order.
Line Value (net	Number	The value of the order after the discount has been applied.
discount)		
Line Category	Text	The category of the product in the order.
Line SKU	Text	Unique identifier for each product.
Line SKU	Number	The production cost of the product.
<b>Production Cost</b>		

# Changelog

Change ID	Reason	Title of Change	Description	# Values	Process Link	Version Link
C1	Data constraint violation.	Fixing mistyping of 'Line SKU Production	Change Line SKU Production Cost from	1	<u>C1-P</u>	<u>C1-V</u>
		Cost' Value.	432,000 € to 43.2 €.			
	Data Mistyping.	Fixing mistyping of	Change 'Line	3	<u>C2-P</u>	<u>C2-V</u>
C2		'Line Category' value.	Category' from Mini			
	0	E:11: 1/ 1 C	bag to Mini bags.		60.0	00.14
	Blank Data.	Filling Values for	Fill Blank Fields to	2	<u>C3-P</u>	<u>C3-V</u>
С3		'Order ID'.	contain the 'Consumer			
CS			ID' plus the two characters I and J.			
	Blank Data.	Filling Values for 'Line	Fill Blank Field of	1	C4-P	C4-V
C4	Didlik Data.	SKU Production	'MIN3' Line SKU to	1	<u>C4-P</u>	<u>C4-V</u>
C4		Cost'.	contain 247.26 €.			
	Blank Data.	Filling Values for 'Line	Fill Blank Field of	1	<u>C5-P</u>	C5-V
C5		SKU Production	'MIN4' Line SKU to			
		Cost'.	contain 293.22 €.			
	Blank Data.	Filling Values for 'Line	Fill Blank Field of	1	<u>C6-P</u>	<u>C6-V</u>
<b>C6</b>		SKU Production	'MIN2' Line SKU to			
		Cost'.	contain 222.25 €.			
	Blank Data.	Filling Values for 'Line	Fill Blank Field of	1	<u>C7-P</u>	<u>C7-V</u>
C7		SKU Production	'MIN8' Line SKU to			
		Cost'.	contain 210.4 €.			

	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	15	<u>C8-P</u>	<u>C8-V</u>
C8	Data Type.	type of "Consumer	of "Consumer ID"			
		ID".	from General to Text.			
	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	<u>C9-P</u>	<u>C9-V</u>
<b>C9</b>	Data Type.	type of "Order ID".	of "Consumer ID"			
			from General to Text.			
	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	<u>C10-P</u>	<u>C10-V</u>
C10	Data Type.	type of "Month".	of "Month" from			
			General to Text.			
014	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	<u>C11-P</u>	<u>C11-V</u>
C11	Data Type.	type of "Year".	of "Year" from			
	Missastaland	Composition the data	General to Text.	3678	C12 D	C12.V
	Mismatched	Converting the data type of "Total order	Convert the data type of "Total order value"	30/8	<u>C12-P</u>	<u>C12-V</u>
C12	Data Type.	value".	from Currency to			
CIZ		value .	Number.			
	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	C13-P	<u>C13-V</u>
C13	Data Type.	type of "Discount".	of "Discount" from	3070	<u>C13 1</u>	<u> </u>
0.20	Data Type.	type or bisodurie:	Currency to Number.			
	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	C14-P	C14-V
	Data Type.	type of "Line Value	of "Line Value (net			
C14		(net discount)".	discount)" from			
			Currency to Number.			
	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	<u>C15-P</u>	<u>C15-V</u>
C15	Data Type.	type of "Line	of "Line Category"			
		Category".	from General to Text.			
	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	<u>C16-P</u>	<u>C16-V</u>
C16	Data Type.	type of "Line SKU".	of "Line SKU" from			
			General to Text.			
	Mismatched	Converting the data	Convert the data type	3678	<u>C17-P</u>	<u>C17-V</u>
C17	Data Type.	type of "Line SKU	of "Line SKU			
C17		Production Cost".	Production Cost" from			
	Adjusting	Combine the	Currency to Number. Combine "Month" and	3678	C18-P	<u>C18-V</u>
	columns for	"Month" and "Year"	"Year" into "Date",	3076	<u>C10-F</u>	<u>C10-v</u>
C18	analysis.	columns.	then remove the			
CIO	ariarysis.	Columnis.	original columns.			
	Adjusting	Adding a "Net Profit"	Adding a Adding a	3678	C19-P	C19-V
	columns for	column.	"Net Profit" column			
	analysis.		using the formula			
			"Line Value (net			
C19			discount)" minus "Line			
			SKU Production Cost".			
	Adjusting	Adding a "Is New	Adding a "Is New	3678	<u>C20-P</u>	<u>C20-V</u>
C20	columns for	Consumer" column.	Consumer" column			
	analysis.		which equal '1' in case			

			of a new customer, '0' otherwise.			
C21	Adjusting columns for analysis.	Adding a "Is Last Order" column.	Adding a "Is Last Order" column which equal '1' in case of a last order made by a customer, '0' otherwise.	3678	<u>C21-P</u>	<u>C21-V</u>
C22	Adjusting columns for analysis.	Adding a "Is Discount" column.	Adding a "Is Discount" column which equal '1' in case of the order is discounted, '0' otherwise.	3678	<u>C22-P</u>	<u>C22-V</u>
C23	Adjusting columns for analysis.	Adding a "Discount Category" column.	Adding a "Discount Category" column which represents the percentage of the order discount out of the total order value.	3678	<u>C23-P</u>	<u>C23-V</u>
C24	Adjusting columns for analysis.	Adding a "Number of Orders" column.	Adding a "Number of Orders" column which represents the total number of orders purchased by a customer.	3678	C24-P	<u>C24-V</u>
C25	Adjusting columns for analysis.	Adding a "Order Number" column.	Adding a "Order Number" column which represents the current order number purchased by a customer.	3678	C25-P	<u>C25-V</u>

### **Cleaning Process**

1. Business Logic (does the data make sense?)

Constrains based on data:

- Order ID = Consumer ID + Alphabetic Char
- Total order value >= Discount
- Line Value (net discount) = Total order value Discount
- Line SKU Production Cost < Line Value (net discount)

