Traffic Theory - Questions 09/09/2015

Comment the following statements providing a detailed explanation

- 1 In a Markov Chain we can have two or more distributions satisfying the balance equations
- 2 In a positive recurrent MC all states are visited with probability one
- 3 With the same offered traffic and number of servers the Erlang-B is smaller than the Erlang C
- 4 The Pollaczeck-Khintchin formula for the average delay holds for an M/G/m system
- 5 In an M/G/1 system with non-preemptive priority, the average delay of the highest priority users depends on the load of low priority users
- 6 Jackson networks allow for deterministic routing with closed paths

Outline of the answers

- 1 True, considering non irreducible chains with asymptotic distributions.
- 2 True, but more. In positive recurrent chain all states are visited within a finite average amount of time.
- 3 True. Both refer to finding all servers busy. But the former loses traffic, i.e., serves a smaller amount of traffic, so that servers are less fequently busy.
- 4 False. The Pollaczeck-Khintchin formula for an M/G/1 system only.
- 5 True. It depends on the load of low priority users because we may find them in the server, and must wait they end service.

6	False.	Deterministic routing with	closed paths means memory, i.e., it is not markovian.