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# USB Stack Device Reference Manual

Document Number: USBSDRM

Rev. 1.0, 05/2014



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# Chapter 1 Before You Begin

## 1.1 About this book

This *USB Stack Device Reference Manual* describes the USB Device driver and the programming interface in the USB Stack.

The audience should be familiar with the following reference material:

- *Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 1.1*
- *Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0*

Use this book in addition to:

- *Source Code*

## 1.2 Acronyms and abbreviations

**Table 1 Acronyms and abbreviations**

Term	Description
API	Application Programming Interface
CDC	Communication Device Class
HID	Human Interface Device
MSD	Mass Storage Device
MSC	Mass Storage Class
PHDC	Personal Healthcare Device Class
ZLT	Zero Length Transfer
LAB	Logical Address Block
LUN	Logical Unit Number

## 1.3 Function listing format

This is the general format of an entry for a function, compiler intrinsic, or a macro.

**function\_name()**

A short description of what function **function\_name()** does.

**Synopsis**

Provides a prototype for function **function\_name()**.

```
<return_type> function_name(  
<type_1> parameter_1,  
<type_2> parameter_2,  
...  
<type_n> parameter_n)
```

## Parameters

- *parameter\_1 [in]* – Pointer to x
- *parameter\_2 [out]* – Handle for y
- *parameter\_n [in/out]* – Pointer to z

Parameter passing is categorized as follows:

- *In* – indicates that the function uses one or more values in the parameter you give it without storing any changes.
- *Out* – indicates that the function saves one or more values in the parameter you give it. You can examine the saved values to find out useful information about your application.
- *In/out* – indicates that the function changes one or more values in the parameter you give it and saves the result. You can examine the saved values to find out useful information about your application.

**Description** – Describes the function **function\_name()**. This section also describes any special characteristics or restrictions that might apply:

- Function blocks or might block under certain conditions
- Function must be started as a task
- Function creates a task
- Function has pre-conditions that might not be obvious
- Function has restrictions or special behavior

**Return value** – Specifies any value or values returned by function **function\_name()**.

## Chapter 2 Overview

### 2.1 USB overview

Universal Serial Bus (USB) is a polled bus. The USB Host configures the devices attached to it, either directly or through a USB hub, and initiates all bus transactions. The USB Device responds only to the requests sent to it by a USB Host.

The USB Device software consists of the following parts:

- USB Device application
- USB Device Class Driver (contains USB Device Class APIs)
- USB Device Common Controller Driver APIs (independent of hardware)
- USB Device controller interface (DCI) - low-level functions used to interact with the USB Device controller hardware
- OS adapter to provide unified OS API to USB Stack

The whole architecture and components of USB stack are as follows:

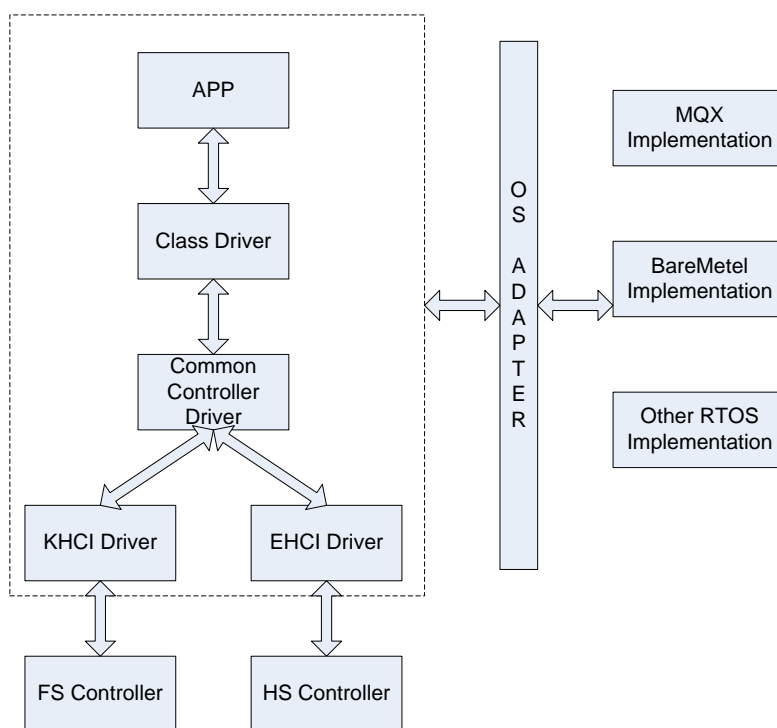


Figure 1 USB Device stack architecture

## 2.2 API overview

This section describes the API functions. The interfaces between the USB Common Controller driver and xHCI driver are not listed here.

Table 2 summarizes the USB Common Controller driver APIs.

**Table 2 USB Device Controller driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	usb_device_init()	Initializes the USB device controller
2	usb_device_postinit()	Some additional initialization actions need to be done after the device is initialized
3	usb_device_deinit()	Un-initializes the device controller
4	usb_device_recv_data()	Receives data from a specified endpoint
5	usb_device_send_data()	Sends data to a specified endpoint
6	usb_device_cancel_transfer()	Cancels all the pending transfers in a specified endpoint
7	usb_device_register_service()	Registers a callback function for the service
8	usb_device_unregister_service()	Unregisters a callback function for the service
9	usb_device_init_endpoint()	Initializes the specified endpoint
10	usb_device_deinit_endpoint()	Un-initializes the specified endpoint
11	usb_device_stall_endpoint()	Stalls the specified endpoint
12	usb_device_unstall_endpoint()	Un-stalls the specified endpoint
13	usb_device_register_application_notify()	Registers the callback function for the application related event
14	usb_device_register_vendor_class_request_notify()	Registers the callback function for the vendor class related event
15	usb_device_register_desc_request_notify()	Registers the callback function for the descriptor related event
16	usb_device_set_status()	Sets the current status of the selected item
17	usb_device_get_status()	Gets the current status of the selected item

Table 3 summarizes the common class APIs.

**Table 3 Common class driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	USB_Class_Init()	Initializes the class module
2	USB_Class_Deinit()	Un-initializes the class module
3	USB_Class_Send_Data()	Sends data on the specified endpoint

Table 4 summarizes the CDC class APIs.

**Table 4 CDC class driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	USB_Class_CDC_Init()	Initializes the CDC class
2	USB_Class_CDC_Deinit()	Un-initializes the CDC class driver
3	USB_Class_CDC_Recv_Data ()	Receives data on the specified endpoint
4	USB_Class_CDC_Send_Data()	Sends data on the specified endpoint
5	USB_Class_CDC_Cancel( )	Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint

Table 5 summarizes the HID class APIs.

