USB Stack Host Reference Manual

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Chapter 1 Before You Begin

1.1 About this book

This USB Stack Host Reference Manual describes the USB Host driver and the programming interface in the USB Stack.

The audience should be familiar with the following reference material:

- Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 1.1
- Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0

Use this book in addition to:

Source Code

1.2 Acronyms and abbreviations

Table 1 Acronyms and abbreviations

| Term | Description |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| API | Application Programming Interface |
| CDC | Communication Device Class |
| HID | Human Interface Device |
| MSD | Mass Storage Device |
| PHDC | Personal Healthcare Device Class |

1.3 Function listing format

This is the general format of an entry for a function, compiler intrinsic, or a macro.

function_name()

A short description of what function **function_name()** does.

Synopsis

Provides a prototype for function **function_name()**.

```
<return_type> function_name(
<type_1> parameter_1,
<type_2> parameter_2,
...
<type_n> parameter_n)
```

Parameters

```
parameter_1 [in] - Pointer to x
parameter_2 [out] - Handle for y
parameter_n [in/out] - Pointer to z
```

Parameter passing is categorized as follows:

- *In* indicates that the function uses one or more values in the parameter you give it without storing any changes.
- *Out* indicates that the function saves one or more values in the parameter you give it. You can examine the saved values to find out useful information about your application.
- *In/out* indicates the function changes one or more values in the parameter you give it and saves the result. You can examine the saved values to find out useful information about your application.

Description – Describes the function **function_name()**. This section also describes any special characteristics or restrictions that might apply:

- Function blocks or might block under certain conditions
- Function must be started as a task
- Function creates a task
- Function has pre-conditions that might not be obvious
- Function has restrictions or special behavior

Return value – Specifies any value or values returned by function **function_name**().

See also – Lists other functions or data types related to function **function_name()**.

Example – Provides an example (or a reference to an example) that illustrates the use of function **function name**().

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Chapter 2 Overview

2.1 USB overview

Universal Serial Bus (USB) is a polled bus. USB Host configures devices attached to it, either directly or through a USB hub, and initiates all bus transactions. USB Device responds only to the requests sent to it by a USB Host.

Because the USB Host manages the attachment and detachment of peripherals along with their power requirements dynamically, all the hardware implementation details can be hidden from applications. The USB Host determines which device driver to load for the connected device, and assigns a unique address to the device for run-time data transfers. The USB Host also manages data transfers and bus bandwidth allocation

The USB Host software consists of the following:

- USB Host application
- USB Host Class Driver (contains USB Host Class APIs)
- USB Host Common Controller Driver APIs (independent of hardware)
- USB Host controller interface (HCI) low-level functions used to interact with the USB Host controller hardware
- OS adapter to provide unified OS API to USB Stack
- Board releated initialization: USB Host Stack defines a weak function as follow:

It is called in the process of usb host initialization. Application can rewrite it in C function way to implement the USB host board initialization. The controller_id is the enum CONTROLLER INDEX.

The whole architecture and components of USB stack as follows:

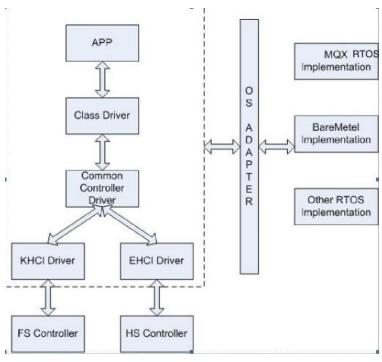


Figure 1 USB Host stack architecture

2.2 Using the USB host API

To use the USB Host API, follow these general steps. Each API function is described in the subsequent chapters.

- 1. Initialize the USB Host controller interface (usb host init()).
- Optionally register services for types of events (usb host register service()).
- 3. Open the pipe for a connected device or devices (usb host open pipe()).
- 4. Send control packets to configure the device or devices (usb host send setup()).
- Send (usb host send data()) and receive (usb host recv data()) data on pipes.
- If required, cancel a transfer on a pipe (usb host cancel()).
- 7. If applicable, unregister services for pipes or types of events (usb host unregister service()) and close pipes for disconnected devices (usb host close pipe()).
- 8. Shut down the USB Host controller interface (usb host deinit()).

Alternatively:

1. Define a table of driver capabilities that the application uses (as follows):

Sample driver information table

```
static usb host driver info t DriverInfoTable[] =
{
        \{0x00,0x00\},
                                                            /* Vendor ID ;
USB-IF
        \{0x00,0x00\},
                                                               /* Product
per manufacturer
                                            /* Class code
        USB CLASS HID,
                                   /* Sub-Class code
        USB_SUBCLASS_HID_BOOT,
        USB PROTOCOL HID MOUSE,
                                     /* Protocol
                                                                 /* Reserv
* /
        usb host hid mouse event
                                                  /* Application call ba
function
    },
    /* USB hub */
    {
        \{0x00,0x00\},
                                                            /* Vendor ID ;
        \{0x00,0x00\},
                                                               /* Product
per manufacturer
        USB CLASS HUB,
                                            /* Class code
                                     /* Sub-Class code
        USB SUBCLASS HUB NONE,
                                      /* Protocol
        USB PROTOCOL HUB ALL,
                                                                  /* Reserv
        Ο,
*/
        usb host hub device event
                                                  /* Application call ba
function \frac{1}{*}
    },
    {
        \{0x00,0x00\},
                                                           /* All-zero ent
terminates
        \{0x00,0x00\},
                                                              /* driver in
list.
        0,
        0,
        0,
        0,
        NULL
    }
};
```

- 2. Initialize the USB Host controller interface (usb host init()).
- 3. The application should then register the driver information table to the host stack by calling the usb host register driver info() host API function.

- 4. Optionally register services for types of events (usb host register service()).
- 5. Wait for the callback function, which is specified in the driver info table, to be called.
- 6. Check for the events in the callback function: one of USB_ATTACH_EVENT, USB_DETACH_EVENT, USB_CONFIG_EVENT or USB_INTF_OPENED_EVENT.
 - USB_ATTACH_EVENT: A newly attached device was just enumerated and a default configuration was selected.
 - USB DETACH EVENT: The device was detached.
 - USB CONFIG EVENT: A new configuration was selected on the device.
 - USB INTF OPENED EVENT: A new interface was selected on the device.
- 7. If it is a USB_CONFIG_EVENT event, select an interface by calling the host API function usb host open dev interface().
- 8. After the USB_INTF_OPENED_EVENT event is notified in the callback function, issue class-specific commands by using the class API.
- 9. If the USB_DETACH_EVENT event is notified in the callback function, close an interface by calling the host API function usb_host_close_dev_interface().
- 10. Open the pipe for a connected device or devices (usb_host_open_pipe()).
- 11. Transfer data by using the host API functions usb host send data() and/or usb host recv data().
- 12. If required, cancel a transfer on a pipe (usb_host_cancel()).
- 13. If applicable, unregister services for types of events (usb_host_unregister_service()) and close pipes for disconnected devices (usb_host_close_pipe()).
- 14. Shut down the USB Host controller interface (usb_host_deinit()).

2.3 API overview

This section describes the USB Stack Host API functions. The interfaces between USB Common Controller driver and xHCI driver are not listed here. Note that all USB host APIs can't be invoked in interrupt service routine.

Table 2 USB Host controller driver APIs

| No. | API function | Description |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | usb_host_init() | Initializes the USB host controller |
| 2 | usb_host_deinit() | Un-initializes the host controller |
| 3 | usb_host_register_driver_info() | Registers driver information |

| 4 | usb_host_register_unsupported_d evice notify() | Registers the callback function for unsupported device |
|----|---|--|
| 5 | usb_host_open_dev_interface() | Opens the selected interface |
| 6 | usb_host_close_dev_interface() | Closes the selected interface |
| 7 | usb_host_open_pipe() | Opens a pipe |
| 8 | usb_host_close_pipe() | Closes a pipe |
| 9 | usb_host_get_tr() | Gets a valid TR |
| 10 | usb_host_release_tr() | Releases a TR |
| 11 | usb_host_send_data() | Sends data to a specified endpoint |
| 12 | usb_host_send_setup() | Sends the setup data to a specified endpoint |
| 13 | usb_host_recv_data() | Receives data from a specified endpoint |
| 14 | usb_host_cancel() | Cancels the TR in a endpoint |
| 15 | usb_host_bus_control() | Controls the BUS status |
| 16 | usb_host_get_host_handle() | Gets the host handle of the device |
| 17 | usb_host_dev_mng_get_address() | Gets a device address |
| 18 | usb_host_dev_mng_get_hubno() | Gets the hub index to which the target device attached. |
| 19 | usb_host_dev_mng_get_portno() | Gets the hub port index to which the target device attached. |
| 20 | usb_host_dev_mng_get_speed() | Gets the target device speed |
| 21 | usb_host_dev_mng_get_level() | Gets the hub level of the device |
| 22 | usb_host_dev_mng_get_host() | Gets the host handle |
| 23 | usb_host_dev_mng_get_control_ pipe() | Gets the control pipe of the device |
| 24 | usb_host_dev_remove() | Removes the device |
| 25 | usb_host_get_dev_descriptor() | Gets the device interface or endpoint descriptor |

| 26 | usb_host_open_dev_alternate_int erface() | Opens the alternate interface of the device |
|----|--|---|
|----|--|---|

The following table summarizes the HID class API functions.

Table 3 HID class driver APIs

| No. | API function | Description |
|-----|------------------------------|---|
| 1 | usb_class_hid_init() | Initializes the HID class |
| 2 | usb_class_hid_deinit() | Un-initializes the HID class driver |
| 3 | usb_class_hid_pre_deinit() | Pre un-initializes the HID class driver |
| 4 | usb_class_hid_get_idle() | Reads the idle rate of a particular hid device report |
| 5 | usb_class_hid_get_protocol() | Reads the active protocol |
| 6 | usb_class_hid_get_report () | Gets a report from the HID device |
| 7 | usb_class_hid_set_idle() | Reads silently a particular report on interrupt in the pipe |
| 8 | usb_class_hid_set_protocol() | Switches between the boot protocol and the report protocol |
| 9 | usb_class_hid_set_report() | Sends a report to the HID device |
| 10 | usb_class_hid_recv_data() | Reads date from the HID device |

The following table summarizes the MSD class API functions.

Table 4 MSD class driver APIs

| No. | API function | Description |
|-----|---|---|
| 1 | usb_class_mass_init() | Initializes the MSD class |
| 2 | usb_class_msss_deinit() | Un-initializes the MSD class driver |
| 3 | usb_class_mass_pre_deinit() | Pre un-initializes the MSD class driver |
| 4 | usb_class_mass_storage_device_ command() | Sends an MSD command to the target device |

| 5 | usb_class_mass_storage_device_ command_cancel() | Cancels the last MSD command |
|----|--|--|
| 6 | usb_class_mass_getmaxlun_bulk only() | Gets the number of the logical units on the device |
| 7 | usb_class_mass_getvidpid() | Gets the VID and PID of the device |
| 8 | usb_class_mass_reset_recovery_o n_usb() | Sends the RESET RECOVERY command to the command |
| 9 | usb_class_mass_q_init() | Initializes the command queue |
| 10 | usb_class_mass_q_insert() | Inserts a command to the queue |
| 11 | usb_class_mass_deleteq() | Deletes a command from the queue |
| 12 | usb_class_mass_cancelq() | Cancels the current command |
| 13 | usb_class_mass_get_pending_req uest() | Gets the current command |
| 14 | usb_mass_ufi_generic() | Initializes a UFI command |
| 15 | usb_mass_ufi_cancel() | Cancels a UFI command |

The following table summarizes the CDC class API functions.

