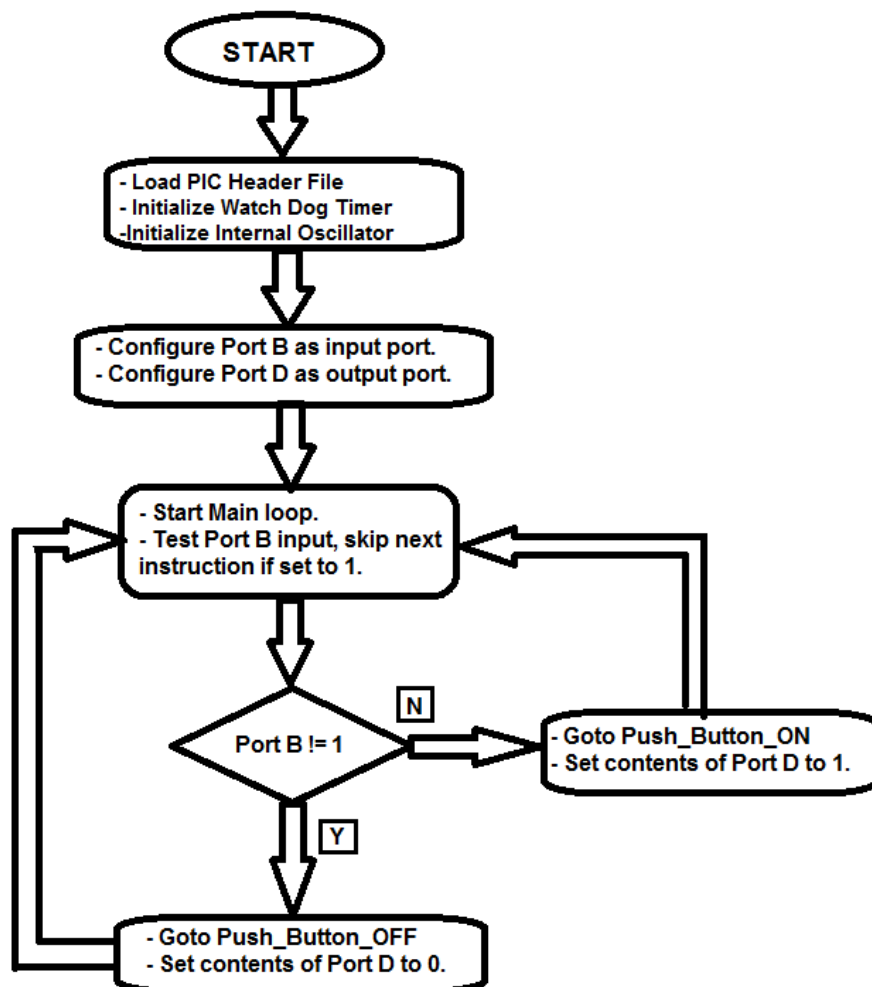


Assignment #1

Problem Description:

The following simple circuit implements a LED light that is controlled by an input supplied by a small push button. The PIC18F4550 microcontroller was used to construct the circuit. Four LEDs are connected to the output pins contained in Port D (RD0-RD3), while the small push button is connected to an input pin contained in Port B (RB0). The assembly code stored in the PIC18F4550 will make the LEDs turn off when the small button is pushed, and turn on when the button is released.

Pseudocode Flow Chart:



Assembly Code:

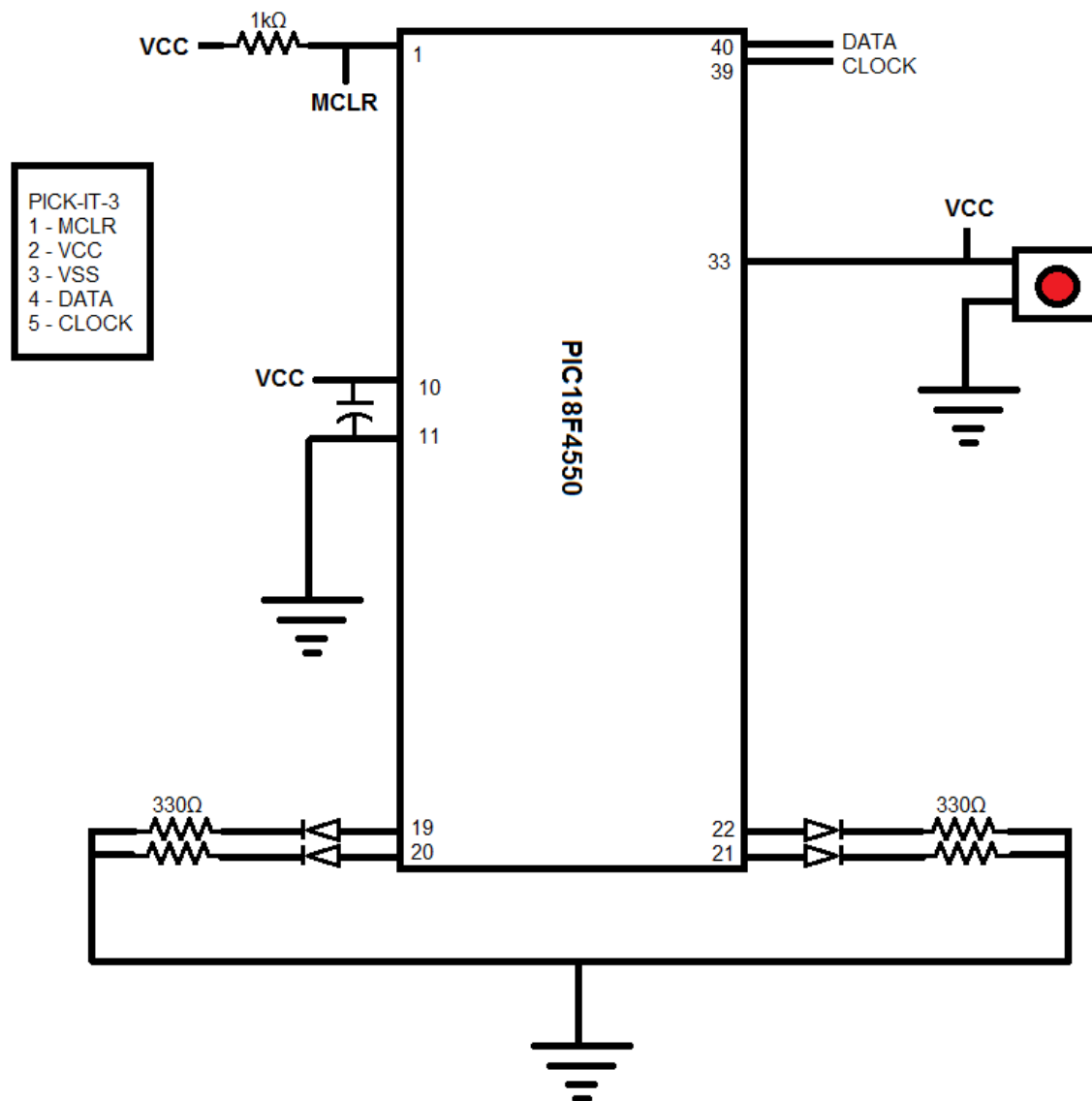
```
#include <P18F4550.inc>
CONFIG WDT=OFF      ; disable watchdog timer
CONFIG MCLRE = ON   ; MCLR Pin on
CONFIG DEBUG = ON   ; Enable Debug Mode
CONFIG LVP = OFF    ; Low-Voltage programming disabled (necessary for debugging)
CONFIG FOSC = INTOSCIO_EC ; Internal oscillator, port function on RA6 ;count equ 0x00
org 0;
Start:
    CLRF PORTB      ;Clear PORTB
    SETF TRISB      ;Set TRISB to input
    MOVLW B'11111111'
    MOVWF ADCON1
    CLRF PORTD      ;Clear PORTD