**Table 5 HID class driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	USB_Class_HID_Init()	Initializes the HID class
2	USB_Class_HID_Deinit()	Un-initializes the HID class driver
4	USB_Class_HID_Send_Data()	Sends data on the specified endpoint



5	USB_Class_HID_Cancel	Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint
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Table 6 summarizes the MSC class APIs.

**Table 6 MSC class driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	USB_Class_MSC_Init()	Initializes the MSC class
2	USB_Class_MSC_Deinit()	Un-initializes the MSC class driver

Table 7 summarizes the AUDIO class APIs.

**Table 7 AUDIO class driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	USB_Class_AUDIO_Init()	Initializes the AUDIO class
2	USB_Class_AUDIO_Deinit()	Un-initializes the AUDIO class driver
3	USB_Class_AUDIO_Recv_Data()	Receives data on the specified endpoint
4	USB_Class_AUDIO_Send_Data()	Sends data on the specified endpoint
5	USB_Class_AUDIO_Cancel()	Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint

Table 8 summarizes the PHDC class APIs.

**Table 8 PHDC class driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	USB_Class_PHDC_Init()	Initializes the PHDC class
2	USB_Class_PHDC_Deinit()	Un-initializes the PHDC class driver

3	USB_Class_PHDC_Recv _Data ()	Receives data on the specified endpoint
4	USB_Class_PHDC_Send _Data()	Sends data on the specified endpoint
5	USB_Class_PHDC_Cancel()	Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint

Table 9 summarizes the Composite class APIs.

**Table 9 Composite Class driver APIs**

No.	API Function	Description
1	USB_Composite_Init()	Initializes the Composite class
2	USB_Composite_Deinit()	Un-initializes the Composite class driver

## 2.3 Using the USB Device API

### 2.3.1 Using USB Common Controller driver API

It is not recommend using the USB Common Controller driver directly to implement the USB function, but you can refer to the code implemented in the class driver provided by Freescale for detailed information.

### 2.3.2 Using CDC class driver API

To use CDC class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call **USB\_Class\_CDC\_Init()** to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_ENUM\_COMPLETE** event, the application should move into the connected state.
3. Call **USB\_Class\_CDC\_Send\_Data()** to send data to the host through the device layers, when required.
4. Call **USB\_Class\_CDC\_Recv\_Data()** when the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_DATA\_RECEIVED** event, which implies that the previous reception of data from the host is done.

### 2.3.3 Using HID class driver API

To use HID class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call **USB\_Class\_HID\_Init()** to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as a parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_ENUM\_COMPLETE** event, the application should move into the ready state.
3. Call **USB\_Class\_HID\_Send\_Data()** to send data to the host through the device layers, when required.

### 2.3.4 Using MSC class driver API

To use MSD class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call **USB\_Class\_MSC\_Init()** to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as a parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_ENUM\_COMPLETE** event, the application should move into the ready state.
3. The callback function is called with the **USB\_MSC\_DEVICE\_READ\_REQUEST** event to get data from the storage device before sending it to the USB bus. It reads data from the mass storage device to the driver buffer.
4. The callback function is called with the **USB\_MSC\_DEVICE\_WRITE\_REQUEST** event to prepare the storage device buffer for USB transfer.
5. The callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_DATA\_RECEIVED** event to write the storage device buffer data the storage device.

### 2.3.5 Using AUDIO class driver API

To use AUDIO class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call **USB\_Class\_Audio\_Init()** to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_ENUM\_COMPLETE** event, the application should move into the connected state.
3. Call **USB\_Class\_Audio\_Send\_Data()** to send data to the host through the device layers, when required.
4. Call **USB\_Class\_Audio\_Recv\_Data()** when the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_DATA\_RECEIVED** event, which implies that the previous reception of data from the host is done.

### 2.3.6 Using PHDC class driver API

To use PHDC class layer API functions from the application:

1. Call **USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Init()** to initialize the class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions are also passed as parameter to this function.
2. When the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_ENUM\_COMPLETE** event, the application should move into the connected state.
3. Call **USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Send\_Data()** to send data to the host through the device layers, when required.
4. Call **USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Recv\_Data()** when the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_DATA\_RECEIVED** event, which implies that the previous reception of data from the host is done.

### 2.3.7 Using composite class driver API

1. Call **USB\_Composite\_Init()** to initialize the composite class driver, all the layers below it, and the device controller. Event callback functions for each interface are also passed as parameter to this function.
2. Call **USB\_Composite\_Get\_Class\_Handle()** to get every class handle for each interface composited in the composited device
3. When the callback function is called with the **USB\_APP\_ENUM\_COMPLETE** event, the application should move into the connected state.
4. Call the corresponding Send API to send data to the host through the device layers, when required. For example, if the device is composited of HID and AUDIO, **USB\_Class\_Audio\_Send\_Data()** can be used to send data to the host with the handle obtained from **USB\_Composite\_Get\_Class\_Handle()**.
5. Call the corresponding receive API when the callback function is called with the **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_DATA\_RECEIVED** event, which implies that the previous reception of data from the host is done. For example, if the device is composited of HID and AUDIO, **USB\_Class\_Audio\_Recv\_Data()** can be used to send data to the host with the handle obtained from **USB\_Composite\_Get\_Class\_Handle()**.

## Chapter 3 USB Common Controller Driver API

### 3.1 usb\_device\_init

Initializes the USB device controller

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_init
(
    uint8_t          controller_id,
    usb_device_handle* handle
)
```

#### Parameters

*controller\_id*      [in] - controller ID, such as USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0  
*handle*              [out] - USB Device handle

#### Description

The function initializes the device controller specified by the *controller\_id* and a device handle can be returned from the handle.

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Other** (failure)

### 3.2 usb\_device\_postinit

Initializes the USB device controller

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_postinit
(
    uint8_t          controller_id,
    usb_device_handle handle
)
```

#### Parameters

*controller\_id*      [in] - controller ID, such as USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0  
*handle*              [in] - USB Device handle

#### Description

The function starts the initialization process that cannot be done in the **usb\_device\_init()** API. For example, the call back functions need to be registered after the device handle can be obtained from the **usb\_device\_init()** API. Therefore, the USB interrupt cannot be enabled in **usb\_device\_init()**; otherwise,

the USB interrupt can be issued before the callback functions are registered. To avoid this issue, the USB interrupt will be enabled in the post initialization process.

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Other** (failure)

### 3.3 usb\_device\_deinit

Un-initializes the USB device controller

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_deinit
(
    usb_device_handle    handle
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

#### Description

The function un-initializes the device controller specified by the handle.

