DGOSPREY

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1   Hierarchical Index

1.1   Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

ARNOLDI_DATA **12**
AuxKernel

   MAGPIE_Adsorption **124**

   MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat **126**

   MAGPIE_Perturbation **129**

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BACKTRACK_DATA **14**

BiCGSTAB_DATA **21**

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DGKernel

2 Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

3 File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

4 Class Documentation

4.1 AdsorbentProperties Class Reference

AdsorbentProperties class object inherits from Material object.

```
#include <AdsorbentProperties.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for AdsorbentProperties:
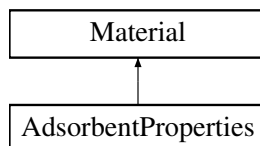
Public Member Functions

- AdsorbentProperties (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void computeQpProperties ()

    Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

Private Attributes

- Real _binder_fraction

    Binder fraction in the biporous adsorbent pellet (0 means no binder material)
- Real _binder_porosity

    Macro-porosity of the binder material in the adsorbent pellet.
- Real _crystal_radius

    Nominal radius of the adsorbent crystals suspended in the binder (um)
- Real _pellet_diameter

    Nominal diameter of the adsorbent pellets in the system (cm)
- Real _macropore_radius

    Nominal size of the macro-pores in the pellet (cm)
- Real _rhos

    Density of the adsorbent pellet (g/cm$^\wedge$3)
- Real _hs

    Heat capacity of the adsorbent pellet (J/g/K)
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _pellet_density

    MaterialProperty for the pellet density (g/cm$^\wedge$3)
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _pellet_heat_capacity

    MaterialProperty for the pellet heat capacity (J/g/K)
- VariableValue & _temperature

    Reference to the coupled column temperature.
- std::vector< unsigned int > _index

    List of indices for the coupled gases.
- std::vector< VariableValue * > _gas_conc

    Pointer list for the coupled gases.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

AdsorbentProperties class object inherits from Material object.

This class object inherits from the Material object in the MOOSE framework. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will set up the structural information about adsorbent in the system that will be used when determining flow properties, as well as some kinetic properties for adsorption dynamics.

Definition at line 57 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 AdsorbentProperties::AdsorbentProperties (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 virtual void AdsorbentProperties::computeQpProperties ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

This function computes the material properties when they are needed by other MOOSE objects.

4.1.4 Member Data Documentation

4.1.4.1 Real AdsorbentProperties::_binder_fraction `[private]`

Binder fraction in the biporous adsorbent pellet (0 means no binder material)

Definition at line 69 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.2 Real AdsorbentProperties::_binder_porosity `[private]`

Macro-porosity of the binder material in the adsorbent pellet.

Definition at line 70 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.3 Real AdsorbentProperties::_crystal_radius `[private]`

Nominal radius of the adsorbent crystals suspended in the binder (um)

Definition at line 71 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.4 std::vector<VariableValue *> AdsorbentProperties::_gas_conc `[private]`

Pointer list for the coupled gases.

Definition at line 82 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.5 Real AdsorbentProperties::_hs `[private]`

Heat capacity of the adsorbent pellet (J/g/K)

Definition at line 75 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.6 std::vector<unsigned int> AdsorbentProperties::_index `[private]`

List of indices for the coupled gases.

Definition at line 81 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.7 Real AdsorbentProperties::_macropore_radius `[private]`

Nominal size of the macro-pores in the pellet (cm)

Definition at line 73 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.8 MaterialProperty<Real>& AdsorbentProperties::_pellet_density `[private]`

MaterialProperty for the pellet density (g/cm^3)

Definition at line 77 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.9 Real AdsorbentProperties::_pellet_diameter `[private]`

Nominal diameter of the adsorbent pellets in the system (cm)

Definition at line 72 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.10 MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& AdsorbentProperties::_pellet_heat_capacity** `[private]`

MaterialProperty for the pellet heat capacity (J/g/K)

Definition at line 78 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.11 Real AdsorbentProperties::_rhos `[private]`

Density of the adsorbent pellet (g/cm$^\wedge$3)

Definition at line 74 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

4.1.4.12 VariableValue& AdsorbentProperties::_temperature `[private]`

Reference to the coupled column temperature.

Definition at line 80 of file AdsorbentProperties.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- AdsorbentProperties.h

4.2 ARNOLDI_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the construction of the Krylov subspaces for a linear system.

`#include <lark.h>`

Public Attributes

- int k

    Desired size of the Krylov subspace.
- int iter

    Actual size of the Krylov subspace.
- double beta

    Normalization parameter.
- double hp1

    Additional row element of H (separate storage for holding)
- bool Output = true

    True = print messages to console.
- std::vector< Matrix< double > > Vk

    (N) x (k) orthonormal vector basis stored as a vector of column matrices
- Matrix< double > Hkp1

    (k+1) x (k) upper Hessenberg matrix
- Matrix< double > yk

    (k) x (1) vector search direction
- Matrix< double > e1

    (k) x (1) orthonormal vector with 1 in first position
- Matrix< double > w

    (N) x (1) interim result of the matrix_vector multiplication
- Matrix< double > v

(N) x (1) holding cell for the column entries of Vk and other interims
- Matrix< double > sum

  (N) x (1) running sum of subspace vectors for use in altering w

4.2.1   Detailed Description

Data structure for the construction of the Krylov subspaces for a linear system.

C-style object used in conjunction with the Arnoldi algorithm to construct an orthonormal basis and upper Hessenberg representation of a given linear operator. This is used to solve a linear system both iteratively (i.e., in conjunction with GMRESLP) and directly (i.e., in conjunction with FOM). Alternatively, you can just store the factorized components for later use in another routine.

Definition at line 120 of file lark.h.

4.2.2   Member Data Documentation

4.2.2.1   double ARNOLDI_DATA::beta

Normalization parameter.

Definition at line 125 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.2   Matrix<double> ARNOLDI_DATA::e1

(k) x (1) orthonormal vector with 1 in first position

Definition at line 133 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.3   Matrix<double> ARNOLDI_DATA::Hkp1

(k+1) x (k) upper Hessenberg matrix

Definition at line 131 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.4   double ARNOLDI_DATA::hp1

Additional row element of H (separate storage for holding)

Definition at line 126 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.5   int ARNOLDI_DATA::iter

Actual size of the Krylov subspace.

Definition at line 123 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.6   int ARNOLDI_DATA::k

Desired size of the Krylov subspace.

Definition at line 122 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.7   bool ARNOLDI_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to console.

Definition at line 128 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.8   Matrix<double> ARNOLDI_DATA::sum

(N) x (1) running sum of subspace vectors for use in altering w

Definition at line 136 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.9 Matrix⟨double⟩ ARNOLDI_DATA::v

(N) x (1) holding cell for the column entries of Vk and other interims

Definition at line 135 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.10 std::vector⟨ Matrix⟨double⟩ ⟩ ARNOLDI_DATA::Vk

(N) x (k) orthonormal vector basis stored as a vector of column matrices

Definition at line 130 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.11 Matrix⟨double⟩ ARNOLDI_DATA::w

(N) x (1) interim result of the matrix_vector multiplication

Definition at line 134 of file lark.h.

4.2.2.12 Matrix⟨double⟩ ARNOLDI_DATA::yk

(k) x (1) vector search direction

Definition at line 132 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.3 BACKTRACK_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implementation of Backtracking Linesearch.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int fun_call = 0

    Number of function calls made during line search.
- double alpha = 1e-4

    Scaling parameter for determination of search step size.
- double rho = 0.1

    Scaling parameter for to change step size by.
- double lambdaMin =DBL_EPSILON

    Smallest allowable step length.
- double normFkp1

    New residual norm of the Newton step.
- bool constRho = false

    True = use a constant value for rho.
- Matrix⟨ double ⟩ Fk

    Old residual vector of the Newton step.
- Matrix⟨ double ⟩ xk

    Old solution vector of the Newton step.

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the implementation of Backtracking Linesearch.

C-style object used in conjunction with the Backtracking Linesearch algorithm to smooth out convergence of Net-won based iterative methods for non-linear systems of equations. The actual algorithm has been separated from the interior of the Newton method so that it can be included in any future Newton based iterative methods being developed.

Definition at line 474 of file lark.h.

4.3.2   Member Data Documentation

4.3.2.1   double BACKTRACK_DATA::alpha = 1e-4

Scaling parameter for determination of search step size.

Definition at line 477 of file lark.h.

4.3.2.2   bool BACKTRACK_DATA::constRho = false

True = use a constant value for rho.

Definition at line 482 of file lark.h.

4.3.2.3   Matrix<double> BACKTRACK_DATA::Fk

Old residual vector of the Newton step.

Definition at line 484 of file lark.h.

4.3.2.4   int BACKTRACK_DATA::fun_call = 0

Number of function calls made during line search.

Definition at line 476 of file lark.h.

4.3.2.5   double BACKTRACK_DATA::lambdaMin =DBL_EPSILON

Smallest allowable step length.

Definition at line 479 of file lark.h.

4.3.2.6   double BACKTRACK_DATA::normFkp1

New residual norm of the Newton step.

Definition at line 480 of file lark.h.

4.3.2.7   double BACKTRACK_DATA::rho = 0.1

Scaling parameter for to change step size by.

Definition at line 478 of file lark.h.

4.3.2.8   Matrix<double> BACKTRACK_DATA::xk

Old solution vector of the Newton step.

Definition at line 485 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.4   BedHeatAccumulation Class Reference

```
#include <BedHeatAccumulation.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BedHeatAccumulation:

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│     TimeDerivative       │
└─────────────────────────┘
              ▲
┌─────────────────────────┐
│   BedHeatAccumulation    │
└─────────────────────────┘
```
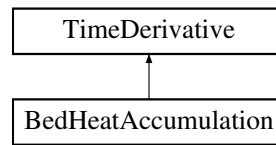
Public Member Functions

- BedHeatAccumulation (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _heat_retardation

4.4.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 12 of file BedHeatAccumulation.h.

4.4.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.4.2.1   BedHeatAccumulation::BedHeatAccumulation (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.4.3   Member Function Documentation

4.4.3.1   virtual Real BedHeatAccumulation::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.4.3.2   virtual Real BedHeatAccumulation::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.4.4   Member Data Documentation

4.4.4.1   const MaterialProperty<Real>& BedHeatAccumulation::_heat_retardation `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file BedHeatAccumulation.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- BedHeatAccumulation.h

4.5   BedProperties Class Reference

BedProperties class object inherits from Material object.

```
#include <BedProperties.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for BedProperties:

```
            ┌──────────────┐
            │   Material   │
            └──────────────┘
                   ▲
                   │
            ┌──────────────┐
            │ BedProperties│
            └──────────────┘
```
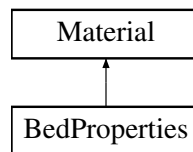
Public Member Functions

- BedProperties (const InputParameters &parameters)

  Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void computeQpProperties ()

  Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

Private Attributes

- Real _length

  Bed length (cm)
- Real _din

  Column inner diameter (cm)
- Real _dout

  Column outer diameter (cm)
- Real _eb

  Bulk porosity of the bed.
- Real _Kz

  Axial thermal conductivity of the bed (J/hr/cm/K)
- Real _rhow

  Density of the column wall (g/cm$^\wedge$3)
- Real _hw

  Heat capacity of the column wall (J/g/K)
- Real _Uw

  Bed-Wall heat transfer coefficient (J/hr/cm$^\wedge$2/K)
- Real _Ua

  External-Wall heat transfer coefficient (J/hr/cm$^\wedge$2/K)
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _inner_dia

  MaterialProperty for column inner diameter.
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _outer_dia

  MaterialProperty for column outer diameter.
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _porosity

  MaterialProperty for bulk porosity of the bed.
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity

  MaterialProperty for thermal conductivity of the bed.
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _wall_density

  MaterialProperty for column wall density.
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _wall_heat_capacity

  MaterialProperty for column wall heat capacity.
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _bed_wall_transfer_coeff

  MaterialProperty for bed-wall heat transfer coefficient.

- MaterialProperty< Real > & _wall_exterior_transfer_coeff

    MaterialProperty for exterior-wall heat transfer coefficient.
- VariableValue & _temperature

    Reference to the coupled column temperature.
- std::vector< unsigned int > _index

    List of indices for the species in the system.
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > _gas_conc

    Pointer list of the gas species concentrations.

4.5.1 Detailed Description

BedProperties class object inherits from Material object.

This class object inherits from the Material object in the MOOSE framework. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will set up the parameters of the fixed-bed column. Those parameters include: length, diameter, thermal conductivity, heat transfer coefficients, bulk porosity, etc.

Definition at line 55 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.5.2.1 BedProperties::BedProperties (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.5.3 Member Function Documentation

4.5.3.1 virtual void BedProperties::computeQpProperties ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

This function computes the material properties when they are needed by other MOOSE objects.

4.5.4 Member Data Documentation

4.5.4.1 MaterialProperty<Real>& BedProperties::_bed_wall_transfer_coeff `[private]`

MaterialProperty for bed-wall heat transfer coefficient.

Definition at line 83 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.2 MaterialProperty<Real>& BedProperties::_conductivity `[private]`

MaterialProperty for thermal conductivity of the bed.

Definition at line 80 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.3 Real BedProperties::_din `[private]`

Column inner diameter (cm)

Definition at line 68 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.4 Real BedProperties::_dout `[private]`

Column outer diameter (cm)

Definition at line 69 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.5 Real BedProperties::_eb `[private]`

Bulk porosity of the bed.

Definition at line 70 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.6 std::vector<VariableValue ∗> BedProperties::_gas_conc `[private]`

Pointer list of the gas species concentrations.

Definition at line 88 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.7 Real BedProperties::_hw `[private]`

Heat capacity of the column wall (J/g/K)

Definition at line 73 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.8 std::vector<unsigned int> BedProperties::_index `[private]`

List of indices for the species in the system.

Definition at line 87 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.9 MaterialProperty<Real>& BedProperties::_inner_dia `[private]`

MaterialProperty for column inner diameter.

Definition at line 77 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.10 Real BedProperties::_Kz `[private]`

Axial thermal conductivity of the bed (J/hr/cm/K)

Definition at line 71 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.11 Real BedProperties::_length `[private]`

Bed length (cm)

Definition at line 67 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.12 MaterialProperty<Real>& BedProperties::_outer_dia `[private]`

MaterialProperty for column outer diameter.

Definition at line 78 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.13 MaterialProperty<Real>& BedProperties::_porosity `[private]`

MaterialProperty for bulk porosity of the bed.

Definition at line 79 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.14 Real BedProperties::_rhow `[private]`

Density of the column wall (g/cm^3)

Definition at line 72 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.15 VariableValue& BedProperties::_temperature `[private]`

Reference to the coupled column temperature.

Definition at line 86 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.16 Real BedProperties::_Ua `[private]`

External-Wall heat transfer coefficient (J/hr/cm$^\wedge$2/K)

Definition at line 75 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.17 Real BedProperties::_Uw `[private]`

Bed-Wall heat transfer coefficient (J/hr/cm$^\wedge$2/K)

Definition at line 74 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.18 MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& BedProperties::_wall_density** `[private]`

MaterialProperty for column wall density.

Definition at line 81 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.19 MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& BedProperties::_wall_exterior_transfer_coeff** `[private]`

MaterialProperty for exterior-wall heat transfer coefficient.

Definition at line 84 of file BedProperties.h.

4.5.4.20 MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& BedProperties::_wall_heat_capacity** `[private]`

MaterialProperty for column wall heat capacity.

Definition at line 82 of file BedProperties.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- BedProperties.h

4.6 BedWallHeatTransfer Class Reference

`#include <BedWallHeatTransfer.h>`

Inheritance diagram for BedWallHeatTransfer:

```
┌─────────────────────┐
│       Kernel        │
└─────────────────────┘
          ▲
          │
┌─────────────────────┐
│ BedWallHeatTransfer │
└─────────────────────┘
```
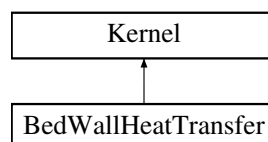
Public Member Functions

- BedWallHeatTransfer (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _bed_wall_transfer_coeff
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _inner_dia

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _outer_dia
- VariableValue & _column_temp

4.6.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 11 of file BedWallHeatTransfer.h.

4.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.6.2.1 BedWallHeatTransfer::BedWallHeatTransfer (const InputParameters & *parameters* **)**

4.6.3 Member Function Documentation

4.6.3.1 virtual Real BedWallHeatTransfer::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.6.3.2 virtual Real BedWallHeatTransfer::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.6.4 Member Data Documentation

4.6.4.1 const MaterialProperty<Real>& BedWallHeatTransfer::_bed_wall_transfer_coeff `[private]`

Definition at line 21 of file BedWallHeatTransfer.h.

4.6.4.2 VariableValue& BedWallHeatTransfer::_column_temp `[private]`

Definition at line 25 of file BedWallHeatTransfer.h.

4.6.4.3 const MaterialProperty<Real>& BedWallHeatTransfer::_inner_dia `[private]`

Definition at line 22 of file BedWallHeatTransfer.h.

4.6.4.4 const MaterialProperty<Real>& BedWallHeatTransfer::_outer_dia `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file BedWallHeatTransfer.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- BedWallHeatTransfer.h

4.7 BiCGSTAB_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implementation of the BiCGSTAB algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int maxit = 0

    Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(2∗vector_size,1000)
- int iter = 0

    Actual number of iterations.
- bool breakdown

    Boolean to determine if the method broke down.
- double alpha

    Step size parameter for next solution.
- double beta

Step size parameter for search direction.

- double rho

    Scaling parameter for alpha and beta.

- double rho_old

    Previous scaling parameter for alpha and beta.

- double omega

    Scaling parameter and additional step length.

- double omega_old

    Previous scaling parameter and step length.

- double tol_rel = 1e-6

    Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

- double tol_abs = 1e-6

    Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

- double res

    Absolute residual norm.

- double relres

    Relative residual norm.

- double relres_base

    Initial residual norm.

- double bestres

    Best found residual norm.

- bool Output = true

    True = print messages to console.

- Matrix< double > x

    Current solution to the linear system.

- Matrix< double > bestx

    Best found solution to the linear system.

- Matrix< double > r

    Residual vector for the linear system.

- Matrix< double > r0

    Initial residual vector.

- Matrix< double > v

    Search direction for p.

- Matrix< double > p

    Search direction for updating.

- Matrix< double > y

    Preconditioned search direction.

- Matrix< double > s

    Residual updating vector.

- Matrix< double > z

    Preconditioned residual updating vector.

- Matrix< double > t

    Search direction for resdidual updates.

4.7.1   Detailed Description

Data structure for the implementation of the BiCGSTAB algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

C-style object used in conjunction with the Bi-Conjugate Gradient STABalized (BiCGSTAB) algorithm to solve a linear system of equations. This algorithm is generally more efficient than any GMRES or GCR variant, but may not always reduce the residual at each step. However, if used with preconditioning, then this algorithm is very efficient, especially when used for solving grid-based linear systems.

Definition at line 249 of file lark.h.

4.7.2 Member Data Documentation

4.7.2.1 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::alpha

Step size parameter for next solution.

Definition at line 255 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.2 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::bestres

Best found residual norm.

Definition at line 266 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.3 Matrix⟨double⟩ BiCGSTAB_DATA::bestx

Best found solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 271 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.4 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::beta

Step size parameter for search direction.

Definition at line 256 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.5 bool BiCGSTAB_DATA::breakdown

Boolean to determine if the method broke down.

Definition at line 253 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.6 int BiCGSTAB_DATA::iter = 0

Actual number of iterations.

Definition at line 252 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.7 int BiCGSTAB_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(2∗vector_size,1000)

Definition at line 251 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.8 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::omega

Scaling parameter and additional step length.

Definition at line 259 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.9 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::omega_old

Previous scaling parameter and step length.

Definition at line 260 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.10 bool BiCGSTAB_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to console.

Definition at line 268 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.11 Matrix⟨double⟩ BiCGSTAB_DATA::p

Search direction for updating.

Definition at line 275 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.12 Matrix<double> BiCGSTAB_DATA::r

Residual vector for the linear system.

Definition at line 272 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.13 Matrix<double> BiCGSTAB_DATA::r0

Initial residual vector.

Definition at line 273 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.14 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::relres

Relative residual norm.

Definition at line 264 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.15 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::relres_base

Initial residual norm.

Definition at line 265 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.16 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::res

Absolute residual norm.

Definition at line 263 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.17 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::rho

Scaling parameter for alpha and beta.

Definition at line 257 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.18 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::rho_old

Previous scaling parameter for alpha and beta.

Definition at line 258 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.19 Matrix<double> BiCGSTAB_DATA::s

Residual updating vector.

Definition at line 277 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.20 Matrix<double> BiCGSTAB_DATA::t

Search direction for resdidual updates.

Definition at line 279 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.21 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 262 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.22 double BiCGSTAB_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 261 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.23 Matrix⟨double⟩ BiCGSTAB_DATA::v

Search direction for p.

Definition at line 274 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.24 Matrix⟨double⟩ BiCGSTAB_DATA::x

Current solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 270 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.25 Matrix⟨double⟩ BiCGSTAB_DATA::y

Preconditioned search direction.

Definition at line 276 of file lark.h.

4.7.2.26 Matrix⟨double⟩ BiCGSTAB_DATA::z

Preconditioned residual updating vector.

Definition at line 278 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.8 CGS_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implementation of the CGS algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int maxit = 0

    Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(2∗vector_size,1000)
- int iter = 0

    Actual number of iterations.
- bool breakdown

    Boolean to determine if the method broke down.
- double alpha

    Step size parameter for next solution.
- double beta

    Step size parameter for search direction.
- double rho

    Scaling parameter for alpha and beta.
- double sigma

    Scaling parameter and additional step length.
- double tol_rel = 1e-6

    Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double tol_abs = 1e-6

    Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double res

    Absolute residual norm.
- double relres

Relative residual norm.
- double relres_base

    Initial residual norm.
- double bestres

    Best found residual norm.
- bool Output = true

    True = print messages to console.
- Matrix< double > x

    Current solution to the linear system.
- Matrix< double > bestx

    Best found solution to the linear system.
- Matrix< double > r

    Residual vector for the linear system.
- Matrix< double > r0

    Initial residual vector.
- Matrix< double > u

    Search direction for v.
- Matrix< double > w

    Updates sigma and u.
- Matrix< double > v

    Search direction for x.
- Matrix< double > p

    Preconditioning result for w, z, and matvec for Ax.
- Matrix< double > c

    Holds the matvec result between A and p.
- Matrix< double > z

    Full search direction for x.

4.8.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the implementation of the CGS algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

C-style object to be used in conjunction with the Conjugate Gradient Squared (CGS) algorithm to solve linear systems of equations. This algorithm is slightly less computational work than BiCGSTAB, but is much less stable. As a result, I do not recommend using this algorithm unless you also use some form of preconditioning.

Definition at line 288 of file lark.h.

4.8.2 Member Data Documentation

4.8.2.1 double CGS_DATA::alpha

Step size parameter for next solution.

Definition at line 294 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.2 double CGS_DATA::bestres

Best found residual norm.

Definition at line 303 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.3 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::bestx

Best found solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 308 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.4 double CGS_DATA::beta

Step size parameter for search direction.

Definition at line 295 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.5 bool CGS_DATA::breakdown

Boolean to determine if the method broke down.

Definition at line 292 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.6 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::c

Holds the matvec result between A and p.

Definition at line 315 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.7 int CGS_DATA::iter = 0

Actual number of iterations.

Definition at line 291 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.8 int CGS_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(2∗vector_size,1000)

Definition at line 290 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.9 bool CGS_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to console.

Definition at line 305 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.10 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::p

Preconditioning result for w, z, and matvec for Ax.

Definition at line 314 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.11 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::r

Residual vector for the linear system.

Definition at line 309 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.12 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::r0

Initial residual vector.

Definition at line 310 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.13 double CGS_DATA::relres

Relative residual norm.

Definition at line 301 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.14 double CGS_DATA::relres_base

Initial residual norm.

Definition at line 302 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.15 double CGS_DATA::res

Absolute residual norm.

Definition at line 300 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.16 double CGS_DATA::rho

Scaling parameter for alpha and beta.

Definition at line 296 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.17 double CGS_DATA::sigma

Scaling parameter and additional step length.

Definition at line 297 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.18 double CGS_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 299 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.19 double CGS_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 298 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.20 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::u

Search direction for v.

Definition at line 311 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.21 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::v

Search direction for x.

Definition at line 313 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.22 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::w

Updates sigma and u.

Definition at line 312 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.23 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::x

Current solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 307 of file lark.h.

4.8.2.24 Matrix<double> CGS_DATA::z

Full search direction for x.

Definition at line 316 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.9 ColumnTemperatureIC Class Reference

`#include <ColumnTemperatureIC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for ColumnTemperatureIC:

```
┌─────────────────────┐
│  InitialCondition   │
└─────────────────────┘
          ▲
          │
┌─────────────────────┐
│ ColumnTemperatureIC │
└─────────────────────┘
```
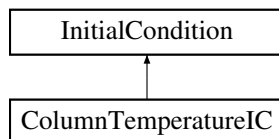
Public Member Functions

- ColumnTemperatureIC (const InputParameters &parameters)
- virtual Real value (const Point &p)

Private Attributes

- Real _TC_IC

4.9.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 10 of file ColumnTemperatureIC.h.

4.9.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.9.2.1 ColumnTemperatureIC::ColumnTemperatureIC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.9.3 Member Function Documentation

4.9.3.1 virtual Real ColumnTemperatureIC::value (const Point & *p*) `[virtual]`

4.9.4 Member Data Documentation

4.9.4.1 Real ColumnTemperatureIC::_TC_IC `[private]`

Definition at line 17 of file ColumnTemperatureIC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- ColumnTemperatureIC.h

4.10 ConcentrationIC Class Reference

`#include <ConcentrationIC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for ConcentrationIC:

```
┌─────────────────────┐
│  InitialCondition   │
└─────────────────────┘
          ▲
          │
┌─────────────────────┐
│   ConcentrationIC   │
└─────────────────────┘
```
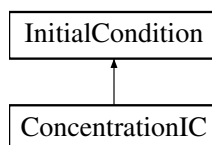
Public Member Functions

- [ConcentrationIC](#) (const InputParameters &parameters)
- virtual Real [value](#) (const Point &p)

Private Attributes

- Real [_y_IC](#)
- VariableValue & [_temperature](#)
- VariableValue & [_total_pressure](#)

4.10.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 10 of file ConcentrationIC.h.

4.10.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.10.2.1   ConcentrationIC::ConcentrationIC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.10.3   Member Function Documentation

4.10.3.1   virtual Real ConcentrationIC::value (const Point & *p*) `[virtual]`

4.10.4   Member Data Documentation

4.10.4.1   VariableValue& ConcentrationIC::_temperature `[private]`

Definition at line 18 of file ConcentrationIC.h.

4.10.4.2   VariableValue& ConcentrationIC::_total_pressure `[private]`

Definition at line 19 of file ConcentrationIC.h.

4.10.4.3   Real ConcentrationIC::_y_IC `[private]`

Definition at line 17 of file ConcentrationIC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [ConcentrationIC.h](#)

4.11   DGAdvection Class Reference

[DGAdvection](#) class object inherits from DGKernel object.

`#include <DGAdvection.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGAdvection:
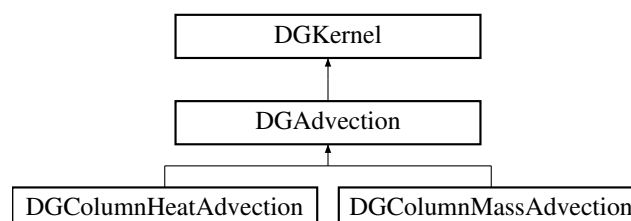
Public Member Functions

- DGAdvection (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType type)

    Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

- virtual Real computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType type)

    Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Vector of velocity.

- Real _vx

    x-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

- Real _vy

    y-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

- Real _vz

    z-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

4.11.1   Detailed Description

DGAdvection class object inherits from DGKernel object.

This class object inherits from the DGKernel object in the MOOSE framework. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will provide residuals and Jacobians for the discontinous Galerkin formulation of advection physics in the MOOSE framework. The only parameter for this kernel is a generic velocity vector, whose components can be set piecewise in the input file or by inheriting from this base class and manually altering the velocity vector.

Note

   As a reminder, any DGKernel in MOOSE was be accompanied by the equivalent GKernel in order to provide the full residuals and Jacobians for the system.

Definition at line 66 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.11.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.11.2.1   DGAdvection::DGAdvection (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.11.3   Member Function Documentation

4.11.3.1   virtual Real DGAdvection::computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType *type*)   `[protected],[virtual]`

Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented in DGColumnHeatAdvection, and DGColumnMassAdvection.

4.11.3.2 virtual Real DGAdvection::computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType *type* **)** `[protected],[virtual]`

Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented in DGColumnHeatAdvection, and DGColumnMassAdvection.

4.11.4 Member Data Documentation

4.11.4.1 RealVectorValue DGAdvection::_velocity `[protected]`

Vector of velocity.

Definition at line 82 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.11.4.2 Real DGAdvection::_vx `[protected]`

x-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 83 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.11.4.3 Real DGAdvection::_vy `[protected]`

y-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 84 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.11.4.4 Real DGAdvection::_vz `[protected]`

z-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 85 of file DGAdvection.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGAdvection.h

4.12 DGAnisotropicDiffusion Class Reference

DGAnisotropicDiffusion class object inherits from DGKernel object.

`#include <DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGAnisotropicDiffusion:
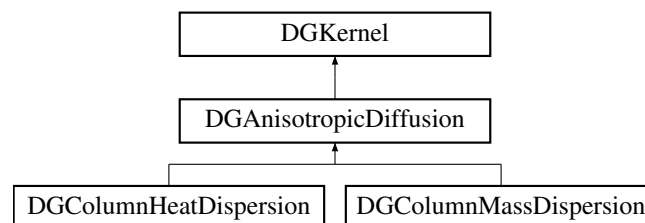
Public Member Functions

- DGAnisotropicDiffusion (const InputParameters &parameters)
    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType type)

    Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType type)

    Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- Real _epsilon

    Penalty term for gradient jumps between the solution and test functions.
- Real _sigma

    Penalty term applied to element size.
- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

    Diffusion tensor matrix parameter.
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz

4.12.1 Detailed Description

DGAnisotropicDiffusion class object inherits from DGKernel object.

This class object inherits from the DGKernel object in the MOOSE framework. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will provide residuals and Jacobians for the discontinous Galerkin formulation of advection physics in the MOOSE framework. The only parameter for this kernel is a diffusion tensor, whose components can be set piecewise in the input file or by inheriting from this base class and manually altering the tensor matrix.

Note

As a reminder, any DGKernel in MOOSE was be accompanied by the equivalent GKernel in order to provide the full residuals and Jacobians for the system.

Definition at line 66 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.12.2.1 DGAnisotropicDiffusion::DGAnisotropicDiffusion (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.12.3 Member Function Documentation

4.12.3.1 virtual Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType *type*) `[protected],` `[virtual]`

Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented in DGColumnMassDispersion, and DGColumnHeatDispersion.

4.12.3.2   virtual Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType *type*) `[protected]`, `[virtual]`

Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented in DGColumnMassDispersion, and DGColumnHeatDispersion.

4.12.4   Member Data Documentation

4.12.4.1   RealTensorValue DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Diffusion `[protected]`

Diffusion tensor matrix parameter.

Definition at line 84 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.2   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxx `[protected]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.3   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxy `[protected]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.4   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxz `[protected]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.5   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyx `[protected]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.6   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyy `[protected]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.7   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyz `[protected]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.8   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzx `[protected]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.9   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzy `[protected]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.10   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzz `[protected]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.11   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_epsilon `[protected]`

Penalty term for gradient jumps between the solution and test functions.

Definition at line 82 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.12.4.12 Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_sigma `[protected]`

Penalty term applied to element size.

Definition at line 83 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h

4.13 DGColumnHeatAdvection Class Reference

DGColumnHeatAdvection class object inherits from DGAdvection object.

```
#include <DGColumnHeatAdvection.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DGColumnHeatAdvection:

Public Member Functions

- DGColumnHeatAdvection (const InputParameters &parameters)

  Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType type)

  Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

- virtual Real computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType type)

  Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue _velocity

  Vector of velocity.

- Real _vx

  x-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

- Real _vy

  y-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

- Real _vz

  z-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _vel

  Reference to the velocity material property.

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_density
    Reference to the gas density material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_heat_capacity
    Reference to the gas heat capacity material property.

4.13.1 Detailed Description

DGColumnHeatAdvection class object inherits from DGAdvection object.

This class object inherits from the DGAdvection object in DGOSPREY. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will provide residuals and Jacobians for the discontinous Galerkin formulation of the heat advection physics in a fixed-bed column. Parameters for this kernel are given as material properties and will be used to override the inherited classes velocity vector.

Note

As a reminder, any DGKernel in MOOSE was be accompanied by the equivalent GKernel in order to provide the full residuals and Jacobians for the system.

Definition at line 64 of file DGColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.13.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.13.2.1 DGColumnHeatAdvection::DGColumnHeatAdvection (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.13.3 Member Function Documentation

4.13.3.1 virtual Real DGColumnHeatAdvection::computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType *type*) `[protected],` `[virtual]`

Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGAdvection.

4.13.3.2 virtual Real DGColumnHeatAdvection::computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType *type*) `[protected],` `[virtual]`

Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGAdvection.

4.13.4 Member Data Documentation

4.13.4.1 const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGColumnHeatAdvection::_gas_density `[private]`

Reference to the gas density material property.

Definition at line 82 of file DGColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.13.4.2 const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGColumnHeatAdvection::_gas_heat_capacity `[private]`

Reference to the gas heat capacity material property.

Definition at line 83 of file DGColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.13.4.3   const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGColumnHeatAdvection::_vel**   `[private]`

Reference to the velocity material property.

Definition at line 81 of file DGColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.13.4.4   RealVectorValue DGAdvection::_velocity   `[protected],[inherited]`

Vector of velocity.

Definition at line 82 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.13.4.5   Real DGAdvection::_vx   `[protected],[inherited]`

x-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 83 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.13.4.6   Real DGAdvection::_vy   `[protected],[inherited]`

y-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 84 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.13.4.7   Real DGAdvection::_vz   `[protected],[inherited]`

z-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 85 of file DGAdvection.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGColumnHeatAdvection.h

4.14   DGColumnHeatDispersion Class Reference

DGColumnHeatDispersion class object inherits from DGAnisotropicDiffusion object.

`#include <DGColumnHeatDispersion.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGColumnHeatDispersion:

Public Member Functions

- DGColumnHeatDispersion (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType type)

    Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType type)

Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- Real _epsilon

    Penalty term for gradient jumps between the solution and test functions.

- Real _sigma

    Penalty term applied to element size.

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

    Diffusion tensor matrix parameter.

- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity

    Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

4.14.1 Detailed Description

DGColumnHeatDispersion class object inherits from DGAnisotropicDiffusion object.

This class object inherits from the DGAnisotropicDiffusion object in OSPREY. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will provide residuals and Jacobians for the discontinous Galerkin formulation of the heat dispersion physics in a fixed-bed column. Parameters for this kernel are given as material properties and will be used to override the inherited classes diffusion tensor.

Note

As a reminder, any DGKernel in MOOSE was be accompanied by the equivalent GKernel in order to provide the full residuals and Jacobians for the system.

Definition at line 64 of file DGColumnHeatDispersion.h.

4.14.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.14.2.1 DGColumnHeatDispersion::DGColumnHeatDispersion (const InputParameters & *parameters* **)**

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.14.3 Member Function Documentation

4.14.3.1 virtual Real DGColumnHeatDispersion::computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType *type* **)** `[protected]`, `[virtual]`

Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.14.3.2   virtual Real DGColumnHeatDispersion::computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType *type*) `[protected]`, `[virtual]`

Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.14.4   Member Data Documentation

4.14.4.1   const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGColumnHeatDispersion::_conductivity** `[private]`

Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

Definition at line 81 of file DGColumnHeatDispersion.h.

4.14.4.2   RealTensorValue DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Diffusion `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Diffusion tensor matrix parameter.

Definition at line 84 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.3   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxx `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.4   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxy `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.5   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxz `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.6   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyx `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.7   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyy `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.8   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyz `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.9   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzx `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.10   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzy `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.11   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzz `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.12 Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_epsilon `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term for gradient jumps between the solution and test functions.

Definition at line 82 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.14.4.13 Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_sigma `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term applied to element size.

Definition at line 83 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGColumnHeatDispersion.h

4.15 DGColumnMassAdvection Class Reference

DGColumnMassAdvection class object inherits from DGAdvection object.

`#include <DGColumnMassAdvection.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGColumnMassAdvection:

Public Member Functions

- DGColumnMassAdvection (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType type)

    Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType type)

    Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Vector of velocity.
- Real _vx

    x-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)
- Real _vy

    y-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)
- Real _vz

    z-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _vel

  Reference to the velocity material property.

4.15.1   Detailed Description

DGColumnMassAdvection class object inherits from DGAdvection object.

This class object inherits from the DGAdvection object in DGOSPREY. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will provide residuals and Jacobians for the discontinous Galerkin formulation of the heat advection physics in a fixed-bed column. Parameters for this kernel are given as material properties and will be used to override the inherited classes velocity vector.

Note

> As a reminder, any DGKernel in MOOSE was be accompanied by the equivalent GKernel in order to provide the full residuals and Jacobians for the system.

Definition at line 63 of file DGColumnMassAdvection.h.

4.15.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.15.2.1   DGColumnMassAdvection::DGColumnMassAdvection (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.15.3   Member Function Documentation

4.15.3.1   virtual Real DGColumnMassAdvection::computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType *type*)   `[protected]`, `[virtual]`

Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGAdvection.

4.15.3.2   virtual Real DGColumnMassAdvection::computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType *type*)   `[protected]`, `[virtual]`

Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGAdvection.

4.15.4   Member Data Documentation

4.15.4.1   const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGColumnMassAdvection::_vel   `[private]`

Reference to the velocity material property.

Definition at line 80 of file DGColumnMassAdvection.h.

4.15.4.2   RealVectorValue DGAdvection::_velocity   `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Vector of velocity.

Definition at line 82 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.15.4.3 Real DGAdvection::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

x-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 83 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.15.4.4 Real DGAdvection::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

y-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 84 of file DGAdvection.h.

4.15.4.5 Real DGAdvection::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

z-component of velocity (optional - set in input file)

Definition at line 85 of file DGAdvection.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGColumnMassAdvection.h

4.16 DGColumnMassDispersion Class Reference

DGColumnMassDispersion class object inherits from DGAnisotropicDiffusion object.

`#include <DGColumnMassDispersion.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGColumnMassDispersion:

```
            DGKernel
               ↑
      DGAnisotropicDiffusion
               ↑
      DGColumnMassDispersion
```

Public Member Functions

- DGColumnMassDispersion (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType type)

    Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType type)

    Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- Real _epsilon

    Penalty term for gradient jumps between the solution and test functions.
- Real _sigma

    Penalty term applied to element size.
- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

> *Diffusion tensor matrix parameter.*

- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz

Private Attributes

- unsigned int _index

    Index of the species of interest for this kernel.

- const MaterialProperty
  < std::vector< Real > > & _dispersion

    Reference to the axial dispersion material property.

- const MaterialProperty
  < std::vector< Real > > & _molecular_diffusion

    Reference to the molecular diffusion material property.

4.16.1 Detailed Description

DGColumnMassDispersion class object inherits from DGAnisotropicDiffusion object.

This class object inherits from the DGAnisotropicDiffusion object in OSPREY. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will provide residuals and Jacobians for the discontinuous Galerkin formulation of the mass dispersion physics in a fixed-bed column. Parameters for this kernel are given as material properties and will be used to override the inherited classes diffusion tensor.

Note

> As a reminder, any DGKernel in MOOSE was be accompanied by the equivalent GKernel in order to provide the full residuals and Jacobians for the system.

Definition at line 65 of file DGColumnMassDispersion.h.

4.16.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.16.2.1 DGColumnMassDispersion::DGColumnMassDispersion (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.16.3 Member Function Documentation

4.16.3.1 virtual Real DGColumnMassDispersion::computeQpJacobian (Moose::DGJacobianType *type*) `[protected]`, `[virtual]`

Required Jacobian function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.16.3.2   virtual Real DGColumnMassDispersion::computeQpResidual (Moose::DGResidualType *type* **)** `[protected]`, `[virtual]`

Required residual function for DG kernels in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.16.4   Member Data Documentation

4.16.4.1   RealTensorValue DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Diffusion `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Diffusion tensor matrix parameter.

Definition at line 84 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.2   const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& DGColumnMassDispersion::_dispersion `[private]`

Reference to the axial dispersion material property.

Definition at line 83 of file DGColumnMassDispersion.h.

4.16.4.3   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxx `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.4   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxy `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.5   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxz `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.6   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyx `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.7   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyy `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.8   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyz `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.9   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzx `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.10   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzy `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.11   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzz `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Definition at line 88 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.12   Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_epsilon `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Penalty term for gradient jumps between the solution and test functions.

Definition at line 82 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.16.4.13 unsigned int DGColumnMassDispersion::_index `[private]`

Index of the species of interest for this kernel.

Definition at line 82 of file DGColumnMassDispersion.h.

4.16.4.14 const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& DGColumnMassDispersion::_molecular_diffusion `[private]`

Reference to the molecular diffusion material property.

Definition at line 84 of file DGColumnMassDispersion.h.

4.16.4.15 Real DGAnisotropicDiffusion::_sigma `[protected]`,`[inherited]`

Penalty term applied to element size.

Definition at line 83 of file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGColumnMassDispersion.h

4.17 DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC Class Reference

DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

`#include <DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC:

Public Member Functions

- DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz
- Real _u_input

    Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Private Attributes

- VariableValue & _wall_temp

    Reference to the coupled variable for wall temperature of the column.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _bed_wall_transfer_coeff

    Reference to the bed-wall transfer coefficient material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity

    Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

4.17.1   Detailed Description

DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

This class object inherits from the DGFluxBC object (see DGFluxBC.h for more details). All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will take in the given variable and material properties to override some objects declared for the generic DGFluxBC to fit this particular boundary condition. Then, it just calls the appropriate DGFluxBC functions.

Definition at line 62 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h.

4.17.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.17.2.1   DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC::DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.17.3   Member Function Documentation

4.17.3.1   virtual Real DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGFluxBC.

4.17.3.2 virtual Real DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from [DGFluxBC](#).

4.17.4 Member Data Documentation

4.17.4.1 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC::_bed_wall_transfer_coeff** `[private]`

Reference to the bed-wall transfer coefficient material property.

Definition at line 81 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.2 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC::_conductivity** `[private]`

Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

Definition at line 82 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.3 RealTensorValue DGFluxBC::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.4 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.5 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.6 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.7 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.8 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.9 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.10 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.11 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.12 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.13 Real DGFluxBC::_u_input `[protected],[inherited]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 94 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.14 RealVectorValue DGFluxBC::_velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 80 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.15 Real DGFluxBC::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.16 Real DGFluxBC::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.17 Real DGFluxBC::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.17.4.18 VariableValue& DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC::_wall_temp `[private]`

Reference to the coupled variable for wall temperature of the column.

Definition at line 80 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h

4.18 DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC Class Reference

DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

`#include <DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC:

Public Member Functions

- DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters &parameters)

  Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()

  Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- Real _epsilon

    Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.

- Real _sigma

    Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

    Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz
- Real _u_input

    Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Private Attributes

- VariableValue & _wall_temp

    Reference to the coupled variable for wall temperature of the column.

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _bed_wall_transfer_coeff

    Reference to the bed-wall transfer coefficient material property.

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity

    Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

4.18.1   Detailed Description

DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

This class object inherits from the DGFluxLimitedBC object (see DGFluxLimitedBC.h for more details). All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will take in the given variable and material properties to override some objects declared for the generic DGFluxBC to fit this particular boundary condition. Then, it just calls the appropriate DGFluxLimitedBC functions.

Definition at line 55 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.18.2.1   DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC::DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.18.3 Member Function Documentation

4.18.3.1 virtual Real DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGFluxLimitedBC.

4.18.3.2 virtual Real DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGFluxLimitedBC.

4.18.4 Member Data Documentation

4.18.4.1 const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC::_bed_wall_transfer_coeff `[private]`

Reference to the bed-wall transfer coefficient material property.

Definition at line 74 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.2 const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC::_conductivity `[private]`

Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

Definition at line 75 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.3 RealTensorValue DGFluxLimitedBC::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 79 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.4 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.5 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.6 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.7 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.8 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.9 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.10 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.11 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.12 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.13 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: epsilon `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.

Definition at line 72 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.14 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: sigma `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

Definition at line 74 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.15 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: u input `[protected],[inherited]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.16 RealVectorValue DGFluxLimitedBC:: velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 77 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.17 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 81 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.18 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 82 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.19 Real DGFluxLimitedBC:: vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.18.4.20 VariableValue& DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC:: wall temp `[private]`

Reference to the coupled variable for wall temperature of the column.

Definition at line 73 of file DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h

4.19 DGConcentrationIC Class Reference

`#include <DGConcentrationIC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGConcentrationIC:
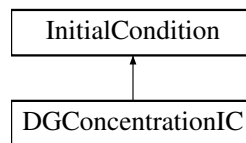
Public Member Functions

- DGConcentrationIC (const InputParameters &parameters)
- virtual Real value (const Point &p)

Private Attributes

- Real _y_IC
- Real _PT_IC
- Real _T_IC

4.19.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 10 of file DGConcentrationIC.h.

4.19.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.19.2.1   DGConcentrationIC::DGConcentrationIC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.19.3   Member Function Documentation

4.19.3.1   virtual Real DGConcentrationIC::value (const Point & *p*) `[virtual]`

4.19.4   Member Data Documentation

4.19.4.1   Real DGConcentrationIC::_PT_IC `[private]`

Definition at line 18 of file DGConcentrationIC.h.

4.19.4.2   Real DGConcentrationIC::_T_IC `[private]`

Definition at line 19 of file DGConcentrationIC.h.

4.19.4.3   Real DGConcentrationIC::_y_IC `[private]`

Definition at line 17 of file DGConcentrationIC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGConcentrationIC.h

4.20   DGFluxBC Class Reference

DGFluxBC class object inherits from IntegratedBC object.