Table 5 CDC class driver APIs

| No. | API function | Description |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | usb_class_cdc_acm_init() | Initializes the CDC class driver for Abstract Class Control |
| 2 | usb_class_cdc_acm_deinit() | Un-initializes the CDC class driver for Abstract Class Control |
| 3 | usb_class_cdc_acm_pre_deinit() | Pre un-initializes the CDC class driver for Abstract Class Control |
| 4 | usb_class_cdc_acm_use_lwevent() | Adds an LW event for Abstract Class Control |
| 5 | usb_class_cdc_data_init() | Initializes the class driver for Abstract Class Data |

| 6 | usb_class_cdc_data_deinit() | Un-initializes the class driver for Abstract Class Data |
|----|--|---|
| 7 | usb_class_cdc_data_pre_deinit() | Pre un-initializes the CDC class driver for Abstract Class Data |
| 8 | usb_class_cdc_data_use_lwevent() | Adds an LW event for Abstract Class Data |
| 9 | usb_class_cdc_get_ctrl_interface() | Gets the registered control interface |
| 10 | usb_class_cdc_get_data_interface() | Gets the registered data interface |
| 11 | usb_class_cdc_get_acm_line_codi ng() | Gets parameters of the current line (baudrate, HW control) |
| 12 | usb_class_cdc_set_acm_line_codi ng() | Sets parameters of the current line (baudrate, HW control) |
| 13 | usb_class_cdc_get_acm_descripto rs() | Searches for descriptors in the device configuration and fills back fields if the descriptor is found |
| 14 | usb_class_cdc_set_acm_descriptor s() | Sets descriptors for the ACM interface |
| 15 | usb_class_cdc_get_ctrl_descriptor () | Gets descriptor of the control interface |
| 16 | usb_class_cdc_bind_data_interfac es() | Binds all data interfaces belonging to the ACM control instance |
| 17 | usb_class_cdc_unbind_data_interf aces() | Un-binds all data interfaces belonging to the ACM control instance |
| 18 | usb_class_cdc_bind_acm_interfac es() | Binds data interfaces belonging to the control interface |
| 19 | usb_class_cdc_unbind_acm_interf aces() | Un-binds data interfaces belonging to the control interface |
| 20 | usb_class_cdc_init_ipipe() | Starts interrupt endpoint to poll for interrupt on specified device |
| 21 | usb_class_cdc_intf_validate() | Determines whether the class interface is validated |

The following table summarizes the PHDC class API functions.

Table 6 PHDC class driver APIs

| No. | API Function | Description |
|-----|---|---|
| 1 | usb_class_phdc_init() | Initializes the PHDC class |
| 2 | usb_class_phdc_deinit() | Un-initializes the PHDC class driver |
| 3 | usb_class_phdc_pre_deinit() | Pre un-initializes the PHDC class driver |
| 4 | usb_class_phdc_recv_data() | Receives data from either a bulk-in or an interrupt pipe |
| 5 | usb_class_phdc_send_control_ request() | Sends a PHDC class specific request |
| 6 | usb_class_phdc_send_data() | Send data to a PHDC device through a bulk-out pipe. |
| 7 | usb_class_phdc_set_callbacks() | Registers application callback pointers to the current PHDC interface |

The following table summarizes the AUDIO class API functions.

Table 7 AUDIO class driver APIs

| No. | API function | Description |
|-----|---|---|
| 1 | usb_class_audio_control_init() | Initializes the audio control interface |
| 2 | usb_class_audio_control_deinit() | Un-initializes the audio control interface |
| 3 | usb_class_audio_control_pre_dei nit() | Pre un-initializes the audio control interface |
| 4 | usb_class_audio_stream_init() | Initializes the audio data interface |
| 5 | usb_class_audio_stream_deinit() | Un-initializes the audio data interface |
| 6 | usb_class_audio_stream_pre_dein it() | Pre un-initializes the audio data interface |
| 7 | usb_class_audio_control_get_des criptors() | Searches for descriptors of the audio control interface |

| 8 | usb_class_audio_control_set_des criptors() | Sets descriptors for the audio control interface |
|----|--|---|
| 9 | usb_class_audio_stream_get_desc riptors() | Searches for descriptors of the audio stream interface |
| 10 | usb_class_audio_stream_set_desc riptors() | Sets descriptors for the audio stream interface |
| 11 | usb_class_audio_cntrl_common() | Sends data through the control interface |
| 12 | usb_class_audio_cntrl_callback() | Controls interface callback |
| 13 | usb_class_audio_recv_data() | Receives data through the data interface |
| 14 | usb_class_audio_recv_callback() | Receives callback through the data interface |
| 15 | usb_class_audio_send_data() | Sends data through the data interface |
| 16 | usb_class_audio_send_callback() | Sends callback through the data interface |
| 17 | usb_class_audio_get_alternative_ interface_descriptors_and_sync() | Gets endpoint descriptor of the interface and fills the endpoint structure. |

Chapter 3 USB Host Controller driver APIs

3.1 USB host API

There are several kinds of USB classes supported in the USB Host stack. Maybe not all of them need to be supported in one specific USB example. For example, a HID mouse example may only be interested in the HID class device and HUB. The APP must register the class driver information to the USB stack so that the USB stack knows which class device the APP wants to manage. An event handler callback must be provided to USB stack so that the device's attach/detach/configuration events can be notified to APP by the USB stack.

In addition, to let the APP know about the detailed information about an attached unsupported device, usb_host_register_unsupported_device_notify is provided so that the APP can get the detailed unsupported interface information.

3.1.1 usb_host_init

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_init
(
uint8_t controller_id,
usb_host_handle * handle
)
```

Parameters

```
controller_id [in] - controller ID

USB_CONTROLLER_KHCI_0 = 0x00

USB_CONTROLLER_KHCI_1

USB_CONTROLLER_EHCI_0

USB_CONTROLLER_EHCI_1handle

[out] - host handle, refer to 6.1.7
```

Description

The function calls an HCI function to initialize the USB Host hardware and install an ISR that services all interrupt sources on the USB Host hardware.

The function also allocates and initializes all internal host-specific data structures and USB Host internal data and returns a USB Host controller handle for subsequent use with other USB Host API functions.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)
```

3.1.2 usb host deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_ deinit
(
usb_host_handle * handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – host handle

Description

The function calls an HCI function to stop the specified USB Host controller. Call the function when the services of the USB Host controller are no longer required, or if the USB Host controller needs to be reconfigured.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)
```

3.1.3 usb_host_register_driver_info

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_register_driver_info
(
usb_host_handle * handle,
void* info_table_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – USB host

info_table_ptr

[in] – Device info table, refer to 6.1.5

Description

This function is used by the application to register a driver for a device with a particular vendor ID, product ID, class, subclass, and protocol code.

Return Value

```
USB OK (success)
```

Others (failure)

Data structure

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```
uint8_t idProduct[2];  /* Product ID per manufacturer */
uint8_t bDeviceClass;  /* Class code, 0xFF if any */
uint8_t bDeviceSubClass;  /* Sub-Class code, 0xFF if any */
uint8_t bDeviceProtocol;  /* Protocol, 0xFF if any */
uint8_t reserved;  /* Alignment padding */
event_callback attach_call;
} USB HOST DRIVER INFO, * USB HOST DRIVER INFO PTR;
```

Note: For the attach_call callback function, the following events are sent to APP by this callback function in current implementation:

• USB ATTACH EVENT

A device attached and a valid interface which matches the registered information by APP are provided

• USB CONFIG EVENT

The device is configured and all the valid interfaces which match the registered information by APP are provided. The APP can select an interface from these interfaces as the one to be enabled.

USB_INTF_OPENED_EVENT

The selected interface is enabled, and the APP can call the class driver interface to do anything.

• USB DETACH EVENT

The attached device is detached.

In the future, the following event may be added:

• USB REMOTE WAKEUP

The USB BUS is waked up by a remote device.

USB SUSPENDED

The USB BUS is suspended.

USB WAKEUP

The USB BUS is waked up from suspended state (not from remote device but from host side).

3.1.4 usb_host_register_unsupported_device_notify

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_register_unsupported_device_notify
(
usb_host_handle * handle,
event_callback unsupported_device_notify
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host

unsupported_device_notify [in] – callback function to get the unsupported device notification

Description

This function is used by the application to register a callback function to get all the information of unsupported device.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

Data structure

```
typedef void (_CODE_PTR_ event_callback) (usb_device_instance_handle,
usb interface descriptor handle intf handle, uint32 t event code);
```

If event_code is USB_ATTACH_INTF_NOT_SUPPORT, then intf_handle is a pointer point to USB_DEVICE_INTERFACE_STRUCT

If event_code is USB_ATTACH_DEVICE_NOT_SUPPORT, then both the device handle and interface handle are NULL.

3.1.5 usb_host_open_dev_interface

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_open_dev_interface
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_usb_class_handle * usb_class_handle_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

intf_handle [in] – interface handle to be opened

usb_class_handle_ptr [out] – class handle associated to the interface

Description

This function is used by the application to open the selected interface, and the corresponding class driver handle will be obtained through the usb_class_handle_ptr parameter that can be used for the following transfer.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.6 usb host close dev interface

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_close_dev_interface
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_usb_class_handle usb_usb_class_handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

intf_handle [in] – interface handle to be closed

usb_usb_class_handle [in] – class handle associated to the interface

Description

This function is used by the application to close the selected interface. For the detailed information for this API, see Section 4.4.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)

3.1.7 usb_host_open_pipe

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_open_pipe
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_pipe_handle * pipe_handle_ptr,
pipe_init_struct_t* pipe_init_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

pipe_handle_ptr [out] – returned pipe handle, refer to Section <u>6.1.4</u>

pipe_init_ptr [in] – parameter to initialize the pipe, refer to Section <u>6.1.3</u>

Description

This function is used by the application to open a pipe. The pipe detailed information is included in the pipe_init_ptr, and it points to PIPE_INIT_STRUCT.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

Data structure

```
typedef struct pipe_init_struct
   void*
                                 dev_instance;
   uint32 t
                                 flags;
   uint16 t
                                 max packet size;
   uint16 t
                                 nak count;
   uint8 t
                                 interval;
   uint8 t
                                 endpoint number;
   uint8 t
                                 direction;
   uint8 t
                                 pipetype;
pipe_init_struct_t;
```

3.1.8 usb_host_close_pipe

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_close_pipe
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_pipe_handle pipe_handle_ptr,
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle pipe_handle [in] – pipe handle

Description

This function is used by the application to close an opened pipe so that the pipe resource can be free.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)

3.1.9 usb_host_get_tr

Synopsis

)

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

callback [in] – callback function that will be called when TR completed

callback_param [in] – callback parameter to the callback function

tr_ptr_ptr [out] – return the pointer to TR, refer to Section 6.1.2

Description

This function is used by the application to get a valid TR that will be used in the following transfer. Meanwhile, the TR callback and callback parameter are provided to be initialized.

