

Freescal MQX Example Guide

Hello example

This document describes the hello example application. The example hello handles two different tasks. Every task prints text to a console and ends.

Running the example

The user only needs to do compilation of MQX libraries, ksdk library and the example without any further step.

Start a terminal application on your PC and set the serial connection for 115200 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity and no flow control.

Start hello example on the target platform. For instructions how to do that in different IDEs and for different debuggers, see the MQX documentation (<MQX installation folder>/doc/tools).

After starting the application, you will see the printed message as the following.

```
Hello
World
```

Explanation of the example

There are two tasks in the example (WORLD_TASK, HELLO_TASK). WORLD_TASK starts automatically and try to create higher priority task HELLO_TASK. If creations of HELLO_TASK succeed, HELLO_TASK only prints string "\nHello \n" and ends. After HELLO_TASK ended, WORLD_TASK prints string "World" and also ends.

WORLD_TASK:

- Creates HELLO_TASK by _task_create function. If creating failed, error message is printed out to the console.
- HELLO_TASK is created with higher priority and is activated after creating.
- When scheduler activates WORLD_TASK it prints out the string "World \n" by printf function.
- Calls _task_block function to end the task.

HELLO_TASK:

- After creating and activating this task, m the string "\nHello\n" is printed out by printf function.
- Calls _task_block function to end the task.