```
#include <DGFluxBC.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for DGFluxBC:
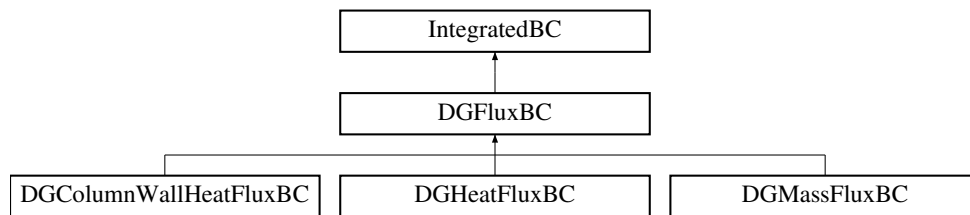
Public Member Functions

- **DGFluxBC** (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.
- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

    Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.
- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz
- Real _u_input

    Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

4.20.1   Detailed Description

DGFluxBC class object inherits from IntegratedBC object.

This class object inherits from the IntegratedBC object. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The flux BC uses the velocity and diffusivity in the system to apply a boundary condition based on whether or not material is leaving or entering the boundary.

Definition at line 63 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.20.2.1   DGFluxBC::DGFluxBC (const InputParameters & *parameters* **)**

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.20.3   Member Function Documentation

4.20.3.1   virtual Real DGFluxBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented in DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC, DGHeatFluxBC, and DGMassFluxBC.

4.20.3.2   virtual Real DGFluxBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented in DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC, DGHeatFluxBC, and DGMassFluxBC.

4.20.4   Member Data Documentation

4.20.4.1   RealTensorValue DGFluxBC::_Diffusion `[protected]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.2   Real DGFluxBC::_Dxx `[protected]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.3   Real DGFluxBC::_Dxy `[protected]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.4   Real DGFluxBC::_Dxz `[protected]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.5   Real DGFluxBC::_Dyx `[protected]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.6   Real DGFluxBC::_Dyy `[protected]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.7   Real DGFluxBC::_Dyz `[protected]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.8   Real DGFluxBC::_Dzx `[protected]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.9 Real DGFluxBC:: Dzy `[protected]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.10 Real DGFluxBC:: Dzz `[protected]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.11 Real DGFluxBC:: u input `[protected]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 94 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.12 RealVectorValue DGFluxBC:: velocity `[protected]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 80 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.13 Real DGFluxBC:: vx `[protected]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.14 Real DGFluxBC:: vy `[protected]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.20.4.15 Real DGFluxBC:: vz `[protected]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxBC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGFluxBC.h

4.21 DGFluxLimitedBC Class Reference

DGFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from IntegratedBC object.

`#include <DGFluxLimitedBC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGFluxLimitedBC:
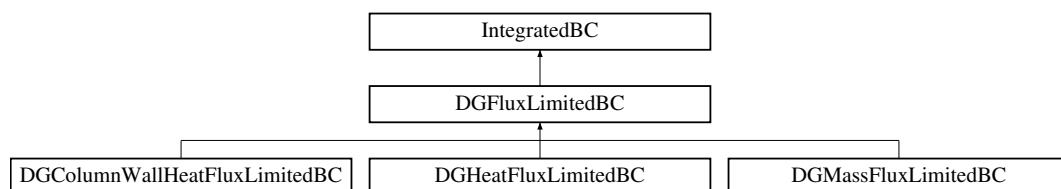
Public Member Functions

- DGFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters &parameters)
  Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()

       Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

       Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- Real _epsilon

       Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.

- Real _sigma

       Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

- RealVectorValue _velocity

       Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

       Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz
- Real _u_input

       Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

4.21.1   Detailed Description

DGFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from IntegratedBC object.

This class object inherits from the IntegratedBC object. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides.

Definition at line 55 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.21.2.1   DGFluxLimitedBC::DGFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters & *parameters* **)**

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.21.3   Member Function Documentation

4.21.3.1   virtual Real DGFluxLimitedBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented in DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC, DGHeatFluxLimitedBC, and DGMassFluxLimitedBC.

4.21.3.2   virtual Real DGFluxLimitedBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented in DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC, DGHeatFluxLimitedBC, and DGMassFluxLimitedBC.

4.21.4   Member Data Documentation

4.21.4.1   RealTensorValue DGFluxLimitedBC::_Diffusion `[protected]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 79 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.2   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxx `[protected]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.3   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxy `[protected]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.4   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxz `[protected]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.5   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyx `[protected]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.6   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyy `[protected]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.7   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyz `[protected]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.8   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzx `[protected]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.9   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzy `[protected]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.10   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzz `[protected]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.11   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_epsilon `[protected]`

Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.

Definition at line 72 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.12   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_sigma `[protected]`

Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

Definition at line 74 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.13 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_u_input `[protected]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.14 RealVectorValue DGFluxLimitedBC::_velocity `[protected]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 77 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.15 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vx `[protected]`

Definition at line 81 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.16 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vy `[protected]`

Definition at line 82 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.21.4.17 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vz `[protected]`

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGFluxLimitedBC.h

4.22 DGHeatFluxBC Class Reference

DGHeatFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

`#include <DGHeatFluxBC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGHeatFluxBC:

Public Member Functions

- DGHeatFluxBC (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.
- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

    Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.
- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz
- Real _u_input

    Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Private Attributes

- Real _input_temperature

    Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _vel

    Reference to the velocity material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_density

    Reference to the gas density material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_heat_capacity

    Reference to the gas heat capacity material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity

    Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

4.22.1   Detailed Description

DGHeatFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

This class object inherits from the DGFluxBC object (see DGFluxBC.h for more details). All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will take in the given variable and material properties to override some objects declared for the generic DGFluxBC to fit this particular boundary condition. Then, it just calls the appropriate DGFluxBC functions.

Definition at line 62 of file DGHeatFluxBC.h.

4.22.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.22.2.1   DGHeatFluxBC::DGHeatFluxBC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.22.3 Member Function Documentation

4.22.3.1 virtual Real DGHeatFluxBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGFluxBC.

4.22.3.2 virtual Real DGHeatFluxBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGFluxBC.

4.22.4 Member Data Documentation

4.22.4.1 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGHeatFluxBC::_conductivity** `[private]`

Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

Definition at line 85 of file DGHeatFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.2 RealTensorValue DGFluxBC::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.3 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.4 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.5 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.6 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.7 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.8 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.9 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.10 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.11 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.12 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGHeatFluxBC::_gas_density** `[private]`

Reference to the gas density material property.

Definition at line 83 of file DGHeatFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.13 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGHeatFluxBC::_gas_heat_capacity** `[private]`

Reference to the gas heat capacity material property.

Definition at line 84 of file DGHeatFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.14 Real DGHeatFluxBC::_input_temperature `[private]`

Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 80 of file DGHeatFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.15 Real DGFluxBC::_u_input `[protected],[inherited]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 94 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.16 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& DGHeatFluxBC::_vel** `[private]`

Reference to the velocity material property.

Definition at line 82 of file DGHeatFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.17 RealVectorValue DGFluxBC::_velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 80 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.18 Real DGFluxBC::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.19 Real DGFluxBC::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.22.4.20 Real DGFluxBC::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxBC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGHeatFluxBC.h

4.23 DGHeatFluxLimitedBC Class Reference

DGHeatFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

`#include <DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGHeatFluxLimitedBC:

Public Member Functions

- DGHeatFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- Real _epsilon

    Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.

- Real _sigma

    Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

    Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz
- Real _u_input

    Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Private Attributes

- Real _input_temperature

    Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _vel

    Reference to the velocity material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_density

    Reference to the gas density material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_heat_capacity

    Reference to the gas heat capacity material property.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity

    Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

4.23.1 Detailed Description

DGHeatFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

This class object inherits from the DGFluxLimitedBC object (see DGFluxLimitedBC.h for more details). All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will take in the given variable and material properties to override some objects declared for the generic DGFluxLimitedBC to fit this particular boundary condition. Then, it just calls the appropriate DGFluxLimitedBC functions.

Definition at line 55 of file DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.23.2.1 DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::DGHeatFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.23.3 Member Function Documentation

4.23.3.1 virtual Real DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGFluxLimitedBC.

4.23.3.2 virtual Real DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGFluxLimitedBC.

4.23.4 Member Data Documentation

4.23.4.1 const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::_conductivity `[private]`

Reference to the thermal conductivity material property.

Definition at line 78 of file DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.2 RealTensorValue DGFluxLimitedBC::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 79 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.3 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.4 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.5 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.6 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.7 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.8 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.9 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.10 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.11 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.12 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_epsilon `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.

Definition at line 72 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.13 const MaterialProperty$<$Real$>$& DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::_gas_density `[private]`

Reference to the gas density material property.

Definition at line 76 of file DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.14 const MaterialProperty$<$Real$>$& DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::_gas_heat_capacity `[private]`

Reference to the gas heat capacity material property.

Definition at line 77 of file DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.15 Real DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::_input_temperature `[private]`

Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 73 of file DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.16 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_sigma `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

Definition at line 74 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.17 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_u_input `[protected],[inherited]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.18 const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGHeatFluxLimitedBC::_vel `[private]`

Reference to the velocity material property.

Definition at line 75 of file DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.19 RealVectorValue DGFluxLimitedBC::_velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 77 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.20 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 81 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.21 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 82 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.23.4.22 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

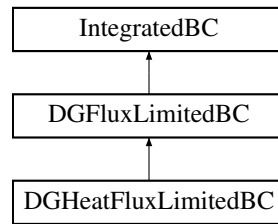The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h

4.24 DGMassFluxBC Class Reference

DGMassFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

`#include <DGMassFluxBC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGMassFluxBC:

Public Member Functions

- DGMassFluxBC (const InputParameters &parameters)

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real [computeQpResidual](#) ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.
- virtual Real [computeQpJacobian](#) ()

    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue [_velocity](#)

    Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.
- RealTensorValue [_Diffusion](#)

    Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.
- Real [_vx](#)
- Real [_vy](#)
- Real [_vz](#)
- Real [_Dxx](#)
- Real [_Dxy](#)
- Real [_Dxz](#)
- Real [_Dyx](#)
- Real [_Dyy](#)
- Real [_Dyz](#)
- Real [_Dzx](#)
- Real [_Dzy](#)
- Real [_Dzz](#)
- Real [_u_input](#)

    Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Private Attributes

- Real [_input_temperature](#)

    Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.
- Real [_input_pressure](#)

    Value of the column total pressure at the inlet of the system.
- Real [_input_molefraction](#)

    Value of the molefraction of the specific species at the inlet of the system.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & [_vel](#)

    Reference to the velocity material property.
- unsigned int [_index](#)

    Index of the species of interest at the boundary.
- const MaterialProperty
    < std::vector< Real > > & [_dispersion](#)

    Reference to the dispersion coefficient material property.
- const MaterialProperty
    < std::vector< Real > > & [_molecular_diffusion](#)

    Reference to the molecular diffusion material property.

4.24.1 Detailed Description

DGMassFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

This class object inherits from the DGFluxBC object (see DGFluxBC.h for more details). All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will take in the given variable and material properties to override some objects declared for the generic DGFluxBC to fit this particular boundary condition. Then, it just calls the appropriate DGFluxBC functions.

Definition at line 62 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.24.2.1 DGMassFluxBC::DGMassFluxBC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.24.3 Member Function Documentation

4.24.3.1 virtual Real DGMassFluxBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGFluxBC.

4.24.3.2 virtual Real DGMassFluxBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGFluxBC.

4.24.4 Member Data Documentation

4.24.4.1 RealTensorValue DGFluxBC::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.2 const MaterialProperty$<$std::vector$<$Real$>$ $>$& DGMassFluxBC::_dispersion `[private]`

Reference to the dispersion coefficient material property.

Definition at line 88 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.3 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.4 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.5 Real DGFluxBC::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 89 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.6 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.7 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.8 Real DGFluxBC::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.9 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.10 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.11 Real DGFluxBC::_Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 91 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.12 unsigned int DGMassFluxBC::_index `[private]`

Index of the species of interest at the boundary.

Definition at line 87 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.13 Real DGMassFluxBC::_input_molefraction `[private]`

Value of the molefraction of the specific species at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 84 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.14 Real DGMassFluxBC::_input_pressure `[private]`

Value of the column total pressure at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 82 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.15 Real DGMassFluxBC::_input_temperature `[private]`

Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 80 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.16 const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& DGMassFluxBC::_molecular_diffusion `[private]`

Reference to the molecular diffusion material property.

Definition at line 89 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.17 Real DGFluxBC::_u_input `[protected],[inherited]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 94 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.18 const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGMassFluxBC::_vel `[private]`

Reference to the velocity material property.

Definition at line 86 of file DGMassFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.19 RealVectorValue DGFluxBC::_velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 80 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.20 Real DGFluxBC::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.21 Real DGFluxBC::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxBC.h.

4.24.4.22 Real DGFluxBC::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxBC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGMassFluxBC.h

4.25 DGMassFluxLimitedBC Class Reference

DGMassFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

`#include <DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DGMassFluxLimitedBC:

Public Member Functions

- DGMassFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters &parameters)
    Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()
    Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

Protected Attributes

- Real _epsilon
    Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.
- Real _sigma
    Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

- RealVectorValue _velocity

    Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion

    Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz
- Real _u_input

    Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Private Attributes

- Real _input_temperature

    Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.

- Real _input_pressure

    Value of the column total pressure at the inlet of the system.

- Real _input_molefraction

    Value of the molefraction of the specific species at the inlet of the system.

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _vel

    Reference to the velocity material property.

- unsigned int _index

    Index of the species of interest at the boundary.

- const MaterialProperty
  < std::vector< Real > > & _dispersion

    Reference to the dispersion coefficient material property.

- const MaterialProperty
  < std::vector< Real > > & _molecular_diffusion

    Reference to the molecular diffusion material property.

4.25.1 Detailed Description

DGMassFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

This class object inherits from the DGFluxLimitedBC object (see DGFluxLimitedBC.h for more details). All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will take in the given variable and material properties to override some objects declared for the generic DGFluxLimitedBC to fit this particular boundary condition. Then, it just calls the appropriate DGFluxLimitedBC functions.

Definition at line 55 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.25.2.1 DGMassFluxLimitedBC::DGMassFluxLimitedBC (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for BC objects in MOOSE.

4.25.3 Member Function Documentation

4.25.3.1 virtual Real DGMassFluxLimitedBC::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a Jacobian contribution for this object. The Jacobian being computed is the associated diagonal element in the overall Jacobian matrix for the system and is used in preconditioning of the linear sub-problem.

Reimplemented from DGFluxLimitedBC.

4.25.3.2 virtual Real DGMassFluxLimitedBC::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for BC objects in MOOSE.

This function returns a residual contribution for this object.

Reimplemented from DGFluxLimitedBC.

4.25.4 Member Data Documentation

4.25.4.1 RealTensorValue DGFluxLimitedBC::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Diffusivity tensory in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 79 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.2 const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& DGMassFluxLimitedBC::_dispersion `[private]`

Reference to the dispersion coefficient material property.

Definition at line 81 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.3 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.4 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.5 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 85 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.6 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.7 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.8 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 86 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.9 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.10 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.11   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 87 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.12   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_epsilon `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term applied to the difference between the solution at the inlet and the value it is supposed to be.

Definition at line 72 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.13   unsigned int DGMassFluxLimitedBC::_index `[private]`

Index of the species of interest at the boundary.

Definition at line 80 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.14   Real DGMassFluxLimitedBC::_input_molefraction `[private]`

Value of the molefraction of the specific species at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 77 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.15   Real DGMassFluxLimitedBC::_input_pressure `[private]`

Value of the column total pressure at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 75 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.16   Real DGMassFluxLimitedBC::_input_temperature `[private]`

Value of the column temperature at the inlet of the system.

Definition at line 73 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.17   const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& DGMassFluxLimitedBC::_molecular_diffusion `[private]`

Reference to the molecular diffusion material property.

Definition at line 82 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.18   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_sigma `[protected],[inherited]`

Penalty term based on the size of the element at the boundary.

Definition at line 74 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.19   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_u_input `[protected],[inherited]`

Value of the non-linear variable at the input of the boundary.

Definition at line 90 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.20   const MaterialProperty<Real>& DGMassFluxLimitedBC::_vel `[private]`

Reference to the velocity material property.

Definition at line 79 of file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.21   RealVectorValue DGFluxLimitedBC::_velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Velocity vector in the system or at the boundary.

Definition at line 77 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.22   Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 81 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.23 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 82 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

4.25.4.24 Real DGFluxLimitedBC::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 83 of file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h

4.26 DgospreyApp Class Reference

DgospreyApp inherits from the MooseApp object.

`#include <DgospreyApp.h>`

Inheritance diagram for DgospreyApp:
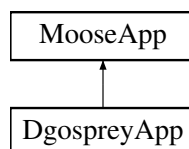
Public Member Functions

- DgospreyApp (InputParameters parameters)

  DgospreyApp constructor (required)
- virtual ∼DgospreyApp ()

  DgospreyApp destructor (requried)

Static Public Member Functions

- static void registerApps ()

  Function to the DgospreyApp into MOOSE (required)
- static void registerObjects (Factory &factory)

  Function to register kernels/objects created in DGOSPREY into the application (required)
- static void associateSyntax (Syntax &syntax, ActionFactory &action_factory)

  Function to associate syntax with the DgospreyApp (required?)

4.26.1 Detailed Description

DgospreyApp inherits from the MooseApp object.

This object defines the required constructors, destructors, and functions that must be a part of every MooseApp based object. All MooseApp objects must be created in this way and override these functions.

Definition at line 54 of file DgospreyApp.h.

4.26.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.26.2.1 DgospreyApp::DgospreyApp (InputParameters *parameters*)

DgospreyApp constructor (required)

4.26.2.2 virtual DgospreyApp::∼DgospreyApp ( ) `[virtual]`

[DgospreyApp](#) destructor (requried)

4.26.3 Member Function Documentation

4.26.3.1 static void DgospreyApp::associateSyntax (Syntax & *syntax,* ActionFactory & *action_factory*) `[static]`

Function to associate syntax with the [DgospreyApp](#) (required?)

I don't know what this is or does or what is actually being registered.

4.26.3.2 static void DgospreyApp::registerApps ( ) `[static]`

Function to the [DgospreyApp](#) into MOOSE (required)

4.26.3.3 static void DgospreyApp::registerObjects (Factory & *factory*) `[static]`

Function to register kernels/objects created in DGOSPREY into the application (required)

This is the function where the user must register all the kernels and other modules that are to be used in DGOSP-REY. Each time a new kernel or other object is created in DGOSPREY, it must be registered here prior to building and running the application. Otherwise, the new functionallity added will not show up or be utilized.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- [DgospreyApp.h](#)

4.27 Dispersion Class Reference

`#include <Dispersion.h>`

Inheritance diagram for Dispersion:
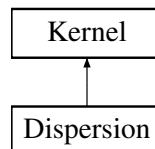
Public Member Functions

- [Dispersion](#) (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real [computeQpResidual](#) ()
- virtual Real [computeQpJacobian](#) ()

Private Attributes

- int [_index](#)
- const MaterialProperty
  $< $ std::vector$ < $ Real $ > > $ & [_dispersion](#)

4.27.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 12 of file Dispersion.h.

4.27.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.27.2.1 Dispersion::Dispersion (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.27.3 Member Function Documentation

4.27.3.1 virtual Real Dispersion::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.27.3.2 virtual Real Dispersion::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.27.4 Member Data Documentation

4.27.4.1 const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& Dispersion::_dispersion `[private]`

Definition at line 24 of file Dispersion.h.

4.27.4.2 int Dispersion::_index `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file Dispersion.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- Dispersion.h

4.28 FINCH_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the FINCH object.

```
#include <finch.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int d = 0

    Dimension of the problem: 0 = cartesian, 1 = cylindrical, 2 = spherical.
- double dt = 0.0125

    Time step.
- double dt_old = 0.0125

    Previous time step.
- double T = 1.0

    Total time.
- double dz = 0.1

    Space step.
- double L = 1.0

    Total space.
- double s = 1.0

    Char quantity (spherical = 1, cylindrical = length, cartesian = area)
- double t = 0.0

    Current Time.
- double t_old = 0.0

    Previous Time.
- double uT = 0.0

Total amount of conserved quantity in domain.

- double uT_old = 0.0

  Old Total amount of conserved quantity.

- double uAvg = 0.0

  Average amount of conserved quantity in domain.

- double uAvg_old = 0.0

  Old Average amount of conserved quantity.

- double uIC = 0.0

  Initial condition of Conserved Quantity (if constant)

- double vIC = 1.0

  Initial condition of Velocity (if constant)

- double DIC = 1.0

  Initial condition of Dispersion (if constant)

- double kIC = 1.0

  Initial condition of Reaction (if constant)

- double RIC = 1.0

  Initial condition of the Time Coefficient (if constant)

- double uo = 1.0

  Boundary Value of Conserved Quantity.

- double vo = 1.0

  Boundary Value of Velocity.

- double Do = 1.0

  Boundary Value of Dispersion.

- double ko = 1.0

  Boundary Value of Reaction.

- double Ro = 1.0

  Boundary Value of Time Coefficient.

- double kfn = 1.0

  Film mass transfer coefficient Old.

- double kfnp1 = 1.0

  Film mass transfer coefficient New.

- double lambda_I

  Boundary Coefficient for Implicit Neumann (Calculated at Runtime)

- double lambda_E

  Boundary Coefficient for Explicit Neumann (Calculated at Runtime)

- int LN = 10

  Number of nodes.

- bool CN = true

  True if Crank-Nicholson, false if Implicit, never use explicit.

- bool Update = false

  Flag to check if the system needs updating.

- bool Dirichlet = false

  Flag to indicate use of Dirichlet or Neumann starting boundary.

- bool CheckMass = false

  Flag to indicate whether or not mass is to be checked.

- bool ExplicitFlux = false

  Flag to indicate whether or not to use fully explicit flux limiters.

- bool Iterative = true

  Flag to indicate whether to solve directly, or iteratively.

- bool SteadyState = false

  Flag to determine whether or not to solve the steady-state problem.

- bool NormTrack = true

    Flag to determine whether or not to track the norms during simulation.
- double beta = 0.5

    Scheme type indicator: 0.5=CN & 1.0=Implicit; all else NULL.
- double tol_rel = 1e-6

    Relative Tolerance for Convergence.
- double tol_abs = 1e-6

    Absolute Tolerance for Convergence.
- int max_iter = 20

    Maximum number of iterations allowed.
- int total_iter = 0

    Total number of iterations made.
- int nl_method = FINCH_Picard

    Non-linear solution method - default = FINCH_Picard.
- std::vector< double > CL_I

    Left side, implicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > CL_E

    Left side, explicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > CC_I

    Centered, implicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > CC_E

    Centered, explicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > CR_I

    Right side, implicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > CR_E

    Right side, explicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > fL_I

    Left side, implicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > fL_E

    Left side, explicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > fC_I

    Centered, implicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > fC_E

    Centered, explicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > fR_I

    Right side, implicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > fR_E

    Right side, explicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > OI

    Implicit upper diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > OE

    Explicit upper diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > NI

    Implicit diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > NE

    Explicit diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > MI

    Implicit lower diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > ME

    Explicit lower diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > uz_l_I

- std::vector< double > uz_lm1_I
- std::vector< double > uz_lp1_I

  Implicit local slopes (Calculated at Runtime)
- std::vector< double > uz_l_E
- std::vector< double > uz_lm1_E
- std::vector< double > uz_lp1_E

  Explicit local slopes (Calculated at Runtime)
- Matrix< double > unm1

  Conserved Quantity Older.
- Matrix< double > un

  Conserved Quantity Old.
- Matrix< double > unp1

  Conserved Quantity New.
- Matrix< double > u_star

  Conserved Quantity Projected New.
- Matrix< double > ubest

  Best found solution if solving iteratively.
- Matrix< double > vn

  Velocity Old.
- Matrix< double > vnp1

  Velocity New.
- Matrix< double > Dn

  Dispersion Old.
- Matrix< double > Dnp1

  Dispersion New.
- Matrix< double > kn

  Reaction Old.
- Matrix< double > knp1

  Reaction New.
- Matrix< double > Sn

  Forcing Function Old.
- Matrix< double > Snp1

  Forcing Function New.
- Matrix< double > Rn

  Time Coeff Old.
- Matrix< double > Rnp1

  Time Coeff New.
- Matrix< double > Fn

  Flux Limiter Old.
- Matrix< double > Fnp1

  Flux Limiter New.
- Matrix< double > gI

  Implicit Side Boundary Conditions.
- Matrix< double > gE

  Explicit Side Boundary Conditions.
- Matrix< double > res

  Current residual.
- Matrix< double > pres

  Current search direction.
- int(∗ callroutine)(const void ∗user_data)

  Function pointer to executioner (DEFAULT = default_execution)

- int(∗ setic)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to initial conditions (DEFAULT = default_ic)
- int(∗ settime)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to set time step (DEFAULT = default_timestep)
- int(∗ setpreprocess)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to preprocesses (DEFAULT = default_preprocess)
- int(∗ solve)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to the solver (DEFAULT = default_solve)
- int(∗ setparams)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to set parameters (DEFAULT = default_params)
- int(∗ discretize)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to discretization (DEFAULT = ospre_discretization)
- int(∗ setbcs)(const void ∗user_data)
- int(∗ evalres)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &res, const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to the residual function (DEFAULT = default_res)
- int(∗ evalprecon)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to the preconditioning function (DEFAULT = default_precon)
- int(∗ setpostprocess)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to the postprocesses (DEFAULT = default_postprocess)
- int(∗ resettime)(const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer to reset time (DEFAULT = default_reset)
- PICARD_DATA picard_dat

    Data structure for PICARD method (no need to use this)
- PJFNK_DATA pjfnk_dat

    Data structure for PJFNK method (more rigours method)
- const void ∗ param_data

    User's data structure used to evaluate the parameter function (Must override if setparams is overriden)

4.28.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the FINCH object.

C-style object that holds data, functions, and other structures necessary to discretize and solve a FINCH problem. All of this information must be overriden or initialized prior to running a FINCH simulation. Many, many default functions are provided to make it easier to incorporate FINCH into other problems. The main function to override will be the setparams function. This will be a function that the user provides to tell the FINCH simulation how the parameters of the problem vary in time and space and whether or not they are coupled the the variable u. All functions are overridable and several can be skipped entirely, or called directly at different times in the execution of a particular routine. This make FINCH extremely flexible to the user.

Note

All parameters and dimensions do not carry any units with them. The user is required to keep track of all their own units in their particular problem and ensure that units will cancel and be consistent in their own physical model.

Definition at line 81 of file finch.h.

4.28.2 Member Data Documentation

4.28.2.1 double FINCH_DATA::beta = 0.5

Scheme type indicator: 0.5=CN & 1.0=Implicit; all else NULL.

Definition at line 123 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.2   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::callroutine)(const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to executioner (DEFAULT = default_execution)

Definition at line 186 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.3   std::vector<double> FINCH_DATA::CC_E

Centered, explicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 134 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.4   std::vector<double> FINCH_DATA::CC_I

Centered, implicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 133 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.5   bool FINCH_DATA::CheckMass = false

Flag to indicate whether or not mass is to be checked.

Definition at line 117 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.6   std::vector<double> FINCH_DATA::CL_E

Left side, explicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 132 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.7   std::vector<double> FINCH_DATA::CL_I

Left side, implicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 131 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.8   bool FINCH_DATA::CN = true

True if Crank-Nicholson, false if Implicit, never use explicit.

Definition at line 114 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.9   std::vector<double> FINCH_DATA::CR_E

Right side, explicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 136 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.10   std::vector<double> FINCH_DATA::CR_I

Right side, implicit coefficients (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 135 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.11   int FINCH_DATA::d = 0

Dimension of the problem: 0 = cartesian, 1 = cylindrical, 2 = spherical.

Definition at line 84 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.12   double FINCH_DATA::DIC = 1.0

Initial condition of Dispersion (if constant)

Definition at line 100 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.13   bool FINCH_DATA::Dirichlet = false

Flag to indicate use of Dirichlet or Neumann starting boundary.

Definition at line 116 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.14   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::discretize)(const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to discretization (DEFAULT = ospre_discretization)

Definition at line 192 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.15   Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::Dn

Dispersion Old.

Definition at line 166 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.16   Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::Dnp1

Dispersion New.

Definition at line 167 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.17   double FINCH_DATA::Do = 1.0

Boundary Value of Dispersion.

Definition at line 105 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.18   double FINCH_DATA::dt = 0.0125

Time step.

Definition at line 85 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.19   double FINCH_DATA::dt_old = 0.0125

Previous time step.

Definition at line 86 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.20   double FINCH_DATA::dz = 0.1

Space step.

Definition at line 88 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.21   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::evalprecon)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to the preconditioning function (DEFAULT = default_precon)

Definition at line 197 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.22   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::evalres)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &res, const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to the residual function (DEFAULT = default_res)

Definition at line 195 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.23   bool FINCH_DATA::ExplicitFlux = false

Flag to indicate whether or not to use fully explicit flux limiters.

Definition at line 118 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.24   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::fC_E

Centered, explicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 141 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.25   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::fC_I

Centered, implicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 140 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.26   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::fL_E

Left side, explicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 139 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.27   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::fL_I

Left side, implicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 138 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.28   Matrix$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::Fn

Flux Limiter Old.

Definition at line 175 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.29   Matrix$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::Fnp1

Flux Limiter New.

Definition at line 176 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.30   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::fR_E

Right side, explicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 143 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.31   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::fR_I

Right side, implicit fluxes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 142 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.32   Matrix$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::gE

Explicit Side Boundary Conditions.

Definition at line 178 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.33   Matrix$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::gI

Implicit Side Boundary Conditions.

Definition at line 177 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.34   bool FINCH_DATA::Iterative = true

Flag to indicate whether to solve directly, or iteratively.

Definition at line 119 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.35   double FINCH_DATA::kfn = 1.0

Film mass transfer coefficient Old.

Definition at line 108 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.36   double FINCH_DATA::kfnp1 = 1.0

Film mass transfer coefficient New.

Definition at line 109 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.37   double FINCH_DATA::kIC = 1.0

Initial condition of Reaction (if constant)

Definition at line 101 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.38   Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::kn

Reaction Old.

Definition at line 168 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.39   Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::knp1

Reaction New.

Definition at line 169 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.40   double FINCH_DATA::ko = 1.0

Boundary Value of Reaction.

Definition at line 106 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.41   double FINCH_DATA::L = 1.0

Total space.

Definition at line 89 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.42   double FINCH_DATA::lambda_E

Boundary Coefficient for Explicit Neumann (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 111 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.43   double FINCH_DATA::lambda_I

Boundary Coefficient for Implicit Neumann (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 110 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.44   int FINCH_DATA::LN = 10

Number of nodes.

Definition at line 113 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.45   int FINCH_DATA::max_iter = 20

Maximum number of iterations allowed.

Definition at line 126 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.46   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::ME

Explicit lower diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 151 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.47   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::MI

Implicit lower diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 150 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.48   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::NE

Explicit diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 149 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.49   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::NI

Implicit diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 148 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.50   int FINCH_DATA::nl_method = FINCH_Picard

Non-linear solution method - default = FINCH_Picard.

Definition at line 128 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.51   bool FINCH_DATA::NormTrack = true

Flag to determine whether or not to track the norms during simulation.

Definition at line 121 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.52   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::OE

Explicit upper diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 147 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.53   std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::OI

Implicit upper diagonal matrix elements (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 146 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.54   const void$*$ FINCH_DATA::param_data

User's data structure used to evaluate the parameter function (Must override if setparams is overriden)

Definition at line 204 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.55   PICARD_DATA FINCH_DATA::picard_dat

Data structure for PICARD method (no need to use this)

Definition at line 202 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.56   PJFNK_DATA FINCH_DATA::pjfnk_dat

Data structure for PJFNK method (more rigours method)

Definition at line 203 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.57   Matrix$<$**double**$>$ **FINCH DATA::pres**

Current search direction.

Definition at line 181 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.58   Matrix$<$**double**$>$ **FINCH DATA::res**

Current residual.

Definition at line 180 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.59   int($*$ **FINCH DATA::resettime)(const void** $*$**user data)**

Function pointer to reset time (DEFAULT = default_reset)

Definition at line 199 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.60   double FINCH DATA::RIC = 1.0

Initial condition of the Time Coefficient (if constant)

Definition at line 102 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.61   Matrix$<$**double**$>$ **FINCH DATA::Rn**

Time Coeff Old.

Definition at line 172 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.62   Matrix$<$**double**$>$ **FINCH DATA::Rnp1**

Time Coeff New.

Definition at line 173 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.63   double FINCH DATA::Ro = 1.0

Boundary Value of Time Coefficient.

Definition at line 107 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.64   double FINCH DATA::s = 1.0

Char quantity (spherical = 1, cylindrical = length, cartesian = area)

Definition at line 90 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.65   int($*$ **FINCH DATA::setbcs)(const void** $*$**user data)**

Function pointer to set boundary conditions (DEFAULT = default_bcs)

Definition at line 193 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.66   int($*$ **FINCH DATA::setic)(const void** $*$**user data)**

Function pointer to initial conditions (DEFAULT = default_ic)

Definition at line 187 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.67   int($*$ **FINCH DATA::setparams)(const void** $*$**user data)**

Function pointer to set parameters (DEFAULT = default_params)

Definition at line 191 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.68   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::setpostprocess)(const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to the postprocesses (DEFAULT = default_postprocess)

Definition at line 198 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.69   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::setpreprocess)(const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to preprocesses (DEFAULT = default_preprocess)

Definition at line 189 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.70   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::settime)(const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to set time step (DEFAULT = default_timestep)

Definition at line 188 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.71   Matrix⟨double⟩ FINCH_DATA::Sn

Forcing Function Old.

Definition at line 170 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.72   Matrix⟨double⟩ FINCH_DATA::Snp1

Forcing Function New.

Definition at line 171 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.73   int(∗ FINCH_DATA::solve)(const void ∗user_data)

Function pointer to the solver (DEFAULT = default_solve)

Definition at line 190 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.74   bool FINCH_DATA::SteadyState = false

Flag to determine whether or not to solve the steady-state problem.

Definition at line 120 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.75   double FINCH_DATA::T = 1.0

Total time.

Definition at line 87 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.76   double FINCH_DATA::t = 0.0

Current Time.

Definition at line 91 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.77   double FINCH_DATA::t_old = 0.0

Previous Time.

Definition at line 92 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.78   double FINCH_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolute Tolerance for Convergence.

Definition at line 125 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.79 double FINCH_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative Tolerance for Convergence.

Definition at line 124 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.80 int FINCH_DATA::total_iter = 0

Total number of iterations made.

Definition at line 127 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.81 Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::u_star

Conserved Quantity Projected New.

Definition at line 161 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.82 double FINCH_DATA::uAvg = 0.0

Average amount of conserved quantity in domain.

Definition at line 96 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.83 double FINCH_DATA::uAvg_old = 0.0

Old Average amount of conserved quantity.

Definition at line 97 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.84 Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::ubest

Best found solution if solving iteratively.

Definition at line 162 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.85 double FINCH_DATA::uIC = 0.0

Initial condition of Conserved Quantity (if constant)

Definition at line 98 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.86 Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::un

Conserved Quantity Old.

Definition at line 159 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.87 Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::unm1

Conserved Quantity Older.

Definition at line 158 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.88 Matrix<double> FINCH_DATA::unp1

Conserved Quantity New.

Definition at line 160 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.89 double FINCH_DATA::uo = 1.0

Boundary Value of Conserved Quantity.

Definition at line 103 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.90 bool FINCH_DATA::Update = false

Flag to check if the system needs updating.

Definition at line 115 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.91 double FINCH_DATA::uT = 0.0

Total amount of conserved quantity in domain.

Definition at line 94 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.92 double FINCH_DATA::uT_old = 0.0

Old Total amount of conserved quantity.

Definition at line 95 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.93 std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::uz_l_E

Definition at line 155 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.94 std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::uz_l_I

Definition at line 154 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.95 std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::uz_lm1_E

Definition at line 155 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.96 std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::uz_lm1_I

Definition at line 154 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.97 std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::uz_lp1_E

Explicit local slopes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 155 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.98 std::vector$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::uz_lp1_I

Implicit local slopes (Calculated at Runtime)

Definition at line 154 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.99 double FINCH_DATA::vIC = 1.0

Initial condition of Velocity (if constant)

Definition at line 99 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.100 Matrix$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::vn

Velocity Old.

Definition at line 164 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.101 Matrix$<$double$>$ FINCH_DATA::vnp1

Velocity New.

Definition at line 165 of file finch.h.

4.28.2.102 double FINCH_DATA::vo = 1.0

Boundary Value of Velocity.

Definition at line 104 of file finch.h.

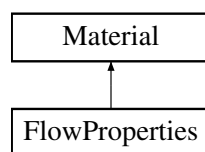The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- finch.h

4.29 FlowProperties Class Reference

FlowProperties class object inherits from Material object.

`#include <FlowProperties.h>`

Inheritance diagram for FlowProperties:

Public Member Functions

- FlowProperties (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void computeQpProperties ()

    Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

Private Attributes

- std::vector< Real > _molecular_wieght

    Molecular wieghts for each gas species (g/mol)
- std::vector< Real > _comp_heat_capacity

    Heat capacities for each gas species (J/g/K)
- std::vector< Real > _comp_ref_viscosity

    Sutherland's reference viscosity for each gas species (g/cm/s)
- std::vector< Real > _comp_ref_temp

    Sutherland's reference temperature for each species (K)
- std::vector< Real > _comp_Sutherland_const

    Sutherland's constant for each gas species (K)
- Real _flow_rate

    Inlet flow rate for the fixed-bed column (cm$^\wedge$3/hr)
- Real _column_length

    Length of the fixed-bed column (cm)
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _velocity

    MaterialProperty for the linear velocity in the bed (cm/hr)
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_density

    MaterialProperty for the gas density (g/cm$^\wedge$3)

- MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_viscosity

    MaterialProperty for the gas viscosity (g/cm/s)
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_heat_capacity

    MaterialProperty for the gas heat capacity (J/g/K)
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _gas_molecular_wieght

    MaterialProperty for the gas total molecular wieght (g/mol)
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _inner_dia

    Coupled material property for bed inner diameter.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _porosity

    Coupled material property for bed bulk porosity.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _pellet_density

    Coupled material property for adsorbent pellet density.
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _pellet_heat_capacity

    Coupled material property for adsorbent heat capacity.
- MaterialProperty< Real > & _heat_retardation

    MaterialProperty for energy balance retardation coefficient.
- MaterialProperty< std::vector
  < Real > > & _molecular_diffusion

    MaterialProperty for each species' molecular diffusion (cm$^\wedge$2/s)
- MaterialProperty< std::vector
  < Real > > & _dispersion

    MaterialProperty for each species' dispersion coefficient (cm$^\wedge$2/hr)
- MaterialProperty< std::vector
  < Real > > & _retardation

    MaterialProperty for each species' retardation coefficient.
- VariableValue & _temperature

    Reference to the coupled column temperature.
- VariableValue & _total_pressure

    Reference to the coupled column pressure.
- std::vector< unsigned int > _index

    Indices for the gas species in the system.
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > _gas_conc

    Pointer list to the coupled gases.
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > _solid_conc

    Pointer list to the coupled adsorption concentrations.
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > _solid_perturb

    Pointer list to the coupled adsorption perturbations.

4.29.1 Detailed Description

FlowProperties class object inherits from Material object.

This class object inherits from the Material object in the MOOSE framework. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will set up and calculate various flow properties including linear velocities, molecular diffusion, mechanical dispersion, gas density, gas viscosity, gas heat capacity, etc. This object also approximates the effective retardation coefficient for each species in the mass balance. The evaluation of that parameter is dependent on the solid phase concentration variable, which will either be calculated by MAGPIE (see magpie.h) or SCOPSOWL (see scopsowl.h) dependending on whether or not we will consider adsorption kinetics in the simulation.

Definition at line 63 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.29.2.1 FlowProperties::FlowProperties (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.29.3 Member Function Documentation

4.29.3.1 virtual void FlowProperties::computeQpProperties ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

This function computes the material properties when they are needed by other MOOSE objects.

4.29.4 Member Data Documentation

4.29.4.1 Real FlowProperties::_column_length `[private]`

Length of the fixed-bed column (cm)

Definition at line 81 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.2 std::vector<Real> FlowProperties::_comp_heat_capacity `[private]`

Heat capacities for each gas species (J/g/K)

Definition at line 76 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.3 std::vector<Real> FlowProperties::_comp_ref_temp `[private]`

Sutherland's reference temperature for each species (K)

Definition at line 78 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.4 std::vector<Real> FlowProperties::_comp_ref_viscosity `[private]`

Sutherland's reference viscosity for each gas species (g/cm/s)

Definition at line 77 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.5 std::vector<Real> FlowProperties::_comp_Sutherland_const `[private]`

Sutherland's constant for each gas species (K)

Definition at line 79 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.6 MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& FlowProperties::_dispersion `[private]`

MaterialProperty for each species' dispersion coefficient (cm$^\wedge$2/hr)

Definition at line 96 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.7 Real FlowProperties::_flow_rate `[private]`

Inlet flow rate for the fixed-bed column (cm$^\wedge$3/hr)

Definition at line 80 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.8 std::vector<VariableValue *> FlowProperties::_gas_conc `[private]`

Pointer list to the coupled gases.

Definition at line 102 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.9   MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_gas_density**   `[private]`

MaterialProperty for the gas density (g/cm^3)

Definition at line 84 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.10   MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_gas_heat_capacity**   `[private]`

MaterialProperty for the gas heat capacity (J/g/K)

Definition at line 86 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.11   MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_gas_molecular_wieght**   `[private]`

MaterialProperty for the gas total molecular wieght (g/mol)

Definition at line 87 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.12   MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_gas_viscosity**   `[private]`

MaterialProperty for the gas viscosity (g/cm/s)

Definition at line 85 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.13   MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_heat_retardation**   `[private]`

MaterialProperty for energy balance retardation coefficient.

Definition at line 94 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.14   std::vector<**unsigned int**> **FlowProperties::_index**   `[private]`

Indices for the gas species in the system.

Definition at line 101 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.15   const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_inner_dia**   `[private]`

Coupled material property for bed inner diameter.

Definition at line 89 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.16   MaterialProperty<**std::vector**<**Real**> >**& FlowProperties::_molecular_diffusion**   `[private]`

MaterialProperty for each species' molecular diffusion (cm^2/s)

Definition at line 95 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.17   std::vector<**Real**> **FlowProperties::_molecular_wieght**   `[private]`

Molecular wieghts for each gas species (g/mol)

Definition at line 75 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.18   const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_pellet_density**   `[private]`

Coupled material property for adsorbent pellet density.

Definition at line 91 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.19   const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_pellet_heat_capacity**   `[private]`

Coupled material property for adsorbent heat capacity.

Definition at line 92 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.20 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_porosity** `[private]`

Coupled material property for bed bulk porosity.

Definition at line 90 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.21 MaterialProperty<**std::vector**<**Real**> >**& FlowProperties::_retardation** `[private]`

MaterialProperty for each species' retardation coefficient.

Definition at line 97 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.22 std::vector<**VariableValue** ∗> **FlowProperties::_solid_conc** `[private]`

Pointer list to the coupled adsorption concentrations.

Definition at line 103 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.23 std::vector<**VariableValue** ∗> **FlowProperties::_solid_perturb** `[private]`

Pointer list to the coupled adsorption perturbations.

Definition at line 104 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.24 VariableValue& FlowProperties::_temperature `[private]`

Reference to the coupled column temperature.

Definition at line 99 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.25 VariableValue& FlowProperties::_total_pressure `[private]`

Reference to the coupled column pressure.

Definition at line 100 of file FlowProperties.h.

4.29.4.26 MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& FlowProperties::_velocity** `[private]`

MaterialProperty for the linear velocity in the bed (cm/hr)

Definition at line 83 of file FlowProperties.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- FlowProperties.h

4.30 FluidHeatTransfer Class Reference

`#include <FluidHeatTransfer.h>`

Inheritance diagram for FluidHeatTransfer:
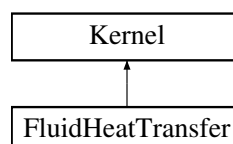
Public Member Functions

- FluidHeatTransfer (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _bed_wall_transfer_coeff
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _inner_dia
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _porosity
- VariableValue & _wall_temp

4.30.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 11 of file FluidHeatTransfer.h.

4.30.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.30.2.1   FluidHeatTransfer::FluidHeatTransfer (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.30.3   Member Function Documentation

4.30.3.1   virtual Real FluidHeatTransfer::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.30.3.2   virtual Real FluidHeatTransfer::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.30.4   Member Data Documentation

4.30.4.1   const MaterialProperty<Real>& FluidHeatTransfer::_bed_wall_transfer_coeff `[private]`

Definition at line 21 of file FluidHeatTransfer.h.

4.30.4.2   const MaterialProperty<Real>& FluidHeatTransfer::_inner_dia `[private]`

Definition at line 22 of file FluidHeatTransfer.h.

4.30.4.3   const MaterialProperty<Real>& FluidHeatTransfer::_porosity `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file FluidHeatTransfer.h.

4.30.4.4   VariableValue& FluidHeatTransfer::_wall_temp `[private]`

Definition at line 25 of file FluidHeatTransfer.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- FluidHeatTransfer.h

4.31   GAdvection Class Reference

`#include <GAdvection.h>`

Inheritance diagram for GAdvection:
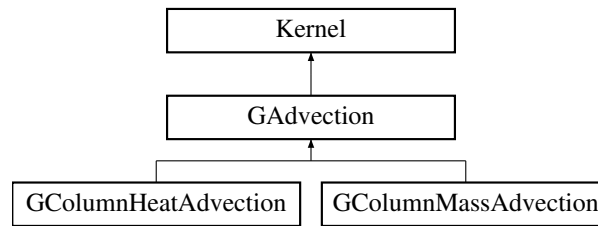
Public Member Functions

- [GAdvection](const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real [computeQpResidual]()
- virtual Real [computeQpJacobian]()

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue [_velocity]
- Real [_vx]
- Real [_vy]
- Real [_vz]

4.31.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 13 of file GAdvection.h.

4.31.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.31.2.1 GAdvection::GAdvection (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.31.3 Member Function Documentation

4.31.3.1 virtual Real GAdvection::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented in [GColumnHeatAdvection], and [GColumnMassAdvection].

4.31.3.2 virtual Real GAdvection::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented in [GColumnHeatAdvection], and [GColumnMassAdvection].

4.31.4 Member Data Documentation

4.31.4.1 RealVectorValue GAdvection::_velocity `[protected]`

Definition at line 23 of file GAdvection.h.

4.31.4.2 Real GAdvection::_vx `[protected]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAdvection.h.

4.31.4.3 Real GAdvection::_vy `[protected]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAdvection.h.

4.31.4.4 Real GAdvection::_vz `[protected]`

Definition at line 27 of file GAdvection.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- GAdvection.h

4.32 GAnisotropicDiffusion Class Reference

`#include <GAnisotropicDiffusion.h>`

Inheritance diagram for GAnisotropicDiffusion:

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│          Kernel          │
└─────────────────────────┘
             ▲
             │
┌─────────────────────────┐
│    GAnisotropicDiffusion  │
└─────────────────────────┘
             ▲
     ┌───────┴────────┐
┌──────────────────────┐  ┌──────────────────────┐
│ GColumnHeatDispersion │  │ GColumnMassDispersion │
└──────────────────────┘  └──────────────────────┘
```
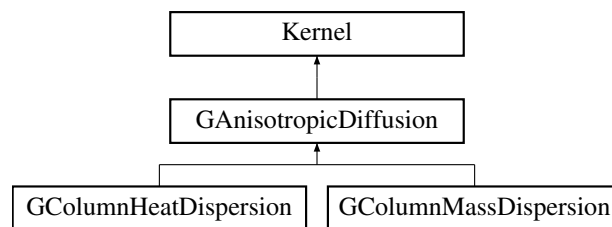
Public Member Functions

- GAnisotropicDiffusion (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Protected Attributes

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz

4.32.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 12 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.32.2.1   GAnisotropicDiffusion::GAnisotropicDiffusion (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.32.3   Member Function Documentation

4.32.3.1   virtual Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented in GColumnHeatDispersion, and GColumnMassDispersion.