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

### 3.4 usb\_device\_recv\_data

Receives data from a specified endpoint

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_recv_data
(
    usb_device_handle    handle,
    uint_8               ep_index,
    uint_8*              buff_ptr,
    uint_32               size
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

*ep\_index* [in] - endpoint index

*buff\_ptr* [in] - memory address to receive the data

*size* [in] – length of the packet to be received

### Description

The function is used to receive data from a specified endpoint.

### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

**Note:** The return value just indicates if the receiving request is successful or not; the transfer done is notified by the corresponding callback function.

## 3.5 usb\_device\_send\_data

Sends data from a specified endpoint

### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_send_data
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint_8                 ep_index,
    uint_8*                 buff_ptr,
    uint_32                 size
)
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] – USB Device handle

*ep\_index* [in] – endpoint index

*buff\_ptr* [in] – memory address hold the data need to be sent

*size* [in] – length of the packet to be received

### Description

The function is used to send data to a specified endpoint.

### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

**Note:** The return value just indicates if the sending request is successful or not and the completed transfer is notified by the corresponding callback function.

## 3.6 usb\_device\_cancel\_transfer

Cancels all the pending transfers in a specified endpoint

## Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_cancel_transfer
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint_8                 ep_index,
    uint_8                 direction
)
```

## Parameters

*handle*                    *[in]* - USB Device handle

*ep\_index*                *[in]* - endpoint index

*direction*              *[in]* - direction of the endpoint

## Description

The function is used to cancel all the pending transfer in a specified endpoint which is determined by the endpoint index and the direction

## Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

## 3.7 usb\_device\_register\_service

Registers a callback function for one specified endpoint

## Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_register_service
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint8_t               type,
    usb_event_service_t    service,
    void*                  arg
)
```

## Parameters

*handle*                    *[in]* - USB Device handle

*type*                      *[in]* - service type, type & 0xF is the endpoint index

*service*                  *[in]* - callback function

*arg*                       *[in]* - second parameter for the callback function

## Description



The function is used to register a callback function for one specified endpoint.

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

### 3.8 usb\_device\_unregister\_service

Unregisters a callback function for one specified endpoint

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_unregister_service
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint8_t                type
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle*                   [in] – USB Device handle

*type*                    [in] – service type, type & 0xF is the endpoint index

#### Description

The function is used to unregister a callback function for one specified endpoint.

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

### 3.9 usb\_device\_init\_endpoint

Initializes the specified endpoint

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_init_endpoint
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    usb_ep_struct_t*       ep_ptr,
    uint_8                 flag
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle*                   [in] – USB Device handle

*ep\_ptr*                  [in] – endpoint information, see Section [7.1.1](#)

*flag* [in] – whether the ZLT is enabled for this endpoint

### Description

The function is used to initialize a specific endpoint which is determined by the ep\_ptr.

### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

## 3.10 usb\_device\_deinit\_endpoint

Un-initializes the specified endpoint

### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_deinit_endpoint
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint8_t                ep_num,
    uint_8                 direction
)
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] – USB Device handle

*ep\_num* [in] – endpoint index

*direction* [in] –endpoint direction

### Description

The function is used to un-initialize a specific endpoint which is determined by the endpoint index and endpoint direction.

### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

## 3.11 usb\_device\_stall\_endpoint

Stalls the specified endpoint

### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_stall_endpoint
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint8_t                ep_num,
    uint_8                 direction
)
```

)

### Parameters

*handle*                      [in] - USB Device handle  
*ep\_num*                      [in] - endpoint index  
*direction*                   [in] - endpoint direction

### Description

The function is used to stall a specific endpoint which is determined by the endpoint index and endpoint direction.

### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

## 3.12 usb\_device\_unstall\_endpoint

Un-stalls the specified endpoint

### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_unstall_endpoint  
(  
    usb_device_handle              handle,  
    uint8_t                          ep_num,  
    uint_8                           direction  
)
```

### Parameters

*handle*                      [in] - USB Device handle  
*ep\_num*                      [in] - endpoint index  
*direction*                   [in] - endpoint direction

### Description

The function is used to un-stall a specific endpoint which is determined by the endpoint index and endpoint direction.

### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

### 3.13 usb\_device\_register\_application\_notify

Registers the callback function for the application related event

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_register_application_notify
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    usb_device_notify_t    device_notify_callback,
    void*                  device_notify_param
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - USB Device handle

*device\_notify\_callback* [in] - callback function

*device\_notify\_param* [in] - parameter for the callback function

#### Description

The function is used to register a callback function for the application related event. Currently the following events are supported:

Event	Description
USB_DEV_EVENT_BUS_RESET	A BUS reset is received.
USB_DEV_EVENT_ENUM_COMPLETE	The device enumerated process completes.
USB_DEV_EVENT_CONFIG_CHANGED	Host sends a set_configuration.
USB_DEV_EVENT_ERROR	Error.

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

### 3.14 usb\_device\_register\_vendor\_class\_request\_notify

Registers the callback function for the vendor class related event

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_register_vendor_class_request_notify
(
```

```

        usb_device_handle      handle,
        usb_request_notify_t    request_notify_callback,
        void*                   request_notify_param
    )

```

## Parameters

*handle* [in] – USB Device handle

*request\_notify\_callback* [in] – callback function

*request\_notify\_param* [in] – parameter for the callback function

## Description

The function is used to register a callback function for the vendor class request related event. Currently the vendor class is not implemented, so both the **request\_notify\_callback** and **request\_notify\_param** can be set to NULL.

## Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

## 3.15 usb\_device\_register\_desc\_request\_notify

Registers the callback functions for the device descriptor related request

## Synopsis

```

usb_status usb_device_register_desc_request_notify
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t* desc_request_notify_callback,
    void*                   desc_request_notify_param
)

```

## Parameters

*handle* [in] – USB Device handle

*desc\_request\_notify\_callback* [in] – callback function

*desc\_request\_notify\_param* [in] – parameter for the callback function

## Description

The function is used to register a set of callback functions for the device descriptor related event. For details, see Section [7.1.7](#).

## Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

### 3.16 usb\_device\_get\_status

Gets the internal USB device state

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_get_status
(
    usb_device_handle      handle,
    uint8_t                component,
    uint16_t*              status
)
```

#### Parameters

<i>handle</i>	<i>[in]</i> - USB Device handle
<i>component</i>	<i>[in]</i> - callback function
<i>status</i>	<i>[out]</i> - requested status

#### Description

The function is used to get the status of the specified component. The supported components include:

- USB\_STATUS\_DEVICE\_STATE
- USB\_STATUS\_OTG
- USB\_STATUS\_DEVICE
- USB\_STATUS\_ENDPOINT, the LSB nibble carries the endpoint number

#### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

### 3.17 usb\_device\_set\_status

Sets the internal USB device state

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_device_set_status
(
usb_device_handle      handle,
uint8_t                component,
uint16_t               status
)
```

### Parameters

<i>handle</i>	[in] - USB Device handle
<i>component</i>	[in] - callback function
<i>status</i>	[in] - status to set

### Description

The function is used to set the status of the specified component. The supported components include:

- USB\_STATUS\_DEVICE\_STATE
- USB\_STATUS\_OTG
- USB\_STATUS\_DEVICE

### Return value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **other** (failure)

## Chapter 4 USB Device Class API

This section describes the API functions provided as part of class implementations.

### 4.1 CDC class API function listings

#### 4.1.1 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Init()

Initializes the CDC class

##### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_CDC_Init  
(  
    uint8_t                controller_id,  
    cdc_config_struct_t*    cdc_config_ptr,  
    cdc_handle_t*           cdc_handle_ptr  
)
```

##### Parameters

*controller\_id*      [in] - controller ID, such as USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0  
*cdc\_config\_ptr*      [in] - CDC configuration structure, refer to **cdc\_config\_struct\_t**  
*cdc\_handle\_ptr*      [out] - pointer point to the initialized CDC class, refer to **cdc\_handle\_t**

##### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the CDC class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

##### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

#### 4.1.2 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Deinit()

Un-initializes the CDC class

##### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_CDC_Deinit  
(  
    cdc_handle_t            cdc_handle  
)
```

##### Parameters



`cdc_handle` [in] - The CDC class handler

### Description

The application calls this API function to un-initialize the CDC class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.1.3 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Recv\_Data()

Receive the CDC data

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_CDC_Recv_Data
(
    cdc_handle_t      cdc_handle,
    uint8_t           ep_num,
    uint8_t*          app_buff,
    uint32_t           size
)
```

### Parameters

`cdc_handle` [in] - CDC class handler

`ep_num` [in] - endpoint number

`app_buff` [in] - buffer to save the data from the host

`size` [in] - buffer length to receive

### Description

The application calls this API function to receive data from the host. Once the data is received, the application layer receives a callback event `USB_DEV_EVENT_DATA_RECEIVED`.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.1.4 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Send\_Data()

Sends the CDC data

## Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_CDC_Send_Data
(
    cdc_handle_t      cdc_handle,
    uint8_t           ep_num,
    uint8_t*          app_buff,
    uint32_t           size
)
```

## Parameters

*cdc\_handle*            [in] - CDC class handler

*ep\_num*                [in] - endpoint number

*app\_buff*              [in] - buffer to send

*size*                  [in] - buffer length to send

## Description

The application calls this API function to send DIC data specified by *app\_buff* and *size*. Data is sent through DIC\_BULK\_IN\_ENDPOINT. Once the data is sent, the application layer receives a callback event USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_SEND\_COMPLETE. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event indicating that the data is sent.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### 4.1.5 USB\_Class\_CDC\_Cancel()

Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint

## Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_CDC_Cancel
(
    cdc_handle_t      cdc_handle,
    uint8_t           ep_num
)
```

## Parameters

*cdc\_handle*            [in] - CDC class handler

*ep\_num*                [in] - endpoint number

## Description

The application calls this API function to cancel all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.2 HID class API function listings

### 4.2.1 USB\_Class\_HID\_Init()

Initializes the HID class

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_HID_Init
(
    uint8_t          controller_id,
    hid_config_struct_t* hid_config_ptr,
    hid_handle_t*     hidHandle
)
```

#### Parameters

*controller\_id* [in] - controller ID, such as USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0

*hid\_config\_ptr* [in] - HID configuration structure, refer to [hid\\_config\\_struct\\_t](#)

*hidHandle* [out] - pointer point to the initialized HID class, refer to [hid\\_handle\\_t](#)

#### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the HID class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### 4.2.2 USB\_Class\_HID\_Deinit()

Un-initializes the HID class

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_HID_Deinit
(
    hid_handle_t handle
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - HID class handler

## Description

The application calls this API function to un-initialize the HID class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### 4.2.3 USB\_Class\_HID\_Send\_Data()

Sends the HID data

## Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_HID_Send_Data
(
    hid_handle_t      handle,
    uint8_t           ep_num,
    uint8_t*          app_buff,
    uint32_t           size
)
```

## Parameters

<i>handle</i>	[in] - HID class handler
<i>ep_num</i>	[in] - endpoint number
<i>app_buff</i>	[in] - buffer to send
<i>size</i>	[in] - buffer length to send

## Description

The application calls this API function to send HID data specified by *app\_buff* and *size*. Once the data is sent, the application layer receives a callback event **USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_SEND\_COMPLETE**. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event indicating that the data is sent.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### 4.2.4 USB\_Class\_HID\_Cancel()

Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint

## Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_HID_Cancel
(
```

```

        hid_handle_t      handle,
        uint8_t           ep_num,
        uint8_t           direction
    )

```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] - HID class handler

*ep\_num* [in] - endpoint number

*direction* [in] - direction of the endpoint

### Description

The application calls this API function to cancel all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.3 MSC class API function listings

### 4.3.1 USB\_Class\_MSC\_Init()

Initializes the MSC class

### Synopsis

```

usb_status USB_Class_MSC_Init
(
    uint8_t           controller_id,
    msc_config_struct_t* msd_config_ptr,
    msd_handle_t*      msd_handle
)

```

### Parameters

*controller\_id* [in] - controller ID, like USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0

*msd\_config\_ptr* [in] - MSD configuration structure, refer to [msc\\_config\\_struct\\_t](#)

*msd\_handle* [out] - pointer point to the initialized MSD class, refer to [msd\\_handle\\_t](#)

### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the MSD class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)

- **Others** (failure)

### 4.3.2 USB\_Class\_MSC\_Deinit()

Un-initializes the MSC class

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_MSC_Deinit
(
    msd_handle_t          msd_handle
)
```

#### Parameters

*msd\_handle* [in] - MSD class handler

#### Description

The application calls this API function to un-initialize the MSD class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.4 Audio class API function listings

### 4.4.1 USB\_Class\_AUDIO\_Init()

Initializes the AUDIO class

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_AUDIO_Init
(
    uint8_t          controller_id,
    audio_config_struct_t* audio_config_ptr,
    audio_handle_t*   audioHandle
)
```

#### Parameters

*controller\_id* [in] - controller ID, such as USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0

*audio\_config\_ptr* [in] - AUDIO configuration structure, refer to [audio\\_config\\_struct\\_t](#)

*audioHandle* [out] - pointer point to the initialized AUDIO class, refer to [audio\\_handle\\_t](#)

#### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the AUDIO class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### 4.4.2 USB\_Class\_AUDIO\_Deinit()

Un-initializes the AUDIO class

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_AUDIO_Deinit
(
    audio_handle_t handle
)
```

#### Parameters

*handle* [in] - AUDIO class handler

#### Description

The application calls this API function to un-initialize the AUDIO class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

#### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### 4.4.3 USB\_Class\_AUDIO\_Recv\_Data()

Receives the AUDIO data.

#### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_AUDIO_Recv_Data
(
    audio_handle_t audio_handle,
    uint8_t ep_num,
    uint8_t* app_buff,
    uint32_t size
)
```

#### Parameters

*audio\_handle* [in] - AUDIO class handler

*ep\_num* [in] - endpoint number

*app\_buff*                      [in] - buffer to save the data from the host  
*size*                            [in] - buffer length to receive

### Description

The application calls this API function to receive data from host. Once the data is received, the application layer receives a callback event USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_DATA\_RECEIVED.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.4.4 USB\_Class\_AUDIO\_Send\_Data()

Sends the AUDIO data

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_AUDIO_Send_Data
(
    audio_handle_t      handle,
    uint8_t             ep_num,
    uint8_t*            app_buff,
    uint32_t             size
)
```

### Parameters

*handle*                      [in] - AUDIO class handler  
*ep\_num*                      [in] - endpoint number  
*app\_buff*                    [in] - buffer to send  
*size*                         [in] - buffer length to send

### Description

The application calls this API function to send data specified by *app\_buff* and *size*. Once the data is sent, the application layer receives a callback event USB\_DEV\_EVENT\_SEND\_COMPLETE. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event indicating that the data is sent.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.4.5 USB\_Class\_AUDIO\_Cancel()

Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint



## Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_AUDIO_Cancel
(
    audio_handle_t      handle,
    uint8_t             ep_num,
    uint8_t             direction
)
```

## Parameters

*handle*                   [in] - AUDIO class handler

*ep\_num*                   [in] - endpoint number

*direction*               [in] - direction of the endpoint

## Description

The application calls this API function to cancel all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.5 PHDC class API function listings

### 4.5.1 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Init()

Initializes the PHDC class

## Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_PHDC_Init
(
    uint8_t             controller_id,
    phdc_config_struct_t* phdc_config_ptr,
    phdc_handle_t*      phdcHandle
)
```

## Parameters

*controller\_id*           [in] - controller ID, like USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0

*phdc\_config\_ptr*       [in] - PHDC configuration structure, refer to [phdc config struct t](#)

*phdcHandle*   [out] - pointer point to the initialized PHDC class, refer to [phdc handle t](#)

## Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the PHDC class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.5.2 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Deinit()

Un-initializes the PHDC class

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_PHDC_Deinit
(
    phdc_handle_t    handle
)
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] - PHDC class handler

### Description

The application calls this API function to un-initialize the PHDC class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.5.3 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Recv\_Data()

Receives the PHDC data

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_PHDC_Recv_Data
(
    phdc_handle_t    handle,
    uint8_t          qos,
    uint8_t*         buff_ptr,
    int32_t          size
)
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] - PHDC class handler

*qos* [in] - the qos of the transfer

*buff\_ptr* [in] - buffer to save the data from the host

*size* [in] - buffer length to receive

## Description

The application calls this API function to receive data from host. Once the data is received, the application layer receives a callback event `USB_DEV_EVENT_DATA_RECEIVED`.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

### 4.5.4 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Send\_Data()

Sends the PHDC data

## Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_PHDC_Send_Data
(
    phdc_handle_t      handle,
    bool               meta_data,
    uint8_t            num_tfr,
    uint8_t            qos,
    uint8_t*           app_buff ,
    uint32_t           size
)
```

## Parameters

<i>handle</i>	[in] - PHDC class handler
<i>meta_data</i>	[in] - the packet is metadata or not
<i>num_tfr</i>	[in] - the number of transfers
<i>qos</i>	[in] - current qos of the transfer
<i>app_buff</i>	[in] - buffer to send
<i>size</i>	[in] - buffer length to send

## Description

The application calls this API function to send data specified by *app\_buff* and *size*. Once the data is sent, the application layer receives a callback event `USB_DEV_EVENT_SEND_COMPLETE`. The application reserves the buffer until it receives a callback event stating that the data is sent.

## Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.5.5 USB\_Class\_PHDC\_Cancel()

Cancels all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Class_PHDC_Cancel
(
    phdc_handle_t      handle,
    uint8_t            ep_num,
    uint8_t            direction
)
```

### Parameters

*handle*                   [in] - PHDC class handler

*ep\_num*                   [in] - endpoint number

*direction*               [in] - direction of the endpoint

### Description

The application calls this API function to cancel all the uncompleted transfers in the specified endpoint.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.6 Composite class API function listings

### 4.6.1 USB\_Composite\_Init()

Initializes the composite class

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Composite_Init
(
    uint8_t                controller_id,
    composite_config_struct_t* composite_callback_ptr,
    composite_handle_t*     compositeHandle
)
```

### Parameters

*controller\_id*           [in] - controller ID, like USB\_CONTROLLER\_KHCI\_0

*composite\_callback\_ptr* [in] - composite configuration structure, refer to [composite config struct t](#)

`compositeHandle` [out] – pointer point to the initialized composite class, refer to [composite\\_handle\\_t](#)

### Description

The application calls this API function to initialize the composite class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.6.2 USB\_Composite\_Deinit()

Un-initializes the Composite class

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Composite_Deinit
(
    composite_handle_t    handle
)
```

### Parameters

`handle` [in] – composite class handler

### Description

The application calls this API function to un-initialize the composite class, the underlying layers, and the controller hardware.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 4.6.3 USB\_Composite\_Get\_Class\_Handle()

Gets the specified class handler from the initialized composite class

### Synopsis

```
usb_status USB_Composite_Get_Class_Handle
(
    composite_handle_t    composite_handle,
    class_type            type,
    void*                 class_handle_ptr
)
```

### Parameters

<code>composite_handle</code>	<code>[in]</code> – composite class handler
<code>type</code>	<code>[in]</code> – type of class handler need to be obtained
<code>class_handle_ptr</code>	<code>[out]</code> – pointer point to the required class handler

### Description

The application calls this API function to get the corresponding class handler which is specified by the type. After that, the application can use the class handle as the normal device class handle. For example, if the composite device is composited of HID and Audio, you can use this API to get HID class handler and Audio class handler, and then call the HID/Audio class API to send or receive data.

