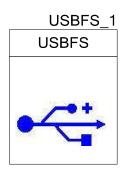


# Full Speed USB (USBFS)

0.2

### **Features**

- USB Full Speed device interface driver
- Support for interrupt and control transfer types
- Customizer for easy and accurate descriptor generation
- Runtime support for descriptor set selection
- Optional USB string descriptors
- Optional USB HID class support



# **General Description**

The USBFS component provides a USB full speed Chapter 9 compliant device framework. The component provides a low level driver for the control endpoint that decodes and dispatches requests from the USB host. Additionally, this component provides a USBFS customizer to enable easy descriptor construction.

You have the option of constructing an HID based device or a generic USB Device. You select HID (and switching between HID and generic) by setting the Configuration/Interface descriptors.

## **USB** Compliance

USB drivers may present various bus conditions to the device, including Bus Resets, and different timing requirements. Not all of these can be correctly illustrated in the examples provided. It is your responsibility to design applications that conform to the USB spec.

## **USB Compliance for Self Powered Devices**

In the USB Compliance Checklist there is a question that reads, "Is the device's pull-up active only when VBUS is high?"

The question lists Section 7.1.5 in the Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0 as a reference. This section reads, in part, "The voltage source on the pull-up resistor must be derived from or controlled by the power supplied on the USB cable such that when VBUS is removed, the pull-up resistor does not supply current on the data line to which it is attached."

If the device that you are creating will be self-powered, you must connect a GPIO pin to VBUS through a resistive network and write firmware to monitor the status of the GPIO. You can use

the USBFS\_Start() and USBFS\_Stop() API routines to control the D+ and D- pin pull-ups. The pull-up resistor does not supply power to the data line until you call USBFS\_Start(). USBFS\_Stop() disconnects the pull-up resistor from the data pin. Section 9.1.1.2 in the Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0 says, "Devices report their power source capability through the configuration descriptor. The current power source is reported as part of a device's status. Devices may change their power source at any time, e.g., from self- to bus-powered." The device responds to GET\_STATUS requests based on the status set with the USBFS\_SetPowerStatus() function. To set the correct status, USBFS\_SetPowerStatus() should be called at least once if your device is configured as self-powered. You should also call the USBFS\_SetPowerStatus() function any time your device changes status.

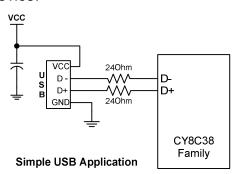
#### When to use a USBFS

Use the USBFS component when you want to provide your application with a USB 2.0 compliant device interface.

## **Input/Output Connections**

There are no input/output connections for this component in a design. You need to configure the USBFS pin connections using the Design-Wide Resources Pin Editor.

The following diagram shows a simple USB application with the D+ and D- pins from the PSoC device.



## **Component Parameters**

Drag a USBFS component onto your design and double-click it to open the Configure USBFS dialog.

The USBFS Component uses a form driven USBFS dialog to define the USB descriptors for the application. From the descriptors, the customizer personalizes the component.

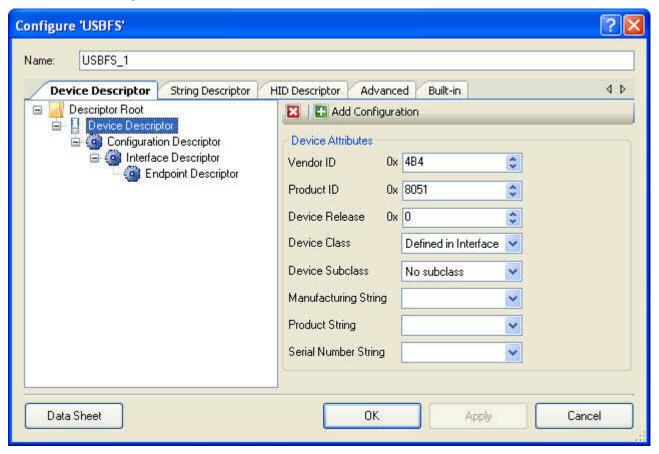
The component is driven by information generated by the USBFS customizer. This customizer facilitates the construction of the USB descriptors and integrates the information generated into the driver firmware used for device enumeration. The USBFS component does not function without first running the wizard and selecting the appropriate attributes to describe your device.