4.32.3.2   virtual Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented in GColumnHeatDispersion, and GColumnMassDispersion.

4.32.4   Member Data Documentation

4.32.4.1   RealTensorValue GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Diffusion `[protected]`

Definition at line 22 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.2   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxx `[protected]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.3   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxy `[protected]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.4   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxz `[protected]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.5   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyx `[protected]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.6   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyy `[protected]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.7   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyz `[protected]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.8   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzx `[protected]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.9   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzy `[protected]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.32.4.10   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzz `[protected]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- GAnisotropicDiffusion.h

4.33 GColumnHeatAdvection Class Reference

`#include <GColumnHeatAdvection.h>`

Inheritance diagram for GColumnHeatAdvection:

```
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │       Kernel        │
        └─────────────────────┘
                   ▲
                   │
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │     GAdvection      │
        └─────────────────────┘
                   ▲
                   │
        ┌─────────────────────┐
        │ GColumnHeatAdvection│
        └─────────────────────┘
```
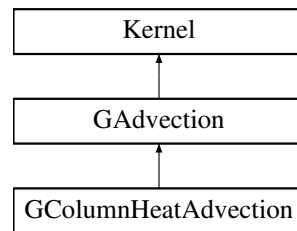
Public Member Functions

- **GColumnHeatAdvection** (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real **computeQpResidual** ()
- virtual Real **computeQpJacobian** ()

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue **_velocity**
- Real **_vx**
- Real **_vy**
- Real **_vz**

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & **_vel**
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & **_gas_density**
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & **_gas_heat_capacity**

4.33.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 21 of file GColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.33.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.33.2.1 GColumnHeatAdvection::GColumnHeatAdvection (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.33.3 Member Function Documentation

4.33.3.1 virtual Real GColumnHeatAdvection::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected]`,`[virtual]`

Reimplemented from **GAdvection**.

4.33.3.2 virtual Real GColumnHeatAdvection::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected]`,`[virtual]`

Reimplemented from **GAdvection**.

4.33.4 Member Data Documentation

4.33.4.1 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& GColumnHeatAdvection::_gas_density** `[private]`

Definition at line 33 of file GColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.33.4.2 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& GColumnHeatAdvection::_gas_heat_capacity** `[private]`

Definition at line 34 of file GColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.33.4.3 const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& GColumnHeatAdvection::_vel** `[private]`

Definition at line 32 of file GColumnHeatAdvection.h.

4.33.4.4 RealVectorValue GAdvection::_velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 23 of file GAdvection.h.

4.33.4.5 Real GAdvection::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAdvection.h.

4.33.4.6 Real GAdvection::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAdvection.h.

4.33.4.7 Real GAdvection::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 27 of file GAdvection.h.

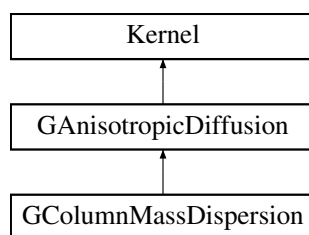The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- GColumnHeatAdvection.h

4.34 GColumnHeatDispersion Class Reference

`#include <GColumnHeatDispersion.h>`

Inheritance diagram for GColumnHeatDispersion:
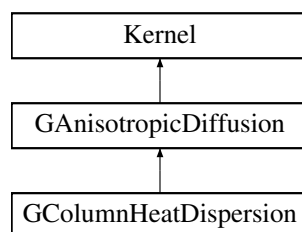
Public Member Functions

- GColumnHeatDispersion (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Protected Attributes

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity

4.34.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 20 of file GColumnHeatDispersion.h.

4.34.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.34.2.1   GColumnHeatDispersion::GColumnHeatDispersion (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.34.3   Member Function Documentation

4.34.3.1   virtual Real GColumnHeatDispersion::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented from GAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.34.3.2   virtual Real GColumnHeatDispersion::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented from GAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.34.4   Member Data Documentation

4.34.4.1   const MaterialProperty<Real>& GColumnHeatDispersion::_conductivity `[private]`

Definition at line 31 of file GColumnHeatDispersion.h.

4.34.4.2   RealTensorValue GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 22 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.3   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.4   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.5   Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.6 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.7 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.8 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.9 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.10 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.34.4.11 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- GColumnHeatDispersion.h

4.35 GColumnMassAdvection Class Reference

`#include <GColumnMassAdvection.h>`

Inheritance diagram for GColumnMassAdvection:
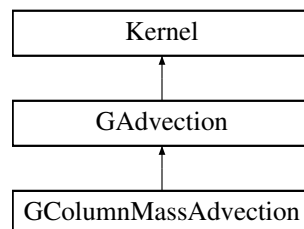
Public Member Functions

- GColumnMassAdvection (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Protected Attributes

- RealVectorValue _velocity
- Real _vx
- Real _vy
- Real _vz

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _vel

4.35.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 21 of file GColumnMassAdvection.h.

4.35.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.35.2.1 GColumnMassAdvection::GColumnMassAdvection (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.35.3 Member Function Documentation

4.35.3.1 virtual Real GColumnMassAdvection::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented from GAdvection.

4.35.3.2 virtual Real GColumnMassAdvection::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented from GAdvection.

4.35.4 Member Data Documentation

4.35.4.1 const MaterialProperty<Real>& GColumnMassAdvection::_vel `[private]`

Definition at line 32 of file GColumnMassAdvection.h.

4.35.4.2 RealVectorValue GAdvection::_velocity `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 23 of file GAdvection.h.

4.35.4.3 Real GAdvection::_vx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAdvection.h.

4.35.4.4 Real GAdvection::_vy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAdvection.h.

4.35.4.5 Real GAdvection::_vz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 27 of file GAdvection.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- GColumnMassAdvection.h

4.36 GColumnMassDispersion Class Reference

`#include <GColumnMassDispersion.h>`

Inheritance diagram for GColumnMassDispersion:

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│          Kernel         │
└─────────────────────────┘
             ▲
             │
┌─────────────────────────┐
│   GAnisotropicDiffusion  │
└─────────────────────────┘
             ▲
             │
┌─────────────────────────┐
│  GColumnMassDispersion   │
└─────────────────────────┘
```

Public Member Functions

- GColumnMassDispersion (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Protected Attributes

- RealTensorValue _Diffusion
- Real _Dxx
- Real _Dxy
- Real _Dxz
- Real _Dyx
- Real _Dyy
- Real _Dyz
- Real _Dzx
- Real _Dzy
- Real _Dzz

Private Attributes

- unsigned int _index
- const MaterialProperty
  < std::vector< Real > > & _dispersion
- const MaterialProperty
  < std::vector< Real > > & _molecular_diffusion

4.36.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 20 of file GColumnMassDispersion.h.

4.36.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.36.2.1   GColumnMassDispersion::GColumnMassDispersion (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.36.3   Member Function Documentation

4.36.3.1   virtual Real GColumnMassDispersion::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented from GAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.36.3.2 virtual Real GColumnMassDispersion::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Reimplemented from GAnisotropicDiffusion.

4.36.4 Member Data Documentation

4.36.4.1 RealTensorValue GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Diffusion `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 22 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.2 const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& GColumnMassDispersion::_dispersion `[private]`

Definition at line 32 of file GColumnMassDispersion.h.

4.36.4.3 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.4 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.5 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dxz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 24 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.6 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.7 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.8 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dyz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 25 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.9 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzx `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.10 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzy `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.11 Real GAnisotropicDiffusion::_Dzz `[protected],[inherited]`

Definition at line 26 of file GAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

4.36.4.12 unsigned int GColumnMassDispersion::_index `[private]`

Definition at line 31 of file GColumnMassDispersion.h.

4.36.4.13 const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& GColumnMassDispersion::_molecular_diffusion `[private]`

Definition at line 33 of file GColumnMassDispersion.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- GColumnMassDispersion.h

4.37   GCR_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implementation of the GCR algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int restart = -1

  Restart parameter for outer iterations - default = 20.
- int maxit = 0

  Maximum allowable outer iterations.
- int iter_outer = 0

  Number of outer iterations taken.
- int iter_inner = 0

  Number of inner iterations taken.
- int total_iter = 0

  Total number of iterations taken.
- bool breakdown = false

  Boolean to determine if a step has failed.
- double alpha

  Inner iteration step size.
- double beta

  Outer iteration step size.
- double tol_rel = 1e-6

  Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double tol_abs = 1e-6

  Absolute tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double res

  Absolute residual norm for linear system.
- double relres

  Relative residual norm for linear system.
- double relres_base

  Initial residual norm of the linear system.
- double bestres

  Best found residual norm of the linear system.
- bool Output = true

  True = print messages to the console.
- Matrix< double > x

  Current solution to the linear system.
- Matrix< double > bestx

  Best found solution to the linear system.
- Matrix< double > r

  Residual Vector.
- Matrix< double > c_temp

  Temporary c vector to be updated.
- Matrix< double > u_temp

  Temporary u vector to be updated.
- std::vector< Matrix< double > > u

  Vector span for updating x.
- std::vector< Matrix< double > > c

  Vector span for updating r.
- OPTRANS_DATA transpose_dat

  Data structure for Operator Transposition.

4.37.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the implementation of the GCR algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

C-style object used in conjunction with the Generalized Conjugate Residual (GCR) algorithm for solving a non-symmetric linear system of equations. When the linear system in question has a positive-definite-symmetric component to it, then this algorithm is equivalent to GMRESRP. However, it is generally less efficient than GMRESRP and can suffer breakdowns.

Definition at line 336 of file lark.h.

4.37.2 Member Data Documentation

4.37.2.1 double GCR_DATA::alpha

Inner iteration step size.

Definition at line 345 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.2 double GCR_DATA::bestres

Best found residual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 352 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.3 Matrix<double> GCR_DATA::bestx

Best found solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 357 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.4 double GCR_DATA::beta

Outer iteration step size.

Definition at line 346 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.5 bool GCR_DATA::breakdown = false

Boolean to determine if a step has failed.

Definition at line 343 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.6 std::vector<Matrix<double> > GCR_DATA::c

Vector span for updating r.

Definition at line 362 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.7 Matrix<double> GCR_DATA::c_temp

Temporary c vector to be updated.

Definition at line 359 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.8 int GCR_DATA::iter_inner = 0

Number of inner iterations taken.

Definition at line 341 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.9 int GCR_DATA::iter_outer = 0

Number of outer iterations taken.

Definition at line 340 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.10   int GCR_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable outer iterations.

Definition at line 339 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.11   bool GCR_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to the console.

Definition at line 354 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.12   Matrix$<$double$>$ GCR_DATA::r

Residual Vector.

Definition at line 358 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.13   double GCR_DATA::relres

Relative residual norm for linear system.

Definition at line 350 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.14   double GCR_DATA::relres_base

Initial residual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 351 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.15   double GCR_DATA::res

Absolute residual norm for linear system.

Definition at line 349 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.16   int GCR_DATA::restart = -1

Restart parameter for outer iterations - default = 20.

Definition at line 338 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.17   double GCR_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolute tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 348 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.18   double GCR_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 347 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.19   int GCR_DATA::total_iter = 0

Total number of iterations taken.

Definition at line 342 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.20   OPTRANS_DATA GCR_DATA::transpose_dat

Data structure for Operator Transposition.

Definition at line 364 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.21   std::vector<Matrix<double> > GCR_DATA::u

Vector span for updating x.

Definition at line 361 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.22   Matrix<double> GCR_DATA::u_temp

Temporary u vector to be updated.

Definition at line 360 of file lark.h.

4.37.2.23   Matrix<double> GCR_DATA::x

Current solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 356 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.38   GMRESLP_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for implementation of the Restarted GMRES algorithm with Left Preconditioning.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int restart = -1

  Restart parameter - default = min(vector_size,20)
- int maxit = 0

  Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(vector_size,1000)
- int iter = 0

  Number of iterations needed for convergence.
- int steps = 0

  Total number of gmres iterations and krylov iterations.
- double tol_rel = 1e-6

  Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double tol_abs = 1e-6

  Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double res

  Absolution redisual norm of the linear system.
- double relres

  Relative residual norm of the linear system.
- double relres_base

  Initial residual norm of the linear system.
- double bestres

  Best found residual norm of the linear system.
- bool Output = true

  True = print messages to console.
- Matrix< double > x

  Current solution to the linear system.
- Matrix< double > bestx

  Best found solution to the linear system.

- Matrix< double > r

    Residual vector for the linear system.
- ARNOLDI_DATA arnoldi_dat

    Data structure for the kyrlov subspace.

4.38.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for implementation of the Restarted GMRES algorithm with Left Preconditioning.

C-style object used in conjunction with Generalized Minimum RESidual Left-Precondtioned (GMRESLP) and Full Orthogonalization Method (FOM) algorithms to iteratively or directly solve a linear system of equations. When using with GMRESLP, you can only check/observe the linear residuals before a restart or after the Arnoldi space is constructed. This is because this object uses Left-side Preconditioning. A faster routine may be GMRESRP, which is able to construct residuals after each Arnoldi iteration.

Definition at line 147 of file lark.h.

4.38.2 Member Data Documentation

4.38.2.1 ARNOLDI_DATA GMRESLP_DATA::arnoldi_dat

Data structure for the kyrlov subspace.

Definition at line 167 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.2 double GMRESLP_DATA::bestres

Best found residual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 159 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.3 Matrix<double> GMRESLP_DATA::bestx

Best found solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 164 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.4 int GMRESLP_DATA::iter = 0

Number of iterations needed for convergence.

Definition at line 151 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.5 int GMRESLP_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(vector_size,1000)

Definition at line 150 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.6 bool GMRESLP_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to console.

Definition at line 161 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.7 Matrix<double> GMRESLP_DATA::r

Residual vector for the linear system.

Definition at line 165 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.8 double GMRESLP_DATA::relres

Relative residual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 157 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.9 double GMRESLP_DATA::relres_base

Initial residual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 158 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.10 double GMRESLP_DATA::res

Absolution redisual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 156 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.11 int GMRESLP_DATA::restart = -1

Restart parameter - default = min(vector_size,20)

Definition at line 149 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.12 int GMRESLP_DATA::steps = 0

Total number of gmres iterations and krylov iterations.

Definition at line 152 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.13 double GMRESLP_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 155 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.14 double GMRESLP_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 154 of file lark.h.

4.38.2.15 Matrix$<$double$>$ GMRESLP_DATA::x

Current solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 163 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.39 GMRESR_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implementation of GCR with Nested GMRES preconditioning (i.e., GMRESR)

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int gcr_restart = -1

    Number of GCR restarts (default = 20, max = N)
- int gcr_maxit = 0

    Number of GCR iterations.

- int gmres_restart = -1

    Number of GMRES restarts (max = 20)
- int gmres_maxit = 1

    Number of GMRES iterations (max = 5, default = 1)
- int N

    Dimension of the linear system.
- int total_iter

    Total GMRES and GCR iterations.
- int iter_outer

    Total GCR iterations.
- int iter_inner

    Total GMRES iterations.
- bool GCR_Output = true

    True = print GCR messages.
- bool GMRES_Output = false

    True = print GMRES messages.
- double gmres_tol = 0.1

    Tolerance relative to GCR iterations.
- double gcr_rel_tol = 1e-6

    Relative outer residual tolerance.
- double gcr_abs_tol = 1e-6

    Absolute outer residual tolerance.
- Matrix< double > arg

    Argument matrix passed between preconditioner and iterator.
- GCR_DATA gcr_dat

    Data structure for the outer GCR steps.
- GMRESRP_DATA gmres_dat

    Data structure for the inner GMRES steps.
- int(∗ matvec)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void ∗matvec_data)

    User supplied matrix-vector product function.
- int(∗ terminal_precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗precon_data)

    Optional user supplied terminal preconditioner.
- const void ∗ matvec_data

    Data structure for the user's matvec function.
- const void ∗ term_precon

    Data structure for the user's terminal preconditioner.

4.39.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the implementation of GCR with Nested GMRES preconditioning (i.e., GMRESR)

C-style object to be used in conjunction with the Generalized Minimum RESidual Recurive (GMRESR) algorithm. Although the name suggests that this method used GMRES recursively, what it is actually doing is nesting GMRE-SRP iterations inside the GCR method to form a preconditioner for GCR. The name GMRESR came from literature (Vorst and Vuik, "GMRESR: A family of nested GMRES methods", 1991).

Definition at line 373 of file lark.h.

4.39.2 Member Data Documentation

4.39.2.1 Matrix<double> GMRESR_DATA::arg

Argument matrix passed between preconditioner and iterator.

Definition at line 391 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.2   double GMRESR_DATA::gcr_abs_tol = 1e-6

Absolute outer residual tolerance.

Definition at line 389 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.3   GCR_DATA GMRESR_DATA::gcr_dat

Data structure for the outer GCR steps.

Definition at line 393 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.4   int GMRESR_DATA::gcr_maxit = 0

Number of GCR iterations.

Definition at line 376 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.5   bool GMRESR_DATA::GCR_Output = true

True = print GCR messages.

Definition at line 384 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.6   double GMRESR_DATA::gcr_rel_tol = 1e-6

Relative outer residual tolerance.

Definition at line 388 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.7   int GMRESR_DATA::gcr_restart = -1

Number of GCR restarts (default = 20, max = N)

Definition at line 375 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.8   GMRESRP_DATA GMRESR_DATA::gmres_dat

Data structure for the inner GMRES steps.

Definition at line 394 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.9   int GMRESR_DATA::gmres_maxit = 1

Number of GMRES iterations (max = 5, default = 1)

Definition at line 378 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.10   bool GMRESR_DATA::GMRES_Output = false

True = print GMRES messages.

Definition at line 385 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.11   int GMRESR_DATA::gmres_restart = -1

Number of GMRES restarts (max = 20)

Definition at line 377 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.12   double GMRESR_DATA::gmres_tol = 0.1

Tolerance relative to GCR iterations.

Definition at line 387 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.13   int GMRESR_DATA::iter_inner

Total GMRES iterations.

Definition at line 382 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.14   int GMRESR_DATA::iter_outer

Total GCR iterations.

Definition at line 381 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.15   int(∗ GMRESR_DATA::matvec)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void ∗matvec_data)

User supplied matrix-vector product function.

Definition at line 397 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.16   const void∗ GMRESR_DATA::matvec_data

Data structure for the user's matvec function.

Definition at line 401 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.17   int GMRESR_DATA::N

Dimension of the linear system.

Definition at line 379 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.18   const void∗ GMRESR_DATA::term_precon

Data structure for the user's terminal preconditioner.

Definition at line 402 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.19   int(∗ GMRESR_DATA::terminal_precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗precon_data)

Optional user supplied terminal preconditioner.

Definition at line 399 of file lark.h.

4.39.2.20   int GMRESR_DATA::total_iter

Total GMRES and GCR iterations.

Definition at line 380 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.40   GMRESRP_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the Restarted GMRES algorithm with Right Preconditioning.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int restart = -1

    Restart parameter - default = min(20,vector_size)
- int maxit = 0

Maximum allowable outer iterations.

- int iter_outer = 0

    Total number of outer iterations.

- int iter_inner = 0

    Total number of inner iterations.

- int iter_total = 0

    Total number of overall iterations.

- double tol_rel = 1e-6

    Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

- double tol_abs = 1e-6

    Absolute tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

- double res

    Absolute residual norm for linear system.

- double relres

    Relative residual norm for linear system.

- double relres_base

    Initial residual norm of the linear system.

- double bestres

    Best found residual norm of the linear system.

- bool Output = true

    True = print messages to console.

- Matrix< double > x

    Current solution to the linear system.

- Matrix< double > bestx

    Best found solution to the linear system.

- Matrix< double > r

    Residual vector for the linear system.

- std::vector< Matrix< double > > Vk

    (N x k) orthonormal vector basis

- std::vector< Matrix< double > > Zk

    (N x k) preconditioned vector set

- std::vector< std::vector
  < double > > H

    (k+1 x k) upper Hessenberg storage matrix

- std::vector< std::vector
  < double > > H_bar

    (k+1 x k) Factorized matrix

- std::vector< double > y

    (k x 1) Vector search direction

- std::vector< double > e0

    (k+1 x 1) Normalized vector with residual info

- std::vector< double > e0_bar

    (k+1 x 1) Factorized normal vector

- Matrix< double > w

    (N) x (1) interim result of the matrix_vector multiplication

- Matrix< double > v

    (N) x (1) holding cell for the column entries of Vk and other interims

- Matrix< double > sum

    (N) x (1) running sum of subspace vectors for use in altering w

4.40.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the Restarted GMRES algorithm with Right Preconditioning.

C-style object used in conjunction with Generalized Minimum RESidual Right Preconditioned (GMRESRP) algorithm to iteratively solve a linear system of equations. Unlike GMRESLP, the GMRESRP method is capable of checking linear residuals at both the inner and outer steps. As a result, this algorithm may terminate earlier than GMRESLP if it has found a suitable solution during one of the inner steps.

Definition at line 177 of file lark.h.

4.40.2 Member Data Documentation

4.40.2.1 double GMRESRP_DATA::bestres

Best found residual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 190 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.2 Matrix<double> GMRESRP_DATA::bestx

Best found solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 195 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.3 std::vector< double > GMRESRP_DATA::e0

(k+1 x 1) Normalized vector with residual info

Definition at line 203 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.4 std::vector< double > GMRESRP_DATA::e0_bar

(k+1 x 1) Factorized normal vector

Definition at line 204 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.5 std::vector< std::vector< double > > GMRESRP_DATA::H

(k+1 x k) upper Hessenberg storage matrix

Definition at line 200 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.6 std::vector< std::vector< double > > GMRESRP_DATA::H_bar

(k+1 x k) Factorized matrix

Definition at line 201 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.7 int GMRESRP_DATA::iter_inner = 0

Total number of inner iterations.

Definition at line 182 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.8 int GMRESRP_DATA::iter_outer = 0

Total number of outer iterations.

Definition at line 181 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.9 int GMRESRP_DATA::iter_total = 0

Total number of overall iterations.

Definition at line 183 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.10   int GMRESRP_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable outer iterations.

Definition at line 180 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.11   bool GMRESRP_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to console.

Definition at line 192 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.12   Matrix<double> GMRESRP_DATA::r

Residual vector for the linear system.

Definition at line 196 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.13   double GMRESRP_DATA::relres

Relative residual norm for linear system.

Definition at line 188 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.14   double GMRESRP_DATA::relres_base

Initial residual norm of the linear system.

Definition at line 189 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.15   double GMRESRP_DATA::res

Absolute residual norm for linear system.

Definition at line 187 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.16   int GMRESRP_DATA::restart = -1

Restart parameter - default = min(20,vector_size)

Definition at line 179 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.17   Matrix<double> GMRESRP_DATA::sum

(N) x (1) running sum of subspace vectors for use in altering w

Definition at line 208 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.18   double GMRESRP_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolute tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 186 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.19   double GMRESRP_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 185 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.20   Matrix<double> GMRESRP_DATA::v

(N) x (1) holding cell for the column entries of Vk and other interims

Definition at line 207 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.21 std::vector< Matrix<double> > GMRESRP_DATA::Vk

(N x k) orthonormal vector basis

Definition at line 198 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.22 Matrix<double> GMRESRP_DATA::w

(N) x (1) interim result of the matrix_vector multiplication

Definition at line 206 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.23 Matrix<double> GMRESRP_DATA::x

Current solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 194 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.24 std::vector< double > GMRESRP_DATA::y

(k x 1) Vector search direction

Definition at line 202 of file lark.h.

4.40.2.25 std::vector< Matrix<double> > GMRESRP_DATA::Zk

(N x k) preconditioned vector set

Definition at line 199 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.41 GPAST_DATA Struct Reference

GPAST Data Structure.

```
#include <magpie.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double x

    Adsorbed mole fraction.
- double y

    Gas phase mole fraction.
- double He

    Henry's Coefficient (mol/kg/kPa)
- double q

    Amount adsorbed for each component (mol/kg)
- std::vector< double > gama_inf

    Infinite dilution activities.
- double qo

    Pure component capacities (mol/kg)
- double PIo

    Pure component spreading pressures (mol/kg)
- std::vector< double > po

    Pure component reference state pressures (kPa)
- double poi

Reference state pressures solved for using Recover eval GPAST.

- bool present

    If true, then the component is present; if false, then the component is not present.

4.41.1 Detailed Description

GPAST Data Structure.

C-style object holding all parameter information associated with the Generalized Predictive Adsorbed Solution Theory (GPAST) system of equations. Each species in the gas phase will have one of these objects.

Definition at line 123 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2 Member Data Documentation

4.41.2.1 std::vector<double> GPAST_DATA::gama_inf

Infinite dilution activities.

Definition at line 129 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.2 double GPAST_DATA::He

Henry's Coefficient (mol/kg/kPa)

Definition at line 127 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.3 double GPAST_DATA::PIo

Pure component spreading pressures (mol/kg)

Definition at line 131 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.4 std::vector<double> GPAST_DATA::po

Pure component reference state pressures (kPa)

Definition at line 132 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.5 double GPAST_DATA::poi

Reference state pressures solved for using Recover eval GPAST.

Definition at line 133 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.6 bool GPAST_DATA::present

If true, then the component is present; if false, then the component is not present.

Definition at line 134 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.7 double GPAST_DATA::q

Amount adsorbed for each component (mol/kg)

Definition at line 128 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.8 double GPAST_DATA::qo

Pure component capacities (mol/kg)

Definition at line 130 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.9 double GPAST_DATA::x

Adsorbed mole fraction.

Definition at line 125 of file magpie.h.

4.41.2.10 double GPAST_DATA::y

Gas phase mole fraction.

Definition at line 126 of file magpie.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- magpie.h

4.42 GSTA_DATA Struct Reference

GSTA Data Structure.

```
#include <magpie.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double qmax

    Theoretical maximum capacity of adsorbate-adsorbent pair (mol/kg)

- int m

    Number of parameters in the GSTA isotherm.

- std::vector< double > dHo

    Enthalpies for each site (J/mol)

- std::vector< double > dSo

    Entropies for each site (J/(K∗mol))

4.42.1 Detailed Description

GSTA Data Structure.

C-style object holding all parameter information associated with the Generalized Statistical Thermodynamic Adsorption (GSTA) isotherm model. Each species in the gas phase will have one of these objects.

Definition at line 98 of file magpie.h.

4.42.2 Member Data Documentation

4.42.2.1 std::vector<double> GSTA_DATA::dHo

Enthalpies for each site (J/mol)

Definition at line 102 of file magpie.h.

4.42.2.2 std::vector<double> GSTA_DATA::dSo

Entropies for each site (J/(K∗mol))

Definition at line 103 of file magpie.h.

4.42.2.3 int GSTA_DATA::m

Number of parameters in the GSTA isotherm.

Definition at line 101 of file magpie.h.

4.42.2.4 double GSTA␣DATA::qmax

Theoretical maximum capacity of adsorbate-adsorbent pair (mol/kg)

Definition at line 100 of file magpie.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- magpie.h

4.43 HeatConductivity Class Reference

```
#include <HeatConductivity.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for HeatConductivity:

```
┌─────────────────┐
│     Kernel      │
└─────────────────┘
         ▲
         │
┌─────────────────┐
│ HeatConductivity │
└─────────────────┘
```
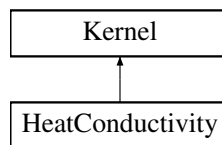
Public Member Functions

- HeatConductivity (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _conductivity
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _porosity

4.43.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 12 of file HeatConductivity.h.

4.43.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.43.2.1 HeatConductivity::HeatConductivity (const InputParameters & _parameters_)

4.43.3 Member Function Documentation

4.43.3.1 virtual Real HeatConductivity::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.43.3.2 virtual Real HeatConductivity::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.43.4 Member Data Documentation

4.43.4.1 const MaterialProperty<Real>& HeatConductivity::␣conductivity `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file HeatConductivity.h.

4.43.4.2   const MaterialProperty<**Real**>**& HeatConductivity::_porosity**   `[private]`

Definition at line 24 of file HeatConductivity.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- HeatConductivity.h

4.44   KMS_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implemenation of the Krylov Multi-Space (KMS) Method.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int level = 0

    Current level in the recursion.
- int max_level = 0

    Maximum allowable recursion levels (Default = 0 -> GMRES, Max = 5)
- int restart = -1

    Restart parameter for the outer iterates (Default = 20, Max = N)
- int maxit = 0

    Maximum allowable iterations for the outer steps.
- int inner_iter = 0

    Number of inner steps taken.
- int outer_iter = 0

    Number of outer steps taken.
- int total_iter = 0

    Total number of iterations in all steps.
- double outer_reltol = 1e-6

    Relative residual tolerance for outer steps (Default = 1e-6)
- double outer_abstol = 1e-6

    Absolute residual tolerance for outer steps (Default = 1e-6)
- double inner_reltol = 0.1

    Residual tolerance for inner steps made relative to outer steps (Default = 0.1)
- bool Output_out = true

    True = Print the outer steps residuals.
- bool Output_in = false

    True = Print the inner steps residuals.
- GMRESRP_DATA gmres_out

    Data structure for the outer steps.
- std::vector< GMRESRP_DATA > gmres_in

    Data structures for each recursion level.
- int(∗ matvec)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void ∗matvec_data)

    User supplied matrix-vector product function.
- int(∗ terminal_precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗precon_data)

    Optional user supplied terminal preconditioner.
- const void ∗ matvec_data

    Data structure for the user's matvec function.
- const void ∗ term_precon

    Data structure for the user's terminal preconditioner.

4.44.1   Detailed Description

Data structure for the implemenation of the Krylov Multi-Space (KMS) Method.

C-style object to be used in conjunction with the Krylov Multi-Space (KMS) Algorithm to iteratively solve non-symmetric, indefinite linear systems. This method was inspired by the Flexible GMRES (FGMRES) and Recursive GMRES (GMRESR) methods proposed by Saad (1993) and Vorst and Vuik (1991), respectively. The idea behind this method is to recursively call FGMRES to solve a linear system with pregressively smaller Krylov Subspaces built by a Right-Preconditioned GMRES algorithm. Thus creating a "V-cycle" of iteration similar to that seen in Multi-Grid algorithms.

Definition at line 413 of file lark.h.

4.44.2   Member Data Documentation

4.44.2.1   std::vector<**GMRESRP_DATA**> KMS_DATA::gmres_in

Data structures for each recursion level.

Definition at line 431 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.2   GMRESRP_DATA KMS_DATA::gmres_out

Data structure for the outer steps.

Definition at line 430 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.3   int KMS_DATA::inner_iter = 0

Number of inner steps taken.

Definition at line 419 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.4   double KMS_DATA::inner_reltol = 0.1

Residual tolerance for inner steps made relative to outer steps (Default = 0.1)

Definition at line 425 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.5   int KMS_DATA::level = 0

Current level in the recursion.

Definition at line 415 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.6   int(∗ KMS_DATA::matvec)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void ∗matvec_data)

User supplied matrix-vector product function.

Definition at line 434 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.7   const void∗ KMS_DATA::matvec_data

Data structure for the user's matvec function.

Definition at line 438 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.8   int KMS_DATA::max_level = 0

Maximum allowable recursion levels (Default = 0 -> GMRES, Max = 5)

Definition at line 416 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.9   int KMS_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable iterations for the outer steps.

Definition at line 418 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.10   double KMS_DATA::outer_abstol = 1e-6

Absolute residual tolerance for outer steps (Default = 1e-6)

Definition at line 424 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.11   int KMS_DATA::outer_iter = 0

Number of outer steps taken.

Definition at line 420 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.12   double KMS_DATA::outer_reltol = 1e-6

Relative residual tolerance for outer steps (Default = 1e-6)

Definition at line 423 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.13   bool KMS_DATA::Output_in = false

True = Print the inner steps residuals.

Definition at line 428 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.14   bool KMS_DATA::Output_out = true

True = Print the outer steps residuals.

Definition at line 427 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.15   int KMS_DATA::restart = -1

Restart parameter for the outer iterates (Default = 20, Max = N)

Definition at line 417 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.16   const void∗ KMS_DATA::term_precon

Data structure for the user's terminal preconditioner.

Definition at line 439 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.17   int(∗ KMS_DATA::terminal_precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗precon_data)

Optional user supplied terminal preconditioner.

Definition at line 436 of file lark.h.

4.44.2.18   int KMS_DATA::total_iter = 0

Total number of iterations in all steps.

Definition at line 421 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.45 LinearDrivingForce Class Reference

`#include <LinearDrivingForce.h>`

Inheritance diagram for LinearDrivingForce:

```
┌─────────────────┐
│     Kernel      │
└─────────────────┘
         ▲
         │
┌─────────────────┐
│ LinearDrivingForce │
└─────────────────┘
```
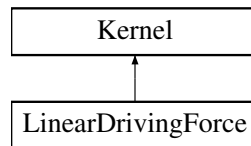
Public Member Functions

- LinearDrivingForce (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- bool _gaining
- Real _coef
- Real _driving_value
- VariableValue & _var

4.45.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 11 of file LinearDrivingForce.h.

4.45.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.45.2.1 LinearDrivingForce::LinearDrivingForce (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.45.3 Member Function Documentation

4.45.3.1 virtual Real LinearDrivingForce::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.45.3.2 virtual Real LinearDrivingForce::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.45.4 Member Data Documentation

4.45.4.1 Real LinearDrivingForce::_coef `[private]`

Definition at line 22 of file LinearDrivingForce.h.

4.45.4.2 Real LinearDrivingForce::_driving_value `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file LinearDrivingForce.h.

4.45.4.3 bool LinearDrivingForce::_gaining `[private]`

Definition at line 21 of file LinearDrivingForce.h.

4.45.4.4   VariableValue& LinearDrivingForce::_var `[private]`

Definition at line 24 of file LinearDrivingForce.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- LinearDrivingForce.h

4.46   MAGPIE_Adsorption Class Reference

Magpie Adsorption class inherits from AuxKernel.

`#include <MAGPIE_Adsorption.h>`

Inheritance diagram for MAGPIE_Adsorption:

Public Member Functions

- MAGPIE_Adsorption (const InputParameters &parameters)
    Standard MOOSE public constructor.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeValue ()
    Required MOOSE function override.

Private Attributes

- unsigned int _index
    Index of the gaseous species to calculate equilibria for.
- const MaterialProperty
    < MAGPIE_DATA > & _magpie_dat
    Material Property holding the MAGPIE data structure.

4.46.1   Detailed Description

Magpie Adsorption class inherits from AuxKernel.

This class object creates an AuxKernel for use in the MOOSE framework. The AuxKernel will calculate the adsorption equilibria for a given species in the gas phase based on parameters, variables, and constants set in the MAGPIE object. Those values include temperature, pressure, concentration, and associated equilibrium energy constants. The return value is the adsorption equilibrium value in mol/kg.

Definition at line 63 of file MAGPIE_Adsorption.h.

4.46.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.46.2.1   MAGPIE_Adsorption::MAGPIE_Adsorption (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Standard MOOSE public constructor.

4.46.3 Member Function Documentation

4.46.3.1 virtual Real MAGPIE_Adsorption::computeValue ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required MOOSE function override.

This is the function that is called by the MOOSE framework when a calculation of the AuxVariable is needed. You are required to override this function for any inherited AuxKernel.

4.46.4 Member Data Documentation

4.46.4.1 unsigned int MAGPIE_Adsorption::_index `[private]`

Index of the gaseous species to calculate equilibria for.

Definition at line 76 of file MAGPIE_Adsorption.h.

4.46.4.2 const MaterialProperty$<$ MAGPIE_DATA $>$& MAGPIE_Adsorption::_magpie_dat `[private]`

Material Property holding the MAGPIE data structure.

Definition at line 77 of file MAGPIE_Adsorption.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- MAGPIE_Adsorption.h

4.47 MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat Class Reference

Magpie Adsorption Heat class inherits from AuxKernel.

`#include <MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat.h>`

Inheritance diagram for MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat:
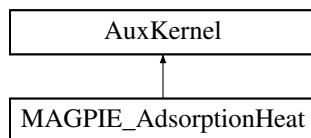
Public Member Functions

- MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat (const InputParameters &parameters)
    Standard MOOSE public constructor.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeValue ()
    Required MOOSE function override.

Private Attributes

- unsigned int _index
    Index of the gaseous species to calculate adsorbtion heat for.
- const MaterialProperty
  $<$ MAGPIE_DATA $>$ & _magpie_dat

Material Property holding the MAGPIE data structure.

- VariableValue & _solid_conc

Reference to the adsorbed amount of the given species (AuxVariable)

4.47.1 Detailed Description

Magpie Adsorption Heat class inherits from AuxKernel.

This class object creates an AuxKernel for use in the MOOSE framework. The AuxKernel will calculate the heat of adsorption for a given species in the gas phase based on parameters, variables, and constants set in the MAGPIE object. Those values include temperature, pressure, concentration, and associated equilibrium energy constants. The return value is the heat of adsorption value in J/kg.

Definition at line 63 of file MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat.h.

4.47.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.47.2.1 MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat::MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Standard MOOSE public constructor.

4.47.3 Member Function Documentation

4.47.3.1 virtual Real MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat::computeValue ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required MOOSE function override.

This is the function that is called by the MOOSE framework when a calculation of the AuxVariable is needed. You are required to override this function for any inherited AuxKernel.

4.47.4 Member Data Documentation

4.47.4.1 unsigned int MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat::_index `[private]`

Index of the gaseous species to calculate adsorbtion heat for.

Definition at line 76 of file MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat.h.

4.47.4.2 const MaterialProperty< MAGPIE_DATA >& MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat::_magpie_dat `[private]`

Material Property holding the MAGPIE data structure.

Definition at line 77 of file MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat.h.

4.47.4.3 VariableValue& MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat::_solid_conc `[private]`

Reference to the adsorbed amount of the given species (AuxVariable)

Definition at line 78 of file MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat.h

4.48 MAGPIE_DATA Struct Reference

MAGPIE Data Structure.

```
#include <magpie.h>
```

Public Attributes

- std::vector< GSTA_DATA > gsta_dat
- std::vector< mSPD_DATA > mspd_dat
- std::vector< GPAST_DATA > gpast_dat
- SYSTEM_DATA sys_dat

4.48.1 Detailed Description

MAGPIE Data Structure.