### Return Value

- **USB\_OK** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## Chapter 5 USB Device Descriptor

During the enumeration process, the host needs to get the device's descriptor. The USB Device Stack defines a set of callback functions to get the device's descriptor from the application and then passes it to the host to finish the enumeration process.

### 5.1 get\_desc

#### Synopsis

```
uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ get_desc)
(
    uint32_t          handle,
    uint8_t           type,
    uint8_t           desc_index,
    uint16_t          index,
    uint8_t * *        descriptor,
    uint32_t *        size
);
```

#### Parameters

<code>handle</code>	<code>[in]</code> – class handler returned by the class initialization API
<code>type</code>	<code>[in]</code> – descriptor type
<code>desc_index</code>	<code>[in]</code> – index of descriptor
<code>index</code>	<code>[in]</code> – language ID if the type is <code>USB_DESC_TYPE_STR</code>
<code>descriptor</code>	<code>[out]</code> – pointer point to the buffer to hold the descriptor
<code>size</code>	<code>[out]</code> – descriptor size

## Description

This callback function needs to be implemented by the application to provide different types of descriptor to the USB Device Stack, and the specified descriptor will be returned through the descriptor and size.

The following descriptors need to be supported in the implementation:

- USB\_DESC\_TYPE\_DEV
- USB\_DESC\_TYPE\_CFG
- USB\_DESC\_TYPE\_STR
- USB\_DESC\_TYPE\_DEV\_QUALIFIER
- USB\_DESC\_TYPE\_OTHER\_SPEED\_CFG

For different classes, the following descriptor may need to be supported:

- USB\_HID\_DESCRIPTOR
- USB\_REPORT\_DESCRIPTOR

## Return Value

- **0** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 5.2 get\_desc\_interface

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ get_desc_interface)
(
    uint32_t          handle,
    uint8_t           interface,
    uint8_t*          alt_interface
);
```

### Parameters

<i>handle</i>	[in] – class handler returned by the class initialization API
<i>interface</i>	[in] – interface index
<i>alt_interface</i>	[out] – alternate setting for the interface

### Description

This callback function needs to be implemented by the application to get the current alternate setting for the specified interface.

### Return Value

- **0** (success)

- **Others** (failure)

## 5.3 set\_desc\_interface

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ set_desc_interface)
(
    uint32_t          handle,
    uint8_t           interface,
    uint8_t           alt_interface
);
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] – class handler returned by the class initialization API

*interface* [in] – interface index

*alt\_interface* [in] – alternate setting for the interface

### Description

This callback function needs to be implemented by the application to set the current alternate setting for the specified interface.

### Return Value

- **0** (success)
- **Others** (failure)

## 5.4 set\_configuration

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ set_configuration)
(
    uint32_t          handle,
    uint8_t           config
);
```

### Parameters

*handle* [in] – The class handler returned by the class initialization API

*config* [in] – The configuration index

### Description

This callback function needs to be implemented by the application to get to know which configuration is active by the host.

### Return Value



- 0 (success)
- Others (failure)

## 5.5 get\_desc\_entity

### Synopsis

```
uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ get_desc_entity)
(
    uint32_t          handle,
    entity_type       type,
    uint32_t *        object
)
```

### Parameters

*handle*                      [in] – class handler returned by the class initialization API

*type*                        [in] – entity type need to be obtained

*object*                      [out] – target entity object pointer

### Description

This callback function needs to be implemented by the application to provide descriptor/device related information to the USB Device stack.

The type could be:

- USB\_CLASS\_INFO  
Must be implemented by all kinds of devices to provide all the descriptor related information
- USB\_AUDIO\_UNITS  
Must be implemented by the AUDIO device to provide the AUDIO units related information
- USB\_MSC\_LBA\_INFO  
Must be implemented by the MSC device to provide mass storage LAB related information
- USB\_COMPOSITE\_INFO  
Must be implemented by the composite device to provide composite device's descriptor related information
- USB\_RNDIS\_INFO  
Must be implemented by the CDC RNDIS device to provide RNDIS related information

### Return Value

- 0 (success)
- Others (failure)



## Chapter 6 USB Device Configuration

The USB Device stack supports different configurations customized by the user in different cases.

The configuration varies depend on different boards, so you can get the configuration file in `USB_ROOT\Src\usb_core\device\include\BOARD_NAME`.

The following configuration items are supported in the USB Device Stack:

- `USBCFG_DEV_KHCI`
  - 1 indicates that the KHCI controller (Full Speed) is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the KHCI controller (Full Speed) is disabled.
- `USBCFG_DEV_EHCI`
  - 1 indicates that the EHCI controller (High Speed) is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the EHCI controller (High Speed) is disabled.
- `USBCFG_DEV_HID`
  - 1 indicates that the HID class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the HID class driver is disabled.
- `USBCFG_DEV_PHDC`
  - 1 indicates that the PHDC class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the PHDC class driver is disabled.
- `USBCFG_DEV_AUDIO`
  - 1 indicates that the AUDIO class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the AUDIO class driver is disabled.
- `USBCFG_AUDIO_CLASS_2_0`
  - 1 indicates that the AUDIO 2.0 class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the AUDIO 2.0 class driver is disabled.
  - Effective only when AUDIO class driver is enabled.
- `USBCFG_DEV_CDC`
  - 1 indicates that the CDC class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the CDC class driver is disabled.
- `USBCFG_DEV_RNDIS_SUPPORT`
  - 1 indicates that the AUDIO class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the AUDIO class driver is disabled.