Return Value

USB OK (success)

Others (failure)

Data structure

```
typedef struct tr_struct
   struct tr struct*
                                next;
   uint32 t
                                status;
  uint32 t
                              tr index;
                                                 /* Transfer number on this pipe
   uint8 t *
                               tx buffer;
                                                  /* Address of buffer containing the
data to be transmitted (including OUT data phase of control transfers) */
                                                  /* Address of buffer to receive data
   uint8 t *
                              rx buffer;
   uint32 t
                               tx length;
                                                   /* Length of data to transmit. For
control transfers, the length of data for the data phase */
   uint32 t
                                rx length;
                                                    /* Length of data to be received.
For control transfers, this indicates the length of data for the data phase */
                        send phase;
                                          /* Second phase of setup packet: Send/Receive
* /
                                                     /* Setup packet raw data */
                                setup packet;
   usb setup t
   uint32 t
                                transfered length;
   tr callback
                             callback;
                                                /* The callback function to be invoked
when a transfer is completed or an error is to be reported */
                             callback param;
                                                /* The second parameter to be passed
into the callback function when it is invoked */
   void*
                                hw transaction head; /* used only for EHCI */
   void*
                                hw transaction tail; /* used only for EHCI */
   uint8 t
                                occupied;
   uint8 t
                                setup status;
   uint8 t
                                no of itds sitds;
   uint8 t
                                setup first phase;
} tr struct t;
```

3.1.10 usb_host_release_tr

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_release_tr
(
usb_host_handle handle,
tr_struct_t** tr_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

tr_ptr [in] – pointer to TR to be released

Description

This function is used by the application to release a TR so that the TR resource can be free in the USB stack.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.11 usb_host_send_data

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_send_data
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_pipe_handle pipe_handle,
tr_struct_t* tr_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

pipe_handle [in] – pipe handle tr_ptr [in] – pointer to TR

Description

This function is used by the application to send data through target pipe that is assigned by the pipe_handle parameter. The detailed data about the address, the length, the transfer type is assigned in the TR structure.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.12 usb_host_send_setup

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_send_setup
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_pipe_handle pipe_handle,
tr_struct_t* tr_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle pipe_handle [in] – pipe handle tr_ptr [in] – pointer to TR

Description

This function is used by the application to send a setup through target pipe, which is always the control pipe 0.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)
```

3.1.13 usb_host_recv_data

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_recv_data
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_pipe_handle pipe_handle,
tr_struct_t* tr_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle pipe_handle [in] – pipe handle tr_ptr [in] – pointer to TR

Description

This function is used by the application to receive data through the target pipe that is assigned by the pipe_handle parameter. The detailed data about the address, the length, the transfer type is assigned in the TR structure.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.14 usb_host_cancel

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_cancel
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_pipe_handle pipe_handle,
tr_struct_t* tr_ptr
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle pipe_handle [in] – pipe handle tr_ptr [in] – pointer to TR

Description

This function is used by the application to cancel all the uncompleted TRs in a target pipe.

Note: There is no API provided by the stack to cancel a specific TR in a target pipe. The tr_ptr parameter is not used in this API now, but we can extend this API in the future to cancel a specific TR, so we keep tr_ptr parameter here.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)
```

3.1.15 usb_host_bus_control

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_bus_control
(
usb_host_handle handle,
uint8_t bcontrol
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

bcontrol [in] – control code of the BUS

Description

This function is used by the application to control the BUS status, for example, to suspend the BUS or resume the BUS. Currently this function is not implemented yet.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.16 usb_host_get_host_handle

Synopsis

Parameters

dev handle [in] – attached device handle

handle [out] – USB host handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get the host handle of the device.

Return Value

USB OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.17 usb_host_dev_mng_get_address

Synopsis

```
uint8_t usb_host_dev_mng_get_address
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get the USB address of the target attached device.

Return Value

USB address of the device (success)

0 (failure)

3.1.18 usb_host_dev_mng_get_hubno

Synopsis

```
uint8_t usb_host_dev_mng_get_hubno
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle
)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get the hub index to which the target device attached.

Return Value

Hub index of the device (success)

0xFF (failure)

3.1.19 usb_host_dev_mng_get_portno

Synopsis

```
uint8_t usb_host_dev_mng_get_portno
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get the hub port index to which the target device attached.

Return Value

Port number of the device (success)

0xFF (failure)

3.1.20 usb_host_dev_mng_get_speed

Synopsis

```
uint8_t usb_host_dev_mng_get_speed
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle
)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get the speed of the target device.

Return Value

Speed of the device: 0 for full speed, 1 for low speed and 2 for high speed (success) 0xFF (failure)

3.1.21 usb_host_dev_mng_get_level

Synopsis

```
uint8_t usb_host_dev_mng_get_level
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle
)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get hub level of the target device attached.

Return Value

Hub level of the device (success)

0xFF (failure)

3.1.22 usb_host_dev_mng_get_host

Synopsis

```
usb_host_handle usb_host_dev_mng_get_host
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get host handler of the target device.

Return Value

Host handler of the device (success)

NULL (failure)

3.1.23 usb_host_dev_mng_get_control_pipe

Synopsis

```
usb_pipe_handle usb_host_dev_mng_get_control_pipe
(
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to get the control pipe handler of the target device.

Return Value

Control pipe handler of the device (success)

NULL (failure)

3.1.24 usb_host_dev_remove

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_dev_remove
(
usb_host_handle handle,
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

dev handle [in] – attached device handle

Description

This function is used by the application to remove device. This function should not be used in normal situation, user need to be clear about the function when calling it.

Return Value

USB OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.25 usb_host_get_dev_descriptor

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_get_dev_descriptor
(
    usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
    uint8_t descriptor_type,
    uint32_t* param1,
    uint32_t* param2,
```

```
void** descriptor
```

Parameters

intf handle [in] – Interface to be selected

descriptor type [in] – The descriptor type, such as USB DESC TYPE EP and

USB_DESC_TYPE IF

param1 [in] – For USB DESC TYPE EP, The length of alternate setting interface

descriptor. For USB DESC TYPE IF, bit [0-7] is alternate setting value,

bit[8-15] is interface number.

param2 [out] – The length of interface descriptor

descriptor [out] – The interface or endpoint descriptor wanted to get.

Description

This function is used by the application to get device interface or endpoint descriptor.

Return Value

USB OK (success)

Others (failure)

3.1.26 usb_host_open_dev_alternate_interface

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_host_open_dev_alternate_interface
(
   usb_host_handle handle,
   usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
   usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
   uint8_t alternate_setting
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – USB host handle

dev handle [in] – attached device handle

intf handle [in] – The interface wanted to be opened

alternate setting [in] – The interface alternate setting

Description

This function is used by the application to open the alternate setting interface.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)

Others (failure)

Chapter 4 USB Host Class APIs

4.1 HID class driver APIs

4.1.1 usb_class_hid_init

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_hid_init
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_class_handle* class_handle_ptr
)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – device handle intf handle [in] – interface handle

class_handle_ptr [out] – class driver's handle, refer to Section <u>6.2.1</u>

Description

This function is used to initialize the corresponding class driver, and it is not called by the APP directly. The class driver's init/deinit functions are included in the global interface map table. When corresponding interface is opened by usb_host_open_dev_interface, the init function will be called automatically and the class driver's handle will be returned.

4.1.2 usb_class_hid_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_hid_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to de-initialize a class driver handle.

This function is not called by the APP directly. It will be called when the USB host application call the usb host close dev interface() function.

4.1.3 usb_class_hid_pre_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_hid_pre_deinit
(
```

```
usb_class_handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to do some pre de-initialization operation, such as cancelling all the uncompleted transfers. This function is not called by the APP directly, and it will be included in a global class interface table so that it can be called automatically when the device detached.

4.1.4 usb_class_hid_get_idle

Synopsis

Parameters

com_ptr [in] - class interface structure pointer, refer to Section <u>6.2.2</u>

rid [in] - report ID (see HID specification)

idle_rate [out] – idle rate of this report

Description

This function is called by the application to read the idle rate of a particular HID device report.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)
```

4.1.5 usb_class_hid_get_protocol

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_hid_get_protocol
(
hid_command_t* com_ptr,
uint8_t * protocol
)
```

Parameters

com_ptr [in] - class interface structure pointer

protocol [out] – protocol (1 byte, 0 = Boot Protocol or 1 = Report Protocol)

Description

This function is called by the application to read the the active protocol.

Return Value

USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)

4.1.6 usb_class_hid_get_report

Synopsis

Parameters

```
com_ptr [in] - class interface structure pointer
rid [in] - report ID (see HID specification)
rtype [in] - report type (see HID specification)
buf [out] - buffer to receive report data
blen [in] - length of the buffer
```

Description

This function is called by the application to get a report from the HID device.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)
```

4.1.7 usb_class_hid_set_idle

Synopsis

Parameters

com_ptr [in] - class interface structure pointer

```
rid [in] - report ID (see HID specification)
```

duration [in] – duration of the idle

Description

This function is called by the application to set the idle rate of a particular HID device report.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
```

Others (failure)

4.1.8 usb_class_hid_set_protocol

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_hid_set_protocol
(
hid_command_t* com_ptr,
uint8_t protocol
)
```

Parameters

```
com_ptr [in] - class interface structure pointer
```

protocol [in] – protocol (1 byte, 0 = Boot Protocol or 1 = Report Protocol)

Description

This function is called by the application to switches between the boot protocol and the report protocol.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
```

Others (failure)

4.1.9 usb_class_hid_set_report

Synopsis

Parameters

```
com_ptr [in] - class interface structure pointer
rid [in] - report ID (see HID specification)
```

rtype [in] – report type (see HID specification)

buf [in] – buffer to send report data

blen [in] – length of the buffer

Description

This function is called by the application to send a report to the HID.

Return Value

```
USB_OK (success)
Others (failure)
```

4.2 MSD class driver APIs

4.2.1 usb class mass init

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_mass_init
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_class_handle* class_handle_ptr
)
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – device handle intf_handle [in] – interface handle

class_handle_ptr [out] – the class driver's handle, refer to Section <u>6.3.1</u>

Description

This function is used to initialize the corresponding class driver, and it is not called by the APP directly. The class driver's init/deinit functions are included in the global interface map table. When the corresponding interface is opened by usb_host_open_dev_interface, the initialization function will be called automatically and the class driver's handle will be returned.

4.2.2 usb_class_mass_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_mass_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to de-initialize a class driver handle,

This function is not called by the APP directly. It will be called when the USB host application call the usb_host_close_dev_interface() function.

4.2.3 usb_class_mass_pre_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_mass_pre_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] - class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to do some pre de-initialization operation, such as cancelling all the uncompleted transfer. This function is not called by the APP directly, and it will be included in a global class interface table so that it can be called automatically when the device detached.

4.2.4 usb_class_mass_storage_device_command

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_mass_storage_device_command
(
mass_command_struct_t* cmd_ptr
)
```

Parameters

cmd ptr

[in] – command, refer to refer to Section 6.3.2

Description

This function is called by the protocol layer to execute the command defined in protocol API.

Return Value

USB_OK- Command has been successfully queued in class driver queue (or has been passed to USB, if there is no other command pending).

Others (failure)

4.2.5 usb_class_mass_storage_device_command_cancel

Synopsis

```
bool usb_class_mass_storage_device_command_cancel
(
mass_command_struct_t* cmd_ptr
)
```

Parameters

```
cmd_ptr [in] - command
```

Description

This function de-queues the command in the class driver queue.

Return Value

USB_OK- Command has been successfully de-queued in the class driver queue.

Others (failure)

4.2.6 usb_class_mass_getmaxlun_bulkonly

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_mass_getmaxlun_bulkonly
(
usb_class_handle handle,
uint8_t * pLUN,
tr_callback callback,
void* callback_param
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – class driver's handle

pLUN [out] – pointer to Logical Unit Number (LUN)

callback [in] – callback upon completion

callback_param [in] - callback parameter

Description

This is a class specific command. This command is used to get the number of logical units on the device. Caller will use the LUN number to direct the commands (as a part of CBW).

Return Value

USB_OK- Command has been successfully queued in class driver queue (or has been passed to USB, if there is no other command pending).

Others (failure)

4.2.7 usb_class_mass_getvidpid

```
usb_status usb_class_mass_getvidpid
(
usb_class_handle handle,
uint16_t * vid,
uint16_t * pid
)
```

handle [in] – the class driver's handle

vid [out] – vendor ID pid [out] – Product ID

Description

This function is used to get device's vid and pid.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
```

Others (failure)

