

P346/475 Computer Lab  
End-Semester examination, 2025  
NISER, Bhubaneswar

Full marks: 30

Time: 3 hours

*Marks are given in bold along with the questions. Attempt all.*

1. Consider a box divided into two equal halves separated by a wall. At  $t = 0$ , there are  $N = 5000$  particles on the left side. A hole is punched in the wall and one particle can pass through it at a time. All particles have equal probabilities of going to either sides. Graphically determine the equilibrium state (number of particles in left and right sides) when sufficient time ( $\gg N$ ) has passed. [4]

2. Solve the following linear equation by Gauss-Seidel method to a precision of  $10^{-6}$ . [4]

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 4 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 4 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 4 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 4 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \\ x_6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. A spring is attached to a rigid wall at one end and a force of  $F = 2.5$  Newton is applied at the other. For an arbitrary displacement  $x$ , the force acting on the system is  $F(x) = F - x \exp(x)$ . Find, using Newton-Raphson method, how far the spring can be stretched. [4]
4. A 2 meter long beam has a linear mass density  $\lambda(x) = x^2$ , where  $x$  is measured from one its ends. Find the center of mass of the beam numerically using method of your choice. Report answer correct up to 4 decimal places. [4]
5. An object is thrown vertically upward with velocity  $v_0 = 10$  from the ground. It experiences air resistances proportional to its velocity at any instant. The differential equation describing the motion is

$$\ddot{y} = -\gamma \dot{y} - g \quad \text{or, alternatively} \quad v \frac{dv}{dy} = -\gamma v - g$$

where  $g = 10$  and  $\gamma = 0.02$  in appropriate unit. Determine the maximum height reached by the object. Plot the variation of the velocity with height. Use RK4.

[Hint : first determine maximum height reached without air resistance and then set it as upper limit for  $y$ .] [5]

6. Solve the 1-dimension heat equation  $u_{xx} = u_t$  over a metal rod of length 2 units, with the initial conditions,

$$\begin{aligned} u(0, t) &= 0^\circ\text{C} = u(2, t) & \text{for } 0 \leq t \leq 4 \\ u(x, 0) &= 20 |\sin(\pi x)|^\circ\text{C} & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 2 \end{aligned}$$

Take number of position grid  $nx = 20$  and time grid  $nt = 5000$ . Show the temperature profile across the length of the rod at time steps 0, 10, 20, 50, 100, 200, 500 and 1000 in a plot. [4]

7. Fit the data given in the datafile `esem4fit.txt` with a quartic polynomial of the form  $a_0 + a_1x + a_2x^2 + a_3x^3 + a_4x^4$ . [5]