C-style object holding all information necessary to run a MAGPIE simulation. This is the data structure that will be used in other sub-routines when a mixed gas adsorption simulation needs to be run.

Definition at line 164 of file magpie.h.

4.48.2 Member Data Documentation

4.48.2.1 std::vector<GPAST_DATA> MAGPIE_DATA::gpast_dat

Definition at line 168 of file magpie.h.

4.48.2.2 std::vector<GSTA_DATA> MAGPIE_DATA::gsta_dat

Definition at line 166 of file magpie.h.

4.48.2.3 std::vector<mSPD_DATA> MAGPIE_DATA::mspd_dat

Definition at line 167 of file magpie.h.

4.48.2.4 SYSTEM_DATA MAGPIE_DATA::sys_dat

Definition at line 169 of file magpie.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- magpie.h

4.49 MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation Class Reference

`#include <MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation.h>`

Inheritance diagram for MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation:
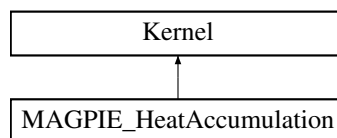
Public Member Functions

- MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _porosity
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & _pellet_density
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > _solid_heat
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > _solid_heat_old

4.49.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 19 of file MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation.h.

4.49.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.49.2.1 MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation::MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.49.3 Member Function Documentation

4.49.3.1 virtual Real MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.49.3.2 virtual Real MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.49.4 Member Data Documentation

4.49.4.1 const MaterialProperty<Real>& MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation::_pellet_density `[private]`

Definition at line 31 of file MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation.h.

4.49.4.2 const MaterialProperty<Real>& MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation::_porosity `[private]`

Definition at line 30 of file MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation.h.

4.49.4.3 std::vector<VariableValue ∗> MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation::_solid_heat `[private]`

Definition at line 32 of file MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation.h.

4.49.4.4 std::vector<VariableValue ∗> MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation::_solid_heat_old `[private]`

Definition at line 33 of file MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation.h

4.50 MAGPIE_Perturbation Class Reference

Magpie Perturbation class inherits from AuxKernel.

`#include <MAGPIE_Perturbation.h>`

Inheritance diagram for MAGPIE_Perturbation:
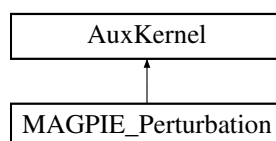
Public Member Functions

- MAGPIE_Perturbation (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Standard MOOSE public constructor.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeValue ()

    Required MOOSE function override.

Private Attributes

- unsigned int _index

    Index of the gaseous species to calculate equilibria for.
- const MaterialProperty
    < MAGPIE_DATA > & _magpie_dat

    Material Property holding the MAGPIE data structure.

4.50.1   Detailed Description

Magpie Perturbation class inherits from AuxKernel.

This class object creates an AuxKernel for use in the MOOSE framework. The AuxKernel will calculate the perturbed equilibria for a given species in the gas phase based on parameters, variables, and constants set in the MAGPIE object. Those values include temperature, pressure, concentration, and associated equilibrium energy constants. The return value is the adsorption perturbation value in mol/kg.

Definition at line 72 of file MAGPIE_Perturbation.h.

4.50.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.50.2.1   MAGPIE_Perturbation::MAGPIE_Perturbation (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Standard MOOSE public constructor.

4.50.3   Member Function Documentation

4.50.3.1   virtual Real MAGPIE_Perturbation::computeValue ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required MOOSE function override.

This is the function that is called by the MOOSE framework when a calculation of the AuxVariable is needed. You are required to override this function for any inherited AuxKernel.

4.50.4   Member Data Documentation

4.50.4.1   unsigned int MAGPIE_Perturbation::_index `[private]`

Index of the gaseous species to calculate equilibria for.

Definition at line 85 of file MAGPIE_Perturbation.h.

4.50.4.2 const MaterialProperty< MAGPIE_DATA >& MAGPIE_Perturbation::_magpie_dat `[private]`

Material Property holding the MAGPIE data structure.

Definition at line 86 of file MAGPIE_Perturbation.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- MAGPIE_Perturbation.h

4.51 MagpieAdsorbateProperties Class Reference

MagpieAdsorbateProperties class object inherits from Material object.

`#include <MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h>`

Inheritance diagram for MagpieAdsorbateProperties:
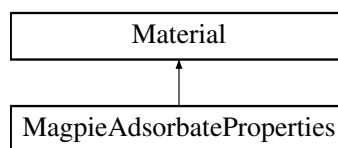
Public Member Functions

- MagpieAdsorbateProperties (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual void computeQpProperties ()

    Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

Private Attributes

- std::vector< unsigned int > _index

    Indices for the gas species in the system.
- VariableValue & _temperature

    Reference to the coupled column temperature.
- VariableValue & _total_pressure

    Reference to the coupled column pressure.
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > _gas_conc

    Pointer list to the coupled gases.
- std::vector< int > _num_sites

    List of the number of sites each gas species' isotherm contains.
- std::vector< Real > _max_capacity

    List of the maximum adsorption capacities of each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _molar_volume

    List of the van der Waal's molar volumes of each species.
- std::vector< Real > _enthalpy_1

    List of the site 1 enthalpies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _enthalpy_2

    List of the site 2 enthalpies for each gas species.

- std::vector< Real > _enthalpy_3

    List of the site 3 enthalpies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _enthalpy_4

    List of the site 4 enthalpies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _enthalpy_5

    List of the site 5 enthalpies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _enthalpy_6

    List of the site 6 enthalpies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _entropy_1

    List of the site 1 entropies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _entropy_2

    List of the site 2 entropies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _entropy_3

    List of the site 3 entropies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _entropy_4

    List of the site 4 entropies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _entropy_5

    List of the site 5 entropies for each gas species.
- std::vector< Real > _entropy_6

    List of the site 6 entropies for each gas species.
- MaterialProperty< MAGPIE_DATA > & _magpie_dat

    MaterialProperty object to hold the MAGPIE_DATA structure and all relavent information.

4.51.1 Detailed Description

MagpieAdsorbateProperties class object inherits from Material object.

This class object inherits from the Material object in the MOOSE framework. All public and protected members of this class are required function overrides. The object will set up the MAGPIE_DATA structure (see magpie.h) based on user provied input from the input file. That information will be used to estimate the adsorption of each species in the system based on temperature, pressure, and concentrations of each species.

Note

The GSTA isotherm model for each species allows upto 6 energetically distinct adsorption sites. If those sites are not used by a particular species, then those energies should be left as zeros in the input files and the number of relavent sites for each species needs to be recorded in the input file. Each species is allowed to have a different number of adsorption sites in a particular adsorbent.

Definition at line 62 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.51.2.1 MagpieAdsorbateProperties::MagpieAdsorbateProperties (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Required constructor for objects in MOOSE.

4.51.3 Member Function Documentation

4.51.3.1 virtual void MagpieAdsorbateProperties::computeQpProperties ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required function override for Material objects in MOOSE.

This function computes the material properties when they are needed by other MOOSE objects.

4.51.4 Member Data Documentation

4.51.4.1 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_enthalpy_1 `[private]`

List of the site 1 enthalpies for each gas species.

Definition at line 84 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.2 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_enthalpy_2 `[private]`

List of the site 2 enthalpies for each gas species.

Definition at line 85 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.3 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_enthalpy_3 `[private]`

List of the site 3 enthalpies for each gas species.

Definition at line 86 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.4 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_enthalpy_4 `[private]`

List of the site 4 enthalpies for each gas species.

Definition at line 87 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.5 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_enthalpy_5 `[private]`

List of the site 5 enthalpies for each gas species.

Definition at line 88 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.6 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_enthalpy_6 `[private]`

List of the site 6 enthalpies for each gas species.

Definition at line 89 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.7 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_entropy_1 `[private]`

List of the site 1 entropies for each gas species.

Definition at line 91 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.8 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_entropy_2 `[private]`

List of the site 2 entropies for each gas species.

Definition at line 92 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.9 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_entropy_3 `[private]`

List of the site 3 entropies for each gas species.

Definition at line 93 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.10 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_entropy_4 `[private]`

List of the site 4 entropies for each gas species.

Definition at line 94 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.11 std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_entropy_5 `[private]`

List of the site 5 entropies for each gas species.

Definition at line 95 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.12 **std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_entropy_6** `[private]`

List of the site 6 entropies for each gas species.

Definition at line 96 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.13 **std::vector<VariableValue ∗> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_gas_conc** `[private]`

Pointer list to the coupled gases.

Definition at line 78 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.14 **std::vector<unsigned int> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_index** `[private]`

Indices for the gas species in the system.

Definition at line 75 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.15 **MaterialProperty< MAGPIE_DATA >& MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_magpie_dat** `[private]`

MaterialProperty object to hold the MAGPIE_DATA structure and all relavent information.

This is the object that needs to interface with the MAGPIE functions in order to solve for variable information such as adsorption capacities, mixed gas adsorption equilibria, and heats of adsorption.

Definition at line 102 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.16 **std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_max_capacity** `[private]`

List of the maximum adsorption capacities of each gas species.

Definition at line 81 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.17 **std::vector<Real> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_molar_volume** `[private]`

List of the van der Waal's molar volumes of each species.

Definition at line 82 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.18 **std::vector<int> MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_num_sites** `[private]`

List of the number of sites each gas species' isotherm contains.

Definition at line 80 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.19 **VariableValue& MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_temperature** `[private]`

Reference to the coupled column temperature.

Definition at line 76 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

4.51.4.20 **VariableValue& MagpieAdsorbateProperties::_total_pressure** `[private]`

Reference to the coupled column pressure.

Definition at line 77 of file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h

4.52 Matrix< T > Class Template Reference

Templated C++ Matrix Class Object (click Matrix to go to function definitions)

```
#include <macaw.h>
```

Public Member Functions

- Matrix (int rows, int columns)

    Constructor for matrix with given number of rows and columns.
- T & operator() (int i, int j)

    Access operator for the matrix element at row i and column j (e.g., aij = A(i,j))
- T operator() (int i, int j) const

    Constant access operator for the the matrix element at row i and column j.
- Matrix (const Matrix &M)

    Copy constructor for constructing a matrix as a copy of another matrix.
- Matrix & operator= (const Matrix &M)

    Equals operator for setting one matrix equal to another matrix.
- Matrix ()

    Default constructor for creating an empty matrix.
- ∼Matrix ()

    Default destructor for clearing out memory.
- void set_size (int i, int j)

    Function to set/change the size of a matrix to i rows and j columns.
- void zeros ()

    Function to set/change all values in a matrix to zeros.
- void edit (int i, int j, T value)

    Function to set/change the element of a matrix at row i and column j to given value.
- int rows ()

    Function to return the number of rows in a given matrix.
- int columns ()

    Function to return the number of columns in a matrix.
- T determinate ()

    Function to compute the determinate of a matrix and return that value.
- T norm ()

    Function to compute the L2-norm of a matrix and return that value.
- T sum ()

    Function to compute the sum of all elements in a matrix and return that value.
- T inner_product (const Matrix &x)

    Function to compute the inner product between this matrix and matrix x.
- Matrix & cofactor (const Matrix &M)

    Function to convert this matrix to a cofactor matrix of the given matrix M.
- Matrix operator+ (const Matrix &M)

    Operator to add this matrix and matrix M and return the new matrix result.
- Matrix operator- (const Matrix &M)

    Operator to subtract this matrix and matrix M and return the new matrix result.
- Matrix operator∗ (const T)

    Operator to multiply this matrix by a scalar T return the new matrix result.
- Matrix operator/ (const T)

    Operator to divide this matrix by a scalar T and return the new matrix result.
- Matrix operator∗ (const Matrix &M)

    Operator to multiply this matrix and matrix M and return the new matrix result.
- Matrix & transpose (const Matrix &M)

    Function to convert this matrix to the transpose of the given matrix M.
- Matrix & transpose_multiply (const Matrix &MT, const Matrix &v)

    Function to convert this matrix into the result of the given matrix M transposed and multiplied by the other given matrix v.

- **Matrix** & adjoint (const **Matrix** &M)

    Function to convert this matrix to the adjoint of the given matrix.
- **Matrix** & inverse (const **Matrix** &M)

    Function to convert this matrix to the inverse of the given matrix.
- void Display (const std::string Name)

    Function to display the contents of this matrix given a Name for the matrix.
- **Matrix** & tridiagonalSolve (const **Matrix** &A, const **Matrix** &b)

    Function to solve Ax=b for x if A is symmetric, tridiagonal (this->x)
- **Matrix** & ladshawSolve (const **Matrix** &A, const **Matrix** &d)

    Function to solve Ax=d for x if A is non-symmetric, tridiagonal (this->x)
- **Matrix** & tridiagonalFill (const T A, const T B, const T C, bool Spherical)

    Function to fill in this matrix with coefficients A, B, and C to form a tridiagonal matrix.
- **Matrix** & naturalLaplacian3D (int m)

    Function to fill out this matrix with coefficients from a 3D Laplacian function.
- **Matrix** & sphericalBCFill (int node, const T coeff, T variable)

    Function to fill out a column matrix with spherical specific boundary conditions.
- **Matrix** & ConstantICFill (const T IC)

    Function to set all values in a column matrix to a given constant.
- **Matrix** & SolnTransform (const **Matrix** &A, bool Forward)

    Function to transform the values in a column matrix from cartesian to spherical coordinates.
- T sphericalAvg (double radius, double dr, double bound, bool Dirichlet)

    Function to compute a spatial average of this column matrix in spherical coordinates.
- T IntegralAvg (double radius, double dr, double bound, bool Dirichlet)

    Function to compute a spatial average of this column matrix in spherical coordinates.
- T IntegralTotal (double dr, double bound, bool Dirichlet)

    Function to compute a spatial total of this column matrix in spherical coordinates.
- **Matrix** & tridiagonalVectorFill (const std::vector< T > &A, const std::vector< T > &B, const std::vector< T > &C)

    Function to fill in this matrix, in tridiagonal fashion, using the vectors of coefficients.
- **Matrix** & columnVectorFill (const std::vector< T > &A)

    Function to fill in a column matrix with the values of the given vector object.
- **Matrix** & columnProjection (const **Matrix** &b, const **Matrix** &b_old, const double dt, const double dt_old)

    Function to project a column matrix solution in time based on older state vectors.
- **Matrix** & dirichletBCFill (int node, const T coeff, T variable)

    Function to fill in a column matrix with all zeros except at the given node.
- **Matrix** & diagonalSolve (const **Matrix** &D, const **Matrix** &v)

    Function to solve the system Dx=v for x given that D is diagonal (this->x)
- **Matrix** & upperTriangularSolve (const **Matrix** &U, const **Matrix** &v)

    Function to solve the system Ux=v for x given that U is upper Triagular (this->x)
- **Matrix** & lowerTriangularSolve (const **Matrix** &L, const **Matrix** &v)

    Function to solve the system Lx=v for x given that L is lower Triagular (this->x)
- **Matrix** & upperHessenberg2Triangular (**Matrix** &b)

    Function to convert this square matrix to upper Triangular (assuming this is upper Hessenberg)
- **Matrix** & lowerHessenberg2Triangular (**Matrix** &b)

    Function to convert this square matrix to lower Triangular (assuming this is lower Hessenberg)
- **Matrix** & upperHessenbergSolve (const **Matrix** &H, const **Matrix** &v)

    Function to solve the system Hx=v for x given that H is upper Hessenberg (this->x)
- **Matrix** & lowerHessenbergSolve (const **Matrix** &H, const **Matrix** &v)

    Function to solve the system Hx=v for x given that H is lower Hessenberg (this->x)
- **Matrix** & columnExtract (int j, const **Matrix** &M)

    Function to set this column matrix to the jth column of the given matrix M.

- • [Matrix](#) & [rowExtract](#) (int i, const [Matrix](#) &M)

    Function to set this row matrix to the ith row of the given matrix M.
- • [Matrix](#) & [columnReplace](#) (int j, const [Matrix](#) &v)

    Function to this matrices' jth column with the given column matrix v.
- • [Matrix](#) & [rowReplace](#) (int i, const [Matrix](#) &v)

    Function to this matrices' ith row with the given row matrix v.
- • void [rowShrink](#) ()

    Function to delete the last row of this matrix.
- • void [columnShrink](#) ()

    Function to delete the last column of this matrix.
- • void [rowExtend](#) (const [Matrix](#) &v)

    Function to add the row matrix v to the end of this matrix.
- • void [columnExtend](#) (const [Matrix](#) &v)

    Function to add the column matrix v to the end of this matrix.

Protected Attributes

- • int [num_rows](#)

    Number of rows of the matrix.
- • int [num_cols](#)

    Number of columns of the matrix.
- • std::vector< T > [Data](#)

    Storage vector for the elements of the matrix.

4.52.1 Detailed Description

template<**class T**>**class Matrix**< **T** >

Templated C++ [Matrix](#) Class Object (click [Matrix](#) to go to function definitions)

C++ templated class object containing many different functions, actions, and solver routines associated with Dense Matrices. Operator overloads are also provided to give the user a more natural way of operating matrices on other matrices or scalars. These operator overloads are especially useful for reducing the amount of code needed to be written when working with matrix-based problems.

Definition at line 53 of file macaw.h.

4.52.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.52.2.1 template<class T > Matrix< T >::Matrix (int *rows,* int *columns*)

Constructor for matrix with given number of rows and columns.

Definition at line 208 of file macaw.h.

4.52.2.2 template<class T > Matrix< T >::Matrix (const Matrix< T > & *M*)

Copy constructor for constructing a matrix as a copy of another matrix.

Definition at line 247 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix< T >::Data, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.2.3   template<class T > Matrix< T >::Matrix ( )

Default constructor for creating an empty matrix.

Definition at line 292 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.2.4   template<class T > Matrix< T >::∼Matrix ( )

Default destructor for clearing out memory.

Definition at line 302 of file macaw.h.

4.52.3   Member Function Documentation

4.52.3.1   template<class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::adjoint (const Matrix< T > & *M*)

Function to convert this matrix to the adjoint of the given matrix.

Definition at line 734 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, mError, non_square_matrix, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.2   template<class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::cofactor (const Matrix< T > & *M*)

Function to convert this matrix to a cofactor matrix of the given matrix M.

Definition at line 489 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, Matrix< T >::Data, Matrix< T >::determinate(), mError, non_square_matrix, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.3   template<class T > void Matrix< T >::columnExtend (const Matrix< T > & *v*)

Function to add the column matrix v to the end of this matrix.

Definition at line 1774 of file macaw.h.

References matvec_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.4   template<class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::columnExtract (int *j,* const Matrix< T > & *M*)

Function to set this column matrix to the jth column of the given matrix M.

Definition at line 1644 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, mError, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.5   template<class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::columnProjection (const Matrix< T > & *b,* const Matrix< T > & *b_old,* const double *dt,* const double *dt_old*)

Function to project a column matrix solution in time based on older state vectors.

This function is used in finch.h to form Matrix u_star. It uses the size of the current step and old step, dt and dt_old respectively, to form an approximation for the next state. The current state and olde state of the variables are passed as b and b_old respectively.

Definition at line 1344 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.6   template<class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::columnReplace (int *j,* const Matrix< T > & *v*)

Function to this matrices' jth column with the given column matrix v.

Definition at line 1686 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, matvec_mis_match, mError, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows.

4.52.3.7   template$<$class T $>$ int Matrix$<$ T $>$::columns (   )

Function to return the number of columns in a matrix.

Definition at line 351 of file macaw.h.

4.52.3.8   template$<$class T $>$ void Matrix$<$ T $>$::columnShrink (   )

Function to delete the last column of this matrix.

Definition at line 1741 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::Data, Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows.

4.52.3.9   template$<$class T$>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ & Matrix$<$ T $>$::columnVectorFill (const std::vector$<$ T $>$ & *A*)

Function to fill in a column matrix with the values of the given vector object.

Definition at line 1322 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, matvec_mis_match, and mError.

4.52.3.10   template$<$class T$>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ & Matrix$<$ T $>$::ConstantICFill (const T *IC*)

Function to set all values in a column matrix to a given constant.

Definition at line 1134 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, and mError.

4.52.3.11   template$<$class T $>$ T Matrix$<$ T $>$::determinate (   )

Function to compute the determinate of a matrix and return that value.

Definition at line 358 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::Data, Matrix$<$ T $>$::determinate(), mError, non_square_matrix, Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows.

Referenced by Matrix$<$ T $>$::cofactor(), Matrix$<$ T $>$::determinate(), and Matrix$<$ T $>$::inverse().

4.52.3.12   template$<$class T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ & Matrix$<$ T $>$::diagonalSolve (const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *D,* const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *v*)

Function to solve the system Dx=v for x given that D is diagonal (this-$>$x)

Definition at line 1395 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols, Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows, and singular_matrix.

4.52.3.13   template$<$class T$>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ & Matrix$<$ T $>$::dirichletBCFill (int *node,* const T *coeff,* T *variable*)

Function to fill in a column matrix with all zeros except at the given node.

Similar to sphericalBCFill, this function will set the values of all elements in the column matrix to zero except at the given node, where the value is set to the product of coeff and variable. This is often used to set BCs in finch.h or other related files/simulations.

Definition at line 1369 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, and mError.

4.52.3.14   template$<$class T $>$ void Matrix$<$ T $>$::Display (const std::string *Name*)

Function to display the contents of this matrix given a Name for the matrix.

Definition at line 782 of file macaw.h.

References empty_matrix, and mError.

4.52.3.15   template<class T> void Matrix< T >::edit (int *i,* int *j,* T *value*)

Function to set/change the element of a matrix at row i and column j to given value.

Definition at line 332 of file macaw.h.

References mError, Matrix< T >::operator()(), and out_of_bounds.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::lowerHessenberg2Triangular(), Matrix< T >::operator∗(), and Matrix< T >::upper-Hessenberg2Triangular().

4.52.3.16   template<class T > T Matrix< T >::inner_product (const Matrix< T > & *x*)

Function to compute the inner product between this matrix and matrix x.

Definition at line 463 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.17   template<class T > T Matrix< T >::IntegralAvg (double *radius,* double *dr,* double *bound,* bool *Dirichlet*)

Function to compute a spatial average of this column matrix in spherical coordinates.

This function is used to compute an average value of a variable, represented in this column matrix, by integrating over the domain of the sphere. (Assumes you DO NOT have variable value at center node)

Parameters

radius	radius of the sphere
dr	space between each node
bound	value of the variable at the boundary
Dirichlet	True if problem has a Dirichlet BC, False if Neumann

Definition at line 1182 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, mError, and qo().

4.52.3.18   template<class T > T Matrix< T >::IntegralTotal (double *dr,* double *bound,* bool *Dirichlet*)

Function to compute a spatial total of this column matrix in spherical coordinates.

This function is used to compute an average value of a variable, represented in this column matrix, by integrating over the domain of the sphere. (Assumes you DO NOT have variable value at center node)

Parameters

dr	space between each node
bound	value of the variable at the boundary
Dirichlet	True if problem has a Dirichlet BC, False if Neumann

Definition at line 1242 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, M_PI, mError, and qo().

4.52.3.19   template<class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::inverse (const Matrix< T > & *M*)

Function to convert this matrix to the inverse of the given matrix.

Definition at line 756 of file macaw.h.

References A, arg_matrix_same, Matrix< T >::Data, Matrix< T >::determinate(), mError, non_square_matrix, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.20 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::ladshawSolve (const Matrix< T > & A, const Matrix< T > & d)

Function to solve Ax=d for x if A is non-symmetric, tridiagonal (this->x)

Definition at line 876 of file macaw.h.

References A, arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, Matrix< T >::num_rows, singular_matrix, and unstable_matrix.

4.52.3.21 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::lowerHessenberg2Triangular (Matrix< T > & b)

Function to convert this square matrix to lower Triangular (assuming this is lower Hessenberg)

During this transformation, a column vector (b) is also being transformed to represent the BCs in a linear system. This algorithm uses Givens Rotations to efficiently convert the lower Hessenberg matrix to an lower triangular matrix.

Definition at line 1561 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, Matrix< T >::edit(), matrix_too_small, mError, Matrix< T >::num-_cols, Matrix< T >::num_rows, and singular_matrix.

4.52.3.22 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::lowerHessenbergSolve (const Matrix< T > & H, const Matrix< T > & v)

Function to solve the system Hx=v for x given that H is lower Hessenberg (this->x)

Definition at line 1627 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, Matrix< T >::Data, and mError.

4.52.3.23 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::lowerTriangularSolve (const Matrix< T > & L, const Matrix< T > & v)

Function to solve the system Lx=v for x given that L is lower Triagular (this->x)

Definition at line 1471 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, Matrix< T >::num_rows, and singular_matrix.

4.52.3.24 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::naturalLaplacian3D (int m)

Function to fill out this matrix with coefficients from a 3D Laplacian function.

This function will fill out the coefficients of the matrix with the coefficients that stem from discretizing a 3D Laplacian on a natural grid with 2nd order finite differences.

Definition at line 1031 of file macaw.h.

4.52.3.25 template< class T > T Matrix< T >::norm ( )

Function to compute the L2-norm of a matrix and return that value.

Definition at line 427 of file macaw.h.

4.52.3.26 template< class T > T & Matrix< T >::operator() (int i, int j)

Access operator for the matrix element at row i and column j (e.g., aij = A(i,j))

Definition at line 219 of file macaw.h.

References mError, and out_of_bounds.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::edit().

4.52.3.27   template$<$class T $>$ T Matrix$<$ T $>$::operator() (int *i,* int *j*) const

Constant access operator for the the matrix element at row i and column j.

Definition at line 232 of file macaw.h.

References mError, and out_of_bounds.

4.52.3.28   template$<$class T$>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$::operator$*$ (const T *a*)

Operator to multiply this matrix by a scalar T return the new matrix result.

Definition at line 612 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::Data.

4.52.3.29   template$<$class T$>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$::operator$*$ (const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *M*)

Operator to multiply this matrix and matrix M and return the new matrix result.

Definition at line 642 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::Data, dim_mis_match, Matrix$<$ T $>$::edit(), mError, Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows.

4.52.3.30   template$<$class T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$::operator+ (const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *M*)

Operator to add this matrix and matrix M and return the new matrix result.

Definition at line 566 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::Data, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows.

4.52.3.31   template$<$class T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$::operator- (const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *M*)

Operator to subtract this matrix and matrix M and return the new matrix result.

Definition at line 589 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::Data, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows.

4.52.3.32   template$<$class T$>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$::operator/ (const T *a*)

Operator to divide this matrix by a scalar T and return the new matrix result.

Definition at line 627 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::Data.

4.52.3.33   template$<$class T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ & Matrix$<$ T $>$::operator= (const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *M*)

Equals operator for setting one matrix equal to another matrix.

Definition at line 264 of file macaw.h.

References Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_rows.

4.52.3.34   template$<$class T $>$ void Matrix$<$ T $>$::rowExtend (const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *v*)

Function to add the row matrix v to the end of this matrix.

Definition at line 1758 of file macaw.h.

References matvec_mis_match, mError, and Matrix$<$ T $>$::num_cols.

4.52.3.35   template$<$class T $>$ Matrix$<$ T $>$ & Matrix$<$ T $>$::rowExtract (int *i,* const Matrix$<$ T $>$ & *M*)

Function to set this row matrix to the ith row of the given matrix M.

Definition at line 1665 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, mError, and Matrix< T >::num_cols.

4.52.3.36 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::rowReplace (int _i,_ const Matrix< T > & _v_)

Function to this matrices' ith row with the given row matrix v.

Definition at line 1707 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, matvec_mis_match, mError, and Matrix< T >::num_cols.

4.52.3.37 template< class T > int Matrix< T >::rows ( )

Function to return the number of rows in a given matrix.

Definition at line 344 of file macaw.h.

4.52.3.38 template< class T > void Matrix< T >::rowShrink ( )

Function to delete the last row of this matrix.

Definition at line 1728 of file macaw.h.

4.52.3.39 template< class T > void Matrix< T >::set_size (int _i,_ int _j_)

Function to set/change the size of a matrix to i rows and j columns.

Definition at line 309 of file macaw.h.

References invalid_size, and mError.

4.52.3.40 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::SolnTransform (const Matrix< T > & _A,_ bool _Forward_)

Function to transform the values in a column matrix from cartesian to spherical coordinates.

Definition at line 1153 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, Matrix< T >::Data, dim_mis_match, mError, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.41 template< class T > T Matrix< T >::sphericalAvg (double _radius,_ double _dr,_ double _bound,_ bool _Dirichlet_)

Function to compute a spatial average of this column matrix in spherical coordinates.

This function is used to compute an average value of a variable, represented in this column matrix, by integrating over the domain of the sphere. (Assumes you have variable value at center node)

Parameters

radius	radius of the sphere
_dr_	space between each node
bound	value of the variable at the boundary
Dirichlet	True if problem has a Dirichlet BC, False if Neumann

Definition at line 1220 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, and mError.

4.52.3.42 template< class T> Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::sphericalBCFill (int _node,_ const T _coeff,_ T _variable_)

Function to fill out a column matrix with spherical specific boundary conditions.

This function will fille out a column matrix with zeros at all nodes expect for the node indicated. That node's value will be the product of the node id with the coeff and variable values given.

Definition at line 1108 of file macaw.h.

References dim_mis_match, and mError.

4.52.3.43   template< class T > T Matrix< T >::sum ( )

Function to compute the sum of all elements in a matrix and return that value.

Definition at line 448 of file macaw.h.

4.52.3.44   template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::transpose (const Matrix< T > & M)

Function to convert this matrix to the transpose of the given matrix M.

Definition at line 676 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, Matrix< T >::Data, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.45   template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::transpose_multiply (const Matrix< T > & MT, const Matrix< T > & v)

Function to convert this matrix into the result of the given matrix M transposed and multiplied by the other given matrix v.

Definition at line 699 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, Matrix< T >::Data, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.46   template< class T> Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::tridiagonalFill (const T A, const T B, const T C, bool Spherical)

Function to fill in this matrix with coefficients A, B, and C to form a tridiagonal matrix.

This function fills in the diagonal elements of a square matrix with coefficient B, upper diagonal with C, and lower diagonal with A. The boolean will apply a transformation to those coefficients, if the problem happens to stem from 1-D diffusion in spherical coordinates.

Definition at line 981 of file macaw.h.

References mError, and non_square_matrix.

4.52.3.47   template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::tridiagonalSolve (const Matrix< T > & A, const Matrix< T > & b)

Function to solve Ax=b for x if A is symmetric, tridiagonal (this->x)

Definition at line 807 of file macaw.h.

References A, arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, and Matrix< T >::num_rows.

4.52.3.48   template< class T> Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::tridiagonalVectorFill (const std::vector< T > & A, const std::vector< T > & B, const std::vector< T > & C)

Function to fill in this matrix, in tridiagonal fashion, using the vectors of coefficients.

Definition at line 1279 of file macaw.h.

References matvec_mis_match, mError, and non_square_matrix.

4.52.3.49   template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::upperHessenberg2Triangular (Matrix< T > & b)

Function to convert this square matrix to upper Triangular (assuming this is upper Hessenberg)

During this transformation, a column vector (b) is also being transformed to represent the BCs in a linear system. This algorithm uses Givens Rotations to efficiently convert the upper Hessenberg matrix to an upper triangular matrix.

Definition at line 1512 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, Matrix< T >::edit(), matrix_too_small, mError, Matrix< T >::num-_cols, Matrix< T >::num_rows, and singular_matrix.

4.52.3.50 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::upperHessenbergSolve (const Matrix< T > & *H,* const Matrix< T > & *v*)

Function to solve the system Hx=v for x given that H is upper Hessenberg (this->x)

Definition at line 1610 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, Matrix< T >::Data, and mError.

4.52.3.51 template< class T > Matrix< T > & Matrix< T >::upperTriangularSolve (const Matrix< T > & *U,* const Matrix< T > & *v*)

Function to solve the system Ux=v for x given that U is upper Triagular (this->x)

Definition at line 1430 of file macaw.h.

References arg_matrix_same, dim_mis_match, mError, Matrix< T >::num_cols, Matrix< T >::num_rows, and singular_matrix.

4.52.3.52 template< class T > void Matrix< T >::zeros (   )

Function to set/change all values in a matrix to zeros.

Definition at line 324 of file macaw.h.

4.52.4 Member Data Documentation

4.52.4.1 template< class T> std::vector<T> Matrix< T >::Data `[protected]`

Storage vector for the elements of the matrix.

Definition at line 203 of file macaw.h.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::cofactor(), Matrix< T >::columnShrink(), Matrix< T >::determinate(), Matrix< T >::inverse(), Matrix< T >::lowerHessenbergSolve(), Matrix< T >::Matrix(), Matrix< T >::operator*(), Matrix< T >::operator+(), Matrix< T >::operator-(), Matrix< T >::operator/(), Matrix< T >::SolnTransform(), Matrix< T >::transpose(), Matrix< T >::transpose_multiply(), and Matrix< T >::upperHessenbergSolve().

4.52.4.2 template< class T> int Matrix< T >::num_cols `[protected]`

Number of columns of the matrix.

Definition at line 202 of file macaw.h.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::adjoint(), Matrix< T >::cofactor(), Matrix< T >::columnExtend(), Matrix< T >::columnProjection(), Matrix< T >::columnShrink(), Matrix< T >::determinate(), Matrix< T >::diagonalSolve(), Matrix< T >::inner_product(), Matrix< T >::inverse(), Matrix< T >::ladshawSolve(), Matrix< T >::lowerHessenberg2Triangular(), Matrix< T >::lowerTriangularSolve(), Matrix< T >::Matrix(), Matrix< T >::operator*(), Matrix< T >::operator+(), Matrix< T >::operator-(), Matrix< T >::operator=(), Matrix< T >::rowExtend(), Matrix< T >::rowExtract(), Matrix< T >::rowReplace(), Matrix< T >::transpose(), Matrix< T >::transpose_multiply(), Matrix< T >::tridiagonalSolve(), Matrix< T >::upperHessenberg2Triangular(), and Matrix< T >::upperTriangularSolve().

4.52.4.3 template< class T> int Matrix< T >::num_rows `[protected]`

Number of rows of the matrix.

Definition at line 201 of file macaw.h.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::adjoint(), Matrix< T >::cofactor(), Matrix< T >::columnExtend(), Matrix< T >::columnExtract(), Matrix< T >::columnProjection(), Matrix< T >::columnReplace(), Matrix< T >::columnShrink(), Matrix< T >::determinate(), Matrix< T >::diagonalSolve(), Matrix< T >::inner_product(), Matrix< T >::inverse(), Matrix< T >::ladshawSolve(), Matrix< T >::lowerHessenberg2Triangular(), Matrix< T >::lowerTriangularSolve(), Matrix< T >::Matrix(), Matrix< T >::operator*(), Matrix< T >::operator+(), Matrix< T >::operator-(), Matrix< T >::operator=(), Matrix< T >::SolnTransform(), Matrix< T >::transpose(), Matrix< T >::transpose_multiply(), Matrix<

T >::tridiagonalSolve(), Matrix< T >::upperHessenberg2Triangular(), and Matrix< T >::upperTriangularSolve().

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- macaw.h

4.53 MIXED_GAS Struct Reference

Data structure holding information necessary for computing mixed gas properties.

```
#include <egret.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int N

    Given: Total number of gas species.
- bool CheckMolefractions = true

    Given: True = Check Molefractions for errors.
- double total_pressure

    Given: Total gas pressure (kPa)
- double gas_temperature

    Given: Gas temperature (K)
- double velocity

    Given: Gas phase velocity (cm/s)
- double char_length

    Given: Characteristic Length (cm)
- std::vector< double > molefraction

    Given: Gas molefractions of each species (-)
- double total_density

    Calculated: Total gas density (g/cm$^\wedge$3) {use RE3}.
- double total_dyn_vis

    Calculated: Total dynamic viscosity (g/cm/s)
- double kinematic_viscosity

    Calculated: Kinematic viscosity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)
- double total_molecular_weight

    Calculated: Total molecular weight (g/mol)
- double total_specific_heat

    Calculated: Total specific heat (J/g/K)
- double Reynolds

    Calculated: Value of the Reynold's number (-)
- Matrix< double > binary_diffusion

    Calculated: Tensor matrix of binary gas diffusivities (cm$^\wedge$2/s)
- std::vector< PURE_GAS > species_dat

    Vector of the pure gas info of all species.

4.53.1 Detailed Description

Data structure holding information necessary for computing mixed gas properties.

C-style object holding the mixed gas information necessary for performing gas dynamic simulations. This object works in conjunction with the calculate_variables function and uses the kinetic theory of gases to estimate mixed gas properties.

Definition at line 116 of file egret.h.

4.53.2   Member Data Documentation

4.53.2.1   Matrix<double> MIXED_GAS::binary_diffusion

Calculated: Tensor matrix of binary gas diffusivities (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 136 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.2   double MIXED_GAS::char_length

Given: Characteristic Length (cm)

Definition at line 126 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.3   bool MIXED_GAS::CheckMolefractions = true

Given: True = Check Molefractions for errors.

Definition at line 120 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.4   double MIXED_GAS::gas_temperature

Given: Gas temperature (K)

Definition at line 124 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.5   double MIXED_GAS::kinematic_viscosity

Calculated: Kinematic viscosity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 132 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.6   std::vector<double> MIXED_GAS::molefraction

Given: Gas molefractions of each species (-)

Definition at line 127 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.7   int MIXED_GAS::N

Given: Total number of gas species.

Definition at line 119 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.8   double MIXED_GAS::Reynolds

Calculated: Value of the Reynold's number (-)

Definition at line 135 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.9   std::vector<PURE_GAS> MIXED_GAS::species_dat

Vector of the pure gas info of all species.

Definition at line 139 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.10   double MIXED_GAS::total_density

Calculated: Total gas density (g/cm$^\wedge$3) {use RE3}.

Definition at line 130 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.11   double MIXED_GAS::total_dyn_vis

Calculated: Total dynamic viscosity (g/cm/s)

Definition at line 131 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.12 double MIXED_GAS::total_molecular_weight

Calculated: Total molecular weight (g/mol)

Definition at line 133 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.13 double MIXED_GAS::total_pressure

Given: Total gas pressure (kPa)

Definition at line 123 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.14 double MIXED_GAS::total_specific_heat

Calculated: Total specific heat (J/g/K)

Definition at line 134 of file egret.h.

4.53.2.15 double MIXED_GAS::velocity

Given: Gas phase velocity (cm/s)

Definition at line 125 of file egret.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- egret.h

4.54 mSPD_DATA Struct Reference

MSPD Data Structure.

```
#include <magpie.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double s

    Area shape factor.
- double v

    van der Waals Volume (cm$^\wedge$3/mol)
- double eMax

    Maximum lateral interaction energy (J/mol)
- std::vector< double > eta

    Binary interaction parameter matrix (i,j)
- double gama

    Activity coefficient calculated from mSPD.

4.54.1 Detailed Description

MSPD Data Structure.

C-Style object holding all parameter information associated with the Modified Spreading Pressure Dependent (SPD) activity model. Each species in the gas phase will have one of these objects.

Definition at line 110 of file magpie.h.

4.54.2 Member Data Documentation

4.54.2.1 double mSPD_DATA::eMax

Maximum lateral interaction energy (J/mol)

Definition at line 114 of file magpie.h.

4.54.2.2 std::vector<double> mSPD_DATA::eta

Binary interaction parameter matrix (i,j)

Definition at line 115 of file magpie.h.

4.54.2.3 double mSPD_DATA::gama

Activity coefficient calculated from mSPD.

Definition at line 116 of file magpie.h.

4.54.2.4 double mSPD_DATA::s

Area shape factor.

Definition at line 112 of file magpie.h.

4.54.2.5 double mSPD_DATA::v

van der Waals Volume (cm$^\wedge$3/mol)

Definition at line 113 of file magpie.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- magpie.h

4.55 NUM_JAC_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure to form a numerical jacobian matrix with finite differences.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double eps = sqrt(DBL_EPSILON)

    Perturbation value.
- Matrix< double > Fx

    Vector of function evaluations at x.
- Matrix< double > Fxp

    Vector of function evaluations at x+eps.
- Matrix< double > dxj

    Vector of perturbed x values.

4.55.1 Detailed Description

Data structure to form a numerical jacobian matrix with finite differences.

C-style object to be used in conjunction with the Numerical Jacobian algorithm. This algorithm will used double-precision finite-differences to formulate an approximate Jacobian matrix at the given variable state for the given residual/non-linear function.

Definition at line 569 of file lark.h.

4.55.2 Member Data Documentation

4.55.2.1 Matrix<double> NUM_JAC_DATA::dxj

Vector of perturbed x values.

Definition at line 574 of file lark.h.

4.55.2.2 double NUM_JAC_DATA::eps = sqrt(DBL_EPSILON)

Perturbation value.

Definition at line 571 of file lark.h.

4.55.2.3 Matrix<double> NUM_JAC_DATA::Fx

Vector of function evaluations at x.

Definition at line 572 of file lark.h.

4.55.2.4 Matrix<double> NUM_JAC_DATA::Fxp

Vector of function evaluations at x+eps.

Definition at line 573 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.56 OPTRANS_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for implementation of linear operator transposition.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- Matrix< double > Ii
    The ith column vector of the identity operator.
- Matrix< double > Ai
    The ith column vector of the user's linear operator.

4.56.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for implementation of linear operator transposition.

C-style object used in conjunction with the Operator Transpose algorithm to form an action of $A^\wedge T * r$ when A is only available as a linear operator and not a matrix. This is a sub-routine required by GCR and GMRESR to stabilize the outer iterations.

Definition at line 324 of file lark.h.

4.56.2 Member Data Documentation

4.56.2.1 Matrix<double> OPTRANS_DATA::Ai

The ith column vector of the user's linear operator.

Definition at line 327 of file lark.h.

4.56.2.2 Matrix<double> OPTRANS_DATA::li

The ith column vector of the identity operator.

Definition at line 326 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.57 PCG_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for implementation of the PCG algorithms for symmetric linear systems.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int maxit = 0

  Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(vector_size,1000)
- int iter = 0

  Actual number of iterations taken.
- double alpha

  Step size for new solution.
- double beta

  Step size for new search direction.
- double tol_rel = 1e-6

  Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double tol_abs = 1e-6

  Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double res

  Absolute residual norm.
- double relres

  Relative residual norm.
- double relres_base

  Initial residual norm.
- double bestres

  Best found residual norm.
- bool Output = true

  True = print messages to console.
- Matrix< double > x

  Current solution to the linear system.
- Matrix< double > bestx

  Best found solution to the linear system.
- Matrix< double > r

  Residual vector for the linear system.
- Matrix< double > r_old

  Previous residual vector.
- Matrix< double > z

  Preconditioned residual vector (result of precon function)
- Matrix< double > z_old

Previous preconditioned residual vector.

- Matrix< double > p

  Search direction.

- Matrix< double > Ap

  Result of matrix-vector multiplication.

4.57.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for implementation of the PCG algorithms for symmetric linear systems.

C-style object used in conjunction with the Preconditioned Conjugate Gradient (PCG) algorithm to iteratively solve a symmetric linear system of equations. This algorithm is optimal if your linear system is symmetric, but will not work at all if your system is asymmetric. For asymmetric systems, use one of the other linear methods.

Definition at line 217 of file lark.h.

4.57.2 Member Data Documentation

4.57.2.1 double PCG_DATA::alpha

Step size for new solution.

Definition at line 222 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.2 Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::Ap

Result of matrix-vector multiplication.

Definition at line 240 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.3 double PCG_DATA::bestres

Best found residual norm.

Definition at line 229 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.4 Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::bestx

Best found solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 234 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.5 double PCG_DATA::beta

Step size for new search direction.

Definition at line 223 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.6 int PCG_DATA::iter = 0

Actual number of iterations taken.

Definition at line 220 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.7 int PCG_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(vector_size,1000)

Definition at line 219 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.8 bool PCG_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to console.

Definition at line 231 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.9   Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::p

Search direction.

Definition at line 239 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.10   Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::r

Residual vector for the linear system.

Definition at line 235 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.11   Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::r_old

Previous residual vector.

Definition at line 236 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.12   double PCG_DATA::relres

Relative residual norm.

Definition at line 227 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.13   double PCG_DATA::relres_base

Initial residual norm.

Definition at line 228 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.14   double PCG_DATA::res

Absolute residual norm.