Each constrain was checked using conditional formatting:

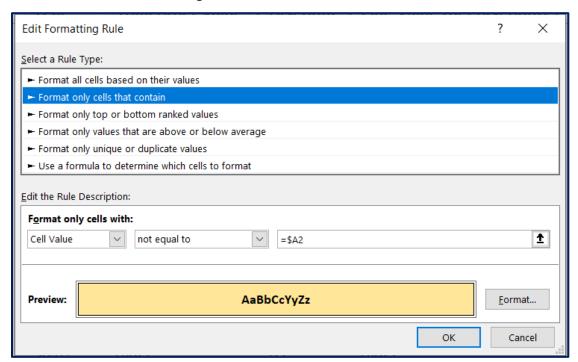
1) Order ID = Consumer ID + Alphabetic Char

To check for this constraint:

- 1. Add a new column called 'Order ID First Part'.
- 2. Extract the first part of the Order ID using both the **LEFT** and **LEN** function.

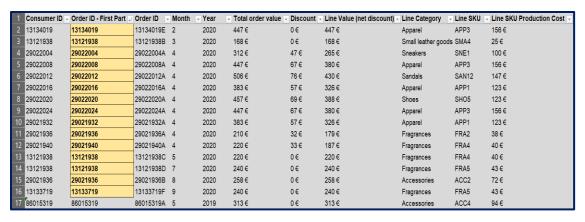


3. Use **conditional formatting** to check the constraint.



#### Output:

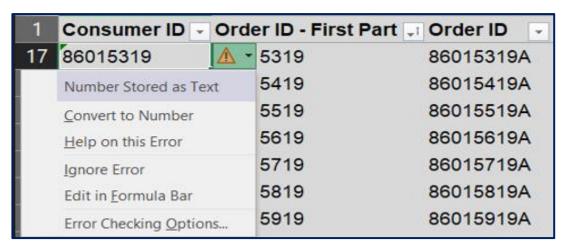
There are 15 values highlighted as a violation, although they don't seem as such.



#### Observation:

A further investigation has found that the highlighted values are because of different data types rather than violating the data constraint.

• "Consumer ID" that <u>didn't</u> trigger a highlight in the "Order ID – First Part" was stored as text.



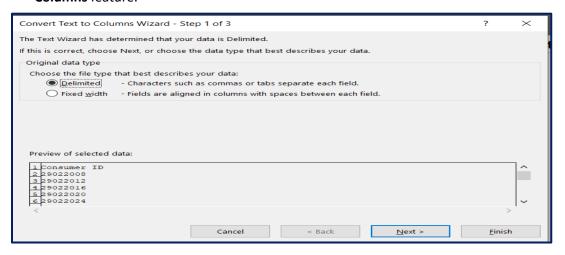
 "Consumer ID" that <u>did</u> trigger a highlight in the "Order ID – First Part" wasn't stored as text.

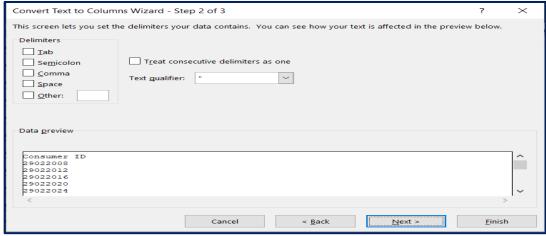
1	Consumer ID 🔻	Order ID - First Part 🖵	Order ID 🔻
2	13134019	13134019	13134019E
3	13121938	13121938	13121938B
4	29022004	29022004	29022004A
5	29022008	29022008	29022008A
6	29022012	29022012	29022012A

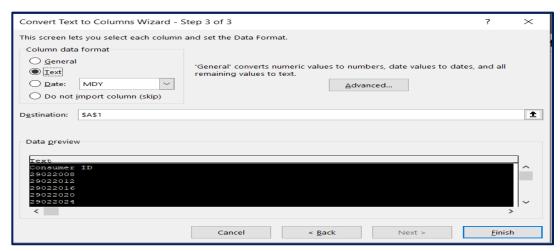
#### **Correctness**:

#### Steps:

1. Convert the data type of the "Consumer ID" from General to Text using **Text to Columns** feature.

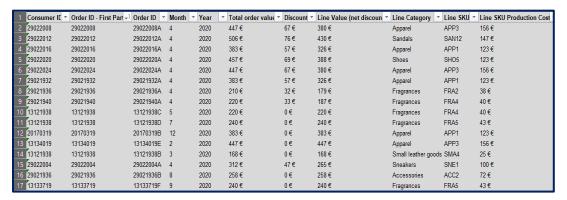




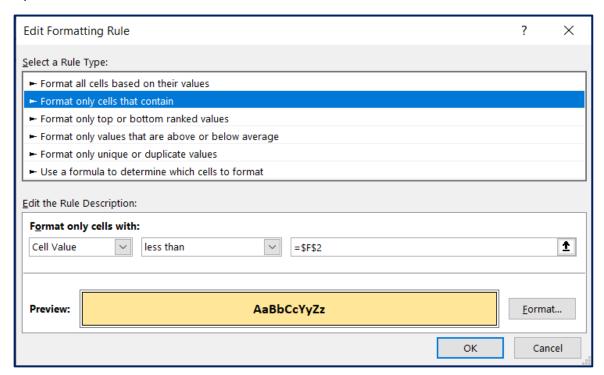


#### NOTE:

- The Text to Columns feature was used rather than converting the type simply from the home tap, because it would require re-entering the data again.
- This change occurred as the 8<sup>th</sup> change.



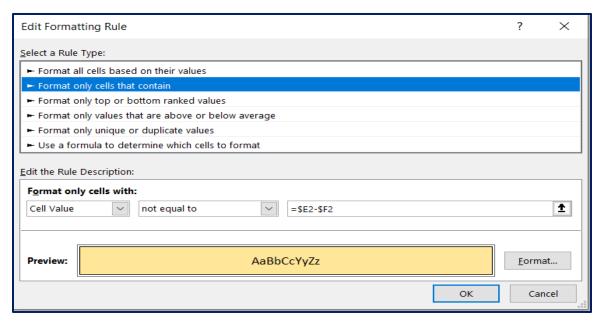
#### 2) Total order value >= Discount



#### Output:

No value violates the constraint.