- Effective only when CDC class driver is enabled.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_MSC**
  - 1 indicates that the MSC class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the MSC class driver is disabled.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_COMPOSITE**
  - 1 indicates that the COMPOSITE class driver is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the COMPOSITE class driver is disabled.
  - Should be enabled only when composite device needs to be enabled. Default value is 0.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_SELF\_POWER**
  - 1 indicates self power.
  - 0 indicates bus power.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_REMOTE\_WAKEUP**
  - 1 indicates that remote wakeup is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that remote wakeup is disabled.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_NUM**
  - The MACRO indicates how many devices can be active at the same time. When this MACRO is bigger, more RAM is needed. The default value is 1.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_MAX\_ENDPOINTS**
  - The MACRO indicates how many endpoints can be used in a device. When this MACRO is bigger, more RAM is needed. The default value is 6.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_MAX\_XDS**
  - The MACRO indicates how many internal transfer descriptors can be used in a device. When this MACRO is bigger, more RAM is needed. The default value is 12.
- **USBCFG\_DEV\_MAX\_CLASS\_OBJECT**
  - The MACRO indicates how many instances can be supported for one class type device. When this MACRO is bigger, more RAM is needed. The default value is 1.
- **USBCFG\_KHCI\_4BYTE\_ALIGN\_FIX**
  - The Full Speed controller requires that all the buffers used for the transfer need to be 4 bytes aligned (both the start address and the length). If the application can guarantee it, then the MACRO **USBCFG\_KHCI\_4BYTE\_ALIGN\_FIX** can be set to 0. Otherwise, it needs to set to 1, and then the USB Device Stack will use an internal 4 bytes aligned buffer to replace the buffer provided by the user so that the above requirement can be met. The internal buffer size is assigned by the MACRO.

- USBCFG\_DEV\_KHCI\_SWAP\_BUF\_MAX.
  - Effective for the Full Speed controller only.
- USBCFG\_BUFF\_PROPERTY\_CACHEABLE
  - 1 indicates that the cache maintenance in USB Device Stack is enabled.
  - 0 indicates that the cache maintenance in USB Device Stack is disabled.
  - If the application does not use the cacheable memory in the USB transfer, this MACRO needs to be set to 0. Otherwise, it needs to be set to 1, and the application needs to make sure that the cacheable memory is CACHE LINE size aligned (both start address and length).
- USBCFG\_DEV\_KHCI\_ADVANCED\_ERROR\_HANDLING
  - 1 indicates that the error event will be sent to the application.
  - 0 indicates that the error event will not be sent to the application.
  - Effective for the Full Speed controller only.
- USBCFG\_DEV\_ADVANCED\_SUSPEND\_RESUME
  - Whether the suspend/resume needs to be enabled. It can be set to 0 only, because suspend/resume is not implemented yet.
- USBCFG\_DEV\_ADVANCED\_CANCEL\_ENABLE
  - Whether the cancel operation needs to be enabled. In most case, it can be set to 0.

## Chapter 7 USB Device Data structures

This section describes the data structures that need to be used from the application.

### 7.1 USB common controller driver

#### 7.1.1 usb\_ep\_struct\_t

##### Description

Obtains the endpoint data structure

##### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_ep_struct
{
    uint8_t      ep_num;
    uint8_t      type;
    uint8_t      direction;
    uint32_t      size;
} usb_ep_struct_t;
```

##### Fields

ep\_number – endpoint number

type – type of endpoint

direction – direction of endpoint

size – maximum packet size of endpoint

#### 7.1.2 usb\_endpoints\_t

##### Description

Obtains the endpoint group

##### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_endpoints
{
    uint8_t      count;
    usb_ep_struct_t* ep;
} usb_endpoints_t;
```

##### Fields

count – how many endpoints are described

ep – detailed information of each endpoint

### 7.1.3 usb\_if\_struct\_t

#### Description

Obtains the interface data structure

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_if_struct
{
    uint8_t          index;
    usb_endpoints_t  endpoints;
} usb_if_struct_t;
```

#### Fields

index – interface index

endpoints – endpoints in this interface

### 7.1.4 usb\_interfaces\_struct\_t

#### Description

Obtains the interface group

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_interfaces_struct
{
    uint8_t          count;
    usb_if_struct_t* interface;
} usb_interfaces_struct_t;
```

#### Fields

count – how many interfaces are described

interface – detailed information of each interface

### 7.1.5 usb\_class\_struct\_t

#### Description

Obtains the class data structure

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_class_struct
{
    class_type          type;
    usb_interfaces_struct_t interfaces;
} usb_class_struct_t;
```

#### Fields

*index* – class type

*interfaces* – interfaces in this class

## 7.1.6 usb\_composite\_info\_struct\_t

### Description

Obtains the composite information data structure

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_composite_info_struct
{
    uint8_t          count;
    usb_class_struct_t* class;
} usb_composite_info_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*count* – how many classes in the composite device

*class* – detailed information of each class

## 7.1.7 usb\_desc\_request\_notify\_struct\_t

### Description

Obtains the data structure of the descriptor related callback function. The application needs to implement them and passes it as the configuration parameter.

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_desc_request_notify_struct
{
#ifdef USBCFG_OTG
    uint32_t handle;
#endif
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ get_desc)(uint32_t handle, uint8_t type, uint8_t desc_index,
        uint16_t index, uint8_t * *descriptor, uint32_t *size);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ get_desc_interface)(uint32_t handle, uint8_t interface,
        uint8_t * alt_interface);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ set_desc_interface)(uint32_t handle, uint8_t interface,
        uint8_t alt_interface);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ set_configuration)(uint32_t handle, uint8_t config);
    uint8_t (_CODE_PTR_ get_desc_entity)(uint32_t handle, entity_type type, uint32_t *
        object);
} usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t;
```



## Fields

`get_desc` – to get the descriptor whose type is specified by the type

`get_desc_interface` – to get the interface's alternate setting

`set_desc_interface` – to set the interface's alternate setting

`set_configuration` – to inform the application whose configuration is active

`get_desc_entity` – to get the descriptor/device related information

## 7.2 CDC class data structure

### 7.2.1 `cdc_handle_t`

#### Description

Represents the CDC class handle

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t cdc_handle_t;
```

### 7.2.2 `_ip_address`

#### Description

Represents the IP address

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t _ip_address;
```

### 7.2.3 `cdc_app_data_struct_t`

#### Description

Holds the information of cdc data struct

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _cdc_app_data_struct
{
    uint8_t*                data_ptr;
    uint32_t                data_size;
}cdc_app_data_struct_t;
```

#### Fields

`data_ptr` - pointer to buffer

`data_size` - buffer size

## 7.2.4 usb\_rndis\_info\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the detailed information about the RNDIS

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_rndis_info_struct
{
    enet_address_t mac_address;
    _ip_address    ip_address;
    uint32_t       rndis_max_frame_size;
} usb_rndis_info_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*mac\_address* – MAC address

*ip\_address* – IP address

*rndis\_max\_frame\_size* – maximum frame size

## 7.2.5 cdc\_config\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the detailed information about the CDC configuration

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _cdc_config_struct
{
    usb_application_callback_struct_t    cdc_application_callback;
    usb_vendor_req_callback_struct_t     vendor_req_callback;
    usb_class_specific_callback_struct_t class_specific_callback;
    usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t*    desc_callback_ptr;
} cdc_config_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*cdc\_application\_callback* – application callback function to handle the Device status related event

*vendor\_req\_callback* – application callback function to handle the vendor request related event, reserved for future use

*class\_specific\_callback* – application callback function to handle all the class related events

*desc\_callback\_ptr* – descriptor related callback function data structure

## 7.3 HID class data structure

### 7.3.1 hid\_handle\_t

#### Description

Represents the HID class handle

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t hid_handle_t;
```