4.2.8 usb_class_mass_reset_recovery_on_usb

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_mass_reset_recovery_on_usb
(
usb_mass_class_struct_t * mass_class)
```

Parameters

mass_class [in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function gets the pending request from class driver queue and sends the RESET command on control pipe. This function is called when a phase of the pending command fails and class driver decides to reset the device. If there is no pending request in the queue, it will just return. This routine registers a call back for control pipe commands to ensure that pending command is queued again.

Return Value

USB_OK - success.

Others (failure)

4.2.9 usb_class_mass_q_init

Synopsis

```
void usb_class_mass_q_init
(
usb_mass_class_struct_t * mass_class)
```

Parameters

mass_class [in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function initializes a mass storage class command queue.

4.2.10 usb_class_mass_q_insert

Synopsis

```
int32_t usb_class_mass_q_insert
(
usb_mass_class_struct_t * mass_class,
mass_command_struct_t* pCmd
)
```

Parameters

mass_class [in] - the class driver's handle pCmd [in] - Command

Description

This function is called by class driver to insert a command in the queue.

Return Value

The index which inserted in queue.

4.2.11 usb_class_mass_deleteq

Synopsis

```
void usb_class_mass_deleteq
(
usb_mass_class_struct_t * mass_class,
)
```

Parameters

mass_class [in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is called by class driver to delete all pending commands from the queue.

4.2.12 usb_class_mass_cancelq

Synopsis

```
bool usb_class_mass_cancelq
(
usb_mass_class_struct_t * mass_class,
mass_command_struct_t* pCmd
)
```

Parameters

mass_class [in] - the class driver's handle pCmd [in] - Command

Description

This function is called by class driver to cancel a command in the queue.

Return Value

TRUE - Canceled.

FALSE – failed (May be not found the command)

4.2.13 usb_class_mass_get_pending_request

Synopsis

```
void usb_class_mass_get_pending_request
(
usb_mass_class_struct_t * mass_class,
mass_command_struct_t* * cmd_ptr_ptr
)
```

Parameters

mass_class [in] - the class driver's handle

cmd_ptr_ptr [out] - Command

Description

This function is called by class driver to get a command from the queue.

4.2.14 usb_mass_ufi_generic

Synopsis

```
usb status usb mass ufi generic
mass command struct t*
                             cmd ptr,
uint8 t
                                              opcode,
uint8 t
                                             lun,
uint32 t
                                            lbaddr,
uint32 t
                                            blen,
uint8 t
                                              cbwflags,
uint8 t *
                                            buf,
                                            buf len
uint32 t
```

Parameters

cmd_ptr [in] - Command handle

opcode [in] - Command code

lun [in] – Logical unit number of command block

lbaddr [in] - Logical block address

blen [in] - Block length

cbwflags [in] – Command block wrapper flags

buf [in/out] - Transfer buffer address

buf_len [in] - Transfer buffer length

Description

This function is used to initialize a command transfer.

Return Value

USB_OK- Command has been successfully queued in class driver queue (or has been passed to USB, if there is no other command pending).

Others (failure)

4.2.15 usb mass ufi cancel

Synopsis

```
bool usb_mass_ufi_cancel
(
mass_command_struct_t* cmd_ptr
)
```

Parameters

cmd_ptr [in] - Command

Description

This function is used to cancel a command in the queue.

Return Value

TRUE – Canceled.

FALSE – failed (May be not found the command)

4.3 CDC class driver APIs

4.3.1 usb_class_cdc_acm_init

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_acm_init
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_class_handle* class_handle_ptr
)
```

```
dev_handle [in] – device handle intf_handle [in] – interface handle
```

class_handle_ptr [out] – the class driver's handle, refer to 6.4.1

Description

This function is used to initialize the corresponding class driver, it is not called by the APP directly, normally, the class driver's init/deinit functions are included in the global interface map table. When corresponding interface is opened by usb_host_open_dev_interface, the init function will be called automatically and the class driver's handle will be returned.

4.3.2 usb_class_cdc_acm_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_acm_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to deinit a class driver handle,

This function is not called by the APP directly. It will be called when the USB host application call the usb_host_close_dev_interface() function.

4.3.3 usb_class_cdc_acm_pre_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_acm_pre_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to do some pre deinit operation like cancel all the uncompleted transfer. This function is not called by the APP directly, it will be included in a global class interface table so that it can be called automatically when the device detached.

4.3.4 usb_class_cdc_acm_use_lwevent

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_acm_use_lwevent
(
  cdc_class_call_struct_t * ccs_ptr,
  os_event_handle acm_event
)
  Parameters
ccs_ptr [in] - acm call struct pointer
```

acm_event [in] - acm event

Description

This function is injector of event that is used in the class but the destruction is allowed only in task context..

Return Value

USB_OK- event is successfully injected.

Others (failure)

4.3.5 usb_class_cdc_data_init

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_data_init
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_class_handle* usb_class_handle_ptr
)
```

Parameters

```
dev_handle [in] – device handle intf_handle [in] – interface handle usb_class_handle_ptr [out] – the class driver's handle, refer to 6.4.2
```

Description

This function is used to initialize the corresponding class driver, it is not called by the APP directly, normally, the class driver's init/deinit functions are included in the global interface map table. When corresponding interface is opened by usb_host_open_dev_interface, the init function will be called automatically and the class driver's handle will be returned.

4.3.6 usb class cdc data deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_data_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to deinit a class driver handle,

This function is not called by the APP directly. It will be called when the USB host application call the usb host close dev interface() function.

4.3.7 usb_class_cdc_data_pre_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_data_pre_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to do some pre deinit operation like cancel all the uncompleted transfer. This function is not called by the APP directly, it will be included in a global class interface table so that it can be called automatically when the device detached.

4.3.8 usb_class_cdc_data_use_lwevent

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_data_use_lwevent
(
cdc_class_call_struct_t * ccs_ptr,
os_event_handle data_event
)
```

Parameters

ccs_ptr [in] – data call struct pointer

data_event [in] - data event

Description

This function is injector of events that are used in the class but the destruction are allowed only in task context..

Return Value

USB_OK- events are successfully injected.

Others (failure)

4.3.9 usb_class_cdc_get_ctrl_interface

Synopsis

```
cdc_class_call_struct_t * usb_class_cdc_get_ctrl_interface
  (
     void * intf_handle
)
```

Parameters

intf_handle

[in] – pointer to interface handle

Description

This function is used to find registered control interface in the chain.

Return Value

control interface instance

4.3.10 usb_class_cdc_get_data_interface

Synopsis

Parameters

intf handle

[in] – pointer to interface handle

Description

This function is used to find registered data interface in the chain.

Return Value

data interface instance

4.3.11 usb_class_cdc_get_acm_line_coding

)

Parameters

```
ccs_ptr [in] - the communication device data instance structure uart_coding_ptr [out] - Where to store coding
```

Description

This function is used to get parameters of current line (baudrate, HW control...)

This function cannot be run in ISR

Note: DATA instance communication structure is passed here as parameter, not control interface.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
Others (failure)
```

4.3.12 usb_class_cdc_set_acm_line_coding

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_set_acm_line_coding
  (
        cdc_class_call_struct_t * ccs_ptr,
        usb_cdc_uart_coding_t * uart_coding_ptr
)
```

Parameters

```
ccs_ptr [in] - the communication device data instance structure uart_coding_ptr [in] - Coding to set
```

Description

This function is used to get parameters of current line (baudrate, HW control...)

This function cannot be run in ISR

NOTE!!!

DATA instance communication structure is passed here as parameter, not control interface.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
```

Others (failure)

4.3.13 usb_class_cdc_get_acm_descriptors

```
usb status usb class cdc get acm descriptors
```

```
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,

usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,

usb_cdc_desc_acm_t * * acm_desc,

usb_cdc_desc_cm_t * * cm_desc,

usb_cdc_desc_header_t * * header_desc,

usb_cdc_desc_union_t * * union_desc
```

dev_handle [in] – pointer to device instance
intf_handle [in] – pointer to interface descriptor
acm_desc [out] – pointer to acm descriptor
cm_desc [out] – pointer to cm descriptor
header_desc [out] – pointer to header descriptor
union_desc [out] – pointer to union descriptor

Description

This function is hunting for descriptors in the device configuration and fills back fields if the descriptor was found. Must be run in locked state and validated USB device.

Return Value

USB_OK - success.
Others (failure)

4.3.14 usb_class_cdc_set_acm_descriptors

Synopsis

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – pointer to device instance

| intf_handle | [in] – pointer to interface descriptor |
|-------------|--|
| acm_desc | [in] - pointer to acm descriptor |
| cm_desc | [in] – pointer to cm descriptor |
| header_desc | [in] – pointer to header descriptor |
| union_desc | [in] - pointer to union descriptor |

Description

This func This function is used to set descriptors for ACM interface Descriptors can be used afterwards by application or by driver.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
Others (failure)
```

4.3.15 usb_class_cdc_get_ctrl_descriptor

Synopsis

Parameters

```
dev_handle [in] – pointer to device instance
```

intf_handle [in] – pointer to interface

if_desc_ptr [out] – pointer to interface descriptor

Description

This function is hunting for descriptor of control interface, which controls data interface identified by descriptor (intf_handle). The found control interface descriptor is written to if_desc_ptr.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
```

Others (failure)

4.3.16 usb_class_cdc_bind_data_interfaces

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_bind_data_interfaces
  (
    usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
    cdc_class_call_struct_t * ccs_ptr
)
```

```
dev_handle [in] - pointer to device instance

ccs_ptr [in] - the communication device control instance structure
```

Description

All data interfaces belonging to ACM control instance (specified by ccs_ptr) will be bound to this interface. Union functional descriptor describes which data interfaces should be bound.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
Others (failure)
```

4.3.17 usb_class_cdc_unbind_data_interfaces

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_unbind_data_interfaces
  (
      cdc_class_call_struct_t * ccs_ptr
)
```

Parameters

ccs_ptr [in] - the communication device control instance structure

Description

All data interfaces bound to ACM control instance will be unbound from this interface.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
Others (failure)
```

4.3.18 usb_class_cdc_bind_acm_interface

```
interface_descriptor_t* if_des
    cdc_class_call_struct_t * ccs_ptr
)
```

ccs_ptr [in] -- the communication device control instance structure

if_desc [in] -- pointer to control interface descriptor

Description

Must be run in locked state and validated USB device.

Return Value

USB_OK - success.

Others (failure)

4.3.19 usb_class_cdc_unbind_acm_interface

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_unbind_acm_interfaces
   (
      cdc_class_call_struct_t * ccs_ptr
)
```

Parameters

ccs_ptr

[in] – the communication device control instance structure

Description

Data interface (bound by ccs_ptr) will be unbound from appropriate control interface.

Must be run in locked state and validated USB device.

Return Value

USB_OK - success.

Others (failure)

4.3.20 usb_class_cdc_init_ipipe

```
usb_status usb_class_cdc_init_ipipe
          (
                cdc_class_call_struct_t * acm_instance
)
```

acm_instance [in] - ACM interface instance

Description

Starts interrupt endpoint to poll for interrupt on specified device.

Return Value

```
USB_OK - success.
Others (failure)
```

4.3.21 usb_class_cdc_intf_validate

Synopsis

```
uint32_t usb_class_cdc_intf_validate
(
void * param
)
```

Parameters

param [in] – the pointer to interface

Description

This function is called to determine whether class interface is validated.

Return Value

1 - valid

0 - invalid

4.4 PHDC class driver APIs

4.4.1 usb_class_phdc_init

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_phdc_init
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_class_handle* class_handle_ptr
)
```

Parameters

```
dev_handle [in] - device handle 
intf_handle [in] - interface handle 
class_handle_ptr [out] - the class driver's handle, refer to <u>6.5.1</u>
```

Description

This function is used to initialize the corresponding class driver, it is not called by the APP directly, normally, the class driver's init/deinit functions are included in the global interface map table. When corresponding interface is opened by usb_host_open_dev_interface, the init function will be called automatically and the class driver's handle will be returned.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

4.4.2 usb_class_phdc_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_phdc_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to deinit a class driver handle,

This function is not called by the APP directly. It will be called when the USB host application call the usb_host_close_dev_interface() function.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

4.4.3 usb_class_phdc_pre_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_phdc_pre_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to do some pre deinit operation like cancel all the uncompleted transfer. This function is not called by the APP directly, it will be included in a global class interface table so that it can be called automatically when the device detached.