Definition at line 226 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.15   double PCG_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 225 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.16   double PCG_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 224 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.17   Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::x

Current solution to the linear system.

Definition at line 233 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.18   Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::z

Preconditioned residual vector (result of precon function)

Definition at line 237 of file lark.h.

4.57.2.19   Matrix<double> PCG_DATA::z_old

Previous preconditioned residual vector.

Definition at line 238 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.58 PICARD_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implementation of a Picard or Fixed-Point iteration for non-linear systems.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int maxit = 0

    Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(3∗vec_size,1000)
- int iter = 0

    Actual number of iterations.
- double tol_rel = 1e-6

    Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double tol_abs = 1e-6

    Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.
- double res

    Residual norm of the iterate.
- double relres

    Relative residual norm of the iterate.
- double relres_base

    Initial residual norm.
- double bestres

    Best found residual norm.
- bool Output = true

    True = print messages to console.
- Matrix< double > x0

    Previous iterate solution vector.
- Matrix< double > bestx

    Best found solution vector.
- Matrix< double > r

    Residual of the non-linear system.

4.58.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the implementation of a Picard or Fixed-Point iteration for non-linear systems.

C-style object used in conjunction with the Picard algorithm for solving a non-linear system of equations. This is an extradorinarily simple iterative method by which a weak or loose form of the non-linear system is solved based on an initial guess. User must supplied a residual function for the non-linear system and a function representing the weak solution. Generally, this method is less efficient than Newton methods, but is significantly cheaper.

Definition at line 449 of file lark.h.

4.58.2 Member Data Documentation

4.58.2.1 double PICARD_DATA::bestres

Best found residual norm.

Definition at line 459 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.2   Matrix<double> PICARD_DATA::bestx

Best found solution vector.

Definition at line 464 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.3   int PICARD_DATA::iter = 0

Actual number of iterations.

Definition at line 452 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.4   int PICARD_DATA::maxit = 0

Maximum allowable iterations - default = min(3∗vec_size,1000)

Definition at line 451 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.5   bool PICARD_DATA::Output = true

True = print messages to console.

Definition at line 461 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.6   Matrix<double> PICARD_DATA::r

Residual of the non-linear system.

Definition at line 465 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.7   double PICARD_DATA::relres

Relative residual norm of the iterate.

Definition at line 457 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.8   double PICARD_DATA::relres_base

Initial residual norm.

Definition at line 458 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.9   double PICARD_DATA::res

Residual norm of the iterate.

Definition at line 456 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.10   double PICARD_DATA::tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolution tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 455 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.11   double PICARD_DATA::tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance for convergence - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 454 of file lark.h.

4.58.2.12   Matrix<double> PICARD_DATA::x0

Previous iterate solution vector.

Definition at line 463 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- lark.h

4.59 PJFNK_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the implementation of the PJFNK algorithm for non-linear systems.

```
#include <lark.h>
```

Public Attributes

- int nl_iter = 0

    Number of non-linear iterations.

- int l_iter = 0

    Number of linear iterations.

- int fun_call = 0

    Actual number of function calls made.

- int nl_maxit = 0

    Maximum allowable non-linear steps.

- int linear_solver = -1

    Flag to denote which linear solver to use - default = PJFNK Chooses.

- double nl_tol_abs = 1e-6

    Absolute Convergence tolerance for non-linear system - default = 1e-6.

- double nl_tol_rel = 1e-6

    Relative Convergence tol for the non-linear system - default = 1e-6.

- double lin_tol_rel = 1e-6

    Relative tolerance of the linear solver - default = 1e-6.

- double lin_tol_abs = 1e-6

    Absolute tolerance of the linear solver - default = 1e-6.

- double nl_res

    Absolute residual norm for the non-linear system.

- double nl_relres

    Relative residual for the non-linear system.

- double nl_res_base

    Initial residual norm for the non-linear system.

- double nl_bestres

    Best found residual norm.

- double eps =sqrt(DBL_EPSILON)

    Value of epsilon used jacvec - default = sqrt(DBL_EPSILON)

- bool NL_Output = true

    True = print PJFNK messages to console.

- bool L_Output = false

    True = print Linear messages to console.

- bool LineSearch = false

    True = use Backtracking Linesearch for global convergence.

- bool Bounce = false

    True = allow Linesearch to go outside local well, False = Strict local convergence.

- Matrix< double > F

    Stored fuction evaluation at x (also the residual)

- Matrix< double > Fv

    Stored function evaluation at x+eps∗v.

- Matrix< double > v

Stored vector of x+eps∗v.

- Matrix< double > x

    Current solution vector for the non-linear system.

- Matrix< double > bestx

    Best found solution vector to the non-linear system.

- GMRESLP_DATA gmreslp_dat

    Data structure for the GMRESLP method.

- PCG_DATA pcg_dat

    Data structure for the PCG method.

- BiCGSTAB_DATA bicgstab_dat

    Data structure for the BiCGSTAB method.

- CGS_DATA cgs_dat

    Data structure for the CGS method.

- GMRESRP_DATA gmresrp_dat

    Data structure for the GMRESRP method.

- GCR_DATA gcr_dat

    Data structure for the GCR method.

- GMRESR_DATA gmresr_dat

    Data structure for the GMRESR method.

- BACKTRACK_DATA backtrack_dat

    Data structure for the Backtracking Linesearch algorithm.

- const void ∗ res_data

    Data structure pointer for user's residual data.

- const void ∗ precon_data

    Data structure pointer for user's preconditioning data.

- int(∗ funeval)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &F, const void ∗res_data)

    Function pointer for the user's function F(x) using there data.

- int(∗ precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗precon_data)

    Function pointer for the user's preconditioning function for the linear system.

4.59.1   Detailed Description

Data structure for the implementation of the PJFNK algorithm for non-linear systems.

C-style object to be used in conjunction with the Preconditioned Jacobian-Free Newton-Krylov (PJFNK) method for solving a non-linear system of equations. You can use any of the Krylov methods listed in the krylov_method enum to solve the linear sub-problem. When FOM is specified as the Krylov method, this algorithm becomes equivalent to an exact Newton method. If no Krylov method is specified, then the algorithm will try to pick a method based on the problem size and availability of preconditioning.

Definition at line 511 of file lark.h.

4.59.2   Member Data Documentation

4.59.2.1   BACKTRACK_DATA PJFNK_DATA::backtrack_dat

Data structure for the Backtracking Linesearch algorithm.

Definition at line 550 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.2   Matrix<double> PJFNK_DATA::bestx

Best found solution vector to the non-linear system.

Definition at line 538 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.3   BiCGSTAB_DATA PJFNK_DATA::bicgstab_dat

Data structure for the BiCGSTAB method.

Definition at line 543 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.4   bool PJFNK_DATA::Bounce = false

True = allow Linesearch to go outside local well, False = Strict local convergence.

Definition at line 532 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.5   CGS_DATA PJFNK_DATA::cgs_dat

Data structure for the CGS method.

Definition at line 544 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.6   double PJFNK_DATA::eps =sqrt(DBL_EPSILON)

Value of epsilon used jacvec - default = sqrt(DBL_EPSILON)

Definition at line 527 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.7   Matrix$<$double$>$ PJFNK_DATA::F

Stored fuction evaluation at x (also the residual)

Definition at line 534 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.8   int PJFNK_DATA::fun_call = 0

Actual number of function calls made.

Definition at line 515 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.9   int($\ast$ PJFNK_DATA::funeval)(const Matrix$<$ double $>$ &x, Matrix$<$ double $>$ &F, const void $\ast$res_data)

Function pointer for the user's function F(x) using there data.

Definition at line 559 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.10   Matrix$<$double$>$ PJFNK_DATA::Fv

Stored function evaluation at x+eps$\ast$v.

Definition at line 535 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.11   GCR_DATA PJFNK_DATA::gcr_dat

Data structure for the GCR method.

Definition at line 546 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.12   GMRESLP_DATA PJFNK_DATA::gmreslp_dat

Data structure for the GMRESLP method.

Definition at line 541 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.13   GMRESR_DATA PJFNK_DATA::gmresr_dat

Data structure for the GMRESR method.

Definition at line 547 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.14 GMRESRP_DATA PJFNK_DATA::gmresrp_dat

Data structure for the GMRESRP method.

Definition at line 545 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.15 int PJFNK_DATA::l_iter = 0

Number of linear iterations.

Definition at line 514 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.16 bool PJFNK_DATA::L_Output = false

True = print Linear messages to console.

Definition at line 530 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.17 double PJFNK_DATA::lin_tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolute tolerance of the linear solver - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 522 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.18 double PJFNK_DATA::lin_tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative tolerance of the linear solver - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 521 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.19 int PJFNK_DATA::linear_solver = -1

Flag to denote which linear solver to use - default = PJFNK Chooses.

Definition at line 517 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.20 bool PJFNK_DATA::LineSearch = false

True = use Backtracking Linesearch for global convergence.

Definition at line 531 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.21 double PJFNK_DATA::nl_bestres

Best found residual norm.

Definition at line 526 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.22 int PJFNK_DATA::nl_iter = 0

Number of non-linear iterations.

Definition at line 513 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.23 int PJFNK_DATA::nl_maxit = 0

Maximum allowable non-linear steps.

Definition at line 516 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.24 bool PJFNK_DATA::NL_Output = true

True = print PJFNK messages to console.

Definition at line 529 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.25 double PJFNK_DATA::nl_relres

Relative residual for the non-linear system.

Definition at line 524 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.26 double PJFNK_DATA::nl_res

Absolute redidual norm for the non-linear system.

Definition at line 523 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.27 double PJFNK_DATA::nl_res_base

Initial residual norm for the non-linear system.

Definition at line 525 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.28 double PJFNK_DATA::nl_tol_abs = 1e-6

Absolute Convergence tolerance for non-linear system - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 519 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.29 double PJFNK_DATA::nl_tol_rel = 1e-6

Relative Convergence tol for the non-linear system - default = 1e-6.

Definition at line 520 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.30 PCG_DATA PJFNK_DATA::pcg_dat

Data structure for the PCG method.

Definition at line 542 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.31 int(∗ PJFNK_DATA::precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗precon_data)

Function pointer for the user's preconditioning function for the linear system.

Definition at line 561 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.32 const void∗ PJFNK_DATA::precon_data

Data structure pointer for user's preconditioning data.

Definition at line 557 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.33 const void∗ PJFNK_DATA::res_data

Data structure pointer for user's residual data.

Definition at line 555 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.34 Matrix<double> PJFNK_DATA::v

Stored vector of x+eps∗v.

Definition at line 536 of file lark.h.

4.59.2.35 Matrix<double> PJFNK_DATA::x

Current solution vector for the non-linear system.

Definition at line 537 of file lark.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

4.60   PURE_GAS Struct Reference

Data structure holding all the parameters for each pure gas spieces.

`#include <egret.h>`

Public Attributes

- double molecular_weight

    Given: molecular weights (g/mol)
- double Sutherland_Temp

    Given: Sutherland's Reference Temperature (K)
- double Sutherland_Const

    Given: Sutherland's Constant (K)
- double Sutherland_Viscosity

    Given: Sutherland's Reference Viscosity (g/cm/s)
- double specific_heat

    Given: Specific heat of the gas (J/g/K)
- double molecular_diffusion

    Calculated: molecular diffusivities (cm$^\wedge$2/s)
- double dynamic_viscosity

    Calculated: dynamic viscosities (g/cm/s)
- double density

    Calculated: gas densities (g/cm$^\wedge$3) {use RE3}.
- double Schmidt

    Calculated: Value of the Schmidt number (-)

4.60.1   Detailed Description

Data structure holding all the parameters for each pure gas spieces.

C-style object that holds the constants and parameters associated with each pure gas species in the overall mixture. This information is used in conjunction with the kinetic theory of gases to produce approximations to many different gas properties needed in simulating gas dynamics, mobility of a gas through porous media, as well as some kinetic adsorption parameters such as diffusivities.

Definition at line 95 of file egret.h.

4.60.2   Member Data Documentation

4.60.2.1   double PURE_GAS::density

Calculated: gas densities (g/cm$^\wedge$3) {use RE3}.

Definition at line 107 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.2   double PURE_GAS::dynamic_viscosity

Calculated: dynamic viscosities (g/cm/s)

Definition at line 106 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.3 double PURE GAS::molecular diffusion

Calculated: molecular diffusivities (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 105 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.4 double PURE GAS::molecular weight

Given: molecular weights (g/mol)

Definition at line 98 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.5 double PURE GAS::Schmidt

Calculated: Value of the Schmidt number (-)

Definition at line 108 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.6 double PURE GAS::specific heat

Given: Specific heat of the gas (J/g/K)

Definition at line 102 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.7 double PURE GAS::Sutherland Const

Given: Sutherland's Constant (K)

Definition at line 100 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.8 double PURE GAS::Sutherland Temp

Given: Sutherland's Reference Temperature (K)

Definition at line 99 of file egret.h.

4.60.2.9 double PURE GAS::Sutherland Viscosity

Given: Sutherland's Reference Viscosity (g/cm/s)

Definition at line 101 of file egret.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- egret.h

4.61 RetardedTimeDerivative Class Reference

```
#include <RetardedTimeDerivative.h>
```

Inheritance diagram for RetardedTimeDerivative:

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│    TimeDerivative        │
└─────────────────────────┘
            ▲
            │
┌─────────────────────────┐
│ RetardedTimeDerivative  │
└─────────────────────────┘
```
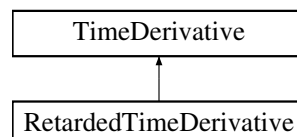
Public Member Functions

- RetardedTimeDerivative (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- int _index
- const MaterialProperty
  < std::vector< Real > > & _retardation

4.61.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 12 of file RetardedTimeDerivative.h.

4.61.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.61.2.1 RetardedTimeDerivative::RetardedTimeDerivative (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.61.3 Member Function Documentation

4.61.3.1 virtual Real RetardedTimeDerivative::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.61.3.2 virtual Real RetardedTimeDerivative::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.61.4 Member Data Documentation

4.61.4.1 int RetardedTimeDerivative::_index `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file RetardedTimeDerivative.h.

4.61.4.2 const MaterialProperty<std::vector<Real> >& RetardedTimeDerivative::_retardation `[private]`

Definition at line 24 of file RetardedTimeDerivative.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- RetardedTimeDerivative.h

4.62 SCOPSOWL_DATA Struct Reference

Primary data structure for SCOPSOWL simulations.

```
#include <scopsowl.h>
```

Public Attributes

- unsigned long int total_steps

    Running total of all calculation steps.
- int coord_macro

    Coordinate system for large pellet.
- int coord_micro

    Coordinate system for small crystal (if any)
- int level = 2

    Level of coupling between the different scales (default = 2)

- double sim_time

    Stopping time for the simulation (hrs)
- double t_old

    Old time of the simulations (hrs)
- double t

    Current time of the simulations (hrs)
- double t_counter = 0.0

    Counter for the time output.
- double t_print

    Print output at every t_print time (hrs)
- bool Print2File = true

    True = results to .txt; False = no printing.
- bool Print2Console = true

    True = results to console; False = no printing.
- bool SurfDiff = true

    True = includes SKUA simulation if Heterogeneous; False = only uses MAGPIE.
- bool Heterogeneous = true

    True = pellet is made of binder and crystals, False = all one phase.
- double gas_velocity

    Superficial Gas Velocity arount pellet (cm/s)
- double total_pressure

    Gas phase total pressure (kPa)
- double gas_temperature

    Gas phase temperature (K)
- double pellet_radius

    Nominal radius of the pellet - macroscale domain (cm)
- double crystal_radius

    Nominal radius of the crystal - microscale domain (um)
- double char_macro

    Characteristic size for macro scale (cm or cm$^\wedge$2) - only if pellet is not spherical.
- double char_micro

    Characteristic size for micro scale (um or um$^\wedge$2) - only if crystal is not spherical.
- double binder_fraction

    Volume of binder per total volume of pellet (-)
- double binder_porosity

    Volume of pores per volume of binder (-)
- double binder_poresize

    Nominal radius of the binder pores (cm)
- double pellet_density

    Mass of the pellet per volume of pellet (kg/L)
- bool DirichletBC = false

    True = Dirichlet BC; False = Neumann BC.
- bool NonLinear = true

    True = Non-linear solver; False = Linear solver.
- std::vector< double > y

    Outside mole fractions of each component (-)
- std::vector< double > tempy

    Temporary place holder for gas mole fractions in other locations (-)
- FILE ∗ OutputFile

    Output file pointer to the output file for postprocesses.
- double(∗ eval_ads)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

> *Function pointer for evaluating adsorption (mol/kg)*

- double(∗ eval_retard)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

  > *Function pointer for evaluating retardation (-)*

- double(∗ eval_diff)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

  > *Function pointer for evaluating pore diffusion (cm$^\wedge$2/hr)*

- double(∗ eval_surfDiff)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

  > *Function pointer for evaluating surface diffusion (um$^\wedge$2/hr)*

- double(∗ eval_kf)(int i, const void ∗user_data)

  > *Function pointer for evaluating film mass transfer (cm/hr)*

- const void ∗ user_data

  > *Data structure for users info to calculate parameters.*

- MIXED_GAS ∗ gas_dat

  > *Pointer to the MIXED_GAS data structure (may or may not be used)*

- MAGPIE_DATA magpie_dat

  > *Data structure for a magpie problem (to be used if not using skua)*

- std::vector< FINCH_DATA > finch_dat

  > *Data structure for pore adsorption kinetics for all species (u in mol/L)*

- std::vector< SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA > param_dat

  > *Data structure for parameter info for all species.*

- std::vector< SKUA_DATA > skua_dat

  > *Data structure holding a skua object for all nodes (each skua has an object for each species)*

4.62.1 Detailed Description

Primary data structure for SCOPSOWL simulations.

C-style object holding necessary information to run a SCOPSOWL simulation. SCOPSOWL is a multi-scale problem involving PDE solution for the macro-scale adsorbent pellet and the micro-scale adsorbent crystals. As such, each SCOPSOWL simulation involves multiple SKUA simulations at the nodes in the macro-scale domain. Alternatively, if the user wishes to specify that the adsorbent is homogeneous, then you can run SCOPSOWL as a single-scale problem. Additionally, you can simplfy the model by assuming that the micro-scale diffusion is very fast, and therefore replace each SKUA simulation with a simpler MAGPIE evaluation. Details on running SCOPSOWL with the various options will be discussed in the SCOPSOWL_SCENARIOS function.

Definition at line 92 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2 Member Data Documentation

4.62.2.1 double SCOPSOWL_DATA::binder_fraction

Volume of binder per total volume of pellet (-)

Definition at line 116 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.2 double SCOPSOWL_DATA::binder_poresize

Nominal radius of the binder pores (cm)

Definition at line 118 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.3 double SCOPSOWL_DATA::binder_porosity

Volume of pores per volume of binder (-)

Definition at line 117 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.4   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::char macro

Characteristic size for macro scale (cm or cm^2) - only if pellet is not spherical.

Definition at line 114 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.5   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::char micro

Characteristic size for micro scale (um or um^2) - only if crystal is not spherical.

Definition at line 115 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.6   int SCOPSOWL_DATA::coord macro

Coordinate system for large pellet.

Definition at line 95 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.7   int SCOPSOWL_DATA::coord micro

Coordinate system for small crystal (if any)

Definition at line 96 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.8   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::crystal radius

Nominal radius of the crystal - microscale domain (um)

Definition at line 113 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.9   bool SCOPSOWL_DATA::DirichletBC = false

True = Dirichlet BC; False = Neumann BC.

Definition at line 121 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.10   double($*$ SCOPSOWL_DATA::eval ads)(int i, int l, const void $*$user_data)

Function pointer for evaluating adsorption (mol/kg)

Definition at line 127 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.11   double($*$ SCOPSOWL_DATA::eval diff)(int i, int l, const void $*$user_data)

Function pointer for evaluating pore diffusion (cm^2/hr)

Definition at line 129 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.12   double($*$ SCOPSOWL_DATA::eval kf)(int i, const void $*$user_data)

Function pointer for evaluating film mass transfer (cm/hr)

Definition at line 131 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.13   double($*$ SCOPSOWL_DATA::eval retard)(int i, int l, const void $*$user_data)

Function pointer for evaluating retardation (-)

Definition at line 128 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.14   double($*$ SCOPSOWL_DATA::eval surfDiff)(int i, int l, const void $*$user_data)

Function pointer for evaluating surface diffusion (um^2/hr)

Definition at line 130 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.15 std::vector<FINCH_DATA> SCOPSOWL_DATA::finch_dat

Data structure for pore adsorption kinetics for all species (u in mol/L)

Definition at line 136 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.16 MIXED_GAS∗ SCOPSOWL_DATA::gas_dat

Pointer to the MIXED_GAS data structure (may or may not be used)

Definition at line 134 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.17 double SCOPSOWL_DATA::gas_temperature

Gas phase temperature (K)

Definition at line 111 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.18 double SCOPSOWL_DATA::gas_velocity

Superficial Gas Velocity arount pellet (cm/s)

Definition at line 109 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.19 bool SCOPSOWL_DATA::Heterogeneous = true

True = pellet is made of binder and crystals, False = all one phase.

Definition at line 107 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.20 int SCOPSOWL_DATA::level = 2

Level of coupling between the different scales (default = 2)

Definition at line 97 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.21 MAGPIE_DATA SCOPSOWL_DATA::magpie_dat

Data structure for a magpie problem (to be used if not using skua)

Definition at line 135 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.22 bool SCOPSOWL_DATA::NonLinear = true

True = Non-linear solver; False = Linear solver.

Definition at line 122 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.23 FILE∗ SCOPSOWL_DATA::OutputFile

Output file pointer to the output file for postprocesses.

Definition at line 126 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.24 std::vector<SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA> SCOPSOWL_DATA::param_dat

Data structure for parameter info for all species.

Definition at line 137 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.25 double SCOPSOWL_DATA::pellet_density

Mass of the pellet per volume of pellet (kg/L)

Definition at line 119 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.26   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::pellet_radius

Nominal radius of the pellet - macroscale domain (cm)

Definition at line 112 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.27   bool SCOPSOWL_DATA::Print2Console = true

True = results to console; False = no printing.

Definition at line 105 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.28   bool SCOPSOWL_DATA::Print2File = true

True = results to .txt; False = no printing.

Definition at line 104 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.29   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::sim_time

Stopping time for the simulation (hrs)

Definition at line 98 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.30   std::vector<SKUA_DATA> SCOPSOWL_DATA::skua_dat

Data structure holding a skua object for all nodes (each skua has an object for each species)

Definition at line 139 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.31   bool SCOPSOWL_DATA::SurfDiff = true

True = includes SKUA simulation if Heterogeneous; False = only uses MAGPIE.

Definition at line 106 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.32   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::t

Current time of the simulations (hrs)

Definition at line 100 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.33   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::t_counter = 0.0

Counter for the time output.

Definition at line 101 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.34   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::t_old

Old time of the simulations (hrs)

Definition at line 99 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.35   double SCOPSOWL_DATA::t_print

Print output at every t_print time (hrs)

Definition at line 102 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.36   std::vector<double> SCOPSOWL_DATA::tempy

Temporary place holder for gas mole fractions in other locations (-)

Definition at line 124 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.37 double SCOPSOWL_DATA::total_pressure

Gas phase total pressure (kPa)

Definition at line 110 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.38 unsigned long int SCOPSOWL_DATA::total_steps

Running total of all calculation steps.

Definition at line 94 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.39 const void∗ SCOPSOWL_DATA::user_data

Data structure for users info to calculate parameters.

Definition at line 133 of file scopsowl.h.

4.62.2.40 std::vector<double> SCOPSOWL_DATA::y

Outside mole fractions of each component (-)

Definition at line 123 of file scopsowl.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- scopsowl.h

4.63 SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for the species' parameters in SCOPSOWL.

```
#include <scopsowl.h>
```

Public Attributes

- Matrix< double > qAvg

  Average adsorbed amount for a species at each node (mol/kg)
- Matrix< double > qAvg_old

  Old Average adsorbed amount for a species at each node (mol/kg)
- Matrix< double > Qst

  Heat of adsorption for all nodes (J/mol)
- Matrix< double > Qst_old

  Old Heat of adsorption for all nodes (J/mol)
- Matrix< double > dq_dc

  Storage vector for current adsorption slope/strength (dq/dc) (L/kg)
- double xIC

  Initial conditions for adsorbed molefractions.
- double qIntegralAvg

  Integral average of adsorption over the entire pellet (mol/kg)
- double qIntegralAvg_old

  Old Integral average of adsorption over the entire pellet (mol/kg)
- double QstAvg

  Integral average heat of adsorption (J/mol)
- double QstAvg_old

  Old integral average heat of adsorption (J/mol)
- double qo

>   *Boundary value of adsorption if using Dirichlet BCs (mol/kg)*

- double Qsto

>   *Boundary value of adsorption heat if using Dirichlet BCs (J/mol)*

- double dq_dco

>   *Boundary value of adsorption slope for Dirichelt BCs (L/kg)*

- double pore_diffusion

>   *Value for constant pore diffusion (cm$^\wedge$2/hr)*

- double film_transfer

>   *Value for constant film mass transfer (cm/hr)*

- double activation_energy

>   *Activation energy for surface diffusion (J/mol)*

- double ref_diffusion

>   *Reference state surface diffusivity (um$^\wedge$2/hr)*

- double ref_temperature

>   *Reference temperature for empirical adjustments (K)*

- double affinity

>   *Affinity parameter used in empirical adjustments (-)*

- double ref_pressure
- bool Adsorbable

>   *True = species can adsorb; False = species cannot adsorb.*

- std::string speciesName

>   *String to hold the name of each species.*

4.63.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for the species' parameters in SCOPSOWL.

C-style object that holds information on all species for a particular SCOPSOWL simulation. Initial conditions, kinetic parameters, and interim matrix objects are stored here for use in various SCOSPSOWL functions.

Definition at line 44 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2 Member Data Documentation

4.63.2.1 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::activation_energy

Activation energy for surface diffusion (J/mol)

Definition at line 69 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.2 bool SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::Adsorbable

True = species can adsorb; False = species cannot adsorb.

Definition at line 75 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.3 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::affinity

Affinity parameter used in empirical adjustments (-)

Definition at line 72 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.4 Matrix$<$double$>$ SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::dq_dc

Storage vector for current adsorption slope/strength (dq/dc) (L/kg)

Definition at line 52 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.5   double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::dq_dco

Boundary value of adsorption slope for Dirichelt BCs (L/kg)

Definition at line 64 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.6   double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::film_transfer

Value for constant film mass transfer (cm/hr)

Definition at line 67 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.7   double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::pore_diffusion

Value for constant pore diffusion (cm^2/hr)

Definition at line 66 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.8   Matrix$<$double$>$ SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::qAvg

Average adsorbed amount for a species at each node (mol/kg)

Definition at line 46 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.9   Matrix$<$double$>$ SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::qAvg_old

Old Average adsorbed amount for a species at each node (mol/kg)

Definition at line 47 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.10   double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::qIntegralAvg

Integral average of adsorption over the entire pellet (mol/kg)

Definition at line 56 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.11   double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::qIntegralAvg_old

Old Integral average of adsorption over the entire pellet (mol/kg)

Definition at line 57 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.12   double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::qo

Boundary value of adsorption if using Dirichlet BCs (mol/kg)

Definition at line 62 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.13   Matrix$<$double$>$ SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::Qst

Heat of adsorption for all nodes (J/mol)

Definition at line 49 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.14   Matrix$<$double$>$ SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::Qst_old

Old Heat of adsorption for all nodes (J/mol)

Definition at line 50 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.15   double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::QstAvg

Integral average heat of adsorption (J/mol)

Definition at line 59 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.16 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::QstAvg_old

Old integral average heat of adsorption (J/mol)

Definition at line 60 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.17 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::Qsto

Boundary value of adsorption heat if using Dirichlet BCs (J/mol)

Definition at line 63 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.18 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::ref_diffusion

Reference state surface diffusivity (um$^\wedge$2/hr)

Definition at line 70 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.19 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::ref_pressure

Definition at line 73 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.20 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::ref_temperature

Reference temperature for empirical adjustments (K)

Definition at line 71 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.21 std::string SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::speciesName

String to hold the name of each species.

Definition at line 77 of file scopsowl.h.

4.63.2.22 double SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA::xIC

Initial conditions for adsorbed molefractions.

Definition at line 54 of file scopsowl.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- scopsowl.h

4.64 SKUA_DATA Struct Reference

Data structure for all simulation information in SKUA.

```
#include <skua.h>
```

Public Attributes

- unsigned long int total_steps

  Running total of all calculation steps.
- int coord

  Used to determine the coordinates of the problem.
- double sim_time

  Stopping time for the simulation (hrs)
- double t_old

  Old time of the simulations (hrs)
- double t

Current time of the simulations (hrs)

- double t_counter = 0.0

    Counts for print times for output (hrs)

- double t_print

    Prints out every t_print time (hrs)

- double qTn

    Old total amounts adsorbed (mol/kg)

- double qTnp1

    New total amounts adsorbed (mol/kg)

- bool Print2File = true

    True = results to .txt; False = no printing.

- bool Print2Console = true

    True = results to console; False = no printing.

- double gas_velocity

    Superficial Gas Velocity arount pellet (cm/s)

- double pellet_radius

    Nominal radius of the pellet/crystal (um)

- double char_measure

    Length or Area if in Cylindrical or Cartesian coordinates (um or um$^\wedge$2)

- bool DirichletBC = true

    True = Dirichlet BC; False = Neumann BC.

- bool NonLinear = true

    True = Non-linear solver; False = Linear solver.

- std::vector< double > y

    Outside mole fractions of each component (-)

- FILE ∗ OutputFile

    Output file pointer to the output file.

- double(∗ eval_diff)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer for evaluating surface diffusivity.

- double(∗ eval_kf)(int i, const void ∗user_data)

    Function pointer for evaluating film mass transfer.

- const void ∗ user_data

    Data structure for user's information needed in parameter functions.

- MAGPIE_DATA magpie_dat

    Data structure for adsorption equilibria (see magpie.h)

- MIXED_GAS ∗ gas_dat

    Pointer to the MIXED_GAS data structure (see egret.h)

- std::vector< FINCH_DATA > finch_dat

    Data structure for adsorption kinetics (see finch.h)

- std::vector< SKUA_PARAM > param_dat

    Data structure for SKUA specific parameters.

4.64.1 Detailed Description

Data structure for all simulation information in SKUA.

C-style object holding all data, functions, and other objects needed to successfully run a SKUA simulation. This object holds system information, such as boundary condition type, adsorbent size, and total adsorption, and also contains structure for EGRET (egret.h), FINCH (finch.h), and MAGPIE (magpie.h) calculations. Function pointers for evaluation of the surface diffusivity and film mass transfer coefficients can be overriden by the user to change the behavior of the SKUA simulation. However, defaults are also provided for these functions.

Definition at line 84 of file skua.h.

4.64.2   Member Data Documentation

4.64.2.1   double SKUA_DATA::char_measure

Length or Area if in Cylindrical or Cartesian coordinates (um or um$^\wedge$2)

Definition at line 100 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.2   int SKUA_DATA::coord

Used to determine the coordinates of the problem.

Definition at line 87 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.3   bool SKUA_DATA::DirichletBC = true

True = Dirichlet BC; False = Neumann BC.

Definition at line 101 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.4   double(∗ SKUA_DATA::eval_diff)(int i, int l, const void ∗**user_data**)

Function pointer for evaluating surface diffusivity.

Definition at line 106 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.5   double(∗ SKUA_DATA::eval_kf)(int i, const void ∗**user_data**)

Function pointer for evaluating film mass transfer.

Definition at line 107 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.6   std::vector<**FINCH_DATA**> SKUA_DATA::finch_dat

Data structure for adsorption kinetics (see finch.h)

Definition at line 111 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.7   MIXED_GAS∗ SKUA_DATA::gas_dat

Pointer to the MIXED_GAS data structure (see egret.h)

Definition at line 110 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.8   double SKUA_DATA::gas_velocity

Superficial Gas Velocity arount pellet (cm/s)

Definition at line 98 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.9   MAGPIE_DATA SKUA_DATA::magpie_dat

Data structure for adsorption equilibria (see magpie.h)

Definition at line 109 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.10   bool SKUA_DATA::NonLinear = true

True = Non-linear solver; False = Linear solver.

Definition at line 102 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.11   FILE∗ SKUA_DATA::OutputFile

Output file pointer to the output file.

Definition at line 105 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.12   std::vector<SKUA_PARAM> SKUA_DATA::param_dat

Data structure for SKUA specific parameters.

Definition at line 112 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.13   double SKUA_DATA::pellet_radius

Nominal radius of the pellet/crystal (um)

Definition at line 99 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.14   bool SKUA_DATA::Print2Console = true

True = results to console; False = no printing.

Definition at line 96 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.15   bool SKUA_DATA::Print2File = true

True = results to .txt; False = no printing.

Definition at line 95 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.16   double SKUA_DATA::qTn

Old total amounts adsorbed (mol/kg)

Definition at line 93 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.17   double SKUA_DATA::qTnp1

New total amounts adsorbed (mol/kg)

Definition at line 94 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.18   double SKUA_DATA::sim_time

Stopping time for the simulation (hrs)

Definition at line 88 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.19   double SKUA_DATA::t

Current time of the simulations (hrs)

Definition at line 90 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.20   double SKUA_DATA::t_counter = 0.0

Counts for print times for output (hrs)

Definition at line 91 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.21   double SKUA_DATA::t_old

Old time of the simulations (hrs)

Definition at line 89 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.22   double SKUA_DATA::t_print

Prints out every t_print time (hrs)

Definition at line 92 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.23   unsigned long int SKUA DATA::total steps

Running total of all calculation steps.

Definition at line 86 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.24   const void∗ SKUA DATA::user data

Data structure for user's information needed in parameter functions.

Definition at line 108 of file skua.h.

4.64.2.25   std::vector⟨double⟩ SKUA DATA::y

Outside mole fractions of each component (-)

Definition at line 103 of file skua.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- skua.h

4.65   SKUA PARAM Struct Reference

Data structure for species' parameters in SKUA.

```
#include <skua.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double activation_energy
- double ref_diffusion
- double ref_temperature
- double affinity
- double ref_pressure
- double film_transfer
- double xIC
- double y_eff
- double Qstn
- double Qstnp1
- double xn
- double xnp1
- bool Adsorbable
- std::string speciesName

4.65.1   Detailed Description

Data structure for species' parameters in SKUA.

C-style object holding data and parameters associated with the gas/solid species in the overall SKUA system. These parameters are used in to modify surface diffusivity with temperature, establish film mass transfer coefficients, formulate the initial conditions, and store solution results for heat of adsorption and adsorbed mole fractions. One of these objects will be created for each species in the gas system.

Definition at line 56 of file skua.h.

4.65.2   Member Data Documentation

4.65.2.1   double SKUA_PARAM::activation_energy

Definition at line 58 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.2   bool SKUA_PARAM::Adsorbable

Definition at line 73 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.3   double SKUA_PARAM::affinity

Definition at line 61 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.4   double SKUA_PARAM::film_transfer

Definition at line 63 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.5   double SKUA_PARAM::Qstn

Definition at line 68 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.6   double SKUA_PARAM::Qstnp1

Definition at line 69 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.7   double SKUA_PARAM::ref_diffusion

Definition at line 59 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.8   double SKUA_PARAM::ref_pressure

Definition at line 62 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.9   double SKUA_PARAM::ref_temperature

Definition at line 60 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.10   std::string SKUA_PARAM::speciesName

Definition at line 75 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.11   double SKUA_PARAM::xIC

Definition at line 65 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.12   double SKUA_PARAM::xn

Definition at line 70 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.13   double SKUA_PARAM::xnp1

Definition at line 71 of file skua.h.

4.65.2.14   double SKUA_PARAM::y_eff

Definition at line 66 of file skua.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- skua.h

4.66 SYSTEM_DATA Struct Reference

System Data Structure.

```
#include <magpie.h>
```

Public Attributes

- double T

    System Temperature (K)
- double PT

    Total Pressure (kPa)
- double qT

    Total Amount adsorbed (mol/kg)
- double PI

    Total Lumped Spreading Pressure (mol/kg)
- double pi

    Actual Spreading pressure (J/m$^\wedge$2)
- double As

    Specific surface area of adsorbent (m$^\wedge$2/kg)
- int N

    Total Number of Components.
- int I
- int J
- int K

    Special indices used to keep track of sub-systems.
- unsigned long int total_eval

    Counter to keep track of total number of non-linear steps.
- double avg_norm

    Used to store all norms from evaluations then average at end of run.
- double max_norm

    Used to store the maximum e.norm calculated from non-linear iterations.
- int Sys

    Number of sub-systems to solve.
- int Par

    Number of binary parameters to solve for.
- bool Recover

    If Recover == false, standard GPAST using y's as knowns.
- bool Carrier

    If there is an inert carrier gas, Carrier == true.
- bool Ideal

    If the behavior of the system is determined to be ideal, then Ideal == true.
- bool Output

    Boolean to suppress output if desired (true = display, false = no display.

4.66.1 Detailed Description

System Data Structure.

C-style object holding all the data associated with the overall system to be modeled.

Definition at line 139 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2   Member Data Documentation

4.66.2.1   double SYSTEM_DATA::As

Specific surface area of adsorbent (m$^\wedge$2/kg)

Definition at line 146 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.2   double SYSTEM_DATA::avg_norm

Used to store all norms from evaluations then average at end of run.

Definition at line 150 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.3   bool SYSTEM_DATA::Carrier

If there is an inert carrier gas, Carrier == true.

Definition at line 155 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.4   int SYSTEM_DATA::I

Definition at line 148 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.5   bool SYSTEM_DATA::Ideal

If the behavior of the system is determined to be ideal, then Ideal == true.

Definition at line 156 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.6   int SYSTEM_DATA::J

Definition at line 148 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.7   int SYSTEM_DATA::K

Special indices used to keep track of sub-systems.

Definition at line 148 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.8   double SYSTEM_DATA::max_norm

Used to store the maximum e.norm calculated from non-linear iterations.

Definition at line 151 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.9   int SYSTEM_DATA::N

Total Number of Components.

Definition at line 147 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.10   bool SYSTEM_DATA::Output

Boolean to suppress output if desired (true = display, false = no display.

Definition at line 157 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.11   int SYSTEM_DATA::Par

Number of binary parameters to solve for.

Definition at line 153 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.12 double SYSTEM_DATA::PI

Total Lumped Spreading Pressure (mol/kg)

Definition at line 144 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.13 double SYSTEM_DATA::pi

Actual Spreading pressure (J/m$^\wedge$2)

Definition at line 145 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.14 double SYSTEM_DATA::PT

Total Pressure (kPa)

Definition at line 142 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.15 double SYSTEM_DATA::qT

Total Amount adsorbed (mol/kg)

Definition at line 143 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.16 bool SYSTEM_DATA::Recover

If Recover == false, standard GPAST using y's as knowns.

Definition at line 154 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.17 int SYSTEM_DATA::Sys

Number of sub-systems to solve.

Definition at line 152 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.18 double SYSTEM_DATA::T

System Temperature (K)

Definition at line 141 of file magpie.h.

4.66.2.19 unsigned long int SYSTEM_DATA::total_eval

Counter to keep track of total number of non-linear steps.

Definition at line 149 of file magpie.h.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

- magpie.h

4.67 TotalColumnPressure Class Reference

Total Column Pressure class inherits from AuxKernel.

`#include <TotalColumnPressure.h>`

Inheritance diagram for TotalColumnPressure:
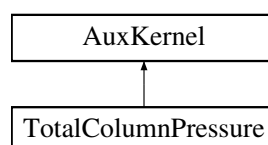
Public Member Functions

- [TotalColumnPressure](#) (const InputParameters &parameters)

    Standard MOOSE public constructor.

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real [computeValue](#) ()

    Required MOOSE function override.

Private Attributes

- VariableValue & [_temperature](#)

    Reference to the temperature non-linear variable.
- std::vector< unsigned int > [_index](#)

    Indices of the gaseous species coupled to the object.
- std::vector< VariableValue ∗ > [_gas_conc](#)

    Pointer list for the non-linear concentration variables.

4.67.1 Detailed Description

Total Column Pressure class inherits from AuxKernel.

This class object creates an AuxKernel for use in the MOOSE framework. The AuxKernel will calculate the total column pressure (in kPa) based on the non-linear variables of temperature and concentration of each species in the gas phase. Total pressure is calculated based on the ideal gas law.

Definition at line 54 of file TotalColumnPressure.h.

4.67.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.67.2.1 TotalColumnPressure::TotalColumnPressure (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

Standard MOOSE public constructor.

4.67.3 Member Function Documentation

4.67.3.1 virtual Real TotalColumnPressure::computeValue ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

Required MOOSE function override.

This is the function that is called by the MOOSE framework when a calculation of the total system pressure is needed. You are required to override this function for any inherited AuxKernel.

4.67.4 Member Data Documentation

4.67.4.1 std::vector<VariableValue ∗> TotalColumnPressure::_gas_conc `[private]`

Pointer list for the non-linear concentration variables.

Definition at line 70 of file TotalColumnPressure.h.

4.67.4.2 std::vector<unsigned int> TotalColumnPressure::_index `[private]`

Indices of the gaseous species coupled to the object.

Definition at line 69 of file TotalColumnPressure.h.

4.67.4.3 VariableValue& TotalColumnPressure::_temperature `[private]`

Reference to the temperature non-linear variable.

Definition at line 68 of file TotalColumnPressure.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- TotalColumnPressure.h

4.68 TotalPressureIC Class Reference

`#include <TotalPressureIC.h>`

Inheritance diagram for TotalPressureIC:

```
┌─────────────────┐
│ InitialCondition │
└─────────────────┘
         ▲
         │
┌─────────────────┐
│  TotalPressureIC │
└─────────────────┘
```
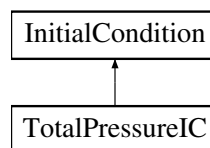
Public Member Functions

- TotalPressureIC (const InputParameters &parameters)
- virtual Real value (const Point &p)

Private Attributes

- Real _PT_IC

4.68.1 Detailed Description

Definition at line 10 of file TotalPressureIC.h.

4.68.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.68.2.1 TotalPressureIC::TotalPressureIC (const InputParameters & _parameters_)

4.68.3 Member Function Documentation

4.68.3.1 virtual Real TotalPressureIC::value (const Point & _p_) `[virtual]`

4.68.4 Member Data Documentation

4.68.4.1 Real TotalPressureIC::_PT_IC `[private]`

Definition at line 17 of file TotalPressureIC.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- TotalPressureIC.h

4.69   WallAmbientHeatTransfer Class Reference

`#include <WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h>`

Inheritance diagram for WallAmbientHeatTransfer:

```
┌─────────────────────────┐
│         Kernel          │
└─────────────────────────┘
             ▲
             │
┌─────────────────────────┐
│  WallAmbientHeatTransfer │
└─────────────────────────┘
```
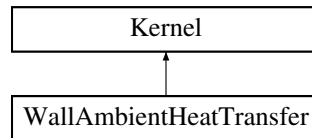
Public Member Functions

- [WallAmbientHeatTransfer](#) (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real [computeQpResidual](#) ()
- virtual Real [computeQpJacobian](#) ()

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty< Real > & [_wall_exterior_transfer_coeff](#)
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & [_inner_dia](#)
- const MaterialProperty< Real > & [_outer_dia](#)
- VariableValue & [_ambient_temp](#)

4.69.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 11 of file WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h.

4.69.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.69.2.1   WallAmbientHeatTransfer::WallAmbientHeatTransfer (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.69.3   Member Function Documentation

4.69.3.1   virtual Real WallAmbientHeatTransfer::computeQpJacobian ( )   `[protected],[virtual]`

4.69.3.2   virtual Real WallAmbientHeatTransfer::computeQpResidual ( )   `[protected],[virtual]`

4.69.4   Member Data Documentation

4.69.4.1   VariableValue& WallAmbientHeatTransfer::_ambient_temp   `[private]`

Definition at line 25 of file WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h.

4.69.4.2   const MaterialProperty<Real>& WallAmbientHeatTransfer::_inner_dia   `[private]`

Definition at line 22 of file WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h.