The code generator takes your device information and generated all of the needed USB Descriptors.

The Configure USBFS dialog contains the following tabs and settings:

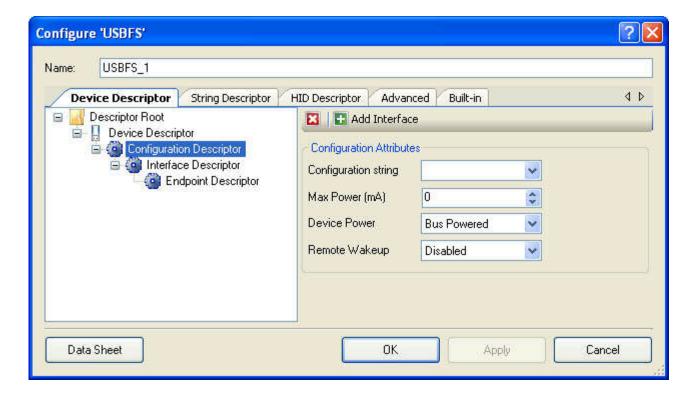
#### **Device Descriptor Tab**



#### **Device Descriptor**

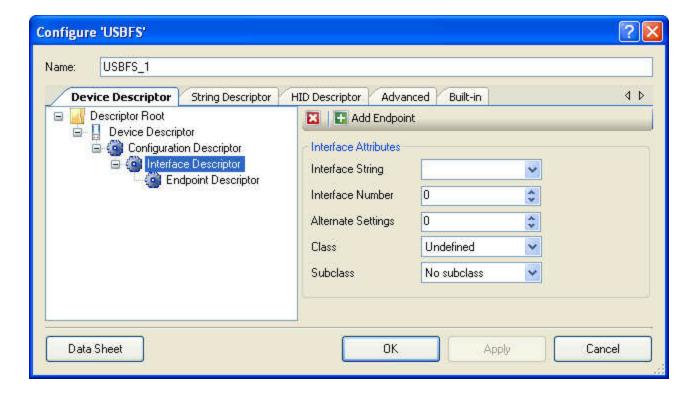
- Vendor ID Your Company USB Vendor ID (obtained from USB-IF)
- Product ID Your Specific Product ID
- Device Release Your Specific Device Release (Device ID)
- Device Class Device Class is defined in Interface Descriptor or it is Vendor Specific
- Device Subclass Dependent upon Device Class
- Manufacturing String Manufacturer Specific Description String
- Product String Product specific Description String
- Serial Number String





### **Configuration Descriptor**

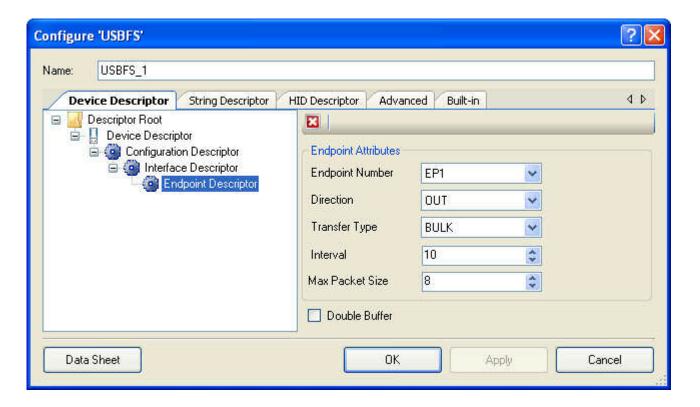
- Configuration string
- Max Power (mA)
- Device Power Bus Powered or Self Powered Device
- Remote Wakeup Enabled or Disabled



### **Interface Descriptor**

- Interface String
- Interface Number
- Alternate Settings
- Class HID, Vendor Specific or Undefined
- Subclass Dependent upon the selected class

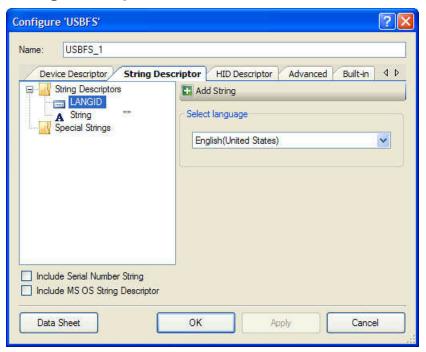




#### **Endpoint Descriptor**

- Endpoint Number
- Direction Input or Output
- Transfer Type Control, Interrupt, Bulk, or Isochronous Data transfers
- Interval (ms) Polling interval specific to this endpoint
- Max Packet Size(bytes)
- Double Buffer Enabled or Disabled