Return Value

```
USB_OK- success
```

Others (failure)

4.4.4 usb_class_phdc_recv_data

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_phdc_recv_data
(
usb_phdc_param_t* call_param_ptr
)
```

Parameters

```
usb_phdc_param_t [in] - call param struct pointer, refer to <u>6.5.2</u>
```

Description

This function is called to receive data from either a bulk-in or an interrupt pipe.

4.4.5 usb_class_phdc_send_control_request

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_phdc_send_control_request
(
usb_phdc_param_t* call_param_ptr
)
```

Parameters

```
usb_phdc_param_t [in] - call param struct pointer
```

Description

This function is called by application to send a PHDC class specific request.

Return Value

USB OK- success

Others (failure)

4.4.6 usb_class_phdc_send_data

Synopsis

Parameters

```
usb_phdc_param_t [in] - call param struct pointer
```

Description

This function is called to send data to a PHDC device through a bulk-out pipe.

Return Value

USB_OK- success Others (failure)

4.4.7 usb_class_phdc_set_callbacks

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_phdc_set_callbacks
(
usb_class_handle handle,
phdc_callback sendCallback,
phdc_callback recvCallback,
phdc_callback ctrlCallback
```

Parameters

```
handle [in] – PHDC class handle
sendCallback [in] – send callback pointer
recvCallback [in] – receive callback pointer
ctrlCallback [in] – control callback pointer
```

Description

This function is called by application to register application callback pointers for the current PHDC interface.

Return Value

USB_OK- success
Others (failure)

4.5 Audio class driver APIs

4.5.1 usb_class_audio_control_init

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_audio_control_init
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_class_handle * class_handle_ptr
```

Parameters

dev_handle [in] – device handle

intf_handle [in] – interface handle

class_handle_ptr [out] – the class driver's handle, refer to 6.6.1

Description

This function is used to initialize the corresponding class driver, it is not called by the APP directly, normally, the class driver's init/deinit functions are included in the global interface map table. When corresponding interface is opened by usb_host_open_dev_interface, the init function will be called automatically and the class driver's handle will be returned.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

4.5.2 usb_class_audio_control_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_audio_control_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to deinit a class driver handle,

This function is not called by the APP directly. It will be called when the USB host application call the usb_host_close_dev_interface() function.

Return Value

USB OK-success

Others (failure)

4.5.3 usb_class_audio_control_pre_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_ audio_control _pre_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to do some pre deinit operation like cancel all the uncompleted transfer. This function is not called by the APP directly, it will be included in a global class interface table so that it can be called automatically when the device detached.

Return Value

```
USB_OK- success
Others (failure)
```

4.5.4 usb_class_audio_stream_init

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_audio_stream_init
(
usb_device_instance_handle dev_handle,
usb_interface_descriptor_handle intf_handle,
usb_class_handle * class_handle_ptr
)
```

Parameters

```
dev_handle [in] - device handle 
intf_handle [in] - interface handle 
class_handle_ptr [out] - the class driver's handle, refer to 6.6.2
```

Description

This function is used to initialize the corresponding class driver, it is not called by the APP directly, normally, the class driver's init/deinit functions are included in the global interface map table. When corresponding interface is opened by usb_host_open_dev_interface, the init function will be called automatically and the class driver's handle will be returned.

Return Value

```
USB_OK- success
Others (failure)
```

4.5.5 usb_class_audio_stream_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_audio_ stream _deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle [in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to deinit a class driver handle,

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This function is not called by the APP directly. It will be called when the USB host application call the usb_host_close_dev_interface() function.

Return Value

USB_OK- success
Others (failure)

4.5.6 usb_class_audio_stream_pre_deinit

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class_audio_control_pre_deinit
(
usb_class_handle handle
)
```

Parameters

handle

[in] – the class driver's handle

Description

This function is used to do some pre deinit operation like cancel all the uncompleted transfer. This function is not called by the APP directly, it will be included in a global class interface table so that it can be called automatically when the device detached.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

4.5.7 usb_class_audio_control_get_descriptors

Synopsis

Parameters

```
dev_handle [in] - pointer to device instance
intf_handle [in] - pointer to interface descriptor
header_desc [out] - pointer to header descriptor
it_desc [out] - pointer to input terminal descriptor
```

Freescale Semiconductor

```
ot_desc [out] - pointer to output terminal descriptor fu_desc [out] - pointer to feature unit descriptor
```

Description

This function is hunting for descriptors in the device configuration and fills back fields if the audio control descriptor was found.

Return Value

```
USB_OK- success
Others (failure)
```

4.5.8 usb_class_audio_stream_get_descriptors

Synopsis

Parameters

```
dev_handle [in] - pointer to device instance
intf_handle [in] - pointer to interface descriptor
as_itf_desc [out] - pointer to specific audio stream interface descriptor
frm_type_desc [out] - pointer to format type descriptor
iso_endp_spec_desc [out] - pointer to specific isochronous endpoint descriptor
```

Description

This function is hunting for descriptors in the device configuration and fills back fields if the audio stream descriptor was found.

Return Value

```
USB_OK- success
Others (failure)
```

4.5.9 usb_class_audio_control_set_descriptors

```
usb_status usb_class_audio_control_set_descriptors
(
```

```
usb_class_handlehandleusb_audio_ctrl_desc_header_t*header_desc,usb_audio_ctrl_desc_it_t*it_desc,usb_audio_ctrl_desc_ot_t*ot_desc,usb_audio_ctrl_desc_fu_t*fu_desc
```

handle [in] – handle of the class

header_desc [in] – pointer to header descriptor

it_desc [in] - pointer to input terminal descriptor
ot_desc [in] - pointer to output terminal descriptor
fu_desc [in] - pointer to feature unit descriptor

Description

This function is used to set the audio control descriptors for control interface descriptors can be used afterwards by application or by driver.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

4.5.10 usb_class_audio_stream_set_descriptors

Synopsis

Parameters

handle [in] – handle of the class

as_itf_desc [in] - pointer to specific audio stream interface descriptor

frm_type_desc [in] – pointer to format type descriptor

iso_endp_spec_desc [in] - pointer to specific isochronous endpoint descriptor

Description

This function is used to set the audio stream descriptors for stream interface descriptors can be used afterwards by application or by driver.

Return Value

USB_OK- success
Others (failure)

4.5.11 usb_class_audio_cntrl_common

Synopsis

```
usb status usb class audio cntrl common
    audio command t*
                                com_ptr,
    uint8 t
                                            bmrequesttype,
    uint8 t
                                            brequest,
    uint16 t
                                           wvalue,
    uint16 t
                                           windex,
    uint16 t
                                           wlength,
    uint8 t *
                                           data
)
```

Parameters

| com_ptr | [in] – The communication device common command structure, refer to $\underline{6.6.3}$ |
|---------------|--|
| bmrequesttype | [in] – pointer to format type descriptor |
| brequest | [in] - Bitmask of the request type |
| wvalue | [in] - Value to copy into wvalue field of the REQUEST |
| windex | [in] - Value to copy into windex field of the REQUEST |
| wlength | [in] - Length of the data associated with REQUEST |
| data | [in/out] - Pointer to data buffer used to send/recv |

Description

This function is used to send a control request.

Return Value

USB_OK- success
Others (failure)

4.5.12 usb_class_audio_cntrl_callback

```
uint32_t len,
usb_status status
)
```

```
tr_ptr [in] [in] - unused
```

param [in] - The pointer of class interface instance

buffer [in] – Data buffer

len [in] – Length of buffer

status [out] – USB_OK- success Others (failure)

Description

This is the callback used when audio control information is sent or received.

Return Value

No return value.

4.5.13 usb_class_audio_recv_data

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class _audio_recv_data
(
audio_command_t* audio_ptr,
  uint8_t * buffer,
  uint32_t buf_size
)
```

Parameters

audio_ptr [in] – audio control class interface pointer

buffer [out] – Data buffer buf_size [in] – Length of buffer

Description

The function is used to receive data on isochronous IN pipe.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

4.5.14 usb_class_audio_recv_callback

tr_ptr [in] [in] - unused

buffer [out] - Data buffer

len [out] - Length of buffer

status [out] – USB_OK mean success Others (failure)

Description

This is the callback used when audio receive data on isochronous IN pipe.

Return Value

No return value.

4.5.15 usb_class_audio_send_data

Synopsis

```
usb_status usb_class _audio_send_data
(
  audio_command_t* audio_ptr,
  uint8_t * buffer,
  uint32_t buf_size
)
```

Parameters

audio_ptr [in] – audio control class interface pointer

buffer [in] – Data buffer

buf_size [in] - Length of buffer

Description

The function is used to send data on isochronous out pipe.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

4.5.16 usb_class_audio_send_callback

Synopsis

Parameters

tr_ptr [in] [in] - unused

param [in] - The pointer of class interface instance

buffer [in] – Data buffer

len [in] – Length of buffer

status [out] – USB_OK mean success Others (failure)

Description

This is the callback used when audio send data on isochronous out pipe.

Return Value

No return value.

4.5.17 usb_class_audio_get_alternative_interface_descriptors_and_sync

Synopsis

Parameters