4.69.4.3   const MaterialProperty<Real>& WallAmbientHeatTransfer::_outer_dia   `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h.

4.69.4.4   const MaterialProperty⟨Real⟩& WallAmbientHeatTransfer::_wall_exterior_transfer_coeff `[private]`

Definition at line 21 of file WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

- WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h

4.70   WallHeatAccumulation Class Reference

`#include <WallHeatAccumulation.h>`

Inheritance diagram for WallHeatAccumulation:
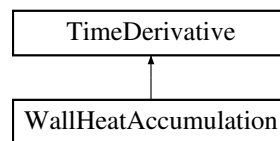
Public Member Functions

- WallHeatAccumulation (const InputParameters &parameters)

Protected Member Functions

- virtual Real computeQpResidual ()
- virtual Real computeQpJacobian ()

Private Attributes

- const MaterialProperty⟨ Real ⟩ & _wall_density
- const MaterialProperty⟨ Real ⟩ & _wall_heat_capacity

4.70.1   Detailed Description

Definition at line 12 of file WallHeatAccumulation.h.

4.70.2   Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.70.2.1   WallHeatAccumulation::WallHeatAccumulation (const InputParameters & *parameters*)

4.70.3   Member Function Documentation

4.70.3.1   virtual Real WallHeatAccumulation::computeQpJacobian ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.70.3.2   virtual Real WallHeatAccumulation::computeQpResidual ( ) `[protected],[virtual]`

4.70.4   Member Data Documentation

4.70.4.1   const MaterialProperty⟨Real⟩& WallHeatAccumulation::_wall_density `[private]`

Definition at line 23 of file WallHeatAccumulation.h.

4.70.4.2   const MaterialProperty$<$**Real**$>$**& WallHeatAccumulation::_wall_heat_capacity** `[private]`

Definition at line 24 of file WallHeatAccumulation.h.

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

  • WallHeatAccumulation.h

5   File Documentation

5.1   AdsorbentProperties.h File Reference

Material Properties kernel that will setup and hold all information associated with the adsorbent.

```
#include "Material.h"
```

Classes

  • class AdsorbentProperties
      AdsorbentProperties class object inherits from Material object.

Functions

  • template$<>$
    InputParameters validParams$<$ AdsorbentProperties $>$ ()

5.1.1   Detailed Description

Material Properties kernel that will setup and hold all information associated with the adsorbent. Material Properties kernel that will setup and hold all information associated with the fixed-bed.

This file creates a material property object for various properties of a given adsorbent. These properties are then used in other material property files and/or kernels to calculate information such as linear velocity, mechanical dispersion, or any adsorption kinetic parameters.

Note

Currently, we do not couple with adsorption kinetics, so this file is only used in conjunction with the linear velocity and mechanical dispersion properties.

Warning

THIS KERNEL IS INCOMPLETE! ONLY USED FOR DATA STORAGE FOR PELLET DENSITY AND HEAT CAPACITY!

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

11/20/2015

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This file creates a material property object for various properties of the fixed bed. Those properties are used in conjunction with other kernels and materials to establish information such as heat transfer coefficients, conductivities, and size parameters.

Warning

> THIS KERNEL IS INCOMPLETE! ONLY USED FOR DATA STORAGE FOR VARIOUS BED PARAMETERS!

Author

> Austin Ladshaw

Date

> 11/20/2015

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Definition in file AdsorbentProperties.h.

5.1.2 Function Documentation

5.1.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< AdsorbentProperties > ( )

5.2 BedHeatAccumulation.h File Reference

```
#include "TimeDerivative.h"
```

Classes

- class BedHeatAccumulation

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< BedHeatAccumulation > ()

5.2.1 Function Documentation

5.2.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< BedHeatAccumulation > ( )

5.3 BedProperties.h File Reference

```
#include "Material.h"
```

Classes

- class BedProperties

    BedProperties class object inherits from Material object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< BedProperties > ()

5.3.1 Function Documentation

5.3.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< BedProperties > ( )

5.4 BedWallHeatTransfer.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class BedWallHeatTransfer

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< BedWallHeatTransfer > ()

5.4.1 Function Documentation

5.4.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< BedWallHeatTransfer > ( )

5.5 ColumnTemperatureIC.h File Reference

```
#include "InitialCondition.h"
```

Classes

- class ColumnTemperatureIC

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< ColumnTemperatureIC > ()

5.5.1 Function Documentation

5.5.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< ColumnTemperatureIC > ( )

5.6 ConcentrationIC.h File Reference

```
#include "InitialCondition.h"
```

Classes

- class ConcentrationIC

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< ConcentrationIC > ()

5.6.1 Function Documentation

5.6.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< ConcentrationIC > ( )

5.7 DGAdvection.h File Reference

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for advection.

```
#include "DGKernel.h"
#include <cmath>
```

Classes

- class DGAdvection

    DGAdvection class object inherits from DGKernel object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGAdvection > ()

5.7.1 Detailed Description

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for advection. This file creates a discontinous Galerkin kernel for advection physics in a given domain. It is a generic advection kernel that is meant to be inherited from to make a more specific kernel for a given problem. The physical parameter in this kernel's formulation is a velocity vector. That vector can be built piecewise by the respective x, y, and z components of a velocity field at a given quadrature point.

Note

Any DG kernel under DGOSPREY will have a cooresponding G kernel (usually of same name) that must be included with the DG kernel in the input file. This is because the DG finite element method breaks into several different residual pieces, only a handful of which are handled by the DG kernel system and the other parts must be handled by the standard Galerkin system. This my be due to some legacy code in MOOSE. I am not sure if it is possible to lump all of these actions into a single DG kernel.

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Definition in file DGAdvection.h.

5.7.2 Function Documentation

5.7.2.1 template$<>$ InputParameters validParams$<$ DGAdvection $>$ ( )

5.8 DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h File Reference

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for anisotropic diffusion.

```
#include "DGKernel.h"
#include <cmath>
```

Classes

- class DGAnisotropicDiffusion

  DGAnisotropicDiffusion class object inherits from DGKernel object.

Functions

- template$<>$
  InputParameters validParams$<$ DGAnisotropicDiffusion $>$ ()

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for anisotropic diffusion. This file creates a discontinous Galerkin kernel for anisotropic diffusion in a given domain. It is a generic diffusion kernel that is meant to be inherited from to make a more specific kernel for a given problem. The physical parameter in this kernel's formulation is a diffusion tensor. That tensor can be built piecewise by the respective components of the tensor at a given quadrature point.

Note

Any DG kernel under DGOSPREY will have a cooresponding G kernel (usually of same name) that must be included with the DG kernel in the input file. This is because the DG finite element method breaks into several different residual pieces, only a handful of which are handled by the DG kernel system and the other parts must be handled by the standard Galerkin system. This my be due to some legacy code in MOOSE. I am not sure if it is possible to lump all of these actions into a single DG kernel.

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Definition in file DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h.

5.8.2 Function Documentation

5.8.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGAnisotropicDiffusion > ( )

5.9 DGColumnHeatAdvection.h File Reference

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for energy advection in a fixed-bed column.

```
#include "DGAdvection.h"
```

Classes

- class DGColumnHeatAdvection

  DGColumnHeatAdvection class object inherits from DGAdvection object.

Macros

- #define DGCOLUMNHEATADVECTION_H

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGColumnHeatAdvection > ()

5.9.1 Detailed Description

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for energy advection in a fixed-bed column. This file creates a discontinous Galerkin kernel for the advective heat transfer in a fixed-bed column. The advection portion of the energy transport equations involves the linear velocity in the system, as well as the gas density and gas heat capacity. Those parameters are given as material properties for the system.

Note

Any DG kernel under DGOSPREY will have a cooresponding G kernel (usually of same name) that must be included with the DG kernel in the input file. This is because the DG finite element method breaks into several different residual pieces, only a handful of which are handled by the DG kernel system and the other parts must be handled by the standard Galerkin system. This my be due to some legacy code in MOOSE. I am not sure if it is possible to lump all of these actions into a single DG kernel.

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Definition in file DGColumnHeatAdvection.h.

5.9.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.9.2.1 #define DGCOLUMNHEATADVECTION_H

Definition at line 47 of file DGColumnHeatAdvection.h.

5.9.3 Function Documentation

5.9.3.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGColumnHeatAdvection > ( )

5.10 DGColumnHeatDispersion.h File Reference

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for energy dispersion in a fixed-bed column.

```
#include "DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h"
```

Classes

- class DGColumnHeatDispersion

    DGColumnHeatDispersion class object inherits from DGAnisotropicDiffusion object.

Macros

- #define DGCOLUMNHEATDISPERSION_H

Functions

- template<>
InputParameters validParams< DGColumnHeatDispersion > ()

5.10.1   Detailed Description

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for energy dispersion in a fixed-bed column. This file creates a discontinous Galerkin kernel for the dispersive heat transfer in a fixed-bed column. The dispersion portion of the energy transport equations involves the thermal conductivity in the system. That parameter is calculated in a material properties file and passed into this object for use the construction of residuals and Jacobians.

Note

Any DG kernel under DGOSPREY will have a cooresponding G kernel (usually of same name) that must be included with the DG kernel in the input file. This is because the DG finite element method breaks into several different residual pieces, only a handful of which are handled by the DG kernel system and the other parts must be handled by the standard Galerkin system. This my be due to some legacy code in MOOSE. I am not sure if it is possible to lump all of these actions into a single DG kernel.

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Definition in file DGColumnHeatDispersion.h.

5.10.2   Macro Definition Documentation

5.10.2.1   #define DGCOLUMNHEATDISPERSION_H

Definition at line 47 of file DGColumnHeatDispersion.h.

5.10.3   Function Documentation

5.10.3.1   template<> InputParameters validParams< DGColumnHeatDispersion > ( )

5.11 DGColumnMassAdvection.h File Reference

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for mass advection in a fixed-bed column.

```
#include "DGAdvection.h"
```

Classes

- class DGColumnMassAdvection

    DGColumnMassAdvection class object inherits from DGAdvection object.

Functions

- template<>
    InputParameters validParams< DGColumnMassAdvection > ()

5.11.1 Detailed Description

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for mass advection in a fixed-bed column. This file creates a discontinous Galerkin kernel for the advective mass transfer in a fixed-bed column. The advection portion of the mass transport equations involves the linear velocity in the system. That parameter is given as material property.

Note

Any DG kernel under DGOSPREY will have a cooresponding G kernel (usually of same name) that must be included with the DG kernel in the input file. This is because the DG finite element method breaks into several different residual pieces, only a handful of which are handled by the DG kernel system and the other parts must be handled by the standard Galerkin system. This my be due to some legacy code in MOOSE. I am not sure if it is possible to lump all of these actions into a single DG kernel.

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Definition in file DGColumnMassAdvection.h.

5.11.2 Function Documentation

5.11.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGColumnMassAdvection > ( )

5.12 DGColumnMassDispersion.h File Reference

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for mass dispersion in a fixed-bed column.

```
#include "DGAnisotropicDiffusion.h"
```

Classes

- class DGColumnMassDispersion

  DGColumnMassDispersion class object inherits from DGAnisotropicDiffusion object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGColumnMassDispersion > ()

5.12.1 Detailed Description

Discontinous Galerkin kernel for mass dispersion in a fixed-bed column. This file creates a discontinous Galerkin kernel for the dispersive mass transfer in a fixed-bed column. The dispersion portion of the mass transport equations involves the molecular diffusivity of a species in the system, as well as the overall axial dispersion of material caused by mechanical mixing and molecular diffusion. Those parameters are calculated in a material properties file and passed into this object for use the construction of residuals and Jacobians.

Note

Any DG kernel under DGOSPREY will have a cooresponding G kernel (usually of same name) that must be included with the DG kernel in the input file. This is because the DG finite element method breaks into several different residual pieces, only a handful of which are handled by the DG kernel system and the other parts must be handled by the standard Galerkin system. This my be due to some legacy code in MOOSE. I am not sure if it is possible to lump all of these actions into a single DG kernel.

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Definition in file DGColumnMassDispersion.h.

5.12.2 Function Documentation

5.12.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGColumnMassDispersion > ( )

5.13 DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel for the heat flux across the wall of the fixed-bed column.

```
#include "DGFluxBC.h"
```

Classes

- class DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC

    DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

Functions

- template<>
    InputParameters validParams< DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC > ()

5.13.1 Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel for the heat flux across the wall of the fixed-bed column. This file creates a boundary condition kernel for the heat flux across the boundary of the walls of the column in the fixed-bed adsorber. It inherits from the DGFluxBC, which acts as a generic flux BC module. This kernel is coupled to the wall temperature variable, as well as the material properties for thermal conductivity and the bed-wall heat transfer coefficient.

This type of boundary condition for DG kernels applies the true flux boundary condition. Alternatively, you can use the "FluxLimitedBC" to impose a Dirichlet boundary condition on the system. Although, in true finite volumes or DG methods, there is no Dirichlet boundary conditions, because the solutions are based on fluxes into and out of cells in a domain.

Author

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11/20/2015

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Definition in file DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC.h.

5.13.2 Function Documentation

5.13.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGColumnWallHeatFluxBC > ( )

5.14 DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel for a dirichlet-like boundary condition of heat on the column wall.

```
#include "DGFluxLimitedBC.h"
```

Classes

- class DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC

    DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC > ()

5.14.1 Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel for a dirichlet-like boundary condition of heat on the column wall. This file creates a boundary condition that mimics a Dirichlet boundary condition for the heat of the column at the wall. A true Dirichlet boundary condition does not exist in DG methods. However, this will create a weak form that imposes a constraint that the solution must be of a certain value at the boundary.

Author

> Austin Ladshaw

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> 11/20/2015

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Definition in file DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

5.14.2 Function Documentation

5.14.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGColumnWallHeatFluxLimitedBC > ( )

5.15 DGConcentrationIC.h File Reference

```
#include "InitialCondition.h"
```

Classes

- class DGConcentrationIC

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGConcentrationIC > ()

5.15.1 Function Documentation

5.15.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGConcentrationIC > ( )

5.16 DGFluxBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel for the flux across a boundary of the domain.

```
#include "IntegratedBC.h"
#include "libmesh/vector_value.h"
```

Classes

- class DGFluxBC

  DGFluxBC class object inherits from IntegratedBC object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGFluxBC > ()

5.16.1 Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel for the flux across a boundary of the domain. This file creates a generic boundary condition kernel for the flux of material accross a boundary. The flux is based on a diffusivity tensor and a velocity vector and is valid in all directions and all boundaries of a DG method. Since the DG method's flux boundary conditions are essitially the same for input and ouput boundaries, this kernel will check the sign of the flux normal to the boundary and determine automatically whether it is an output or input boundary, then apply the appropriate conditions.

This type of boundary condition for DG kernels applies the true flux boundary condition. Alternatively, you can use the "FluxLimitedBC" to impose a Dirichlet boundary condition on the system. Although, in true finite volumes or DG methods, there is no Dirichlet boundary conditions, because the solutions are based on fluxes into and out of cells in a domain.

Author

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Definition in file DGFluxBC.h.

5.16.2   Function Documentation

5.16.2.1   template$<>$ InputParameters validParams$<$ DGFluxBC $>$ ( )

5.17   DGFluxLimitedBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel to mimic a Dirichlet BC for DG methods.

```
#include "IntegratedBC.h"
#include "libmesh/vector_value.h"
```

Classes

- class DGFluxLimitedBC

     DGFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from IntegratedBC object.

Functions

- template$<>$
  InputParameters validParams$<$ DGFluxLimitedBC $>$ ()

5.17.1   Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel to mimic a Dirichlet BC for DG methods. This file creates a boundary condition kernel to impose a dirichlet-like boundary condition in DG methods. True DG methods do not have Dirichlet boundary conditions, so this kernel seeks to impose a constraint on the inlet of a boundary that is met if the value of a variable at the inlet boundary is equal to the finite element solution at that boundary. When the condition is not met, the residuals get penalyzed until the condition is met.

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Definition in file DGFluxLimitedBC.h.

5.17.2 Function Documentation

5.17.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGFluxLimitedBC > ( )

5.18 DGHeatFluxBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel for the heat flux in and out of the ends of the fixed-bed column.

```
#include "DGFluxBC.h"
```

Classes

- class DGHeatFluxBC

  DGHeatFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGHeatFluxBC > ()

5.18.1 Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel for the heat flux in and out of the ends of the fixed-bed column. This file creates a boundary condition kernel for the heat flux across the boundary of the ends of the column in the fixed-bed adsorber. It inherits from the DGFluxBC, which acts as a generic flux BC module. This kernel is coupled to the column temperature variable, as well as the material properties for thermal conductivity, gas density and heat capacity, and the velocity in the domain.

This type of boundary condition for DG kernels applies the true flux boundary condition. Alternatively, you can use the "FluxLimitedBC" to impose a Dirichlet boundary condition on the system. Although, in true finite volumes or DG methods, there is no Dirichlet boundary conditions, because the solutions are based on fluxes into and out of cells in a domain.

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Definition in file DGHeatFluxBC.h.

5.19 DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel to mimic a dirichlet boundary condition at the column inlet.

```
#include "DGFluxLimitedBC.h"
```

Classes

- class DGHeatFluxLimitedBC

    DGHeatFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGHeatFluxLimitedBC > ()

5.19.1 Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel to mimic a dirichlet boundary condition at the column inlet. This file creates a dirichlet-like boundary condition kernel for the column temperature at the inlet of the system. The outlet boundary condition would remain unchanged from the standard DG form of the boundaries. Only the inlet BC is affected by this file. See FluxLimitedBC.h for more details.

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Definition in file DGHeatFluxLimitedBC.h.

5.19.2 Function Documentation

5.19.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGHeatFluxLimitedBC > ( )

5.20 DGMassFluxBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel for the mass flux in and out of the ends of the fixed-bed column.

```
#include "DGFluxBC.h"
```

Classes

- class DGMassFluxBC

  DGMassFluxBC class object inherits from DGFluxBC object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGMassFluxBC > ()

5.20.1 Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel for the mass flux in and out of the ends of the fixed-bed column. This file creates a boundary condition kernel for the mass flux across the boundary of the ends of the column in the fixed-bed adsorber. It inherits from the DGFluxBC, which acts as a generic flux BC module. This kernel is coupled to the column temperature variable, as well as the material properties for thermal conductivity, gas density and heat capacity, and the velocity in the domain.

This type of boundary condition for DG kernels applies the true flux boundary condition. Alternatively, you can use the "FluxLimitedBC" to impose a Dirichlet boundary condition on the system. Although, in true finite volumes or DG methods, there is no Dirichlet boundary conditions, because the solutions are based on fluxes into and out of cells in a domain.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

11/20/2015

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Definition in file DGMassFluxBC.h.

5.20.2 Function Documentation

5.20.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGMassFluxBC > ( )

5.21 DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h File Reference

Boundary Condition kernel to mimic a dirichlet boundary condition at the column inlet.

```
#include "DGFluxLimitedBC.h"
```

Classes

- class DGMassFluxLimitedBC

  DGMassFluxLimitedBC class object inherits from DGFluxLimitedBC object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DGMassFluxLimitedBC > ()

5.21.1 Detailed Description

Boundary Condition kernel to mimic a dirichlet boundary condition at the column inlet. This file creates a dirichlet-like boundary condition kernel for the gas species concentration at the inlet of the system. The outlet boundary condition would remain unchanged from the standard DG form of the boundaries. Only the inlet BC is affected by this file. See FluxLimitedBC.h for more details.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

11/20/2015

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Definition in file DGMassFluxLimitedBC.h.

5.21.2 Function Documentation

5.21.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DGMassFluxLimitedBC > ( )

5.22 DgospreyApp.h File Reference

Registration object for creating a registering DGOSPREY kernels.

```
#include "MooseApp.h"
```

Classes

- class DgospreyApp

  DgospreyApp inherits from the MooseApp object.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< DgospreyApp > ()

5.22.1 Detailed Description

Registration object for creating a registering DGOSPREY kernels. This file is responsible for registering all DGOSPREY kernels in the MOOSE framework. Any additional kernel developed under DGOSPREY must be included and registered in this structure. This structure is required by MOOSE in order to have the DGOSPREY objects interact with the underlying MOOSE solvers and finite element framework.

Author

> Austin Ladshaw

Date

> 11/20/2015

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Definition in file DgospreyApp.h.

5.22.2 Function Documentation

5.22.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< DgospreyApp > ( )

5.23 DgospreyRevision.h File Reference

Macros

- #define DGOSPREY_REVISION "git commit 9890b6c on 2014-09-24"

5.23.1 Macro Definition Documentation

5.23.1.1 #define DGOSPREY_REVISION "git commit 9890b6c on 2014-09-24"

Definition at line 6 of file base/DgospreyRevision.h.

5.24 DgospreyRevision.h File Reference

Macros

- #define DGOSPREY_REVISION "git commit 5a076c0 on 2015-08-31"

5.24.1 Macro Definition Documentation

5.24.1.1 #define DGOSPREY_REVISION "git commit 5a076c0 on 2015-08-31"

Definition at line 6 of file DgospreyRevision.h.

5.25 Dispersion.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class Dispersion

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< Dispersion > ()

5.25.1 Function Documentation

5.25.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< Dispersion > ( )

5.26 egret.h File Reference

Estimation of Gas-phase pRopErTies.

```
#include "macaw.h"
```

Classes

- struct PURE_GAS

  Data structure holding all the parameters for each pure gas spieces.

- struct MIXED_GAS

  Data structure holding information necessary for computing mixed gas properties.

Macros

- #define EGRET_HPP_
- #define Rstd 8.3144621

  Gas Constant in J/K/mol (or) L∗kPa/K/mol (Standard Units)

- #define RE3 8.3144621E+3

  Gas Constant in cm$^\wedge$3∗kPa/K/mol (Convenient for density calculations)

- #define Po 100.0

  Standard state pressure (kPa)

- #define Cstd(p, T) ((p)/(Rstd∗T))

  Calculation of concentration/density from partial pressure (Cstd = mol/L)

- #define CE3(p, T) ((p)/(RE3∗T))

  Calculation of concentration/density from partial pressure (CE3 = mol/cm$^\wedge$3)

- #define Pstd(c, T) ((c)∗Rstd∗T)

  Calculation of partial pressure from concentration/density (c = mol/L)

- #define PE3(c, T) ((c)∗RE3∗T)

  Calculation of partial pressure from concentration/density (c = mol/cm$^\wedge$3)

- #define Nu(mu, rho) ((mu)/(rho))

  Calculation of kinematic viscosity from dynamic viscosity and density (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

- #define PSI(T) (0.873143 + (0.000072375∗T))

Calculation of temperature correction factor for dynamic viscosity.

- #define Dp_ij(Dij, PT) ((PT∗Dij)/Po)

    Calculation of the corrected binary diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

- #define D_ij(MWi, MWj, rhoi, rhoj, mui, muj) ((4.0 / sqrt(2.0)) ∗ pow(((1/MWi)+(1/MWj)),0.5)) / pow((pow((pow((rhoi/(1.385∗mui)),2.0)/MWi),0.25)+ pow((pow((rhoj/(1.385∗muj)),2.0)/MWj),0.25)),2.0)

    Calculation of binary diffusion based on MW, density, and viscosity info (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

- #define Mu(muo, To, C, T) (muo ∗ ((To + C)/(T + C)) ∗ pow((T/To),1.5))

    Calculation of single species viscosity from Sutherland's Equ. (g/cm/s)

- #define D_ii(rhoi, mui) (1.385∗mui/rhoi)

    Calculation of self-diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

- #define ReNum(u, L, nu) (u∗L/nu)

    Calculation of the Reynold's Number (-)

- #define ScNum(nu, D) (nu/D)

    Calculation of the Schmidt Number (-)

- #define FilmMTCoeff(D, L, Re, Sc) ((D/L)∗(2.0 + (1.1∗pow(Re,0.6)∗pow(Sc,0.3))))

    Calculation of film mass transfer coefficient (cm/s)

Functions

- int initialize_data (int N, MIXED_GAS ∗gas_dat)

    Function to initialize the MIXED_GAS structure based on number of gas species.

- int set_variables (double PT, double T, double us, double L, std::vector< double > &y, MIXED_GAS ∗gas_-dat)

    Function to set the values of the parameters in the gas phase.

- int calculate_properties (MIXED_GAS ∗gas_dat)

    Function to calculate the gas properties based on information in MIXED_GAS.

5.26.1   Detailed Description

Estimation of Gas-phase pRopErTies. egret.cpp

This file is responsible for estimating various temperature, pressure, and concentration dependent parameters to be used in other models for gas phase adsorption, mass transfer, and or mass transport. The goal of this file is to eliminate redundancies in code such that the higher level programs operate more efficiently and cleanly. Calculations made here are based on kinetic theory of gases, ideal gas law, and some emperical models that were developed to account for changes in density and viscosity with changes in temperature between standard temperatures and up to 1000 K.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

01/29/2015

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Definition in file egret.h.

5.26.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.26.2.1 #define CE3(*p, T*) ((p)/(RE3∗T))

Calculation of concentration/density from partial pressure (CE3 = mol/cm$^\wedge$3)

Definition at line 42 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.2 #define Cstd(*p, T*) ((p)/(Rstd∗T))

Calculation of concentration/density from partial pressure (Cstd = mol/L)

Definition at line 38 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.3 #define D_ii(*rhoi, mui*) (1.385∗mui/rhoi)

Calculation of self-diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 74 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.4 #define D_ij(*MWi, MWj, rhoi, rhoj, mui, muj*) ((4.0 / sqrt(2.0)) ∗ pow(((1/MWi)+(1/MWj)),0.5)) / pow((pow((pow((rhoi/(1.385∗mui)),2.0)/MWi),0.25)+ pow((pow((rhoj/(1.385∗muj)),2.0)/MWj),0.25)),2.0)

Calculation of binary diffusion based on MW, density, and viscosity info (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 66 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.5 #define Dp_ij(*Dij, PT*) ((PT∗Dij)/Po)

Calculation of the corrected binary diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 62 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.6 #define EGRET_HPP_

Definition at line 23 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.7 #define FilmMTCoeff(*D, L, Re, Sc*) ((D/L)∗(2.0 + (1.1∗pow(Re,0.6)∗pow(Sc,0.3))))

Calculation of film mass transfer coefficient (cm/s)

Definition at line 86 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.8 #define Mu(*muo, To, C, T*) (muo ∗ ((To + C)/(T + C)) ∗ pow((T/To),1.5))

Calculation of single species viscosity from Sutherland's Equ. (g/cm/s)

Definition at line 70 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.9 #define Nu(*mu, rho*) ((mu)/(rho))

Calculation of kinematic viscosity from dynamic viscosity and density (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 54 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.10 #define PE3(*c, T*) ((c)∗RE3∗T)

Calculation of partial pressure from concentration/density (c = mol/cm$^\wedge$3)

Definition at line 50 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.11 #define Po 100.0

Standard state pressure (kPa)

Definition at line 34 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.12 #define PSI(*T*) (0.873143 + (0.000072375∗T))

Calculation of temperature correction factor for dynamic viscosity.

Definition at line 58 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.13 #define Pstd(*c, T*) ((c)∗Rstd∗T)

Calculation of partial pressure from concentration/density (c = mol/L)

Definition at line 46 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.14 #define RE3 8.3144621E+3

Gas Constant in cm$^\wedge$3∗kPa/K/mol (Convenient for density calculations)

Definition at line 30 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.15 #define ReNum(*u, L, nu*) (u∗L/nu)

Calculation of the Reynold's Number (-)

Definition at line 78 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.16 #define Rstd 8.3144621

Gas Constant in J/K/mol (or L∗kPa/K/mol (Standard Units)

Definition at line 26 of file egret.h.

5.26.2.17 #define ScNum(*nu, D*) (nu/D)

Calculation of the Schmidt Number (-)

Definition at line 82 of file egret.h.

5.26.3 Function Documentation

5.26.3.1 int calculate_properties (MIXED_GAS ∗ *gas_dat*)

Function to calculate the gas properties based on information in MIXED_GAS.

This function uses the kinetic theory of gases, combined with other semi-empirical models, to predict and approximate several properties of the mixed gas phase that might be necessary when running any gas dynamical simulation. This includes mass and energy transfer equations, as well as adsorption kinetics in porous adsorbents.

5.26.3.2 int initialize_data (int *N,* MIXED_GAS ∗ *gas_dat*)

Function to initialize the MIXED_GAS structure based on number of gas species.

This function will initialize the sizes of all vector objects in the MIXED_GAS structure based on the number of gas species indicated by N.

5.26.3.3 int set_variables (double *PT,* double *T,* double *us,* double *L,* std::vector< double > & *y,* MIXED_GAS ∗ *gas_dat*)

Function to set the values of the parameters in the gas phase.

The gas phase properties are a function of total pressure, gas temperature, gas velocity, characteristic length, and the mole fractions of each species in the gas phase. Prior to calculating the gas phase properties, these parameters must be set and updated as they change.

Parameters

PT	total gas pressure in kPa
T	gas temperature in K

us	gas velocity in cm/s
L	characteristic length in cm (this depends on the particular system)
y	vector of gas mole fractions of each species in the mixture
gas_dat	pointer to the MIXED_GAS data structure

5.27   error.h File Reference

All error types are defined here.

```
#include <iostream>
```

Macros

- #define mError(i)

Enumerations

- enum error_type {
  generic_error, file_dne, indexing_error, magpie_reverse_error,
  simulation_fail, invalid_components, invalid_boolean, invalid_molefraction,
  invalid_gas_sum, invalid_solid_sum, scenario_fail, out_of_bounds,
  non_square_matrix, dim_mis_match, empty_matrix, opt_no_support,
  invalid_fraction, ortho_check_fail, unstable_matrix, no_diffusion,
  negative_mass, negative_time, matvec_mis_match, arg_matrix_same,
  singular_matrix, matrix_too_small, invalid_size, nullptr_func,
  invalid_norm, vector_out_of_bounds, zero_vector, tensor_out_of_bounds,
  non_real_edge, nullptr_error, invalid_atom, invalid_proton,
  invalid_neutron, invalid_electron, invalid_valence, string_parse_error,
  unregistered_name, rxn_rate_error, invalid_species, duplicate_variable,
  missing_information, invalid_type, key_not_found, anchor_alias_dne,
  initial_error, not_a_token, read_error, invalid_console_input }

    List of names for error type.

Functions

- void error (int flag)

    Error function customizes output message based on flag.

5.27.1   Detailed Description

All error types are defined here. error.cpp

This file defines all the different errors that may occur in any simulation in any file. Those errors are recognized by an enum with is then passed through to the error.cpp file that customizes the error message to the console. A macro will also print out the file name and line number where the error occured.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

04/28/2014

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Definition in file error.h.

5.27.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.27.2.1 #define mError(*i*)

Value:

```
{error(i);                 \
std::cout << "Source: " << __FILE__ << "\nLine: " << __LINE__ << std::endl;}
```

Definition at line 22 of file error.h.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::adjoint(), Matrix< T >::cofactor(), Matrix< T >::columnExtend(), Matrix< T >-::columnExtract(), Matrix< T >::columnProjection(), Matrix< T >::columnReplace(), Matrix< T >::columnVector-Fill(), Matrix< T >::ConstantICFill(), Matrix< T >::determinate(), Matrix< T >::diagonalSolve(), Matrix< T >-::dirichletBCFill(), Matrix< T >::Display(), Matrix< T >::edit(), Matrix< T >::inner_product(), Matrix< T >::Integral-Avg(), Matrix< T >::IntegralTotal(), Matrix< T >::inverse(), Matrix< T >::ladshawSolve(), Matrix< T >::lower-Hessenberg2Triangular(), Matrix< T >::lowerHessenbergSolve(), Matrix< T >::lowerTriangularSolve(), Matrix< T >::operator()(), Matrix< T >::operator∗(), Matrix< T >::operator+(), Matrix< T >::operator-(), Matrix< T >::row-Extend(), Matrix< T >::rowExtract(), Matrix< T >::rowReplace(), Matrix< T >::set_size(), Matrix< T >::Soln-Transform(), Matrix< T >::sphericalAvg(), Matrix< T >::sphericalBCFill(), Matrix< T >::transpose(), Matrix< T >::transpose_multiply(), Matrix< T >::tridiagonalFill(), Matrix< T >::tridiagonalSolve(), Matrix< T >::tridiagonal-VectorFill(), Matrix< T >::upperHessenberg2Triangular(), Matrix< T >::upperHessenbergSolve(), and Matrix< T >::upperTriangularSolve().

5.27.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

5.27.3.1 enum error_type

List of names for error type.

Enumerator

> ***generic_error***
>
> ***file_dne***
>
> ***indexing_error***
>
> ***magpie_reverse_error***
>
> ***simulation_fail***
>
> ***invalid_components***
>
> ***invalid_boolean***
>
> ***invalid_molefraction***
>
> ***invalid_gas_sum***
>
> ***invalid_solid_sum***
>
> ***scenario_fail***
>
> ***out_of_bounds***
>
> ***non_square_matrix***
>
> ***dim_mis_match***
>
> ***empty_matrix***

> *opt_no_support*
> *invalid_fraction*
> *ortho_check_fail*
> *unstable_matrix*
> *no_diffusion*
> *negative_mass*
> *negative_time*
> *matvec_mis_match*
> *arg_matrix_same*
> *singular_matrix*
> *matrix_too_small*
> *invalid_size*
> *nullptr_func*
> *invalid_norm*
> *vector_out_of_bounds*
> *zero_vector*
> *tensor_out_of_bounds*
> *non_real_edge*
> *nullptr_error*
> *invalid_atom*
> *invalid_proton*
> *invalid_neutron*
> *invalid_electron*
> *invalid_valence*
> *string_parse_error*
> *unregistered_name*
> *rxn_rate_error*
> *invalid_species*
> *duplicate_variable*
> *missing_information*
> *invalid_type*
> *key_not_found*
> *anchor_alias_dne*
> *initial_error*
> *not_a_token*
> *read_error*
> *invalid_console_input*

Definition at line 28 of file error.h.

5.27.4 Function Documentation

5.27.4.1 void error (int *flag*)

Error function customizes output message based on flag.

This error function is reference in the error.cpp file, but is not called by any other file. Instead, all other files call the mError(i) macro that expands into this error function call plus prints out the file name and line number where the error occured.

5.28 finch.h File Reference

Flux-limiting Implicit Non-oscillatory Conservative High-resolution scheme.

```
#include "macaw.h"
#include "lark.h"
```

Classes

- struct FINCH_DATA

    Data structure for the FINCH object.

Enumerations

- enum finch_solve_type { FINCH_Picard, LARK_Picard, LARK_PJFNK }

    List of enum options to define the solver type in FINCH.

- enum finch_coord_type { Cartesian, Cylindrical, Spherical }

    List of enum options to define the coordinate system in FINCH.

Functions

- double max (std::vector< double > &values)

    Function returns the maximum in a list of values.

- double min (std::vector< double > &values)

    Function returns the minimum in a list of values.

- double minmod (std::vector< double > &values)

    Function returns the result of the minmod function acting on a list of values.

- int uTotal (FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function integrates the conserved quantity to return it's total in the domain.

- int uAverage (FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function integrates the conserved quantity to reture it's average in the domain.

- int check_Mass (FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function checks the unp1 vector for negative values and will adjust if needed.

- int l_direct (FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function solves the discretized FINCH problem directly by assuming it is linear.

- int lark_picard_step (const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &G, const void ∗data)

    Function to perform the necessary LARK Picard iterative method (not typically used)

- int nl_picard (FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function to solve the discretized FINCH problem iteratively by assuming it is non-linear.

- int setup_FINCH_DATA (int(∗user_callroutine)(const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_setic)(const void ∗user_-
    data), int(∗user_timestep)(const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_preprocess)(const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_-
    solve)(const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_setparams)(const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_discretize)(const void
    ∗user_data), int(∗user_bcs)(const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_res)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< dou-
    ble > &res, const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_precon)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p,
    const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_postprocess)(const void ∗user_data), int(∗user_reset)(const void ∗user_-
    data), FINCH_DATA ∗dat, const void ∗param_data)

    Function to setup memory and set user defined functions into the FINCH object.

- void print2file_dim_header (FILE ∗Output, FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function will print out a dimension header for FINCH output.

- void print2file_time_header (FILE ∗Output, FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function will print out a time header for FINCH output.

- void print2file_result_old (FILE ∗Output, FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function will print out the old results to the variable u.
- void print2file_result_new (FILE ∗Output, FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function will print out the new results to the variable u.
- void print2file_newline (FILE ∗Output, FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function will force print out a blank line.
- void print2file_tab (FILE ∗Output, FINCH_DATA ∗dat)

    Function will force print out a tab.
- int default_execution (const void ∗user_data)

    Default executioner function for FINCH.
- int default_ic (const void ∗user_data)

    Default initial conditions function for FINCH.
- int default_timestep (const void ∗user_data)

    Default time step function for FINCH.
- int default_preprocess (const void ∗user_data)

    Default preprocesses function for FINCH.
- int default_solve (const void ∗user_data)

    Default solve function for FINCH.
- int default_params (const void ∗user_data)

    Default params function for FINCH.
- int minmod_discretization (const void ∗user_data)

    Minmod Discretization function for FINCH.
- int vanAlbada_discretization (const void ∗user_data)

    Van Albada Discretization function for FINCH.
- int ospre_discretization (const void ∗user_data)

    Ospre Discretization function for FINCH.
- int default_bcs (const void ∗user_data)

    Default boundary conditions function for FINCH.
- int default_res (const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &res, const void ∗user_data)

    Default residual function for FINCH.
- int default_precon (const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗user_data)

    Default preconditioning function for FINCH.
- int default_postprocess (const void ∗user_data)
- int default_reset (const void ∗user_data)

    Default reset function for FINCH.

5.28.1   Detailed Description

Flux-limiting Implicit Non-oscillatory Conservative High-resolution scheme. finch.cpp

This is a conservative finite differences scheme based on the Kurganov and Tadmoor (2000) MUSCL scheme for non-linear conservation laws. It can solve 1-D conservation law problems in three different coordinate systems: (i) Cartesian - axial, (ii) Cylindrical - radial, and (iii) Spherical - radial. It is the backbone algorithm behind all 1-D PDE problems in the ecosystem software.

The form of the general conservation law problem that FINCH solves is...

$z^{\wedge}d*R*du/dt = d/dz(z^{\wedge}d*D*du/dz) - d/dz(z^{\wedge}d*v*u) - z^{\wedge}d*k*u + z^{\wedge}d*S$

where R, D, v, k, and S are the parameters of the problem and d, z, and u are the coordinates, spatial dimension, and conserved quantities, respectively. The parameter R is a retardation coefficient, D is a diffusion coefficient, v is a velocity, k is a reaction coefficient, and S is a forcing function or source/sink term.

FINCH supports the use of both Dirichlet and Neuman boundary conditions as the input/inlet condition and uses the No Flux (or Natural) boundary condition for the output/outlet of the domain. For radial problems, the outlet is always

taken to the the center of the cylindrical or spherical particle. This enforces the symmetry of the problem. For axial problems, the outlet is determined by the sign of the velocity term and is therefore choosen by the routine based on the actual flow direction in the domain.

Parameters of the problem can be coupled to the variable u and also be functions of space and time. The coupling of the parameters with the variable forces the problem to become non-linear, which requires iteration to solve. The default iterative method is a built-in Picard's method. This method is equivalent to an inexact Newton method, because we use the Linear Solve of this system as a weak approximation to the non-linear solve. Generally, this method is sufficient and is the most efficient. However, if a problem is particularly difficult to solve, then we can call some of the non-linear solvers developed in LARK. If PJFNK is used, then the Linear Solve for the FINCH problem is used as the Preconditioner for the Linear Solve in PJFNK.

This algorithm comes packaged with three different slope limiter functions to stabilize the velocity term for highly advectively dominate problems. The available slope limiters are: (i) minmod, (ii) van Albada, and (iii) ospre. By default, the FINCH setup function will set the slope limiter to ospre, because this method provides a reasonable compromise between accuracy and efficiency.

Slope Limiter Stats:

minmod -> Highest Accuracy, Lowest Efficiency

van Albada -> Lowest Accuracy, Highest Efficiency

ospre -> Average Accuracy, Average Efficiency

Author

> Austin Ladshaw

Date

> 01/29/2015

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Definition in file finch.h.

5.28.2   Enumeration Type Documentation

5.28.2.1   enum finch_coord_type

List of enum options to define the coordinate system in FINCH.

Enumerator

> ***Cartesian***
>
> ***Cylindrical***
>
> ***Spherical***

Definition at line 65 of file finch.h.

5.28.2.2   enum finch_solve_type

List of enum options to define the solver type in FINCH.

Enumerator

> ***FINCH_Picard***

> ***LARK_Picard***
>
> ***LARK_PJFNK***

Definition at line 62 of file finch.h.

5.28.3 Function Documentation

5.28.3.1 int check_Mass (FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function checks the unp1 vector for negative values and will adjust if needed.

This function can be turned off or on in the FINCH_DATA structure. Typically, you will want to leave this on so that the routine does not return negative values for u. However, if you want to get negative values of u, then turn this option off.

5.28.3.2 int default_bcs (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default boundary conditions function for FINCH.

The default boundary conditions function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and sets the boundary conditions according to the type of problem requested. The input BCs will always be either Neumann or Dirichlet and the output BC will always be a zero flux Neumann BC.

5.28.3.3 int default_execution (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default executioner function for FINCH.

The default executioner function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and calls the preprocesses, solve, postprocesses, checkMass, uTotal, and uAverage functions in that order.

5.28.3.4 int default_ic (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default initial conditions function for FINCH.

The default initial condition function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and sets the initial values of all system parameters according to the given constants in that structure.

5.28.3.5 int default_params (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default params function for FINCH.

The default params function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and sets the values of all parameters at all nodes equal to the values of those parameters at the boundaries.

5.28.3.6 int default_postprocess (const void ∗ *user_data*)

The default postprocesses function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and does nothing.

5.28.3.7 int default_precon (const Matrix< double > & *b,* Matrix< double > & *p,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default preconditioning function for FINCH.

The default preconditioning function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and performs a tridiagonal linear solve using a Modified Thomas Algorithm. This preconditioner will solve the linear problem exactly if there is no advective portion of the physics. Additionally, this preconditioner is also used as the basis for forming the default FINCH non-linear iterations and is sufficient for solving most problems.

5.28.3.8 int default_preprocess (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default preprocesses function for FINCH.

The default preprocesses function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and

does nothing.

5.28.3.9 int default_res (const Matrix< double > & *x,* Matrix< double > & *res,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default residual function for FINCH.

The default residual function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and calls the setparams function (passing the param_data structure), the discretization function, and the set BCs functions, in that order. It then forms the implicit and explicit side residuals that go into the iterative solver.

5.28.3.10 int default_reset (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default reset function for FINCH.

The default reset function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and sets all old state parameters and variables to the new state.

5.28.3.11 int default_solve (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default solve function for FINCH.

The default solve function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and calls the corresponding solution method depending on the users conditions.

5.28.3.12 int default_timestep (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default time step function for FINCH.

The default time step function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and sets the time step to 1/2 the mesh size or bases the time step off of the CFL condition if the problem is not being solved iteratively and involves an advective portion.

5.28.3.13 int l_direct (FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function solves the discretized FINCH problem directly by assuming it is linear.

5.28.3.14 int lark_picard_step (const Matrix< double > & *x,* Matrix< double > & *G,* const void ∗ *data*)

Function to perform the necessary LARK Picard iterative method (not typically used)

5.28.3.15 double max (std::vector< double > & *values*)

Function returns the maximum in a list of values.

5.28.3.16 double min (std::vector< double > & *values*)

Function returns the minimum in a list of values.

5.28.3.17 double minmod (std::vector< double > & *values*)

Function returns the result of the minmod function acting on a list of values.

5.28.3.18 int minmod_discretization (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Minmod Discretization function for FINCH.

The minmod discretization function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and discretizes the time and space portion of the problem with 2nd order finite differences and uses the minmod slope limiter function to stabilize the advective physics.

5.28.3.19 int nl_picard (FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function to solve the discretized FINCH problem iteratively by assuming it is non-linear.

Note

> If the problem is actually linear, then this will solve it in one iteration. So it may be best to always assume the
> problem is non-linear.

5.28.3.20   int ospre_discretization (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Ospre Discretization function for FINCH.