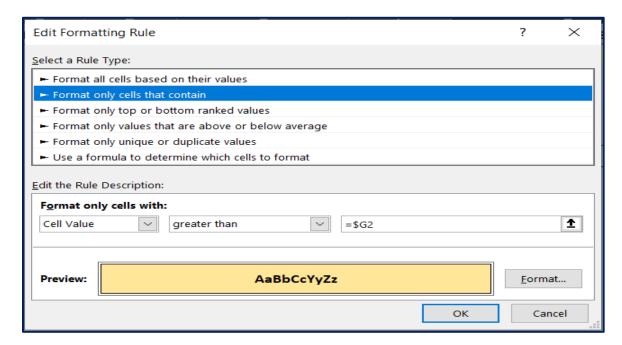
3) Line Value (net discount) = Total order value – Discount



#### Output:

No value violates the constraint.

4) Line SKU Production Cost < Line Value (net discount)



#### Output:

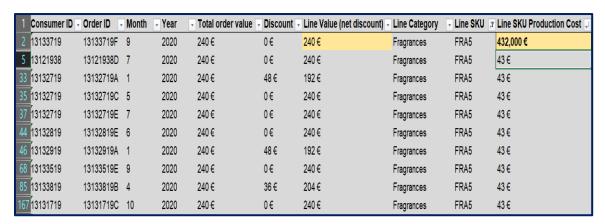
one value violates the constraint



#### **Correctness:**

#### Steps:

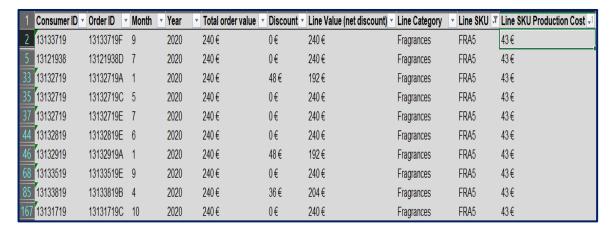
1. Filter for the 'FRA5' Line SKU



#### Observations:

170 records have the category 'FRA5'. All these records have a Line SKU Production Cost of 43.2 €.

2. Change the Line SKU Production Cost of the first record from 432,000 € to 43.2 €.



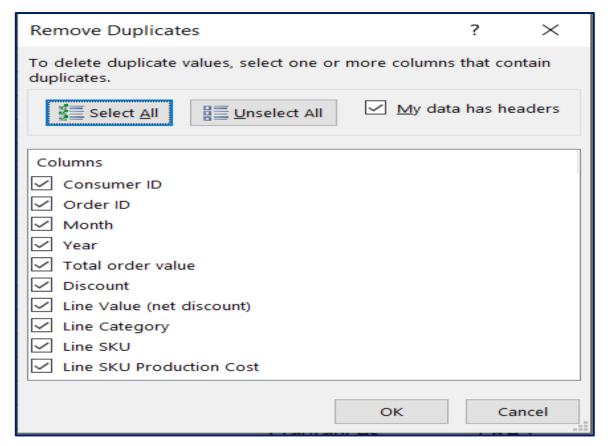
### 2. Check for Duplicates

**Unique Constraints:** 

- A Record can't be duplicated.
- Order ID can't appear twice.

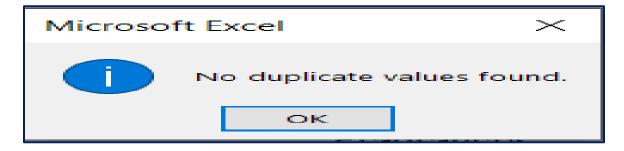
Check for each constrain using **Remove Duplicates** and **Conditional Formatting**:

A Record can't be duplicated.
 use Remove Duplicates to find and remove duplicate records.



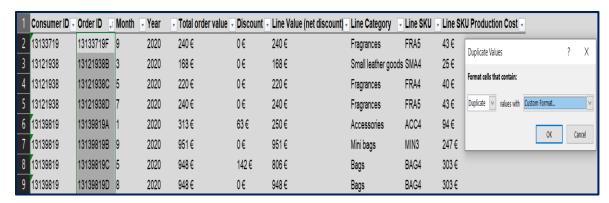
#### Output:

No record violates the constraint.



2) Order ID can't appear twice.

Check for duplicates using conditional formatting:



#### Output:

Two values violate the constraint.



as the value of the Order ID is N/A, no values will be removed.

### 3. Check for Mistyping

In the 'Line Category' column there are two categories with the same name:

- Mini bags
- Mini bag

but one is plural and the other is singular.

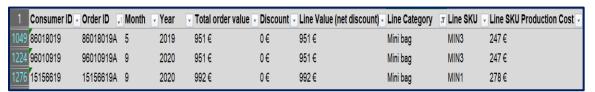


#### **Correctness:**

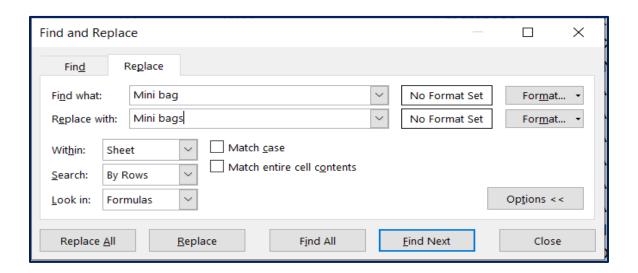
As the two 'Line Category' have records with the same 'Line SKU'. Then the two are likely the same.

