

causality $h(t) = 0$ for $t < 0$.

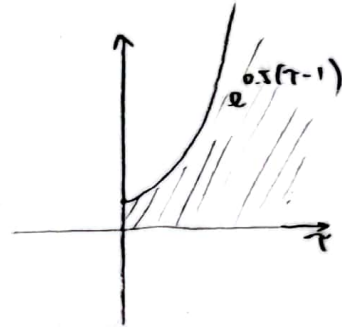
a)
i) $h(t) = e^{0.5(t-1)} \cdot u(t)$

$h(t) = 0$ for $t < 0$ because of $u(t)$

Therefore causal.

ii)
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |e^{0.5(\tau-1)} u(\tau)| d\tau$$

$$= \int_0^{\infty} |e^{0.5(\tau-1)}| d\tau$$



$= \infty$ because area under $e^{0.5(\tau-1)}$ is ∞ .

not stable.

b)
i) $h(t) = (u(t+1) - u(t-1))(1-t^2)$

$u(t+1) - u(t-1)$:



$h(t) = 1 - t^2 \quad -1 < t < 0$

$\neq 0$ therefore, not causal

ii)
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |(u(t+1) - u(t-1))(1-t^2)| dt$$

$$= \int_{-1}^1 (1-\tau)^2 d\tau \leq B < \infty, \text{ where } B \text{ is a constant.}$$

Therefore. stable.

c) i) $h[n] = a^{-|n|} \cos(\frac{2}{3}n)$, $|a| < 1$

$$h[n] = a^n \cos(\frac{2}{3}n) \quad n < 0$$

$$h[n] \neq 0 \quad \text{when } n < 0.$$

not causal

ii)

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |a^{-|n|} \cos(\frac{2}{3}n)|$$

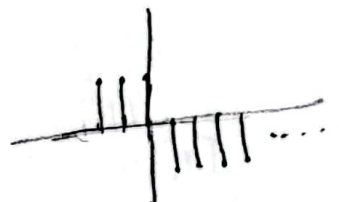
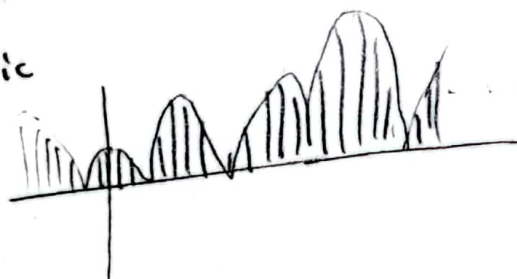
$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \pm\infty} a^{-|n|} = \infty, \text{ do not enclose an area}$$

$\cos(\frac{2}{3}n)$ is periodic

Therefore: $\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |a^{-|n|} \cos(\frac{2}{3}n)|$

area under the function is ∞ ,

not stable.



d) i) $h[n] = u[n+2] - 2u[n-1]$

$$h[n] = 1 \quad -2 \leq n < 0$$

$$h[n] \neq 0 \quad n < 0$$

not causal

ii) $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} |u[k+2] - 2u[k-1]| = \infty$

not stable

2.

$$3 \frac{d}{dt} [u(t) * \underbrace{\delta(t-1)}_{h_1} * h_2] = g(t)$$

$$3 \frac{d}{dt} [u(t-1) * h_2] = g(t)$$

$$3 \frac{d}{dt} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h_2 \cdot u(t-\tau-1) d\tau = g(t)$$

$$3 \frac{d}{dt} \int_{-\infty}^{t-1} h_2(\tau) d\tau = g(t)$$

$$= 3 h_2(t-1) = g(t)$$

$$h_2(t-1) = \frac{1}{3} g(t)$$

$$h_2 = \frac{1}{3} g(t+1)$$

$$3. \quad h[n] = (h_2 * h_3 - h_1) * h_4$$

$$h[n] = \underbrace{h_2 * h_3}_{h_2 * h_3} * h_4 - h_1 * h_4$$

$$= e^{-n} u[n] * e^{-\frac{n}{2}} u[n-1]$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-k} u[k] e^{-\frac{(n-k)}{2}} u[n-k-1]$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} e^{-k} e^{-\frac{(n-k)}{2}} \cdot u[n-1]$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} e^{-k} e^{-\frac{n}{2}} e^{\frac{k}{2}} u[n-1]$$

$$= e^{-\frac{n}{2}} \sum_{k=0}^{n-1} e^{-\frac{k}{2}} u[n-1] \quad r = e^{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{n}{2}} \left(\frac{1 - (e^{-\frac{1}{2}})^n}{1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right) u[n-1]$$

$$h_2 * h_3 * h_4 = e^{-\frac{n}{2}} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right) u[n-1] * (\delta[n] - \delta[n-1])$$

$$= e^{-\frac{n}{2}} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right) u[n-1] - e^{-\frac{(n-1)}{2}} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-\frac{(n-1)}{2}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right) u[n-2]$$

$$-h_1 * h_4 = -\delta[n-1] * [\delta[n] - \delta[n-1]]$$

$$= -\delta[n-1] + \delta[n-2]$$

$$h[n] = e^{-\frac{n}{2}} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-\frac{n}{2}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right) u[n-1] - e^{-\frac{(n-1)}{2}} \left(\frac{1 - e^{-\frac{(n-1)}{2}}}{1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}}} \right) u[n-2] - \delta[n-1] + \delta[n-2]$$