October 3, 2017 11:03 AM

cat acts weird.

cost =)99+97+116 =)312acts =)97+99+116+115

weird. =)1/9+10/+105+1/4+100+46

cat acts weird.

Currword (c a t)

#include (stdio.h)

readline (stdin)
go through the line
do the process

of # define LINE_MAX ??

· fgc/s() =) '\n' at the end

· contacts weird.

to prevent butter overrun

hake word among to be

some size with the line among

char line [LINE-MAX];

cher cerrword [LINE-MAX];

fgots (line, LINE-MAX, stdin) printf()

clang - Wall biggest. C -o biggest

in txt

biggest

out txt

skin

skin

Struct Color?

char s;

char g;

char b;

Struct Pixel ?

int x;

int y;

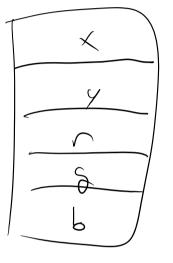
struct ?

char g;

char b;

3 color;

struct Pixel p; p. color, r;



Struct Cotor (3: Struct Pixel? 8 int x; int y; struct Cotor color;

struct Node (
int dota;

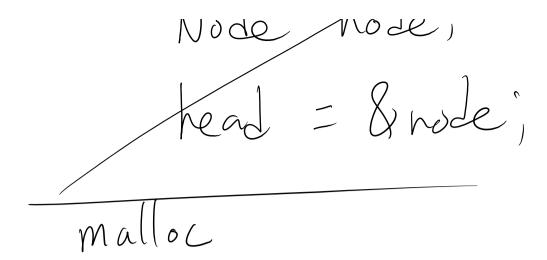
struct Node x next;

};

typedef struct Node Node;

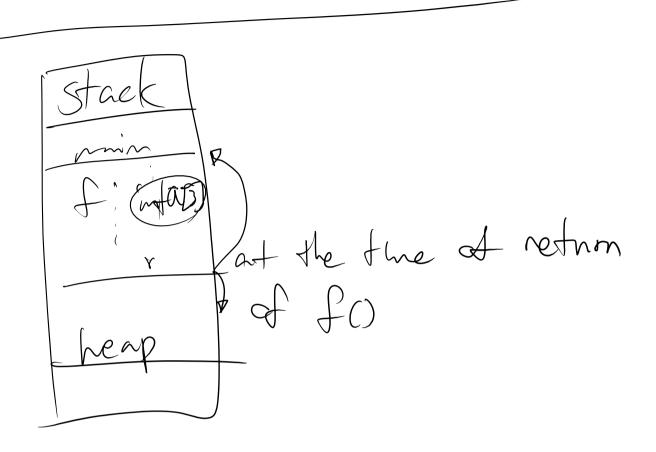
Node x head = NUU;

Int for () Sint Node;



int main() (
int X;

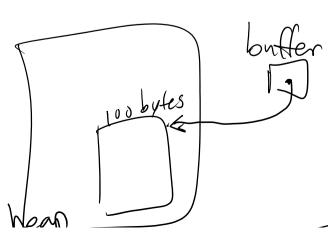
int y;



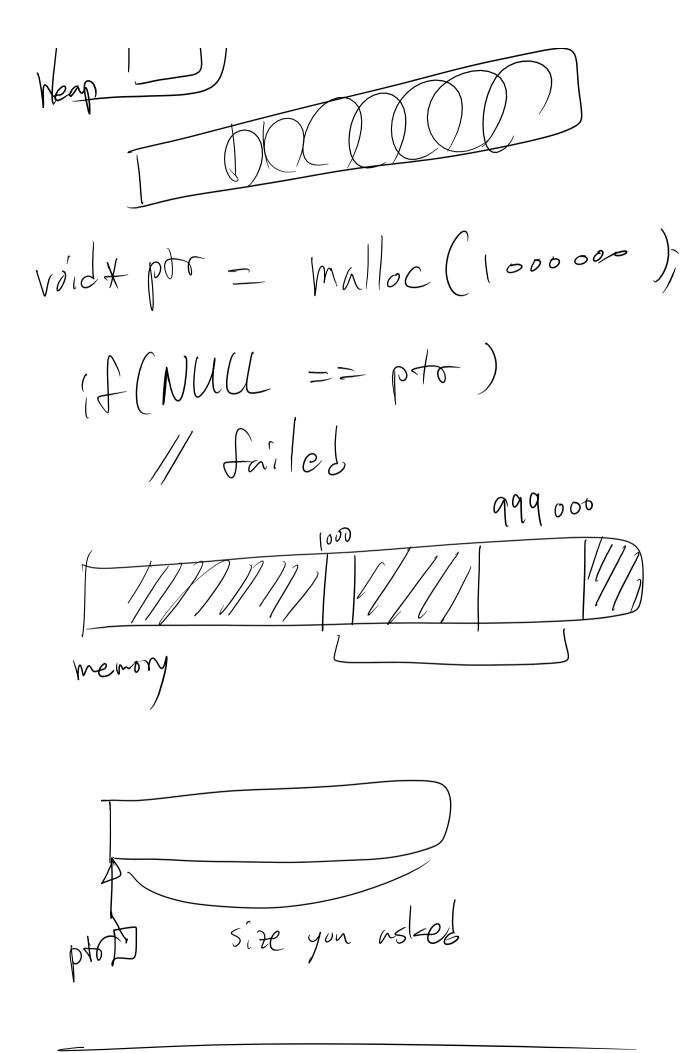
#molnde (stallib.h)

int main() {

char x buffer = (charx) malloc(100);







Node X Lead = NULL's Void add (int data)? Node x newNode = (Nodex) malloc (sizeof(Node)); nowNode -> dota = data; rewNode > rext = head; head = newNode) Java : node. next = null;

free (void*)

void romove First () (Node X old = head; ? good head = head > next; free(old); free (head); head = head > next; // work? null? Seg fault? ead = NULL;

free() will not free the next if you allocate, you free Hen void clear () { Node X curr = head; Node x next = NULL; while (NULL!=curr) ? next = cum>next; free (cum); //order cum = next; - 11/1/ ~

COMP2160 Page 12

head = NULL;

Charx ptr = "hello"; foee (pto); // bad.

char x ptr = (charx) malloc(100);

Free (ptr);

Free (ptr);

Free (ptr);

Free (ptr);

ptr = NULL;

chant stroup (· · ·) { }