#### steps:

1. Filter for the 'Mini bag' Line Category.



2. Change 'Mini bag' to 'Mini bags' using Find and Replace.

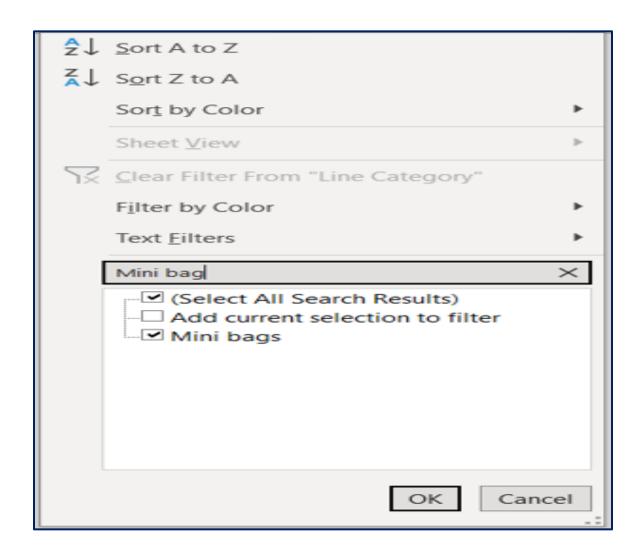


#### Output:

Three values were changed.



3. Validate using the Filter Menu.



#### 4. Check for Blank Fields

There are blanks fields in:

- Order ID
- Line SKU Production Cost

Let's investigate each column:

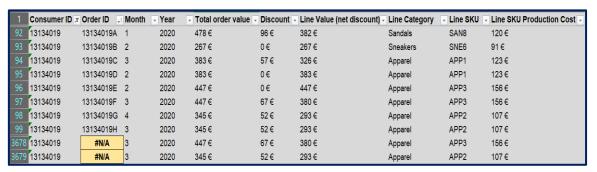
Order ID
 Use Filtration to find Blank fields.



#### **Correctness:**

#### Steps:

1. As the blanks field were for the 'Consumer ID' => 13134019, Filter only this one.



2. Change the two blank fields to contain the Consumer ID plus the two characters I and J.



#### 2) Line SKU Production Cost

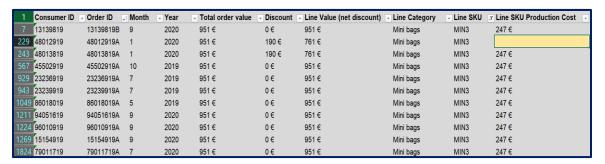
Use Filtration to find Blank fields.



#### **Correctness:**

#### Steps:

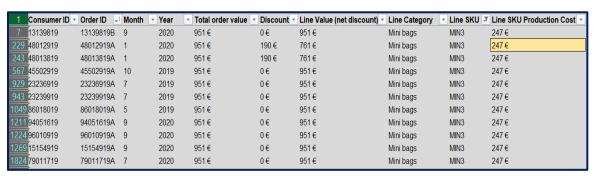
1. Filter for 'Line SKU' equal MIN3.



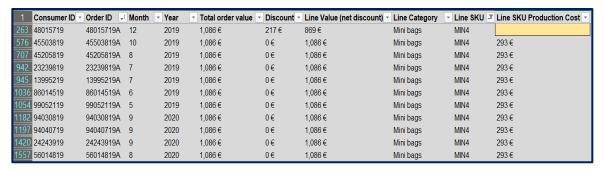
#### Observations:

27 records have the Line SKU 'MIN3'. All these records have a Line SKU Production Cost of 247.26 €.

Fill the 'Line SKU Production Cost' of the 'MIN3' to 247.26 €.



2. Filter for 'Line SKU' equal MIN4.



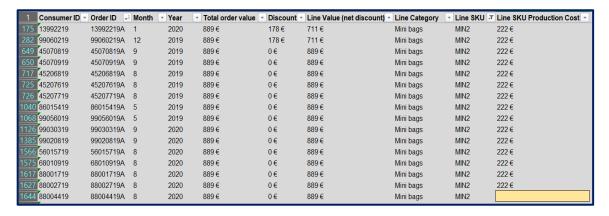
#### Observations:

33 records have the Line SKU 'MIN4'. All these records have a Line SKU Production Cost of 293.22 €.

Fill the 'Line SKU Production Cost' of the 'MIN4' to 293.22 €.



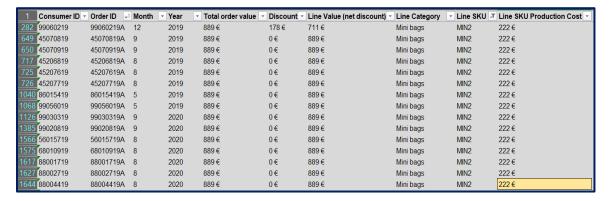
3. Filter for 'Line SKU' equal MIN2.



#### Observations:

29 records have the Line SKU 'MIN2'. All these records have a Line SKU Production Cost of 222.25 €.

Fill the 'Line SKU Production Cost' of the 'MIN2' to 222.25 €.



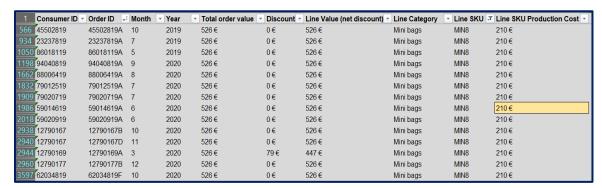
4. Filter for 'Line SKU' equal MIN8.



#### Observations:

17 records have the Line SKU 'MIN8'. All these records have a Line SKU Production Cost of 210.4 €.

Fill the 'Line SKU Production Cost' of the 'MIN8' to 210.4 €.