The ospre discretization function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and
discretizes the time and space portion of the problem with 2nd order finite differences and uses the ospre slope
limiter function to stabilize the advective physics. This is the default discretization function.

5.28.3.21   void print2file_dim_header (FILE ∗ *Output,* FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function will print out a dimension header for FINCH output.

5.28.3.22   void print2file_newline (FILE ∗ *Output,* FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function will force print out a blank line.

5.28.3.23   void print2file_result_new (FILE ∗ *Output,* FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function will print out the new results to the variable u.

5.28.3.24   void print2file_result_old (FILE ∗ *Output,* FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function will print out the old results to the variable u.

5.28.3.25   void print2file_tab (FILE ∗ *Output,* FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function will force print out a tab.

5.28.3.26   void print2file_time_header (FILE ∗ *Output,* FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat*)

Function will print out a time header for FINCH output.

**5.28.3.27   int setup_FINCH_DATA (int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_callroutine,* int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_setic,*
int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_timestep,* int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_preprocess,* int(∗)(const
void ∗user_data) *user_solve,* int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_setparams,* int(∗)(const void ∗user_data)
user_discretize, int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_bcs,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double >
&res, const void ∗user_data) *user_res,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void
∗user_data) *user_precon,* int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_postprocess,* int(∗)(const void ∗user_data) *user_reset,*
FINCH_DATA ∗ *dat,* const void ∗ *param_data*)**

Function to setup memory and set user defined functions into the FINCH object.

This function MUST be called prior to running any FINCH based simulation. However, you are only every required
to provide this function with the FINCH_DATA pointer. It is recommended, however, that you do provide the user_-
setparams and param_data pointers, as these will likely vary significantly from problem to problem.

After the problem is setup in memory, you do not technically have to have FINCH call all of it's own functions. You
can write your own executioner, initial conditions, and other functions and decided how and when everything is
called. Then just call the solve function in FINCH_DATA when you want to use the FINCH solver. This is how
FINCH is used in SKUA, SCOPSOWL, DOGFISH, and MONKFISH.

Parameters

user_callroutine	function pointer the the call routine function
user_setic	function pointer to set initial conditions for problem
user_timestep	function pointer to set the next time step
user_preprocess	function pointer to setup a preprocess operation
user_solve	function pointer to solve the system of equations

user_setparams	function pointer to set the parameters in the problem (always override this)
user_discretize	function pointer to select discretization scheme for the problem
user_bcs	function pointer to evaluate boundary conditions for the problem
user_res	function pointer to evaluate non-linear residuals for the problem
user_precon	function pointer to perform a linear preconditioning operation
user_- *postprocess*	function pointer to setup a postprocess operation
user_reset	function pointer to reset stateful data for next simulation
dat	pointer to the FINCH_DATA structure
param_data	user supplied pointer to a data structure needed in user_setparams

5.28.3.28 int uAverage (FINCH_DATA ∗ dat)

Function integrates the conserved quantity to reture it's average in the domain.

5.28.3.29 int uTotal (FINCH_DATA ∗ dat)

Function integrates the conserved quantity to return it's total in the domain.

5.28.3.30 int vanAlbada_discretization (const void ∗ user_data)

Van Albada Discretization function for FINCH.

The van Albada discretization function for FINCH assumes the user_data parameter is the FINCH_DATA structure and discretizes the time and space portion of the problem with 2nd order finite differences and uses the van Albada slope limiter function to stabilize the advective physics.

5.29 flock.h File Reference

FundamentaL Off-gas Collection of Kernels.

```
#include "macaw.h"
#include "egret.h"
#include "finch.h"
#include "lark.h"
#include "skua.h"
#include "scopsowl.h"
#include "magpie.h"
```

5.29.1 Detailed Description

FundamentaL Off-gas Collection of Kernels. This is just a .h file that holds all the includes necessary to develop and run simulations for adsorption and/or mass/energy transfer problems for gaseous systems. Include this file into any other project or source code that needs the methods below.

Files Included in FLOCK

macaw.h egret.h finch.h lark.h skua.h scopsowl.h magpie.h

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

04/28/2014

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> This software was designed and built at the Georgia Institute of Technology by Austin Ladshaw for PhD research in the area of adsorption and surface science. Copyright (c) 2015, all rights reserved.

Definition in file flock.h.

5.30 FlowProperties.h File Reference

Material Properties kernel that will setup and calculate gas flow properties based on physical characteristics.

```
#include "Material.h"
#include "flock.h"
```

Classes

- class FlowProperties

    FlowProperties class object inherits from Material object.

Macros

- #define _gas_const 8.3144621

    Gas Law Constant - J/K/mol.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< FlowProperties > ()

5.30.1 Detailed Description

Material Properties kernel that will setup and calculate gas flow properties based on physical characteristics. This file creates a material property object for the flow properties in the fixed-bed column. The flow properties are calculated based on some dimensional analysis, empirical relationships, and kinetic theory of gases. Those properties are then coupled the with mass and energy kernels in the domain to simulate the dynamic and non-linear behavior in the system.

Author

> Austin Ladshaw

Date

> 11/20/2015

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> This kernel was designed and built at the Georgia Institute of Technology by Austin Ladshaw for PhD research in the area of adsorption and surface science and was developed for use by Idaho National Laboratory and Oak Ridge National Laboratory engineers and scientists. Portions Copyright (c) 2015, all rights reserved.

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Definition in file FlowProperties.h.

5.30.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.30.2.1 #define _gas_const 8.3144621

Gas Law Constant - J/K/mol.

Definition at line 45 of file FlowProperties.h.

5.30.3 Function Documentation

5.30.3.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< FlowProperties > ( )

5.31 FluidHeatTransfer.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class FluidHeatTransfer

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< FluidHeatTransfer > ()

5.31.1 Function Documentation

5.31.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< FluidHeatTransfer > ( )

5.32 GAdvection.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class GAdvection

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< GAdvection > ()

5.32.1 Function Documentation

5.32.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< GAdvection > ( )

5.33 GAnisotropicDiffusion.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class [GAnisotropicDiffusion](#)

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters [validParams< GAnisotropicDiffusion >](#) ()

5.33.1 Function Documentation

5.33.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< GAnisotropicDiffusion > ( )

5.34 GColumnHeatAdvection.h File Reference

```
#include "GAdvection.h"
```

Classes

- class [GColumnHeatAdvection](#)

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters [validParams< GColumnHeatAdvection >](#) ()

5.34.1 Function Documentation

5.34.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< GColumnHeatAdvection > ( )

5.35 GColumnHeatDispersion.h File Reference

```
#include "GAnisotropicDiffusion.h"
```

Classes

- class [GColumnHeatDispersion](#)

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters [validParams< GColumnHeatDispersion >](#) ()

5.35.1 Function Documentation

5.35.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< GColumnHeatDispersion > ( )

5.36 GColumnMassAdvection.h File Reference

```
#include "GAdvection.h"
```

Classes

- class GColumnMassAdvection

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< GColumnMassAdvection > ()

5.36.1   Function Documentation

5.36.1.1   template<> InputParameters validParams< GColumnMassAdvection > ( )

5.37   GColumnMassDispersion.h File Reference

```
#include "GAnisotropicDiffusion.h"
```

Classes

- class GColumnMassDispersion

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< GColumnMassDispersion > ()

5.37.1   Function Documentation

5.37.1.1   template<> InputParameters validParams< GColumnMassDispersion > ( )

5.38   HeatConductivity.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class HeatConductivity

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< HeatConductivity > ()

5.38.1   Function Documentation

5.38.1.1   template<> InputParameters validParams< HeatConductivity > ( )

5.39   lark.h File Reference

Linear Algebra Residual Kernels.

```
#include "macaw.h"
#include <float.h>
```

Classes

- struct ARNOLDI_DATA

  Data structure for the construction of the Krylov subspaces for a linear system.

- struct GMRESLP_DATA

  Data structure for implementation of the Restarted GMRES algorithm with Left Preconditioning.

- struct GMRESRP_DATA

  Data structure for the Restarted GMRES algorithm with Right Preconditioning.

- struct PCG_DATA

  Data structure for implementation of the PCG algorithms for symmetric linear systems.

- struct BiCGSTAB_DATA

  Data structure for the implementation of the BiCGSTAB algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

- struct CGS_DATA

  Data structure for the implementation of the CGS algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

- struct OPTRANS_DATA

  Data structure for implementation of linear operator transposition.

- struct GCR_DATA

  Data structure for the implementation of the GCR algorithm for non-symmetric linear systems.

- struct GMRESR_DATA

  Data structure for the implementation of GCR with Nested GMRES preconditioning (i.e., GMRESR)

- struct KMS_DATA

  Data structure for the implemenation of the Krylov Multi-Space (KMS) Method.

- struct PICARD_DATA

  Data structure for the implementation of a Picard or Fixed-Point iteration for non-linear systems.

- struct BACKTRACK_DATA

  Data structure for the implementation of Backtracking Linesearch.

- struct PJFNK_DATA

  Data structure for the implementation of the PJFNK algorithm for non-linear systems.

- struct NUM_JAC_DATA

  Data structure to form a numerical jacobian matrix with finite differences.

Macros

- #define MIN_TOL 1e-15

  Minimum Allowable Tolerance for linear and non-linear problems.

Enumerations

- enum krylov_method {
  GMRESLP, PCG, BiCGSTAB, CGS,
  FOM, GMRESRP, GCR, GMRESR }

  Enum of definitions for linear solver types in PJFNK.

Functions

- int update_arnoldi_solution (Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &x0, ARNOLDI_DATA *arnoldi_dat)

    Function to update the linear vector x based on the Arnoldi Krylov subspace.

- int arnoldi (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &w, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void *data), Matrix< double > &r0, ARNOLDI_DATA *arnoldi_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to factor a linear operator into an orthonormal basis and upper Hessenberg matrix.

- int gmresLeftPreconditioned (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &w, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, GMRESLP_DATA *gmreslp_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with GMRESLP.

- int fom (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &w, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, GMRESLP_DATA *gmreslp_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to directly solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with FOM.

- int gmresRightPreconditioned (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &w, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, GMRESRP_DATA *gmresrp_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with GMRESRP.

- int pcg (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &p, Matrix< double > &Ap, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &z, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, PCG_DATA *pcg_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a symmetric, definite linear system with PCG.

- int bicgstab (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &p, Matrix< double > &Ap, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &z, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, BiCGSTAB_DATA *bicg_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, definite linear system with BiCGSTAB.

- int cgs (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &p, Matrix< double > &Ap, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &z, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, CGS_DATA *cgs_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, definite linear system with CGS.

- int operatorTranspose (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &Av, const void *data), Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &u, OPTRANS_DATA *transpose_dat, const void *matvec_data)

    Function that is used to perform transposition of a linear operator and results in a new vector $A^\wedge T*r=u$.

- int gcr (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void *data), int(*precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, GCR_DATA *gcr_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, definite linear system with GCR.

- int gmresrPreconditioner (const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void *data)

    Function used in conjunction with GMRESR to apply GMRESRP iterations as a preconditioner.

- int gmresr (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void *data), int(*terminal_precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, GMRESR_DATA *gmresr_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *term_precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with GMRESR.

- int kmsPreconditioner (const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void *data)

    Preconditioner function for the Krylov Multi-Space.

- int krylovMultiSpace (int(*matvec)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void *data), int(*terminal_precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void *data), Matrix< double > &b, KMS_DATA *kms_dat, const void *matvec_data, const void *term_precon_data)

    Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with KMS.

- int picard (int(*res)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &r, const void *data), int(*evalx)(const Matrix< double > &x0, Matrix< double > &x, const void *data), Matrix< double > &x, PICARD_DATA *picard_dat, const void *res_data, const void *evalx_data)

Function to iteratively solve a non-linear system using the Picard or Fixed-Point method.

- int jacvec (const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &Jv, const void ∗data)

    Function to form a linear operator of a Jacobian matrix used along with the PJFNK method.

- int backtrackLineSearch (int(∗feval)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &F, const void ∗data), Matrix< double > &Fkp1, Matrix< double > &xkp1, Matrix< double > &pk, double normFk, BACKTRACK-_DATA ∗backtrack_dat, const void ∗feval_data)

    Function to perform a Backtracking Line Search operation to smooth out convergence of PJFNK.

- int pjfnk (int(∗res)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &F, const void ∗data), int(∗precon)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗data), Matrix< double > &x, PJFNK_DATA ∗pjfnk-_dat, const void ∗res_data, const void ∗precon_data)

    Function to perform the PJFNK algorithm to solve a non-linear system of equations.

- int NumericalJacobian (int(∗Func)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &F, const void ∗user_-data), const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &J, int Nx, int Nf, NUM_JAC_DATA ∗jac_dat, const void ∗user_data)

    Function to form a full numerical Jacobian matrix from a given non-linear function.

5.39.1   Detailed Description

Linear Algebra Residual Kernels. lark.cpp

The functions contained within are designed to solve generic linear and non-linear square systems of equations given a function argument and data from the user. Optionally, the user can also provide a function to return a preconditioning result that will be applied to the system.

Having the user define how the preconditioning is carried out provides two major advantages: (1) we do not need to store and large, sparse preconditioning matrices and instead only store the preconditioned vector result and (2) this allows the user to use any kind of preconditioner they see fit for their problem.

The Arnoldi function is typically not called by the user, but can be if desired. It accepts the function arguments and a residual vector to form an orthonormal basis of the Krylov subspace using the Modified Gram-Schmidt process (aka Arnoldi Iteration). This function is called by GMRES to iteratively solve a linear system of equations. Note that you can use this function to directly solve the linear system as long as that system is not too large. Construction of the basis is expensive, which is why this is used as a sub-function of an iterative method.

The Restarted GMRES function will accept function arguments for a linear system and attempt to solve said system iteratively by constructing an orthonormal basis from the Krylov function. Note that this GMRES function does support restarting and will use restarting by default if the linear system is too large.

Also included is a GMRES algorithm without restarting. This will directly solve the linear system within residual tolerance using a Full Orthogonal basis set of that system. It is equivalent to calling the Krylov method with the k parameter equal to N (i.e. the number of equations). This method is nick-named the Full Othogonalization Method (FOM), although the true FOM algorithm in literature is slightly different.

The PJFNK function will accept function arguments for a square, non-linear system of equations and attempt to solve it iteratively using both the GMRES and Krylov functions with Newton's method to convert the non-linear system into a linear system.

Also built here is a PCG implementation for solving symmetric linear systems. Can also be called by PJFNK if we know that the linear system (i.e. the Jacobian) is symmetric. This algorithm is significantly more efficient than GMRES, but is only valid if the system of equations is symmetric.

Other linear solvers implemented in this work are the BiCGSTAB and CGS algorithms for non-symmetric, positive definite matrices. These algorithms are significantly more computationally efficient than GMRES or FOM. However, they can both break down if the linear system is poorly conditioned. In general, you only want to use these methods if you have preconditioning available and your linear system is very, very large. Otherwise, you will be better suited to using GMRES or FOM.

There is also an implementation of the Generalized Conjugate Residual (GCR) method with and without restarting. This is a GMRES-like method that should give the exact solution within N iterations, where N is the original size of the matrix. Built ontop of the GCR method is a GMRESR (or GMRES Recursive) algorithm that uses GCR as the base method and performs GMRESRP iterations as a preconditioner at each iteration of GCR. This is the only linear

solver that has built-in preconditioning. As a result, it may be slower than other algorithms for simple problems, but generally will have much better convergence behavior and will almost always give better residual reduction, even for hard to solve problems.

We have also developed a novel/experimental iterative method based on the idea of recursively preconditioning a Krylov Subspace with more Krylov Subspaces. We have called with algorithm the Krylov Multi-Space (KMS) method. This algorithm is based on publications from Vorst and Vuik (1991) and Saad (1993). The idea is too use the FGMRES algorithm developed by Saad (1993) and precondition it with more FGMRES steps, i.e., nesting the iterations as Vorst and Vuik (1991) had proposed. In this way, we have created a generalized Krylov Subspace method that has it's own variable preconditioner that can be adjusted depending on the user's desired complexity and convergence rate. If the levels of recursion requested is zero, then this algorithm is exactly equal to GMRES with right preconditioning. If the level is one, then it is FGMRES with a GMRES preconditioner. However, we allow the levels of recursion to reach up to 5, thus allowing us to precondition the preconitioners with more GMRES steps. This can result is significantly faster convergence rates, but is typically only necessary for very large or difficult to solve problems.

NOTE: There are three GMRES implementations: (i) gmresLP, (ii) fom, and (iii) gmresRP. GMRESLP is a restarted GMRES implementation that is left preconditioned and only checks the residual on the outer loops. This may be less efficient than GMRESRP, which can check both outer and inner loop residuals. However, GMRESRP has to use right preconditioning, which also slightly changes the convergence behavior of the linear system. GMRES with left preconditioning and without restarting will just build the full subspace by default, thus solving the system exactly, but may require too much memory. You can do a GMRESRP unrestarted by specifying that the restart parameter be equal to the size of the problem.

Basic Implementation Details:

Linear Solvers -$>$ Solve Ax=b for x

Non-Linear Solvers -$>$ Solve F(x)=0 for x

All implementations require system size to be 2 or greater

Author

> Austin Ladshaw

Date

> 10/14/2014

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Definition in file lark.h.

5.39.2   Macro Definition Documentation

5.39.2.1   #define MIN_TOL 1e-15

Minimum Allowable Tolerance for linear and non-linear problems.

Definition at line 111 of file lark.h.

5.39.3   Enumeration Type Documentation

5.39.3.1   enum **krylov_method**

Enum of definitions for linear solver types in PJFNK.

Enum delineates the available Krylov Subspace methods that can be used to solve the linear sub-problem at each non-linear iteration in a Newton method.

Enumerator

> **GMRESLP**
>
> **PCG**
>
> **BiCGSTAB**
>
> **CGS**
>
> **FOM**
>
> **GMRESRP**
>
> **GCR**
>
> **GMRESR**

Definition at line 492 of file lark.h.

5.39.4 Function Documentation

5.39.4.1 int arnoldi (int(∗)(const **Matrix**< double > &v, **Matrix**< double > &w, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const **Matrix**< double > &b, **Matrix**< double > &p, const void ∗data) *precon,* **Matrix**< double > & *r0,* ARNOLDI_DATA ∗ *arnoldi_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *precon_data*)

Function to factor a linear operator into an orthonormal basis and upper Hessenberg matrix.

This function performs the Arnoldi algorithm to factor a linear operator into an orthonormal basis and upper Hessenberg matrix. Each orthonormal vector is formed using a Modified Gram-Schmidt procedure. When used in conjunction with GMRESLP, user may supply a preconditioning operator to improve convergence of the linear system. However, this function can be used by itself to factor the user's linear operator.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
r0	user supplied vector to serve as the first basis vector in the orthonormal basis
arnoldi_dat	pointer to the ARNOLDI_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioning operator

Note

> int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)
> --
> This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.
> --
> int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)
> --
> This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.
> --

5.39.4.2   int backtrackLineSearch (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &F, const void ∗data)
feval, Matrix< double > & _Fkp1,_ Matrix< double > & _xkp1,_ Matrix< double > & _pk,_ double _normFk,_
BACKTRACK_DATA ∗ _backtrack_dat,_ const void ∗ _feval_data_)

Function to perform a Backtracking Line Search operation to smooth out convergence of PJFNK.

This function performs a simple backtracking line search operation on the residuals from the PJFNK method. The step size of the non-linear iteration is checked against a level of tolerance for residual reduction, then adjusted down if necessary. This method always starts out with the maximum allowable step size. If the largest step size is fine, then the algorithm does nothing. Otherwise, it iteratively adjusts the step size down, until a suitable step is found. In the case that no suitable step is found, this algorithm will report failure to the PJFNK method and PJFNK will decide whether to continue trying to find a global minimum or report that it is stuck in a local minimum.

Parameters

feval	user supplied residual function for the non-linear system
Fkp1	vector holding the residuals for the next non-linear step
xkp1	vector holding the solution for the next non-linear step
_pk_	vector holding the current non-linear search direction
normFk	value of the current non-linear residual
_backtrack_dat_	pointer to the BACKTRACK_DATA data structure
_feval_data_	user supplied void pointer to the data structure needed for residual evaluation

Note

> int (∗feval) (const Matrix<double>& x, Matrix<double> &F, const void ∗data)
> --
> This is a user supplied function for the non-linear residuals. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix x representing the current non-linear variables. Those variables are used to evaluate the users functions and return the residuals in the matrix F. The void pointer data is a data structure provided by the user to hold information the function may need in order to form the residuals.
> --

5.39.4.3   int bicgstab (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &p, Matrix< double > &Ap, const void ∗data) _matvec,_
int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &z, const void ∗data) _precon,_ Matrix< double > & _b,_
BiCGSTAB_DATA ∗ _bicg_dat,_ const void ∗ _matvec_data,_ const void ∗ _precon_data_)

Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, definite linear system with BiCGSTAB.

This function iteratively solves a non-symmetric, definite linear system using the Bi-Conjugate Gradient STABilized (BiCGSTAB) method. This is a highly efficient algorithm for solving non-symmetric problems, but will occassionally breakdown and fail. Most common failures are caused by poor preconditioning. Works very well for grid-based linear systems.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
_b_	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
_bicg_dat_	pointer to the BiCGSTAB_DATA data structure
_matvec_data_	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
_precon_data_	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioning operator

Note

> int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)
> --
> This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified

the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.

--―――

int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)

--―――

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

--―――

5.39.4.4   int cgs (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &p, Matrix< double > &Ap, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &z, const void ∗data) *precon,* Matrix< double > & *b,* CGS_DATA ∗ *cgs_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *precon_data*)

Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, definite linear system with CGS.

This function iteratively solves a non-symmetric, definite linear system using the Conjugate Gradient Squared (CGS) method. This is an extremely efficient algorithm for solving non-symmetric problems, but will often breakdown and fail. Most common failures are caused by poor or no preconditioning. Works very will for grid-based linear systems.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
cgs_dat	pointer to the CGS_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioning operator

Note

int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)

--―――

This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.

--―――

int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)

--―――

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

--―――

5.39.4.5   int fom (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &w, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗data) *precon,* Matrix< double > & *b,* GMRESLP_DATA ∗ *gmreslp_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *precon_data*)

Function to directly solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with FOM.

This function directly solves a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system using the Full Orthogonalization Method (F-OM). This algorithm is exactly equivalent to GMRESLP without restarting. Therefore, it uses the GMRESLP_DATA structure and calls the GMRESLP algorithm without using restarts. As a result, it never checks linear residuals. However, this should give the exact solution upon completion, assuming the linear operator is not singular.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
gmreslp_dat	pointer to the GMRESLP_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtiing operator

Note

int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)

This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.

----

int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

5.39.4.6   int gcr (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void ∗data) *matvec,* **int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void ∗data)** *precon,* **Matrix< double > &** *b,* **GCR_DATA ∗** *gcr_dat,* **const void ∗** *matvec_data,* **const void ∗** *precon_data* **)**

Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, definite linear system with GCR.

This function iteratively solves a non-symmetric, definite linear system using the Generalized Conjugate Residual (GCR) method. Similar to GMRESRP, this algorithm will construct a growing orthonormal basis set that will eventually form the exact solution to the linear system. However, this algorithm is less efficient than GMRESRP and can suffer breakdowns if the linear system is indefinite.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
gcr_dat	pointer to the GCR_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtiing operator

Note

int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)

This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.

----

int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear

operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

--—

5.39.4.7   int gmresLeftPreconditioned (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &w, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &b, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗data) *precon,* Matrix< double > & *b,* GMRESLP_DATA ∗ *gmreslp_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *precon_data*)

Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with GMRESLP.

This function iteratively solves a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system using the Generalized Minimum RESidual method with Left Preconditioning (GMRESLP). It calls the Arnoldi algorithm to factor a linear operator into an orthonormal basis and upper Hessenberg matrix, then uses that factorization to form an approximation to the linear system. Because this algorithm uses left-side preconditioning, it can only check the linear residuals at the outer iterations.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
gmreslp_dat	pointer to the GMRESLP_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioing operator

Note

int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)

--—

This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.

--—

int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)

--—

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

--—

5.39.4.8   int gmresr (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void ∗data) *terminal_precon,* Matrix< double > & *b,* GMRESR_DATA ∗ *gmresr_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *term_precon_data*)

Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with GMRESR.

This function iteratively solves a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system using the Generalized Minimum RESidual Recursive (GMRESR) method. This algorithm actually uses GCR at the outer iterations, but stabilizes GCR with GMRESRP inner iterations to implicitly form a variable preconditioner to the linear system. As such, this is one of only two methods that inherently includes preconditioning (the other is KMS), without any user supplied preconditioning operator. However, this algorithms is signficantly more computationally expensive than GCR or GMRESRP separately. It should only be used for solving very large or very hard to solve linear systems.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
terminal_precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
gmresr_dat	pointer to the GMRESR_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
term_precon_- data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioning operator

Note

> int (∗matvec) (const Matrix⟨double⟩& v, Matrix⟨double⟩ &Av, const void ∗data)
> ---
> This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.
> ---
> int (∗terminal_precon) (const Matrix⟨double⟩& b, Matrix⟨double⟩ &Mb, const void ∗data)
> ---
> This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.
> ---

5.39.4.9 int gmresRightPreconditioned (int(∗)(const Matrix⟨ double ⟩ &v, Matrix⟨ double ⟩ &w, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const Matrix⟨ double ⟩ &b, Matrix⟨ double ⟩ &p, const void ∗data) *precon,* Matrix⟨ double ⟩ & *b,* GMRESRP_DATA ∗ *gmresrp_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *precon_data*)

Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with GMRESRP.

This function iteratively solves a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system using the Generalized Minimum RESidual method with Right Preconditioning (GMRESRP). Because this algorithm uses right preconditioning, it is able to check the linear residuals at both the outer and inner iterations. This may be much for efficient compared to G-MRESLP. In order to check inner residuals, this algorithm has to perform it's own internal Modified Gram-Schmidt procedure and will not call the Arnoldi algorithm.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
gmresrp_dat	pointer to the GMRESRP_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioning operator

Note

> int (∗matvec) (const Matrix⟨double⟩& v, Matrix⟨double⟩ &Av, const void ∗data)
> ---
> This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.
> ---
> int (∗precon) (const Matrix⟨double⟩& b, Matrix⟨double⟩ &Mb, const void ∗data)

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

5.39.4.10 int gmresrPreconditioner (const Matrix< double > & *r,* Matrix< double > & *Mr,* const void ∗ *data*)

Function used in conjunction with GMRESR to apply GMRESRP iterations as a preconditioner.

This function is required to take the form of the user supplied preconditioning functions for other iterative methods. However, it cannot be used in conjunction with any other Krylov method. It is only called by the GMRESR function when the preconditioner needs to be applied.

Parameters

r	vector supplied to the preconditioner to operate on
Mr	vector to hold the result of the preconditioning operation
data	void pointer to the GMRESR_DATA data structure

5.39.4.11 int jacvec (const Matrix< double > & *v,* Matrix< double > & *Jv,* const void ∗ *data*)

Function to form a linear operator of a Jacobian matrix used along with the PJFNK method.

This function is used in conjunction with the PJFNK routine to form a linear operator that a Krylov method can operate on. This linear operator is formed from the current residual vector of the non-linear iteration in PJFNK using a finite difference approximation.

Jacobian Linear Operator: J∗v = (F(x_k + eps∗v) - F(x_k)) / eps

Parameters

v	vector to be multiplied by the Jacobian matrix
Jv	storage vector for the result of the Jacobi-vector product
data	void pointer to the PJFNK_DATA data structure holding solver information

5.39.4.12 int kmsPreconditioner (const Matrix< double > & *r,* Matrix< double > & *Mr,* const void ∗ *data*)

Preconditioner function for the Krylov Multi-Space.

This function is required to take the form of the user supplied preconditioning functions for other iterative methods. However, it cannot be used in conjunction with any other Krylov method. It is only called by the KMS function when the preconditioner needs to be applied.

Parameters

r	vector supplied to the preconditioner to operate on
Mr	vector to hold the result of the preconditioning operation
data	void pointer to the KMS_DATA data structure

5.39.4.13 int krylovMultiSpace (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &Ax, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &Mr, const void ∗data) *terminal_precon,* Matrix< double > & *b,* KMS_DATA ∗ *kms_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *term_precon_data*)

Function to iteratively solve a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system with KMS.

This function iteratively solves a non-symmetric, indefinite linear system using the Krylov Multi-Space (KMS) method. This algorithm uses GMRESRP at both outer and inner iterations to implicitly form a variable preconditioner

---

to the linear system. As such, this is one of only two methods that inherently includes preconditioning, without any user supplied preconditioning operator (the other being GMRESR). The advantage to this method over GMRESR is that this method is GMRES at its core, and will therefore never breakdown or need to be stabilized. Additionally, you can call this method and set it's max_level parameter (see KMS_DATA) to 0, which will make this algorithm exactly equal to GMRESRP. If the max_level is set to 1, then this algorithm is exactly FGMRES (Saad, 1993) with the GMRES algorithm as a preconditioner. However, you can set max_level higher to precondition the preconditioners with more preconditioners. Thus creating a method with any desired complexity or rate of convergence.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
terminal_precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
kms_dat	pointer to the KMS_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
term_precon_-data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioning operator

Note

> int ($*$matvec) (const Matrix$<$double$>$& v, Matrix$<$double$>$ &Av, const void $*$data)
> --──
> This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.
> --──
> int ($*$terminal_precon) (const Matrix$<$double$>$& b, Matrix$<$double$>$ &Mb, const void $*$data)
> --──
> This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.
> --──

5.39.4.14   int NumericalJacobian (int($*$)(const Matrix$<$ double $>$ &x, Matrix$<$ double $>$ &F, const void $*$user_data) *Func,* const Matrix$<$ double $>$ & *x,* Matrix$<$ double $>$ & *J,* int *Nx,* int *Nf,* NUM_JAC_DATA $*$ *jac_dat,* const void $*$ *user_data*)

Function to form a full numerical Jacobian matrix from a given non-linear function.

This function uses finite differences to form a full rank Jacobian matrix for a user supplied non-linear function. The Jacobian matrix will be formed at the current state of the non-linear variables x and stored in a full matrix J. Integers Nx and Nf are used to determine the size of the Jacobian matrix.

Parameters

Func	user supplied function for evaluation of the non-linear system
x	matrix holding the current value of the non-linear variables
J	matrix that will store the numerical Jacobian result
Nx	number of non-linear variables in the system
Nf	number of non-linear functions in the system
jac_dat	pointer to the NUM_JAC_DATA data structure
user_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure used in the non-linear function

5.39.4.15   int operatorTranspose (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &v, Matrix< double > &Av, const void ∗data) *matvec,* Matrix< double > & *r,* Matrix< double > & *u,* OPTRANS_DATA ∗ *transpose_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data*)

Function that is used to perform transposition of a linear operator and results in a new vector A^T∗r=u.

This function takes a user supplied linear operator and forms the result of that operator transposed and multiplied by a given vector r (A^T∗r=u). Transposition is accomplished by reordering the transpose operator and multiplying the non-transposed operator by a complete set of orthonormal vectors. The end result gives the ith component of the vector u for each operation (u_i = r^T∗A∗i). Here, i is a vector made from the ith column of the identity matrix. If the linear system if sufficiently large, then this operation may take some time.

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
r	vector to be multiplied by the transpose of the operator
u	vector to store the result of the operator transposition (u=A^T∗r)
transpose_dat	pointer to the OPTRANS_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator

Note

> int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)
>
> --
>
> This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.
>
> --

5.39.4.16   int pcg (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &p, Matrix< double > &Ap, const void ∗data) *matvec,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &z, const void ∗data) *precon,* Matrix< double > & *b,* PCG_DATA ∗ *pcg_dat,* const void ∗ *matvec_data,* const void ∗ *precon_data*)

Function to iteratively solve a symmetric, definite linear system with PCG.

This function iteratively solves a symmetric, definite linear system using the Preconditioned Conjugate Gradient (PCG) method. The PCG algorithm is optimal in terms of efficiency and residual reduction, but only if the linear system is symmetric. PCG will fail if the linear operator is non-symmetric!

Parameters

matvec	user supplied linear operator given as an int function
precon	user supplied preconditioning operator given as an int function
b	matrix of boundary conditions in the linear system Ax=b
pcg_dat	pointer to the PCG_DATA data structure
matvec_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the linear operator
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure needed for the precondtioning operator

Note

> int (∗matvec) (const Matrix<double>& v, Matrix<double> &Av, const void ∗data)
>
> --
>
> This is a user supplied function for a linear operator. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix v that will act on the linear operator a modified the matrix entries of Av to form the result of a matrix-vector product. Void pointer data is used to pass any user data structure that the function may need in order to perform the linear operation.
>
> --
>
> int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)
>
> --

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the above linear operator function and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the original linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

---⎯

5.39.4.17 int picard (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &r, const void ∗data) *res,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x0, Matrix< double > &x, const void ∗data) *evalx,* Matrix< double > & *x,* PICARD_DATA ∗ *picard_dat,* const void ∗ *res_data,* const void ∗ *evalx_data*)

Function to iteratively solve a non-linear system using the Picard or Fixed-Point method.

This function iteratively solves a non-linear system using the Picard method. User supplies a residual function and a weak solution form function. The weak form function is used to approximate the next solution vector for the non-linear system and the residual function is used to determine convergence. User also supplies an initial guess to the non-linear system as a matix x, which will also be used to store the solution. This algorithm is very simple and may not be sufficient to solve complex non-linear systems.

Parameters

res	user supplied function for the non-linear residuals of the system
evalx	user supplied function for the weak form to estimate the next solution
x	user supplied matrix holding the initial guess to the non-linear system
picard_dat	pointer to the PICARD_DATA data structure
res_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure used for residual evaluations
evalx_data	user supplied void pointer to a data structure used for evaluation of weak form

Note

int (∗res) (const Matrix<double>& x, Matrix<double> &F, const void ∗data)

---⎯

This is a user supplied function for the non-linear residuals. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix x representing the current non-linear variables. Those variables are used to evaluate the users functions and return the residuals in the matrix F. The void pointer data is a data structure provided by the user to hold information the function may need in order to form the residuals.

---⎯

int (∗evalx) (const Matrix<double>& x0, Matrix<double> &x, const void ∗data)

---⎯

This is a user supplied function to approximate the next solution vector x based on the previous solution vector x0. The x0 matrix is passed to this function and must be used to edit the entries of x based on the weak form of the problem. The user is free to define any weak form approximation. Void pointer data is the users data structure that may be used to pass additional information into this function in order to evaluate the weak form.

Example Residual: F(x) = x$^\wedge$2 + x - 1 Goal is to make this function equal zero

Example Weak Form: x = 1 - x0$^\wedge$2 Rearrage residual to form a weak solution

---⎯

5.39.4.18 int pjfnk (int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &x, Matrix< double > &F, const void ∗data) *res,* int(∗)(const Matrix< double > &r, Matrix< double > &p, const void ∗data) *precon,* Matrix< double > & *x,* PJFNK_DATA ∗ *pjfnk_dat,* const void ∗ *res_data,* const void ∗ *precon_data*)

Function to perform the PJFNK algorithm to solve a non-linear system of equations.

This function solves a non-linear system of equations using the Preconditioned Jacobian- Free Newton-Krylov (P-JFNK) algorithm. Each non-linear step of this method results in a linear sub-problem that is solved iteratively with one of the Krylov methods in the krylov_method enum. User must supplied a residual function that computes the

non-linear residuals of the system given the current state of the variables x. Additionally, the user must also supplied an initial guess to the non-linear system. Optionally, the user may supply a preconditioning function for the linear sub-problem.

Basic Steps: (i) Calc F(x_k), (ii) Solve J(x_k)∗s_k=-F(x_k) for s_k, (iii) Form x_kp1 = x_k + s_k

Parameters

res	user supplied residual function for the non-linear system
precon	user supplied preconditioning function for the linear sub-problems
x	user supplied initial guess and storage location of the solution
pjfnk_dat	pointer to the PJFNK_DATA data structure
res_data	user supplied void pointer to data structure used in residual function
precon_data	user supplied void pointer to data structure used in preconditioning function

Note

int (∗res) (const Matrix<double>& x, Matrix<double> &F, const void ∗data)

──

This is a user supplied function for the non-linear residuals. User's function must return an int of 0 upon success and anything else denotes a failure. The function accepts a matrix x representing the current non-linear variables. Those variables are used to evaluate the users functions and return the residuals in the matrix F. The void pointer data is a data structure provided by the user to hold information the function may need in order to form the residuals.

──

int (∗precon) (const Matrix<double>& b, Matrix<double> &Mb, const void ∗data)

──

This is a user supplied function for a preconditioning operator. It has the same form as the linear operators from the Krylov methods and should have all the same properties. The only difference is that this function must form an approximate matrix inversion on the jacvec linear operator and modify the entries of Mb to represent the result of that approximate matrix inversion. The matrix b is given as the vector that this operator is acting on and the void pointer data is for any user data structure that the operator may need.

──

5.39.4.19 int update_arnoldi_solution (Matrix< double > & *x,* Matrix< double > & *x0,* ARNOLDI_DATA ∗ *arnoldi_dat*)

Function to update the linear vector x based on the Arnoldi Krylov subspace.

This function will update a solution vector x based on the previous solution x0 given the orthonormal basis and upper Hessenberg matrix formed in the Arnoldi algorithm. Updating is automatically called by the GMRESLP function. It is expected that the Arnoldi algorithm has already been called prior to calling this function.

Parameters

x	matrix that will hold the new updated solution to the linear system
x0	matrix that holds the previous solution to the linear system
arnoldi_dat	pointer to the ARNOLDI_DATA data structure

5.40 LinearDrivingForce.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class LinearDrivingForce

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< LinearDrivingForce > ()

5.40.1 Function Documentation

5.40.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< LinearDrivingForce > ( )

5.41 macaw.h File Reference

MAtrix CAlculation Workspace.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <vector>
#include <time.h>
#include <float.h>
#include <string>
#include <exception>
#include "error.h"
```

Classes

- class Matrix< T >
  Templated C++ Matrix Class Object (click Matrix to go to function definitions)

Macros

- #define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288
  Value of PI with double precision.

5.41.1 Detailed Description

MAtrix CAlculation Workspace. macaw.cpp

This is a small C++ library that faciltates the use and construction of real matrices using vector objects. The Matrix class is templated so that users are able to work with matrices of any type including, but not limited to: (i) doubles, (ii) ints, (iii) floats, and (iv) even other matrices! Routines and functions are defined for Dense matrix operations. As a result, we typically only use Column Matrices (or Vectors) when doing any actual simulations. However, the development of this class was integral to the development and testing of the Sparse matrix operators in lark.h.

While the primary goal of this object was to define how to operate on real matrices, we could extend this idea to complex matrices as well. For this, we could develop objects that represent imaginary and complex numbers and then create a Matrix of those objects. For this reason, the matrix operations here are all templated to abstract away the specificity of the type of matrix being operated on.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

01/07/2014

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This software was designed and built at the Georgia Institute of Technology by Austin Ladshaw for PhD research in the area of adsorption and surface science. Copyright (c) 2015, all rights reserved.

Definition in file macaw.h.

5.41.2 Macro Definition Documentation

5.41.2.1 #define M_PI 3.14159265358979323846264338327950288

Value of PI with double precision.

Definition at line 43 of file macaw.h.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::IntegralTotal().

5.42 magpie.h File Reference

Multicomponent Adsorption Generalized Procedure for Isothermal Equilibria.