```
dev_handle [in] - pointer to device instance
```

default_intf_handle [in] – pointer to original interface descriptor

intf_handle [in] - pointer to interface descriptor

alternative_interface_descriptor [in] - The alternate interface descriptor

Description

The function is used to get the endpoint descriptor of alternate interface.

Return Value

USB_OK- success

Others (failure)

Chapter 5 USB Host Configuration

5.1 Common configure

5.1.1 USBCFG_HOST_KHCI

If macro is no-zero, enable KHCI controller driver (full speed), otherwise disable.

5.1.2 USBCFG_HOST_EHCI

If macro is no-zero, enable EHCI controller driver (high speed), otherwise disable.

5.1.3 USBCFG HOST NUM

The MACRO indicates how many hosts can be active at the same time.

5.1.4 USBCFG_HOST_MAX_PIPES

How many pipes HOST stack supports?

Such as:

#define USBCFG HOST MAX PIPES (16)

It indicates host supports max pipes are 16.

5.1.5 USBCFG_HOST_DEFAULT_MAX_NAK_COUNT

MAX retries times, when receive a NAK.

Such as:

#define USBCFG HOST DEFAULT MAX NAK COUNT (3000)

It indicates the largest continuous NAK retry times are 3000.

5.1.6 USBCFG_HOST_CTRL_FAILED_RETRY

Control pipe retries times, when host get an error.

Such as:

#define USBCFG_HOST_CTRL_FAILED_RETRY (3)

It indicates the max continuous error retry times are 3.

5.1.7 USBCFG_HOST_CTRL_STALL_RETRY

Control pipe retries times, when host get an error.

Such as:

#define USBCFG_HOST_CTRL_STALL_RETRY (1)

It indicates the max continuous error retry times are 1.

5.1.8 USBCFG HOST MAX POWER

MAX power host can support. The unit is 2mA.

Such as:

#define USBCFG HOST MAX POWER (250)

It indicates the max power is 500mA for every device.

5.1.9 USBCFG_HOST_MAX_CONFIGURATION_PER_DEV

How many configure descriptor device has, host supports?

Such as:

#define USBCFG_HOST_MAX_CONFIGURATION_PER_DEV (2)

It indicates the max configure descriptor number is 2 for every device.

5.1.10 USBCFG_HOST_MAX_INTERFACE_PER_CONFIGURATION

How many interface for each configure descriptor, host supports?

Such as:

#define USBCFG HOST MAX INTERFACE PER CONFIGURATION (4)

It indicates the max interface number of each configure descriptor is 4.

5.1.11 USBCFG_HOST_MAX_EP_PER_INTERFACE

How many ep for each interface descriptor, host supports?

Such as:

#define USBCFG HOST MAX EP PER INTERFACE (4)

It indicates the max ep number of each interface descriptor is 4.

5.1.12 USBCFG_HOST_HID

1 indicates the HID class driver is enabled

0 indicates the HID class driver is disabled

5.1.13 USBCFG HOST MSD

1 indicates the MSD class driver is enabled

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0 indicates the MSD class driver is disabled

5.1.14 USBCFG_HOST_CDC

1 indicates the CDC class driver is enabled

0 indicates the CDC class driver is disabled

5.1.15 USBCFG HOST PHDC

1 indicates the PHDC class driver is enabled

0 indicates the PHDC class driver is disabled

5.1.16 USBCFG_HOST_AUDIO

1 indicates the AUDIO class driver is enabled

0 indicates the AUDIO class driver is disabled

5.1.17 USBCFG HOST HUB

1 indicates the HUB class driver is enabled

0 indicates the HUB class driver is disabled

5.1.18 USBCFG_HOST_PRINTER

1 indicates the PRINTER class driver is enabled

0 indicates the PRINTER class driver is disabled

5.1.19 USBCFG_HOST_VIDEO

1 indicates the Video class driver is enabled

0 indicates the Video class driver is disabled

5.1.20 USBCFG_HOST_BUFF_PROPERTY_CACHEABLE

1 cacheable, buffer cache maintenance is needed

0 uncacheable, buffer cache maintenance is not needed

5.2 KHCl configure

5.2.1 USBCFG_HOST_KHCI_TASK_PRIORITY

The priority of khci task.

5.2.2 USBCFG HOST KHCI TR QUE MSG CNT

The max msg count in message queue.

5.2.3 USBCFG_HOST_KHCI_MAX_INT_TR

The max TR count for khci controller driver.

5.2.4 USBCFG_KHCI_4BYTE_ALIGN_FIX

The Full Speed controller requires all the buffers used for the transfer need to be 4 bytes aligned (both the start address and the length). If the application can guarantee it, then the MACRO USBCFG_KHCI_4BYTE_ALIGN_FIX can be set to 0. Otherwise, it needs to set to 1, then the USB HostStack will use a internal 4 bytes aligned buffer to replace the buffer provided by the user so that the above requirement can be meet.

And the internal buffer size is assigned by the MACRO USBCFG HOST KHCI SWAP BUF MAX.

5.2.5 USBCFG_HOST_PORT_NATIVE

This micro is only valid when using micro usb port of TWR board.

If using micro usb port of TWR board, the micro should be set to (1).

If using SER board usb port, it should be set to (0).

5.3 EHCl configure

5.3.1 USBCFG_EHCI_USE_SW_TOGGLING

1 indicates host uses software toggle.

0 indicates host not uses software toggle.

5.3.2 USBCFG EHCI MAX QH DESCRS

How many QH HOST stacks are supported at the maximum?

5.3.3 USBCFG EHCI MAX QTD DESCRS

How many QTD HOST stacks are supported at the maximum?

5.3.4 USBCFG EHCI MAX ITD DESCRS

How many ITD HOST stacks are supported at the maximum?

5.3.5 USBCFG_EHCI_MAX_SITD_DESCRS

How many SITD HOST stacks are supported at the maximum?

5.3.6 USBCFG_EHCI_PIPE_TIMEOUT

Maximum pipe timeout number.

5.3.7 USBCFG_EHCI_FRAME_LIST_SIZE

EHCI periodic list frame size.

5.3.8 USBCFG_EHCI_ITD_THRESHOLD

The MARCO is used for ISO type transfer. The value is the sum of pipe transfer queue length and 2.

5.3.9 USBCFG_EHCI_HS_DISCONNECT_ENABLE

1 indicates the connect function is enabled.

0 indicates the connect function is disabled.

Chapter 6 Data Structures

6.1 USB host controller driver structures

6.1.1 usb_setup_t

All USB devices respond to requests from the host on the device's Default Control Pipe. These requests are made using control transfers. The request and the request's parameters are sent to the device in the Setup packet. The host is responsible for establishing the values passed in the fields listed in the struct.

Synopsis

Fields

bmrequesttype - Characteristics of request.

brequest - Specific request.

wvalue - Word-sized field that varies according to request

windex - Word-sized field that varies according to request; typically used to pass an index or

offset.

wlength - Number of bytes to transfer if there is a Data stage.

6.1.2 tr_struct_t

TR struct represents a transfer. A TR will be allocated, filled and send to HCI when apps, class drivers or controller start a transfer. And HCI decomposes the TR into transactions and then does the actual transmission.

```
typedef struct tr_struct
{
   struct tr_struct* next;
   uint32_t status;
   uint32_t tr_index;
   uint8_t * tx_buffer;
   uint8_t * rx_buffer;
   uint32_t tr_length;
   uint32_t rx_length;
```

```
bool
                                   send phase;
   usb_setup_t
                              setup packet;
   uint32 t
                                 transfered length;
   tr callback
                               callback;
   void*
                                  callback param;
   void*
                                 hw transaction head; /* used only for EHCI */
                                 hw transaction tail; /* used only for EHCI */
   void*
   uint8 t
                                 occupied;
   uint8 t
                                 setup status;
   uint8 t
                                 no of itds sitds;
                                 setup first phase;
   uint8 t
} tr_struct_t;
```

Fields

next - A pointer to save next TR address

status - Save TR status.

tr_index - Transfer number on current usb_host_ptr.

tx_buffer - To be sent data buffer address.

rx_buffer - To be received data buffer address.

tx_length - Send data length. For control transfers, the length of data for the data phase.

rx_length - Recv data length. For control transfers, the length of data for the data phase.

send_phase - TR dir. For control transfers: Send/Receive.

setup_packet - Setup packet raw data.

transfered_length - The data length has been transferred.

- The callback function to be invoked when a transfer is completed or an error

is to be reported.

callback_param - The second parameter to be passed into the callback function when it is

invoked.

hw_transaction_head - HW struct head pointer, used only for EHCI.

hw_transaction_tail - HW struct tail pointer, used only for EHCI.

occupied - Is used or not.

setup_status - Setup transfer status.

no_of_itds_sitds - The numbers of itds or sitds for the TR.

setup_first_phase - Is the setup packet is sent.

6.1.3 pipe_init_struct_t

Pipe init struct is used to set pipe params when calling usb_host_open_pipe().

Synopsis

```
typedef struct pipe init struct
       void*
                                        dev instance;
       uint32 t
                                        flags;
       uint16 t
                                        max packet size;
       uint16 t
                                        nak count;
       uint8 t
                                        interval;
       uint8 t
                                        endpoint number;
       uint8 t
                                        direction;
       uint8 t
                                        pipetype;
       uint8 t
                                        trs per uframe;
    } pipe init struct t;
Fields
      dev_instance
                        - The device instance of this pipe.
                        - Pipe flags.
      flags
      max_packet_size - Max pipe's packet size.
      nak_count
                        - Max NAK retry count. MUST be zero for interrupt.
      interval
                        - Interval for polling pipe for data transfer.
      endpoint_number - The device's ep number of this pipe.
                         - The pipe direction.
      direction
                           #define USB RECV
                                                              (0)
                           #define USB SEND
                                                              (1)
                        - The transfer type of this pipe.
      pipetype
                           #define USB_CONTROL_PIPE
                                                                    (0x00)
                           #define USB_ISOCHRONOUS_PIPE
                                                                    (0x01)
                           #define USB BULK PIPE
                                                                    (0x02)
```

6.1.4 pipe_struct_t

trs_per_uframe

The struct is used to establish interface between host and device. Used by usb_host_open_pipe().

#define USB_INTERRUPT_PIPE

- The transaction opportunities per microframe.

(0x03)

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Synopsis

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```
void*
                                       dev instance;
       uint32 t
       uint16 t
                                     max packet size
       uint16 t
                                     nak count;
       uint8 t
                                      interval;
                                      endpoint number;
       uint8 t
       uint8 t
                                      direction;
       uint8 t
                                      pipetype;
       uint8 t
                                      trs per uframe;
       uint8 t
                                      open;
       uint8 t
                                      nextdata01;
    } pipe_struct_t;
Fields
       next
                         - A pointer to save next pipe struct address
                         - List of TRs linked to this pipe.
       tr list ptr
       dev_instance
                          - The device instance of this pipe.
                         - After all data transferred, should we terminate the transfer with a zero length
       flags
       packet if the last packet size == max_packet_size?
```

max_packet_size - Max pipe's packet size.

nak_count - Max NAK retry count. MUST be zero for interrupt.

interval - Interval for polling pipe for data transfer.

endpoint_number - The device's ep number of this pipe.

direction - The pipe direction.

#define USB RECV (0)

#define USB_SEND (1)

- The transfer type of this pipe.

#define USB_CONTROL_PIPE (0x00)
#define USB_ISOCHRONOUS_PIPE (0x01)
#define USB_BULK_PIPE (0x02)
#define USB_INTERRUPT_PIPE (0x03)

trs_per_uframe - Number of transaction per frame, only high-speed high-bandwidth pipes.

open – Is opened or not.

nextdata01 - Endpoint data toggling bit.

6.1.5 usb_host_driver_info_t

Information for one class or device driver, Used by usb_host_register_driver_info().

Synopsis

```
typedef struct driver_info
                                 idVendor[2];
   uint8 t
   uint8 t
                                 idProduct[2];
   uint8 t
                                 bDeviceClass;
   uint8 t
                                 bDeviceSubClass;
   uint8 t
                                 bDeviceProtocol;
   uint8 t
                                 reserved;
   event callback
                           attach call;
} usb host driver info t;
```

Fields

idVendor[2] - Vendor ID per USB-IF.

idProduct[2] - Product ID per manufacturer.

bDeviceClass - Class code, 0xFF if any.

bDeviceSubClass - Sub-Class code, 0xFF if any.

bDeviceProtocol - Protocol, 0xFF if any.

reserved - Alignment padding.

attach_call - The function to call when above information matches the one in device's

descriptors.