### 5. Check for mismatched data types

From the Metadata:

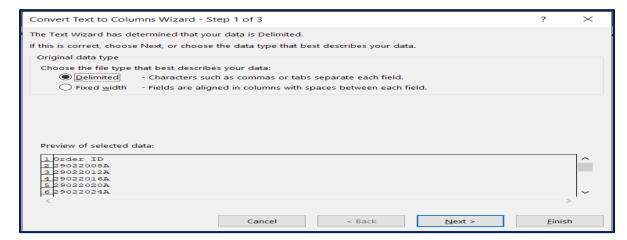
- Consumer ID => Text
- Order ID => Text
- Month => Text
- Year => Text
- Total order value => Number
- Discount =>Number
- Line Value (net discount) => Number
- Line Category => Text
- Line SKU => Text
- Line SKU Production Cost => Number

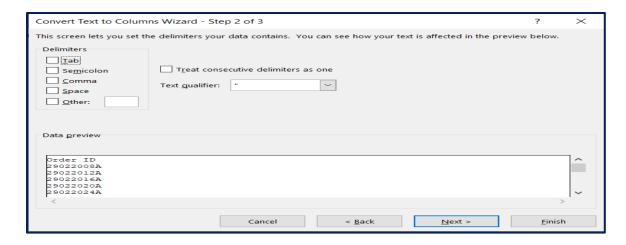
As only the Consumer ID was in the right data type, the rest column's data types will be converted.

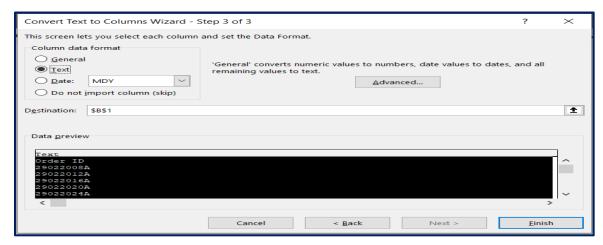
#### Note:

#### 1. Order ID => Text

This column will be converted from General to Text using the **Text to Columns** feature.

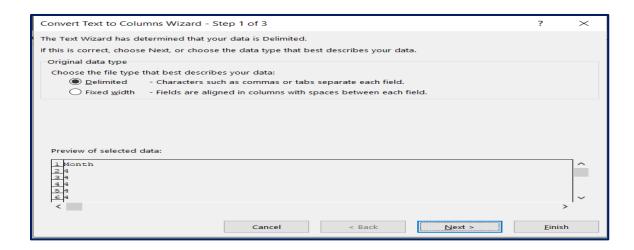


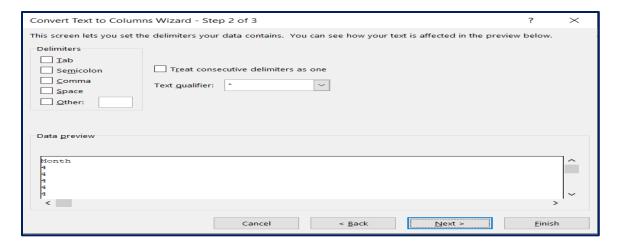


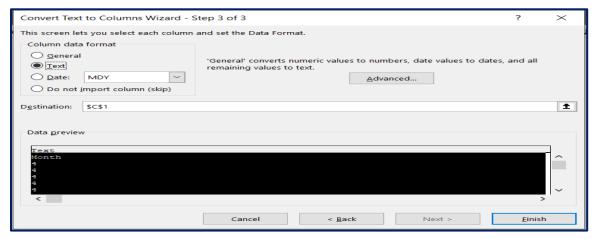


#### 2. Month => Text

This column will be converted from General to Text using the **Text to Columns** feature.

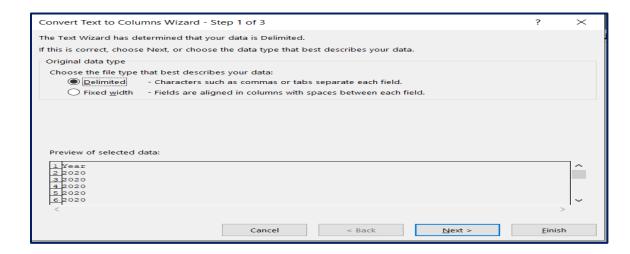


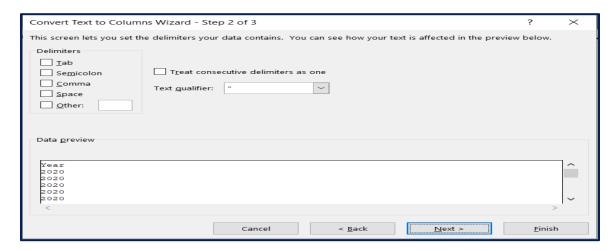


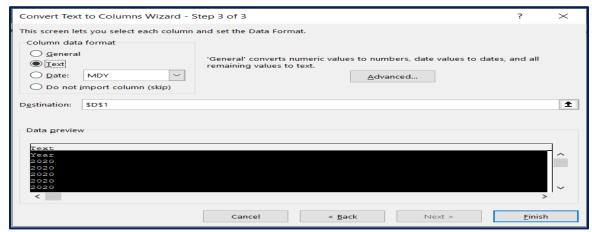


#### 3. Year => Text

This column will be converted from General to Text using the **Text to Columns** feature.



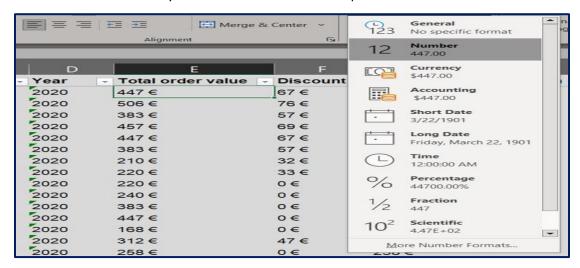




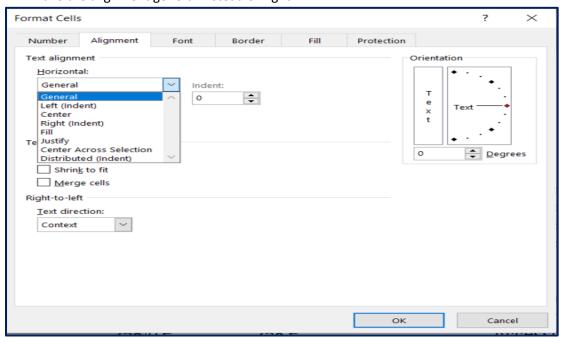
Total order value => Number
 This column will be converted from Currency to Number.

#### Steps:

1. convert from currency to Number from the home tap.