# **String Descriptor Tab**



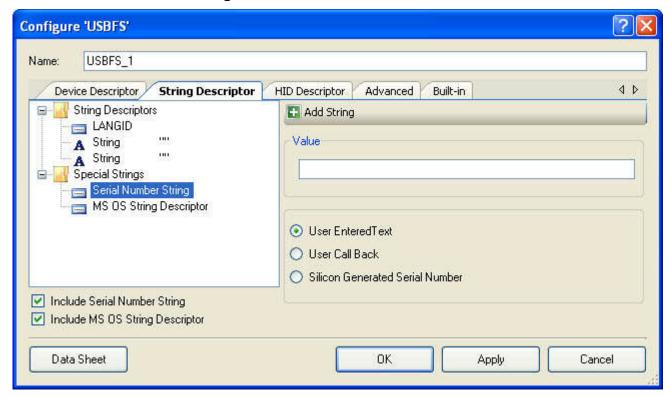
### **String Descriptors**

- LANGID -- Select Language
- String -- Value

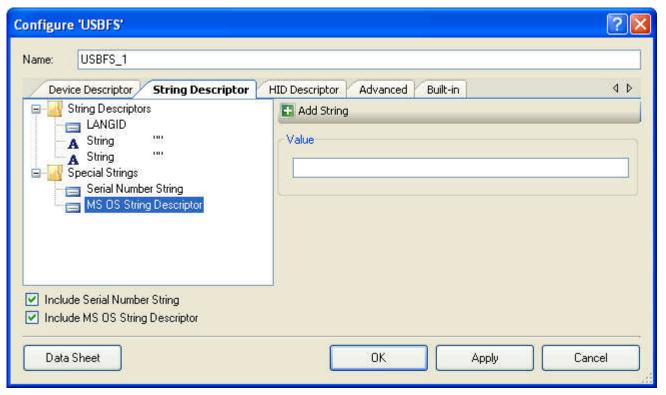
#### **Special Strings**

Two special string descriptors are supported.

#### **Include Serial Number String**

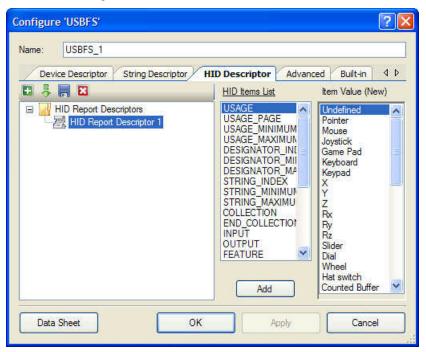


### **Include MS OS String Descriptor**





## **HID Descriptor Tab**

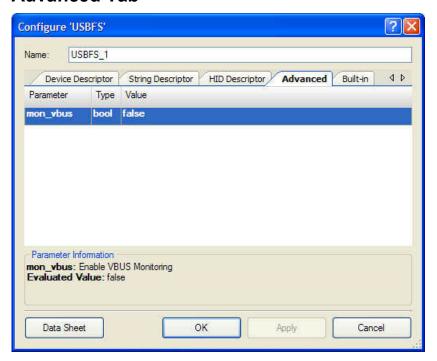


#### **HID Descriptors**

- HID Items List
- Item Value



#### **Advanced Tab**



#### **Enable VBUS Monitoring**

The mon\_vbus parameter adds a single VBUS monitor pin to the design. This pin must be connected to VBUS and must be assigned in the pin editor.

## **Placement**

USB is implemented as a fixed function block.

## Resources

The USBFS uses the USB fixed function block.

# **Application Programming Interface**

Application Programming Interface (API) routines allow you to configure the component using software. The following table lists and describes the interface to each function. The subsequent sections cover each function in more detail.

By default, PSoC Creator assigns the instance name USBFS\_1" to the first instance of a component in a given design. You can rename it to any unique value that follows the syntactic rules for identifiers. The instance name becomes the prefix of every global function name,



variable, and constant symbol. For readability, the instance name used in the following table is "USBFS".