```
#include "lmcurve.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <vector>
#include <time.h>
#include <float.h>
#include <string>
#include "error.h"
```

Classes

- struct GSTA_DATA

    GSTA Data Structure.
- struct mSPD_DATA

    MSPD Data Structure.
- struct GPAST_DATA

    GPAST Data Structure.
- struct SYSTEM_DATA

    System Data Structure.
- struct MAGPIE_DATA

    MAGPIE Data Structure.

Macros

- #define DBL_EPSILON 2.2204460492503131e-016

    Machine precision value used for approximating gradients.

- #define Z 10.0

  Surface coordination number used in the MSPD activity model.
- #define A 3.13E+09

  Corresponding van der Waals standard area for our coordination number (cm$^\wedge$2/mol)
- #define V 18.92

  Corresponding van der Waals standard volume for our coordination number (cm$^\wedge$3/mol)
- #define Po 100.0

  Standard State Pressure - Units: kPa.
- #define R 8.3144621

  Gas Constant - Units: J/(K$*$mol) = kB $*$ Na.
- #define Na 6.0221413E+23

  Avagadro's Number - Units: molecules/mol.
- #define kB 1.3806488E-23

  Boltzmann's Constant - Units: J/K.
- #define shapeFactor(v_i) (((Z - 2) $*$ v_i) / (Z $*$ V)) + (2 / Z)

  This macro replaces all instances of shapeFactor(#) with the following single line calculation.
- #define lnKo(H, S, T) -(H / (R $*$ T)) + (S / R)

  This macro calculates the natural log of the dimensionless isotherm parameter.
- #define He(qm, K1, m) (qm $*$ K1) / (m $*$ Po)

  This macro calculates the Henry's Coefficient for the ith component.

Functions

- double qo (double po, const void $*$data, int i)

  Function computes the result of the GSTA isotherm for the ith species.
- double dq_dp (double p, const void $*$data, int i)

  Function computes the derivative of the GSTA model with respect to partial pressure.
- double q_p (double p, const void $*$data, int i)

  Function computes the ratio between the adsorbed amount and partial pressure for the GSTA isotherm.
- double PI (double po, const void $*$data, int i)

  Function computes the spreading pressure integral of the ith species.
- double Qst (double po, const void $*$data, int i)

  Function computes the heat of adsorption based on the ith species GSTA parameters.
- double eMax (const void $*$data, int i)

  Function to approximate the maximum lateral energy term for the ith species.
- double lnact_mSPD (const double $*$par, const void $*$data, int i, volatile double PI)

  Function to evaluate the MSPD activity coefficient for the ith species.
- double grad_mSPD (const double $*$par, const void $*$data, int i)

  Function to approximate the derivative of the MSPD activity model with spreading pressure.
- double qT (const double $*$par, const void $*$data)

  Function to calculate the total adsorbed amount (mol/kg) for the mixed surface phase.
- void initialGuess_mSPD (double $*$par, const void $*$data)

  Function to provide an initial guess to the unknown parameters being solved for in GPAST.
- void eval_po_PI (const double $*$par, int m_dat, const void $*$data, double $*$fvec, int $*$info)

  Function used with lmfit to evaluate the reference state pressure of a species based on spreading pressure.
- void eval_po_qo (const double $*$par, int m_dat, const void $*$data, double $*$fvec, int $*$info)

  Function used with lmfit to evaluate the reference state pressure of a species based on that species isotherm.
- void eval_po (const double $*$par, int m_dat, const void $*$data, double $*$fvec, int $*$info)

  Function used with lmfit to evaluate the reference state pressure of a species based on a sub-system.
- void eval_eta (const double $*$par, int m_dat, const void $*$data, double $*$fvec, int $*$info)

Function used with lmfit to evaluate the binary interaction parameters for each unique species pair.

- void eval_GPAST (const double ∗par, int m_dat, const void ∗data, double ∗fvec, int ∗info)

    Function used with lmfit to solve the GPAST system of equations.

- int MAGPIE (const void ∗data)

    Function to call all sub-routines to solve a MAGPIE/GPAST problem at a given temperature and pressure.

5.42.1   Detailed Description

Multicomponent Adsorption Generalized Procedure for Isothermal Equilibria. magpie.cpp

This file contains all functions and routines associated with predicting isothermal adsorption equilibria from only single component isotherm information. The basis of the model is the Adsorbed Solution Theory developed by Myers and Prausnitz (1965). Added to that base model is a procedure by which we can predict the non-idealities present at the surface phase by solving a closed system of equations involving the activity model.

For more details on this procedure, check out our publication in AIChE where we give a fully feature explaination of our Generalized Predictive Adsorbed Solution Theory (GPAST).

Reference: Ladshaw, A., Yiacoumi, S., and Tsouris, C., "A generalized procedure for the prediction of multicomponent adsorption equilibria", AIChE J., vol. 61, No. 8, p. 2600-2610, 2015.

MAGPIE represents a special case of the more general GPAST procedure, wherin the isotherm for each species is respresent by the GSTA isotherm (see gsta_opt.h) and the activity model for non-ideality at the adsorbent surface is a Modified Spreading Pressure Dependent (MSPD) model. See the above paper reference for more details.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

12/17/2013

Copyright

Definition in file magpie.h.

5.42.2   Macro Definition Documentation

5.42.2.1   #define A 3.13E+09

Corresponding van der Waals standard area for our coordination number (cm$^{\wedge}$2/mol)

Definition at line 56 of file magpie.h.

Referenced by Matrix< T >::inverse(), Matrix< T >::ladshawSolve(), and Matrix< T >::tridiagonalSolve().

5.42.2.2   #define DBL_EPSILON 2.2204460492503131e-016

Machine precision value used for approximating gradients.

Definition at line 48 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.3   #define He(*qm, K1, m*) (qm ∗ K1) / (m ∗ **Po**)

This macro calculates the Henry's Coefficient for the ith component.

Definition at line 91 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.4 #define kB 1.3806488E-23

Boltzmann's Constant - Units: J/K.

Definition at line 76 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.5 #define lnKo(*H, S, T*) -(H / (R $\ast$ T)) + (S / R)

This macro calculates the natural log of the dimensionless isotherm parameter.

Definition at line 86 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.6 #define Na 6.0221413E+23

Avagadro's Number - Units: molecules/mol.

Definition at line 72 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.7 #define Po 100.0

Standard State Pressure - Units: kPa.

Definition at line 64 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.8 #define R 8.3144621

Gas Constant - Units: J/(K$\ast$mol) = kB $\ast$ Na.

Definition at line 68 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.9 #define shapeFactor(*v_i*) (((Z - 2) $\ast$ v_i) / (Z $\ast$ V)) + (2 / Z)

This macro replaces all instances of shapeFactor(#) with the following single line calculation.

Definition at line 81 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.10 #define V 18.92

Corresponding van der Waals standard volume for our coordination number (cm$^\wedge$3/mol)

Definition at line 60 of file magpie.h.

5.42.2.11 #define Z 10.0

Surface coordination number used in the MSPD activity model.

Definition at line 52 of file magpie.h.

5.42.3 Function Documentation

5.42.3.1 double dq_dp (double *p,* const void $\ast$ *data,* int *i*)

Function computes the derivative of the GSTA model with respect to partial pressure.

This function just computes the result of the derivative of GSTA isotherm model for the ith species at the given the partial pressure p.

Parameters

p	partial pressure in kPa at which to evaluate the GSTA model
data	void pointer to the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
i	index of the gas species for which the GSTA model is being evaluated

5.42.3.2 double eMax (const void ∗ *data,* int *i*)

Function to approximate the maximum lateral energy term for the ith species.

The function attempts to approximate the maximum lateral energy term for the ith species. This is not a true maximum, but a cheaper estimate. Value being computed is used to shift the geometric mean and formulate the average cross-lateral energy term between species i and j.

5.42.3.3 void eval_eta (const double ∗ *par,* int *m_dat,* const void ∗ *data,* double ∗ *fvec,* int ∗ *info*)

Function used with lmfit to evaluate the binary interaction parameters for each unique species pair.

This function is used to estimate the binary interaction parameters for all species pairs in a given sub-system. Those parameters are then stored for later used when evaluating the activity coefficients for the overall mixture. User does not need to call this function. GPAST will call automatically when needed.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
m_dat	number of functions/variables in the GPAST system of equations
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
fvec	list of residuals formed by the functions in GPAST
info	integer flag variable used in the lmfit routine

5.42.3.4 void eval_GPAST (const double ∗ *par,* int *m_dat,* const void ∗ *data,* double ∗ *fvec,* int ∗ *info*)

Function used with lmfit to solve the GPAST system of equations.

This function is used after having calculated and stored all necessary information to solve a closed form GPAST system of equations. User does not need to call this function. GPAST will call automatically when needed.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
m_dat	number of functions/variables in the GPAST system of equations
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
fvec	list of residuals formed by the functions in GPAST
info	integer flag variable used in the lmfit routine

5.42.3.5 void eval_po (const double ∗ *par,* int *m_dat,* const void ∗ *data,* double ∗ *fvec,* int ∗ *info*)

Function used with lmfit to evaluate the reference state pressure of a species based on a sub-system.

This function is used to approximate reference state pressures based on the spreading pressure of a sub-system in GPAST. The sub-system will be one of the unique binary systems that exist in the overall mixed gas system. User does not need to call this function. GPAST will call automatically when needed.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
m_dat	number of functions/variables in the GPAST system of equations
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
fvec	list of residuals formed by the functions in GPAST
info	integer flag variable used in the lmfit routine

5.42.3.6 void eval_po_PI (const double ∗ *par,* int *m_dat,* const void ∗ *data,* double ∗ *fvec,* int ∗ *info*)

Function used with lmfit to evaluate the reference state pressure of a species based on spreading pressure.

This function is used inside of the MSPD activity model to calculate the reference state pressure of a particular species at a given spreading pressure for the system. User does not need to call this function. GPAST will call

automatically when needed.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
m_dat	number of functions/variables in the GPAST system of equations
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
fvec	list of residuals formed by the functions in GPAST
info	integer flag variable used in the lmfit routine

5.42.3.7 void eval_po_qo (const double ∗ *par,* int *m_dat,* const void ∗ *data,* double ∗ *fvec,* int ∗ *info*)

Function used with lmfit to evaluate the reference state pressure of a species based on that species isotherm.

This function is used to evaluate the partial pressure or reference state pressure for a particular species given single-component adsorbed amount. User does not need to call this function. GPAST will call automatically when needed.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
m_dat	number of functions/variables in the GPAST system of equations
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
fvec	list of residuals formed by the functions in GPAST
info	integer flag variable used in the lmfit routine

5.42.3.8 double grad_mSPD (const double ∗ *par,* const void ∗ *data,* int *i*)

Function to approximate the derivative of the MSPD activity model with spreading pressure.

This function returns a 2nd order, finite different approximation of the derivative of the MSPD activity model with the spreading pressure. The par argument will either hold the current iterates estimate of spreading pressure or should be passed as null. User does not need to call this function. GPAST will call automatically when needed.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
i	ith species for which we will approximate the activty model gradient

5.42.3.9 void initialGuess_mSPD (double ∗ *par,* const void ∗ *data*)

Function to provide an initial guess to the unknown parameters being solved for in GPAST.

This function intends to provide an initial guess for the unknown values being solved for in the GPAST system. Depending on what type of solve is requested, this algorithm will provide a guess for the adsorbed or gas phase composition.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure

5.42.3.10 double lnact_mSPD (const double ∗ *par,* const void ∗ *data,* int *i,* volatile double *PI*)

Function to evaluate the MSPD activity coefficient for the ith species.

This function will return the natural log of the ith species activity coefficient using the Modified Spreading Pressure Dependent (MSPD) activity model. The par argument holds the variable values being solved for by GPAST and their contents will change depending on whether we are doing a forward or reverse evaluation. This function should

not be called by the user and will only be called when needed in the GPAST routine.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
i	ith species that we want to calculate the activity coefficient for
PI	lumped spreading pressure term used in gradient estimations

5.42.3.11 int MAGPIE (const void ∗ *data*)

Function to call all sub-routines to solve a MAGPIE/GPAST problem at a given temperature and pressure.

This is the function that a typical user will want to incorporate into their own codes when evaluating adsorption of a gas mixture. Prior to calling this function, all required structures and information in the MAGPIE_DATA structure must have been properly initialized. After this function has completed it's operations, it will return an integer used to denote a success or failure of the routine. Integers 0, 1, 2, and 3 all denote success. Anything else is considered a failure.

To setup the MAGPIE_DATA structure correctly, you must reserve space for all vector objects based on the number of gas species in the mixture. In general, you only need to reserve space for the adsorbing species. However, you can also reserve space for non-adsorbing species, but you MUST give a gas/adsorbed mole fraction of the non-adsorbing species 0.0 so that the routine knows to ignore them (very important)!

After setting up the memory for the vector objects, you can intialize information specific to the simulation you want to request. The number of species (N), total pressure (PT) and gas temperature (T) must always be given. You can neglect the non-idealities of the surface phase by setting the Ideal bool to true. This will result in faster calculations, because MAGPIE will just revert down to the Ideal Adsorbed Solution Theory (IAST).

The Recover bool will denote whether we are doing a forward or reverse GPAST evaluation. Forward evaluation is for solving for the composition of the adsorbed phase given the composition of the gas phase (Recover = false). Reverse evaluation is for solve for the composition of the gas phase given the composition of the adsorbed phase (Recover = true).

For a reverse evaluation (Recover = true) you will also need to stipulate whether or not there is a carrier gas (Carrier = true or false). A carrier gas is considered any non-adsorbing species that may be present in the gas phase and contributing to the total pressure in the system.

The parameters that must be initialized for all species include all GSTA_DATA parameters and the van der Waals volume parameter (v) in the mSPD_DATA structure. For non-adsorbing species, you can ignore these parameters, but need to set the sites (m) from GSTA_DATA to 1. GPAST cannot run any evaluations without these parameters being set properly AND set in the same order for all species (i.e., make sure that gpast_dat[i].qmax corresponds to mspd_dat[i].v and so on).

Lastly, you need to give either the gas phase or adsorbed phase mole fractions, depending on whether you are going to run a forward or reverse evaluation, respectively. For a forward evaluation, provide the gas mole fractions (y) in GPAST_DATA for each species (non-adsorbing species should have this value set to 0.0). For a reverse evaluation, provide the adsorbed mole fractions (x) in GPAST_DATA for each species, as well as the total adsorbed amount (qT) in SYSTEM_DATA. Again, non-adsorbing species should have their respective phase mole fractions set to 0.0 to exclude them from the simulation. Additionally, if there are non-adsorbing species present, then the Carrier bool in SYSTEM_DATA must be set to true.

Parameters

data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure holding all necessary information

5.42.3.12 double PI (double *po,* const void ∗ *data,* int *i*)

Function computes the spreading pressure integral of the ith species.

This function uses an analytical solution to the spreading pressure integral with the GSTA isotherm to evaluate and return the value computed by that integral equation.

Parameters

po	partial pressure in kPa at which to evaluate the lumped spreading pressure
data	void pointer to the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
i	index of the gas species for which the GSTA model is being evaluated

5.42.3.13   double q_p (double *p,* const void ∗ *data,* int *i*)

Function computes the ratio between the adsorbed amount and partial pressure for the GSTA isotherm.

This function just computes the ratio between the adsorbed amount q (mol/kg) and the partial pressure p (kPa) at the given partial pressure. If p == 0, then this function returns the Henry's Law constant for the isotherm of the ith species.

Parameters

p	partial pressure in kPa at which to evaluate the GSTA model
data	void pointer to the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
i	index of the gas species for which the GSTA model is being evaluated

5.42.3.14   double qo (double *po,* const void ∗ *data,* int *i*)

Function computes the result of the GSTA isotherm for the ith species.

This function just computes the result of the GSTA isotherm model for the ith species given the partial pressure po.

Parameters

po	partial pressure in kPa at which to evaluate the GSTA model
data	void pointer to the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
i	index of the gas species for which the GSTA model is being evaluated

Referenced by Matrix< T >::IntegralAvg(), and Matrix< T >::IntegralTotal().

5.42.3.15   double Qst (double *po,* const void ∗ *data,* int *i*)

Function computes the heat of adsorption based on the ith species GSTA parameters.

This function computes the isosteric heat of adsorption (J/mol) for the GSTA parameters of the ith species.

Parameters

po	partial pressure in kPa at which to evaluate the heat of adsorption
data	void pointer to the MAGPIE_DATA data structure
i	index of the gas species for which the GSTA model is being evaluated

5.42.3.16   double qT (const double ∗ *par,* const void ∗ *data*)

Function to calculate the total adsorbed amount (mol/kg) for the mixed surface phase.

This function will uses the obtained system parameters from par and estimate the total amount of gases adsorbed to the surface in mol/kg. The user does not need to call this function, since this result will be stored in the SYSTE-M_DATA structure.

Parameters

par	list of parameters representing variables to be solved for in GPAST
data	void pointer for the MAGPIE_DATA data structure

5.43 MAGPIE_Adsorption.h File Reference

Auxillary kernel to calculate adsorption equilibria of a particular gas species in the system.

```
#include "AuxKernel.h"
#include "flock.h"
```

Classes

- class MAGPIE_Adsorption

    Magpie Adsorption class inherits from AuxKernel.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< MAGPIE_Adsorption > ()

5.43.1 Detailed Description

Auxillary kernel to calculate adsorption equilibria of a particular gas species in the system. This file is responsible for calculating the adsorption equilibria of a particular species in the system. The MAGPIE object is stored as a material property whose constants are set in the corresponding material property file (see MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h). That information is then used to call the MAGPIE routine to calculate the mixed gas adsorption for a specific species of interest.

Unfortunately, the material property system has recently changed in MOOSE, making this operation much less efficient. Under the new system, all material properties are declared as constants when outside of their respective material property files. This means that in order for me to call the MAGPIE subroutine, which edits values in the MAGPIE object, I have to create a copy of the entire object and have the subroutine act on that copy.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

11/20/2015

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Definition in file MAGPIE_Adsorption.h.

5.43.2 Function Documentation

5.43.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< MAGPIE_Adsorption > ( )

5.44 MAGPIE␣AdsorptionHeat.h File Reference

Auxillary kernel to calculate heat of adsorption of a particular gas species in the system.

```
#include "AuxKernel.h"
#include "flock.h"
```

Classes

- class MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat

    Magpie Adsorption Heat class inherits from AuxKernel.

Functions

- template<>
    InputParameters validParams< MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat > ()

5.44.1 Detailed Description

Auxillary kernel to calculate heat of adsorption of a particular gas species in the system. This file is responsible for calculating the heat of adsorption of a particular species in the system. The MAGPIE object is stored as a material property whose constants are set in the corresponding material property file (see MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h). That information is then used to call the MAGPIE routine to calculate the mixed gas adsorption for a specific species of interest.

Unfortunately, the material property system has recently changed in MOOSE, making this operation much less efficient. Under the new system, all material properties are declared as constants when outside of their respective material property files. This means that in order for me to call the MAGPIE subroutine, which edits values in the MAGPIE object, I have to create a copy of the entire object and have the subroutine act on that copy.

Author

Austin Ladshaw

Date

11/20/2015

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Definition in file MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat.h.

5.44.2 Function Documentation

5.44.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< **MAGPIE_AdsorptionHeat** > ( )

5.45 MAGPIE␣HeatAccumulation.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation > ()

5.45.1 Function Documentation

5.45.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< MAGPIE_HeatAccumulation > ( )

5.46 MAGPIE_Perturbation.h File Reference

Auxillary kernel to calculate the perturbed adsorption equilibria of a particular gas species in the system.

```
#include "AuxKernel.h"
#include "flock.h"
```

Classes

- class MAGPIE_Perturbation

  Magpie Perturbation class inherits from AuxKernel.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< MAGPIE_Perturbation > ()

5.46.1 Detailed Description

Auxillary kernel to calculate the perturbed adsorption equilibria of a particular gas species in the system. This file is responsible for calculating the perturbed adsorption equilibria of a particular species in the system. The MAGPIE object is stored as a material property whose constants are set in the corresponding material property file (see MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h). That information is then used to call the MAGPIE routine to calculate the mixed gas perturbed adsorption for a specific species of interest.

The perturbation is used to approximate the strength of adsorption via first order finite difference. That adsorption strength is then loosely coupled to the gaseous species non-linear variable through a retardation coefficient in the mass transport equations. We use loose coupling to improve the efficiency of the solutions for this multi-scale mass transfer problem. Full coupling would result in significant losses in efficiency, or even complete failure to converge. DO NOT TRY FULL COUPLING!

Unfortunately, the material property system has recently changed in MOOSE, making this operation much less efficient. Under the new system, all material properties are declared as constants when outside of their respective material property files. This means that in order for me to call the MAGPIE subroutine, which edits values in the MAGPIE object, I have to create a copy of the entire object and have the subroutine act on that copy.

Note

We will only use this kernel to approximate the retardation effect of adsorption IF we are neglecting the microscale kinetics of adsorption/mass transfer into the adsorbent pellets. Kinetics coupling will be accomplished in another kernel.

Author

>   Austin Ladshaw

Date

>   11/20/2015

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Definition in file MAGPIE_Perturbation.h.

5.46.2 Function Documentation

5.46.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< MAGPIE_Perturbation > ( )

5.47 MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h File Reference

Material Properties kernel that will setup and hold all information associated with MAGPIE simulations.

```
#include "Material.h"
#include "flock.h"
```

Classes

- class MagpieAdsorbateProperties

    MagpieAdsorbateProperties class object inherits from Material object.

Functions

- template<>
    InputParameters validParams< MagpieAdsorbateProperties > ()

5.47.1 Detailed Description

Material Properties kernel that will setup and hold all information associated with MAGPIE simulations. This file creates a material property object for the MAGPIE data structure and associated constants. That information is used in conjunction with the MAGPIE simulation functions (see magpie.h) in order to approximate the adsorption capacities and adsorbed amounts of each gas species in a given system for a given adsorbent.

Author

>   Austin Ladshaw

Date

>   11/20/2015

Copyright

Definition in file MagpieAdsorbateProperties.h.

5.47.2 Function Documentation

5.47.2.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< MagpieAdsorbateProperties > ( )

5.48 RetardedTimeDerivative.h File Reference

```
#include "TimeDerivative.h"
```

Classes

- class RetardedTimeDerivative

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< RetardedTimeDerivative > ()

5.48.1 Function Documentation

5.48.1.1 template<> InputParameters validParams< RetardedTimeDerivative > ( )

5.49 scopsowl.h File Reference

Simultaneously Coupled Objects for Pore and Surface diffusion Operations With Linear systems.

```
#include "egret.h"
#include "skua.h"
```

Classes

- struct SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA

    Data structure for the species' parameters in SCOPSOWL.
- struct SCOPSOWL_DATA

    Primary data structure for SCOPSOWL simulations.

Macros

- #define SCOPSOWL_HPP_
- #define Dp(Dm, ep) (ep∗ep∗Dm)

    Estimate of Pore Diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

- #define Dk(rp, T, MW) (9700.0∗rp∗pow((T/MW),0.5))

    Estimate of Knudsen Diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)
- #define avgDp(Dp, Dk) (pow(((1/Dp)+(1/Dk)),-1.0))

    Estimate of Average Pore Diffusion (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Functions

- void print2file_species_header (FILE ∗Output, SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat, int i)

    Function to print out the main header for the output file.
- void print2file_SCOPSOWL_time_header (FILE ∗Output, SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat, int i)

    Function to print out the time and space header for the output file.
- void print2file_SCOPSOWL_header (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to call the species and time header functions.
- void print2file_SCOPSOWL_result_old (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to print out the old time results to the output file.
- void print2file_SCOPSOWL_result_new (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to print out the new time results to the output file.
- double default_adsorption (int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

    Default function for evaluating adsorption and adsorption strength.
- double default_retardation (int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

    Default function for evaluating retardation coefficient.
- double default_pore_diffusion (int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

    Default function for evaluating pore diffusivity.
- double default_surf_diffusion (int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

    Default function for evaluating surface diffusion for HOMOGENEOUS pellets.
- double default_effective_diffusion (int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

    Default function for evaluating effective diffusivity for HOMOGENEOUS pellets.
- double const_pore_diffusion (int i, int l, const void ∗user_data)

    Constant pore diffusion function for homogeneous or heterogeneous pellets.
- double default_filmMassTransfer (int i, const void ∗user_data)

    Default function for evaluating the film mass transfer coefficient.
- double const_filmMassTransfer (int i, const void ∗user_data)

    Constant film mass transfer coefficient function.
- int setup_SCOPSOWL_DATA (FILE ∗file, double(∗eval_sorption)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data), double(∗eval_retardation)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data), double(∗eval_pore_diff)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data), double(∗eval_filmMT)(int i, const void ∗user_data), double(∗eval_surface_diff)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data), const void ∗user_data, MIXED_GAS ∗gas_data, SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_data)

    Setup function to allocate memory and setup function pointers for the SCOPSOWL simulation.
- int SCOPSOWL_Executioner (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    SCOPSOWL executioner function to solve a time step.
- int set_SCOPSOWL_ICs (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to set the initial conditions for a SCOPSOWL simulation.
- int set_SCOPSOWL_timestep (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to set the timestep of the SCOPSOWL simulation.
- int SCOPSOWL_preprocesses (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to perform all preprocess SCOPSOWL operations.
- int set_SCOPSOWL_params (const void ∗user_data)

    Function to set the values of all non-linear system parameters during simulation.
- int SCOPSOWL_postprocesses (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to perform all postprocess SCOPSOWL operations.
- int SCOPSOWL_reset (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to reset all stateful information to prepare for next simulation.
- int SCOPSOWL (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗owl_dat)

    Function to progress the SCOPSOWL simulation through time till complete.

5.49.1   Detailed Description

Simultaneously Coupled Objects for Pore and Surface diffusion Operations With Linear systems. scopsowl.cpp

This file contains structures and functions associated with modeling adsorption in commercial, bi-porous adsorbents such as zeolites and mordenites. The pore diffusion and mass transfer equations are coupled with adsorption and surface diffusion through smaller crystals embedded in a binder matrix. However, you can also direct this simulation to treat the adsorbent as homogeneous (instead of heterogeneous) in order to model an even greater variety of gaseous adsorption kinetic problems. This object is coupled with either MAGPIE, SKUA, or BOTH depending on the type of simulation requested.

Author

>   Austin Ladshaw

Date

>   01/29/2015

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Definition in file scopsowl.h.

5.49.2   Macro Definition Documentation

5.49.2.1   #define avgDp(Dp,   Dk) (pow(((1/Dp)+(1/Dk)),-1.0))

Estimate of Average Pore Diffusion (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 37 of file scopsowl.h.

5.49.2.2   #define Dk(rp,   T,   MW) (9700.0∗rp∗pow((T/MW),0.5))

Estimate of Knudsen Diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 33 of file scopsowl.h.

5.49.2.3   #define Dp(Dm,   ep) (ep∗ep∗Dm)

Estimate of Pore Diffusivity (cm$^\wedge$2/s)

Definition at line 29 of file scopsowl.h.

5.49.2.4   #define SCOPSOWL_HPP_

Definition at line 26 of file scopsowl.h.

5.49.3   Function Documentation

5.49.3.1   double const_filmMassTransfer (int *i,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Constant film mass transfer coefficient function.

This function is used when the user wants to specify a constant value for film mass transfer. The value of that coefficient is then set equal to the value of film_transfer in the SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA structure.

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.2   double const_pore_diffusion (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Constant pore diffusion function for homogeneous or heterogeneous pellets.

This function should be used if the user wants to specify a constant pore diffusivity. The value of pore diffusion is then set equal to the value of pore_diffusion in the SCOPSOWL_PARAM_DATA structure.

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
l	index for the lth node in the macro-scale domain
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.3   double default_adsorption (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default function for evaluating adsorption and adsorption strength.

This function is called in the preprocesses and postprocesses to estimate the strength of adsorption in the macro-scale problem from perturbations. It will use perturbations in either the MAGPIE simulation or SKUA simulation, depending on the type of problem the user is solving.

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
l	index for the lth node in the macro-scale domain
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.4   double default_effective_diffusion (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default function for evaluating effective diffusivity for HOMOGENEOUS pellets.

This function is ONLY used if the pellet is determined to be homogeneous. Otherwise, this is replaced by the pore diffusion function. The effective diffusivity is determined by the combination of pore diffusivity and surface diffusivity with adsorption strength in an homogeneous pellet.

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
l	index for the lth node in the macro-scale domain
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.5   double default_filmMassTransfer (int *i,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default function for evaluating the film mass transfer coefficient.

This function is called during the setup of the boundary conditions and is used to estimate the film mass transfer coefficient for the macro-scale problem. The coefficient is calculated according to the kinetic theory of gases (see egret.h).

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.6 double default_pore_diffusion (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default function for evaluating pore diffusivity.

This function is called during the evaluation of non-linear residuals to more accurately represent non-linearities in the pore diffusion behavior. The pore diffusion is calculated based on kinetic theory of gases (see egret.h) and is adjusted according to the Knudsen Diffusion model and the porosity of the binder material.

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
l	index for the lth node in the macro-scale domain
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.7 double default_retardation (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default function for evaluating retardation coefficient.

This function is called in the preprocesses and postprocesses to estimate the retardation coefficient for the simulation. It is recalculated at every time step to keep track of all changing conditions in the simulation.

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
l	index for the lth node in the macro-scale domain
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.8 double default_surf_diffusion (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *user_data*)

Default function for evaluating surface diffusion for HOMOGENEOUS pellets.

This function is ONLY used if the pellet is determined to be homogeneous. Otherwise, this is replaced by the surface diffusion function for the SKUA simulation. The diffusivity is calculated based on the Arrhenius rate expression and then adjusted by the outside partial pressure of the adsorbing species.

Parameters

i	index for the ith species in the system
l	index for the lth node in the macro-scale domain
user_data	pointer for the SCOSPOWL_DATA structure

5.49.3.9 void print2file_SCOPSOWL_header (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ *owl_dat*)

Function to call the species and time header functions.

5.49.3.10 void print2file_SCOPSOWL_result_new (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ *owl_dat*)

Function to print out the new time results to the output file.

5.49.3.11 void print2file_SCOPSOWL_result_old (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ *owl_dat*)

Function to print out the old time results to the output file.

5.49.3.12 void print2file_SCOPSOWL_time_header (FILE ∗ *Output,* SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ *owl_dat,* int *i*)

Function to print out the time and space header for the output file.

5.49.3.13 void print2file_species_header (FILE ∗ *Output,* SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ *owl_dat,* int *i*)

Function to print out the main header for the output file.

5.49.3.14 int SCOPSOWL (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl‿dat)

Function to progress the SCOPSOWL simulation through time till complete.

This function will call the initial conditions, then progressively call the executioner, time step, and reset functions to propagate the simulation in time. As such, this function is primarily used when running a SCOPSOWL simulation by itself and not when coupling it to an other problem.

Parameters

owl_dat	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.15 int SCOPSOWL‿Executioner (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl‿dat)

SCOPSOWL executioner function to solve a time step.

This function will call the preprocess, solver, and postprocess functions to evaluate a single time step in a simulation. All simulation conditions must be set prior to calling this function. This function will typically be the one called from other simulations that will involve a SCOPSOWL evaluation to resolve kinetic coupling.

Parameters

owl_dat	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.16 int SCOPSOWL‿postprocesses (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl‿dat)

Function to perform all postprocess SCOPSOWL operations.

This function will update the retardation coefficients based on newly obtained simulation results for the current time step and calculate the average and total amount of adsorption of each species in the domain. Additionally, this function will call the print functions to store simulation results in the output file.

Parameters

owl_dat	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.17 int SCOPSOWL‿preprocesses (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl‿dat)

Function to perform all preprocess SCOPSOWL operations.

This function will update the boundary conditions and simulation conditions based on the current temperature, pressure, and gas phase composition, which may all vary in time. Since this function is called by the SCOPSOWL‿Executioner, it does not need to be called explicitly by the user.

Parameters

owl_dat	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.18 int SCOPSOWL‿reset (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl‿dat)

Function to reset all stateful information to prepare for next simulation.

This function will update the stateful information used in SCOPSOWL to prepare the system for the next time step in the simulation. However, because updating the states erases the old state, the user must be absolutely sure that the simulation is ready to be updated. For just running standard simulations, this is not an issue, but in coupling with other simulations it is very important.

Parameters

owl_dat	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.19 int set_SCOPSOWL_ICs (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl_dat)

Function to set the initial conditions for a SCOPSOWL simulation.

This function will setup the initial conditions of the simulation based on the initial temperature, pressure, and adsorbed molefractions. It assumes that the initial conditions are constant throughout the domain of the problem. This function should only be called once during a simulation.

Parameters

owl_dat	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.20 int set_SCOPSOWL_params (const void ∗ user_data)

Function to set the values of all non-linear system parameters during simulation.

This is the function override for the FINCH setparams function (see finch.h). It will update the values of non-linear parameters in the residuals so that all variables in a species' system are fully coupled.

Parameters

user_data	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.21 int set_SCOPSOWL_timestep (SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl_dat)

Function to set the timestep of the SCOPSOWL simulation.

This function is used to set the next time step to be used in the SCOPSOWL simulation. A constant time step based on the size of the pellet discretization will be used. Users may want to use a custom time step to ensure that coupled-multi-scale systems are all in sync.

Parameters

owl_dat	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure (must be initialized)

5.49.3.22 int setup_SCOPSOWL_DATA (FILE ∗ file, double(∗)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data) eval_sorption, double(∗)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data) eval_retardation, double(∗)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data) eval_pore_diff, double(∗)(int i, const void ∗user_data) eval_filmMT, double(∗)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data) eval_surface_diff, const void ∗ user_data, MIXED_GAS ∗ gas_data, SCOPSOWL_DATA ∗ owl_data)

Setup function to allocate memory and setup function pointers for the SCOPSOWL simulation.

This function sets up the memory and function pointers used in SCOPSOWL simulations. User can provide NULL in place of functions for the function pointers and the setup will automatically use just the default settings. However, the user is required to pass the necessary data structure pointers for MIXED_GAS and SCOPSOWL_DATA.

Parameters

file	pointer to the output file to print out results
eval_sorption	pointer to the adsorption evaluation function
eval_retardation	pointer to the retardation evaluation function
eval_pore_diff	pointer to the pore diffusion function
eval_filmMT	pointer to the film mass transfer function
eval_surface_diff	pointer to the surface diffusion function (required)
user_data	pointer to the user's data structure used for the parameter functions
gas_data	pointer to the MIXED_GAS structure used to evaluate kinetic gas theory
owl_data	pointer to the SCOPSOWL_DATA structure

5.50 skua.h File Reference

Surface Kinetics for Uptake by Adsorption.

```
#include "finch.h"
#include "magpie.h"
#include "egret.h"
```

Classes

- struct SKUA_PARAM

    Data structure for species' parameters in SKUA.

- struct SKUA_DATA

    Data structure for all simulation information in SKUA.

Macros

- #define SKUA_HPP_
- #define D_inf(Dref, Tref, B, p, T) (Dref ∗ pow(p+sqrt(DBL_EPSILON),(Tref/T)-B))

    Empirical correction of diffusivity (um$^\wedge$2/hr)

- #define D_o(Diff, E, T) (Diff ∗ exp(-E/(Rstd∗T)))

    Arrhenius Rate Expression for Diffusivity (um$^\wedge$2/hr)

- #define D_c(Diff, phi) (Diff ∗ (1.0/((1.0+1.1E-6)-phi)))

    Approximate Darken Diffusivity Equation (um$^\wedge$2/hr)

Functions

- void print2file_species_header (FILE ∗Output, SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat, int i)

    Function to print out the species' headers to output file.

- void print2file_SKUA_time_header (FILE ∗Output, SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat, int i)

    Function to print out time and space headers to output file.

- void print2file_SKUA_header (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function calls the other header functions to establish output file structure.

- void print2file_SKUA_results_old (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to print out the old time step simulation results to the output file.

- void print2file_SKUA_results_new (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to print out the new time step simulation results to the output file.

- double default_Dc (int i, int l, const void ∗data)

    Default function for surface diffusivity.

- double default_kf (int i, const void ∗data)

    Default function for film mass transfer coefficent.

- double const_Dc (int i, int l, const void ∗data)

    Constant surface diffusivity function.

- double simple_darken_Dc (int i, int l, const void ∗data)

    Simple Darken model for surface diffusivity.

- double theoretical_darken_Dc (int i, int l, const void ∗data)

    Theoretical Darken model for surface diffusivity.

- double empirical_kf (int i, const void ∗data)

    Empirical function for film mass transfer coefficent.

- double const_kf (int i, const void ∗data)

    Constant function for film mass transfer coefficent.

- int molefractionCheck (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to check mole fractions in gas and solid phases for errors.
- int setup_SKUA_DATA (FILE ∗file, double(∗eval_Dc)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data), double(∗eval_Kf)(int i, const void ∗user_data), const void ∗user_data, MIXED_GAS ∗gas_data, SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to setup the function pointers and vector objects in memory to setup the SKUA simulation.
- int SKUA_Executioner (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to execute preprocesses, solvers, and postprocesses for a SKUA simulation.
- int set_SKUA_ICs (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to establish the initial conditions of adsorption in the adsorbent.
- int set_SKUA_timestep (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to establish the time step for the current simulation.
- int SKUA_preprocesses (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to perform the necessary preprocess operations before a solve.
- int set_SKUA_params (const void ∗user_data)

    Function to call the diffusivity function during the solve.
- int SKUA_postprocesses (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to perform the necessary postprocess operations after a solve.
- int SKUA_reset (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to reset the stateful information in SKUA after a simulation.
- int SKUA (SKUA_DATA ∗skua_dat)

    Function to iteratively call all execution steps to evolve a simulation through time.

5.50.1   Detailed Description

Surface Kinetics for Uptake by Adsorption. skua.cpp

This file contains structures and functions associated with solving the surface diffusion partial differential equations for adsorption kinetics in spherical and/or cylindrical adsorbents. For this system, it is assumed that the pore size is so small that all molecules are confined to movement exclusively on the surface area of the adsorbent. The total amount of adsorption for each species is drive by the MAGPIE model for non-ideal mixed gas adsorption. Spatial and temporal varience in adsorption is caused by a combination of different kinetics between adsorbing species and different adsorption affinities for the surface.

The function for surface diffusion involves four parameters, although not all of these parameters are required to be used. Surface diffusion theoretically varies with temperature according to the Arrhenius rate expression, but we also add in an empirical correction term to account for variations in diffusivity with the partial pressure of the species in the gas phase.

D_surf = D_ref ∗ exp(-E / (R∗T)) ∗ pow(p , (T_ref/T) - B)

D_ref is the Reference Diffusivity (um$^\wedge$2/hr), E is the activation energy for adsorption (J/mol), R is the gas law constant (J/K/mol), T is the system temperature (K), p is the partial pressure of the adsorbing species (kPa), T_ref is the Reference Temperature (K), and B is the Affinity constant.

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Date

   01/26/2015

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Definition in file skua.h.

5.50.2   Macro Definition Documentation

5.50.2.1   #define D_c(*Diff, phi*) (Diff $*$ (1.0/((1.0+1.1E-6)-phi)))

Approximate Darken Diffusivity Equation (um$^\wedge$2/hr)

Definition at line 48 of file skua.h.

5.50.2.2   #define D_inf(*Dref, Tref, B, p, T*) (Dref $*$ pow(p+sqrt(DBL_EPSILON),(Tref/T)-B))

Empirical correction of diffusivity (um$^\wedge$2/hr)

Definition at line 40 of file skua.h.

5.50.2.3   #define D_o(*Diff, E, T*) (Diff $*$ exp(-E/(Rstd$*$T)))

Arrhenius Rate Expression for Diffusivity (um$^\wedge$2/hr)

Definition at line 44 of file skua.h.

5.50.2.4   #define SKUA_HPP_

Definition at line 37 of file skua.h.

5.50.3   Function Documentation

5.50.3.1   double const_Dc (int *i,* int *l,* const void $*$ *data*)

Constant surface diffusivity function.

This function allows the user to specify just a single constant value for surface diffusivity. The value of diffusivity applied at all nodes will be the ref_diffusion parameter in SKUA_PARAM.

Parameters

i	index of the gas/adsorbed phase species that this function acts on
l	index of the node in the spatial discretization that this function acts on
data	pointer to the SKUA_DATA structure

5.50.3.2   double const_kf (int *i,* const void $*$ *data*)

Constant function for film mass transfer coefficent.

This function allows the user to specify a constant value for the film mass transfer coefficient. The value of the film mass transfer coefficient will be the value of film_transfer given in the SKUA_PARAM data structure.

Parameters

i	index of the gas/adsorbed phase species that this function acts on
data	pointer to the SKUA_DATA structure

5.50.3.3   double default_Dc (int *i,* int *l,* const void $*$ *data*)

Default function for surface diffusivity.

This is the default function provided by SKUA for the calculation of the surface diffusivity parameter. The diffusivity is calculated based on the Arrhenius rate expression, then corrected for using the empirical correction term with the outside partial pressure of the gas species.

Parameters

i	index of the gas/adsorbed phase species that this function acts on
l	index of the node in the spatial discretization that this function acts on
data	pointer to the SKUA_DATA structure

5.50.3.4 double default_kf (int *i,* const void ∗ *data*)

Default function for film mass transfer coeffcent.

This is the default function provided by SKUA for the calculation of the film mass transfer parameter. By default, we are usually going to couple the SKUA model with a pore diffusion model (see scopsowl.h). Therefore, the film mass transfer coefficient would be zero, because we would only consider a Dirichlet boundary condition for this sub-problem.

Parameters

i	index of the gas/adsorbed phase species that this function acts on
data	pointer to the SKUA_DATA structure

5.50.3.5 double empirical_kf (int *i,* const void ∗ *data*)

Empirical function for film mass transfer coeffcent.

This function provides an empirical estimate of the mass transfer coefficient using the gas velocity, molecular diffusivities, and dimensionless numbers (see egret.h). It is used as the default film mass transfer function IF the boundary condition is specified to be a Neumann type boundary by the user.

Parameters

i	index of the gas/adsorbed phase species that this function acts on
data	pointer to the SKUA_DATA structure

5.50.3.6 int molefractionCheck (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to check mole fractions in gas and solid phases for errors.

This function is called after reading input and before calling the primary solution routines. It will force and error and quit the program if their are inconsistencies in the mole fractions it was given. All mole fractions must sum to 1, otherwise there is missing information.

5.50.3.7 void print2file_SKUA_header (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function calls the other header functions to establish output file structure.

5.50.3.8 void print2file_SKUA_results_new (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to print out the new time step simulation results to the output file.

5.50.3.9 void print2file_SKUA_results_old (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to print out the old time step simulation results to the output file.

5.50.3.10 void print2file_SKUA_time_header (FILE ∗ *Output,* SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat,* int *i*)

Function to print out time and space headers to output file.

5.50.3.11 void print2file_species_header (FILE ∗ *Output,* SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat,* int *i*)

Function to print out the species' headers to output file.

5.50.3.12 int set_SKUA_ICs (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to establish the initial conditions of adsorption in the adsorbent.

This function needs to be called before doing any simulation or execution of a time step, but only once per simulation. It sets the value of adsorption for each adsorbable species to the specified initial values given via qT and xIC in SKUA_DATA.

5.50.3.13 int set_SKUA_params (const void ∗ *user_data*)

Function to call the diffusivity function during the solve.

This is the function passed into FINCH to be called during the FINCH solver (see finch.h). It will call the diffusion functions set by the user in the setup function above. This is not overridable.

5.50.3.14 int set_SKUA_timestep (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to establish the time step for the current simulation.

This function is called to set a time step value for a particular simulation step. By default, the time step is set to (1/4)x space step size. If you need to change the step size, you must do so manually.

5.50.3.15 int setup_SKUA_DATA (FILE ∗ *file,* double(∗)(int i, int l, const void ∗user_data) *eval_Dc,* double(∗)(int i, const void ∗user_data) *eval_Kf,* const void ∗ *user_data,* MIXED_GAS ∗ *gas_data,* SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to setup the function pointers and vector objects in memory to setup the SKUA simulation.

This function is called to setup the SKUA problem in memory and set function pointers to either defaults or user specified functions. It must be called prior to calling any other SKUA function and will report an error if the object was not setup properly.

Parameters

file	pointer to the output file for SKUA simulations
eval_Dc	pointer to the function to evaluate the surface diffusivity
eval_Kf	pointer to the function to evaluate the film mass transfer coefficient
user_data	pointer to a user defined data structure used in the calculation the the parameters
gas_data	pointer to the MIXED_GAS data structure for egret.h calculations
skua_dat	pointer to the SKUA_DATA data structure

5.50.3.16 double simple_darken_Dc (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *data*)

Simple Darken model for surface diffusivity.

This function uses an approximation to Darken's model for surface diffusion. The approximation is exact if the isotherm for adsorption takes the form of the Langmuir model, but is only approximate if the isotherm is heterogeneous. Forming the approximation in this manner is significantly cheaper than forming the true Darken model expression for the GSTA isotherm.

Parameters

i	index of the gas/adsorbed phase species that this function acts on
l	index of the node in the spatial discretization that this function acts on
data	pointer to the SKUA_DATA structure

5.50.3.17 int SKUA (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to iteratively call all execution steps to evolve a simulation through time.

This function is used in conjunction with the scenario call from the UI to numerically solve the adsorption kinetics problem in time. It will call the initial conditions function once, then iteratively call the reset, time step, and executioner functions for SKUA to push the simulation forward in time. This function will be called from the SKUA_SCENARIOS

function.

5.50.3.18 int SKUA_Executioner (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to execute preprocesses, solvers, and postprocesses for a SKUA simulation.

This function calls the preprocess, solver, and postprocess functions to complete a single time step in a SKUA simulation. User's will want to call this function whenever a time step simulation result is needed. This is used primarily when coupling with other models (see scopsowl.h).

5.50.3.19 int SKUA_postprocesses (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to perform the necessary postprocess operations after a solve.

This function performs postprocess operations after a solve was completed successfully. Those operations include estimating average total adsorption, average adsorbed mole fractions, and heat of adsorption for each species. Results are then printed to the output file.

5.50.3.20 int SKUA_preprocesses (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to perform the necessary preprocess operations before a solve.

This function performs preprocess operations prior to calling the solver routine. Those preprocesses include establishing boundary conditions and performing a MAGPIE simulation for the adsorption on the surface (see magpie.h).

5.50.3.21 int SKUA_reset (SKUA_DATA ∗ *skua_dat*)

Function to reset the stateful information in SKUA after a simulation.

This function sets all the old state data to the newly formed state data. It needs to be called after a successful execution of the simulation step and before calling for the next time step to be solved. Do not call out of turn, otherwise information will be lost.

5.50.3.22 double theoretical_darken_Dc (int *i,* int *l,* const void ∗ *data*)

Theoretical Darken model for surface diffusivity.

This function uses the full theoretical expression of the Darken's diffusion model to calculate the surface diffusivity. This calculation involves formulating the reference state pressures for the adsorbed amount at every node, then calculating derivatives of the adsorption isotherm for each species. It is more accurate than the simple Darken model function, but costs significantly more computational time.

Parameters

i	index of the gas/adsorbed phase species that this function acts on
l	index of the node in the spatial discretization that this function acts on
data	pointer to the SKUA_DATA structure

5.51 TotalColumnPressure.h File Reference

Auxillary kernel to calculate total column pressure based on temperature and concentrations.

```
#include "AuxKernel.h"
```

Classes

- class TotalColumnPressure

  Total Column Pressure class inherits from AuxKernel.

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< TotalColumnPressure > ()

5.51.1   Detailed Description

Auxillary kernel to calculate total column pressure based on temperature and concentrations. This file is responsible for calculating the total column pressure in a fixed-bed adsorber given the temperature and the concentrations of all species in the gas phase. The gas phase is assumed to behave ideally and ideal gas law is employed to estimate the pressure.

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Date

11/20/2015

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Definition in file TotalColumnPressure.h.

5.51.2   Function Documentation

5.51.2.1   template<> InputParameters validParams< TotalColumnPressure > ( )

5.52   TotalPressureIC.h File Reference

```
#include "InitialCondition.h"
```

Classes

- class TotalPressureIC

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< TotalPressureIC > ()

5.52.1   Function Documentation

5.52.1.1   template<> InputParameters validParams< TotalPressureIC > ( )

5.53 WallAmbientHeatTransfer.h File Reference

```
#include "Kernel.h"
```

Classes

- class WallAmbientHeatTransfer

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< WallAmbientHeatTransfer > ()

5.53.1 Function Documentation

5.53.1.1 template<> **InputParameters validParams**< **WallAmbientHeatTransfer** > **( )**

5.54 WallHeatAccumulation.h File Reference

```
#include "TimeDerivative.h"
```

Classes

- class WallHeatAccumulation

Functions

- template<>
  InputParameters validParams< WallHeatAccumulation > ()

5.54.1 Function Documentation

5.54.1.1 template<> **InputParameters validParams**< **WallHeatAccumulation** > **( )**

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