Q1. LOD format

Select the correctly formatted Fixed LOD calculated field

A. FIXED Sub-category :SUM([Sales])

B. {FIXED [Sub-category] : SUM([Sales]) }

C. {FIXED [Sub-category] : [Sales] }

D. All the given options

Q2. Maximum shipping time

Using the **orders** table from **sample superstore** dataset,

Find the **maximum number of days** it took to ship an order from the order date using calculated field and number function

- A. 2
- B. 5
- C. 6
- D. 7

Q3. average cost and profit

Using the **orders** table from **sample superstore** dataset and calculated field,

Determine which product subcategory has the **highest** average profit and the **second-highest** average cost

Note: Cost= Sales-Profit

- A. Machines
- B. Tables
- C. Bookcases
- D. Copiers

Q4. Average profit ratio

Using the orders table from sample superstore dataset,

Choose the correct option(s) that follow logical steps to find out the region-wise average profit ratio for each product category and subcategories

Note: Profit ratio=Profit/sales

Options:

- Create a calculated field profit ratio with the formula SUM([Profit])/SUM([Sales]) drag region field to column shelf-> drag category and sub-category field to row
 shelf-> drag profit ratio to text marks card shelf -> select aggregation as average format the profit ratio field as a percentage with 2 decimal place
- Create a calculated field profit ratio with the formula SUM([Profit])/SUM([Sales]) drag region field to column shelf-> drag category and sub-category field to row
 shelf-> drag profit ratio field to Color marks card shelf-> select aggregation as
 average
- 3. Create a calculated field profit ratio with the formula [Profit]/[Sales]->drag region field to column shelf->drag category and sub-category field to row shelf->drag profit ratio to text marks card shelf->select aggregation as average->format the profit ratio field as a percentage with 2 decimal places.
- 4. Create a calculated field profit ratio with the formula [Profit]/[Sales]->drag region field to column shelf->drag category and sub-category field to row shelf->drag profit ratio to color marks card shelf->select aggregation as average
- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 3
- D. 4

Q5. Higher sales but loosing money

Using the **orders** table from **sample superstore** dataset,

Determine product subcategory(s) that have at least 1,00,000 in sales but are losing money.

- A. Bookcases
- B. Tables
- C. Phones
- D. Storage

Q6. Lowest profit

Using **orders** table from **sample superstore** dataset,

Determine which product subcategory had the lowest profit for each year using rank table calculation.

- A. 2014-phones, 2015-phones, 2016-copiers, 2017-copiers
- B. 2014-Table, 2015-Tables, 2016-Tables, 2017-Tables
- C. 2014-paper, 2015-storage, 2016-bookcases, 2017-phones
- D. None of these