### **Basic USBFS Device API**

Function	Description	
void USBFS_Start(uint8 bDevice, uint8 bMode)	Activate the component for use with the device and specific voltage mode.	
void USBFS_Stop(void)	Disable component.	
uint8 USBFS_bCheckActivity(void)	Checks and clears the USB bus activity flag. Returns 1 if the USB was active since the last check, otherwise returns 0.	
uint8 USBFS_bGetConfiguration(void)	Returns the currently assigned configuration. Returns 0 if the device is not configured.	
uint8 USBFS_bGetEPState(uint8 bEPNumber)	Returns the current state of the specified USBFS endpoint.	
uint8 USBFS_bGetEPAckState(uint8 bEPNumber)	Identifies whether ACK was set by returning a non-zero value.	
uint8 USBFS_wGetEPCount(uint8 bEPNumber)	Returns the current byte count from the specified USBFS endpoint.	
void USBFS_LoadInEP(uint8 bEPNumber, uint8 *pData, uint16 wLength)	Loads and enables the specified USBFS endpoint for an IN transfer.	
uint8 USBFS_bReadOutEP(uint8 bEPNumber, uint8 *pData, WORD wLength)	Reads the specified number of bytes from the Endpoint RAM and places it in the RAM array pointed to by pSrc. The function returns the number of bytes sent by the host.	
void USB_EnableOutEP(uint8 bEPNumber)	Enables the specified USB endpoint to accept OUT transfers	
void USBFS_DisableOutEP(uint8 bEPNumber)	Disables the specified USB endpoint to NAK OUT transfers	
void USBFS_SetPowerStatus(uint8 bPowerStatus)	Sets the device to self powered or bus powered	
USBFS_Force(uint8 bState)	Forces a J, K, or SE0 State on the USB D+/D- pins. Normally used for remote wakeup.	

# **Human Interface Device (HID) Class Support**

Function	Description	
uint8 USBFS_UpdateHIDTimer(uint8 bInterface)	Updates the HID Report timer for the specified interface and returns 1 if the timer expired and 0 if not.	



**PRELIMINARY** 

Document Number: 001-60380 Rev. \*\*

Function	Description	
	If the timer expired, it reloads the timer.	
uint8 USBFS_bGetProtocol(uint8 bInterface)	Returns the protocol for the specified interface	

### void USBFS\_Start (uint8, uint8)

**Description:** Performs all required initialization for USBFS Component.

Parameters: (uint8) bDevice: Contains the device number from the desired device descriptor set entered

with the USBFS customizer.

(uint8) bMode: The operating voltage. This determines whether the voltage regulator is enabled for 5V operation or if pass through mode is used for 3.3V operation. Symbolic names are and their associated values are given in the following table.

Power Setting	Notes	
USBFS_3V_OPERATION	Disable voltage regulator and pass-thru Vcc for pull-up	
USBFS_5V_OPERATION	Enable voltage regulator and use regulator for pull-up	

Return Value: None
Side Effects: None

### void USBFS\_Stop (void)

**Description:** Performs all necessary shutdown task required for the USBFS Component.

Parameters: None
Return Value: None
Side Effects: None

## uint8 USBFS\_bCheckActivity(void)

**Description:** Performs all required initialization for USBFS Component.

Parameters: None

Return Value: (uint8) cystatus: Standard API return values.

Return Value	Description
1	If bus activity was detected since the last call to this function
0	If bus activity not was detected since the last call to this function

Side Effects: None



## uint8 USBFS\_bGetConfiguration(void)

**Description:** Gets the current configuration of the USB device.

Parameters: None

Return Value: uint8: Returns the currently assigned configuration. Returns 0 if the device is not configured.

Side Effects: None

### uint8 USBFS\_bGetEPState(uint8)

**Description:** Performs all required initialization for USBFS Component.

Parameters: (uint8) bEPNumber: The endpoint number.

Return Value: (uint8) Returns the current state of the specified USBFS endpoint. Symbolic names provided,

and their associated values are given in the following table. Use these constants whenever the you write code to change the state of the endpoints such as ISR code to handle data sent or

received.