### 7.3.2 hid\_config\_struct\_t

#### Description

Holds the detailed information about the HID class configuration

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _hid_config_struct
{
    usb_application_callback_struct_t      hid_application_callback;
    usb_vendor_req_callback_struct_t       vendor_req_callback;
    usb_class_specific_callback_struct_t    class_specific_callback;
    usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t*      desc_callback_ptr;
}hid_config_struct_t;
```

#### Fields

*hid\_application\_callback* – application callback function to handle the Device status related event

*vendor\_req\_callback* – application callback function to handle the vendor request related event, reserved for future use

*class\_specific\_callback* – application callback function to handle all the class related event

*desc\_callback\_ptr* – descriptor related callback function data structure.

## 7.4 MSC class data structure

### 7.4.1 msc\_handle\_t

#### Description

Represents the MSC class handle

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t msc_handle_t;
```

## 7.4.2 msc\_app\_data\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the information of msc app data struct

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _msc_app_data_struct
{
    uint8_t*                data_ptr;
    uint32_t                data_size;
}msc_app_data_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*data\_ptr* - pointer to buffer

*data\_size* - buffer size

## 7.4.3 lba\_app\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the information used to perform the logical block access

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _lba_app_struct
{
    uint32_t                offset;
    uint32_t                size;
    uint8_t*                buff_ptr;
}lba_app_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*offset* – offset of target block need to access

*size* – size need to access

*buff\_ptr* – used to save the content by access the target block

## 7.4.4 device\_lba\_info\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the detailed information about the LAB

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _device_lba_info_struct
{
    uint32_t                total_lba_device_supports;
    uint32_t                length_of_each_lab_of_device;
    uint8_t                num_lun_supported;
```

```
}device_lba_info_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*total\_lba\_device\_supports* – blocks number

*length\_of\_each\_lab\_of\_device* – size of each block

*num\_lun\_supported* – number of LUN

## 7.4.5 msc\_config\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the detailed information about the MSC configuration

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _msc_config_struct
{
    usb_application_callback_struct_t      msc_application_callback;
    usb_vendor_req_callback_struct_t      vendor_req_callback;
    usb_class_specific_callback_struct_t  class_specific_callback;
    usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t*     desc_callback_ptr;
}msc_config_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*msc\_application\_callback* – application callback function to handle the Device status related event

*vendor\_req\_callback* – application callback function to handle the vendor request related event, reserved for future use

*class\_specific\_callback* – application callback function to handle all the class related event

*desc\_callback\_ptr* – descriptor related callback function data structure.

## 7.5 Audio class data structure

### 7.5.1 audio\_handle\_t

#### Description

Represents the AUDIO class handle

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t audio_handle_t;
```

### 7.5.2 audio\_app\_data\_struct\_t

#### Description

Holds the information of audio app data struct

#### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _audio_app_data_struct
{
    uint8_t*                data_ptr;
    uint32_t                data_size;
}audio_app_data_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*data\_ptr* - pointer to buffer

*data\_size* - buffer size

## 7.5.3 audio\_config\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the detailed information about the AUDIO configuration

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _audio_config_struct
{
    usb_application_callback_struct_t    audio_application_callback;
    usb_vendor_req_callback_struct_t    vendor_req_callback;
    usb_class_specific_callback_struct_t class_specific_callback;
    usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t*    desc_callback_ptr;
}audio_config_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*audio\_application\_callback* – application callback function to handle the Device status related event

*vendor\_req\_callback* – application callback function to handle the vendor request related event, reserved for future use

*class\_specific\_callback* – application callback function to handle all the class related event

*desc\_callback\_ptr* – descriptor related callback function data structure.

## 7.6 PHDC class data structure

### 7.6.1 phdc\_handle\_t

#### Description

Represents the PHDC class handle

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t phdc_handle_t;
```

### 7.6.2 phdc\_app\_data\_struct\_t

#### Description

Holds the buffer information along with the send complete event

## Synopsis

```
typedef struct _phdc_app_data_struct
{
    uint8_t    qos;
    uint8_t*   buffer_ptr;
    uint32_t   size;
} phdc_app_data_struct_t;
```

## Fields

*qos* - the qos of the transfer

*buffer\_ptr* - the buffer point

*size* - the buffer size

## 7.6.3 phdc\_config\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the detailed information about the PHDC configuration

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _phdc_config_struct
{
    usb_application_callback_struct_t    phdc_application_callback;
    usb_vendor_req_callback_struct_t    vendor_req_callback;
    usb_class_specific_callback_struct_t class_specific_callback;
    usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t*    desc_callback_ptr;
} phdc_config_struct_t;
```

## Fields

*phdc\_application\_callback* - application callback function to handle the Device status related event

*vendor\_req\_callback* - application callback function to handle the vendor request related event, reserved for future use

*class\_specific\_callback* - application callback function to handle all the class related event

*desc\_callback\_ptr* - descriptor related callback function data structure.

## 7.7 Composite class data structure

### 7.7.1 composite\_handle\_t

#### Description

Represents the composite class handle.

#### Synopsis

```
typedef uint32_t composite_handle_t;
```

## 7.7.2 class\_config\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the information one type of class configuration

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _class_config_struct
{
    usb_application_callback_struct_t    application_callback;
    usb_vendor_req_callback_struct_t     vendor_req_callback;
    usb_class_specific_callback_struct_t class_specific_callback;
    usb_desc_request_notify_struct_t*    desc_callback_ptr;
    class_type                           type;
}class_config_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*application\_callback* – application callback function to handle the Device status related event for the specified type of class

*vendor\_req\_callback* – application callback function to handle the vendor request related event, reserved for future use

*class\_specific\_callback* – application callback function to handle all the class related event for the specified type of class

*desc\_callback\_ptr* – descriptor related callback function data structure for the specified type of class.

*type* – class type

## 7.7.3 composite\_config\_struct\_t

### Description

Holds the detailed information about the MSC configuration

### Synopsis

```
typedef struct _composite_config_struct
{
    uint8_t                count;
    class_config_struct_ptr class_app_callback;
}composite_config_struct_t;
```

### Fields

*count* – how many classes are supported for the composite device

*class\_app\_callback* – detailed information for each class



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