    CLRF TRISD      ;Set PORTD to output

MainLoop:
    BTFSS PORTB,0   ;Test bit if set, skip next instruction if not
    goto Push_Button_OFF

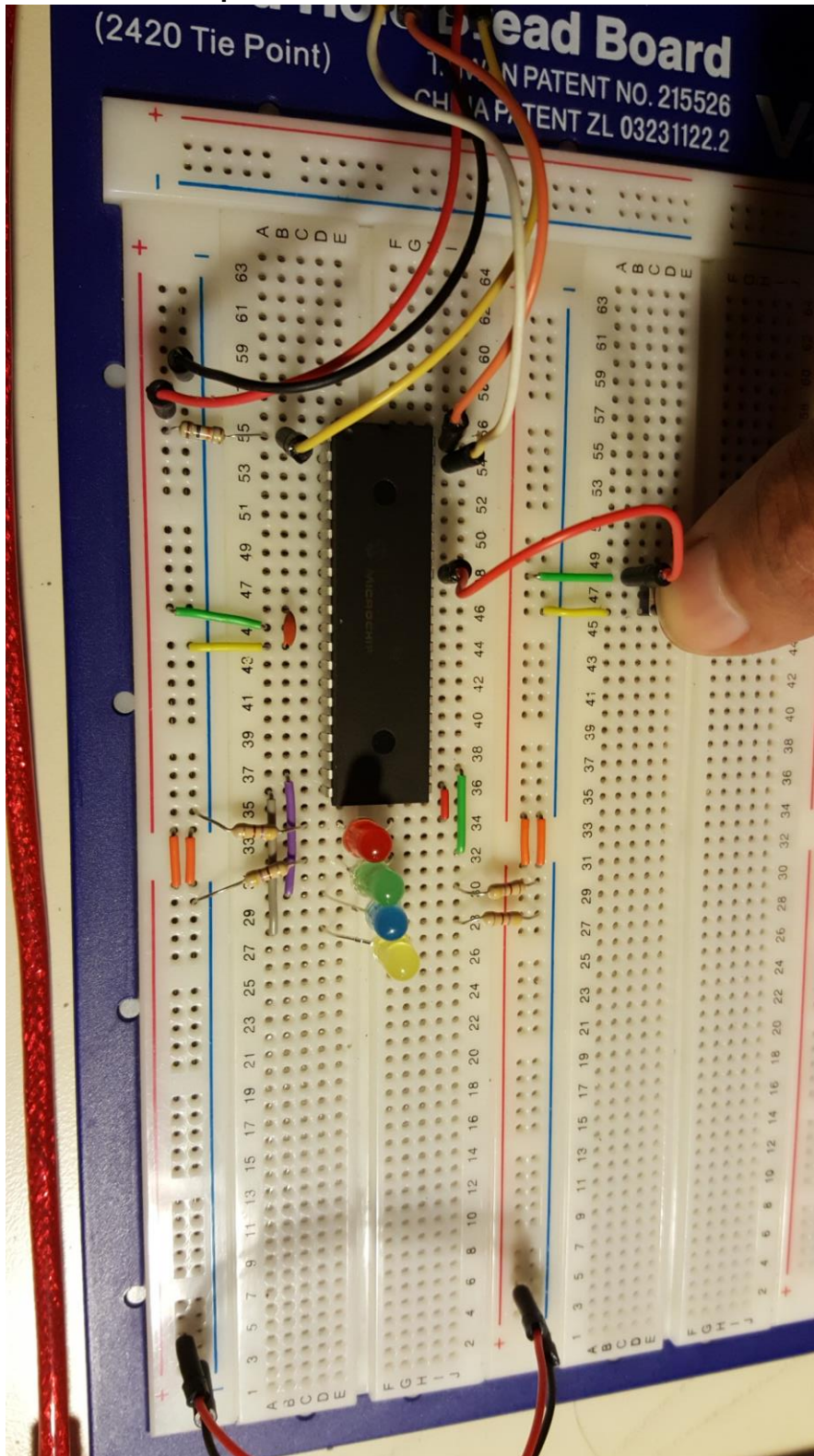
Push_Button_ON:
    MOVLW B'11111111' ;Move literal '11111111' to working register
    MOVWF PORTD       ;Move contents of working register to port D
    goto MainLoop

Push_Button_OFF:
    MOVLW B'00000000' ;Move literal '00000000' to working register
    MOVWF PORTD       ;Move contents of working register to to port D
    goto MainLoop
end
```