Return Value	Description
USBFS_NO_EVENT_PENDING	Indicates that the endpoint is awaiting SIE action
USBFS_EVENT_PENDING	Indicates that the endpoint is awaiting CPU action
USBFS_NO_EVENT_ALLOWED	Indicates that the endpoint is locked from access
USBFS_IN_BUFFER_FULL	The IN endpoint is loaded and the mode is set to ACK IN
USBFS_IN_BUFFER_EMPTY	An IN transaction occurred and more data can be loaded
USBFS_OUT_BUFFER_EMPTY	The OUT endpoint is set to ACK OUT and is waiting for data
USBFS_OUT_BUFFER_FULL	An OUT transaction has occurred and data can be read

Side Effects: None

## uint8 USBFS\_bGetEPAckState(uint8)

**Description:** Determines whether or not an ACK transaction occurred on this endpoint by reading the ACK

bit in the control register of the endpoint. This function does not clear the ACK bit.

**Parameters:** (uint8) bEPNumber: Contains the endpoint number.

Return Value: (uint8): If an ACKed transaction occurred then this function returns a non-zero value.

Otherwise a zero is returned.

Side Effects: None



### uint16 USBFS\_wGetEPCount(uint8)

**Description:** Performs all required initialization for USBFS Component.

Parameters: (uint8) bEPNumber: Contains the endpoint number.

Return Value: (uint8): Returns the current byte count from the specified USBFS endpoint.

Side Effects: None

#### void USBFS\_LoadInEP(uint8, uint8, uint16)

**Description:** Loads and enables the specified USB endpoint for an IN interrupt or bulk transfer.

Parameters: (uint8) bEPNumber: Contains the endpoint number.

(uint8) \*pData: A pointer to a data array from which the data for the endpoint space is loaded.

(uint16) wLength: The number of bytes to transfer from the array and then send as a result of

an IN request. Valid values are between 0 and 256.

Return Value: None

Side Effects: None

Return Value: None

Side Effects: None

## uint8 USB\_bReadOutEP(uint8, uint8, uint16)

**Description:** Moves the specified number of bytes from endpoint RAM to data RAM. The number of bytes

actually transferred from endpoint RAM to data RAM is the lesser of the actual number of

bytes sent by the host or the number of bytes requested by the wCount parameter.

Parameters: (uint8) bEPNumber: Contains the endpoint number.

(uint8) \*pData: A pointer to a data array from which the data for the endpoint space is loaded.

(uint16) wLength: The number of bytes to transfer from the array and then send as a result of

an IN request. Valid values are between 0 and 256. The function moves fewer than the requested number of bytes if the host sends fewer bytes than requested.

Return Value: None

Side Effects: None

### void USBFS\_EnableOutEP(uint8)

**Description:** Enables the specified endpoint for OUT bulk or interrupt transfers. Do not call this function for

IN endpoints.

Parameters: (uint8) bEPNumber: Contains the endpoint number.

Return Value: None
Side Effects: None

### void USBFS\_DisableOutEP(uint8)

**Description:** Disables the specified USBFS OUT endpoint. Do not call this function for IN endpoints.

Parameters: (uint8) bEPNumber: Contains the endpoint number.

Return Value: None
Side Effects: None

### void USBFS\_SetPowerStatus(uint8)

**Description:** Sets the current power status. The device will reply to USB GET\_STATUS requests based on

this value. This allows the device to properly report its status for USB Chapter 9 compliance. Devices may change their power source from self powered to bus powered at any time and report their current power source as part of the device status. You should call this function any time your device changes from self powered to bus powered or vice versa, and set the status

appropriately.

Parameters: (uint8) bPowerStaus: Contains the desired power status, one for self powered or zero for bus

powered. Symbolic names are provided and their associated values are given here:

Power Status	Description
USBFS_DEVICE_STATUS_BUS_POWERED	Set the device to bus powered.
USBFS_DEVICE_STATUS_SELF_POWERED	Set the device to self powered.

Return Value: None
Side Effects: None



### void USBFS\_Force(uint8)

**Description:** Forces a USB J, K, or SE0 state on the D+/D- lines. This function provides the necessary

mechanism for a USB device application to perform a USB Remote Wakeup. For more information, refer to the USB 2.0 Specification for details on Suspend and Resume.