6.1.6 dev instance t

The struct stands by a device. When a device attached, a struct will be created. And when a device detached, the struct will be removed. Used by usb host dev mng attach().

```
typedef struct dev instance
{
    struct dev instance
                             *next;
    usb host handle
                             host;
    hub device struct t*
                             hub instance;
    uint8 t
                             speed;
    uint8 t
                             hub no;
    uint8 t
                             port_no;
    uint8 t
                             address;
    uint16 t
                             cfg value;
```

```
uint8 t
                                   ctrl retries;
        uint8 t
                                   stall retries;
                                   new config;
        uint8 t
                                   num of interfaces;
        uint8 t
        uint8 t
                                   rerserved1[1];
        uint16 t
                                   state;
        usb pipe handle
                                   control pipe;
        tr callback
                                   control callback;
        void*
                                   control callback param;
        device descriptor t
                                   dev descriptor;
        uint8 t
                                   rerserved2[2];
        uint8 t
                                   buffer[9];
                                   rerserved3[3];
        uint8 t
        void*
                                   lpConfiguration;
        usb device configuration struct t configuration;
        usb device interface info struct t
   interface info[USBCFG HOST MAX INTERFACE PER CONFIGURATION];
                                   attached;
        uint8 t
        uint8 t
                                   pre detached;
        uint8 t
                                   to be detached;
        uint8 t
                                   target address;
        uint8 t
                                   level;
    } dev instance t;
Fields
                              - A pointer to save next struct address
      next
                              - The host of the devce attached.
      host
      hub_instance
                              - HUB instance, this deivce linked.
                              - Device speed.
      speed
                                 0 – full-speed transfer
                                 1 - low-speed transfer
                                 2 – high-speed transfer
      hub_no
                              - The HUB number, root hub is 0.
                               - The HUB's port(1~8), this device linked.
      port no
      address
                               - Device address(1~127).
                               - Configure value.
      cfg_value
      ctrl_retries
                               - Retry count of control when transfer failed.
                               - Retry count of control when ep stalled.
      stall retries
      new config
                               - non-zero = new config.
```

```
num_of_interfaces - The interface numbers of device.
```

rerserved1[1] - Rerserved.

state - Device state.

control_pipe - Control pipe handle.

control_callback - The callback function to be invoked when a control transfer is

completed or an error is to be reported.

control_callback_param

when it is invoked.

- The second parameter to be passed into the control_callback function

when it is invoked.

dev_descriptor - Device descriptor.

rerserved2[2] - Rerserved.

buffer[9] – enumeration buffer.

rerserved3[3] - Rerserved.

lpConfiguration - Configure descriptor pointer. configuration - Save the device configuration

interface_info - Save information of the matched interface.

attached - Device attached or not.

pre_detached - Device pre-detached or not.

to_be_detached - Device need to be detached or not.

target_address - Temp address, assign for device.

level - Device level.

6.1.7 usb_host_state_struct_t

This struct is used to keep usb host status.

```
typedef struct usb_host_generic_structure
    uint8 t
                                                occupied;
    uint8 t
                                                 controller id;
    usb host handle
                                                controller handle;
    const usb host api functions struct t *
                                                host controller api;
    event callback
                                                unsupport_device_callback;
    void*
                                                 device list ptr;
                                                device info table;
    struct driver info *
    os mutex handle
                                                mutex;
```

```
os sem handle
                                                 hub sem;
    os mutex handle
                                                 hub mutex;
    void*
                                                 hub link;
    uint32 t
                                                 hub task;
                                                 tr list[MAX TR NUMBER];
    tr struct t
    uint32 t
                                                 tr index;
    void*
                                                 root hub ptr;
    usb host service struct t
                                                 services[MAX HOST SERVICE NUMBER];
    uint8 t
                                                 tr user;
#ifdef USBCFG OTG
   usb otg handle
                                                 otg handle;
#endif
} usb host state struct t;
```

Fields

occupied - Is used or not.

controller_id - HW controller ID.

controller_handle - HW controller handle. host_controller_api - HW controller API list.

attached.

unsupport_device_callback - The callback function to be invoked when unsupported device

- Device instance list connected to this host. device_list_ptr

- Supported device info table. device_info_table

- Mutex for host. mutex

- Semaphore for HUB class driver. hub_sem

- Mutex for HUB class driver. hub mutex

hub_link - HUB instance list attached to this host

hub_task - HUB task handle. - TRs for this host. tr list - TR count is used. tr_index

root_hub_ptr - Root HUB instance handle.

services - services for pipe or specific event.

tr user - TR count in using.

- OTG handle. otg_handle

6.2 HID class structures

6.2.1 usb_hid_class_struct_t

HID class struct.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_hid_class
    usb host handle
                                             host handle;
    usb device instance handle
                                     dev handle;
    usb interface descriptor handle intf handle;
    bool
                                                       in setup;
    usb pipe handle
                                              in pipe;
    /* Here we store callback and parameter from higher level */
    tr callback
                                                    ctrl callback;
    void*
                                                      ctrl param;
    tr callback
                                                    recv callback;
    void*
                                                      recv param;
    uint32 t
                                                     running;
} usb hid class struct t;
```

Fields

host_handle - Pointer to USB host.

dev_handle - Pointer to device.

intf_handle - Pointer to interface.

in_setup - Class driver in setup phase or not.

in_pipe - Pointer to in pipe.

ctrl_callback - The function to call when control transfer callback.

ctrl_param - The second parameter to be passed into the callback function when it is

invoked.

recv_callback - The function to call when data recved.

recv_param - The second parameter to be passed into the callback function when it is

invoked.

running - It is running.

6.2.2 hid_command_t

The HID command structure.

6.3 MSD class structures

6.3.1 usb_mass_class_struct_t

MSD class struct.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct
   usb host handle
                                       host handle;
   usb device instance handle
                                       dev handle;
   usb interface descriptor handle
                                       intf handle;
   usb pipe handle
                                       control pipe;
                                       bulk in pipe;
   usb pipe handle
   usb pipe handle
                                       bulk out pipe;
   mass queue struct t
                                       queue;
   uint8 t
                                       interface num;
   uint8_t
                                       alternate_setting;
                                       ctrl callback;
   tr callback
   void *
                                       ctrl param;
   os mutex handle
                                       mutex;
} usb mass class struct t;
```

Fields

```
host_handle - Pointer to USB host.

dev_handle - Pointer to device.

intf_handle - Pointer to interface.

control_pipe - Control pipe handle.

bulk_in_pipe - Bulk in pipe handle.
```

```
bulk_out_pipe - Bulk out pipe handle.

queue - The queue used to save cmd.

interface_num - Interface number.

alternate_setting - Interface alternate setting

ctrl_callback - The function to call when control transfer callback.

ctrl_param - The second parameter to be passed into the callback function when it is invoked.

mutex - Mutex for msd class driver.
```

6.3.2 mass_command_struct_t

The MSD command structure.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct
   usb class handle
                                            CLASS PTR;
   uint32 t
                                        LUN;
   cbw struct t *
                                        CBW PTR;
   csw struct t *
                                        CSW PTR;
   void ( CODE PTR
                                        CALLBACK)
      (usb status,
       void*,
       void*,
       uint32 t
      );
   void*
                                        DATA BUFFER;
   uint32 t
                                        BUFFER LEN;
   uint32 t
                                        BUFFER SOFAR;
   usb class mass command status
                                        STATUS;
   usb class mass command status
                                        PREV STATUS;
   uint32 t
                                        TR BUF LEN;
   uint8 t
                                        RETRY COUNT;
   uint8 t
                                        CBW_RETRY_COUNT;
   uint8 t
                                        DPHASE RETRY COUNT;
   uint8 t
                                        CSW RETRY COUNT;
   uint8 t
                                        IS STALL IN DPHASE;
   uint8 t
                                        TR INDEX;
} mass command struct t;
```

Fields

class_ptr

- Pointer to class handle.

LUN - Logical unit number on device.

callback_param - Callback function parameter.

CBW_PTR - Current CBW being constructed

CSW_PTR - CSW for this command

CALLBACK - Callback function

DATA_BUFFER - Buffer for IN/OUT for the command

BUFFER_LEN – Length of data buffer

BUFFER_SOFAR - Number of bytes trans so far

STATUS - Current status of this command

PREV_STATUS - Previous status of this command

TR_BUF_LEN - Length of the buffer received in currently executed TR

RETRY_COUNT - Number of times this commad tried

CBW_RETRY_COUNT - Number of times this commad tried

DPHASE_RETRY_COUNT - Number of times this commad tried

CSW_RETRY_COUNT - Number of times this commad tried

IS_STALL_IN_DPHASE - Is stall happened in data dpase

TR_INDEX - TR_INDEX of the TR used for search

6.4 CDC class structures

6.4.1 usb_acm_class_intf_struct_t

CDC Control interface struct.

```
typedef struct {
    usb cdc desc acm t *
                                                acm desc;
    usb cdc desc cm t ^{\star}
                                                cm desc;
    usb cdc desc header t *
                                                header desc;
    usb cdc desc union t *
                                                union desc;
    usb cdc uart coding t
                                                  uart coding;
    usb pipe handle
                                               interrupt pipe;
    usb cdc acm state t
                                                  interrupt buffer;
    usb cdc ctrl state t
                                                  ctrl state;
    os event handle
                                                acm event;
    usb host handle
                                               host handle;
    usb_device_instance_handle
                                                    dev handle;
    usb interface descriptor handle
                                               intf handle;
```

Fields

acm_desc - ACM descriptor handle.

cm_desc - CM descriptor handle.

header_desc - Header descriptor handle.

union_desc - Union descriptor handle.

uart_coding - Current uart coding config.

interrupt_pipe - Interrupt pipe handle.

interrupt_buffer - Interrupt transfer buffer.

ctrl_state - Control pipe state.

acm_event - ACM event.

host_handle - Pointer to USB host.

dev handle - Pointer to device.

intf_handle - Pointer to interface.

intf_num - Interface number.

mutex - Mutex for ACM interface.

6.4.2 usb_data_class_intf_struct_t

CDC Data interface struct.

```
typedef struct {
                                                     BOUND_CONTROL INTERFACE;
    cdc_class_call_struct_t *
    uint8 t *
                                                 rx buffer;
    uint8 t *
                                                 RX BUFFER DRV;
    uint8 t *
                                                 RX BUFFER APP;
    uint32 t
                                                 RX BUFFER SIZE;
    uint32 t
                                                 RX READ;
    uint32 t
                                                 TX SENT;
    usb pipe handle
                                                 in pipe;
    usb pipe handle
                                                 out pipe;
    char *
                                              device_name;
    os event handle
                                             data event;
    usb host handle
                                               host handle;
```

```
usb device instance handle
                                                        dev handle;
        usb interface descriptor handle
                                                         intf handle;
        uint8 t
                                                        intf num;
        os mutex handle
                                                        mutex;
        tr callback
                                                        ctrl callback;
        void *
                                                        ctrl callback param;
        _usb_cdc_callback
                                                        data tx cb;
        _usb_cdc_callback
                                                        data rx cb;
                                                        is rx xferring;
        bool
                                                        is tx xferring;
    } usb data class intf_struct_t;
Fields
       BOUND_CONTROL_INTERFACE - Interface handle bound to data interface.
                                          - Recy buffer.
      rx_buffer
                                          - The buffer address, class received.
       RX_BUFFER_DRV
                                          - The buffer address, app has read last.
       RX_BUFFER_APP
      RX_BUFFER_SIZE
                                          - rx buffer size.
       RX_READ
                                          - Recv data length.
       TX SENT
                                          - Sent data length.
      in_pipe
                                           - In pipe handle.
                                           - Out pipe handle.
       out_pipe
                                           - Device name.
       device_name
      data event
                                           - Event for data interface.
                                           - Pointer to USB host.
      host_handle
      dev_handle
                                           - Pointer to device.
                                           - Pointer to interface.
      intf handle
      intf_num
                                           - Interface number.
      mutex
                                           - Mutex for data interface.
      ctrl_callback
                                           - The function to call when control transfer callback.
```

data rx cb - Data recy callback. is_rx_xferring - Is in recv data phase?

ctrl_callback_param

data_tx_cb

function when it is invoked.

- Data send callback.

- The second parameter to be passed into the callback

6.4.3 cdc_command_t

The CDC command structure.

Synopsis

Fields

CLASS_PTR - Pointer to class call structure.

CALLBACK_FN - Callback function.

CALLBACK_PARAM - Callback function parameter.

6.5 PHDC class structures

6.5.1 usb_phdc_class_struct_t

PHDC class struct.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct _usb_phdc_class_intf_struct_type
    usb host handle
                                         host handle;
    usb device instance handle
                                         dev handle;
    usb interface descriptor handle
                                         intf handle;
    /* Pipes */
    usb pipe handle
                                         control pipe;
    usb pipe handle
                                         bulk in pipe;
    usb pipe handle
                                         bulk out pipe;
    usb pipe handle
                                         int in pipe;
    usb phdc desc_qos_metadata_list_t
                                         *qos metadata list;
    usb phdc desc fcn ext t
                                         *fcn ext desc;
    /* Callbacks */
    phdc callback
                                         send callback;
    phdc callback
                                         recv callback;
    phdc callback
                                         ctrl callback;
   bool
                                         preamble capability;
    uint8 t
                                         phdc data code;
    bool
                                         set clear request pending;
```