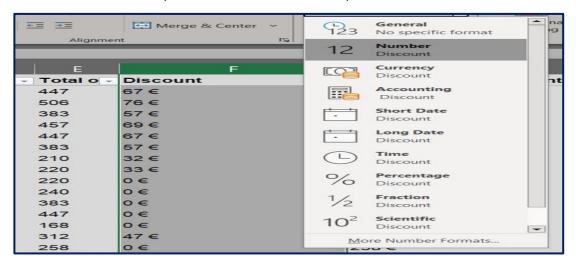
2. As the numbers are still aligned at left, to make it right aligned as the standard, we will make the alignment general instead of right.



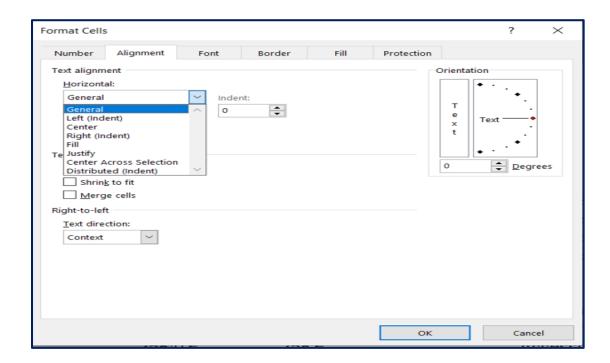
Discount => Number
 This column will be converted from Currency to Number.

#### Steps:

1. convert from currency to Number from the home tap.



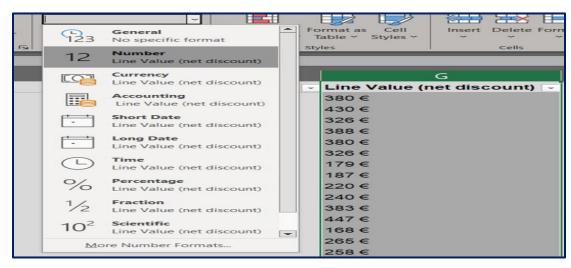
2. As the numbers are still aligned at left, to make it right aligned as the standard, we will make the alignment general instead of right.



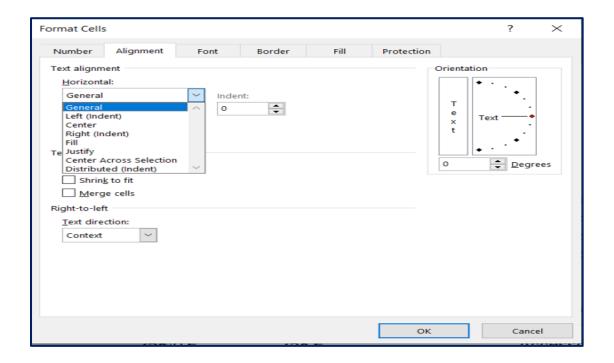
Line Value (net discount) => Number
 This column will be converted from Currency to Number.

#### Steps:

1. convert from currency to Number from the home tap.

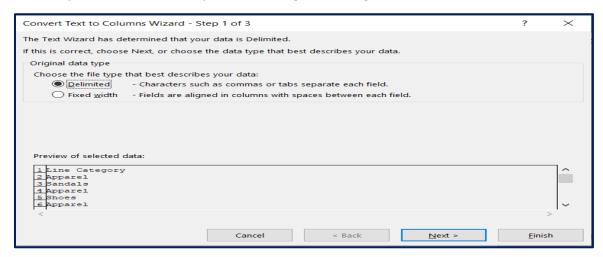


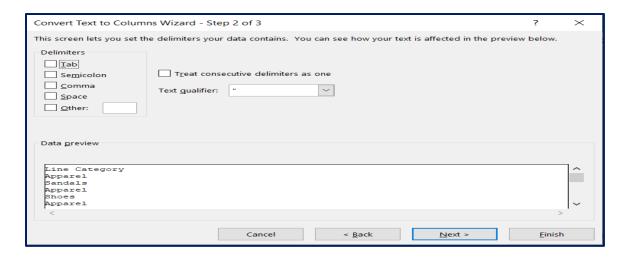
2. As the numbers are still aligned at left, to make it right aligned as the standard, we will make the alignment general instead of right.

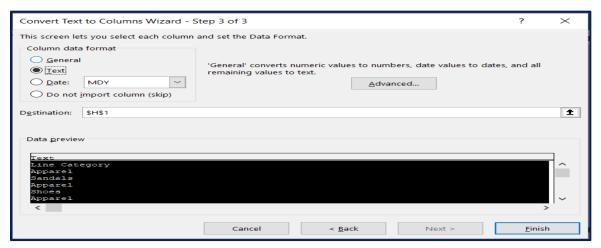


#### 6. Line Category => Text

This column will be converted from General to Text using the **Text to Columns** feature.

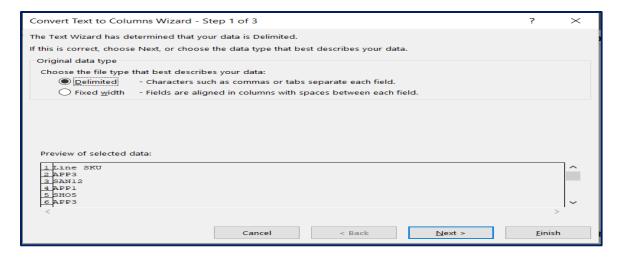


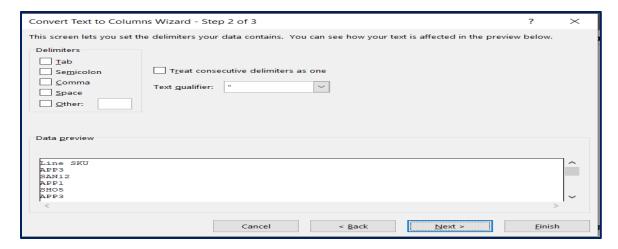




#### 7. Line SKU => Text

This column will be converted from General to Text using the **Text to Columns** feature.