Parameters: (uint8) bState: A byte indicating which of the four bus states to enable. Symbolic names

provided, and their associated values are listed here:

State	Description
USBFS_FORCE_SE0	Force a Single Ended 0 onto the D+/D- lines
USBFS_FORCE_J	Force a J State onto the D+/D- lines
USBFS_FORCE_K	Force a K State onto the D+/D- lines
USBFS_FORCE_NONE	Return bus to SIE control

Return Value: None
Side Effects: None

### uint8 USBFS\_UpdateHIDTimer(uint8)

**Description:** Updates the HID Report idle timer and returns the status. Reloads the timer if it expires.

Parameters: (uint8) bInterface: Contains the interface number.

Return Value: (uint8): Returns the state of the HID timer. Symbolic names are provided and their associated

values are given here:

Return Value	Notes
USBFS_IDLE_TIMER_EXPIRED	The timer expired.
USBFS_IDLE_TIMER_RUNNING	The timer is running.
USBFS_IDLE_TIMER_IDEFINITE	Returned if the report is sent when data or state changes.

Side Effects: None

## uint8 USBFS bGetProtocol(uint8)

**Description:** Returns the hid protocol value for the selected interface.

**Parameters:** (uint8) bInterface: Contains the interface number.

**Return Value:** (uint8): Returns the protocol value.

Side Effects: None

## Sample Firmware Source Code

The following is a C language example demonstrating the basic functionality of the USBFS component. This example assumes the component has been placed in a design and is named "USBFS\_1". The C code illustrated here shows you how to use the USBFS Component in a simple HID application. Once connected to a PC host the device enumerates as a 3 button mouse. When the code is run the mouse cursor zigzags from right to left. This code illustrates the how the USBFS customizer configures the component.

```
uint8 abMouseData[3] = \{0,0,0\};
uint8 i = 0;
void main()
    CYGlobalIntEnable;
                                             //Enable Global Interrupts
   USBFS 1 Start(0, USBFS 1 3V OPERATION); //Start USBFS Operation/device 0
                                             //and with 3V operation
   while(!USBFS_1_bGetConfiguration()); //Wait for Device to enumerate
    //Enumeration is completed load endpoint 1. Do not toggle the first time
    USBFS 1 LoadInEP(1, abMouseData, 3);
    while(1)
      while(!USBFS 1 bGetEPAckState(1)); //Wait for ACK before loading data
      //ACK has occurred, load the endpoint and toggle the data bit
      USBFS 1 LoadInEP(1, abMouseData, 3);
                                        //When our count hits 128
      if(i==128)
       abMouseData[1] = 0x05; //Start moving the mouse to the right
                                     //When our counts hits 255
//Start moving the mouse to the left
      else if(i==255)
        abMouseData[1] = 0xFB;
      i++;
   }
}
```

## **USBFS Setup Corresponding to the Example Code**

Someone needs to walk through the basic steps of placing and configuring the USBFS component here.

- Select the 3 button mouse template.
- Click the Apply operation on the right side of the template.
- Select the Add String operation to add Manufacturer and Product strings.
- Edit the device attributes: Vendor ID, Product ID, and select strings.
- Edit the interface attributes: select HID for the Class field.
- Edit the HID class descriptor: select the 3 button mouse for the HID Report field.
- Click OK to save the USB descriptor information.



Descriptor	Data
USB component descriptor root	Device name
Device descriptor	Device
Device attributes	
Vendor ID	Use company VID
Product ID	Use product PID
Device release (bcdDevice)	0000
Device class	Defined in interface descriptor
Subclass	No subclass
Manufacturer string	My company
Product string	My mouse
Serial number string	No string
Configuration descriptor	Configuration
Configuration attributes	
Configuration string	No string
Max power	100
Device power	Bus powered
Remote wakeup	Disabled
Interface descriptor	Interface
Interface attributes	
Interface string	No string
Class	HID
Subclass	No subclass
HID class descriptor	
Descriptor type	Report
Country code	Not supported
HID report	3-button mouse
Endpoint descriptor	ENDPOINT_NAME
Endpoint attributes	
Endpoint number	1
Direction	IN
Transfer type	INT
Interval	10
Max packet size	8



Descriptor	Data
String/LANGID	
String descriptors	USBFS
LANGID	
String	My company
String	My mouse
Descriptor	
HID report descriptor root	USBFS
HID report descriptor	USBFS

## **USB Standard Device Requests**

This section describes the requests supported by the USBFS component. If a request is not supported the USBFS component normally responds with a STALL, indicating a request error.