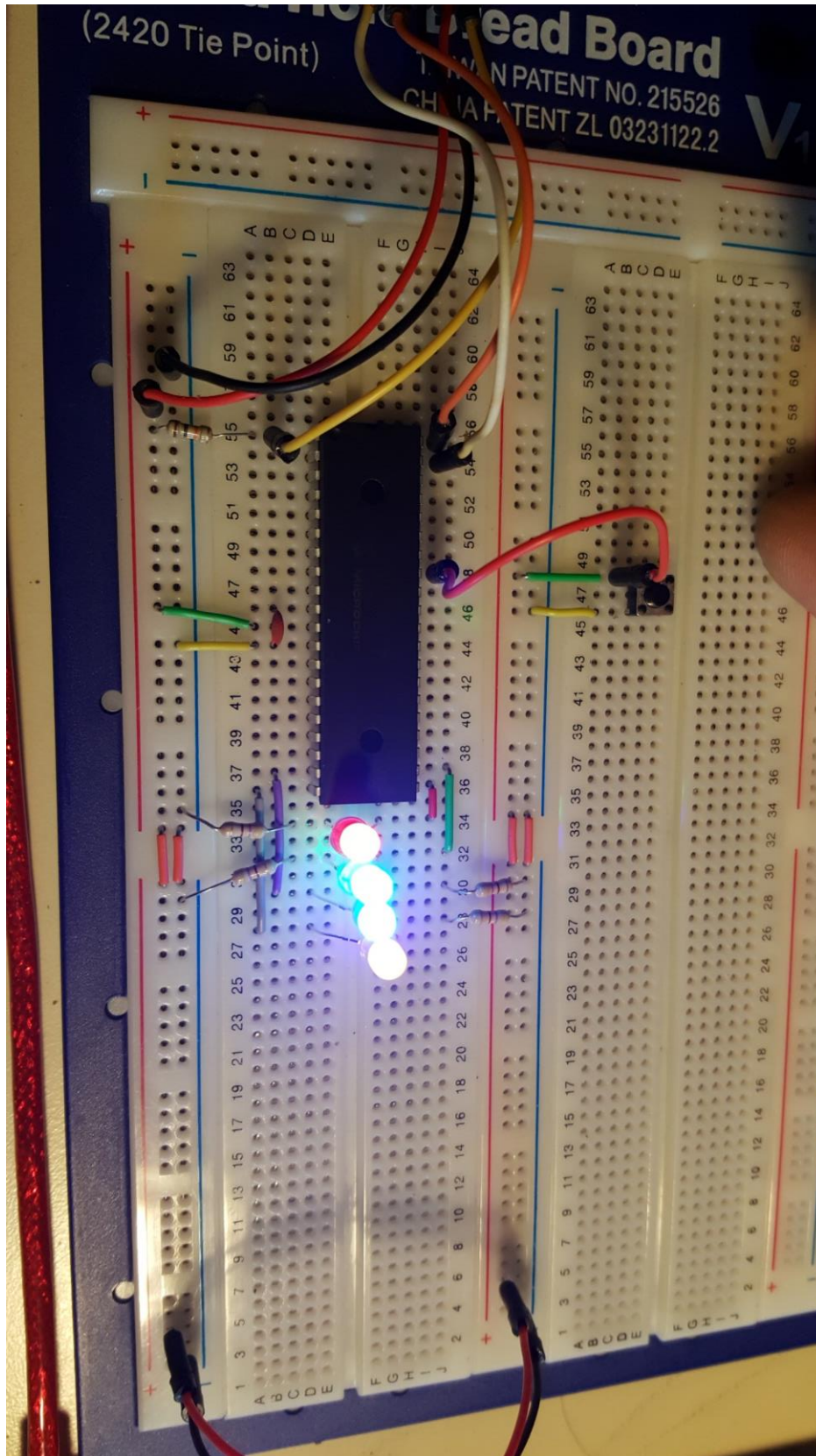
Circuit Diagram:



Circuit Actual Implementation:



(Figure 1: button active, PortD LED's off)



(Figure 2: button released, PortD LEDs on)