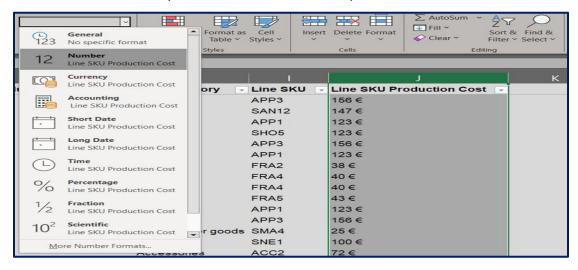




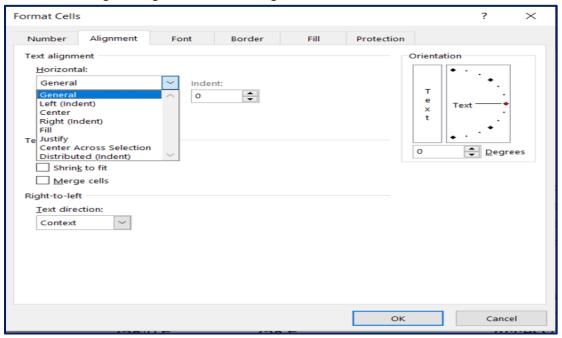
Line SKU Production Cost => Number
 This column will be converted from Currency to Number.

#### Steps:

1. convert from currency to Number from the home tap.



2. As the numbers are still aligned at left, to make it right aligned as the standard, we will make the alignment general instead of right.



## Adjust and Format

In this process, we will add any needed columns for the analysis process.

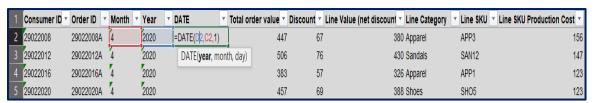
From the requirements, we need eight additional columns.

Field	Туре	Description
Date	Date	Merging of the "Month" and "Year" columns.
	"m/d/yyyy"	
Net Profit	Number	Equal the "Line Value (net discount)" Minus "Line SKU
		Production Cost".
Is New Consumer	Number	A Boolean variable equals '1' if this is the first order made by a
		customer, and equals '0' for any next order by the same
		customer.
Is Last Order	Number	A Boolean variable equals '1' if this is the last order made by a
		customer, and equals '0' otherwise.
Is Discount	Number	A Boolean variable equals '1' if the order is discounted, '0'
		otherwise.
<b>Discount Category</b>	General	A number representing the percentage of the order discount out
		of the total order value.
Number of Orders	Number	A Number representing the total number of orders purchased by
		a customer.
Order Number	Number	A Number representing the current order number purchased by
		a customer.

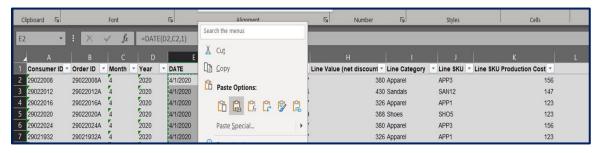
#### 1. Date

#### Steps:

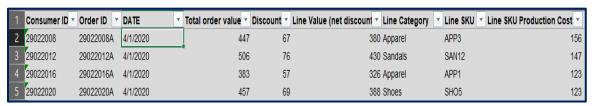
1. Create a new column called "Date" and use the **DATE** function.



2. Copy and paste as value.



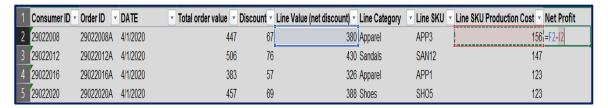
3. Remove the "Month" and "Year" column, as they are no longer needed.



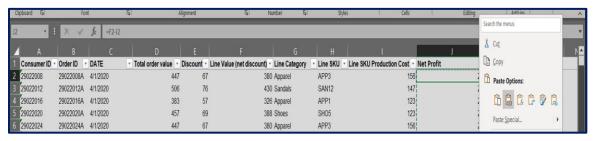
#### 2. Net Profit

#### Steps:

 Create a new column called "Net Profit" by applying the formula "Line Value (net discount)" minus "Line SKU Production Cost".



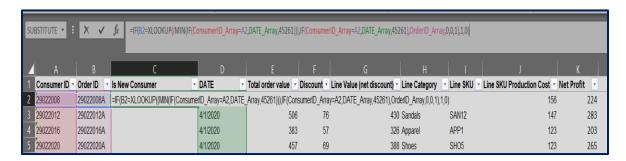
2. Copy and paste as value.



#### 3. Is New Consumer

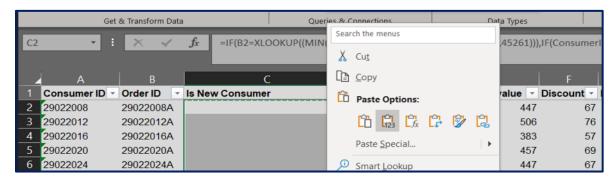
#### Steps:

1. Create a new column called "Is New Consumer" and use **XLOOKUP**, **MIN**, and **IF** functions.



#### **Explanation:**

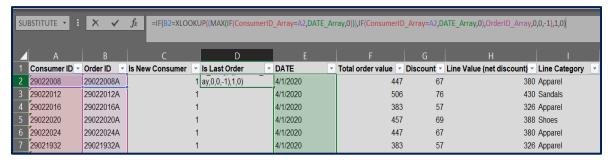
- Intuition: The function is designed to check if the current Order ID (B2) is the one associated with the earliest date for the current Consumer ID (A2). If it is, the function returns 1; otherwise, it returns 0. In case of a tie (i.e., multiple orders from the same Consumer ID have the same earliest date), the function picks the Order ID that appears first in the OrderID\_Array.
- XLOOKUP(lookup\_value, lookup\_array, return\_array, [if\_not\_found], [match\_mode], [search\_mode]):
  - o lookup\_value: This is the earliest date for the current Consumer ID (A2). It's found by taking the minimum date from the DATE\_Array where the ConsumerID\_Array equals A2. If the ConsumerID\_Array doesn't equal A2, the function uses 45261 (which represents a date far in the future, assuming Excel's standard date system where 1 represents January 1, 1900).
  - o lookup\_array: This is the same array used to find the lookup\_value.
  - return\_array: This is the OrderID\_Array from which the XLOOKUP function will return an Order ID.
  - [if\_not\_found]: If the lookup\_value is not found in the lookup\_array, the function returns 0.
  - o [match mode]: This is set to 0 to find an exact match.
  - [search\_mode]: This is set to 1 to search from first to last.
- **IF**(logical\_test, [value\_if\_true], [value\_if\_false]):
  - o logical\_test: This checks if the current Order ID (B2) is equal to the Order ID returned from the XLOOKUP function.
  - [value\_if\_true]: If the logical\_test is true (i.e., the current Order ID is the one associated with the earliest date for the current Consumer ID), the function returns 1.
  - [value\_if\_false]: If the logical\_test is false (i.e., the current Order ID is not the one associated with the earliest date for the current Consumer ID), the function returns 0.
- 2. Copy and paste as value.