Standard Device Request	USB Component Support Description	USB 2.0 Spec Section
CLEAR_FEATURE	Device:	9.4.1
	Interface: not supported.	
	Endpoint	
GET_CONFIGURATION	Returns the current device configuration value.	9.4.2
GET_DESCRIPTOR	Returns the specified descriptor.	9.4.3
GET_INTERFACE	Returns the selected alternate interface setting for the specified interface.	9.4.4
GET_STATUS	Device:	9.4.5
	Interface:	
	Endpoint:	
SET_ADDRESS	Sets the device address for all future device accesses.	9.4.6
SET_CONFIGURATION	Sets the device configuration.	9.4.7
SET_DESCRIPTOR	This optional request is not supported.	9.4.8
SET_FEATURE	Device: DEVICE_REMOTE_WAKEUP support is selected by the bRemoteWakeUp Component Parameter. TEST_MODE is not supported.	9.4.9
	Interface: Not supported.	
	Endpoint: The specified Endpoint is halted.	
SET_INTERFACE	Not supported.	9.4.10



Standard Device Request	USB Component Support Description	USB 2.0 Spec Section
SYNCH_FRAME	Not supported. Future implementations of the Component will add support to this request to enable Isochronous transfers with repeating frame patterns.	9.4.11

### **HID Class Request**

Class Request	USBFS Component Support Description	Device Class Definition for HID - Section
GET_REPORT	Allows the host to receive a report by way of the Control pipe.	7.2.1
GET_IDLE	Reads the current idle rate for a particular Input report.	7.2.3
GET_PROTOCOL	Reads which protocol is currently active (either the boot or the report protocol).	7.2.5
SET_REPORT	Allows the host to send a report to the device, possibly setting the state of input, output, or feature controls.	7.2.2
SET_IDLE	Silences a particular report on the Interrupt In pipe until a new event occurs or the specified amount of time passes.	7.2.4
SET_PROTOCOL	Switches between the boot protocol and the report protocol (or vice versa).	7.2.6

#### **USBFS** Customizer

This section details all the USBFS descriptors provided by the USBFS component. The descriptions include the descriptor format and how component parameters map into the descriptor data.

The USBFS customizer is a tool provided by Cypress to assist engineers in the designing of USB devices. The customizer displays the device descriptor tree; when expanded the following folders that are part of the standard USB descriptor definitions appear:

- Device attributes
- Configuration descriptor
- Interface descriptor
- HID Class descriptor
- Endpoint descriptor
- String/LANGID
- HID Descriptor

To access the customizer, double-click the USB Component symbol on the schematic.



When the device descriptor tree is fully expanded, you see all the customizer options. The left side displays the name of the descriptor, the center displays the data, and the left displays the operation available for a particular descriptor. In some instances, a descriptor has a pull down menu that presents available options.

Descriptor	Default Data		Operations
USBFS component descriptor root	"Device Name"		Add device
Device descriptor	DEVICE_1		Remove Add configuration
Device attributes			
Vendor ID	FFFF		
Product ID	FFFF		
Device release (bcdDevice)	0000		
Device class	Undefined	pull-down	
Subclass	No subclass	pull down	
Protocol	None	pull down	
Manufacturer string	No string	pull down	
Product string	No string	pull down	
Serial number string	No string	pull down	
Configuration descriptor	CONFIG_NAME		Remove Add interface
Configuration attributes			
Configuration string	No string	pull down	
Max power	100		
Device power	Bus powered	pull down	
Remote wakeup	Disabled	pull down	
Interface descriptor	INTERFACE_NAME		Remove Add endpoint
Interface attributes			
Interface string	No string	pull down	
Class	Vendor specific	pull down	
Subclass	No subclass	pull down	
HID class Descriptor			
Descriptor type	Report	pull down	
Country code	Not supported	pull down	
HID report	None	pull down	
Endpoint descriptor	ENDPOINT_NAME		Remove
Endpoint attributes			
Endpoint number	0		



Descriptor	Default Data		Operations
Direction	IN	pull down	
Transfer type	CNTRL	pull down	
Interval	10		
Max packet size	8		
String/LANGID			
String descriptors	Device name		Add string
LANGID		pull down	
String	Selected string name		Remove
Descriptor			
HID Descriptor	Device name		Import HID Report Template

### **Understanding the USB customizer**

The USB customizer window is a table that presents three major areas for programming. The first area is the Descriptor USBFS component, the second is the String/LANGID, and the third is the Descriptor HID report. Use the two buttons below the table perform the selected command.