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```
bool
                                                   device feature set;
        uint8 t
                                                   num transf bulk in;
        uint8 t
                                                   num transf bulk out;
        os mutex handle
                                                   mutex;
        uint32 t
                                                   running;
    } usb phdc class struct t;
Fields
       host handle
                         - Pointer to USB host.
       dev_handle
                         - Pointer to device.
                         - Pointer to interface.
       intf handle
       control_pipe
                         - Control pipe handle.
       bulk_in_pipe
                         - Bulk in pipe handle.
       bulk out pipe
                         - Bulk out pipe handle.
       int_in_pipe
                         – Interrupt in pipe handle.
       qos_metadata_list - QoS and Metadata Linked-List
                          - Function extension descriptor
       fcn ext desc
                         - Send data callback
       send_callback
       recv_callback
                         - Recy data callback
```

ctrl_callback - Control transfer callback

preamble_capability - Preamble capability

phdc_data_code - PHDC data code

 $set_clear_request_pending \ - Pending \ transfers \ flags$

device_feature_set - Metadata feature set for the device.

num_transf_bulk_in - Number of in transfers.

num_transf_bulk_out - Number of out transfers.

mutex - Mutex for msd class driver.

running - It is running.

6.5.2 usb_phdc_param_t

The PHDC param structure.

```
typedef struct usb_phdc_param_type
{
```

```
/* [APP->PHDC] phdc call struct pointer */
        usb class handle class ptr;
        tr callback callback fn;
        void* callback param;
        /* [PHDC->APP] USB status code. usb status (standard) code when the transfer is
   finished. Not valid until the callback is called */
        usb status status;
        /* [APP->PHDC] length of buffer (only for PHDC Send/Recv requests) */
        uint32 t buff size;
        /* [PHDC->APP] USB transaction index. Used to identify the Send/Recv transaction */
        uint32 t tr index;
        /* [PHDC->APP] USB transaction index. Used to identify the Send/Recv transaction */
        usb pipe handle tr pipe handle;
        /* [APP->PHDC] Boolean for metadata transfers (only for PHDC Send request) */
        bool metadata;
        /* [APP->PHDC] the type of the request (only for PHDC Ctrl requests) */
        uint8 t classRequestType;
        /* [APP->PHDC] QoS for receive transfers (only for PHDC Recv request) */
        uint8 t qos;
        /* [PHDC->APP] USB PHDC status code. USB PHDC (specific) code when the transfer is
   finished. Not valid until the callback is called */
        uint8 t usb phdc status;
        /* [APP->PHDC] data buffer (only for PHDC Send/Recv requests) */
        uint8 t* buff ptr;
   } usb phdc param t;
Fields
      class ptr
                               - Pointer to class handle.
      callback_fn
                               - Callback function
                               - Callback function parameter.
      callback_param
      classRequestType
                               - the type of the request (only for PHDC Ctrl requests).
      metadata
                               - Boolean for metadata transfers
                               - QoS for receive transfers (only for PHDC Recv request).
      qos

    USB PHDC status code.

      usb_phdc_status
                               - USB status code.
      usb_status
      buff_ptr
                               - data buffer (only for PHDC Send/Recv requests).
      buff_size
                               - length of buffer (only for PHDC Send/Recv requests).
                              - USB transaction index. Used to identify the Send/Recv transaction.
      tr index
      tr_pipe_handle
                              - TR pipe handle.
```

6.6 AUDIO class structures

6.6.1 audio_control_struct_t

Audio control subclass structure.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct {
  usb host handle
                                    host handle;
                                    dev handle;
  usb device instance handle
  usb interface descriptor handle intf handle;
  usb audio ctrl desc header t*
                                            header desc;
  usb audio ctrl desc it t*
                                            it desc;
  usb audio ctrl desc ot t*
                                            ot desc;
  usb audio ctrl desc fu t*
                                            fu desc;
  uint32 t
                                                      in setup;
  tr callback
                                               ctrl callback;
  void*
                                                ctrl_param;
  usb pipe handle
                                             interrupt pipe;
  usb audio control status t
                                                interrupt buffer;
                                              interrupt callback;
  tr callback
  void*
                                              interrupt callback param;
  tr callback
                                              user callback;
  void*
                                              user param;
  uint8 t
                                               ifnum;
} audio_control_struct_t;
```

Fields

ctrl state

ctrl callback

- ACM event. acm_event - Pointer to USB host. host_handle - Pointer to device. dev_handle - Pointer to interface. intf_handle header_desc - Header descriptor handle. it_desc - IT descriptor handle. ot desc - OT descriptor handle. fu_desc - FU descriptor handle. - Is in setup phase. in_setup - The function to call when control transfer callback.

- Control pipe state.

ctrl_param - The second parameter to be passed into the callback function when it is invoked. interrupt_pipe - Interrupt pipe handle. interrupt_buffer Interrupt transfer buffer. - The function to call when interrupt transfer callback. interrupt_callback interrupt_callback_param - The second parameter to be passed into the callback function when it is invoked. user callback - App callback function. user_param - App callback param. ifnum - Interface number.

6.6.2 audio stream struct t

AUDIO stream interface struct.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct {
    usb host handle
                                                 host handle;
    usb device instance handle
                                                 dev handle;
    usb interface descriptor handle
                                                 intf handle;
    usb audio stream desc spepific as if t*
                                                 as itf desc;
    usb audio stream desc format type t*
                                                 frm type desc;
    usb audio stream desc specific iso endp t* iso endp spec desc;
    usb pipe handle
                                                  iso in pipe;
    usb_pipe_handle
                                                 iso out pipe;
    tr callback
                                                 recv callback;
    void*
                                                  recv param;
    tr callback
                                                 send callback;
    void*
                                                  send param;
                                                 stream event;
    os event handle
    uint8 t
                                               iso ep num;
} audio stream struct t;
```

Fields

host_handle - Pointer to USB host.

dev_handle - Pointer to device.

intf_handle - Pointer to interface.

as_itf_desc - AS interface descriptor.

frm_type_desc - Format type descriptor.

iso_endp_spec_desc - ISO ep descriptor. iso_in_pipe – ISO pipe in handle. – ISO pipe out handle. iso_out_pipe - Recv stream callback recv callback - Recv stream callback param revc_param send_callback - Send stream callback send_param - Send stream callback param - Event for stream interface. stream_event - ISO ep number. iso_ep_num

6.6.3 audio_command_t

The AUDIO command structure.

Synopsis

```
typedef struct {
    usb class handle
                                 class control handle;
    usb class handle
                                 class stream handle;
    tr callback
                             callback fn;
    void*
                            callback param;
} audio command t;
```

Fields

class_control_handle

class_stream_handle

callback_fn

callback_param

- Pointer to class control interface structure.

- Pointer to class stream interface structure

- Callback function.

- Callback function parameter.

Chapter 7 OS Adapter

OS adapter is used to provide unified OS API to USB Stack.

7.1 OS adapter overview

OS adapter provides many function modules, including Event, MsgQ, Mutex, and Sem.

7.2 API overview

7.2.1 Task management

Task management includes create, delete, suspend, resume.

Table 8 Task management APIs

| No. | API function | Description | |
|-----|-------------------|---|--|
| 1 | OS_Task_create() | Create a task, and return value is task id. | |
| 2 | OS_Task_delete() | Detele a task. | |
| 3 | OS_Task_suspend() | Suspend a task. | |
| 4 | OS_Task_resume() | Resume a task. | |

7.2.2 **Event**

Event model includes create, destroy, set, wait, check and clear.

Table 9 Event APIs

| No. | API function | Description | |
|-----|----------------------|---|--|
| 1 | OS_Event_create() | Create a Event, and return value is event handle. | |
| 2 | OS_Event_destroy() | Destroy a event. | |
| 3 | OS_Event_set() | Set Event. | |
| 4 | OS_Event_check_bit() | Check Event | |
| 5 | OS_Event_clear() | Clear Event. | |
| 6 | OS_Event_wait() | Wait Event. | |

7.2.3 MsgQ

MsgQ model includes create, destroy, send, receive.

Table 10 MsgQ APIs

| No. | API function | Description | |
|-----|-------------------|---|--|
| 1 | OS_MsgQ_create() | Create a MsgQ, and return value is MsgQ handle. | |
| 2 | OS_MsgQ_destroy() | Destroy a MsgQ. | |
| 3 | OS_MsgQ_send() | Send a msg | |
| 4 | OS_MsgQ_recv() | Recv a msg | |

7.2.4 Mutex

Mutex model includes create, destroy, lock, unlock.

Table 11 Mutex APIs

| No. | API function | Description | |
|-----|--------------------|---|--|
| 1 | OS_Mutex_create() | Create a Mutex, and return value is Mutex handle. | |
| 2 | OS_Mutex_destroy() | Destroy a Mutex. | |
| 3 | OS_Mutex_lock() | Lock a Mutex. | |
| 4 | OS_Mutex_unlock() | Unlock a Mutex. | |

7.2.5 Sem

Sem model includes create, destroy, post, wait.

Table 12 Sem APIs

| No. | API function | Description | |
|-----|------------------|---|--|
| 1 | OS_Sem_create() | Create a Sem, and return value is Sem handle. | |
| 2 | OS_Sem_destroy() | Destroy a Sem. | |
| 3 | OS_Sem_post() | Post a Sem. | |
| 4 | OS_Sem_wait() | Wait a Sem. | |

7.2.6 Mem

Mem model includes alloc, free.

Table 13 Mem APIs

| No. | API function | Description | |
|-----|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | OS_Mem_alloc() | Alloc memery. | |
| 2 | OS_Mem_alloc_zero() | Alloc memery, and set space to 0. | |
| 3 | OS_mem_alloc_uncached () | Alloc uncached memery. | |
| 4 | OS_mem_alloc_uncached _zero() | Alloc uncached memety, and set space to 0. | |
| 5 | OS_Mem_free() | Free memery. | |
| 6 | OS_Mem_zero() | Set memery space to 0. | |
| 7 | OS_Mem_copy() | Copy src memery to dst memery. | |

7.2.7 Interrupt

Interrupt model includes install isr.

Table 14 Int APIs

| No. | API function | Description | |
|-----|------------------|---|--|
| 1 | OS_install_isr() | Install isr function. | |
| 2 | OS_intr_init() | Init interrupt priority, and disable or enable interrupt. | |

Appendix

A. USB host stack tasks

There are three tasks as follow:

| Task name | Priority macro | Priority value |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------|
| EHCI task | USB_EHCI_HOST_TASK_PRIORITY | 6 |
| HUB task | USBCFG_HUB_TASK_PRIORITY | 7 |
| KHCI task | USBCFG_HOST_KHCI_TASK_PRIORITY | 8 |

Note: For RTOS, application unblocked tasks' priorities should be lower than the above priority.

B. Revision History

This table summarizes revisions to this document.

| Table 1 Revision History | | |
|--------------------------|---------|---------------------------|
| Revision number | Date | Substantial changes |
| 1 | 04/2015 | Kinetis SDK 1.2.0 release |
| 0 | 12/2014 | Kinetis SDK 1.1.0 release |

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