#### 4. Is Last Order

#### Steps:

Create a new column called "Is Last Order" by using XLOOKUP, MAX, and IF functions.



#### **Explanation**:

- Intuition: The function is designed to check if the current Order ID (B2) is the one associated with the latest date for the current Consumer ID (A2). If it is, the function returns 1; otherwise, it returns 0. In case of a tie (i.e., multiple orders from the same Consumer ID have the same latest date), the function picks the Order ID that appears last in the OrderID\_Array.
- XLOOKUP(lookup\_value, lookup\_array, return\_array, [if\_not\_found], [match\_mode], [search\_mode]):
  - lookup\_value: This is the latest date for the current Consumer ID (A2). It's found by taking the maximum date from the DATE\_Array where the ConsumerID\_Array equals A2. If the ConsumerID\_Array doesn't equal A2, the function uses 0.
  - o lookup\_array: This is the same array used to find the lookup\_value.
  - return\_array: This is the OrderID\_Array from which the XLOOKUP function will return an Order ID.
  - [if\_not\_found]: If the lookup\_value is not found in the lookup\_array, the function returns 0.
  - o [match mode]: This is set to 0 to find an exact match.
  - [search mode]: This is set to -1 to search from last to first.
- **IF**(logical test, [value if true], [value if false]):
  - o logical\_test: This checks if the current Order ID (B2) is equal to the Order ID returned from the XLOOKUP function.
  - [value\_if\_true]: If the logical\_test is true (i.e., the current Order ID is the one associated with the latest date for the current Consumer ID), the function returns 1.
  - [value\_if\_false]: If the logical\_test is false (i.e., the current Order ID is not the one associated with the latest date for the current Consumer ID), the function returns 0.

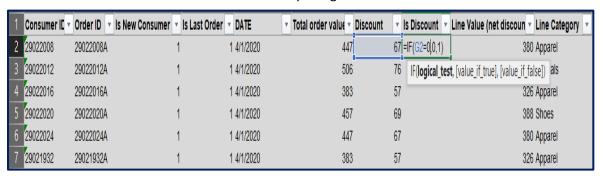
2. Copy and paste as value.



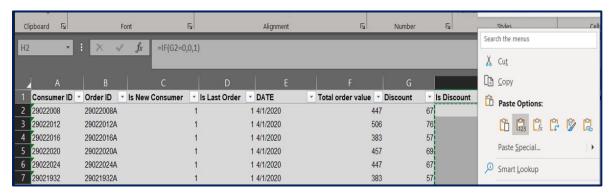
#### 5. Is Discount

#### Steps:

1. Create a new column called "Is Discount" by using the **IF** function.



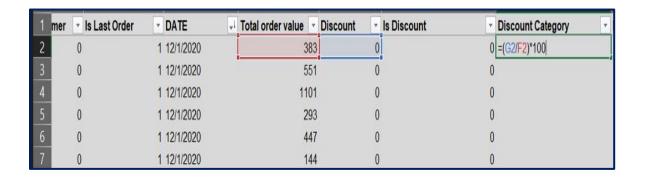
2. Copy and paste as value.



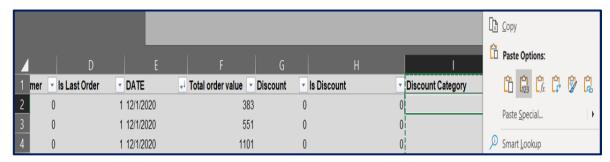
#### 6. Discount Category

#### Steps:

 Create a new column called "Discount Category" by applying the formula (Discount/Total order value)\*100.



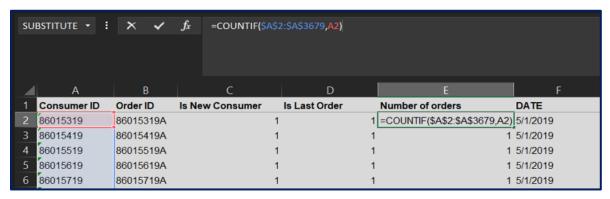
2. Copy and paste as value.



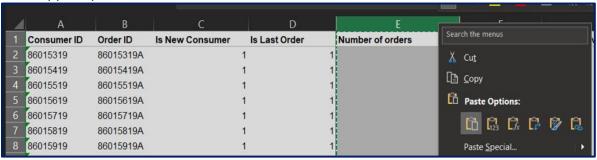
#### 7. Number of Orders

#### Steps:

1. Create a new column called "Number of Orders" by using **COUNTIF** functions.



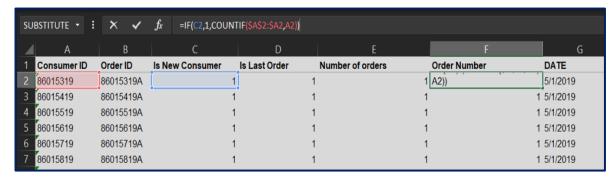
2. Copy and paste as value.



#### 7. Order Number

#### Steps:

1. Create a new column called "Number of Orders" by using **COUNTIF** and **IF** functions.



2. Copy and paste as value.