The first section presents the Descriptor. The second section presents the String/LANGID; when a string ID is required, this area is used to input that string. To add a string for a USB device, click on the **Add String** operation. The software adds a row and prompts you to Edit your string here. Type the new string then click **Save/Generate**. Once the string is saved, it is available for use in the Descriptor section from the pull down menus. If you close without saving, the string is lost.

The third area presents the HID Report Descriptor Root. From here you add or import an HID Report for the selected device.

#### **USB Component Descriptor Root**

The first column displays folders to expand and collapse. For the purpose of this discussion, you must fully expand the tree that all options are visible. The customizer permits the entering of data into the middle Data column; if there is a pull down menu, use it to select a different option. If there is no pull down menu, but there is data, use the cursor to highlight and select the data, then overwrite that data with another value or text option. All the values must meet the USB 2.0 Chapter 9 Specifications.

The first folder displayed at the top is the *USB Component Descriptor Root*. It has the component name in the Data column (this is the component name given to it by the software. This component is the one placed in the Interconnect View. The Add Device operation on the right hand column adds another USB device complete with all the different fields required for describing it. The new USB device descriptor is listed at the bottom after the Endpoint Descriptor. Click **OK** to save. If you do not save the newly added device, it is not available for use.



Device Descriptor has DEVICE\_NUMBER as the Data; it may be removed or a configuration added. All the information about a particular USB device may be entered by over writing the existing data or by using a pull down menu.

When the input of data is complete, either by using the pull down menus or by typing alphanumeric text in the appropriate spots, click **OK** to save.

#### **USB Suspend, Resume, and Remote Wakeup**

The USBFS Component supports USB Suspend, Resume, and Remote Wakeup. Since these features are tightly coupled into the user application, the USBFS Component provides a set of API functions.

#### **USFS Activity Monitoring**

The USBFS\_bCheckActivity API function provides a means to check if any USB bus activity occurred. The application uses the function to determine if the conditions to enter USB Suspend were met.

#### **USBFS Suspend**

Once the conditions to enter USB suspend are met, the application takes appropriate steps to reduce current consumption to meet the suspend current requirements. To put the USB SIE and transceiver into power down mode, the application calls the USBFS\_Suspend API function and the USBFS\_bCheckActivity API to detect USB activity. This function disables the USBFS block, but maintains the current USB address (in the USBCR register). The device uses the sleep feature to reduce power consumption.

#### **USBFS** Resume

While the device is suspended, it periodically checks to determine if the conditions to leave the suspended state were met. One way to check resume conditions is to use the sleep timer to periodically wake the device. If the resume conditions were met, the application calls the USBFS\_Resume API function. This function enables the USBFS SIE and Transceiver, bringing them out of power down mode. It does not change the USB address field of the USBCR register, maintaining the USB address previously assigned by the host.

#### **USBFS Remote Wakeup**

If the device supports remote wakeup, the application is able to determine if the host enabled remote wakeup with the USBFS\_bRWUEnabled API function. When the device is suspended and it determines the conditions to initiate a remote wakeup are met, the application uses the USBFS\_Force API function to force the appropriate J and K states onto the USB Bus, signaling a remote wakeup.



### DC and AC Electrical Characteristics

The following values are indicative of expected performance and based on initial characterization data.

#### 5.0V/3.3V DC and AC Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Typical	Min	Max	Units	Conditions and Notes
Input					
Input Voltage Range			Vss to Vdd	V	
Input Capacitance				pF	
Input Impedance				Ω	
Maximum Clock Rate			TBD	MHz	

# **Component Changes**

This section lists the major changes in the component from the previous version.

Version	Description of Changes	Reason for Changes / Impact
0.2.a	Moved local parameters to formal parameter list.	To address a defect that existed in PSoC Creator v1.0 Beta 4.1 and earlier, the component was updated so that it could continue to be used in newer versions of the tool. This component used local parameters, which are not exposed to the user, to do background calculations on user input. These parameters have been changed to formal parameters which are visible, but un-editable. There are no functional changes to the component but the affected parameters are now visible in the "expression view" of the customizer dialog.

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